### **100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

## State of Illinois

## 2017 and 2018

#### нв3653

by Rep. Brad Halbrook - Jeanne M Ives

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

820 ILCS 305/7	from Ch. 48, par. 138.7
820 ILCS 305/8	from Ch. 48, par. 138.8

Amends the Workers' Compensation Act. Changes the compensation rates for certain accidental injuries to the levels that existed before Public Act 94-277 took effect. Removes language requiring employers to make payments on annual adjustments to the compensation rate in awards for death benefits or permanent total disability for every accident occurring on or after July 20, 2005 but before November 11, 2005 (the date Public Act 94-695 took effect). Makes other changes.

LRB100 05229 KTG 15239 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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AN ACT concerning employment.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Workers' Compensation Act is amended by 5 changing Sections 7 and 8 as follows:

6 (820 ILCS 305/7) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.7)

Sec. 7. The amount of compensation which shall be paid for
an accidental injury to the employee resulting in death is:

9 (a) If the employee leaves surviving a widow, widower, child or children, the applicable weekly compensation rate 10 computed in accordance with subparagraph 2 of paragraph (b) of 11 Section 8, shall be payable during the life of the widow or 12 widower and if any surviving child or children shall not be 13 14 physically or mentally incapacitated then until the death of the widow or widower or until the youngest child shall reach 15 16 the age of 18, whichever shall come later; provided that if such child or children shall be enrolled as a full time student 17 in any accredited educational institution, the payments shall 18 19 continue until such child has attained the age of 25. In the event any surviving child or children shall be physically or 20 21 mentally incapacitated, the payments shall continue for the 22 duration of such incapacity.

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The term "child" means a child whom the deceased employee

left surviving, including a posthumous child, a child legally adopted, a child whom the deceased employee was legally obligated to support or a child to whom the deceased employee stood in loco parentis. The term "children" means the plural of "child".

6 The term "physically or mentally incapacitated child or 7 children" means a child or children incapable of engaging in 8 regular and substantial gainful employment.

9 In the event of the remarriage of a widow or widower, where 10 the decedent did not leave surviving any child or children who, 11 at the time of such remarriage, are entitled to compensation 12 benefits under this Act, the surviving spouse shall be paid a 13 lump sum equal to 2 years compensation benefits and all further 14 rights of such widow or widower shall be extinguished.

15 If the employee leaves surviving any child or children 16 under 18 years of age who at the time of death shall be 17 entitled to compensation under this paragraph (a) of this 18 Section, the weekly compensation payments herein provided for 19 such child or children shall in any event continue for a period 20 of not less than 6 years.

Any beneficiary entitled to compensation under this paragraph (a) of this Section shall receive from the special fund provided in paragraph (f) of this Section, in addition to the compensation herein provided, supplemental benefits in accordance with paragraph (g) of Section 8.

26 (b) I:

(b) If no compensation is payable under paragraph (a) of

1 this Section and the employee leaves surviving a parent or 2 parents who at the time of the accident were totally dependent 3 upon the earnings of the employee then weekly payments equal to 4 the compensation rate payable in the case where the employee 5 leaves surviving a widow or widower, shall be paid to such 6 parent or parents for the duration of their lives, and in the 7 event of the death of either, for the life of the survivor.

8 (c) If no compensation is payable under paragraphs (a) or 9 (b) of this Section and the employee leaves surviving any child 10 or children who are not entitled to compensation under the 11 foregoing paragraph (a) but who at the time of the accident 12 were nevertheless in any manner dependent upon the earnings of 13 the employee, or leaves surviving a parent or parents who at the time of the accident were partially dependent upon the 14 earnings of the employee, then there shall be paid to such 15 16 dependent or dependents for a period of 8 years weekly 17 compensation payments at such proportion of the applicable rate if the employee had left surviving a widow or widower as such 18 19 dependency bears to total dependency. In the event of the death 20 of any such beneficiary the share of such beneficiary shall be divided equally among the surviving beneficiaries and in the 21 22 event of the death of the last such beneficiary all the rights 23 under this paragraph shall be extinguished.

(d) If no compensation is payable under paragraphs (a), (b)
 or (c) of this Section and the employee leaves surviving any
 grandparent, grandparents, grandchild or grandchildren or

collateral heirs dependent upon the employee's earnings to the 1 2 extent of 50% or more of total dependency, then there shall be paid to such dependent or dependents for a period of 5 years 3 weekly compensation payments at such proportion of 4 the 5 applicable rate if the employee had left surviving a widow or widower as such dependency bears to total dependency. In the 6 7 event of the death of any such beneficiary the share of such 8 beneficiary shall be divided equally among the surviving 9 beneficiaries and in the event of the death of the last such 10 beneficiary all rights hereunder shall be extinguished.

11 (e) The compensation to be paid for accidental injury which 12 results in death, as provided in this Section, shall be paid to 13 the persons who form the basis for determining the amount of 14 compensation to be paid by the employer, the respective shares 15 to be in the proportion of their respective dependency at the 16 time of the accident on the earnings of the deceased. The 17 Commission or an Arbitrator thereof may, in its or his discretion, order or award the payment to the parent or 18 grandparent of a child for the latter's support the amount of 19 compensation which but for such order or award would have been 20 paid to such child as its share of the compensation payable, 21 22 which order or award may be modified from time to time by the 23 Commission in its discretion with respect to the person to whom shall be paid the amount of the order or award remaining unpaid 24 25 at the time of the modification.

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The payments of compensation by the employer in accordance

with the order or award of the Commission discharges such
 employer from all further obligation as to such compensation.

3 (f) The sum of <u>\$4,200</u> <del>\$8,000</del> for burial expenses shall be 4 paid by the employer to the widow or widower, other dependent, 5 next of kin or to the person or persons incurring the expense 6 of burial.

7 In the event the employer failed to provide necessary first 8 aid, medical, surgical or hospital service, he shall pay the 9 cost thereof to the person or persons entitled to compensation 10 under paragraphs (a), (b), (c) or (d) of this Section, or to 11 the person or persons incurring the obligation therefore, or 12 providing the same.

13 On January 15 and July 15, 1981, and on January 15 and July 15 of each year thereafter the employer shall within 60 days 14 pay a sum equal to 1/8 of 1% of all compensation payments made 15 16 by him after July 1, 1980, either under this Act or the 17 Workers' Occupational Diseases Act, whether by lump sum settlement or weekly compensation payments, but not including 18 hospital, surgical or rehabilitation payments, made during the 19 20 first 6 months and during the second 6 months respectively of the fiscal year next preceding the date of the payments, into a 21 22 special fund which shall be designated the "Second Injury 23 Fund", of which the State Treasurer is ex-officio custodian, such special fund to be held and disbursed for the purposes 24 25 hereinafter stated in paragraphs (f) and (g) of Section 8, 26 either upon the order of the Commission or of a competent

court. Said special fund shall be deposited the same as are 1 2 State funds and any interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto every 6 months. It is subject to audit the same as 3 State funds and accounts and is protected by the General bond 4 5 given by the State Treasurer. It is considered always appropriated for the purposes of disbursements as provided in 6 7 Section 8, paragraph (f), of this Act, and shall be paid out 8 and disbursed as therein provided and shall not at any time be 9 appropriated or diverted to any other use or purpose.

10 On January 15, 1991, the employer shall further pay a sum 11 equal to one half of 1% of all compensation payments made by 12 him from January 1, 1990 through June 30, 1990 either under 13 this Act or under the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act, 14 whether by lump sum settlement or weekly compensation payments, including hospital, surgical or rehabilitation 15 but not 16 payments, into an additional Special Fund which shall be 17 designated as the "Rate Adjustment Fund". On March 15, 1991, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum 18 equal to one half of 1% of all such compensation payments made 19 20 from July 1, 1990 through December 31, 1990. Within 60 days after July 15, 1991, the employer shall pay into the Rate 21 22 Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one half of 1% of all such 23 compensation payments made from January 1, 1991 through June 30, 1991. Within 60 days after January 15 of 1992 and each 24 25 subsequent year through 1996, the employer shall pay into the 26 Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one half of 1% of all such

compensation payments made in the last 6 months of 1 the 2 preceding calendar year. Within 60 days after July 15 of 1992 and each subsequent year through 1995, the employer shall pay 3 into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one half of 1% of 4 5 all such compensation payments made in the first 6 months of 6 the same calendar year. Within 60 days after January 15 of 1997 7 and each subsequent year through 2005, the employer shall pay 8 into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to three-fourths of 9 1% of all such compensation payments made in the last 6 months 10 of the preceding calendar year. Within 60 days after July 15 of 11 1996 and each subsequent year through 2004, the employer shall 12 pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to three-fourths 13 of 1% of all such compensation payments made in the first 6 months of the same calendar year. Within 60 days after July 15 14 15 of 2005, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a 16 sum equal to 1% of such compensation payments made in the first 17 6 months of the same calendar year. Within 60 days after January 15 of 2006 and each subsequent year, the employer shall 18 19 pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to 1.25% of such 20 compensation payments made in the last 6 months of the preceding calendar year. Within 60 days after July 15 of 2006 21 22 and each subsequent year, the employer shall pay into the Rate 23 Adjustment Fund a sum equal to 1.25% of such compensation payments made in the first 6 months of the same calendar year. 24 25 administrative costs of collecting assessments from The 26 employers for the Rate Adjustment Fund shall be paid from the

Rate Adjustment Fund. The cost of an actuarial audit of the 1 2 Fund shall be paid from the Rate Adjustment Fund. The State Treasurer is ex officio custodian of such Special Fund and the 3 same shall be held and disbursed for the purposes hereinafter 4 5 stated in paragraphs (f) and (g) of Section 8 upon the order of 6 the Commission or of a competent court. The Rate Adjustment 7 Fund shall be deposited the same as are State funds and any 8 interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto every 6 9 months. It shall be subject to audit the same as State funds 10 and accounts and shall be protected by the general bond given 11 by the State Treasurer. It is considered always appropriated 12 for the purposes of disbursements as provided in paragraphs (f) and (q) of Section 8 of this Act and shall be paid out and 13 disbursed as therein provided and shall not at any time be 14 15 appropriated or diverted to any other use or purpose. Within 5 16 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1990, 17 the Comptroller and the State Treasurer shall transfer \$1,000,000 from the General Revenue Fund to the Rate Adjustment 18 19 Fund. By February 15, 1991, the Comptroller and the State 20 Treasurer shall transfer \$1,000,000 from the Rate Adjustment Fund to the General Revenue Fund. The Comptroller and Treasurer 21 22 are authorized to make transfers at the request of the Chairman 23 up to a total of \$19,000,000 from the Second Injury Fund, the 24 General Revenue Fund, and the Workers' Compensation Benefit 25 Trust Fund to the Rate Adjustment Fund to the extent that there 26 is insufficient money in the Rate Adjustment Fund to pay claims

and obligations. Amounts may be transferred from the General 1 2 Revenue Fund only if the funds in the Second Injury Fund or the Workers' Compensation Benefit Trust Fund are insufficient to 3 pay claims and obligations of the Rate Adjustment Fund. All 4 5 amounts transferred from the Second Injury Fund, the General Revenue Fund, and the Workers' Compensation Benefit Trust Fund 6 7 shall be repaid from the Rate Adjustment Fund within 270 days 8 of a transfer, together with interest at the rate earned by 9 moneys on deposit in the Fund or Funds from which the moneys 10 were transferred.

11 Upon a finding by the Commission, after reasonable notice 12 and hearing, that any employer has willfully and knowingly failed to pay the proper amounts into the Second Injury Fund or 13 the Rate Adjustment Fund required by this Section or if such 14 15 payments are not made within the time periods prescribed by 16 this Section, the employer shall, in addition to such payments, 17 pay a penalty of 20% of the amount required to be paid or \$2,500, whichever is greater, for each year or part thereof of 18 19 such failure to pay. This penalty shall only apply to 20 obligations of an employer to the Second Injury Fund or the Rate Adjustment Fund accruing after the effective date of this 21 22 amendatory Act of 1989. All or part of such a penalty may be 23 waived by the Commission for good cause shown.

Any obligations of an employer to the Second Injury Fund and Rate Adjustment Fund accruing prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989 shall be paid in full by such

1 employer within 5 years of the effective date of this 2 amendatory Act of 1989, with at least one-fifth of such 3 obligation to be paid during each year following the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989. If the Commission finds, 4 5 following reasonable notice and hearing, that an employer has failed to make timely payment of any obligation accruing under 6 7 the preceding sentence, the employer shall, in addition to all 8 other payments required by this Section, be liable for a 9 penalty equal to 20% of the overdue obligation or \$2,500, 10 whichever is greater, for each year or part thereof that 11 obligation is overdue. All or part of such a penalty may be 12 waived by the Commission for good cause shown.

13 Chairman of the Illinois Workers' The Compensation Commission shall, annually, furnish to the Director of the 14 15 Department of Insurance a list of the amounts paid into the 16 Second Injury Fund and the Rate Adjustment Fund by each 17 insurance company on behalf of their insured employers. The Director shall verify to the Chairman that the amounts paid by 18 19 each insurance company are accurate as best as the Director can 20 determine from the records available to the Director. The 21 Chairman shall verify that the amounts paid by each 22 self-insurer are accurate as best as the Chairman can determine 23 from records available to the Chairman. The Chairman may require each self-insurer to provide information concerning 24 25 the total compensation payments made upon which contributions 26 to the Second Injury Fund and the Rate Adjustment Fund are

predicated and any additional information establishing that such payments have been made into these funds. Any deficiencies in payments noted by the Director or Chairman shall be subject to the penalty provisions of this Act.

5 The State Treasurer, or his duly authorized 6 representative, shall be named as a party to all proceedings in 7 all cases involving claim for the loss of, or the permanent and 8 complete loss of the use of one eye, one foot, one leg, one arm 9 or one hand.

10 The State Treasurer or his duly authorized agent shall have 11 the same rights as any other party to the proceeding, including 12 the right to petition for review of any award. The reasonable 13 expenses of litigation, such as medical examinations, 14 testimony, and transcript of evidence, incurred by the State 15 Treasurer or his duly authorized representative, shall be borne 16 by the Second Injury Fund.

17 If the award is not paid within 30 days after the date the 18 award has become final, the Commission shall proceed to take 19 judgment thereon in its own name as is provided for other 20 awards by paragraph (g) of Section 19 of this Act and take the 21 necessary steps to collect the award.

Any person, corporation or organization who has paid or become liable for the payment of burial expenses of the deceased employee may in his or its own name institute proceedings before the Commission for the collection thereof. For the purpose of administration, receipts and disbursements, the Special Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of this Section shall be administered jointly with the Special Fund provided for in Section 7, paragraph (f) of the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act.

5 (q) All compensation, except for burial expenses provided 6 in this Section to be paid in case accident results in death, 7 shall be paid in installments equal to the percentage of the 8 average earnings as provided for in Section 8, paragraph (b) of 9 this Act, at the same intervals at which the wages or earnings 10 of the employees were paid. If this is not feasible, then the 11 installments shall be paid weekly. Such compensation may be 12 paid in a lump sum upon petition as provided in Section 9 of 13 this Act. However, in addition to the benefits provided by 14 Section 9 of this Act where compensation for death is payable to the deceased's widow, widower or to the deceased's widow, 15 16 widower and one or more children, and where a partial lump sum 17 is applied for by such beneficiary or beneficiaries within 18 months after the deceased's death, the Commission may, in its 18 19 discretion, grant a partial lump sum of not to exceed 100 weeks 20 of the compensation capitalized at their present value upon the 21 basis of interest calculated at 3% per annum with annual rests, 22 upon a showing that such partial lump sum is for the best 23 interest of such beneficiary or beneficiaries.

(h) In case the injured employee is under 16 years of age
at the time of the accident and is illegally employed, the
amount of compensation payable under paragraphs (a), (b), (c),

1 (d) and (f) of this Section shall be increased 50%.

Nothing herein contained repeals or amends the provisions
of the Child Labor Law relating to the employment of minors
under the age of 16 years.

5 However, where an employer has on file an employment 6 certificate issued pursuant to the Child Labor Law or work 7 permit issued pursuant to the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act, 8 as amended, or a birth certificate properly and duly issued, 9 such certificate, permit or birth certificate is conclusive 10 evidence as to the age of the injured minor employee for the 11 purposes of this Section only.

(i) Whenever the dependents of a deceased employee are aliens not residing in the United States, Mexico or Canada, the amount of compensation payable is limited to the beneficiaries described in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this Section and is 50% of the compensation provided in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this Section, except as otherwise provided by treaty.

In a case where any of the persons who would be entitled to 18 compensation is living at any place outside of the United 19 20 then payment States, shall be made to the personal representative of the deceased employee. The distribution by 21 22 such personal representative to the persons entitled shall be 23 made to such persons and in such manner as the Commission 24 orders.

25 (Source: P.A. 93-721, eff. 1-1-05; 94-277, eff. 7-20-05; 26 94-695, eff. 11-16-05.)

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(820 ILCS 305/8) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.8)

2 Sec. 8. The amount of compensation which shall be paid to 3 the employee for an accidental injury not resulting in death 4 is:

5 (a) The employer shall provide and pay the negotiated rate, if applicable, or the lesser of the health care provider's 6 7 actual charges or according to a fee schedule, subject to 8 Section 8.2, in effect at the time the service was rendered for 9 all the necessary first aid, medical and surgical services, and 10 all necessary medical, surgical and hospital services 11 thereafter incurred, limited, however, to that which is 12 reasonably required to cure or relieve from the effects of the 13 accidental injury, even if a health care provider sells, 14 transfers, or otherwise assigns an account receivable for 15 procedures, treatments, or services covered under this Act. If 16 the employer does not dispute payment of first aid, medical, surgical, and hospital services, the employer shall make such 17 18 payment to the provider on behalf of the employee. The employer 19 shall also pay for treatment, instruction and training 20 necessary for the physical, mental and vocational 21 rehabilitation of the employee, including all maintenance 22 costs and expenses incidental thereto. If as a result of the injury the employee is unable to be self-sufficient the 23 24 employer shall further pay for such maintenance or 25 institutional care as shall be required.

1 The employee may at any time elect to secure his own 2 physician, surgeon and hospital services at the employer's 3 expense, or,

Upon agreement between the employer and the employees, or 4 5 the employees' exclusive representative, and subject to the approval of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission, the 6 7 employer shall maintain a list of physicians, to be known as a 8 Panel of Physicians, who are accessible to the employees. The 9 employer shall post this list in a place or places easily 10 accessible to his employees. The employee shall have the right 11 to make an alternative choice of physician from such Panel if 12 he is not satisfied with the physician first selected. If, due to the nature of the injury or its occurrence away from the 13 14 employer's place of business, the employee is unable to make a 15 selection from the Panel, the selection process from the Panel 16 shall not apply. The physician selected from the Panel may 17 arrange for any consultation, referral or other specialized medical services outside the Panel at the employer's expense. 18 Provided that, in the event the Commission shall find that a 19 20 doctor selected by the employee is rendering improper or 21 inadequate care, the Commission may order the employee to 22 select another doctor certified or qualified in the medical 23 field for which treatment is required. If the employee refuses to make such change the Commission may relieve the employer of 24 25 his obligation to pay the doctor's charges from the date of 26 refusal to the date of compliance.

Any vocational rehabilitation counselors who provide 1 2 service under this Act shall have appropriate certifications which designate the counselor as qualified to render opinions 3 relating to vocational rehabilitation. Vocational 4 5 rehabilitation may include, but is not limited to, counseling 6 for job searches, supervising a job search program, and vocational retraining including education at an accredited 7 8 learning institution. The employee or employer may petition to 9 the Commission to decide disputes relating to vocational 10 rehabilitation and the Commission shall resolve any such 11 dispute, including payment of the vocational rehabilitation 12 program by the employer.

13 The maintenance benefit shall not be less than the 14 temporary total disability rate determined for the employee. In 15 addition, maintenance shall include costs and expenses 16 incidental to the vocational rehabilitation program.

17 When the employee is working light duty on a part-time basis or full-time basis and earns less than he or she would be 18 earning if employed in the full capacity of the job or jobs, 19 20 then the employee shall be entitled to temporary partial disability benefits. Temporary partial disability benefits 21 22 shall be equal to two-thirds of the difference between the 23 average amount that the employee would be able to earn in the full performance of his or her duties in the occupation in 24 which he or she was engaged at the time of accident and the 25 26 gross amount which he or she is earning in the modified job

provided to the employee by the employer or in any other job that the employee is working.

3 Every hospital, physician, surgeon other or person rendering treatment or services in accordance with 4 the 5 provisions of this Section shall upon written request furnish full and complete reports thereof to, and permit their records 6 7 to be copied by, the employer, the employee or his dependents, 8 as the case may be, or any other party to any proceeding for 9 compensation before the Commission, or their attorneys.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the employer's liability to pay for such medical services selected by the employee shall be limited to:

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(1) all first aid and emergency treatment; plus

14 (2) all medical, surgical and hospital services
15 provided by the physician, surgeon or hospital initially
16 chosen by the employee or by any other physician,
17 consultant, expert, institution or other provider of
18 services recommended by said initial service provider or
19 any subsequent provider of medical services in the chain of
20 referrals from said initial service provider; plus

21 (3) all medical, surgical and hospital services 22 provided by any second physician, surgeon or hospital 23 subsequently chosen by the employee or by any other physician, consultant, expert, institution 24 or other 25 provider of services recommended by said second service 26 provider or any subsequent provider of medical services in

the chain of referrals from said second service provider. 1 Thereafter the employer shall select and pay for all 2 3 necessary medical, surgical and hospital treatment and the employee may not select a provider of medical services at 4 5 the employer's expense unless the employer agrees to such 6 selection. At any time the employee may obtain any medical 7 treatment he desires at his own expense. This paragraph 8 shall not affect the duty to pay for rehabilitation 9 referred to above.

10 (4) The following shall apply for injuries occurring on 11 or after June 28, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 12 97-18) and only when an employer has an approved preferred 13 provider program pursuant to Section 8.1a on the date the 14 employee sustained his or her accidental injuries:

(A) The employer shall, in writing, on a form
promulgated by the Commission, inform the employee of
the preferred provider program;

(B) Subsequent to the report of an injury by an
employee, the employee may choose in writing at any
time to decline the preferred provider program, in
which case that would constitute one of the two choices
of medical providers to which the employee is entitled
under subsection (a) (2) or (a) (3); and

(C) Prior to the report of an injury by an
 employee, when an employee chooses non-emergency
 treatment from a provider not within the preferred

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provider program, that would constitute the employee's one choice of medical providers to which the employee is entitled under subsection (a) (2) or (a) (3).

When an employer and employee so agree in writing, nothing 4 5 in this Act prevents an employee whose injury or disability has been established under this Act, from relying in good faith, on 6 treatment by prayer or spiritual means alone, in accordance 7 8 with the tenets and practice of a recognized church or 9 religious denomination, by a duly accredited practitioner 10 thereof, and having nursing services appropriate therewith, 11 without suffering loss or diminution of the compensation 12 benefits under this Act. However, the employee shall submit to all physical examinations required by this Act. The cost of 13 such treatment and nursing care shall be paid by the employee 14 15 unless the employer agrees to make such payment.

16 Where the accidental injury results in the amputation of an 17 arm, hand, leg or foot, or the enucleation of an eye, or the loss of any of the natural teeth, the employer shall furnish an 18 artificial of any such members lost or damaged in accidental 19 20 injury arising out of and in the course of employment, and shall also furnish the necessary braces in all proper and 21 22 necessary cases. In cases of the loss of a member or members by 23 amputation, the employer shall, whenever necessary, maintain in good repair, refit or replace the artificial limbs during 24 the lifetime of the employee. Where the accidental injury 25 26 accompanied by physical injury results in damage to a denture,

eye glasses or contact eye lenses, or where the accidental injury results in damage to an artificial member, the employer shall replace or repair such denture, glasses, lenses, or artificial member.

5 The furnishing by the employer of any such services or 6 appliances is not an admission of liability on the part of the 7 employer to pay compensation.

8 The furnishing of any such services or appliances or the 9 servicing thereof by the employer is not the payment of 10 compensation.

(b) If the period of temporary total incapacity for work 11 12 lasts more than 3 working days, weekly compensation as 13 hereinafter provided shall be paid beginning on the 4th day of such temporary total incapacity and continuing as long as the 14 15 total temporary incapacity lasts. In cases where the temporary 16 total incapacity for work continues for a period of 14 days or 17 more from the day of the accident compensation shall commence on the day after the accident. 18

19 1. The compensation rate for temporary total 20 incapacity under this paragraph (b) of this Section shall 21 be equal to 66 2/3% of the employee's average weekly wage 22 computed in accordance with Section 10, provided that it 23 shall be not less than <u>the following amounts in the</u> 24 <u>following cases:</u>

25 <u>\$100.90 in case of a single person;</u>
26 \$105.50 in case of a married person with no

1	<u>children;</u>
2	\$108.30 in case of one child;
3	\$113.40 in case of 2 children;
4	\$117.40 in case of 3 children;
5	\$124.30 in case of 4 or more children;
6	66 2/3% of the sum of the Federal minimum wage under the
7	Fair Labor Standards Act, or the Illinois minimum wage
8	under the Minimum Wage Law, whichever is more, multiplied
9	by 40 hours. This percentage rate shall be increased by 10%
10	for each spouse and child, not to exceed 100% of the total
11	minimum wage calculation,
12	nor exceed the employee's average weekly wage computed in
13	accordance with the provisions of Section 10, whichever is
14	less.
15	2. The compensation rate in all cases other than for
16	temporary total disability under this paragraph (b), and
17	other than for serious and permanent disfigurement under
18	paragraph (c) and other than for permanent partial
19	disability under subparagraph (2) of paragraph (d) or under
20	paragraph (e), of this Section shall be equal to 66 2/3% of
21	the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance
22	with the provisions of Section 10, provided that it shall
23	be not less than <u>the following amounts in the following</u>
24	cases:
25	\$80.90 in case of a single person;
26	\$83.20 in case of a married person with no

26 <u>\$83.20 in case of a married person with no</u>

1 children; 2 \$86.10 in case of one child; 3 \$88.90 in case of 2 children; \$91.80 in case of 3 children; 4 5 \$96.90 in case of 4 or more children; 66 2/3% of the sum of the Federal minimum wage under the 6 7 Fair Labor Standards Act, or the Illinois minimum 8 under the Minimum Wage Law, whichever is more, multiplied 9 by 40 hours. This percentage rate shall be increased by 10% 10 for each spouse and child, not to exceed 100% of the total 11 minimum wage calculation, 12 nor exceed the employee's average weekly wage computed in 13 accordance with the provisions of Section 10, whichever is 14 less. 2.1. The compensation rate in all cases of serious and 15 16 permanent disfigurement under paragraph (c) and of 17 permanent partial disability under subparagraph (2) of paragraph (d) or under paragraph (e) of this Section shall 18 be equal to 60% of the employee's average weekly wage 19 20 computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10, 21 provided that it shall be not less than the following 22 amounts in the following cases: 23 \$80.90 in case of a single person; 24 \$83.20 in case of a married person with no 25 children; 26 \$86.10 in case of one child;

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\$88.90 in case of 2 children;
\$91.80 in case of 3 children;
\$96.90 in case of 4 or more children;
66 2/3% of the sum of the Federal minimum wage under the
Fair Labor Standards Act, or the Illinois minimum wage
under the Minimum Wage Law, whichever is more, multiplied
by 40 hours. This percentage rate shall be increased by 10%
for each spouse and child, not to exceed 100% of the total
minimum wage calculation, nor exceed the employee's
average weekly wage computed in accordance with the
provisions of Section 10, whichever is less.

12 3. As used in this Section the term "child" means a 13 child of the employee including any child legally adopted before the accident or whom at the time of the accident the 14 15 employee was under legal obligation to support or to whom 16 the employee stood in loco parentis, and who at the time of 17 the accident was under 18 years of age and not emancipated. The term "children" means the plural of "child". 18

19 4. All weekly compensation rates provided under 20 subparagraphs 1, 2 and 2.1 of this paragraph (b) of this Section shall be subject to the following limitations: 21

22 The maximum weekly compensation rate from July 1, 1975, 23 except as hereinafter provided, shall be 100% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the 24 25 Unemployment Insurance Act, that being the wage that most 26 closely approximates the State's average weekly wage.

The maximum weekly compensation rate, for the period 1 2 July 1, 1984, through June 30, 1987, except as hereinafter 3 provided, shall be \$293.61. Effective July 1, 1987 and on July 1 of each year thereafter the maximum weekly 4 5 compensation rate, except as hereinafter provided, shall be determined as follows: if during the preceding 12 month 6 7 period there shall have been an increase in the State's 8 average weekly wage in covered industries under the 9 Unemployment Insurance Act, the weekly compensation rate 10 shall be proportionately increased by the same percentage 11 as the percentage of increase in the State's average weekly 12 in covered industries under the Unemployment waqe Insurance Act during such period. 13

14 The maximum weekly compensation rate, for the period 15 January 1, 1981 through December 31, 1983, except as 16 hereinafter provided, shall be 100% of the State's average 17 weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act in effect on January 1, 1981. Effective 18 19 January 1, 1984 and on January 1, of each year thereafter 20 the maximum weekly compensation rate, except as hereinafter provided, shall be determined as follows: if 21 22 during the preceding 12 month period there shall have been 23 an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered 24 industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the 25 weekly compensation rate shall be proportionately 26 increased by the same percentage as the percentage of

increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act during such period.

From July 1, 1977 and thereafter such maximum weekly 4 5 compensation rate in death cases under Section 7, and 6 permanent total disability cases under paragraph (f) or 7 subparagraph 18 of paragraph (3) of this Section and for 8 temporary total disability under paragraph (b) of this 9 Section and for amputation of a member or enucleation of an 10 eye under paragraph (e) of this Section shall be increased 11 to 133-1/3% of the State's average weekly wage in covered 12 industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

13For injuries occurring on or after February 1, 2006,14the maximum weekly benefit under paragraph (d)1 of this15Section shall be 100% of the State's average weekly wage in16covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

17 4.1. Any provision herein to the contrary 18 notwithstanding, the weekly compensation for rate 19 compensation payments under subparagraph 18 of paragraph 20 (e) of this Section and under paragraph (f) of this Section 21 and under paragraph (a) of Section 7 and for amputation of 22 a member or enucleation of an eye under paragraph (c) of 23 this Section, shall in no event be less than 50% of the 24 State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the 25 Unemployment Insurance Act.

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4.2. Any provision to the contrary notwithstanding,

1 2 the total compensation payable under Section 7 shall not exceed the greater of \$250,000 or 20  $\frac{25}{25}$  years.

5. For the purpose of this Section this State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act on July 1, 1975 is hereby fixed at \$228.16 per week and the computation of compensation rates shall be based on the aforesaid average weekly wage until modified as hereinafter provided.

9 6. The Department of Employment Security of the State 10 shall on or before the first day of December, 1977, and on 11 or before the first day of June, 1978, and on the first day 12 of each December and June of each year thereafter, publish the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under 13 14 the Unemployment Insurance Act and the Illinois Workers' 15 Compensation Commission shall on the 15th day of January, 16 1978 and on the 15th day of July, 1978 and on the 15th day of each January and July of each year thereafter, post and 17 publish the State's average weekly wage in covered 18 19 industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act as last 20 determined and published by the Department of Employment 21 Security. The amount when so posted and published shall be 22 conclusive and shall be applicable as the basis of 23 computation of compensation rates until the next posting 24 and publication as aforesaid.

7. The payment of compensation by an employer or his
 insurance carrier to an injured employee shall not

1 2 constitute an admission of the employer's liability to pay compensation.

(c) For any serious and permanent disfigurement to the 3 hand, head, face, neck, arm, leg below the knee or the chest 4 5 above the axillary line, the employee is entitled to 6 compensation for such disfigurement, the amount determined by 7 agreement at any time or by arbitration under this Act, at a hearing not less than 6 months after the date of the accidental 8 9 injury, which amount shall not exceed 150 weeks (if the 10 accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this 11 amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before February 12 1, 2006) or 162 weeks (if the accidental injury occurs on or 13 after February 1, 2006) at the applicable rate provided in subparagraph 2.1 of paragraph (b) of this Section. 14

No compensation is payable under this paragraph where compensation is payable under paragraphs (d), (e) or (f) of this Section.

A duly appointed member of a fire department in a city, the population of which exceeds 500,000 according to the last federal or State census, is eligible for compensation under this paragraph only where such serious and permanent disfigurement results from burns.

(d) 1. If, after the accidental injury has been sustained, the employee as a result thereof becomes partially incapacitated from pursuing his usual and customary line of employment, he shall, except in cases compensated under the

specific schedule set forth in paragraph (e) of this Section, 1 2 receive compensation for the duration of his disability, 3 subject to the limitations as to maximum amounts fixed in paragraph (b) of this Section, equal to 66-2/3% of the 4 5 difference between the average amount which he would be able to earn in the full performance of his duties in the occupation in 6 which he was engaged at the time of the accident and the 7 8 average amount which he is earning or is able to earn in some 9 suitable employment or business after the accident. For 10 accidental injuries that occur on or after September 1, 2011, 11 an award for wage differential under this subsection shall be 12 effective only until the employee reaches the age of 67 or 5 13 years from the date the award becomes final, whichever is 14 later.

2. If, as a result of the accident, the employee sustains 15 16 serious and permanent injuries not covered by paragraphs (c) 17 and (e) of this Section or having sustained injuries covered by the aforesaid paragraphs (c) and (e), he shall have sustained 18 in addition thereto other injuries which injuries do not 19 20 incapacitate him from pursuing the duties of his employment but 21 which would disable him from pursuing other suitable 22 occupations, or which have otherwise resulted in physical 23 impairment; or if such injuries partially incapacitate him from 24 pursuing the duties of his usual and customary line of 25 employment but do not result in an impairment of earning 26 capacity, or having resulted in an impairment of earning

capacity, the employee elects to waive his right to recover 1 2 under the foregoing subparagraph 1 of paragraph (d) of this 3 Section then in any of the foregoing events, he shall receive in addition to compensation for temporary total disability 4 5 under paragraph (b) of this Section, compensation at the rate provided in subparagraph 2.1 of paragraph (b) of this Section 6 for that percentage of 500 weeks that the partial disability 7 8 resulting from the injuries covered by this paragraph bears to 9 total disability. If the employee shall have sustained a 10 fracture of one or more vertebra or fracture of the skull, the 11 amount of compensation allowed under this Section shall be not 12 less than 6 weeks for a fractured skull and 6 weeks for each 13 fractured vertebra, and in the event the employee shall have sustained a fracture of any of the following facial bones: 14 15 nasal, lachrymal, vomer, zygoma, maxilla, palatine or 16 mandible, the amount of compensation allowed under this Section 17 shall be not less than 2 weeks for each such fractured bone, and for a fracture of each transverse process not less than 3 18 weeks. In the event such injuries shall result in the loss of a 19 20 kidney, spleen or lung, the amount of compensation allowed under this Section shall be not less than 10 weeks for each 21 22 such organ. Compensation awarded under this subparagraph 2 23 shall not take into consideration injuries covered under 24 paragraphs (c) and (e) of this Section and the compensation 25 provided in this paragraph shall not affect the employee's 26 right to compensation payable under paragraphs (b), (c) and (e)

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of this Section for the disabilities therein covered.

2 (e) For accidental injuries in the following schedule, the 3 employee shall receive compensation for the period of temporary total incapacity for work resulting from such accidental 4 5 injury, under subparagraph 1 of paragraph (b) of this Section, and shall receive in addition thereto compensation for a 6 7 further period for the specific loss herein mentioned, but 8 shall not receive any compensation under any other provisions 9 of this Act. The following listed amounts apply to either the 10 loss of or the permanent and complete loss of use of the member 11 specified, such compensation for the length of time as follows: 12 1. Thumb-70 weeks. 13 weeks if the accidental injury -occurs 14 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 15 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006. 16 76 weeks if the accidental injury occurs 17 after February 1, 2006. 2. First, or index finger-40 weeks. 18 19 40 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or 20 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 21 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006. 22 43 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or after February 1, 2006. 23 24 3. Second, or middle finger-35 weeks. 25 35 weeks if the accidental injury occurs 26 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of

94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.
38 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
after February 1, 2006.
4. Third, or ring finger-25 weeks.

25 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

8 27 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
9 after February 1, 2006.

5. Fourth, or little finger-20 weeks.

1120 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or12after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the1394th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

14 22 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
 15 after February 1, 2006.

6. Great toe-<u>35 weeks.</u>

1735 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or18after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the1994th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

20 <del>38 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or</del>
 21 <del>after February 1, 2006.</del>

22 7. Each toe other than great toe-<u>12 weeks</u>.

23 12 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
 24 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
 25 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.
 26 13 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or

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after February 1, 2006.

2 8. The loss of the first or distal phalanx of the thumb 3 or of any finger or toe shall be considered to be equal to the loss of one-half of such thumb, finger or toe and the 4 5 compensation payable shall be one-half of the amount above 6 specified. The loss of more than one phalanx shall be 7 considered as the loss of the entire thumb, finger or toe. 8 In no case shall the amount received for more than one 9 finger exceed the amount provided in this schedule for the 10 loss of a hand.

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#### 9. Hand-

190 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

15 205 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
 after February 1, 2006.

9. Hand-190 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or 17 after June 28, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 18 19 97-18) and if the accidental injury involves carpal tunnel 20 syndrome due to repetitive or cumulative trauma, in which 21 case the permanent partial disability shall not exceed 15% 22 loss of use of the hand, except for cause shown by clear 23 and convincing evidence and in which case the award shall 24 not exceed 30% loss of use of the hand.

The loss of 2 or more digits, or one or more phalanges of 2 or more digits, of a hand may be compensated on the 5

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basis of partial loss of use of a hand, provided, further, that the loss of 4 digits, or the loss of use of 4 digits, in the same hand shall constitute the complete loss of a hand.

<del>10. Arm</del>

235 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

253 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or after February 1, 2006.

11 10. Arm-235 weeks. Where an accidental injury results 12 in the amputation of an arm below the elbow, such injury shall be compensated as a loss of an arm. Where an 13 14 accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm above 15 the elbow, compensation for an additional 15 weeks (if the 16 accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before 17 February 1, 2006) or an additional 17 weeks (if the 18 19 accidental injury occurs on or after February 1, 2006) 20 shall be paid, except where the accidental injury results 21 in the amputation of an arm at the shoulder joint, or so 22 close to shoulder joint that an artificial arm cannot be 23 used, or results in the disarticulation of an arm at the 24 shoulder joint, in which case compensation for an 25 additional 65 weeks (if the accidental injury occurs on or 26 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the

1	General Assembly but before February 1, 2006) or an
2	additional 70 weeks (if the accidental injury occurs on or
3	after February 1, 2006) shall be paid.
4	11. Foot- <u>155 weeks.</u>
5	155 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
6	after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
7	94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.
8	167 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
9	after February 1, 2006.
10	<del>12. Leg</del>
11	200 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
12	after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
13	94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.
14	<del>215 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or</del>
15	after February 1, 2006.
15 16	
	after February 1, 2006.
16	<del>after February 1, 2006.</del> <u>12. Leg-200 weeks.</u> Where an accidental injury results
16 17	after February 1, 2006. <u>12. Leg-200 weeks.</u> Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg below the knee, such injury
16 17 18	after February 1, 2006. <u>12. Leg-200 weeks.</u> Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg below the knee, such injury shall be compensated as loss of a leg. Where an accidental
16 17 18 19	after February 1, 2006. <u>12. Leg-200 weeks.</u> Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg below the knee, such injury shall be compensated as loss of a leg. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg above the knee,
16 17 18 19 20	after February 1, 2006. <u>12. Leq-200 weeks.</u> Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg below the knee, such injury shall be compensated as loss of a leg. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg above the knee, compensation for an additional 25 weeks <del>(if the accidental</del>
16 17 18 19 20 21	after February 1, 2006. <u>12. Leq-200 weeks.</u> Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg below the knee, such injury shall be compensated as loss of a leg. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg above the knee, compensation for an additional 25 weeks (if the accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	after February 1, 2006. <u>12. Leq-200 weeks.</u> Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg below the knee, such injury shall be compensated as loss of a leg. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg above the knee, compensation for an additional 25 weeks (if the accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	after February 1, 2006. <u>12. Leq-200 weeks.</u> Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg below the knee, such injury shall be compensated as loss of a leg. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg above the knee, compensation for an additional 25 weeks (if the accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006) or an additional 27 weeks (if the

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1	the hip joint that an artificial leg cannot be used, or
2	results in the disarticulation of a leg at the hip joint,
3	in which case compensation for an additional 75 weeks <del>(if</del>
4	the accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date
5	of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but
6	before February 1, 2006) or an additional 81 weeks (if the
7	accidental injury occurs on or after February 1, 2006)
8	shall be paid.
9	<del>13. Eye</del>
10	150 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
11	after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
12	94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.
13	162 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
14	after February 1, 2006.
15	13. Eye-150 weeks. Where an accidental injury results
16	in the enucleation of an eye, compensation for an
17	additional 10 weeks <del>(if the accidental injury occurs on or</del>
18	after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th
19	General Assembly but before February 1, 2006) or an
20	additional 11 weeks (if the accidental injury occurs on or
21	after February 1, 2006) shall be paid.
22	14. Loss of hearing of one ear-50 weeks.
23	50 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
24	after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
25	94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

26 54 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or

1	after February 1, 2006.			
2	Total and permanent loss of hearing of both ears- <u>200</u>			
3	3 <u>weeks.</u>			
4	200 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or			
5	after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the			
6	94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.			
7	215 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or			
8	after February 1, 2006.			
9	15. Testicle- <u>50 weeks.</u>			
10	50 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or			
11	after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the			
12	94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.			
13	54 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or			
14	after February 1, 2006.			
15	Both testicles-150 weeks.			
16	150 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or			
17	after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the			
18	94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.			
19	162 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or			
20	after February 1, 2006.			
21	16. For the permanent partial loss of use of a member			
22	or sight of an eye, or hearing of an ear, compensation			
23	during that proportion of the number of weeks in the			
24	foregoing schedule provided for the loss of such member or			
25	sight of an eye, or hearing of an ear, which the partial			
26	loss of use thereof bears to the total loss of use of such			

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member, or sight of eye, or hearing of an ear.

2 (a) Loss of hearing for compensation purposes 3 shall be confined to the frequencies of 1,000, 2,000 4 and 3,000 cycles per second. Loss of hearing ability 5 for frequency tones above 3,000 cycles per second are 6 not to be considered as constituting disability for 7 hearing.

(b) The percent of hearing loss, for purposes of 8 9 determination of compensation claims the for 10 occupational deafness, shall be calculated as the 11 average in decibels for the thresholds of hearing for 12 the frequencies of 1,000, 2,000 and 3,000 cycles per Pure 13 tone air conduction second. audiometric 14 instruments, approved by nationally recognized 15 authorities in this field, shall be used for measuring 16 hearing loss. If the losses of hearing average 30 17 decibels or less in the 3 frequencies, such losses of hearing shall not then constitute any compensable 18 19 hearing disability. If the losses of hearing average 85 20 decibels or more in the 3 frequencies, then the same shall constitute and be total or 100% compensable 21 22 hearing loss.

(c) In measuring hearing impairment, the lowest
 measured losses in each of the 3 frequencies shall be
 added together and divided by 3 to determine the
 average decibel loss. For every decibel of loss

exceeding 30 decibels an allowance of 1.82% shall be made up to the maximum of 100% which is reached at 85 decibels.

4 (d) If a hearing loss is established to have 5 existed on July 1, 1975 by audiometric testing the 6 employer shall not be liable for the previous loss so 7 established nor shall he be liable for any loss for 8 which compensation has been paid or awarded.

9 (e) No consideration shall be given to the question 10 of whether or not the ability of an employee to 11 understand speech is improved by the use of a hearing 12 aid.

(f) No claim for loss of hearing due to industrial noise shall be brought against an employer or allowed unless the employee has been exposed for a period of time sufficient to cause permanent impairment to noise levels in excess of the following:

18 Sound Level DBA

19	Slow Response	Hours Per Day
20	90	8
21	92	6
22	95	4
23	97	3
24	100	2
25	102	1-1/2
26	105	1

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110	1/2
115	1/4

3 This subparagraph (f) shall not be applied in cases of 4 hearing loss resulting from trauma or explosion.

5 17. In computing the compensation to be paid to any 6 employee who, before the accident for which he claims 7 compensation, had before that time sustained an injury resulting in the loss by amputation or partial loss by 8 amputation of any member, including hand, arm, thumb or 9 10 fingers, leg, foot or any toes, such loss or partial loss of any such member shall be deducted from any award made 11 for the subsequent injury. For the permanent loss of use or 12 the permanent partial loss of use of any such member or the 13 partial loss of sight of an eye, for which compensation has 14 15 been paid, then such loss shall be taken into consideration 16 and deducted from any award for the subsequent injury.

17 18. The specific case of loss of both hands, both arms, 18 or both feet, or both legs, or both eyes, or of any two 19 thereof, or the permanent and complete loss of the use 20 thereof, constitutes total and permanent disability, to be 21 compensated according to the compensation fixed by 22 paragraph (f) of this Section. These specific cases of 23 total and permanent disability do not exclude other cases.

Any employee who has previously suffered the loss or permanent and complete loss of the use of any of such members, and in a subsequent independent accident loses

another or suffers the permanent and complete loss of the use of any one of such members the employer for whom the injured employee is working at the time of the last independent accident is liable to pay compensation only for the loss or permanent and complete loss of the use of the member occasioned by the last independent accident.

7 19. In a case of specific loss and the subsequent death 8 of such injured employee from other causes than such injury 9 leaving a widow, widower, or dependents surviving before 10 payment or payment in full for such injury, then the amount 11 due for such injury is payable to the widow or widower and, 12 if there be no widow or widower, then to such dependents, 13 in the proportion which such dependency bears to total 14 dependency.

Beginning July 1, 1980, and every 6 months thereafter, the 15 16 Commission shall examine the Second Injury Fund and when, after 17 deducting all advances or loans made to such Fund, the amount therein is \$500,000 then the amount required to be paid by 18 19 employers pursuant to paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be 20 reduced by one-half. When the Second Injury Fund reaches the 21 sum of \$600,000 then the payments shall cease entirely. 22 However, when the Second Injury Fund has been reduced to 23 \$400,000, payment of one-half of the amounts required by 24 paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be resumed, in the manner herein provided, and when the Second Injury Fund has been 25 26 reduced to \$300,000, payment of the full amounts required by paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be resumed, in the manner herein provided. The Commission shall make the changes in payment effective by general order, and the changes in payment become immediately effective for all cases coming before the Commission thereafter either by settlement agreement or final order, irrespective of the date of the accidental injury.

7 On August 1, 1996 and on February 1 and August 1 of each 8 subsequent year, the Commission shall examine the special fund 9 designated as the "Rate Adjustment Fund" and when, after 10 deducting all advances or loans made to said fund, the amount 11 therein is \$4,000,000, the amount required to be paid by 12 employers pursuant to paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be 13 reduced by one-half. When the Rate Adjustment Fund reaches the sum of \$5,000,000 the payment therein shall cease entirely. 14 15 However, when said Rate Adjustment Fund has been reduced to 16 \$3,000,000 the amounts required by paragraph (f) of Section 7 17 shall be resumed in the manner herein provided.

(f) In case of complete disability, which renders the employee wholly and permanently incapable of work, or in the specific case of total and permanent disability as provided in subparagraph 18 of paragraph (e) of this Section, compensation shall be payable at the rate provided in subparagraph 2 of paragraph (b) of this Section for life.

An employee entitled to benefits under paragraph (f) of this Section shall also be entitled to receive from the Rate Adjustment Fund provided in paragraph (f) of Section 7 of the

supplementary benefits provided in paragraph (g) of this
 Section 8.

If any employee who receives an award under this paragraph 3 afterwards returns to work or is able to do so, and earns or is 4 5 able to earn as much as before the accident, payments under such award shall cease. If such employee returns to work, or is 6 7 able to do so, and earns or is able to earn part but not as much 8 as before the accident, such award shall be modified so as to 9 conform to an award under paragraph (d) of this Section. If 10 such award is terminated or reduced under the provisions of 11 this paragraph, such employees have the right at any time 12 within 30 months after the date of such termination or 13 reduction to file petition with the Commission for the purpose of determining whether any disability exists as a result of the 14 15 original accidental injury and the extent thereof.

Disability as enumerated in subdivision 18, paragraph (e) of this Section is considered complete disability.

If an employee who had previously incurred loss or the 18 permanent and complete loss of use of one member, through the 19 20 loss or the permanent and complete loss of the use of one hand, one arm, one foot, one leg, or one eye, incurs permanent and 21 22 complete disability through the loss or the permanent and 23 complete loss of the use of another member, he shall receive, 24 in addition to the compensation payable by the employer and 25 after such payments have ceased, an amount from the Second 26 Injury Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of Section 7, which,

together with the compensation payable from the employer in whose employ he was when the last accidental injury was incurred, will equal the amount payable for permanent and complete disability as provided in this paragraph of this Section.

6 The custodian of the Second Injury Fund provided for in 7 paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be joined with the employer as 8 a party respondent in the application for adjustment of claim. 9 The application for adjustment of claim shall state briefly and 10 in general terms the approximate time and place and manner of 11 the loss of the first member.

12 In its award the Commission or the Arbitrator shall specifically find the amount the injured employee shall be 13 14 weekly paid, the number of weeks compensation which shall be 15 paid by the employer, the date upon which payments begin out of 16 the Second Injury Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of Section 17 7 of this Act, the length of time the weekly payments continue, the date upon which the pension payments commence and the 18 19 monthly amount of the payments. The Commission shall 30 days 20 after the date upon which payments out of the Second Injury Fund have begun as provided in the award, and every month 21 22 thereafter, prepare and submit to the State Comptroller a 23 voucher for payment for all compensation accrued to that date 24 at the rate fixed by the Commission. The State Comptroller 25 shall draw a warrant to the injured employee along with a 26 receipt to be executed by the injured employee and returned to

the Commission. The endorsed warrant and receipt is a full and complete acquittance to the Commission for the payment out of the Second Injury Fund. No other appropriation or warrant is necessary for payment out of the Second Injury Fund. The Second Injury Fund is appropriated for the purpose of making payments according to the terms of the awards.

As of July 1, 1980 to July 1, 1982, all claims against and obligations of the Second Injury Fund shall become claims against and obligations of the Rate Adjustment Fund to the extent there is insufficient money in the Second Injury Fund to pay such claims and obligations. In that case, all references to "Second Injury Fund" in this Section shall also include the Rate Adjustment Fund.

(g) Every award for permanent total disability entered by 14 the Commission on and after July 1, 1965 under which 15 16 compensation payments shall become due and payable after the 17 effective date of this amendatory Act, and every award for death benefits or permanent total disability entered by the 18 Commission on and after the effective date of this amendatory 19 20 Act shall be subject to annual adjustments as to the amount of the compensation rate therein provided. Such adjustments shall 21 22 first be made on July 15, 1977, and all awards made and entered 23 prior to July 1, 1975 and on July 15 of each year thereafter. In all other cases such adjustment shall be made on July 15 of 24 25 the second year next following the date of the entry of the 26 award and shall further be made on July 15 annually thereafter.

If during the intervening period from the date of the entry of 1 2 the award, or the last periodic adjustment, there shall have 3 been an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the weekly 4 5 compensation rate shall be proportionately increased by the same percentage as the percentage of increase in the State's 6 7 weekly wage in covered industries under average the 8 Unemployment Insurance Act. The increase in the compensation 9 rate under this paragraph shall in no event bring the total 10 compensation rate to an amount greater than the prevailing 11 maximum rate at the time that the annual adjustment is made. 12 Such increase shall be paid in the same manner as herein provided for payments under the Second Injury Fund to the 13 14 injured employee, or his dependents, as the case may be, out of 15 the Rate Adjustment Fund provided in paragraph (f) of Section 7 16 of this Act. Payments shall be made at the same intervals as 17 provided in the award or, at the option of the Commission, may be made in quarterly payment on the 15th day of January, April, 18 July and October of each year. In the event of a decrease in 19 20 such average weekly wage there shall be no change in the then existing compensation rate. The within paragraph shall not 21 22 apply to cases where there is disputed liability and in which a 23 compromise lump sum settlement between the employer and the 24 injured employee, or his dependents, as the case may be, has 25 been duly approved by the Illinois Workers' Compensation 26 Commission.

Provided, that in cases of awards entered by the Commission for injuries occurring before July 1, 1975, the increases in the compensation rate adjusted under the foregoing provision of this paragraph (g) shall be limited to increases in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act occurring after July 1, 1975.

7 For every accident occurring on or after July 20, 2005 but before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th 8 9 General Assembly (Senate Bill 1283 of the 94th General Assembly), the annual adjustments to the compensation rate in 10 11 awards for death benefits or permanent total disability, as 12 provided in this Act, shall be paid by the employer. The adjustment shall be made by the employer on July 15 of 13 the second year next following the date of the entry of the award 14 and shall further be made on July 15 annually thereafter. If 15 16 during the intervening period from the date of the entry of the 17 award, or the last periodic adjustment, there shall have been an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered 18 19 industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the employer 20 shall increase the weekly compensation rate proportionately by 21 the same percentage as the percentage of increase in the 22 State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the 23 Unemployment Insurance Act. The increase in the compensation rate under this paragraph shall in no event bring the total 24 25 compensation rate to an amount greater than the prevailing 26 maximum rate at the time that the annual adjustment is made. In

1 the event of a decrease in such average weekly wage there shall 2 be no change in the then existing compensation rate. Such increase shall be paid by the employer in the same manner and 3 at the same intervals as the payment of compensation 4 the 5 award. This paragraph shall not apply to cases where there is 6 disputed liability and in which a compromise lump sum 7 settlement between the employer and the injured employee, or 8 her dependents, as the case may be, has been his or dulv 9 approved by the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission.

10 The annual adjustments for every award of death benefits or 11 permanent total disability involving accidents occurring 12 before July 20, 2005 and accidents occurring on or after the 13 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General 14 Assembly (Senate Bill 1283 of the 94th General Assembly) shall 15 continue to be paid from the Rate Adjustment Fund pursuant to 16 this paragraph and Section 7(f) of this Act.

17 (h) In case death occurs from any cause before the total compensation to which the employee would have been entitled has 18 been paid, then in case the employee leaves any widow, widower, 19 20 child, parent (or any grandchild, grandparent or other lineal heir or any collateral heir dependent at the time of the 21 22 accident upon the earnings of the employee to the extent of 50% 23 or more of total dependency) such compensation shall be paid to the beneficiaries of the deceased employee and distributed as 24 25 provided in paragraph (g) of Section 7.

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(h-1) In case an injured employee is under legal disability

at the time when any right or privilege accrues to him or her 1 2 under this Act, a guardian may be appointed pursuant to law, 3 and may, on behalf of such person under legal disability, claim and exercise any such right or privilege with the same effect 4 5 as if the employee himself or herself had claimed or exercised the right or privilege. No limitations of time provided by this 6 Act run so long as the employee who is under legal disability 7 8 is without a conservator or guardian.

9 (i) In case the injured employee is under 16 years of age 10 at the time of the accident and is illegally employed, the 11 amount of compensation payable under paragraphs (b), (c), (d), 12 (e) and (f) of this Section is increased 50%.

However, where an employer has on file an employment certificate issued pursuant to the Child Labor Law or work permit issued pursuant to the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended, or a birth certificate properly and duly issued, such certificate, permit or birth certificate is conclusive evidence as to the age of the injured minor employee for the purposes of this Section.

Nothing herein contained repeals or amends the provisions of the Child Labor Law relating to the employment of minors under the age of 16 years.

(j) 1. In the event the injured employee receives benefits, including medical, surgical or hospital benefits under any group plan covering non-occupational disabilities contributed to wholly or partially by the employer, which benefits should

not have been payable if any rights of recovery existed under 1 this Act, then such amounts so paid to the employee from any 2 such group plan as shall be consistent with, and limited to, 3 the provisions of paragraph 2 hereof, shall be credited to or 4 5 against any compensation payment for temporary total incapacity for work or any medical, surgical or hospital 6 7 benefits made or to be made under this Act. In such event, the period of time for giving notice of accidental injury and 8 9 filing application for adjustment of claim does not commence to 10 run until the termination of such payments. This paragraph does 11 not apply to payments made under any group plan which would 12 have been payable irrespective of an accidental injury under 13 this Act. Any employer receiving such credit shall keep such 14 employee safe and harmless from any and all claims or 15 liabilities that may be made against him by reason of having 16 received such payments only to the extent of such credit.

17 Any excess benefits paid to or on behalf of a State employee by the State Employees' Retirement System under 18 Article 14 of the Illinois Pension Code on a death claim or 19 disputed disability claim shall be credited against any 20 payments made or to be made by the State of Illinois to or on 21 22 behalf of such employee under this Act, except for payments for 23 medical expenses which have already been incurred at the time of the award. The State of Illinois shall directly reimburse 24 25 the State Employees' Retirement System to the extent of such 26 credit.

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2. Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to give 1 2 the employer or the insurance carrier the right to credit for 3 any benefits or payments received by the employee other than compensation payments provided by this Act, and where the 4 5 employee receives payments other than compensation payments, 6 whether as full or partial salary, group insurance benefits, 7 bonuses, annuities or any other payments, the employer or insurance carrier shall receive credit for each such payment 8 9 only to the extent of the compensation that would have been 10 payable during the period covered by such payment.

11 3. The extension of time for the filing of an Application 12 for Adjustment of Claim as provided in paragraph 1 above shall 13 not apply to those cases where the time for such filing had expired prior to the date on which payments or benefits 14 enumerated herein have been initiated or resumed. Provided 15 16 however that this paragraph 3 shall apply only to cases wherein 17 the payments or benefits hereinabove enumerated shall be received after July 1, 1969. 18

19 (Source: P.A. 97-18, eff. 6-28-11; 97-268, eff. 8-8-11; 97-813,
20 eff. 7-13-12.)