100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

HB3784

by Rep. Joe Sosnowski

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 ILCS 5/26-2	from Ch. 122, par. 26-2
105 ILCS 5/26-12	from Ch. 122, par. 26-12

Amends the Compulsory Attendance Article of the School Code. In a Section concerning enrolled pupils not of compulsory school age, removes provisions that allow a school or school district to deny enrollment to a student 17 years of age or older for one semester for failure to meet minimum academic standards if certain conditions are met, and provides that no child may be denied reenrollment (instead of enrollment or reenrollment) under the Section in violation of the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act or the Americans with Disabilities Act. Prohibits punitive action from being taken against truant minors (rather than chronic truants) for such truancy unless available supportive services and other school resources have been provided to the student. Provides that a truant minor may not be expelled for nonattendance unless he or she has accrued 15 consecutive days of absences without valid cause and the student cannot be located by the school district or the school district has located the student but cannot, after exhausting all available support services, compel the student to return to school. Effective July 1, 2017.

LRB100 09043 NHT 21775 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HB3784

AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 2 represented in the General Assembly: 3

4 Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections 5 26-2 and 26-12 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/26-2) (from Ch. 122, par. 26-2) 6

7

1

Sec. 26-2. Enrolled pupils not of compulsory school age.

8 (a) For school years before the 2014-2015 school year, any 9 person having custody or control of a child who is below the age of 7 years or is 17 years of age or above and who is 10 enrolled in any of grades kindergarten through 12 in the public 11 school shall cause him to attend the public school in the 12 district wherein he resides when it is in session during the 13 14 regular school term, unless he is excused under paragraph 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 of Section 26-1. Beginning with the 2014-2015 school 15 16 year, any person having custody or control of a child who is below the age of 6 years or is 17 years of age or above and who 17 is enrolled in any of grades kindergarten through 12 in the 18 public school shall cause the child to attend the public school 19 in the district wherein he or she resides when it is in session 20 during the regular school term, unless the child is excused 21 22 under paragraph 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 of Section 26-1 of this Code. 23

(b) A school district shall deny reenrollment in its

secondary schools to any child 19 years of age or above who has 1 2 dropped out of school and who could not, because of age and lack of credits, attend classes during the normal school year 3 and graduate before his or her twenty-first birthday. A 4 5 district may, however, enroll the child in a graduation incentives program under Section 26-16 of this Code or an 6 7 alternative learning opportunities program established under Article 13B. No child shall be denied reenrollment for the 8 above reasons unless the school district first offers the child 9 10 due process as required in cases of expulsion under Section 11 10-22.6. If a child is denied reenrollment after being provided 12 with due process, the school district must provide counseling 13 to that child and must direct that child to alternative educational programs, including adult education programs, that 14 15 lead to graduation or receipt of a high school equivalency 16 certificate.

- 17 (c) A school or school district may deny enrollment to a 18 student 17 years of age or older for one semester for failure 19 to meet minimum academic standards if all of the following 20 conditions are met:
- 21 (1) The student achieved a grade point average of less
 22 than "D" (or its equivalent) in the semester immediately
 23 prior to the current semester.
- 24 (2) The student and the student's parent or guardian
 25 are given written notice warning that the student is
 26 failing academically and is subject to denial from

- HB3784
- 1 2

6

7

8

9

enrollment for one semester unless a "D" average (or its equivalent) or better is attained in the current semester.

3 (3) The parent or guardian is provided with the right
 4 to appeal the notice, as determined by the State Board of
 5 Education in accordance with due process.

(4) The student is provided with an academic improvement plan and academic remediation services.

(5) The student fails to achieve a "D" average (or its equivalent) or better in the current semester.

10 A school or school district may deny enrollment to a 11 student 17 years of age or older for one semester for failure 12 to meet minimum attendance standards if all of the following 13 conditions are met:

14 (1) The student was absent without valid cause for 20%
15 or more of the attendance days in the semester immediately
16 prior to the current semester.

17 (2) The student and the student's parent or guardian 18 are given written notice warning that the student is 19 subject to denial from enrollment for one semester unless 20 the student is absent without valid cause less than 20% of 21 the attendance days in the current semester.

(3) The student's parent or guardian is provided with
the right to appeal the notice, as determined by the State
Board of Education in accordance with due process.

(4) The student is provided with attendance
 remediation services, including without limitation

- 4 - LRB100 09043 NHT 21775 b

HB3784

1

assessment, counseling, and support services.

(5) The student is absent without valid cause for 20%
or more of the attendance days in the current semester.

A school or school district may not deny enrollment to a student (or reenrollment to a dropout) who is at least 17 years of age or older but below 19 years for more than one consecutive semester for failure to meet academic or attendance standards.

9 (d) No child may be denied enrollment or reenrollment under 10 this Section in violation of the <u>federal</u> Individuals with 11 Disabilities Education Act or the Americans with Disabilities 12 Act.

13 (e) In this subsection (e), "reenrolled student" means a 14 dropout who has reenrolled full-time in a public school. Each 15 school district shall identify, track, and report on the 16 educational progress and outcomes of reenrolled students as a 17 subset of the district's required reporting on all enrollments. A reenrolled student who again drops out must not be counted 18 19 again against a district's dropout rate performance measure. 20 The State Board of Education shall set performance standards 21 for programs serving reenrolled students.

(f) The State Board of Education shall adopt any rules necessary to implement the changes to this Section made by Public Act 93-803.

25 (Source: P.A. 98-544, eff. 7-1-14; 98-718, eff. 1-1-15.)

- 5 - LRB100 09043 NHT 21775 b

(105 ILCS 5/26-12) (from Ch. 122, par. 26-12) 1 2 Sec. 26-12. Punitive action. No punitive action, including 3 out of school suspensions, expulsions, or court action, shall be taken against truant minors chronic truants for such truancy 4 5 unless available supportive services and other school 6 resources have been provided to the student. Notwithstanding 7 the provisions of Section 10-22.6 of this Code, a truant minor 8 may not be expelled for nonattendance unless he or she has 9 accrued 15 consecutive days of absences without valid cause and 10 the student cannot be located by the school district or the 11 school district has located the student but cannot, after 12 exhausting all available support services, compel the student 13 to return to school. 14 (Source: P.A. 85-234.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1,2017.