

LRB100 14115 SMS 40443 a

## Sen. Heather A. Steans

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10000HB4146sam001

## AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 4146 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_\_. Amend House Bill 4146 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: "Section 5. The Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act is amended by changing Section 25 as follows: (215 ILCS 134/25) Sec. 25. Transition of services. (a) A health care plan shall provide for continuity of care for its enrollees as follows: (1) If an enrollee's physician leaves the health care

plan's network of health care providers for reasons other

than termination of a contract in situations involving

imminent harm to a patient or a final disciplinary action

by a State licensing board and the physician remains within

the health care plan's service area, the health care plan

shall permit the enrollee to continue an ongoing course of

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1	treatmer	nt	with	tł	nat j	physic	ian	durin	g a	a tr	ransitio	nal
2	period:											
3		(A)	of	90	days	from	the	date	of	the	notice	of

- (A) of 90 days from the date of the notice of physician's termination from the health care plan to the enrollee of the physician's disaffiliation from the health care plan if the enrollee has an ongoing course of treatment: or
- (B) if the enrollee has entered the third trimester of pregnancy at the time of the physician's disaffiliation, that includes the provision of post-partum care directly related to the delivery.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions in item (1) of this subsection, such care shall be authorized by the health care plan during the transitional period only if the physician agrees:
  - (A) to continue to accept reimbursement from the health care plan at the rates applicable prior to the start of the transitional period;
  - (B) to adhere to the health care plan's quality assurance requirements and to provide to the health care plan necessary medical information related to such care; and
  - (C) to otherwise adhere to the health care plan's policies and procedures, including but not limited to procedures regarding referrals and obtaining preauthorizations for treatment.

1	(3) During an enrollee's plan year, a health care plan
2	shall not remove a drug from its formulary or negatively
3	change its preferred or cost-tier sharing unless, at least
4	60 days before making the formulary change, the health care
5	<pre>plan:</pre>
6	(A) provides general notification of the change in
7	its formulary to current and prospective enrollees;
8	(B) directly notifies enrollees currently
9	receiving coverage for the drug, including information
10	on the specific drugs involved and the steps they may
11	take to request coverage determinations and
12	exceptions, including a statement that a certification
13	of medical necessity by the enrollee's prescribing
14	provider will result in continuation of coverage at the
15	<pre>existing level; and</pre>
16	(C) directly notifies by first class mail and
17	through an electronic transmission, if available, the
18	prescribing provider of all health care plan enrollees
19	currently prescribed the drug affected by the proposed
20	change; the notice shall include a one-page form by
21	which the prescribing provider can notify the health
22	care plan by first class mail that coverage of the drug
23	for the enrollee is medically necessary.
24	The notification in paragraph (C) may direct the
25	prescribing provider to an electronic portal through which
26	the prescribing provider may electronically file a

	ification to the health care plan that coverage of the for the enrollee is medically necessary. The
	cribing provider may make a secure electronic
sign	ature beside the words "certification of medical
nece	ssity", and this certification shall authorize
cont	inuation of coverage for the drug.
	If the prescribing provider certifies to the health
care	plan either in writing or electronically that the drug
is m	edically necessary for the enrollee as provided in
para	graph (C), a health care plan shall authorize coverage
for	the drug prescribed based solely on the prescribing
prov	ider's assertion that coverage is medically necessary,
and	the health care plan is prohibited from making
modi	fications to the coverage related to the covered drug,
incl	uding, but not limited to:
	(i) increasing the out-of-pocket costs for the
	covered drug;
	(ii) moving the covered drug to a more restrictive
	tier; or
	(iii) denying an enrollee coverage of the drug for
1	which the enrollee has been previously approved for
<u>.</u>	coverage by the health care plan.
<u>]</u>	Nothing in this item (3) prevents a health care plan
from	removing a drug from its formulary or denying an
enro	llee coverage if the United States Food and Drug

Administration has issued a statement about the drug that

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calls into question the clinical safety of the drug, the drug manufacturer has notified the United States Food and Drug Administration of a manufacturing discontinuance or potential discontinuance of the drug as required by Section 506C of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as codified in 21 U.S.C. 356c, or the drug manufacturer has removed the drug from the market.

Nothing in this item (3) prohibits a health care plan, by contract, written policy or procedure, or any other agreement or course of conduct, from requiring a pharmacist to effect substitutions of prescription drugs consistent with Section 19.5 of the Pharmacy Practice Act, under which a pharmacist may substitute an interchangeable biologic for a prescribed biologic product, and Section 25 of the Pharmacy Practice Act, under which a pharmacist may select a generic drug determined to be therapeutically equivalent by the United States Food and Drug Administration and in accordance with the Illinois Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.

This item (3) applies to a policy or contract that is amended, delivered, issued, or renewed on or after January 1, 2019. This item (3) does not apply to a health plan as defined in the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 or medical assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code.

(b) A health care plan shall provide for continuity of care for new enrollees as follows:

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(1) If a new enrollee whose physician is not a member
of the health care plan's provider network, but is within
the health care plan's service area, enrolls in the health
care plan, the health care plan shall permit the enrollee
to continue an ongoing course of treatment with the
enrollee's current physician during a transitional period:

- (A) of 90 days from the effective date of enrollment if the enrollee has an ongoing course of treatment; or
- (B) if the enrollee has entered the third trimester of pregnancy at the effective date of enrollment, that includes the provision of post-partum care directly related to the delivery.
- (2) If an enrollee elects to continue to receive care from such physician pursuant to item (1) of this subsection, such care shall be authorized by the health care plan for the transitional period only if the physician agrees:
  - (A) to accept reimbursement from the health care plan at rates established by the health care plan; such rates shall be the level of reimbursement applicable to similar physicians within the health care plan for such services;
  - (B) to adhere to the health care plan's quality assurance requirements and to provide to the health care plan necessary medical information related to

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	Such	care;	and

- 2 (C) to otherwise adhere to the health care plan's policies and procedures including, but not limited to 3 4 procedures regarding referrals and obtaining 5 preauthorization for treatment.
- 6 (c) In no event shall this Section be construed to require a health care plan to provide coverage for benefits not 7 otherwise covered or to diminish or impair preexisting 8 9 condition limitations contained in the enrollee's contract. In 10 no event shall this Section be construed to prohibit the 11 addition of prescription drugs to a health care plan's list of covered drugs during the coverage year. 12
- 13 (Source: P.A. 91-617, eff. 7-1-00.)
- 14 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 15 becoming law.".