

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

HB4738

by Rep. Rita Mayfield

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates a deduction in an amount equal to the wages paid to an Illinois-licensed teacher attributable to his or her employment as a teacher in any grade from pre-K through grade 12 at an Illinois public school. Provides that the deduction is exempt from the Act's automatic sunset provision. Effective immediately.

LRB100 18138 HLH 33333 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

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AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base 10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted 11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph 12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued 17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income 18 19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except 20 dividends of qualified public utilities stock 21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue 22 Code;

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(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in 2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the 3 taxable year;

(C) An amount equal to the amount received during 4 5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real 6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's 7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and 8 for which a deduction was previously taken under 9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1, 10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4 11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or 12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on 13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that 14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property 15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in 21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money 22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a 23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on 24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal 25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical 26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section 1

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20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

(D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the individual deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the individual claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 13 otherwise disposes of property for which the or 14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then 16 amount equal to the aggregate amount of the an 17 deductions in all taxable taken years under 18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 20 the last day of the last tax year for which the 21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount 25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

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modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 4 5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the 8 9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside 10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 13 who would be a member of the same unitary business 14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 17 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 18 19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 20 extent that dividends were included in base income of 21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 24 25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue 26

Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

HB4738

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incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if taxpayer can establish, based on the а preponderance of the evidence, both of the following: (a) the person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest to a person that is not a related member, and (b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 13 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 14 15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards 18 19 by which the Department will utilize its authority 20 under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same

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unitary business group but for the fact that the 1 foreign person's business activity outside the United 2 3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 4 5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 8 from being included in the unitary business group 9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 10 business income under different subsections of Section 11 304. The addition modification required by this 12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 14 group for the same taxable year and received by the 15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 16 business group (including amounts included in gross 17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under 18 19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect 20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible 21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, 22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not 23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under 24 25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this 26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

- 8 - LRB100 18138 HLH 33333 b

includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or 1 2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, 3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) 4 5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from 6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions; 7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and 8 9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible 10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade 11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask 12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible 13 assets.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 18 19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, 20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or 21

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

HB4738

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(a) the person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 6 intangible expense or cost between the 7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a 8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 13 incurred, directly paid, accrued, or or 14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative 18 19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 21 Director from making any other adjustment 22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

- 10 - LRB100 18138 HLH 33333 b

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by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 4 5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary 8 9 business group but for the fact that the person is 10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 11 included in the unitary business group because he or 12 is ordinarily required to apportion business she 13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The 14 addition modification required by this subparagraph 15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 16 included in base income of the unitary group for the 17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 18 19 (including amounts included in gross income under 20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 26

- 11 - LRB100 18138 HLH 33333 b

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modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 4 5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal 6 7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a 8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the 9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the 10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to 11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section 12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after 13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a 14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the 15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution 16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a 18 19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under 20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I) adopts and determines that its offering materials 21 22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's 23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable 24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence 25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing 26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

inform financial intermediaries distributing the program to inform in-state residents of the existence of in-state qualified tuition programs at least annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a 6 7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts 8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term 9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not 10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified 11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective 12 participants in its offering materials or makes a 13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii) 14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the 15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the 16 out-of-state program distributes its offering 17 materials;

(D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

25 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after 26 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified

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withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition 1 2 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code 3 administered by the State that is not used for eligible 4 qualified expenses at an education 5 institution, an amount equal to the contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund 6 7 that was previously deducted from base income under 8 subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that 9 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the 10 beneficiary's death or disability;

11 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to 12 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 13 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 14 Act;

15 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
17 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
18 for the taxable year;

19 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 20 following amounts:

(E) For taxable years ending before December 31, 22 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of 23 any compensation (including but not limited to any 24 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a 25 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 26 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed

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Forces of the United States and in respect of any 1 2 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a 3 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a 4 5 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32, 6 7 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National 8 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or 9 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any 10 other state. For taxable years ending on or after 11 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in 12 respect of any compensation (including but not limited 13 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman 14 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 15 resident by reason of being a member of any component 16 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect 17 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who 18 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or 19 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation 20 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the Illinois National Guard or, 21 22 beginning with taxable years ending on or after 23 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other 24 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are 25 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such

total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 1 2 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the 3 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as distributions under the provisions of any retirement 4 5 or disability plan for employees of any governmental 6 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired 7 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the 8 9 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant 10 thereto;

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(G) The valuation limitation amount;

12 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
13 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
14 and included in such total for the taxable year;

(I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
of taxable income;

20 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in 21 such total which were paid by a corporation which 22 conducts business operations River in а Edge 23 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 24 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts 25 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge 26 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is

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exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 3 such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated 4 5 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 6 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 7 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 8 9 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 10 this subparagraph (K);

11 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31, 12 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits 13 and railroad retirement benefits included in such 14 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal 15 Revenue Code;

16 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 17 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 18 19 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 20 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 21 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the 22 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years 23 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 24 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue 25 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal 26

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Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 7 total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by 8 9 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the 10 United States; provided that, in the case of any 11 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 12 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 13 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 14 of bond premium amortization;

(0) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

18 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 19 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 20 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 21 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 22 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction 23 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of 24 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts 25 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

(Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such

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total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal illness;

(R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

7 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution 8 9 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a 10 medical care savings account established under the 11 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care 12 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the 13 contribution is accepted by the account administrator 14 as provided in that Act;

(T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in the taxable year on a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

(U) For one taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance

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Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

2 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after 3 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the 4 5 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed 6 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder 7 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or 8 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that 9 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the 10 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the 11 12 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not 13 14 exceed the taxable income attributable to that 15 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or 16 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no 17 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health 18 19 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an 20 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The 21 amount of the health insurance and long-term care 22 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be 23 determined by multiplying total health insurance and 24 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer 25 that represents the fractional times a number 26 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section

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213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

(W) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 8 9 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 10 extent includible in gross income for federal income 11 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or 12 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 13 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 14 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 15 income, to the extent includible in gross income for 16 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 17 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 18 19 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 20 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 21 during, and immediately after World War II, including, 22 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 23 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 24 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 25 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 26 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;

provided, however, this subtraction from federal 1 2 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 3 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall 4 5 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 6 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 7 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 8 9 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any 10 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 11 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of 12 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 13 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 14 of Section 250;

15 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January 16 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004, 17 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State 18 19 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross 20 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal 21 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys 22 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable 23 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum 24 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a 25 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the 26 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid

Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from 1 2 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the 3 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes 4 5 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an 6 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching 7 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt 8 9 from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 11 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 12 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 13 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 14 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 15 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

16 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 17 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 18 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 19 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was 20 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 21 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 22 the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
0.429); and

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- 23 - LRB100 18138 HLH 33333 b

(3) for taxable years ending after December
 31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

8 (ii) for property on which a bonus 9 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted 10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 11 1.0.

12 The amount deducted under this aggregate subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 13 14 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 15 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 16 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 17 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of 18 Section 250; 19

(AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
or otherwise disposes of property for which the
taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
an amount equal to that addition modification.

25 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 26 the last day of the last tax year for which the

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taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

6 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under 7 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one 8 piece of property.

9 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the 10 provisions of Section 250;

(BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
other than salary, received by a driver in a
ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

14 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 15 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 16 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 17 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under 18 19 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 20 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any 21 22 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 23 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 24 25 is required to make an addition modification with Section 26 respect such transaction under to

1 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 2 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that 3 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is 4 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken 6 into account for the taxable year (net of the 7 allocable thereto) with deductions respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 8 9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 10 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 11 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 14 who would be a member of the same unitary business 15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 18 19 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 20 addition modification required to be made for the same Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) 21 taxable year under for 22 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 23 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD) 24 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
 property taken into account for the taxable year (net

1 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 2 3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity 4 5 outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 6 7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 8 9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 12 required to apportion business income under different 13 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 14 addition modification required to be made for the same 15 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for 16 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the 18 19 provisions of Section 250;

(FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
Section 250; and

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(GG) For taxable years ending on or after December

1 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to 2 add back any insurance premiums under Section 3 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract that part of a reimbursement received from the 4 5 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 6 company) that would have been taken into account as a 7 8 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 9 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 10 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG), 11 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add 12 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph 13 14 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and 15 ÷

16 <u>(HH) For taxable years ending on or after December</u> 17 <u>31, 2018, an amount equal to the wages paid to an</u> 18 <u>Illinois-licensed teacher attributable to his or her</u> 19 <u>employment as a teacher in any grade from pre-K through</u> 20 <u>grade 12 at an Illinois public school; the provisions</u> 21 <u>of this subparagraph (HH) are exempt from the</u> 22 <u>provisions of Section 250.</u>

23 (b) Corporations.

(1) In general. In the case of a corporation, baseincome means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable

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income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions received from regulated investment companies during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

13 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company, 14 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term 15 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount 16 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in 17 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section 18 19 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code, 20 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing 21 22 law and is not a new enactment);

(D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
ending prior to December 31, 1986;

1 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 2 3 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 4 5 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), 6 the amount by which addition modifications other than 7 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable 8 year, with the following limitations applied in the 9 order that they are listed: 10

11 (i) the addition modification relating to the 12 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 13 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 14 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of 15 addition modification under this subparagraph (E) 16 which related to that net operating loss and which 17 was taken into account in calculating the base 18 income of an earlier taxable year, and

19 (ii) the addition modification relating to the 20 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 21 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 22 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of 23 such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the

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addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

(E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the corporation claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

10 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 11 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 12 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 13 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 14 Internal Revenue Code;

15 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 16 or otherwise disposes of property for which the 17 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then 18 19 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the 20 deductions taken in all taxable years under 21 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction

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modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

6 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 7 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 8 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 9 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 10 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 11 member of the same unitary business group but for the 12 fact the foreign person's business activity outside 13 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 14 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 15 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 16 who would be a member of the same unitary business 17 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 18 19 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 20 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 21 22 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 23 extent that dividends were included in base income of 24 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 25 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 26 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts

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included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
included in gross income under Section 78 of the
Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

8 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who 10 is subject in a foreign country or state, other 11 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 12 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 13 with respect to such interest; or

14 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 16 the taxpayer can establish, based on а 17 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 18 following:

19(a) the person, during the same taxable20year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest21to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that 1

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reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

9 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 11 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 12 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or 13 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing 14 to the application or use of an alternative method 15 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

16 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 17 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 18 19 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 20 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 21 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 22 and such regulations provide methods and standards 23 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; 24

(E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in

computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 1 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 2 3 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same 4 5 unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United 6 7 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 8 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 9 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 10 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 11 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 12 from being included in the unitary business group 13 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 14 15 304. The addition modification required by this 16 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 17 dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the 18 19 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 20 business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 21 22 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 23 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 24 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 25 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 26 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding

1 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 2 dividends caused a reduction to the addition 3 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 4 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or 6 7 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 8 9 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 10 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting 11 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and 12 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other 13 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this 14 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, 15 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 16 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and 17 similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

19 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 21 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is 22 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 23 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, 24 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect 25 to such item; or

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(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 2 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 3 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 4 following:

5 (a) the person during the same taxable 6 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the 7 intangible expense or cost to a person that is 8 not a related member, and

9 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 10 intangible expense or cost between the 11 taxpayer and the person did not have as a 12 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 13 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 14 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 15 or

16 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 17 incurred, directly or paid, accrued, or 18 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 19 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 20 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 21 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 22 writing to the application or use of an alternative 23 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

24Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the25Director from making any other adjustment26otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for

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any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

7 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 8 9 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 10 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 13 business group but for the fact that the person is 14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 15 included in the unitary business group because he or 16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 17 income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph 18 19 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 20 included in base income of the unitary group for the 21 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business aroup 23 (including amounts included in gross income under 24 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 25 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 26 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock

of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;

7 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
8 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
9 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
10 estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of
11 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

12 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to 13 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 14 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 15 Act;

16 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after 17 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction 18 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code 19 for the taxable year;

20 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 21 following amounts:

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

25 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
 26 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

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(H) In the case of a regulated investment company, an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders for the taxable year;

6 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 7 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 8 9 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as 10 interest expense by Section 291(a) (3) of the Internal 11 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to 12 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for 13 14 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, 15 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and 16 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus, 17 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011, amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3) 18 19 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years 20 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income under Section 87 of the 21 22 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of 23 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under 24 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in 25 the case of a life insurance company with gross income 26 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or

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Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in the case of a life insurance company allowed a deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 7 total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by 8 9 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the 10 United States; provided that, in the case of any 11 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 12 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 13 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 14 of bond premium amortization;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 15 16 such total which were paid by a corporation which 17 business operations conducts in а River Edge 18 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 19 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially 20 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment 21 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the 22 provisions of Section 250;

(L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
 such total that were paid by a corporation that
 conducts business operations in a federally designated
 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a

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High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (L);

6 (M) For any taxpayer that is а financial 7 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of 8 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 9 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 10 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 11 property which is eligible for the River Edge 12 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the 13 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property 14 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the 15 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or 16 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be 17 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment credit property which secures the loan or loans, using 18 19 for this purpose the original basis of such property on 20 the date that it was placed in service in the River 21 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification 22 available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection 23 shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the 24 borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the 25 eligible property as calculated under the previous 26 sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the

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provisions of Section 250;

2 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial 3 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 4 5 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 6 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 7 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business 8 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan 9 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 10 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the 11 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between 12 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into 13 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit 14 property which secures the loan or loans, using for 15 this purpose the original basis of such property on the 16 date that it was placed in service in a federally 17 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in 18 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the 19 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph 20 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the 21 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The 22 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any 23 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the 24 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to 25 such loan attributable to the eligible property as 26 calculated under the previous sentence;

(N) Two times any contribution made during the 1 2 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the 3 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as а charitable contribution under subsection (c) 4 of 5 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must, 6 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the 7 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under 8 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under 9 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act. 10 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of 11 Section 250;

12 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years 13 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage 14 equal to the percentage allowable under Section 15 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for 16 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the 17 amount by which dividends included in taxable income and received from a corporation that is not created or 18 19 organized under the laws of the United States or any 20 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for 21 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, 22 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed 23 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal 24 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification 25 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of 26 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,

1 and including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive 2 3 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends, included in taxable income 4 5 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed 6 7 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including, 8 9 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, 10 dividends received from а captive real estate 11 investment trust, from any such corporation specified 12 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be 13 14 treated as a member of the affiliated group which 15 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of 16 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related 17 18 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from 19 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

(P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
used to compute the federal income tax credit for
restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of

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the Internal Revenue Code;

2 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an 3 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under 4 5 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 6 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the 7 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to 8 the 9 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that 10 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the 11 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal 12 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of 13 Section 250: 14

15 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December 16 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an 17 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a 18 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax 19 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and 20 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts 21 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income 22 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 23 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the Code. 24 provisions of Section 250;

(T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction

is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

5 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 6 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 7 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 8 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was 9 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 10 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 11 the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
0.429); and

(3) for taxable years ending after December31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

(ii) for property on which a bonus
depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
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1 The aggregate amount deducted under this 2 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 3 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 4 5 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 6 7 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 8

9 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or 10 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer 11 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 12 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount 13 equal to that addition modification.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 15 the last day of the last tax year for which the 16 may claim a depreciation deduction for taxpayer 17 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition 18 19 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount 20 equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

24This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the25provisions of Section 250;

(V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of

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1 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 2 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 3 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under 4 5 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 6 7 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 8 9 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 10 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 11 is required to make an addition modification with 12 transaction under respect such Section to 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 13 14 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 15 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium 16 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a 17 18 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an 19 addition modification with respect to such transaction 20 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section 21 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section 22 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that 23 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt 24 from the provisions of Section 250;

(W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
 into account for the taxable year (net of the

1 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity 4 5 outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 6 7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 8 9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 12 required to apportion business income under different 13 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 14 addition modification required to be made for the same 15 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for 16 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 17 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 18

19 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible 20 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 21 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 24 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 25 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 26 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable

years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 1 2 who would be a member of the same unitary business 3 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 4 5 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 6 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 7 8 addition modification required to be made for the same 9 under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) taxable vear for 10 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 12 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the 13 provisions of Section 250;

(Y) For taxable years ending on or after December 14 15 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to 16 add back any insurance premiums under Section 17 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract that part of a reimbursement received from the 18 19 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 20 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 21 company) that would have been taken into account as a 22 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 23 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 24 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the 25 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back 26 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer

HB4738

1 2 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

3 difference between the nondeductible (Z) The controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section 4 5 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to 6 7 Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and without regard to any net operating loss deduction. 8 9 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of 10 Section 250.

11 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A), 12 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior 13 14 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment 15 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or 16 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in life insurance gross income under Section 803(a)(3) of the 17 Internal Revenue Code. 18

19 (c) Trusts and estates.

(1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
(1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the

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1 following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

6 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a 7 trust which, under its governing instrument, is 8 required to distribute all of its income currently, 9 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such 10 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in 11 the computation of taxable income;

12 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by 13 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in 14 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

15 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction 16 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net 17 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year 18 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

19 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss 20 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable 21 22 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 23 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than 24 25 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded 26 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with

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the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed:

(i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and

(ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

16 For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other 17 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the 18 addition modification provided in this subparagraph 19 20 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed 21 independently under the preceding provisions of this 22 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

(F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the

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Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
 Act;

(G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

7 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
8 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
9 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
10 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
11 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

12 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 13 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 14 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 15 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 16 Internal Revenue Code; and

17 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, otherwise disposes of property for which the 18 or 19 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 20 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then 21 amount equal to the aggregate amount of the an 22 deductions taken in all taxable vears under 23 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 1 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
2 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
3 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
4 equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

8 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 9 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 10 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 11 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 12 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 13 member of the same unitary business group but for the 14 fact that the foreign person's business activity 15 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 18 19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 22 required to apportion business income under different 23 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 24 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 25 extent that dividends were included in base income of 26 the unitary group for the same taxable year and

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received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 1 2 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 3 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 4 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 5 6 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 7 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred. 8

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HB4738

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

10 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who 12 is subject in a foreign country or state, other 13 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 14 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 15 with respect to such interest; or

16 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 18 the taxpayer can establish, based on a 19 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 20 following:

(a) the person, during the same taxable
year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the
interest expense between the taxpayer and the
person did not have as a principal purpose the

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avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 18 19 Director from making any other adjustment 20 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 21 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 22 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 23 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 24 and such regulations provide methods and standards 25 by which the Department will utilize its authority 26 under Section 404 of this Act;

(G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 1 2 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 3 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 4 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 5 foreign person who would be a member of the same 6 unitary business group but for the fact that the 7 8 foreign person's business activity outside the United 9 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 10 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 11 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 12 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 13 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 14 from being included in the unitary business group 15 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 16 business income under different subsections of Section 17 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 18 19 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 20 group for the same taxable year and received by the 21 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 22 business group (including amounts included in gross 23 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 24 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 25 26 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom

НВ4738

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the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 1 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 2 3 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 4 5 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of 6 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term and costs" 7 "intangible expenses includes: (1)8 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the 9 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or 10 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other 11 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses 12 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring 13 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, 14 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing 15 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For 16 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" 17 includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, 18 19 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

21 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 22 incurred, directly paid, accrued, or or indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is 23 24 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 25 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, 26 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect

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to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

7 (a) the person during the same taxable
8 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
9 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
10 not a related member, and

11 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 12 intangible expense or cost between the 13 taxpayer and the person did not have as a 14 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 15 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 16 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 17 or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 18 19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 21 22 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 23 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in or 24 writing to the application or use of an alternative 25 method of apportionment under Section 304(f); 26 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the

1 Director from making any other adjustment 2 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 3 any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made 4 5 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 6 and such regulations provide methods and standards 7 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; 8

9 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after 10 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 11 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 12 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 13 14 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 15 business group but for the fact that the person is 16 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 17 included in the unitary business group because he or she 18 is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The 19 20 addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 21 22 included in base income of the unitary group for the 23 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 25 (including amounts included in gross income under 26 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code

and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 1 2 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 3 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 4 5 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 6 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or 7 Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act; 8

9 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to 10 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 11 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 12 Act;

13 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after 14 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction 15 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code 16 for the taxable year;

17 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 18 following amounts:

19 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 20 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the 21 22 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as 23 distributions under the provisions of any retirement 24 or disability plan for employees of any governmental 25 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired 26 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net

earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;

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(I) The valuation limitation amount;

(J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(K) An amount equal to all amounts included in 8 9 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 10 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from 11 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes 12 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, 13 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided 14 that, in the case of any statute of this State that 15 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations 16 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount 17 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization; 18

19 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 20 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of 21 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 22 171(a) (2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 23 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 24 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the 25 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years 26 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2),

265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue 1 2 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after 3 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after 4 5 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the 6 7 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 8

9 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in 10 such total which were paid by a corporation which 11 conducts business operations in River а Edge 12 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 13 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially 14 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment 15 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the 16 provisions of Section 250;

17 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
18 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
19 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(0) An amount equal to those dividends included in
such total that were paid by a corporation that
conducts business operations in a federally designated
Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection

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shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (0);

(P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 8 9 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 10 extent includible in gross income for federal income 11 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or 12 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 13 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 14 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 15 income, to the extent includible in gross income for 16 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 17 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 18 19 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 20 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 21 during, and immediately after World War II, including, 22 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 23 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 24 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 25 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 26 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;

provided, however, this subtraction from federal 1 2 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 3 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall 4 5 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 6 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 7 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 8 9 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any 10 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 11 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of 12 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 13 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 14 of Section 250;

(R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
deduction taken for the taxable year on the
taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including

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HB4738

the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
0.429); and

(3) for taxable years ending after December31, 2005:

8 (i) for property on which a bonus 9 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted 10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 11 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 12 0.429); and

13 (ii) for property on which a bonus 14 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted 15 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 16 1.0.

17 amount deducted The aggregate under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 18 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 19 20 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 21 22 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 23 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250: 24

(S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer

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was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through 4 5 the last day of the last tax year for which the 6 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 7 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 8 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 9 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount 10 equal to that addition modification.

11 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under 12 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one 13 piece of property.

14This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the15provisions of Section 250;

16 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 17 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 18 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 19 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 20 modification with respect to such transaction under 21 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 22 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 23 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 24 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 25 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 26 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that

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is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

7 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of 8 the deductions 9 allocable thereto) with respect to 10 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 12 fact the foreign person's business activity the 13 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 14 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 15 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 16 who would be a member of the same unitary business 17 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 18 19 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 20 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 21 22 addition modification required to be made for the same 23 taxable Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) year under for 24 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 25 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U) 26 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible 2 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 3 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 4 5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 6 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 7 8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 10 who would be a member of the same unitary business 11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 14 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 15 16 addition modification required to be made for the same 17 under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) taxable year for 18 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 20 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 21

(W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted by the decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation

of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from
 Section 250;

3 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such 4 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax 5 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back 6 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is 7 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

8 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December 9 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to 10 add back any insurance premiums under Section 11 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 12 that part of a reimbursement received from the 13 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 14 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 15 company) that would have been taken into account as a 16 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 17 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the 18 19 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back 20 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer 21 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph 22 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

23 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
24 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
25 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
26 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,

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credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

4 (d) Partnerships.

5 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base 6 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable 7 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

8 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in 9 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum 10 of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
the taxable year;

(C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

(D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
computation of taxable income;

(D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an

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amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

12 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 13 the last day of the last tax year for which the 14 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 15 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 16 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 17 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount 18 equal to that subtraction modification.

19The taxpayer is required to make the addition20modification under this subparagraph only once with21respect to any one piece of property;

(D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a

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1 member of the same unitary business group but for the 2 fact the foreign person's business activity outside 3 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 4 5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 6 who would be a member of the same unitary business 7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 8 9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 10 required to apportion business income under different 11 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 12 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 13 extent that dividends were included in base income of 14 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 15 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 16 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 17 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 18 19 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 20 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 21 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 22 incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
is subject in a foreign country or state, other

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than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

9 (a) the person, during the same taxable 10 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest 11 to a person that is not a related member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 13 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 14 person did not have as a principal purpose the 15 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 16 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 17 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 18 terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if

the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

6 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 7 any other Director from making adjustment 8 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 9 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 10 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 11 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 12 and such regulations provide methods and standards 13 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and 14

15 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 16 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 17 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 18 19 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 20 foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the 21 22 foreign person's business activity outside the United 23 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 24 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 25 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 26 the same unitary business group but for the fact that

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the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 1 2 from being included in the unitary business group 3 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 4 The addition modification required by this 5 304. 6 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 7 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 8 group for the same taxable year and received by the 9 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 10 business group (including amounts included in gross 11 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 12 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 13 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 14 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 15 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 16 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding 17 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused reduction the 18 а to addition 19 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of 20 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 21 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 22 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or 23 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, 24 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 25 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 26 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting

transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets;

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

9 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directlv or 11 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is 12 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 13 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, 14 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect 15 to such item; or

16 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 18 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 19 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 20 following:

(a) the person during the same taxable
year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
intangible expense or cost to a person that is
not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to theintangible expense or cost between the

1taxpayer and the person did not have as a2principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois3income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract4or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;5or

6 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 7 accrued, or incurred, paid, directly or 8 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 9 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 10 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 11 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in or 12 writing to the application or use of an alternative 13 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

14 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 15 Director from making any other adjustment 16 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 17 any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made 18 19 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 20 and such regulations provide methods and standards 21 by which the Department will utilize its authority 22 under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,

1 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 2 person who would be a member of the same unitary 3 business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from 4 being 5 included in the unitary business group because he or 6 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 7 income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph 8 9 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 10 included in base income of the unitary group for the 11 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 13 (including amounts included in gross income under 14 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 15 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 16 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 17 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 18 19 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that 20 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 21 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or 22 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

(D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
Act;

1 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after 2 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction 3 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code 4 for the taxable year;

5 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following 6 amounts:

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(E) The valuation limitation amount;

8 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax 9 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer 10 and included in such total for the taxable year;

11 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in 12 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 13 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this 14 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution 15 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes 16 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any 17 statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 18 19 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 20 of bond premium amortization;

21 (H) Any income of the partnership which 22 constitutes personal service income as defined in 23 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as 24 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance 25 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered 26 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;

this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

3 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income distributable to an entity subject to the Personal 4 5 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act 6 7 including amounts distributable to organizations 8 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 9 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph 10 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 12 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of 13 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 14 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 15 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 16 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the 17 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 18 19 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue 20 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal 21 22 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after 23 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income 24 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the 25 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the 26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which 2 3 conducts business operations River in а Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 4 5 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially 6 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment 7 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 8

(L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Real Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

12 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in 13 such total that were paid by a corporation that 14 conducts business operations in a federally designated 15 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 16 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 17 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 18 19 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 20 this subparagraph (M);

(N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code;

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(O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the

1 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 2 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 3 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 4 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 5 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

6 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 7 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 8 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 9 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was 10 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 11 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 12 the bonus depreciation deduction;

13 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
14 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
15 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
16 0.429); and

(3) for taxable years ending after December31, 2005:

19(i) for property on which a bonus20depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted21basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by2230 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by230.429); and

(ii) for property on which a bonus
depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by

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1.0.

2 The aggregate amount deducted under this 3 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 4 5 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 6 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 7 8 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 9

10 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or 11 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer 12 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 13 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount 14 equal to that addition modification.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 16 the last day of the last tax year for which the 17 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 18 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 19 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 20 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount 21 equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

25 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the 26 provisions of Section 250;

(Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 1 2 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 3 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 4 modification with respect to such transaction under 5 6 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 7 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 8 9 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 10 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 11 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 12 is required to make an addition modification with 13 transaction respect to such under Section 14 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 15 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 16 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt 17 from Section 250;

(R) An amount equal to the interest income taken 18 19 into account for the taxable year (net of the 20 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 21 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 23 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 24 25 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person

1 who would be a member of the same unitary business 2 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 3 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 4 5 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 6 7 addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest 8 9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 10 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from 11 Section 250;

12 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net 13 14 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 15 16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 17 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 18 19 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 20 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 21 who would be a member of the same unitary business 22 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 23 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 24 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 25 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 26

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addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

6 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December 7 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to insurance premiums under 8 add back any Section 9 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract that part of a reimbursement received from the 10 11 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 12 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 13 company) that would have been taken into account as a 14 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 15 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 16 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the 17 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back 18 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer 19 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph 20 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

21 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

(1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
(2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall

mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or 1 2 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax 3 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than 4 5 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after 6 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from 7 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable 8 9 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess 10 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications 11 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to 12 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as 13 14 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the 15 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of 16 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation), 17 is less than zero and trust, or estate addition modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph 18 19 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or 20 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for 21 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an 22 addition modification be made under must those 23 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the 24 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is 25 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or 26 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection

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(e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

6 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case 7 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life 8 9 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of distribution 10 from pre-1984 policyholder surplus 11 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the 12 Internal Revenue Code;

(B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
insurance company taxable income;

17 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
18 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
19 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 investment company taxable income;

(D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
estate investment trust taxable income;

(E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of

corporations filing a consolidated income tax return 1 2 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, 3 taxable income determined as if such corporation had filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes 4 5 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For 6 7 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be determined as if the election 8 9 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in effect for all such years; 10

11 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative 12 corporation or association, the taxable income of such 13 organization determined in accordance with the 14 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal 15 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition 16 against offsetting losses from patronage activities 17 against income from nonpatronage activities; except that a cooperative corporation or association may make 18 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment 19 20 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the 21 event such election is made, such losses shall be 22 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with 23 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and 24 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by 25 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed 26 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred.

The election shall be effective for all taxable years 1 with original returns due on or after the date of the 2 3 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act, 4 5 to provide that the election shall be effective for 6 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years 7 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made, the election may only be revoked upon approval of the 8 9 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting 10 forth requirements for documenting the elections and 11 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be 12 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke 13 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of 14 existing law;

15 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i) 16 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect 17 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such 18 19 corporation determined in accordance with Section 20 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable income shall take into account those items 21 22 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the 23 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii) 24 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect 25 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the 26 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied

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instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such corporation determined in accordance with the federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

5 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership, 6 taxable income determined in accordance with Section 7 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable 8 income shall take into account those items which are 9 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated 10 but which would be taken into account by an individual 11 in calculating his taxable income.

12 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of 13 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the 14 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or 15 business has been classified as business income and in a 16 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then 17 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years 18 19 related to that asset or business that generated the 20 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as 21 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset 22 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed 23 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the 24 25 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions 26 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for

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1 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding 2 taxable years.

(f) Valuation limitation amount.

(1) In general. The valuation limitation amount referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and(d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

(A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

(B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1, 12 13 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of 14 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such 15 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for 16 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of 17 such gain included in the amount determined under 18 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H). 19

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(2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

(A) If the fair market value of property referred
to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for

determining gain) for such property on that date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized and reportable for federal income tax purposes in respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of such property.

(B) If the fair market value of property referred 7 8 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on 9 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation 10 amount for such property is that amount which bears the 11 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the 12 property for federal income tax purposes for the 13 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in 14 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of 15 16 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding 17 period for the property.

18 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
19 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
20 purposes of this paragraph.

(g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
to be deducted more than once.

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(h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by

HB4738 - 96 - LRB100 18138 HLH 33333 b

1 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on 2 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or 3 4 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable 5 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the 6 computation of base income and net income under this Act for 7 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of August 1, 1969 or otherwise. 8

9 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.