

Sen. Linda Holmes

Filed: 5/24/2018

	10000HB5477sam001 LRB100 20183 SLF 40683 a
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 5477
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 5477 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Humane Care for Animals Act is amended by
5	adding Section 7.2 as follows:
6	(510 ILCS 70/7.2 new)
7	Sec. 7.2. Persons removing a dog or cat from a locked
8	vehicle exempt from civil liability.
9	(a) In this Section, "harm" means injury or death.
10	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this Section, a
11	person is immune from civil liability for property damage to a
12	locked vehicle when the damage results from forcible entry of
13	the vehicle to remove a dog or cat from the vehicle if the
14	person:
15	(1) determines the vehicle is locked or there is
16	otherwise no reasonable method for the dog or cat to exit

1 the vehicle;

2 (2) has a good faith belief that forcible entry into 3 the vehicle is necessary because the dog or cat is in 4 imminent danger of suffering harm if not immediately 5 removed from the vehicle, and based upon the circumstances 6 known to the person at the time, the belief is a reasonable 7 one;

8 <u>(3) has made a good faith effort to contact a 9-1-1</u> 9 <u>emergency telephone system operator, law enforcement,</u> 10 <u>animal control, or the fire department, and if contact is</u> 11 <u>not possible prior to forcibly entering the vehicle, the</u> 12 <u>person makes contact as soon as possible after forcibly</u> 13 <u>entering the vehicle;</u>

14 <u>(4) makes a good a faith effort to place a notice on</u> 15 <u>the vehicle's windshield with the person's contact</u> 16 <u>information, the reason entry was made, the location of the</u> 17 <u>dog or cat, and the fact that authorities have been</u> 18 <u>notified;</u>

19 (5) remains with the dog or cat in a safe location 20 until the owner arrives, at which time the owner shall take 21 immediate custody of the dog or cat. If the owner does not 22 arrive before a law enforcement officer, emergency 23 responder, or animal control officer, the person shall 24 surrender the dog or cat to the law enforcement officer, 25 emergency responder, or animal control officer who shall 26 seek veterinary care if he or she deems necessary. If

10000HB5477sam001 -3- LRB100 20183 SLF 40683 a

1	veterinary care is not deemed necessary, the law
2	enforcement officer, emergency responder, or animal
3	control officer shall attempt to locate the owner and if
4	located, shall surrender the dog or cat to the owner. If
5	the law enforcement officer, emergency responder, or
6	animal control officer cannot locate the owner, animal
7	control shall take custody of the dog or cat under Section
8	9 of the Animal Control Act and notice shall be placed on
9	the vehicle's windshield with information of where the dog
10	or cat is located;
11	(6) uses no more force than necessary to enter the
12	vehicle to remove the dog or cat; and
13	(7) provides the person's name, address, telephone
14	number, and any other pertinent contact information to the
15	law enforcement officer, emergency responder, or animal
16	control officer.
17	(c) A person shall not be immune from civil liability for
18	any damage or deprivation of property resulting from the
19	forcible entry of a vehicle for the purpose of removing a dog
20	or cat from the vehicle if the person's actions constitute
21	recklessness or willful or wanton misconduct with regard to the
22	entry of the vehicle.

23 Section 10. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by 24 changing Sections 21-1 and 21-2 as follows: 10000HB5477sam001

-4- LRB100 20183 SLF 40683 a

1 (720 ILCS 5/21-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 21-1) 2 Sec. 21-1. Criminal damage to property. 3 (a) A person commits criminal damage to property when he or 4 she: 5 (1) knowingly damages any property of another; (2) recklessly by means of fire or explosive damages 6 7 property of another; 8 (3) knowingly starts a fire on the land of another; 9 (4) knowingly injures a domestic animal of another 10 without his or her consent; 11 (5) knowingly deposits on the land or in the building of another any stink bomb or any offensive smelling 12 13 compound and thereby intends to interfere with the use by 14 another of the land or building; 15 (6) knowingly damages any property, other than as described in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 16 20-1, with intent to defraud an insurer; 17 (7) knowingly shoots a firearm at any portion of a 18 railroad train; 19 20 (8) knowingly, without proper authorization, cuts, 21 injures, damages, defaces, destroys, or tampers with any 22 fire hydrant or any public or private fire fighting 23 equipment, or any apparatus appertaining to fire fighting 24 equipment; or 25 (9) intentionally, without proper authorization, opens

26 any fire hydrant.

10000HB5477sam001 -5- LRB100 20183 SLF 40683 a

1 (b) When the charge of criminal damage to property 2 exceeding a specified value is brought, the extent of the 3 damage is an element of the offense to be resolved by the trier 4 of fact as either exceeding or not exceeding the specified 5 value.

6 (c) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of 7 paragraph (1), (3), or (5) of subsection (a) of this Section 8 that the owner of the property or land damaged consented to the 9 damage.

10 <u>(c-5) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of</u> 11 paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this Section when the damage 12 <u>to a locked vehicle results from forcible entry to remove a dog</u> 13 <u>or cat from the vehicle if the person:</u>

14 <u>(1) determines the vehicle is locked or there is</u> 15 <u>otherwise no reasonable method for the dog or cat to exit</u> 16 <u>the vehicle;</u>

17 (2) has a good faith belief that forcible entry into 18 the vehicle is necessary because a dog or cat is in 19 imminent danger of suffering harm if not immediately 20 removed from the vehicle, and based upon the circumstances 21 known to the person at the time, the belief is a reasonable 22 one;

(3) has made a good faith effort to contact a 9-1-1
 emergency telephone system operator, law enforcement,
 animal control, or the fire department, and if contact is
 not possible prior to forcibly entering the vehicle, the

person makes contact as soon as possible after forcibly 1 2 entering the vehicle; 3 (4) makes a good a faith effort to place a notice on the vehicle's windshield with the person's contact 4 information, the reason entry was made, the location of the 5 dog or cat, and the fact that authorities have been 6 7 notified; 8 (5) remains with the dog or cat in a safe location 9 until the owner arrives, at which time the owner shall take 10 immediate custody of the dog or cat. If the owner does not arrive before a law enforcement officer, emergency 11 12 responder, or animal control officer, the person shall surrender the dog or cat to the law enforcement officer, 13 14 emergency responder, or animal control officer who shall 15 seek veterinary care if he or she deems necessary. If veterinary care is not deemed necessary, the law 16 enforcement officer, emergency responder, or animal 17 control officer shall attempt to locate the owner and if 18 19 located, shall surrender the dog or cat to the owner. If 20 the law enforcement officer, emergency responder, or 21 animal control officer cannot locate the owner, animal 22 control shall take custody of the dog or cat under Section 9 of the Animal Control Act and notice shall be placed on 23 24 the vehicle's windshield with information of where the dog 25 or cat is located; 26 (6) uses no more force than necessary to enter the

1	vehicle to remove the dog or cat; and
2	(7) provides the person's name, address, telephone
3	number, and any other pertinent contact information to the
4	law enforcement officer, emergency responder, or animal
5	<u>control officer.</u>
6	(d) Sentence.
7	(1) A violation of subsection (a) shall have the
8	following penalties:
9	(A) A violation of paragraph (8) or (9) is a Class
10	B misdemeanor.
11	(B) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (5), or
12	(6) is a Class A misdemeanor when the damage to
13	property does not exceed \$500.
14	(C) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (5), or
15	(6) is a Class 4 felony when the damage to property
16	does not exceed \$500 and the damage occurs to property
17	of a school or place of worship or to farm equipment or
18	immovable items of agricultural production, including
19	but not limited to grain elevators, grain bins, and
20	barns or property which memorializes or honors an
21	individual or group of police officers, fire fighters,
22	members of the United States Armed Forces, National
23	Guard, or veterans.
24	(D) A violation of paragraph (4) is a Class 4
25	felony when the damage to property does not exceed

\$10,000.

(E) A violation of paragraph (7) is a Class 4
 felony.

3 (F) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (5) or
4 (6) is a Class 4 felony when the damage to property
5 exceeds \$500 but does not exceed \$10,000.

(G) A violation of paragraphs (1) through (6) is a 6 7 Class 3 felony when the damage to property exceeds \$500 8 but does not exceed \$10,000 and the damage occurs to 9 property of a school or place of worship or to farm 10 immovable items of agricultural equipment or 11 production, including but not limited to grain elevators, grain bins, and barns or property which 12 13 memorializes or honors an individual or group of police 14 officers, fire fighters, members of the United States 15 Armed Forces, National Guard, or veterans.

16 (H) A violation of paragraphs (1) through (6) is a
17 Class 3 felony when the damage to property exceeds
18 \$10,000 but does not exceed \$100,000.

19 (I) A violation of paragraphs (1) through (6) is a 20 Class 2 felony when the damage to property exceeds 21 \$10,000 but does not exceed \$100,000 and the damage 22 occurs to property of a school or place of worship or 23 to farm equipment or immovable items of agricultural 24 production, including but not limited to grain 25 elevators, grain bins, and barns or property which 26 memorializes or honors an individual or group of police

officers, fire fighters, members of the United States
 Armed Forces, National Guard, or veterans.

3 (J) A violation of paragraphs (1) through (6) is a Class 2 felony when the damage to property exceeds 4 5 \$100,000. A violation of paragraphs (1) through (6) is a Class 1 felony when the damage to property exceeds 6 7 \$100,000 and the damage occurs to property of a school 8 or place of worship or to farm equipment or immovable 9 items of agricultural production, including but not 10 limited to grain elevators, grain bins, and barns or 11 property which memorializes or honors an individual or 12 group of police officers, fire fighters, members of the 13 United States Armed Forces, National Guard, or 14 veterans.

(2) When the damage to property exceeds \$10,000, the
court shall impose upon the offender a fine equal to the
value of the damages to the property.

(3) In addition to any other sentence that may be 18 19 imposed, a court shall order any person convicted of 20 criminal damage to property to perform community service 21 for not less than 30 and not more than 120 hours, if 22 community service is available in the jurisdiction and is 23 funded and approved by the county board of the county where 24 the offense was committed. In addition, whenever any person 25 is placed on supervision for an alleged offense under this 26 Section, the supervision shall be conditioned upon the

1 performance of the community service. The community service requirement does not apply when 2 the court imposes a sentence of incarceration. 3 4 (4) In addition to any criminal penalties imposed for a 5 violation of this Section, if a person is convicted of or placed on supervision for knowingly damaging or destroying 6 crops of another, including crops intended for personal, 7 commercial, research, or developmental purposes, the 8 9 person is liable in a civil action to the owner of any 10 crops damaged or destroyed for money damages up to twice 11 the market value of the crops damaged or destroyed. (5) For the purposes of this subsection (d), "farm 12 13 equipment" means machinery or other equipment used in 14 farming. 15 (Source: P.A. 98-315, eff. 1-1-14; 99-631, eff. 1-1-17.) (720 ILCS 5/21-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 21-2) 16 17 Sec. 21-2. Criminal trespass to vehicles. (a) A person commits criminal trespass to vehicles when he 18 19 or she knowingly and without authority enters any part of or operates any vehicle, aircraft, watercraft, or snowmobile. 20 21 (a-5) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of this 22 Section when entry to a locked vehicle is for removal of a dog 23 or cat from the vehicle if the person: 24 (1) determines the vehicle is locked or there is 25 otherwise no reasonable method for the dog or cat to exit

1 the vehicle;

2 (2) has a good faith belief that forcible entry into
3 the vehicle is necessary because a dog or cat is in
4 imminent danger of suffering harm if not immediately
5 removed from the vehicle, and based upon the circumstances
6 known to the person at the time, the belief is a reasonable
7 one;

8 <u>(3) has made a good faith effort to contact a 9-1-1</u> 9 <u>emergency telephone system operator, law enforcement,</u> 10 <u>animal control, or the fire department, and if contact is</u> 11 <u>not possible prior to forcibly entering the vehicle, the</u> 12 <u>person makes contact as soon as possible after forcibly</u> 13 <u>entering the vehicle;</u>

14 <u>(4) makes a good a faith effort to place a notice on</u> 15 <u>the vehicle's windshield with the person's contact</u> 16 <u>information, the reason entry was made, the location of the</u> 17 <u>dog or cat, and the fact that authorities have been</u> 18 <u>notified;</u>

19 (5) remains with the dog or cat in a safe location 20 until the owner arrives, at which time the owner shall take 21 immediate custody of the dog or cat. If the owner does not 22 arrive before a law enforcement officer, emergency 23 responder, or animal control officer, the person shall 24 surrender the dog or cat to the law enforcement officer, 25 emergency responder, or animal control officer who shall 26 seek veterinary care if he or she deems necessary. If

10000HB5477sam001 -12- LRB100 20183 SLF 40683 a

1	veterinary care is not deemed necessary, the law
2	enforcement officer, emergency responder, or animal
3	control officer shall attempt to locate the owner and if
4	located, shall surrender the dog or cat to the owner. If
5	the law enforcement officer, emergency responder, or
6	animal control officer cannot locate the owner, animal
7	control shall take custody of the dog or cat under Section
8	9 of the Animal Control Act and notice shall be placed on
9	the vehicle's windshield with information of where the dog
10	or cat is located;
11	(6) uses no more force than necessary to enter the
12	vehicle to remove the dog or cat; and
13	(7) provides the person's name, address, telephone
14	number, and any other pertinent contact information to the
15	law enforcement officer, emergency responder, or animal
16	<u>control officer.</u>
17	(b) Sentence. Criminal trespass to vehicles is a Class A
18	misdemeanor.
19	(Source: P.A. 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13.)
20	Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

21 becoming law.".