100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

HB5895

by Rep. Fred Crespo

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 ILCS 5/14-6.01

from Ch. 122, par. 14-6.01

Amends the Children with Disabilities Article of the School Code. Provides that for the Chicago school district only and within one month of the beginning of the 2018-2019 school year, a school board shall develop and distribute to each parent or guardian of a student attending the schools of the school district a one-page summation of the rights of each parent or guardian of a child with an individualized education program. Requires the State Board of Education to approve the content of the summation before distribution by the school board. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT HB5895

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AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section
14-6.01 as follows:

6 (105 ILCS 5/14-6.01) (from Ch. 122, par. 14-6.01)

7 Sec. 14-6.01. Powers and duties of school boards. School boards of one or more school districts establishing and 8 9 maintaining any of the educational facilities described in this 10 Article shall, in connection therewith, exercise similar 11 powers and duties as are prescribed by law for the 12 establishment, maintenance and management of other recognized educational facilities. Such school boards shall include only 13 14 eligible children in the program and shall comply with all the requirements of this Article and all rules and regulations 15 established by the State Board of Education. Such school boards 16 with 17 accept in part-time attendance children shall disabilities of the types described in Sections 14-1.02 through 18 19 14-1.07 who are enrolled in nonpublic schools. A request for 20 part-time attendance must be submitted by a parent or guardian 21 of the child with a disability and may be made only to those 22 public schools located in the district where the child attending the nonpublic school resides; however, nothing in 23

this Section shall be construed as prohibiting an agreement 1 2 between the district where the child resides and another public 3 school district to provide special educational services if such an arrangement is deemed more convenient and economical. 4 5 Special education and related services must be provided in accordance with the student's IEP no later than 10 school 6 attendance days after notice is provided to the parents 7 pursuant to Section 300.503 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal 8 9 Regulations and implementing rules adopted by the State Board 10 of Education. Transportation for students in part time 11 attendance shall be provided only if required in the child's 12 individualized educational program on the basis of the child's 13 disabling condition or as the special education program 14 location may require.

A school board shall publish a public notice in its 15 16 newsletter of general circulation or in the newsletter of 17 another governmental entity of general circulation in the district or if neither is available in the district, then in a 18 newspaper of general circulation in the district, the right of 19 20 all children with disabilities to a free appropriate public education as provided under this Code. Such notice shall 21 22 identify the location and phone number of the office or agent 23 of the school district to whom inquiries should be directed regarding the identification, assessment and placement of such 24 25 children.

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School boards shall immediately provide upon request by any

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person written materials and other information that indicates 1 2 the specific policies, procedures, rules and regulations identification, evaluation or 3 the educational regarding placement of children with disabilities under Section 14-8.02 4 5 of the School Code. Such information shall include information regarding all rights and entitlements of such children under 6 7 this Code, and of the opportunity to present complaints with 8 respect to any matter relating to educational placement of the 9 student, or the provision of a free appropriate public 10 education and to have an impartial due process hearing on the 11 complaint. The notice shall inform the parents or guardian in 12 the parents' or guardian's native language, unless it is 13 clearly not feasible to do so, of their rights and all procedures available pursuant to this Act and federal Public 14 15 Law 94-142; it shall be the responsibility of the State 16 Superintendent to develop uniform notices setting forth the procedures available under this Act and federal Public Law 17 94-142, as amended, to be used by all school boards. The notice 18 19 shall also inform the parents or guardian of the availability 20 upon request of a list of free or low-cost legal and other 21 relevant services available locally to assist parents or 22 quardians in exercising rights or entitlements under this Code. 23

For a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code only and within one month of the beginning of the 25 <u>2018-2019</u> school year, a school board shall develop and distribute to each parent or guardian of a student attending

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the schools of the school district a one-page summation of the rights of each parent or guardian of a child with an individualized education program. The State Board of Education must approve the content of the summation before distribution by the school board.

Any parent or guardian who is deaf, or does not normally communicate using spoken English, who participates in a meeting with a representative of a local educational agency for the purposes of developing an individualized educational program shall be entitled to the services of an interpreter.

11 No student with a disability or, in a school district 12 organized under Article 34 of this Code, child with a learning 13 disability may be denied promotion, graduation or a general diploma on the basis of failing a minimal competency test when 14 15 such failure can be directly related to the disabling condition 16 of the student. For the purpose of this Act, "minimal 17 competency testing" is defined as tests which are constructed to measure the acquisition of skills to or beyond a certain 18 defined standard. 19

Effective July 1, 1966, high school districts are financially responsible for the education of pupils with disabilities who are residents in their districts when such pupils have reached age 15 but may admit children with disabilities into special educational facilities without regard to graduation from the eighth grade after such pupils have reached the age of 14 1/2 years. Upon a pupil with a - 5 - LRB100 22237 AXK 40874 b

disability attaining the age of 14 1/2 years, it shall be the 1 2 duty of the elementary school district in which the pupil resides to notify the high school district in which the pupil 3 resides of the pupil's current eligibility for special 4 5 education services, of the pupil's current program, and of all 6 evaluation data upon which the current program is based. After 7 an examination of that information the high school district may 8 accept the current placement and all subsequent timelines shall 9 be governed by the current individualized educational program; 10 or the high school district may elect to conduct its own 11 evaluation and multidisciplinary staff conference and 12 formulate its own individualized educational program, in which 13 case the procedures and timelines contained in Section 14-8.02 14 shall apply.

15 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-592, eff. 7-22-16; 16 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect uponbecoming law.

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