

Sen. Don Harmon

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10000SB0265sam001 LRB100 05186 RJF 24642 a 1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 265 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 265 by replacing 2 everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Illinois Notary Public Act is amended by 4 changing Sections 3-101, 3-103, 6-103, and 6-104 as follows: 5 6 (5 ILCS 312/3-101) (from Ch. 102, par. 203-101) 7 Sec. 3-101. Official Seal and Signature. 8 (a) Each notary public shall, upon receiving the commission from the county clerk, obtain an official rubber stamp seal with which the notary shall authenticate his official acts. The 10 rubber stamp seal shall contain the following information: 11 12 (1) the words "Official Seal"; (2) the notary's official name; 13 (3) the words "Notary Public", "State of Illinois", and 14 15 "My commission expires (commission expiration date)"; and 16

- 1 (4) a serrated or milled edge border in a rectangular form not more than one inch in height by two and one-half 2 3 inches in length surrounding the information.
- 4 (b) (Blank). At the time of the notarial act, a notary 5 public shall officially sign every notary certificate and affix the rubber stamp seal clearly and legibly using black ink, so 6 that it is capable of photographic reproduction. The 7 illegibility of any of the information required by this Section 8 9 does not affect the validity of a transaction.
- 10 This subsection does not apply on or after July 1, 2013. (Source: P.A. 95-988, eff. 6-1-09.) 11
- 12 (5 ILCS 312/3-103) (from Ch. 102, par. 203-103)
- Sec. 3-103. Notice. 13
- 14 (a) Every notary public who is not an attorney or an 15 accredited immigration representative who advertises the services of a notary public in a language other than English, 16 whether by radio, television, signs, pamphlets, newspapers, 17 electronic communications, or other written communication, 18 19 with the exception of a single desk plaque, shall include in the document, advertisement, stationery, letterhead, business 20 21 card, or other comparable written or electronic material the 22 following: notice in English and the language in which the written or electronic communication appears. This notice shall 23 24 be of a conspicuous size, if in writing or electronic 25 communication, and shall state: "I AM NOT AN ATTORNEY LICENSED

- 1 TO PRACTICE LAW IN ILLINOIS AND MAY NOT GIVE LEGAL ADVICE OR
- ACCEPT FEES FOR LEGAL ADVICE". If such advertisement is by 2
- radio or television, the statement may be modified but must 3
- 4 include substantially the same message.
- 5 A notary public shall not, in any document, advertisement,
- letterhead, business 6 stationerv. card. electronic
- 7 communication, or other comparable written material describing
- the role of the notary public, literally translate from English 8
- 9 into another language terms or titles including, but not
- 10 limited to, notary public, notary, licensed, attorney, lawyer,
- 11 or any other term that implies the person is an attorney. To
- illustrate, the word "notario" is prohibited under this 12
- 13 provision.
- 14 Failure to follow the procedures in this Section shall
- 15 result in a fine of \$1,000 for each written violation. The
- 16 second violation shall result in suspension of notary
- authorization. The third violation shall result in permanent 17
- 18 revocation of the commission of notary public. Violations shall
- 19 not preempt or preclude additional appropriate civil or
- 20 criminal penalties.
- (b) All notaries public required to comply with the 2.1
- provisions of subsection (a) shall prominently post at their 22
- 23 place of business as recorded with the Secretary of State
- pursuant to Section 2-102 of this Act a schedule of fees 24
- 25 established by law which a notary public may charge. The fee
- 26 schedule shall be written in English and in the non-English

- 1 language in which notary services were solicited and shall
- contain the disavowal of legal representation required above in 2
- subsection (a), unless such notice of disavowal is already 3
- 4 prominently posted.
- 5 (c) No notary public, agency or any other person who is not
- an attorney shall represent, hold themselves out or advertise 6
- 7 that they are experts on immigration matters or provide any
- 8 other assistance that requires legal analysis, legal judgment,
- 9 or interpretation of the law unless they are a designated
- 10 entity as defined pursuant to Section 245a.1 of Part 245a of
- 11 the Code of Federal Regulations (8 CFR 245a.1) or an entity
- accredited by the Board of Immigration Appeals. 12
- 13 (d) Any person who aids, abets or otherwise induces another
- 14 person to give false information concerning immigration status
- 15 shall be quilty of a Class A misdemeanor for a first offense
- 16 and a Class 3 felony for a second or subsequent offense
- committed within 5 years of a previous conviction for the same 17
- 18 offense.
- Any notary public who violates the provisions of this 19
- 20 Section shall be guilty of official misconduct and subject to
- fine or imprisonment. 2.1
- Nothing in this Section shall preclude any consumer of 22
- 23 notary public services from pursuing other civil remedies
- 24 available under the law.
- 25 (e) No notary public who is not an attorney or an
- 26 accredited representative shall accept payment in exchange for

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- 1 providing legal advice or any other assistance that requires legal analysis, legal judgment, or interpretation of the law. 2
 - (f) Violation of subsection (e) is a business offense punishable by a fine of 3 times the amount received for services, or \$1,001 minimum, and restitution of the amount paid to the consumer. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to preempt nor preclude additional appropriate civil remedies or criminal charges available under law.
 - (q) If a notary public of this State is convicted of 2 or more business offenses involving a violation of this Act within a 12-month period while commissioned, or of 3 or more business offenses involving a violation of this Act within a 5-year period regardless of being commissioned, the Secretary shall automatically revoke the notary public commission of that person on the date that the person's most recent business offense conviction is entered as a final judgment.
- (Source: P.A. 93-1001, eff. 8-23-04.) 17
- (5 ILCS 312/6-103) (from Ch. 102, par. 206-103) 18
- 19 Sec. 6-103. Certificate of Notarial Acts.
- (a) A notarial act must be evidenced by a certificate 2.0 signed and dated by the notary public. The certificate must 21 include identification of the jurisdiction in which the 22 notarial act is performed and the official seal of office. 23
- 24 (b) A certificate of a notarial act is sufficient if it 25 meets the requirements of subsection (a) and it:

- (1) is in the short form set forth in Section 6-105; 1
- (2) is in a form otherwise prescribed by the law of this State; or 3
- 4 (3) sets forth the actions of the notary public and 5 those are sufficient to meet the requirements of the designated notarial act. 6
- 7 (c) At the time of a notarial act, a notary public shall 8 officially sign every notary certificate and affix the rubber 9 stamp seal clearly and legibly using black ink, so that it is 10 capable of photographic reproduction. The illegibility of any 11 of the information required under this Section does not affect the validity of a transaction. 12
- 13 (Source: P.A. 84-322.)
- 14 (5 ILCS 312/6-104) (from Ch. 102, par. 206-104)
- 15 Sec. 6-104. Acts Prohibited.
- (a) A notary public shall not use any name or initial in 16 17 signing certificates other than that by which the notary was commissioned. 18
- 19 (b) A notary public shall not acknowledge any instrument in which the notary's name appears as a party to the transaction. 20
- 21 (c) A notary public shall not affix his signature to a 22 blank form of affidavit or certificate of acknowledgment and deliver that form to another person with intent that it be used 23 24 as an affidavit or acknowledgment.
- 25 (d) A notary public shall not take the acknowledgment of or

- 1 administer an oath to any person whom the notary actually knows
- to have been adjudged mentally ill by a court of competent 2
- jurisdiction and who has not been restored to mental health as 3
- 4 a matter of record.
- 5 (e) A notary public shall not take the acknowledgment of
- any person who is blind until the notary has read the 6
- 7 instrument to such person.
- 8 (f) A notary public shall not take the acknowledgment of
- 9 any person who does not speak or understand the English
- 10 language, unless the nature and effect of the instrument to be
- 11 notarized is translated into a language which the person does
- understand. 12
- 13 (g) A notary public shall not change anything in a written
- 14 instrument after it has been signed by anyone.
- 15 (h) No notary public shall be authorized to prepare any
- 16 legal instrument, or fill in the blanks of an instrument, other
- than a notary certificate; however, this prohibition shall not 17
- prohibit an attorney, who is also a notary public, from 18
- 19 performing notarial acts for any document prepared by that
- 20 attorney.
- (i) If a notary public accepts or receives any money from 2.1
- 22 any one to whom an oath has been administered or on behalf of
- 23 whom an acknowledgment has been taken for the purpose of
- 24 transmitting or forwarding such money to another and willfully
- 25 fails to transmit or forward such money promptly, the notary is
- 26 personally liable for any loss sustained because of such

- failure. The person or persons damaged by such failure may 1
- bring an action to recover damages, together with interest and 2
- reasonable attorney fees, against such notary public or his 3
- bondsmen. 4
- (Source: P.A. 85-421.)". 5