

Rep. Michelle Mussman

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Filed: 10/26/2017

10000SB0851ham001

LRB100 05418 HLH 30264 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 851

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 851 by replacing

3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing

Sections 15-170, 15-175, 18-185, 18-205, 18-213, and 18-214 and

6 by adding Sections 18-213.1 and 18-242 as follows:

7 (35 ILCS 200/15-170)

Sec. 15-170. Senior citizens homestead exemption. An annual homestead exemption limited, except as described here with relation to cooperatives or life care facilities, to a maximum reduction set forth below from the property's value, as equalized or assessed by the Department, is granted for property that is occupied as a residence by a person 65 years of age or older who is liable for paying real estate taxes on the property and is an owner of record of the property or has a legal or equitable interest therein as evidenced by a written

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instrument, except for a leasehold interest, other than a leasehold interest of land on which a single family residence is located, which is occupied as a residence by a person 65 years or older who has an ownership interest therein, legal, equitable or as a lessee, and on which he or she is liable for the payment of property taxes. Before taxable year 2004, the maximum reduction shall be \$2,500 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$2,000 in all other counties. For taxable years 2004 through 2005, the maximum reduction shall be \$3,000 in all counties. For taxable years 2006 and 2007, the maximum reduction shall be \$3,500. For taxable years 2008 through 2011, the maximum reduction is \$4,000 in all counties. For taxable year 2012, the maximum reduction is \$5,000 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$4,000 in all other counties. For taxable years 2013 through 2016, the maximum reduction is \$5,000 in all counties. For taxable year years 2017 and thereafter, the maximum reduction is \$8,000 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$5,000 in all other counties. For taxable years 2018 and thereafter, the maximum reduction is \$8,000 in all counties.

For land improved with an apartment building owned and operated as a cooperative, the maximum reduction from the value of the property, as equalized by the Department, shall be multiplied by the number of apartments or units occupied by a person 65 years of age or older who is liable, by contract with the owner or owners of record, for paying property taxes on the

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property and is an owner of record of a legal or equitable interest in the cooperative apartment building, other than a leasehold interest. For land improved with a life care facility, the maximum reduction from the value of the property, as equalized by the Department, shall be multiplied by the number of apartments or units occupied by persons 65 years of age or older, irrespective of any legal, equitable, or leasehold interest in the facility, who are liable, under a contract with the owner or owners of record of the facility, for paying property taxes on the property. In a cooperative or a life care facility where a homestead exemption has been granted, the cooperative association or the management firm of the cooperative or facility shall credit the savings resulting from that exemption only to the apportioned tax liability of the owner or resident who qualified for the exemption. Any person who willfully refuses to so credit the savings shall be quilty of a Class B misdemeanor. Under this Section and Sections 15-175, 15-176, and 15-177, "life care facility" means a facility, as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities Act, with which the applicant for the homestead exemption has a life care contract as defined in that Act.

When a homestead exemption has been granted under this Section and the person qualifying subsequently becomes a resident of a facility licensed under the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community

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1 Care Act, or the MC/DD Act, the exemption shall continue so 2 long as the residence continues to be occupied by the 3 qualifying person's spouse if the spouse is 65 years of age or 4 older, or if the residence remains unoccupied but is still 5 owned by the person qualified for the homestead exemption.

A person who will be 65 years of age during the current assessment year shall be eligible to apply for the homestead exemption during that assessment year. Application shall be made during the application period in effect for the county of his residence.

Beginning with assessment year 2003, for taxes payable in 2004, property that is first occupied as a residence after January 1 of any assessment year by a person who is eligible for the senior citizens homestead exemption under this Section must be granted a pro-rata exemption for the assessment year. The amount of the pro-rata exemption is the exemption allowed in the county under this Section divided by 365 and multiplied by the number of days during the assessment year the property is occupied as a residence by a person eligible for the exemption under this Section. The chief county assessment officer must adopt reasonable procedures to establish eligibility for this pro-rata exemption.

assessor or chief county assessment officer may determine the eliqibility of a life care facility to receive benefits provided by this Section, by affidavit, application, visual inspection, questionnaire or

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reasonable methods in order to insure that the tax savings resulting from the exemption are credited by the management firm to the apportioned tax liability of each qualifying resident. The assessor may request reasonable proof that the management firm has so credited the exemption.

The chief county assessment officer of each county with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants shall provide to each person allowed a homestead exemption under this Section a form to designate any other person to receive a duplicate of any notice of delinquency in the payment of taxes assessed and levied under this Code on the property of the person receiving the exemption. The duplicate notice shall be in addition to the notice required to be provided to the person receiving the exemption, and shall be given in the manner required by this Code. The person filing the request for the duplicate notice shall pay a fee of \$5 to cover administrative costs to the supervisor of assessments, who shall then file the executed designation with the county collector. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary, the filing of such an executed designation requires the county collector to provide duplicate notices as indicated by the designation. A designation may be rescinded by the person who executed such designation at any time, in the manner and form required by the chief county assessment officer.

The assessor or chief county assessment officer may determine the eligibility of residential property to receive

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1 homestead exemption provided by this Section application, visual inspection, questionnaire or reasonable methods. The determination shall be made 3

accordance with guidelines established by the Department.

In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, beginning in taxable year 2010, each taxpayer who has been granted an exemption under this Section must reapply on an annual basis. The chief county assessment officer shall mail the application to the taxpayer. In counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the county board may by resolution provide that if a person has been granted a homestead exemption under this Section, the person qualifying need not reapply for the exemption.

In counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if the assessor or chief county assessment officer requires annual application for verification of eligibility for an exemption once granted under this Section, the application shall be mailed to the taxpayer.

The assessor or chief county assessment officer shall notify each person who qualifies for an exemption under this Section that the person may also qualify for deferral of real estate taxes under the Senior Citizens Real Estate Tax Deferral Act. The notice shall set forth the qualifications needed for deferral of real estate taxes, the address and telephone number of county collector, and a statement that applications for deferral of real estate taxes may be obtained from the county

- 1 collector.
- Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates Act,
- 3 no reimbursement by the State is required for the
- 4 implementation of any mandate created by this Section.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 99-180, eff. 7-29-15; 100-401, eff. 8-25-17.)
- 6 (35 ILCS 200/15-175)
- 7 Sec. 15-175. General homestead exemption.
- 8 (a) Except as provided in Sections 15-176 and 15-177,
- 9 homestead property is entitled to an annual homestead exemption
- 10 limited, except as described here with relation to
- 11 cooperatives, to a reduction in the equalized assessed value of
- 12 homestead property equal to the increase in equalized assessed
- 13 value for the current assessment year above the equalized
- 14 assessed value of the property for 1977, up to the maximum
- 15 reduction set forth below. If however, the 1977 equalized
- 16 assessed value upon which taxes were paid is subsequently
- 17 determined by local assessing officials, the Property Tax
- 18 Appeal Board, or a court to have been excessive, the equalized
- 19 assessed value which should have been placed on the property
- 20 for 1977 shall be used to determine the amount of the
- 21 exemption.
- 22 (b) Except as provided in Section 15-176, the maximum
- reduction before taxable year 2004 shall be \$4,500 in counties
- 24 with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$3,500 in all other
- counties. Except as provided in Sections 15-176 and 15-177, for

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taxable years 2004 through 2007, the maximum reduction shall be \$5,000, for taxable year 2008, the maximum reduction is \$5,500, and, for taxable years 2009 through 2011, the maximum reduction is \$6,000 in all counties. For taxable years 2012 through 2016, the maximum reduction is \$7,000 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$6,000 in all other counties. For taxable year years 2017 and thereafter, the maximum reduction is \$10,000 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$6,000 in all other counties. For taxable years 2018 and thereafter, the maximum reduction is \$10,000 in all counties. If a county has elected to subject itself to the provisions of Section 15-176 as provided in subsection (k) of that Section, then, for the first taxable year only after the provisions of Section 15-176 no longer apply, for owners who, for the taxable year, have not been granted a senior citizens assessment freeze homestead exemption under Section 15-172 or a long-time occupant homestead exemption under Section 15-177, there shall be an additional exemption of \$5,000 for owners with a household income of \$30,000 or less.

(c) In counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if, based on the most recent assessment, the equalized assessed value of the homestead property for the current assessment year is greater than the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, the owner of the property shall automatically receive the exemption granted under this Section in an amount equal to the increase over the 1977 assessment up to the maximum

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reduction set forth in this Section.

- (d) If in any assessment year beginning with the 2000 assessment year, homestead property has a pro-rata valuation under Section 9-180 resulting in an increase in the assessed valuation, a reduction in equalized assessed valuation equal to the increase in equalized assessed value of the property for the year of the pro-rata valuation above the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977 shall be applied to the property on a proportionate basis for the period the property qualified as homestead property during the assessment year. The maximum proportionate homestead exemption shall not exceed the maximum homestead exemption allowed in the county under this Section divided by 365 and multiplied by the number of days the property qualified as homestead property.
- (d-1) In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, where the chief county assessment officer provides a notice of discovery, if a property is not occupied by its owner as a principal residence as of January 1 of the current tax year, then the property owner shall notify the chief county assessment officer of that fact on a form prescribed by the chief county assessment officer. That notice must be received by the chief county assessment officer on or before March 1 of the collection year. If mailed, the form shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested. If the form is provided in person, the chief county assessment officer shall provide a date stamped copy of the notice. Failure to provide

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timely notice pursuant to this subsection (d-1) shall result in the exemption being treated as an erroneous exemption. Upon timely receipt of the notice for the current tax year, no exemption shall be applied to the property for the current tax year. If the exemption is not removed upon timely receipt of the notice by the chief assessment officer, then the error is considered granted as a result of a clerical error or omission on the part of the chief county assessment officer as described in subsection (h) of Section 9-275, and the property owner shall not be liable for the payment of interest and penalties due to the erroneous exemption for the current tax year for which the notice was filed after the date that notice was timely received pursuant to this subsection. Notice provided under this subsection shall not constitute a defense or amnesty for prior year erroneous exemptions.

For the purposes of this subsection (d-1):

"Collection year" means the year in which the first and second installment of the current tax year is billed.

"Current tax year" means the year prior to the collection year.

- The chief county assessment officer may, considering whether to grant a leasehold exemption under this Section, require the following conditions to be met:
- 24 (1) that a notarized application for the exemption, 25 signed by both the owner and the lessee of the property, 26 must be submitted each year during the application period

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in effect for the county in which the property is located;

- (2) that a copy of the lease must be filed with the chief county assessment officer by the owner of property at the time the notarized application is submitted;
- (3) that the lease must expressly state that the lessee is liable for the payment of property taxes; and
- (4) that the lease must include the following language in substantially the following form:

"Lessee shall be liable for the payment of real estate taxes with respect to the residence in accordance with the terms and conditions of Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/15-175). The permanent real estate index number for the premises is (insert number), and, according to the most recent property tax bill, the current amount of real estate taxes associated with the premises is (insert amount) per year. The parties agree that the monthly rent set forth above shall be increased or decreased pro rata (effective January 1 of each calendar year) to reflect any increase or decrease in real estate taxes. Lessee shall be deemed to be satisfying Lessee's liability for the above mentioned real estate taxes with the monthly rent payments as set forth above (or increased or decreased as set forth herein).".

In addition, if there is a change in lessee, or if the

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1 lessee vacates the property, then the chief county assessment

officer may require the owner of the property to notify the 2

3 chief county assessment officer of that change.

4 This subsection (e) does not apply to leasehold interests

5 in property owned by a municipality.

> "Homestead property" under this Section includes residential property that is occupied by its owner or owners as his or their principal dwelling place, or that is a leasehold interest on which a single family residence is situated, which is occupied as a residence by a person who has an ownership interest therein, legal or equitable or as a lessee, and on which the person is liable for the payment of property taxes. For land improved with an apartment building owned and operated as a cooperative or a building which is a life care facility as defined in Section 15-170 and considered to be a cooperative under Section 15-170, the maximum reduction from the equalized assessed value shall be limited to the increase in the value above the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, up to the maximum reduction set forth above, multiplied by the number of apartments or units occupied by a person or persons who is liable, by contract with the owner or owners of record, for paying property taxes on the property and is an owner of record of a legal or equitable interest in the cooperative apartment building, other than a leasehold interest. For purposes of this Section, the term "life care facility" has the meaning stated in Section 15-170.

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1 "Household", as used in this Section, means the owner, the spouse of the owner, and all persons using the residence of the 2 3 owner as their principal place of residence.

"Household income", as used in this Section, means the combined income of the members of a household for the calendar year preceding the taxable year.

"Income", as used in this Section, has the same meaning as provided in Section 3.07 of the Senior Citizens and Persons with Disabilities Property Tax Relief Act, except that "income" does not include veteran's benefits.

- (q) In a cooperative where a homestead exemption has been granted, the cooperative association or its management firm shall credit the savings resulting from that exemption only to the apportioned tax liability of the owner who qualified for the exemption. Any person who willfully refuses to so credit the savings shall be quilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
- (h) Where married persons maintain and reside in separate residences qualifying as homestead property, each residence shall receive 50% of the total reduction in equalized assessed valuation provided by this Section.
- all counties, the assessor or chief county (i) assessment officer may determine the eligibility residential property to receive the homestead exemption and the amount of the exemption by application, visual inspection, questionnaire or other reasonable methods. The determination shall be made in accordance with guidelines established by the

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Department, provided that the taxpayer applying for an additional general exemption under this Section shall submit to the chief county assessment officer an application with an affidavit of the applicant's total household income, age, marital status (and, if married, the name and address of the applicant's spouse, if known), and principal dwelling place of members of the household on January 1 of the taxable year. The Department shall issue guidelines establishing a method for verifying the accuracy of the affidavits filed by applicants under this paragraph. The applications shall be clearly marked as applications for the Additional General Homestead Exemption.

(i-5) This subsection (i-5) applies to counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants. In the event of a sale of homestead property, the homestead exemption shall remain in effect for the remainder of the assessment year of the sale. Upon receipt of a transfer declaration transmitted by the recorder pursuant to Section 31-30 of the Real Estate Transfer Tax Law for property receiving an exemption under this Section, the assessor shall mail a notice and forms to the new owner of the property providing information pertaining to the rules and applicable filing periods for applying or reapplying for homestead exemptions under this Code for which the property may be eligible. If the new owner fails to apply or reapply for a homestead exemption during the applicable filing period or the property no longer qualifies for an existing homestead

- 1 exemption, the assessor shall cancel such exemption for any
- 2 ensuing assessment year.
- (j) In counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, in 3
- 4 the event of a sale of homestead property the homestead
- 5 exemption shall remain in effect for the remainder of the
- 6 assessment year of the sale. The assessor or chief county
- 7 assessment officer may require the new owner of the property to
- 8 apply for the homestead exemption for the following assessment
- 9 year.
- 10 (k) Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates
- 11 Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the
- implementation of any mandate created by this Section. 12
- 13 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-164, eff. 7-28-15;
- 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-851, eff. 8-19-16; 100-401, eff. 14
- 15 8-25-17.
- 16 (35 ILCS 200/18-185)
- Sec. 18-185. Short title; definitions. This Division 5 may 17
- 18 be cited as the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. As used
- 19 in this Division 5:
- "Consumer Price Index" means the Consumer Price Index for 2.0
- 21 All Urban Consumers for all items published by the United
- 22 States Department of Labor.
- 23 "Extension limitation", except as otherwise provided in
- 24 this paragraph, means (a) the lesser of 5% or the percentage
- 25 increase in the Consumer Price Index during the 12-month

calendar year preceding the levy year or (b) the rate of 1 2 increase approved by voters under Section 18-205. For levy years 2017 and 2018 only, for taxing districts with a majority 3 4 of their equalized assessed value in Cook, Lake, McHenry, Kane, 5 DuPage, or Will County, other than qualified school districts, "extension limitation" means 0% or the rate of increase 6 approved by the voters under Section 18-205. For levy years 7 2018 and 2019, for taxing districts with a majority of their 8 9 equalized assessed value in a county that elects to be subject 10 to a property tax freeze under Section 18-213.1, other than qualified school districts, "extension limitation" means 0% or 11 the rate of increase approved by the voters under Section 12 13 18-205. For levy years 2017 and 2018, for taxing districts that 14 are not subject to a 0% extension limitation in the applicable 15 levy year, "extension limitation" means (1) the lesser of 5% or 16 the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index during the 12-month calendar year preceding the levy year or (2) the rate 17 of increase approved by voters under Section 18-205. For levy 18 years 2017 and 2018, for taxing districts that are subject to a 19 20 0% extension limitation in the applicable levy year, if amounts extended (i) for the payment of principal, interest, premium, 21 22 and related fees and expenses on bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued by the taxing district or (ii) for 23 contributions to a pension fund created under the Illinois 24 25 Pension Code are required to be included in the district's aggregate extension, then the extension limitation for those 26

- 1 amounts for levy years 2017 and 2018 shall be (1) the lesser of
- 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index 2
- during the 12-month calendar year preceding the levy year or 3
- 4 (2) the rate of increase approved by voters under Section
- 5 18-205.
- "Affected county" means a county of 3,000,000 or more 6
- inhabitants or a county contiguous to a county of 3,000,000 or 7
- 8 more inhabitants.
- 9 "Taxing district" has the same meaning provided in Section
- 10 1-150, except as otherwise provided in this Section. For the
- 1991 through 1994 levy years only, "taxing district" includes 11
- only each non-home rule taxing district having the majority of 12
- 13 its 1990 equalized assessed value within any county or counties
- contiguous to a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants. 14
- 15 Beginning with the 1995 levy year, "taxing district" includes
- 16 only each non-home rule taxing district subject to this Law
- before the 1995 levy year and each non-home rule taxing 17
- district not subject to this Law before the 1995 levy year 18
- having the majority of its 1994 equalized assessed value in an 19
- 20 affected county or counties. Beginning with the levy year in
- which this Law becomes applicable to a taxing district as 2.1
- provided in Section 18-213, "taxing district" also includes 22
- 23 those taxing districts made subject to this Law as provided in
- 24 Section 18-213. For levy years 2017 and 2018, "taxing district"
- 25 also includes home rule units with a majority of their
- equalized assessed value in Cook, Lake, McHenry, Kane, DuPage, 26

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or Will County and non-home rule units with a majority of their equalized assessed value in Cook, Lake, McHenry, Kane, DuPage, or Will County that would not otherwise be subject to this Law. For levy years 2018 and 2019, "taxing district" also includes home rule units and non-home rule units with a majority of their equalized assessed value in a county that elects to be subject to a property tax freeze under Section 18-213.1. However, for levy years 2017 through 2019, "taxing district" does not include a school district that (i) has been designated as a qualified school district for the applicable levy year and (ii) was not subject to this Law in the 2016 levy year.

"Aggregate extension" for taxing districts to which this Law applied before the 1995 levy year means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before October 1, 1991; (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued before October 1, 1991; (d) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after October 1, 1991 that were approved by referendum; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or

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principal on revenue bonds issued before October 1, 1991 for payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only after the governing body of the unit of local government finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before October 1, 1991, to pay for the building project; (g) made for payments due under installment contracts entered into before October 1, 1991; (h) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act to finance construction projects initiated before October 1, 1991; (i) made for payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), (e), and (h) of this definition for non-referendum obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (j) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (k) made by a school district that participates in the Special Education District of Lake County, created by special education joint agreement under Section 10-22.31 of the School Code, for payment of the school district's share of the

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amounts required to be contributed by the Special Education District of Lake County to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund under Article 7 of the Illinois Pension Code; the amount of any extension under this item (k) shall be certified by the school district to the county clerk; (1) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational programs for persons with disabilities under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; (m) made for temporary relocation loan repayment purposes pursuant to Sections 2-3.77 and 17-2.2d of the School Code; (n) made for payment of principal and interest on any bonds issued under the authority of Section 17-2.2d of the School Code; (o) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code; and (p) made for road purposes in the first year after a township assumes the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, property, obligations, assets, responsibilities of a road district abolished under the provisions of Section 6-133 of the Illinois Highway Code. For levy years 2017 through 2019, this definition of "aggregate extension" applies to each taxing district that was subject to this definition of "aggregate extension" for the 2016 levy year.

"Aggregate extension" for the taxing districts to which

this Law did not apply before the 1995 levy year (except taxing

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districts subject to this Law in accordance with Section 18-213) means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before March 1, 1995; (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued before March 1, 1995; (d) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after March 1, 1995 that were approved by referendum; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before March 1, 1995 for payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only after the governing body of the unit of local government finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before March 1, 1995 to pay for the building project; (g) made for payments due under installment contracts entered into before March 1, 1995; (h) made for payments of

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principal and interest on bonds issued under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act t.o finance construction projects initiated before October 1, 1991; (h-4) made for stormwater management purposes by the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago under Section 12 of the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act; (i) made for payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), and (e) of this definition for non-referendum obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum and bonds described in subsection (h) of this definition; (j) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (k) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds authorized by Public Act 88-503 and issued under Section 20a of the Chicago Park District Act for aquarium or museum projects; (1) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds authorized by Public Act 87-1191 or 93-601 and (i) issued pursuant to Section 21.2 of the Cook County Forest Preserve District Act, (ii) issued under Section 42 of the Cook County Forest Preserve District Act for zoological park projects, or (iii) issued under Section 44.1 of the Cook County Forest Preserve District Act for botanical gardens projects; (m) made pursuant to Section 34-53.5 of the School Code, whether levied annually or not; (n) made to fund

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expenses of providing joint recreational programs for persons with disabilities under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; (o) made by the Chicago Park District for recreational programs for persons with disabilities under subsection (c) of Section 7.06 of the Chicago Park District Act; (p) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code; (q) made by Ford Heights School District 169 under Section 17-9.02 of the School Code; and (r) made for the purpose of making employer contributions to the Public School Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund of Chicago under Section 34-53 of the School Code. For levy years 2017 through 2019, this definition of "aggregate extension" applies to each taxing district that was subject to this definition of "aggregate extension" for the 2016 levy year.

"Aggregate extension" for all taxing districts to which this Law applies in accordance with Section 18-213, except for those taxing districts subject to paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213, means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay

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interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; (d) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held if the bonds were approved by referendum after the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held for payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only after the governing body of the unit of local government finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held to pay for the building project; (g) made for payments due

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under installment contracts entered into before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; (h) made for payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), and (e) of this definition for non-referendum obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (i) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (j) made for a qualified airport authority to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued for the purpose of paying obligations due under, or financing airport facilities required to be acquired, constructed, installed or equipped pursuant to, contracts entered into before March 1, 1996 (but not including any amendments to such a contract taking effect on or after that date); (k) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational programs for persons with disabilities under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; (1) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code; and (m) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued pursuant to Section 19-3.10 of the School Code. For levy years 2017 through

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1 2019, this definition of "aggregate extension" applies to each taxing district that was subject to this definition of 2 "aggregate extension" for the 2016 levy year. 3

"Aggregate extension" for (i) all taxing districts to which this Law applies in accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213 and (ii) beginning in levy year 2020, all taxing districts to which the Law applies in accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 18-213.1 means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (d) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 if the bonds were approved by referendum after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 for payment of which a property tax

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levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only after the governing body of the unit of local government finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 to pay for the building project; (g) made for payments due under installment contracts entered into before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (h) made for payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), and (e) of this definition for non-referendum obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (i) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (i) made for a qualified airport authority to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued for the purpose of paying obligations due under, or financing airport facilities required to be acquired, constructed, installed or equipped pursuant to, contracts entered into before March 1, 1996 (but not including any amendments to such a contract taking effect on or after that date); (k) made to fund expenses of providing joint

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recreational programs for persons with disabilities under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; and (1) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code. For levy years 2017 through 2019, this definition of "aggregate extension" applies to each taxing district that was subject to this definition of "aggregate extension" for the 2016 levy year.

For levy years 2017 and 2018, for taxing districts with a majority of their equalized assessed value in Cook, Lake, McHenry, Kane, DuPage, or Will County (other than qualified school districts and taxing districts that were subject to this Law in the 2016 levy year) "aggregate extension" means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district; provided that amounts extended for (i) the payment of principal, interest, premium, and related fees and expenses on bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued by the taxing district, including payments under a building commission lease issued or entered into by the taxing district, or (ii) contributions to a pension fund created under the Illinois Pension Code are not included in the aggregate extension. The extension for a special service area is not included in the aggregate extension.

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For levy years 2018 and 2019, for taxing districts that became subject to this Law under Section 18-213.1, "aggregate extension" means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district; provided that amounts extended for (i) the payment of principal, interest, premium, and related fees and expenses on bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued by the taxing district, including payments under a building commission lease issued or entered into by the taxing district, or (ii) contributions to a pension fund created under the Illinois Pension Code are not included in the aggregate extension. The extension for a special service area is not included in the aggregate extension.

"Debt service extension base" means an amount equal to that portion of the extension for a taxing district for the 1994 levy year, or for those taxing districts subject to this Law in accordance with Section 18-213, except for those subject to paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213, for the levy year in which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held, or for those taxing districts subject to this Law in accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213 for the 1996 levy year, constituting an extension for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the taxing district without referendum, but not including excluded non-referendum bonds. For park districts (i) that were first subject to this Law in 1991 or 1995 and (ii) whose

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extension for the 1994 levy year for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the park district without referendum (but not including excluded non-referendum bonds) was less than 51% of the amount for the 1991 levy year constituting an extension for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the park district without referendum (but not including excluded non-referendum bonds), "debt service extension base" means an amount equal to that portion of the extension for the 1991 levy year constituting an extension for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the park district without referendum (but not including excluded non-referendum bonds). service Α debt extension established or increased at any time pursuant to any provision of this Law, except Section 18-212, shall be increased each year commencing with the later of (i) the 2009 levy year or (ii) the first levy year in which this Law becomes applicable to the taxing district, by the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index during the 12-month calendar year preceding the levy year. The debt service extension base may be established or increased as provided under Section 18-212. "Excluded non-referendum bonds" means (i) bonds authorized by Public Act 88-503 and issued under Section 20a of the Chicago Park District Act for aquarium and museum projects; (ii) bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; or (iii) refunding obligations issued to refund or to continue to

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obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum.

"Special purpose extensions" include, but are not limited to, extensions for levies made on an annual basis for unemployment and workers' compensation, self-insurance, contributions to pension plans, and extensions made pursuant to Section 6-601 of the Illinois Highway Code for a road district's permanent road fund whether levied annually or not. The extension for a special service area is not included in the aggregate extension.

"Aggregate extension base" means the taxing district's last preceding aggregate extension as adjusted under Sections 18-135, 18-215, 18-230, and 18-206. An adjustment under Section 18-135 shall be made for the 2007 levy year and all subsequent levy years whenever one or more counties within which a taxing district is located (i) used estimated valuations or rates when extending taxes in the taxing district for the last preceding levy year that resulted in the over or under extension of taxes, or (ii) increased or decreased the tax extension for the last preceding levy year as required by Section 18-135(c). Whenever an adjustment is required under Section 18-135, the aggregate extension base of the taxing district shall be equal to the amount that the aggregate extension of the taxing district would have been for the last preceding levy year if either or both (i) actual, rather than estimated, valuations or rates had been used to calculate the extension of taxes for the last levy year, or (ii) the tax extension for the last

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1 preceding levy year had not been adjusted as required by subsection (c) of Section 18-135. 2

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for levy year 3 4 2012, the aggregate extension base for West Northfield School 5 District No. 31 in Cook County shall be \$12,654,592.

6 "Levy year" has the same meaning as "year" under Section 7 1 - 155.

"New property" means (i) the assessed value, after final board of review or board of appeals action, of new improvements or additions to existing improvements on any parcel of real property that increase the assessed value of that real property during the levy year multiplied by the equalization factor issued by the Department under Section 17-30, (ii) the assessed value, after final board of review or board of appeals action, of real property not exempt from real estate taxation, which real property was exempt from real estate taxation for any portion of the immediately preceding levy year, multiplied by the equalization factor issued by the Department under Section 17-30, including the assessed value, upon final stabilization of occupancy after new construction is complete, of any real property located within the boundaries of an otherwise or previously exempt military reservation that is intended for residential use and owned by or leased to a private corporation or other entity, (iii) in counties that classify in accordance with Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois Constitution, an incentive property's additional assessed value resulting from

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a scheduled increase in the level of assessment as applied to the first year final board of review market value, and (iv) any increase in assessed value due to oil or gas production from an oil or gas well required to be permitted under the Hydraulic Fracturing Regulatory Act that was not produced in or accounted for during the previous levy year. In addition, the county clerk in a county containing a population of 3,000,000 or more shall include in the 1997 recovered tax increment value for any school district, any recovered tax increment value that was applicable to the 1995 tax year calculations.

"Qualified airport authority" means an airport authority organized under the Airport Authorities Act and located in a county bordering on the State of Wisconsin and having a population in excess of 200,000 and not greater than 500,000.

"Recovered tax increment value" means, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the amount of the current year's equalized assessed value, in the first year municipality terminates the designation of an area as a redevelopment project area previously established under the Tax Increment Allocation Development Act in the Illinois Municipal Code, previously established under the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, previously established under the Economic Development Project Area Tax Increment Act of 1995, or previously established under the Economic Development Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the

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redevelopment project area over and above the initial equalized assessed value of each property in the redevelopment project area. For the taxes which are extended for the 1997 levy year, the recovered tax increment value for a non-home rule taxing district that first became subject to this Law for the 1995 levy year because a majority of its 1994 equalized assessed value was in an affected county or counties shall be increased if a municipality terminated the designation of an area in 1993 as a redevelopment project area previously established under the Tax Increment Allocation Development Act in the Illinois Municipal Code, previously established under the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, or previously established under the Economic Development Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, by an amount equal to the 1994 equalized assessed value of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the redevelopment project area over and above the initial equalized assessed value of each property in the redevelopment project area. In the first year after municipality removes a taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property from a redevelopment project area established under the Tax Increment Allocation Development Act in the Illinois Municipal Code, the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, or the Economic Development Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, "recovered tax increment value" means the amount of the current year's equalized assessed value of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property

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1 removed from the redevelopment project area over and above the 2 initial equalized assessed value of that real property before 3 removal from the redevelopment project area.

Except as otherwise provided in this Section, "limiting rate" means a fraction the numerator of which is the last preceding aggregate extension base times an amount equal to one plus the extension limitation defined in this Section and the denominator of which is the current year's equalized assessed value of all real property in the territory under the jurisdiction of the taxing district during the prior levy year. For those taxing districts that reduced their aggregate extension for the last preceding levy year, except for school districts that reduced their extension for educational purposes pursuant to Section 18-206, the highest aggregate extension in any of the last 3 preceding levy years shall be used for the purpose of computing the limiting rate. The denominator shall not include new property or the recovered tax increment value. If a new rate, a rate decrease, or a limiting rate increase has been approved at an election held after March 21, 2006, then (i) the otherwise applicable limiting rate shall be increased by the amount of the new rate or shall be reduced by the amount of the rate decrease, as the case may be, or (ii) in the case of a limiting rate increase, the limiting rate shall be equal to the rate set forth in the proposition approved by the voters for each of the years specified in the proposition, after which the limiting rate of the taxing

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district shall be calculated as otherwise provided. In the case of a taxing district that obtained referendum approval for an increased limiting rate on March 20, 2012, the limiting rate for tax year 2012 shall be the rate that generates the approximate total amount of taxes extendable for that tax year, as set forth in the proposition approved by the voters; this rate shall be the final rate applied by the county clerk for the aggregate of all capped funds of the district for tax year 2012.

"Qualified school district" means a school district that (i) would otherwise be subject to a 0% extension limitation for the applicable levy year and (ii) has been designated, through the State Board of Education's School District Financial Profile System, as on financial watch status for the most recent fiscal year. In addition, a school district that (i) would otherwise be subject to a 0% extension limitation for the applicable levy year and (ii) has been granted a financial hardship exemption from this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly by the State Superintendent of Education is also considered a qualified school district; to be eligible for such an exemption, the district must be designated, through the State Board of Education's School District Financial Profile System, as on financial early warning status for the most recent fiscal year.

After independently verifying that a district is on financial watch status or financial early warning status, the

- 1 State Superintendent shall notify the appropriate taxing
- authorities that the district is to be exempt from the 2
- provisions of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly 3
- 4 for the next applicable levy year. The exemption shall be for a
- 5 period of one levy year. School districts may reapply on an
- 6 annual basis to be exempt from the provisions of this
- amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly; except that 7
- school districts that qualify as a result of being on financial 8
- 9 watch status need not reapply.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-521, eff. 6-1-17;
- 100-465, eff. 8-31-17.) 11
- 12 (35 ILCS 200/18-205)
- Sec. 18-205. Referendum to increase the extension 13
- 14 limitation.
- 15 (a) A taxing district is limited to an extension limitation
- as defined in Section 18-185 of 5% or the percentage increase 16
- in the Consumer Price Index during the 12 month calendar year 17
- preceding the levy year, whichever is less. A taxing district 18
- 19 may increase its extension limitation for one or more levy
- years if that taxing district holds a referendum before the 20
- 21 levy date for the first levy year at which a majority of voters
- 22 voting on the issue approves adoption of a higher extension
- 23 limitation. Referenda shall be conducted at a regularly
- 24 scheduled election in accordance with the Election Code.
- 25 (b) The question shall be presented in substantially the

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following manner for all elections held after March 21, 2006:

Shall the extension limitation under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law for (insert the legal name, number, if any, and county or counties of the taxing district and geographic or other common name by which a school or community college district is known and referred to), Illinois, be increased from (applicable extension limitation set forth in Section 18-185) the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index over the prior levy year to (insert the percentage of the proposed increase) % per year for (insert each levy year for which the increased extension limitation will apply)?

(c) The votes must be recorded as "Yes" or "No".

If a majority of voters voting on the issue approves the adoption of the increase, the increase shall be applicable for each levy year specified.

- (d) The ballot for any question submitted pursuant to this Section shall have printed thereon, but not as a part of the submitted, only the following supplemental question information (which shall be supplied to the election authority by the taxing district) in substantially the following form:
 - (1) For the (insert the first levy year for which the increased extension limitation will be applicable) levy approximate amount of the additional tax vear the extendable against property containing a single family residence and having a fair market value at the time of the

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referendum of \$100,000 is estimated to be \$....

(2) Based upon an average annual percentage increase (or decrease) in the market value of such property of ...% (insert percentage equal to the average annual percentage increase or decrease for the prior 3 levy years, at the time the submission of the question is initiated by the taxing district, in the amount of (A) the equalized assessed value of the taxable property in the taxing district less (B) the new property included in equalized assessed value), the approximate amount of the additional tax extendable against such property for the ... levy year is estimated to be \$... and for the ... levy year is estimated to be \$....

Paragraph (2) shall be included only if the increased extension limitation will be applicable for more than one year and shall list each levy year for which the increased extension limitation will be applicable. The additional tax shown for each levy year shall be the approximate dollar amount of the increase over the amount of the most recently completed extension at the time the submission of the question is initiated by the taxing district. The approximate amount of the additional tax extendable shown in paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be calculated by multiplying \$100,000 (the fair market value of the property without regard to any property tax exemptions) by (i) the percentage level of assessment prescribed for that property by statute, or by ordinance of the county board in

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counties that classify property for purposes of taxation in accordance with Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois Constitution; (ii) the most recent final equalization factor certified to the county clerk by the Department of Revenue at the time the taxing district initiates the submission of the proposition to the electors; (iii) the last known aggregate extension base of the taxing district at the time the submission of the question is initiated by the taxing district; and (iv) the difference between the percentage increase proposed in the question and the otherwise applicable extension limitation under Section 18-185 the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for the prior levy year (if the extension limitation is based on the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for the prior levy year, then or an estimate of the percentage increase for the prior levy year may be used if the increase is unavailable at the time the submission of the question is initiated by the taxing district); and dividing the result by the last known equalized assessed value of the taxing district at the time the submission of the question is initiated by the taxing district. This amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly is intended to clarify the existing requirements of this Section, and shall not be construed to validate any prior non-compliant referendum language. Any notice required to be published in connection with the submission of the question shall also contain this supplemental information and shall not contain any other

- 1 supplemental information. Any error, miscalculation,
- 2 inaccuracy in computing any amount set forth on the ballot or
- 3 in the notice that is not deliberate shall not invalidate or
- 4 affect the validity of any proposition approved. Notice of the
- 5 referendum shall be published and posted as otherwise required
- by law, and the submission of the question shall be initiated 6
- 7 as provided by law.
- (Source: P.A. 97-1087, eff. 8-24-12.) 8
- 9 (35 ILCS 200/18-213)
- 10 Sec. 18-213. Referenda on applicability of the Property Tax
- Extension Limitation Law. 11
- 12 (a) The provisions of this Section do not apply to a taxing
- district subject to this Law because a majority of its 1990 13
- 14 equalized assessed value is in a county or counties contiquous
- 15 to a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, or because a
- majority of its 1994 equalized assessed value is in an affected 16
- 17 county and the taxing district was not subject to this Law
- 18 before the 1995 levy year.
- 19 (b) The county board of a county that is not subject to
- this Law may, by ordinance or resolution, submit to the voters 2.0
- 21 of the county the question of whether to make all non-home rule
- 22 taxing districts that have all or a portion of their equalized
- 23 assessed valuation situated in the county subject to this Law
- 24 in the manner set forth in this Section.
- 25 For purposes of this Section only:

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1 "Taxing district" has the same meaning provided in Section 2 1-150.

"Equalized assessed valuation" means the equalized assessed valuation for a taxing district for the immediately preceding levy year.

The ordinance or resolution shall request the (C) submission of the proposition at any election, except a consolidated primary election, for the purpose of voting for or against making the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law applicable to all non-home rule taxing districts that have all or a portion of their equalized assessed valuation situated in the county.

The question shall be placed on a separate ballot and shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law (35 ILCS 200/18-185 through 18-245), which limits annual property tax extension increases, apply to non-home rule taxing districts with all or a portion of their equalized assessed valuation located in (name of county)?

Votes on the question shall be recorded as "yes" or "no".

(d) The county clerk shall order the proposition submitted to the electors of the county at the election specified in the ordinance or resolution. If part of the county is under the jurisdiction of a board or boards of election commissioners, the county clerk shall submit a certified copy of the ordinance or resolution to each board of election commissioners, which

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- shall order the proposition submitted to the electors of the 1 taxing district within its jurisdiction at the election 3 specified in the ordinance or resolution.
 - (e) (1) With respect to taxing districts having all of their equalized assessed valuation located in the county, if a majority of the votes cast on the proposition are in favor of the proposition, then this Law becomes applicable to the taxing district beginning on January 1 of the year following the date of the referendum.
 - (2) With respect to taxing districts that meet all the following conditions this Law shall become applicable to the taxing district beginning on January 1, 1997. The districts to which this paragraph (2) is applicable
 - (A) do not have all of their equalized assessed valuation located in a single county,
 - have equalized assessed valuation in an affected county,
 - (C) meet the condition that each county, other than an affected county, in which any of the equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district is located has held a referendum under this Section at any election, except a consolidated primary election, held prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997, and
 - (D) have a majority of the district's equalized assessed valuation located in one or more counties in

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each of which the voters have approved a referendum under this Section prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997. For purposes of this Section, in determining whether a majority of the equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district is located in one or more counties in which the voters have approved referendum under this Section, the equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district in any affected county shall be included with the equalized assessed value of the taxing district in counties in which the voters have approved the referendum.

(3) With respect to taxing districts that do not have all of their equalized assessed valuation located in a single county and to which paragraph (2) of subsection (e) is not applicable, if each county other than an affected county in which any of the equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district is located has held a referendum under this Section at any election, except a consolidated primary election, held in any year and if a majority of the equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district is located in one or more counties that have each approved a referendum under this Section, then this Law shall become applicable to the taxing district on January 1 of the year following the year in which the last referendum in a county in which the taxing district has any equalized assessed valuation is held. For the purposes of this Law, the last

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referendum shall be deemed to be the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district. For purposes of this Section, in determining whether a majority of the equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district is located in one or more counties that have approved a referendum under this Section, the equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district in any affected county shall be included with the equalized assessed value of the taxing district in counties that have approved the referendum.

(f) Immediately after a referendum is held under this Section, the county clerk of the county holding the referendum shall give notice of the referendum having been held and its results to all taxing districts that have all or a portion of their equalized assessed valuation located in the county, the county clerk of any other county in which any of the equalized assessed valuation of any taxing district is located, and the Department of Revenue. After the last referendum affecting a multi-county taxing district is held, the Department of Revenue shall determine whether the taxing district is subject to this Law and, if so, shall notify the taxing district and the county clerks of all of the counties in which a portion of the equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district is located that, beginning the following January 1, the taxing district is subject to this Law. For each taxing district subject to paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of this Section, the Department of Revenue shall notify the taxing district and the county

- 1 clerks of all of the counties in which a portion of the
- equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district is located 2
- that, beginning January 1, 1997, the taxing district is subject 3
- 4 to this Law.
- 5 (g) Referenda held under this Section shall be conducted in
- 6 accordance with the Election Code.
- (h) A referendum may not be held under this Section on or 7
- after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th 8
- 9 General Assembly with respect to levy year 2018 or 2019.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 89-510, eff. 7-11-96; 89-718, eff. 3-7-97.)
- 11 (35 ILCS 200/18-213.1 new)
- 12 Sec. 18-213.1. Referenda on the applicability of a property
- 13 tax freeze.
- 14 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, at the
- general election or the general primary election occurring in 15
- calendar year 2018, the county board of a county other than 16
- Cook, Lake, McHenry, Kane, DuPage, or Will County may, by 17
- 18 ordinance or resolution, submit to the voters of the county
- 19 either of the following questions:
- 20 (1) whether to make all taxing districts that have all
- 21 or a portion of their equalized assessed valuation situated
- in the county subject to a property tax freeze for levy 22
- 23 years 2018 and 2019; or
- 24 (2) whether to make all taxing districts that have all
- 25 or a portion of their equalized assessed valuation situated

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1	in the county subject to a property tax freeze for levy
2	years 2018 and 2019 and then subject to the Property Tax
3	Extension Limitation Law for levy year 2020 and thereafter.
4	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the county
5	was subject to this Law in the 2016 levy year, the county may
6	not submit the question under paragraph (1) of this subsection
7	(a), but may submit the question under paragraph (2) of this
8	subsection (a).
9	(b) The county clerk shall order the proposition submitted

(b) The county clerk shall order the proposition submitted to the electors of the county at the election specified in the ordinance or resolution.

(c) The question under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) shall be placed on a separate ballot and shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall a property tax freeze apply to all home rule and non-home rule taxing districts in (County) for levy years 2018 and 2019? This would mean that the aggregate extension for each taxing district (meaning the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and certain special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district) may not be increased above the taxing district's last preceding aggregate extension, subject to certain adjustments, unless that increase is approved by the voters of the taxing district by referendum.

(d) The question under paragraph (2) of subsection (a) shall be placed on a separate ballot and shall be in

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substantially the following form:

Shall a property tax freeze apply to all home rule and non-home rule taxing districts in (County) for levy years 2018 and 2019, and shall the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law apply to non-home rule taxing districts with all or a portion of their equalized assessed valuation located in (County) for levy year 2020 and thereafter? This would mean that, for levy years 2018 and 2019, the aggregate extension for each taxing district (meaning the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and certain special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district) may not be increased above the taxing district's last preceding aggregate extension, subject to certain adjustments, unless that increase is approved by the voters of the taxing district by referendum. This would also mean that, for levy years 2020 and thereafter, increases in each non-home rule taxing district's aggregate extension would be limited to the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index during the 12-month calendar year preceding the levy year, unless a larger increase is approved by the voters of the taxing district by referendum.

- (e) Votes on propositions submitted under this Section shall be recorded as "yes" or "no".
- (f) Referenda held under this Section shall be conducted in accordance with the Election Code.

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(q) As used in this Section: 1

> "Subject to a property tax freeze" means that the taxing districts in that county are subject to an extension limitation of 0% or the rate of increase approved by the voters under Section 18-205; and

> "Taxing district" has the same meaning provided in Section 1-150, except that: (i) the term "taxing district" does not include a school district that has been designated as a qualified school district for the applicable levy year; (ii) for levy years 2018 and 2019, the term "taxing district" includes both home rule units and non-home rule units; and (iii) for levy year 2020 and thereafter, the term "taxing district" includes only non-home rule units.

14 (35 ILCS 200/18-214)

> Sec. 18-214. Referenda on removal of the applicability of the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law to non-home rule taxing districts.

- (a) The provisions of this Section do not apply to a taxing district that is subject to this Law because a majority of its 1990 equalized assessed value is in a county or counties contiguous to a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, or because a majority of its 1994 equalized assessed value is in an affected county and the taxing district was not subject to this Law before the 1995 levy year.
 - (b) For purposes of this Section only:

- 1 "Taxing district" means any non-home rule taxing district that became subject to this Law under Section 18-213 of this 2
- 3 Law.

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- 4 "Equalized assessed valuation" means the equalized 5 assessed valuation for a taxing district for the immediately preceding levy year. 6
 - (c) The county board of a county that became subject to this Law by a referendum approved by the voters of the county under Section 18-213 may, by ordinance or resolution, in the manner set forth in this Section, submit to the voters of the county the question of whether this Law applies to all non-home rule taxing districts that have all or a portion of their equalized assessed valuation situated in the county in the manner set forth in this Section.
 - The ordinance or resolution shall request the submission of the proposition at any election, except a consolidated primary election, for the purpose of voting for or against the continued application of the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law to all non-home rule taxing districts that have all or a portion of their equalized assessed valuation situated in the county.
- 22 The question shall be placed on a separate ballot and shall 23 be in substantially the following form:
- 24 Shall the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law (35 25 ILCS 200/18-185 through 35 ILCS 200/18-245), which limits 26 annual property tax extension increases, apply to non-home

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- 1 rule taxing districts with all or a portion of their equalized assessed valuation located in (name of county)? 2 3 Votes on the question shall be recorded as "yes" or "no".
 - (e) The county clerk shall order the proposition submitted to the electors of the county at the election specified in the ordinance or resolution. If part of the county is under the jurisdiction of a board or boards of election commissioners, the county clerk shall submit a certified copy of the ordinance or resolution to each board of election commissioners, which shall order the proposition submitted to the electors of the taxing district within its jurisdiction at the election specified in the ordinance or resolution.
 - (f) With respect to taxing districts having all of their equalized assessed valuation located in one county, if a majority of the votes cast on the proposition are against the proposition, then this Law shall not apply to the taxing district beginning on January 1 of the year following the date of the referendum.
 - (g) With respect to taxing districts that do not have all of their equalized assessed valuation located in a single county, if both of the following conditions are met, then this Law shall no longer apply to the taxing district beginning on January 1 of the year following the date of the referendum.
 - (1) Each county in which the district has any equalized assessed valuation must either, (i) have held a referendum under this Section, (ii) be an affected county, or (iii)

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have held a referendum under Section 18-213 at which the voters rejected the proposition at the most recent election at which the question was on the ballot in the county.

- (2) The majority of the equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district, other than any equalized assessed valuation in an affected county, is in one or more counties in which the voters rejected the proposition. For purposes of this Section, in determining whether a majority of the equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district is located in one or more counties in which the voters have rejected the proposition under this Section, the equalized assessed valuation of any taxing district in a county which has held a referendum under Section 18-213 at which the voters rejected that proposition, at the most recent election at which the question was on the ballot in the county, will be included with the equalized assessed value of the taxing district in counties in which the voters have rejected the referendum held under this Section.
- (h) Immediately after a referendum is held under this Section, the county clerk of the county holding the referendum shall give notice of the referendum having been held and its results to all taxing districts that have all or a portion of their equalized assessed valuation located in the county, the county clerk of any other county in which any of the equalized assessed valuation of any such taxing district is located, and the Department of Revenue. After the last referendum affecting

- 1 a multi-county taxing district is held, the Department of
- 2 Revenue shall determine whether the taxing district is no
- longer subject to this Law and, if the taxing district is no 3
- 4 longer subject to this Law, the Department of Revenue shall
- 5 notify the taxing district and the county clerks of all of the
- 6 counties in which a portion of the equalized assessed valuation
- of the taxing district is located that, beginning on January 1 7
- 8 of the year following the date of the last referendum, the
- 9 taxing district is no longer subject to this Law.
- 10 (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no
- 11 referenda may be held under this Section with respect to levy
- year 2017 or 2018. 12
- 13 (Source: P.A. 89-718, eff. 3-7-97.)
- 14 (35 ILCS 200/18-242 new)
- Sec. 18-242. Home rule. This Division 5 is a limitation, 15
- under subsection (g) of Section 6 of Article VII of the 16
- Illinois Constitution, on the power of home rule units to tax. 17
- 18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- becoming law.". 19