

## **100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

# State of Illinois

# 2017 and 2018

#### SB1321

Introduced 2/9/2017, by Sen. Michael Connelly

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

20 ILCS 4026/10 720 ILCS 5/11-9.3 720 ILCS 5/11-25 720 ILCS 5/11-26 730 ILCS 150/2

from Ch. 38, par. 222

Amends the Criminal Code of 2012. In the statute concerning grooming, defines "child" as a person under 17 years of age. Changes the statute concerning traveling to meet a minor. Changes the offense to traveling to meet a child. Defines "child" as a person under 17 years of age. Amends the Sex Offender Management Board Act and the Sex Offender Registration Act to make conforming changes.

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CORRECTIONAL BUDGET AND IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

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AN ACT concerning criminal law.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Sex Offender Management Board Act is amended
by changing Section 10 as follows:

6 (20 ILCS 4026/10)

Sec. 10. Definitions. In this Act, unless the context
otherwise requires:

9 (a) "Board" means the Sex Offender Management Board created 10 in Section 15.

(b) "Sex offender" means any person who is convicted or 11 12 found delinquent in the State of Illinois, or under any substantially similar federal law or law of another state, of 13 14 any sex offense or attempt of a sex offense as defined in subsection (c) of this Section, or any former statute of this 15 16 State that defined a felony sex offense, or who has been 17 declared as a sexually dangerous person under the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act or declared a sexually violent person 18 19 under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act, or any substantially similar federal law or law of another state. 20

(c) "Sex offense" means any felony or misdemeanor offense
 described in this subsection (c) as follows:

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(1) Indecent solicitation of a child, in violation of

Section 11-6 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal 1 2 Code of 2012; (2) Indecent solicitation of an adult, in violation of 3 Section 11-6.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal 4 5 Code of 2012; (3) Public indecency, in violation of Section 11-9 or 6 7 11-30 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; 8 (4) Sexual exploitation of a child, in violation of 9 10 Section 11-9.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal 11 Code of 2012; (5) Sexual relations within families, in violation of 12 Section 11-11 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal 13 14 Code of 2012: (6) Promoting juvenile prostitution or soliciting for 15 16 a juvenile prostitute, in violation of Section 11-14.4 or 11-15.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code 17 of 2012; 18 19 (7) Promoting juvenile prostitution or keeping a place 20 of juvenile prostitution, in violation of Section 11-14.4 or 11-17.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal 21 22 Code of 2012; 23 (8) Patronizing a juvenile prostitute, in violation of Section 11-18.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 24 25 Criminal Code of 2012; 26 (9) Promoting juvenile prostitution or juvenile

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pimping, in violation of Section 11-14.4 or 11-19.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012;

(10) promoting juvenile prostitution or exploitation of a child, in violation of Section 11-14.4 or 11-19.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012;

Child pornography, in violation of Section 6 (11)11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code 7 8 of 2012;

(11.5) Aggravated child pornography, in violation of Section 11-20.1B or 11-20.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961;

(12) Harmful material, in violation of Section 11-21 of 12 the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012;

(13) Criminal sexual assault, in violation of Section 13 11-1.20 or 12-13 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 14 15 Criminal Code of 2012;

16 (13.5) Grooming, in violation of Section 11-25 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; 17

(14) Aggravated criminal sexual assault, in violation 18 of Section 11-1.30 or 12-14 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or 19 the Criminal Code of 2012; 20

21 (14.5) Traveling to meet a minor or traveling to meet a 22 child, in violation of Section 11-26 of the Criminal Code 23 of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012;

24 (15) Predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, in violation of Section 11-1.40 or 12-14.1 of the Criminal 25 Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; 26

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1 (16) Criminal sexual abuse, in violation of Section 2 11-1.50 or 12-15 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 3 Criminal Code of 2012;

4 (17) Aggravated criminal sexual abuse, in violation of
5 Section 11-1.60 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or
6 the Criminal Code of 2012;

7 (18) Ritualized abuse of a child, in violation of
8 Section 12-33 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal
9 Code of 2012;

10 (19) An attempt to commit any of the offenses
11 enumerated in this subsection (c); or

12 (20) Any felony offense under Illinois law that is13 sexually motivated.

(d) "Management" means treatment, and supervision of any
sex offender that conforms to the standards created by the
Board under Section 15.

(e) "Sexually motivated" means one or more of the facts of the underlying offense indicates conduct that is of a sexual nature or that shows an intent to engage in behavior of a sexual nature.

(f) "Sex offender evaluator" means a person licensed under the Sex Offender Evaluation and Treatment Provider Act to conduct sex offender evaluations.

(g) "Sex offender treatment provider" means a person
 licensed under the Sex Offender Evaluation and Treatment
 Provider Act to provide sex offender treatment services.

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1 (h) "Associate sex offender provider" means a person 2 licensed under the Sex Offender Evaluation and Treatment 3 Provider Act to provide sex offender evaluations and to provide 4 sex offender treatment under the supervision of a licensed sex 5 offender evaluator or a licensed sex offender treatment 6 provider.

7 (Source: P.A. 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11; 97-1098, eff. 1-1-13; 8 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)

9 Section 10. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by 10 changing Sections 11-9.3, 11-25, and 11-26 as follows:

11 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.3)

Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex offenders prohibited; approaching, contacting, residing with, or communicating with a child within certain places by child sex offenders prohibited.

16 (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be 17 present in any school building, on real property comprising any school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a 18 school to transport students to or from school or a school 19 20 related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present 21 in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a student attending the 22 23 school and the parent or quardian is: (i) attending a 24 conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the

progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) 1 2 participating in child review conferences in which evaluation 3 and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending 4 5 conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the 6 principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or 7 8 unless the offender has permission to be present from the 9 superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private 10 school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if 11 permission is granted, the superintendent or school board 12 president must inform the principal of the school where the sex 13 offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex 14 offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is 15 16 responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she 17 arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the 18 vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain 19 20 under the direct supervision of a school official.

(a-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be present within 100 feet of a site posted as a pick-up or discharge stop for a conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity when one or more persons under the age of 18 are present at the site.

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(a-10) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 1 2 be present in any public park building, a playground or recreation area within any publicly accessible privately owned 3 building, or on real property comprising any public park when 4 5 persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on 6 the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or 7 quardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the 8 9 building or on the grounds.

10 (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 11 loiter within 500 feet of a school building or real property 12 comprising any school while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds, unless the offender 13 is a parent or guardian of a student attending the school and 14 15 the parent or guardian is: (i) attending a conference at the 16 school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or 17 her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions 18 may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special 19 20 education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as 21 22 retention and promotion and notifies the principal of the 23 school of his or her presence at the school or has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in 24 25 the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of 26 a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent

or school board president must inform the principal of the 1 2 school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours 3 in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The 4 5 sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or 6 7 she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the 8 9 duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school 10 official.

11 (b-2) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 12 loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a public park building or real property comprising any public park while 13 14 persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a 15 16 child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or 17 quardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the building or on the grounds. 18

(b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 19 20 reside within 500 feet of a school building or the real 21 property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18 22 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex 23 offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under 18 24 25 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before July 7, 2000 (the effective date of Public 26

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1 Act 91-911).

2 (b-10) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 3 reside within 500 feet of a playground, child care institution, day care center, part day child care facility, day care home, 4 5 group day care home, or a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of 6 7 age. Nothing in this subsection (b-10) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a playground or a 8 9 facility providing programs or services exclusively directed 10 toward persons under 18 years of age if the property is owned 11 by the child sex offender and was purchased before July 7, 12 2000. Nothing in this subsection (b-10) prohibits a child sex 13 offender from residing within 500 feet of a child care 14 institution, day care center, or part day child care facility 15 if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was 16 purchased before June 26, 2006. Nothing in this subsection 17 (b-10) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a day care home or group day care home if the property 18 is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before 19 20 August 14, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-821).

(b-15) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of the victim of the sex offense. Nothing in this subsection (b-15) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of the victim if the property in which the child sex offender resides is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before August 22,

1 2002.

2 This subsection (b-15) does not apply if the victim of the 3 sex offense is 21 years of age or older.

4 (b-20) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 5 communicate, other than for a lawful purpose under Illinois 6 law, using the Internet or any other digital media, with a 7 person under 18 years of age or with a person whom he or she 8 believes to be a person under 18 years of age, unless the 9 offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18 years 10 of age.

11 (c) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 12 operate, manage, be employed by, volunteer at, be associated with, or knowingly be present at any: (i) facility providing 13 programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 14 15 the age of 18; (ii) day care center; (iii) part day child care 16 facility; (iv) child care institution; (v) school providing 17 before and after school programs for children under 18 years of age; (vi) day care home; or (vii) group day care home. This 18 does not prohibit a child sex offender from owning the real 19 20 property upon which the programs or services are offered or upon which the day care center, part day child care facility, 21 22 child care institution, or school providing before and after 23 school programs for children under 18 years of age is located, provided the child sex offender refrains from being present on 24 25 the premises for the hours during which: (1) the programs or 26 services are being offered or (2) the day care center, part day

1 child care facility, child care institution, or school 2 providing before and after school programs for children under 3 18 years of age, day care home, or group day care home is 4 operated.

5 (c-2)It is unlawful for a child sex offender to participate in a holiday event involving children under 18 6 years of age, including but not limited to distributing candy 7 or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus 8 9 costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as a 10 department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny 11 costume on or preceding Easter. For the purposes of this 12 subsection, child sex offender has the meaning as defined in 13 this Section, but does not include as a sex offense under 14 paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Section, the offense under subsection (c) of Section 11-1.50 of this Code. This 15 16 subsection does not apply to a child sex offender who is a 17 parent or quardian of children under 18 years of age that are present in the home and other non-familial minors are not 18 19 present.

20 (c-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 21 operate, manage, be employed by, or be associated with any 22 county fair when persons under the age of 18 are present.

(c-6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender who owns and resides at residential real estate to knowingly rent any residential unit within the same building in which he or she resides to a person who is the parent or guardian of a child or

children under 18 years of age. This subsection shall apply
 only to leases or other rental arrangements entered into after
 January 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-820).

4 (c-7) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 5 offer or provide any programs or services to persons under 18 6 years of age in his or her residence or the residence of 7 another or in any facility for the purpose of offering or 8 providing such programs or services, whether such programs or 9 services are offered or provided by contract, agreement, 10 arrangement, or on a volunteer basis.

(c-8) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, whether authorized to do so or not, any of the following vehicles: (1) a vehicle which is specifically designed, constructed or modified and equipped to be used for the retail sale of food or beverages, including but not limited to an ice cream truck; (2) an authorized emergency vehicle; or (3) a rescue vehicle.

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(d) Definitions. In this Section:

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(1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:

(i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any
substantially similar federal law or law of another
state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of
this subsection (d) or the attempt to commit an
included sex offense, and the victim is a person under
18 years of age at the time of the offense; and:

(A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt

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to commit such offense; or

(B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or

(C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or

9 (D) is the subject of a finding not resulting 10 in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to 11 subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of 12 Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged 13 commission or attempted commission of such 14 offense; or

15 (E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity 16 following a hearing conducted pursuant to a 17 federal law or the law of another state substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section 18 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of 19 20 such offense or of the attempted commission of such offense; or 21

(F) is the subject of a finding not resulting
in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
a federal law or the law of another state
substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section
104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963

for the alleged violation or attempted commission
 of such offense; or

(ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person
pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons
Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the
law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to
such certification is committed or attempted against a
person less than 18 years of age; or

9 (iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of 10 the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous 11 Persons Act.

12 Convictions that result from or are connected with the 13 same act, or result from offenses committed at the same 14 time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as 15 one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is 16 not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

17 (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),
18 "sex offense" means:

(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of 19 20 the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012: 10-4 (forcible detention), 10-7 (aiding or abetting 21 22 child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10)),23 10-5(b)(10)(child luring), 11-1.40 (predatory 24 criminal sexual assault of a child), 11-6 (indecent 25 of a child), 11-6.5 solicitation (indecent 26 solicitation of an adult), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation

1	of a child), 11-9.2 (custodial sexual misconduct),
2	11-9.5 (sexual misconduct with a person with a
3	disability), 11-11 (sexual relations within families),
4	11-14.3(a)(1) (promoting prostitution by advancing
5	prostitution), 11-14.3(a)(2)(A) (promoting
6	prostitution by profiting from prostitution by
7	compelling a person to be a prostitute),
8	11-14.3(a)(2)(C) (promoting prostitution by profiting
9	from prostitution by means other than as described in
10	subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2) of
11	subsection (a) of Section 11-14.3), 11-14.4 (promoting
12	juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a
13	juvenile prostitute), 11-20.1 (child pornography),
14	11-20.1B (aggravated child pornography), 11-21
15	(harmful material), 11-25 (grooming), 11-26 (traveling
16	to meet a minor <u>or traveling to meet a child</u> ), 12-33
17	(ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when
18	that offense was committed in any school, on real
19	property comprising any school, in any conveyance
20	owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport
21	students to or from school or a school related
22	activity, or in a public park), 11-30 (public
23	indecency) (when committed in a school, on real
24	property comprising a school, in any conveyance owned,
25	leased, or contracted by a school to transport students
26	to or from school or a school related activity, or in a

public park). An attempt to commit any of these
offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections 3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 4 5 2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of 6 age: 11-1.20 (criminal sexual assault), 11-1.30 7 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 11-1.50 8 (criminal sexual abuse), 11-1.60 (aggravated criminal 9 sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these 10 offenses.

(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

15 10-1 (kidnapping),

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16 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

17 10-3 (unlawful restraint),

18 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint),

19 11-9.1(A) (permitting sexual abuse of a child).

An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(iv) A violation of any former law of this State
substantially equivalent to any offense listed in
clause (2)(i) or (2)(ii) of subsection (d) of this
Section.

(2.5) For the purposes of subsections (b-5) and (b-10)
 only, a sex offense means:

(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of 1 2 the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012: 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding or 3 abetting child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10), 4 5 11-1.40 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child), 6 7 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9.2 (custodial sexual misconduct), 11-9.5 (sexual 8 9 misconduct with a person with a disability), 11-11 10 (sexual relations within families), 11-14.3(a)(1) 11 (promoting prostitution by advancing prostitution), 12 11-14.3(a)(2)(A) (promoting prostitution by profiting from prostitution by compelling a person to be a 13 14 prostitute), 11-14.3(a)(2)(C) (promoting prostitution 15 by profiting from prostitution by means other than as 16 described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2) subsection (a) of Section 11-14.3), 11-14.4 17 of 18 (promoting juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 19 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-20.1 (child 20 pornography), 11-20.1B (aggravated child pornography), 21 11-25 (grooming), 11-26 (traveling to meet a minor or 22 traveling to meet a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse 23 of a child). An attempt to commit any of these 24 offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of

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2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of 1 2 11-1.20 (criminal age: sexual assault), 11-1.30 3 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 11-1.60 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and subsection (a) 4 5 of Section 11-1.50 (criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses. 6

7 (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
8 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of
9 2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age
10 and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

11 10-1 (kidnapping),

12 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

13 10-3 (unlawful restraint),

14 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint),

15 11-9.1(A) (permitting sexual abuse of a child).

An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

17 (iv) A violation of any former law of this State
18 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this
19 paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.

(3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the law of another state that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Section. A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person under any federal law or law of another state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for the purposes of this Section.

(4) "Authorized emergency vehicle", "rescue vehicle",
and "vehicle" have the meanings ascribed to them in
Sections 1-105, 1-171.8 and 1-217, respectively, of the
Illinois Vehicle Code.

7 (5) "Child care institution" has the meaning ascribed
8 to it in Section 2.06 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

9 (6) "Day care center" has the meaning ascribed to it in 10 Section 2.09 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

(7) "Day care home" has the meaning ascribed to it in
Section 2.18 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

13 (8) "Facility providing programs or services directed
14 towards persons under the age of 18" means any facility
15 providing programs or services exclusively directed
16 towards persons under the age of 18.

17 (9) "Group day care home" has the meaning ascribed to18 it in Section 2.20 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

19 (10) "Internet" has the meaning set forth in Section20 16-0.1 of this Code.

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(11) "Loiter" means:

(i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
person is in a vehicle, or remaining in or around
school or public park property.

(ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
 person is in a vehicle, or remaining in or around

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school or public park property, for the purpose of committing or attempting to commit a sex offense.

3 (iii) Entering or remaining in a building in or
4 around school property, other than the offender's
5 residence.

6 (12) "Part day child care facility" has the meaning 7 ascribed to it in Section 2.10 of the Child Care Act of 8 1969.

9 (13) "Playground" means a piece of land owned or 10 controlled by a unit of local government that is designated 11 by the unit of local government for use solely or primarily 12 for children's recreation.

(14) "Public park" includes a park, forest preserve,
bikeway, trail, or conservation area under the
jurisdiction of the State or a unit of local government.

16 (15) "School" means a public or private preschool or17 elementary or secondary school.

(16) "School official" means the principal, a teacher,
or any other certified employee of the school, the
superintendent of schools or a member of the school board.

(e) For the purposes of this Section, the 500 feet distance shall be measured from: (1) the edge of the property of the school building or the real property comprising the school that is closest to the edge of the property of the child sex offender's residence or where he or she is loitering, and (2) the edge of the property comprising the public park building or

the real property comprising the public park, playground, child 1 2 care institution, day care center, part day child care 3 facility, or facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age, or a 4 5 victim of the sex offense who is under 21 years of age, to the edge of the child sex offender's place of residence or place 6 7 where he or she is loitering.

8 (f) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty9 of a Class 4 felony.

10 (Source: P.A. 97-698, eff. 1-1-13; 97-699, eff. 1-1-13; 11 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-266, eff. 1-1-14.)

- 12 (720 ILCS 5/11-25)
- 13 Sec. 11-25. Grooming.

14 (a) A person commits grooming when he or she knowingly uses 15 a computer on-line service, Internet service, local bulletin 16 board service, or any other device capable of electronic data storage or transmission to seduce, solicit, lure, or entice, or 17 attempt to seduce, solicit, lure, or entice, a child, a child's 18 19 quardian, or another person believed by the person to be a 20 child or a child's guardian, to commit any sex offense as 21 defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act, to 22 distribute photographs depicting the sex organs of the child, or to otherwise engage in any unlawful sexual conduct with a 23 24 child or with another person believed by the person to be a child. As used in this Section, "child" means a person under 17 25

1 years of age.

2	(b)	Sentence.	Grooming	is	а	Class	4	felony.

3 (Source: P.A. 98-919, eff. 1-1-15.)

4 (720 ILCS 5/11-26)

5 Sec. 11-26. Traveling to meet a <u>child</u> minor.

(a) A person commits the offense of traveling to meet a 6 7 child minor when he or she travels any distance either within this State, to this State, or from this State by any means, 8 9 attempts to do so, or causes another to do so or attempt to do 10 so for the purpose of engaging in any sex offense as defined in 11 Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act, or to otherwise 12 engage in other unlawful sexual conduct with a child or with 13 another person believed by the person to be a child after using a computer on-line service, Internet service, local bulletin 14 15 board service, or any other device capable of electronic data 16 storage or transmission to seduce, solicit, lure, or entice, or to attempt to seduce, solicit, lure, or entice, a child or a 17 18 child's guardian, or another person believed by the person to be a child or a child's guardian, for such purpose. As used in 19 this Section, "child" means a person under 17 years of age. 20

(b) Sentence. Traveling to meet a <u>child minor</u> is a Class 3
felony.

23 (Source: P.A. 95-901, eff. 1-1-09.)

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Section 15. The Sex Offender Registration Act is amended by

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1 changing Section 2 as follows:

2 (730 ILCS 150/2) (from Ch. 38, par. 222)

3 Sec. 2. Definitions.

4 (A) As used in this Article, "sex offender" means any 5 person who is:

6 (1) charged pursuant to Illinois law, or any 7 substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military 8 Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, with a sex 9 offense set forth in subsection (B) of this Section or the 10 attempt to commit an included sex offense, and:

(a) is convicted of such offense or an attempt to
commit such offense; or

(b) is found not guilty by reason of insanity ofsuch offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or

15 (c) is found not guilty by reason of insanity 16 pursuant to Section 104-25(c) of the Code of Criminal 17 Procedure of 1963 of such offense or an attempt to 18 commit such offense; or

19 (d) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an 20 acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to Section 21 104-25(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for 22 the alleged commission or attempted commission of such 23 offense; or

(e) is found not guilty by reason of insanityfollowing a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal,

1 Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or 2 foreign country law substantially similar to Section 3 104-25(c) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of 4 such offense or of the attempted commission of such 5 offense; or

6 (f) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an 7 acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal, 8 Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or 9 foreign country law substantially similar to Section 10 104-25(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for 11 the alleged violation or attempted commission of such 12 offense; or

(2) declared as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to
the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or any
substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military
Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or

17 (3) subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the
18 Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act;
19 or

(4) found to be a sexually violent person pursuant to
the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or any
substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military
Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or

(5) adjudicated a juvenile delinquent as the result of
 committing or attempting to commit an act which, if
 committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses

specified in item (B), (C), or (C-5) of this Section or a 1 2 violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform 3 Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, or found guilty under Article V of the Juvenile Court 4 5 Act of 1987 of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of 6 the offenses specified in item (B), (C), or (C-5) of this 7 8 Section or a violation of any substantially similar 9 federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or 10 foreign country law.

11 Convictions that result from or are connected with the same 12 act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall 13 be counted for the purpose of this Article as one conviction. 14 Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction 15 for purposes of this Article.

16 For purposes of this Section, "convicted" shall have the 17 same meaning as "adjudicated".

18

(B) As used in this Article, "sex offense" means:

(1) A violation of any of the following Sections of the
Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012:

21

11-20.1 (child pornography),

2211-20.1Bor11-20.3(aggravatedchild23pornography),

24 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child),
25 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child),
26 11-9.2 (custodial sexual misconduct),

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1 11-9.5 (sexual misconduct with a person with a 2 disability), 3 11-14.4 (promoting juvenile prostitution), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 4 5 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 6 11-17.1 (keeping а place of juvenile 7 prostitution), 8 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 9 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 10 11-25 (grooming), 11 11-26 (traveling to meet a minor or traveling to 12 meet a child), 13 11-1.20 or 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), 14 11-1.30 or 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual 15 assault), 16 11-1.40 or 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual 17 assault of a child), 11-1.50 or 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 18 19 11-1.60 or 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual 20 abuse), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child). 21 22 An attempt to commit any of these offenses. 23 (1.5) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, 24 when the victim is a person under 18 years of age, the 25 26 defendant is not a parent of the victim, the offense was

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sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex
 Offender Evaluation and Treatment Act, and the offense was
 committed on or after January 1, 1996:

10-1 (kidnapping),

5 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

6 10-3 (unlawful restraint),

10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).

8 If the offense was committed before January 1, 1996, it 9 is a sex offense requiring registration only when the 10 person is convicted of any felony after July 1, 2011, and 11 paragraph (2.1) of subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act 12 applies.

(1.6) First degree murder under Section 9-1 of the
Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012,
provided the offense was sexually motivated as defined in
Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act.

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(1.7) (Blank).

(1.8) A violation or attempted violation of Section 18 11-11 (sexual relations within families) of the Criminal 19 20 Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, and the offense was committed on or after June 1, 1997. If the offense was 21 22 committed before June 1, 1997, it is a sex offense 23 requiring registration only when the person is convicted of 24 any felony after July 1, 2011, and paragraph (2.1) of 25 subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act applies.

(1.9) Child abduction under paragraph (10) of

subsection (b) of Section 10-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 1 2 or the Criminal Code of 2012 committed by luring or 3 attempting to lure a child under the age of 16 into a motor vehicle, building, house trailer, or dwelling place 4 5 without the consent of the parent or lawful custodian of 6 the child for other than a lawful purpose and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1998, provided the 7 8 offense was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of 9 the Sex Offender Management Board Act. If the offense was committed before January 1, 1998, it is a sex offense 10 11 requiring registration only when the person is convicted of 12 any felony after July 1, 2011, and paragraph (2.1) of subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act applies. 13

14 (1.10) A violation or attempted violation of any of the 15 following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 16 Criminal Code of 2012 when the offense was committed on or 17 after July 1, 1999:

18 10-4 (forcible detention, if the victim is under 18 19 years of age), provided the offense was sexually 20 motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender 21 Management Board Act,

11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult),

23 11-14.3 that involves soliciting for a prostitute, 24 or 11-15 (soliciting for a prostitute, if the victim is 25 under 18 years of age),

subdivision (a)(2)(A) or (a)(2)(B) of Section

22

26

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11-14.3, or Section 11-16 (pandering, if the victim is
 under 18 years of age),

3

4

11-18 (patronizing a prostitute, if the victim is under 18 years of age),

5 subdivision (a)(2)(C) of Section 11-14.3, or 6 Section 11-19 (pimping, if the victim is under 18 years 7 of age).

8 If the offense was committed before July 1, 1999, it is 9 a sex offense requiring registration only when the person 10 is convicted of any felony after July 1, 2011, and 11 paragraph (2.1) of subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act 12 applies.

13 (1.11) A violation or attempted violation of any of the 14 following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 15 Criminal Code of 2012 when the offense was committed on or 16 after August 22, 2002:

17 11-9 or 11-30 (public indecency for a third or18 subsequent conviction).

19 If the third or subsequent conviction was imposed 20 before August 22, 2002, it is a sex offense requiring 21 registration only when the person is convicted of any 22 felony after July 1, 2011, and paragraph (2.1) of 23 subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act applies.

(1.12) A violation or attempted violation of Section
5.1 of the Wrongs to Children Act or Section 11-9.1A of the
Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012

1 (permitting sexual abuse) when the offense was committed on 2 or after August 22, 2002. If the offense was committed 3 before August 22, 2002, it is a sex offense requiring 4 registration only when the person is convicted of any 5 felony after July 1, 2011, and paragraph (2.1) of 6 subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act applies.

7 (2) A violation of any former law of this State
8 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in
9 subsection (B) of this Section.

10 (C) A conviction for an offense of federal law, Uniform 11 Code of Military Justice, or the law of another state or a 12 foreign country that is substantially equivalent to any offense 13 listed in subsections (B), (C), (E), and (E-5) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. 14 15 A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person or a 16 sexually violent person under any federal law, Uniform Code of 17 Military Justice, or the law of another state or foreign country that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually 18 19 Dangerous Persons Act or the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act shall constitute an adjudication for the 20 purposes of this Article. 21

(C-5) A person at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense who is convicted of first degree murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, against a person under 18 years of age, shall be required to register for natural life. A conviction

for an offense of federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, 1 2 sister state, or foreign country law that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsection (C-5) of this 3 Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this 4 5 Article. This subsection (C-5) applies to a person who committed the offense before June 1, 1996 if: (i) the person is 6 7 incarcerated in an Illinois Department of Corrections facility on August 20, 2004 (the effective date of Public Act 93-977), 8 9 or (ii) subparagraph (i) does not apply and the person is 10 convicted of any felony after July 1, 2011, and paragraph (2.1) 11 of subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act applies.

12 (C-6) A person who is convicted or adjudicated delinquent 13 of first degree murder as defined in Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, against a 14 person 18 years of age or over, shall be required to register 15 16 for his or her natural life. A conviction for an offense of 17 federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law that is substantially equivalent to any 18 offense listed in subsection (C-6) of this Section shall 19 20 constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. This subsection (C-6) does not apply to those individuals released 21 22 from incarceration more than 10 years prior to January 1, 2012 23 (the effective date of Public Act 97-154).

(D) As used in this Article, "law enforcement agency having
 jurisdiction" means the Chief of Police in each of the
 municipalities in which the sex offender expects to reside,

work, or attend school (1) upon his or her discharge, parole or 1 2 release or (2) during the service of his or her sentence of 3 probation or conditional discharge, or the Sheriff of the county, in the event no Police Chief exists or if the offender 4 5 intends to reside, work, or attend school in an unincorporated area. "Law enforcement agency having jurisdiction" includes 6 7 the location where out-of-state students attend school and 8 where out-of-state employees are employed or are otherwise 9 required to register.

10 (D-1) As used in this Article, "supervising officer" means 11 the assigned Illinois Department of Corrections parole agent or 12 county probation officer.

(E) As used in this Article, "sexual predator" means anyperson who, after July 1, 1999, is:

15 (1) Convicted for an offense of federal, Uniform Code 16 of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law 17 that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsection (E) or (E-5) of this Section shall constitute a 18 19 conviction for the purpose of this Article. Convicted of a 20 violation or attempted violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code 21 22 of 2012:

23

10-5.1 (luring of a minor),

24 11-14.4 that involves keeping a place of juvenile 25 prostitution, or 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile 26 prostitution),

SB1321 - 33 - LRB100 08174 RLC 18269 b subdivision (a)(2) or (a)(3) of Section 11-14.4, 1 2 or Section 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), subdivision (a)(4) of Section 11-14.4, or Section 3 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 4 5 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-20.3 (aggravated 6 11-20.1B or child 7 pornography), 11-1.20 or 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), 8 9 11-1.30 or 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual 10 assault), 11-1.40 or 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual 11 12 assault of a child), 13 11-1.60 or 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual 14 abuse), 15 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child); 16 (2) (blank); 17 (3) declared as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act or any substantially 18 19 similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister 20 state, or foreign country law; 21 (4) found to be a sexually violent person pursuant to 22 the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or anv 23 substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; 24 25 (5) convicted of a second or subsequent offense which 26 requires registration pursuant to this Act. For purposes of

this paragraph (5), "convicted" shall include a conviction under any substantially similar Illinois, federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law;

5

(6) (blank); or

6 (7) if the person was convicted of an offense set forth 7 in this subsection (E) on or before July 1, 1999, the 8 person is a sexual predator for whom registration is 9 required only when the person is convicted of a felony 10 offense after July 1, 2011, and paragraph (2.1) of 11 subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act applies.

12 (E-5) As used in this Article, "sexual predator" also means 13 a person convicted of a violation or attempted violation of any 14 of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 15 Criminal Code of 2012:

(1) Section 9-1 (first degree murder, when the victim was a person under 18 years of age and the defendant was at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense, provided the offense was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act);

22 (2) Section 11-9.5 (sexual misconduct with a person
 23 with a disability);

(3) when the victim is a person under 18 years of age,
the defendant is not a parent of the victim, the offense
was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex

Offender Management Board Act, and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1996: (A) Section 10-1 (kidnapping), (B) Section 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping), (C) Section 10-3 (unlawful restraint), and (D) Section 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint); and

(4) Section 10-5(b)(10) (child abduction committed by 6 7 luring or attempting to lure a child under the age of 16 8 into a motor vehicle, building, house trailer, or dwelling 9 place without the consent of the parent or lawful custodian 10 of the child for other than a lawful purpose and the 11 offense was committed on or after January 1, 1998, provided 12 the offense was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 13 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act).

14 (E-10) As used in this Article, "sexual predator" also 15 means a person required to register in another State due to a 16 conviction, adjudication or other action of any court 17 triggering an obligation to register as a sex offender, sexual 18 predator, or substantially similar status under the laws of 19 that State.

(F) As used in this Article, "out-of-state student" means any sex offender, as defined in this Section, or sexual predator who is enrolled in Illinois, on a full-time or part-time basis, in any public or private educational institution, including, but not limited to, any secondary school, trade or professional institution, or institution of higher learning.

(G) As used in this Article, "out-of-state employee" means 1 2 any sex offender, as defined in this Section, or sexual 3 predator who works in Illinois, regardless of whether the individual receives payment for services performed, for a 4 5 period of time of 10 or more days or for an aggregate period of 6 time of 30 or more days during any calendar year. Persons who 7 operate motor vehicles in the State accrue one day of 8 employment time for any portion of a day spent in Illinois.

9 (H) As used in this Article, "school" means any public or 10 private educational institution, including, but not limited 11 to, any elementary or secondary school, trade or professional 12 institution, or institution of higher education.

(I) As used in this Article, "fixed residence" means any and all places that a sex offender resides for an aggregate period of time of 5 or more days in a calendar year.

(J) As used in this Article, "Internet protocol address" means the string of numbers by which a location on the Internet is identified by routers or other computers connected to the Internet.

20 (Source: P.A. 96-301, eff. 8-11-09; 96-1089, eff. 1-1-11; 21 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11; 97-154, eff. 1-1-12; 97-578, eff. 1-1-12; 22 97-1073, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1098, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1109, eff. 23 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)