1

AN ACT concerning State government.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act is
amended by changing Section 7 as follows:

6 (20 ILCS 3305/7) (from Ch. 127, par. 1057)

7 Sec. 7. Emergency Powers of the Governor. (a) In the event of a disaster, as defined in Section 4, the Governor may, by 8 9 proclamation declare that a disaster exists. Upon such proclamation, the Governor shall have and may exercise for a 10 period not to exceed 30 days the following emergency powers; 11 12 provided, however, that the lapse of the emergency powers shall 13 not, as regards any act or acts occurring or committed within 14 the 30-day <del>30 days</del> period, deprive any person, firm, corporation, political subdivision, or body politic of any 15 16 right or rights to compensation or reimbursement which he, she, it, or they may have under the provisions of this Act: 17

(1) To suspend the provisions of any regulatory statute
 prescribing procedures for conduct of State business, or
 the orders, rules and regulations of any State agency and
 <u>managed care contracts</u>, if strict compliance with the
 provisions of any statute, order, rule, <u>managed care</u>
 <u>contract</u>, or regulation would in any way prevent, hinder or

SB2232 Engrossed

## - 2 - LRB100 14541 MJP 29334 b

delay necessary action, including emergency purchases, by
 the Illinois Emergency Management Agency, in coping with
 the disaster.

4 (2) To utilize all available resources of the State
5 government as reasonably necessary to cope with the
6 disaster and of each political subdivision of the State.

7 (3) To transfer the direction, personnel or functions
8 of State departments and agencies or units thereof for the
9 purpose of performing or facilitating disaster response
10 and recovery programs.

11 (4) On behalf of this State to take possession of, and 12 to acquire full title or a lesser specified interest in, 13 any personal property as may be necessary to accomplish the 14 objectives set forth in Section 2 of this Act, including: 15 airplanes, automobiles, trucks, trailers, buses, and other 16 vehicles; coal, oils, gasoline, and other fuels and means 17 propulsion; explosives, materials, equipment, of and supplies; animals and livestock; feed and seed; food and 18 19 provisions for humans and animals; clothing and bedding; 20 and medicines and medical and surgical supplies; and to 21 take possession of and for a limited period occupy and use 22 any real estate necessary to accomplish those objectives; 23 but only upon the undertaking by the State to pay just compensation therefor as in this Act provided, and then 24 25 only under the following provisions:

26

a. The Governor, or the person or persons as the

Governor may authorize so to do, may forthwith take 1 2 possession of property for and on behalf of the State; 3 provided, however, that the Governor or persons shall simultaneously with the taking, deliver to the owner or 4 5 his or her agent, if the identity of the owner or 6 agency is known or readily ascertainable, a signed 7 statement in writing, that shall include the name and address of the owner, the date and place of the taking, 8 9 description of the property sufficient to identify it, 10 a statement of interest in the property that is being 11 so taken, and, if possible, a statement in writing, 12 signed by the owner, setting forth the sum that he or 13 she is willing to accept as just compensation for the 14 property or use. Whether or not the owner or agent is known or readily ascertainable, a true copy of the 15 16 statement shall promptly be filed by the Governor or the person with the Director, who shall keep the docket 17 of the statements. In cases where the sum that the 18 19 owner is willing to accept as just compensation is less 20 than \$1,000, copies of the statements shall also be 21 filed by the Director with, and shall be passed upon by 22 an Emergency Management Claims Commission, consisting 23 of 3 disinterested citizens who shall be appointed by 24 the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the 25 within 20 after the Senate, days Governor's 26 declaration of a disaster, and if the sum fixed by them SB2232 Engrossed - 4 - LRB100 14541 MJP 29334 b

just compensation be less than \$1,000 and is 1 as accepted in writing by the owner, then the State 2 3 Treasurer out of funds appropriated for these purposes, shall, upon certification thereof by the 4 5 Emergency Management Claims Commission, cause the sum so certified forthwith to be paid to the owner. The 6 7 Emergency Management Claims Commission is hereby given 8 the power to issue appropriate subpoenas and to administer 9 oaths to witnesses and shall keep 10 appropriate minutes and other records of its actions 11 upon and the disposition made of all claims.

12 b. When the compensation to be paid for the taking 13 or use of property or interest therein is not or cannot 14 be determined and paid under item a of this paragraph 15 (4) (a) above, a petition in the name of The People of 16 the State of Illinois shall be promptly filed by the 17 Director, which filing may be enforced by mandamus, in the circuit court of the county where the property or 18 19 any part thereof was located when initially taken or 20 used under the provisions of this Act praying that the 21 amount of compensation to be paid to the person or 22 persons interested therein be fixed and determined. 23 petition shall include a description of the The 24 property that has been taken, shall state the physical 25 condition of the property when taken, shall name as 26 defendants all interested parties, shall set forth the

1 sum of money estimated to be just compensation for the 2 property or interest therein taken or used, and shall 3 be signed by the Director. The litigation shall be 4 handled by the Attorney General for and on behalf of 5 the State.

6 c. Just compensation for the taking or use of 7 property or interest therein shall be promptly ascertained in proceedings and established by judgment 8 9 against the State, that shall include, as part of the 10 just compensation so awarded, interest at the rate of 11 6% per annum on the fair market value of the property 12 or interest therein from the date of the taking or use 13 to the date of the judgment; and the court may order 14 payment of delinguent taxes the and special 15 assessments out of the amount so awarded as just 16 compensation and may make any other orders with respect 17 to encumbrances, rents, insurance, and other charges, 18 if any, as shall be just and equitable.

19 (5) When required by the exigencies of the disaster, to 20 sell, lend, rent, give, or distribute all or any part of 21 property so or otherwise acquired to the inhabitants of 22 this State, or to political subdivisions of this State, or, 23 under the interstate mutual aid agreements or compacts as 24 are entered into under the provisions of subparagraph (5) 25 of paragraph (c) of Section 6 to other states, and to 26 account for and transmit to the State Treasurer all funds,

SB2232 Engrossed - 6 - LRB100 14541 MJP 29334 b

1 if any, received therefor.

2 (6) To recommend the evacuation of all or part of the 3 population from any stricken or threatened area within the State if the Governor deems this action necessary and to 4 5 order the mandatory emergency evacuation of a long term care facility and facilities selected for the supportive 6 7 living facilities program authorized by Section 5-5.01a of 8 the Illinois Public Aid Code when it is determined, in 9 consultation with the Director of Public Health, that evacuation is the best solution to eliminating the 10 11 potential for harm. A long term care facility notified of a 12 mandatory emergency evacuation order shall provide a list 13 of resources needed to the Governor or his or her designee 14 to safely implement the order.

15 (7) To prescribe routes, modes of transportation, and16 destinations in connection with evacuation.

17 (8) To control ingress and egress to and from a
18 disaster area, the movement of persons within the area, and
19 the occupancy of premises therein.

20 (9) To suspend or limit the sale, dispensing, or
21 transportation of alcoholic beverages, firearms,
22 explosives, and combustibles.

(10) To make provision for the availability and use oftemporary emergency housing.

(11) A proclamation of a disaster shall activate the
 State Emergency Operations Plan, and political subdivision

SB2232 Engrossed - 7 - LRB100 14541 MJP 29334 b

emergency operations plans applicable to the political subdivision or area in question and be authority for the deployment and use of any forces that the plan or plans apply and for use or distribution of any supplies, equipment, and materials and facilities assembled, stockpiled or arranged to be made available under this Act or any other provision of law relating to disasters.

8 (12) Control, restrict, and regulate by rationing, 9 freezing, use of quotas, prohibitions on shipments, price 10 fixing, allocation or other means, the use, sale or 11 distribution of food, feed, fuel, clothing and other 12 commodities, materials, goods, or services; and perform 13 and exercise any other functions, powers, and duties as may 14 be necessary to promote and secure the safety and 15 protection of the civilian population.

16 (13) During the continuance of any disaster the 17 Governor is commander-in-chief of the organized and 18 unorganized militia and of all other forces available for 19 emergency duty. To the greatest extent practicable, the 20 Governor shall delegate or assign command authority to do 21 so by orders issued at the time of the disaster.

(14) Prohibit increases in the prices of goods andservices during a disaster.

24 (Source: P.A. 92-73, eff. 1-1-02; revised 9-28-17.)

25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 26 becoming law.