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Τ	SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION
2	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT 4
3	(As Amended by Senate Amendment No. 1)
4	WHEREAS, The Ninety-second Congress of the United States of
5	America, at its Second Session, in both houses, by a
6	constitutional majority of two-thirds, adopted the following
7	proposition to amend the Constitution of the United States of
8	America:
9	"JOINT RESOLUTION
10	RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE OF THE
11	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CONGRESS ASSEMBLED (TWO-THIRDS OF
12	EACH HOUSE CONCURRING THEREIN), That the following article is
13	proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United
14	States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as a
15	part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of
16	three-fourths of the several States within seven years from the
17	date of its submission by the Congress:
18	"ARTICLE
19	Section 1. Equality of rights under the law shall not be
20	denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on
21	account of sex.
22	Section 2. The Congress shall have the power to enforce, by
23	appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

Section 3. This amendment shall take effect two years after

- the date of ratification.""; and 1
- 2 WHEREAS, A Joint Resolution is a resolution adopted by both
- 3 houses of the General Assembly and does not require the
- 4 signature of the Governor; a Joint Resolution is sufficient for
- 5 Illinois' ratification of an amendment to the United States
- 6 Constitution; and
- 7 WHEREAS, The United States Congress has recently adopted
- 8 the 27th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States,
- 9 the so-called Madison Amendment, relating to Compensation of
- 10 Members of Congress; this amendment was proposed 203 years
- earlier by our First Congress and only recently ratified by 11
- three-fourths of the States; the United States Archivist 12
- 13 certified the 27th Amendment on May 18, 1992; and
- 14 WHEREAS, The founders of our nation, James Madison
- included, did not favor further restrictions to Article V of 15
- the Constitution of the United States, the amending procedure; 16
- the United States Constitution is harder to amend than any 17
- 18 other constitution in history; and
- 19 WHEREAS, The restricting time limit for the Equal Rights
- 20 Amendment ratification is in the resolving clause and is not a
- 21 part of the amendment proposed by Congress and already ratified
- 22 by 35 states; and

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1 WHEREAS, Having passed a time extension for the Equal 2 Rights Amendment on October 20, 1978, Congress has demonstrated 3 that a time limit in a resolving clause can be disregarded if

it is not a part of the proposed amendment; and

WHEREAS, The United States Supreme Court in Coleman v. Miller, 307 U.S. 433, at 456 (1939), recognized that Congress is in a unique position to judge the tenor of the nation, to be aware of the political, social, and economic factors affecting the nation, and to be aware of the importance to the nation of the proposed amendment; and

WHEREAS, If an amendment to the Constitution of the United States has been proposed by two-thirds of both houses of and ratified by three-fourths of the legislatures, it is for Congress under the principles of Coleman v. Miller to determine the validity of the state ratifications occurring after a time limit in the resolving clause, but not in the amendment itself; and

WHEREAS, Constitutional equality for women continues to be timely in the United States and worldwide, and a number of other nations have achieved constitutional equality for their women and men; therefore, be it

- 1 RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDREDTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 2 3 CONCURRING HEREIN, that the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States of America set forth in this
- resolution is ratified; and be it further
- 6 RESOLVED, That a certified copy of this resolution be 7 forwarded to the Archivist of the United States, the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 8 9 Representatives of the Congress of the United States, and each 10 member of the Illinois congressional delegation.