1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Sections 3-3-7, 3-3-8, 3-14-2, and 5-6-3 as follows:
- 6 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-7) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-7)
- Sec. 3-3-7. Conditions of parole or mandatory supervised release.
- 9 (a) The conditions of parole or mandatory supervised 10 release shall be such as the Prisoner Review Board deems 11 necessary to assist the subject in leading a law-abiding life. 12 The conditions of every parole and mandatory supervised
- 13 release are that the subject:

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- 14 (1) not violate any criminal statute of any
 15 jurisdiction during the parole or release term;
- 16 (2) refrain from possessing a firearm or other 17 dangerous weapon;
- 18 (3) report to an agent of the Department of 19 Corrections;
 - (4) permit the agent to visit him or her at his or her home, employment, or elsewhere to the extent necessary for the agent to discharge his or her duties;
- 23 (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the

instruction or residence of persons on parole or mandatory
supervised release;

- (6) secure permission before visiting or writing a committed person in an Illinois Department of Corrections facility;
- (7) report all arrests to an agent of the Department of Corrections as soon as permitted by the arresting authority but in no event later than 24 hours after release from custody and immediately report service or notification of an order of protection, a civil no contact order, or a stalking no contact order to an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (7.5) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, the individual shall undergo and successfully complete sex offender treatment conducted in conformance with the standards developed by the Sex Offender Management Board Act by a treatment provider approved by the Board;
- (7.6) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, refrain from residing at the same address or in the same condominium unit or apartment unit or in the same condominium complex or apartment complex with another person he or she knows or reasonably should know is a convicted sex offender or has been placed on supervision for a sex offense; the provisions of this paragraph do not apply to a person

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convicted of a sex offense who is placed in a Department of Corrections licensed transitional housing facility for sex offenders, or is in any facility operated or licensed by the Department of Children and Family Services or by the Department of Human Services, or is in any licensed medical facility;

(7.7) if convicted for an offense that would qualify the accused as a sexual predator under the Sex Offender Registration Act on or after January 1, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 94-988), wear an approved electronic monitoring device as defined in Section 5-8A-2 for the duration of the person's parole, mandatory supervised release term, or extended mandatory supervised release term and if convicted for an offense of criminal assault, aggravated criminal sexual predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, ritualized abuse of a child committed on or after August 11, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 96-236) when the victim was under 18 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense and the defendant used force or the threat of force in the commission of the offense wear an approved electronic monitoring device as defined in Section 5-8A-2 that has Global Positioning System (GPS) capability for the duration of the person's parole, mandatory supervised release term, or extended mandatory

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supervised release term;

(7.8) if convicted for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-464) that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is not related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (7.8), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is not related to the accused if the person is not: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused;

(7.9) if convicted under Section 11-6, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, consent to search of computers, PDAs, cellular phones, and other devices under his or her control that are capable of accessing the Internet or storing electronic files, in order to confirm Internet protocol addresses reported in accordance with the Sex Offender Registration Act and compliance with conditions in this Act;

1 (7.

- (7.10) if convicted for an offense that would qualify the accused as a sex offender or sexual predator under the Sex Offender Registration Act on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-640), not possess prescription drugs for erectile dysfunction;
- (7.11) if convicted for an offense under Section 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-14.4 that involves soliciting for a juvenile prostitute, 11-15.1, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or any attempt to commit any of these offenses, committed on or after June 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-983):
 - (i) not access or use a computer or any other device with Internet capability without the prior written approval of the Department;
 - (ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations of the offender's computer or any other device with Internet capability by the offender's supervising agent, a law enforcement officer, or assigned computer or information technology specialist, including the retrieval and copying of all data from the computer or device and any internal or external peripherals and removal of such information, equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough inspection;
 - (iii) submit to the installation on the offender's computer or device with Internet capability, at the

offender's expense, of one or more hardware or software systems to monitor the Internet use; and

- (iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions concerning the offender's use of or access to a computer or any other device with Internet capability imposed by the Board, the Department or the offender's supervising agent;
- (7.12) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or after January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-262), refrain from accessing or using a social networking website as defined in Section 17-0.5 of the Criminal Code of 2012;
- (7.13) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or after January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-362) that requires the person to register as a sex offender under that Act, may not knowingly use any computer scrub software on any computer that the sex offender uses;
- (8) obtain permission of an agent of the Department of Corrections before leaving the State of Illinois;
- (9) obtain permission of an agent of the Department of Corrections before changing his or her residence or employment;
 - (10) consent to a search of his or her person,

property, or residence under his or her control;

- (11) refrain from the use or possession of narcotics or other controlled substances in any form, or both, or any paraphernalia related to those substances and submit to a urinalysis test as instructed by a parole agent of the Department of Corrections if there is reasonable suspicion of illicit drug use and the source of the reasonable suspicion is documented in the Department's case management system;
- (12) not knowingly frequent places where controlled substances are illegally sold, used, distributed, or administered;
- (13) except when the association described in either subparagraph (A) or (B) of this paragraph (13) involves activities related to community programs, worship services, volunteering, engaging families, or some other pro-social activity in which there is no evidence of criminal intent:
 - (A) not knowingly associate with other persons on parole or mandatory supervised release without prior written permission of his or her parole agent; or
 - (B) not knowingly associate with persons who are members of an organized gang as that term is defined in the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act;
 - (14) provide true and accurate information, as it

relates to his or her adjustment in the community while on parole or mandatory supervised release or to his or her conduct while incarcerated, in response to inquiries by his or her parole agent or of the Department of Corrections;

- (15) follow any specific instructions provided by the parole agent that are consistent with furthering conditions set and approved by the Prisoner Review Board or by law, exclusive of placement on electronic detention, to achieve the goals and objectives of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release or to protect the public. These instructions by the parole agent may be modified at any time, as the agent deems appropriate;
- (16) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in subsection (a-5) of Section 3-1-2 of this Code, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18 years of age present in the home and no non-familial minors are present, not participate in a holiday event involving children under 18 years of age, such as distributing candy or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as a department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny costume on or preceding Easter;
- (17) if convicted of a violation of an order of protection under Section 12-3.4 or Section 12-30 of the

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Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, be placed under electronic surveillance as provided in Section 5-8A-7 of this Code;

- (18) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986; an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory; a no contact order issued pursuant to the Civil No Contact Order Act; or a no contact order issued pursuant to the Stalking No Contact Order Act;
- (19)if convicted of а violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the Methamphetamine Precursor Control Act, or а methamphetamine related offense, be:
 - (A) prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or having under his or her control any product containing pseudoephedrine unless prescribed by a physician; and
 - (B) prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or having under his or her control any product containing ammonium nitrate;
- (20) if convicted of a hate crime under Section 12-7.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012, perform public or community service of no less than 200 hours and enroll in an educational program discouraging hate crimes involving the protected class identified in subsection (a) of Section 12-7.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 that gave rise to the

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offense the offender committed ordered by the court; and

- (21) be evaluated by the Department of Corrections prior to release using a validated risk assessment and be subject to a corresponding level of supervision. In accordance with the findings of that evaluation:
 - (A) All subjects found to be at a moderate or high risk to recidivate, or on parole or mandatory supervised release for first degree murder, a forcible felony as defined in Section 2-8 of the Criminal Code of 2012, any felony that requires registration as a sex offender under the Sex Offender Registration Act, or a Class X felony or Class 1 felony that is not a violation of the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, shall be subject to high level supervision. The Department shall define high level supervision based upon evidence-based and research-based practices. Notwithstanding placement on high level supervision, placement of the subject on electronic monitoring or detention shall not occur unless it is required by law or expressly ordered or approved by the Prisoner Review Board.
 - (B) All subjects found to be at a low risk to recidivate shall be subject to low-level supervision, except for those subjects on parole or mandatory supervised release for first degree murder, a forcible

felony as defined in Section 2-8 of the Criminal Code of 2012, any felony that requires registration as a sex offender under the Sex Offender Registration Act, or a Class X felony or Class 1 felony that is not a violation of the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act. Low level supervision shall require the subject to check in with the supervising officer via phone or other electronic means. Notwithstanding this placement on low level supervision, placement of the subject on electronic monitoring or detention shall not occur unless it is required by law or expressly ordered or approved by the Prisoner Review Board.

- (b) The Board may <u>after making an individualized</u> assessment pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 3-14-2 in addition to other conditions require that the subject:
 - (1) work or pursue a course of study or vocational training;
 - (2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;
 - (3) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of persons on probation or parole;
- (4) support his or her dependents;
- 26 (5) (blank);

| L | (6) | (blank) |
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- (7) (blank);
- (7.5) if convicted for an offense committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (7.5), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is related to the accused if the person is: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused;
- (7.6) if convicted for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-983) that would qualify as a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act:
 - (i) not access or use a computer or any other device with Internet capability without the prior written approval of the Department;
 - (ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations of the offender's computer or any other device with

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| 1 | Internet capability by the offender's supervising |
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| 2 | agent, a law enforcement officer, or assigned computer |
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| 3 | or information technology specialist, including the |
| 4 | retrieval and copying of all data from the computer or |
| 5 | device and any internal or external peripherals and |
| 6 | removal of such information, equipment, or device to |
| 7 | conduct a more thorough inspection; |
| 8 | (iii) submit to the installation on the offender's |
| 9 | computer or device with Internet capability, at the |
| 10 | offender's expense, of one or more hardware or |
| 11 | software systems to monitor the Internet use; and |
| 12 | (iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions |
| 13 | concerning the offender's use of or access to a |
| 14 | computer or any other device with Internet capability |
| 15 | imposed by the Board, the Department or the offender's |
| 16 | supervising agent; and |
| 17 | (8) (blank). in addition, if a minor: |
| 18 | (i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster |
| 19 | home; |
| 20 | (ii) attend school; |
| 21 | (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth; |
| 22 | or |

(b-1) In addition to the conditions set forth in subsections (a) and (b), persons required to register as sex

or in a foster home.

| 1 | offenders pursuant to the Sex Offender Registration Act, upon |
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| 2 | release from the custody of the Illinois Department of |
| 3 | Corrections, may be required by the Board to comply with the |
| 4 | following specific conditions of release <u>following an</u> |
| 5 | individualized assessment pursuant to subsection (a) of |
| 6 | <u>Section 3-14-2</u> : |
| 7 | (1) reside only at a Department approved location; |
| 8 | (2) comply with all requirements of the Sex Offender |
| 9 | Registration Act; |

- (3) notify third parties of the risks that may be occasioned by his or her criminal record;
- (4) obtain the approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections prior to accepting employment or pursuing a course of study or vocational training and notify the Department prior to any change in employment, study, or training;
- (5) not be employed or participate in any volunteer activity that involves contact with children, except under circumstances approved in advance and in writing by an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (6) be electronically monitored for a minimum of 12 months from the date of release as determined by the Board;
- (7) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon terms approved in advance by an agent of the Department of Corrections. The terms may include

consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, and others accompanying the person;

- (8) refrain from having any contact, including written or oral communications, directly or indirectly, personally or by telephone, letter, or through a third party with certain specified persons including, but not limited to, the victim or the victim's family without the prior written approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (9) refrain from all contact, directly or indirectly, personally, by telephone, letter, or through a third party, with minor children without prior identification and approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (10) neither possess or have under his or her control any material that is sexually oriented, sexually stimulating, or that shows male or female sex organs or any pictures depicting children under 18 years of age nude or any written or audio material describing sexual intercourse or that depicts or alludes to sexual activity, including but not limited to visual, auditory, telephonic, or electronic media, or any matter obtained through access to any computer or material linked to computer access use;
- (11) not patronize any business providing sexually stimulating or sexually oriented entertainment nor utilize "900" or adult telephone numbers;
 - (12) not reside near, visit, or be in or about parks,

| schools, | day | care | center | S, S | wimmi | ng | pool | ls, | beac | hes, |
|------------|-------|-------|----------|--------|-------|------|------|-------|-------|------|
| theaters, | or | any | other | place | es wh | nere | mir | nor | chil | dren |
| congregate | e wit | hout | advance | appr | oval | of | an a | agent | of | the |
| Department | c of | Corr | rections | and | imme | edia | tely | rep | ort | any |
| incidental | Lcont | act w | ith mind | or chi | ldrer | n to | the | Depa | rtmer | nt; |

- (13) not possess or have under his or her control certain specified items of contraband related to the incidence of sexually offending as determined by an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (14) may be required to provide a written daily log of activities if directed by an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (15) comply with all other special conditions that the Department may impose that restrict the person from high-risk situations and limit access to potential victims;
 - (16) take an annual polygraph exam;
- (17) maintain a log of his or her travel; or
- (18) obtain prior approval of his or her parole officer before driving alone in a motor vehicle.
 - (c) The conditions under which the parole or mandatory supervised release is to be served shall be communicated to the person in writing prior to his or her release, and he or she shall sign the same before release. A signed copy of these conditions, including a copy of an order of protection where one had been issued by the criminal court, shall be retained by

- 1 the person and another copy forwarded to the officer in charge
- of his or her supervision.
- 3 (d) After a hearing under Section 3-3-9, the Prisoner
- 4 Review Board may modify or enlarge the conditions of parole or
- 5 mandatory supervised release.
- 6 (e) The Department shall inform all offenders committed to
- 7 the Department of the optional services available to them upon
- 8 release and shall assist inmates in availing themselves of
- 9 such optional services upon their release on a voluntary
- 10 basis.
- 11 (f) (Blank).
- 12 (Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-260, eff. 1-1-18;
- 13 100-575, eff. 1-8-18; 101-382, eff. 8-16-19.)
- 14 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-8) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-8)
- 15 Sec. 3-3-8. Length of parole and mandatory supervised
- 16 release; discharge.
- 17 (a) The length of parole for a person sentenced under the
- law in effect prior to the effective date of this amendatory
- 19 Act of 1977 and the length of mandatory supervised release for
- 20 those sentenced under the law in effect on and after such
- 21 effective date shall be as set out in Section 5-8-1 unless
- 22 sooner terminated under paragraph (b) of this Section.
- 23 (b) The Prisoner Review Board may enter an order releasing
- 24 and discharging one from parole or mandatory supervised
- 25 release, and his or her commitment to the Department, when it

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1 determines that he or she is likely to remain at liberty 2 without committing another offense.

(b-1) Provided that the subject is in compliance with the terms and conditions of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release, the Prisoner Review Board shall may reduce the period of a parolee or releasee's parole or mandatory supervised release by 90 days upon the parolee or releasee receiving high school diploma, associate's degree, а bachelor's degree, career certificate, or vocational technical <u>certification</u> or upon passage of high school equivalency testing during the period of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release. A parolee or releasee shall provide documentation from the educational institution or the source of the qualifying educational or vocational credential to their supervising officer for verification. Each This reduction in the period of a subject's term of parole or mandatory supervised release shall be available only to have not previously earned the relevant subjects who credential for which they are receiving the reduction a high school diploma or who have not previously passed high school equivalency testing. As used in this Section, "career certificate" means a certificate awarded by an institution for satisfactory completion of a prescribed curriculum that is intended to prepare an individual for employment in a specific field.

(b-2) The Prisoner Review Board may release a low-risk and

- need subject person from mandatory supervised release as 1
- 2 determined by an appropriate evidence-based risk and need
- 3 assessment.
- (c) The order of discharge shall become effective upon 4
- entry of the order of the Board. The Board shall notify the 5
- clerk of the committing court of the order. Upon receipt of 6
- 7 such copy, the clerk shall make an entry on the record judgment
- 8 that the sentence or commitment has been satisfied pursuant to
- 9 the order.
- 10 (d) Rights of the person discharged under this Section
- 11 shall be restored under Section 5-5-5.
- 12 (e) Upon a denial of early discharge under this Section,
- the Prisoner Review Board shall provide the person on parole 13
- 14 or mandatory supervised release a list of steps or
- 15 requirements that the person must complete or meet to be
- 16 granted an early discharge at a subsequent review and share
- 17 the process for seeking a subsequent early discharge review
- under this subsection. Upon the completion of such steps or 18
- 19 requirements, the person on parole or mandatory supervised
- 20 release may petition the Prisoner Review Board to grant them
- an early discharge review. Within no more than 30 days of a 21
- 22 petition under this subsection, the Prisoner Review Board
- 23 shall review the petition and make a determination.
- (Source: P.A. 99-268, eff. 1-1-16; 99-628, eff. 1-1-17; 100-3, 24
- 25 eff. 1-1-18.)

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(730 ILCS 5/3-14-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-14-2) 1

Sec. 3-14-2. Supervision on Parole, Mandatory Supervised Release and Release by Statute.

(a) The Department shall retain custody of all persons placed on parole or mandatory supervised release or released pursuant to Section 3-3-10 of this Code and shall supervise such persons during their parole or release period in accord with the conditions set by the Prisoner Review Board. When setting conditions, the Prisoner Review Board shall make an individualized assessment as to what conditions are appropriate based on the risk and needs assessment, program participation and completion, assignment history while incarcerated, and behavior history during the period of the incarceration and involve only such deprivations of liberty or property as are reasonably necessary to protect the public from the person's conduct in the underlying conviction or violation. In determining conditions, the Prisoner Review Board shall also consider the reasonableness of imposing additional conditions on the person and the extent to which the conditions impact the person's work, education, community service, financial, and family caregiving obligations. Such conditions shall include referral to an alcohol or drug abuse appropriate, if such person has treatment program, as previously been identified as having an alcohol or drug abuse problem. Such conditions may include that the person use an approved electronic monitoring device subject to Article 8A of

1 Chapter V.

- 2 (b) The Department shall assign personnel to assist
 3 persons eligible for parole in preparing a parole plan. Such
 4 Department personnel shall make a report of their efforts and
 5 findings to the Prisoner Review Board prior to its
 6 consideration of the case of such eligible person.
 - (c) A copy of the conditions of his parole or release shall be signed by the parolee or releasee and given to him and to his supervising officer who shall report on his progress under the rules and regulations of the Prisoner Review Board. The supervising officer shall report violations to the Prisoner Review Board and shall have the full power of peace officers in the arrest and retaking of any parolees or releasees or the officer may request the Department to issue a warrant for the arrest of any parolee or releasee who has allegedly violated his parole or release conditions.
 - (c-1) The supervising officer shall request the Department to issue a parole violation warrant, and the Department shall issue a parole violation warrant, under the following circumstances:
 - (1) if the parolee or releasee commits an act that constitutes a felony using a firearm or knife,
 - (2) if applicable, fails to comply with the requirements of the Sex Offender Registration Act,
 - (3) if the parolee or releasee is charged with:
 - (A) a felony offense of domestic battery under

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| 1 | Section 12-3.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the |
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| 2 | Criminal Code of 2012, |
| 3 | (B) aggravated domestic battery under Section |
| 4 | 12-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal |
| 5 | Code of 2012, |
| 6 | (C) stalking under Section 12-7.3 of the Criminal |
| 7 | Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, |
| 8 | (D) aggravated stalking under Section 12-7.4 of |
| 9 | the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, |
| 10 | (E) violation of an order of protection under |
| 11 | Section 12-3.4 or 12-30 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or |
| 12 | the Criminal Code of 2012, or |
| 13 | (F) any offense that would require registration as |
| 14 | a sex offender under the Sex Offender Registration |
| 15 | Act, or |
| 16 | (4) if the parolee or releasee is on parole or |
| 17 | mandatory supervised release for a murder, a Class X |
| 18 | felony or a Class 1 felony violation of the Criminal Code |
| 19 | of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or any felony that |
| 20 | requires registration as a sex offender under the Sex |

A sheriff or other peace officer may detain an alleged parole or release violator until a warrant for his return to the Department can be issued. The parolee or releasee may be

Offender Registration Act and commits an act

1 felony, a Class 2 felony, or a Class 3 felony.

constitutes first degree murder, a Class X felony, a Class

delivered to any secure place until he can be transported to 1

the Department. The officer or the Department shall file a

violation report with notice of charges with the Prisoner

Review Board.

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- (d) The supervising officer shall regularly advise and consult with the parolee or releasee, assist him in adjusting to community life, inform him of the restoration of his rights on successful completion of sentence under Section 5-5-5, and provide the parolee or releasee with an electronic copy of the Department of Corrections system of graduated responses as set forth under subparagraph (D) of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section 10 of the Illinois Crime Reduction Act of 2009 and any sanctions matrix based on that system. If the parolee or releasee has been convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, the supervising officer shall periodically, but not less than once a month, verify that the parolee or releasee is in compliance with paragraph (7.6) of subsection (a) of Section 3-3-7.
- (d-1) At least once every 3 months, the supervising officer of a parolee or releasee shall review the case of the parolee or releasee to assess the parolee's or releasee's progress and suitability for early discharge under subsection (b) of Section 3-3-8 and provide a recommendation for either early discharge or the continuation of parole or mandatory supervised release as previously ordered. The recommendation and the rationale for the recommendation shall be noted in the

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1 Department's case management system. Within 15 days of receiving the supervising officer's recommendation, the Department shall provide a copy of the final recommendation, in writing or electronically, to the Prisoner Review Board and to the parolee or releasee. If an early discharge recommendation was not provided, the supervising officer shall 7 share the list of steps or requirements that the person must complete or meet to be granted an early discharge recommendation at a subsequent review under agency guidelines. The Department shall develop quidelines and policies to support the regular review of parolees and releasees for early 12 discharge consideration and the timely notification of the Prisoner Review Board when early discharge is recommended. 13

(d-2) Supervising officers shall schedule meetings, which are required under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 3-3-7 as a condition of parole or mandatory supervised release, at such times and locations that take into consideration the medical needs, caregiving obligations, and work schedule of a parolee or releasee.

(d-3) To comply with the provisions of subsection (d-2), in lieu of requiring the parolee or releasee to appear in person for the required reporting or meetings, supervising officers may utilize technology, including cellular and other electronic communication devices or platforms, that allows for communication between the supervised individual and the supervising officer.

- Supervising officers shall receive 1 (e) specialized
- 2 training in the special needs of female releasees or parolees
- 3 including the family reunification process.
- (f) The supervising officer shall keep such records as the 4
- 5 Prisoner Review Board or Department may require. All records
- shall be entered in the master file of the individual. 6
- (Source: P.A. 96-282, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1447, eff. 8-20-10; 7
- 97-389, eff. 8-15-11; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.) 8
- 9 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-3)
- 10 Sec. 5-6-3. Conditions of probation and of conditional
- 11 discharge.
- 12 The conditions of probation and of conditional (a)
- 13 discharge shall be that the person:
- 14 (1)not violate any criminal statute of any
- 15 jurisdiction;
- 16 (2) report to or appear in person before such person
- or agency as directed by the court. To comply with the 17
- 18 provisions of this paragraph (2), in lieu of requiring the
- person on probation or conditional discharge to appear in 19
- 20 person for the required reporting or meetings, the officer
- 21 may utilize technology, including cellular and other
- 22 electronic communication devices or platforms, that allow
- 23 for communication between the supervised person and the
- officer in accordance with standards and guidelines 24
- 25 established by the Administrative Office of the Illinois

<u>Courts</u>;

- (3) refrain from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon where the offense is a felony or, if a misdemeanor, the offense involved the intentional or knowing infliction of bodily harm or threat of bodily harm;
- (4) not leave the State without the consent of the court or, in circumstances in which the reason for the absence is of such an emergency nature that prior consent by the court is not possible, without the prior notification and approval of the person's probation officer. Transfer of a person's probation or conditional discharge supervision to another state is subject to acceptance by the other state pursuant to the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision;
- (5) permit the probation officer to visit him at his home or elsewhere to the extent necessary to discharge his duties;
- (6) perform no less than 30 hours of community service and not more than 120 hours of community service, if community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board where the offense was committed, where the offense was related to or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang and was motivated by the offender's membership in or allegiance to an organized gang. The community service

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shall include, but not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of any damage caused by a violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 and similar damage to property located within the municipality or county in which the violation occurred. When possible and reasonable, the community service should be performed in the offender's neighborhood. For purposes of this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of community service hours for participation in activities and treatment as determined by court services;

(7) if he or she is at least 17 years of age and has been sentenced to probation or conditional discharge for a misdemeanor or felony in a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony, may be required by the sentencing court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing high school equivalency testing or to work toward completing a vocational training program approved by the court. The person on probation or conditional discharge must attend a public institution of education to obtain the educational or vocational training required by this paragraph (7). The

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court shall revoke the probation or conditional discharge of a person who willfully fails to comply with this paragraph (7). The person on probation or conditional discharge shall be required to pay for the cost of the educational courses or high school equivalency testing if a fee is charged for those courses or testing. The court shall resentence the offender whose probation conditional discharge has been revoked as provided in Section 5-6-4. This paragraph (7) does not apply to a person who has a high school diploma or has successfully passed high school equivalency testing. This paragraph (7) does not apply to a person who is determined by the court a person with a developmental disability or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational program;

(8) if convicted of possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act after a previous conviction or disposition of supervision for possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or Illinois Controlled Substances Act or after a sentence of probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act and upon a finding by the court that the

person is addicted, undergo treatment at a substance abuse program approved by the court;

- (8.5) if convicted of a felony sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, the person shall undergo and successfully complete sex offender treatment by a treatment provider approved by the Board and conducted in conformance with the standards developed under the Sex Offender Management Board Act;
- (8.6) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, refrain from residing at the same address or in the same condominium unit or apartment unit or in the same condominium complex or apartment complex with another person he or she knows or reasonably should know is a convicted sex offender or has been placed on supervision for a sex offense; the provisions of this paragraph do not apply to a person convicted of a sex offense who is placed in a Department of Corrections licensed transitional housing facility for sex offenders;
- (8.7) if convicted for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-464) that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is not related to the accused

and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (8.7), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is not related to the accused if the person is not: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused;

- (8.8) if convicted for an offense under Section 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-14.4 that involves soliciting for a juvenile prostitute, 11-15.1, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or any attempt to commit any of these offenses, committed on or after June 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-983):
 - (i) not access or use a computer or any other device with Internet capability without the prior written approval of the offender's probation officer, except in connection with the offender's employment or search for employment with the prior approval of the offender's probation officer;
 - (ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations of the offender's computer or any other device with Internet capability by the offender's probation officer, a law enforcement officer, or assigned

computer or information technology specialist, including the retrieval and copying of all data from the computer or device and any internal or external peripherals and removal of such information, equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough inspection;

- (iii) submit to the installation on the offender's computer or device with Internet capability, at the offender's expense, of one or more hardware or software systems to monitor the Internet use; and
- (iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions concerning the offender's use of or access to a computer or any other device with Internet capability imposed by the offender's probation officer;
- (8.9) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or after January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-262), refrain from accessing or using a social networking website as defined in Section 17-0.5 of the Criminal Code of 2012;
- (9) if convicted of a felony or of any misdemeanor violation of Section 12-1, 12-2, 12-3, 12-3.2, 12-3.4, or 12-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 that was determined, pursuant to Section 112A-11.1 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, to trigger the prohibitions of 18 U.S.C. 922(g)(9), physically surrender

at a time and place designated by the court, his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card and any and all firearms in his or her possession. The Court shall return to the Illinois State Police Firearm Owner's Identification Card Office the person's Firearm Owner's Identification Card;

- (10) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in subsection (a-5) of Section 3-1-2 of this Code, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18 years of age present in the home and no non-familial minors are present, not participate in a holiday event involving children under 18 years of age, such as distributing candy or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as a department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny costume on or preceding Easter;
- (11) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or after January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-362) that requires the person to register as a sex offender under that Act, may not knowingly use any computer scrub software on any computer that the sex offender uses;
- (12) if convicted of a violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the

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| 1 | Methamphetamine | Precursor | Control | Act, | or | а |
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| 2 | methamphetamine | related offense: | • | | | |

- (A) prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or having under his or her control any product containing pseudoephedrine unless prescribed by a physician; and
- (B) prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or having under his or her control any product containing ammonium nitrate; and
- (13) if convicted of a hate crime involving the protected class identified in subsection (a) of Section 12-7.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 that gave rise to the offense the offender committed, perform public community service of no less than 200 hours and enroll in an educational program discouraging hate crimes that includes racial, ethnic, and cultural sensitivity training ordered by the court.
- The Court may in addition to other reasonable conditions relating to the nature of the offense or the rehabilitation of the defendant as determined for each defendant in the proper discretion of the Court require that the person:
- serve a term of periodic imprisonment under Article 7 for a period not to exceed that specified in paragraph (d) of Section 5-7-1;
 - (2) pay a fine and costs;
 - (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational

| Τ | training; |
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| 2 | (4) undergo medical, psychological or psychiatric |
| 3 | treatment; or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism; |
| 4 | (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the |
| 5 | instruction or residence of defendants on probation; |
| 6 | (6) support his dependents; |
| 7 | (7) and in addition, if a minor: |
| 8 | (i) reside with his parents or in a foster home; |
| 9 | (ii) attend school; |
| 10 | (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth; |
| 11 | (iv) contribute to his own support at home or in a |
| 12 | foster home; |
| 13 | (v) with the consent of the superintendent of the |
| 14 | facility, attend an educational program at a facility |
| 15 | other than the school in which the offense was |
| 16 | committed if he or she is convicted of a crime of |
| 17 | violence as defined in Section 2 of the Crime Victims |
| 18 | Compensation Act committed in a school, on the real |
| 19 | property comprising a school, or within 1,000 feet of |
| 20 | the real property comprising a school; |
| 21 | (8) make restitution as provided in Section 5-5-6 of |
| 22 | this Code; |
| 23 | (9) perform some reasonable public or community |
| 24 | service; |
| 25 | (10) serve a term of home confinement. In addition to |

any other applicable condition of probation or conditional

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discharge, the conditions of home confinement shall be that the offender:

- (i) remain within the interior premises of the place designated for his confinement during the hours designated by the court;
- (ii) admit any person or agent designated by the court into the offender's place of confinement at any time for purposes of verifying the offender's compliance with the conditions of his confinement; and
- (iii) if further deemed necessary by the court or the Probation or Court Services Department, be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, subject to Article 8A of Chapter V;
- for persons convicted of any alcohol, cannabis or controlled substance violation who are placed on an approved monitoring device as a condition of probation or conditional discharge, the court shall impose a reasonable fee for each day of the use of the device, as established by the county board in subsection (q) of this Section, unless after determining the inability of the offender to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the case may be. This fee shall be imposed in addition to the fees imposed under subsections (q) and (i) of this Section. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court, except as provided in an administrative

order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the substance abuse services fund under Section 5-1086.1 of the Counties Code, except as provided in an administrative order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court.

The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may by administrative order establish a program for electronic monitoring of offenders, in which a vendor supplies and monitors the operation of the electronic monitoring device, and collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program shall include provisions for indigent offenders and the collection of unpaid fees. The program shall not unduly burden the offender and shall be subject to review by the Chief Judge.

The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend any additional charges or fees for late payment, interest, or damage to any device; and

(v) for persons convicted of offenses other than those referenced in clause (iv) above and who are placed on an approved monitoring device as a condition of probation or conditional discharge, the court shall impose a reasonable fee for each day of the use of the device, as established by the county board in subsection (g) of this Section, unless after

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determining the inability of the defendant to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the case may be. This fee shall be imposed in addition to the fees imposed under subsections (q) and (i) of this Section. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court, except as provided in an administrative order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer who shall use the monies collected to defray the costs of corrections. The county treasurer shall deposit the fee collected in the probation and court services fund. The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may by administrative order establish a program for electronic monitoring of offenders, in which a vendor supplies and monitors the operation of the electronic monitoring device, and collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program shall include provisions for indigent offenders and the collection of unpaid fees. The program shall not unduly burden the offender and shall be subject to review by the Chief Judge.

The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend any additional charges or fees for late payment, interest, or damage to any device.

(11) comply with the terms and conditions of an order

of protection issued by the court pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, as now or hereafter amended, or an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory. A copy of the order of protection shall be transmitted to the probation officer or agency having responsibility for the case;

- (12) reimburse any "local anti-crime program" as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act for any reasonable expenses incurred by the program on the offender's case, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced;
- (13) contribute a reasonable sum of money, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced, (i) to a "local anti-crime program", as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act, or (ii) for offenses under the jurisdiction of the Department of Natural Resources, to the fund established by the Department of Natural Resources for the purchase of evidence for investigation purposes and to conduct investigations as outlined in Section 805-105 of the Department of Natural Resources (Conservation) Law;
- (14) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon such terms as the court finds

appropriate. Such terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons accompanying the defendant, and advance approval by a probation officer, if the defendant has been placed on probation or advance approval by the court, if the defendant was placed on conditional discharge;

- (15) refrain from having any contact, directly or indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular types of persons, including but not limited to members of street gangs and drug users or dealers;
- (16) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug;
- (17) if convicted for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-464) that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (17), "Internet" has

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the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is related to the accused if the person is: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused;

- (18) if convicted for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-983) that would qualify as a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act:
 - (i) not access or use a computer or any other device with Internet capability without the prior written approval of the offender's probation officer, except in connection with the offender's employment or search for employment with the prior approval of the offender's probation officer;
 - (ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations of the offender's computer or any other device with Internet capability by the offender's probation a law enforcement officer, or assigned officer, computer or information technology specialist, including the retrieval and copying of all data from the computer or device and any internal or external peripherals and removal of such information, equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough inspection;

- (iii) submit to the installation on the offender's computer or device with Internet capability, at the subject's expense, of one or more hardware or software systems to monitor the Internet use; and
 - (iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions concerning the offender's use of or access to a computer or any other device with Internet capability imposed by the offender's probation officer; and
 - (19) refrain from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon where the offense is a misdemeanor that did not involve the intentional or knowing infliction of bodily harm or threat of bodily harm.
 - (c) The court may as a condition of probation or of conditional discharge require that a person under 18 years of age found guilty of any alcohol, cannabis or controlled substance violation, refrain from acquiring a driver's license during the period of probation or conditional discharge. If such person is in possession of a permit or license, the court may require that the minor refrain from driving or operating any motor vehicle during the period of probation or conditional discharge, except as may be necessary in the course of the minor's lawful employment.
 - (d) An offender sentenced to probation or to conditional discharge shall be given a certificate setting forth the conditions thereof.
 - (e) Except where the offender has committed a fourth or

subsequent violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, the court shall not require as a condition of the sentence of probation or conditional discharge that the offender be committed to a period of imprisonment in excess of 6 months. This 6-month limit shall not include periods of confinement given pursuant to a sentence of county impact incarceration under Section 5-8-1.2.

Persons committed to imprisonment as a condition of probation or conditional discharge shall not be committed to the Department of Corrections.

- (f) The court may combine a sentence of periodic imprisonment under Article 7 or a sentence to a county impact incarceration program under Article 8 with a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.
- (g) An offender sentenced to probation or to conditional discharge and who during the term of either undergoes mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, or is assigned to be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, shall be ordered to pay all costs incidental to such mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and all costs incidental to such approved electronic monitoring in accordance with the defendant's ability to pay those costs. The county board with the concurrence of the Chief Judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall establish reasonable fees for the cost of maintenance, testing, and incidental expenses related to the mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and

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all costs incidental to approved electronic monitoring, involved in a successful probation program for the county. The concurrence of the Chief Judge shall be in the form of an administrative order. The fees shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court, except as provided in an administrative order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all moneys collected from these fees to the county treasurer who shall use the moneys collected to defray the costs of drug testing, alcohol testing, and electronic monitoring. The county treasurer shall deposit the fees collected in the county working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of the Counties Code, as the case may be. The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may by administrative order establish a program for electronic monitoring of offenders, in which a vendor supplies and monitors the operation of the electronic monitoring device, and collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program shall include provisions for indigent offenders and the collection of unpaid fees. The program shall not unduly burden the offender and shall be subject to review by the Chief Judge.

The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend any additional charges or fees for late payment, interest, or damage to any device.

(h) Jurisdiction over an offender may be transferred from the sentencing court to the court of another circuit with the concurrence of both courts. Further transfers or retransfers

of jurisdiction are also authorized in the same manner. The court to which jurisdiction has been transferred shall have the same powers as the sentencing court. The probation department within the circuit to which jurisdiction has been transferred, or which has agreed to provide supervision, may impose probation fees upon receiving the transferred offender, as provided in subsection (i). For all transfer cases, as defined in Section 9b of the Probation and Probation Officers Act, the probation department from the original sentencing court shall retain all probation fees collected prior to the transfer. After the transfer, all probation fees shall be paid to the probation department within the circuit to which jurisdiction has been transferred.

(i) The court shall impose upon an offender sentenced to probation after January 1, 1989 or to conditional discharge after January 1, 1992 or to community service under the supervision of a probation or court services department after January 1, 2004, as a condition of such probation or conditional discharge or supervised community service, a fee of \$50 for each month of probation or conditional discharge supervision or supervised community service ordered by the court, unless after determining the inability of the person sentenced to probation or conditional discharge or supervised community service to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee. The court may not impose the fee on a minor who is placed in the guardianship or custody of the Department of Children

and Family Services under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 while the minor is in placement. The fee shall be imposed only upon an offender who is actively supervised by the probation and court services department. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the probation and court services fund under Section 15.1 of the Probation and Probation Officers Act.

A circuit court may not impose a probation fee under this subsection (i) in excess of \$25 per month unless the circuit court has adopted, by administrative order issued by the chief judge, a standard probation fee guide determining an offender's ability to pay. Of the amount collected as a probation fee, up to \$5 of that fee collected per month may be used to provide services to crime victims and their families.

The Court may only waive probation fees based on an offender's ability to pay. The probation department may re-evaluate an offender's ability to pay every 6 months, and, with the approval of the Director of Court Services or the Chief Probation Officer, adjust the monthly fee amount. An offender may elect to pay probation fees due in a lump sum. Any offender that has been assigned to the supervision of a probation department, or has been transferred either under subsection (h) of this Section or under any interstate compact, shall be required to pay probation fees to the

- department supervising the offender, based on the offender's
- 2 ability to pay.
- 3 Public Act 93-970 deletes the \$10 increase in the fee
- 4 under this subsection that was imposed by Public Act 93-616.
- 5 This deletion is intended to control over any other Act of the
- 6 93rd General Assembly that retains or incorporates that fee
- 7 increase.
- 8 (i-5) In addition to the fees imposed under subsection (i)
- 9 of this Section, in the case of an offender convicted of a
- 10 felony sex offense (as defined in the Sex Offender Management
- 11 Board Act) or an offense that the court or probation
- department has determined to be sexually motivated (as defined
- in the Sex Offender Management Board Act), the court or the
- 14 probation department shall assess additional fees to pay for
- 15 all costs of treatment, assessment, evaluation for risk and
- 16 treatment, and monitoring the offender, based on that
- offender's ability to pay those costs either as they occur or
- 18 under a payment plan.
- 19 (j) All fines and costs imposed under this Section for any
- violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle
- 21 Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any
- 22 violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar
- 23 provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and
- 24 disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under the Criminal
- and Traffic Assessment Act.
- 26 (k) Any offender who is sentenced to probation or

- conditional discharge for a felony sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act or any offense that the court or probation department has determined to be sexually motivated as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act shall be required to refrain from any contact, directly or indirectly, with any persons specified by the court and shall be available for all evaluations and treatment programs required by the court or the probation department.
- 9 (1) The court may order an offender who is sentenced to 10 probation or conditional discharge for a violation of an order 11 of protection be placed under electronic surveillance as 12 provided in Section 5-8A-7 of this Code.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)
- Section 10. The Illinois Crime Reduction Act of 2009 is amended by changing Section 10 as follows:
- 16 (730 ILCS 190/10)
- 17 Sec. 10. Evidence-based programming.
- (a) Purpose. Research and practice have identified new strategies and policies that can result in a significant reduction in recidivism rates and the successful local reintegration of offenders. The purpose of this Section is to ensure that State and local agencies direct their resources to services and programming that have been demonstrated to be effective in reducing recidivism and reintegrating offenders

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- (b) Evidence-based programming in local supervision.
 - (1)The Parole Division of the Department Corrections and the Prisoner Review Board shall adopt policies, rules, and regulations that, within the first year of the adoption, validation, and utilization of the statewide, standardized risk assessment tool described in this Act, result in at least 25% of supervised individuals being supervised in accordance with evidence-based practices; within 3 years of the adoption, validation, and utilization of the statewide, standardized risk assessment tool result in at least 50% of supervised individuals accordance with evidence-based being supervised in practices; and within 5 years of the adoption, validation, and utilization of the statewide, standardized risk assessment tool result in at least 75% of supervised individuals being supervised in accordance with evidence-based practices. The policies, rules, and regulations shall:
 - (A) Provide for a standardized individual case plan that follows the offender through the criminal justice system (including in-prison if the supervised individual is in prison) that is:
 - (i) Based on the assets of the individual as well as his or her risks and needs identified through the assessment tool as described in this

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| Act. |
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| (ii) Comprised of treatment and supervision |
| services appropriate to achieve the purpose of |
| this Act. |
| (iii) Consistently updated, based on program |
| participation by the supervised individual and |
| other behavior modification exhibited by the |
| supervised individual. |
| (B) Concentrate resources and services on |
| high-risk offenders. |
| (C) Provide for the use of evidence-based |
| programming related to education, job training, |
| cognitive behavioral therapy, and other programming |
| designed to reduce criminal behavior. |
| (D) Establish a system of graduated responses. |
| (i) The system shall set forth a menu of |
| presumptive responses for the most common types of |
| supervision violations. |
| (ii) The system shall be guided by the model |
| list of intermediate sanctions created by the |
| Probation Services Division of the State of |
| Illinois pursuant to subsection (1) of Section 15 |
| of the Probation and Probation Officers Act and |
| the system of intermediate sanctions created by |
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the Chief Judge of each circuit court pursuant to

Section 5-6-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

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| 1 | (iii) The system of responses shall take into |
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| 2 | account factors such as the severity of the |
| 3 | current violation; the supervised individual's |
| 4 | risk level as determined by a validated assessment |
| 5 | tool described in this Act; the supervised |
| 6 | individual's assets; his or her previous criminal |
| 7 | record; and the number and severity of any |
| 8 | previous supervision violations. |
| 9 | (iv) The system shall also define positive |
| 10 | reinforcements that supervised individuals may |
| 11 | receive for compliance with conditions of |
| 12 | supervision. |
| 13 | (v) Response to violations should be swift and |
| 14 | certain and should be imposed as soon as |
| 15 | practicable but no longer than 3 working days of |
| 16 | detection of the violation behavior. |
| 17 | (vi) The system of graduated responses shall |
| 18 | be published on the Department of Corrections |
| 19 | website for public view. |
| 20 | (2) Conditions of local supervision (probation and |
| 21 | mandatory supervised release). Conditions of local |
| 22 | supervision whether imposed by a sentencing judge or the |
| 23 | Prisoner Review Board shall be imposed in accordance with |
| 24 | the offender's risks, assets, and needs as identified |

through the assessment tool described in this Act.

(3) The Department of Corrections and the Prisoner

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Review Board shall annually publish an exemplar copy of any evidence-based assessments, questionnaires, or other instruments used to set conditions of release.

- (c) Evidence-based in-prison programming.
- (1)The Department of Corrections shall adopt policies, rules, and regulations that, within the first year of the adoption, validation, and utilization of the statewide, standardized risk assessment tool described in this Act, result in at least 25% of incarcerated individuals receiving services and programming accordance with evidence-based practices; within 3 years the adoption, validation, and utilization of the statewide, standardized risk assessment tool result in at least 50% of incarcerated individuals receiving services programming in accordance with evidence-based practices; and within 5 years of the adoption, validation, and utilization of the statewide, standardized risk assessment tool result in at least 75% of incarcerated individuals receiving services and programming accordance with evidence-based practices. The policies, rules, and regulations shall:
 - (A) Provide for the use and development of a case plan based on the risks, assets, and needs identified through the assessment tool as described in this Act. The case plan should be used to determine in-prison programming; should be continuously updated based on

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program participation by the prisoner and other behavior modification exhibited by the prisoner; and should be used when creating the case plan described in subsection (b).

- (B) Provide for the use of evidence-based programming related to education, job training, cognitive behavioral therapy and other evidence-based programming.
- (C) Establish education programs based on a teacher to student ratio of no more than 1:30.
- (D) Expand the use of drug prisons, modeled after the Sheridan Correctional Center, to provide sufficient drug treatment and other support services to non-violent inmates with a history of substance abuse.
- (2) Participation and completion of programming by prisoners can impact earned time credit as determined under Section 3-6-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
- (3) The Department of Corrections shall provide its employees with intensive and ongoing training and professional development services to support the implementation of evidence-based practices. The training professional development services shall assessment techniques, case planning, cognitive behavioral training, risk reduction and intervention strategies, effective communication skills, substance abuse treatment

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- education and other topics identified by the Department or its employees.
 - (d) The Parole Division of the Department of Corrections and the Prisoner Review Board shall provide their employees intensive and ongoing training and professional development services to support the implementation evidence-based practices. The training and professional development services shall include assessment techniques, case planning, cognitive behavioral training, risk reduction and intervention strategies, effective communication substance abuse treatment education, and other topics identified by the agencies or their employees.
 - (e) The Department of Corrections, the Prisoner Review Board, and other correctional entities referenced in the policies, rules, and regulations of this Act shall design, implement, and make public a system to evaluate effectiveness of evidence-based practices in increasing public successful reintegration of those safety and in supervision into the locality. Annually, each agency shall submit to the Sentencing Policy Advisory Council comprehensive report on the success of implementing evidence-based practices. The data compiled and analyzed by the Council shall be delivered annually to the Governor and the General Assembly.
 - (f) The Department of Corrections and the Prisoner Review Board shall release a report annually published on their

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Corrections;

| 1 | websites that reports the following information about the |
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| 2 | usage of electronic monitoring and GPS monitoring as a |
| 3 | condition of parole and mandatory supervised release during |
| 4 | the prior calendar year: |
| 5 | (1) demographic data of individuals on electronic |
| 6 | monitoring and GPS monitoring, separated by the following |
| 7 | categories: |
| 8 | (A) race or ethnicity; |
| 9 | (B) gender; and |
| 10 | (C) age; |
| 11 | (2) incarceration data of individuals subject to |
| 12 | conditions of electronic or GPS monitoring, separated by |
| 13 | the following categories: |
| 14 | (A) highest class of offense for which the |
| 15 | individuals are currently serving a term of release; |
| 16 | and |
| 17 | (B) length of imprisonment served prior to the |
| 18 | current release period; |
| 19 | (3) the number of individuals subject to conditions of |
| 20 | electronic or GPS monitoring, separated by the following |
| 21 | categories: |

(A) the number of individuals subject to

(B) the number of individuals subject monitoring

monitoring under Section 5-8A-6 of the Unified Code of

under Section 5-8A-7 of the Unified Code of

Corrections;

| 2 | (C) the number of individuals subject to |
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| 3 | monitoring under a discretionary order of the Prisoner |
| 4 | Review Board at the time of their release; and |
| 5 | (D) the number of individuals subject to |
| 6 | monitoring as a sanction for violations of parole or |
| 7 | mandatory supervised release, separated by the |
| 8 | following categories: |
| 9 | (i) the number of individuals subject to |
| 10 | monitoring as part of a graduated sanctions |
| 11 | program; and |
| 12 | (ii) the number of individuals subject to |
| 13 | monitoring as a new condition of re-release after |
| 14 | a revocation hearing before the Prisoner Review |
| 15 | Board; |
| 16 | (4) the number of discretionary monitoring orders |
| 17 | issued by the Prisoner Review Board, separated by the |
| 18 | following categories: |
| 19 | (A) less than 30 days; |
| 20 | (B) 31 to 60 days; |
| 21 | (C) 61 to 90 days; |
| 22 | (D) 91 to 120 days; |
| 23 | (E) 121 to 150 days; |
| 24 | (F) 151 to 180 days; |
| 25 | (G) 181 to 364 days; |
| 26 | (H) 365 days or more; and |

| 1 | (I) duration of release term; |
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| 2 | (5) the number of discretionary monitoring orders by |
| 3 | the Board which removed or terminated monitoring prior to |
| 4 | the completion of the original period ordered; |
| 5 | (6) the number and severity category for sanctions |
| 6 | imposed on individuals on electronic or GPS monitoring, |
| 7 | separated by the following categories: |
| 8 | (A) absconding from electronic monitoring or GPS; |
| 9 | (B) tampering or removing the electronic |
| 10 | monitoring or GPS device; |
| 11 | (C) unauthorized leaving of the residence; |
| 12 | (D) presence of the individual in a prohibited |
| 13 | area; or |
| 14 | (E) other violations of the terms of the |
| 15 | electronic monitoring program; |
| 16 | (7) the number of individuals for whom a parole |
| 17 | revocation case was filed for failure to comply with the |
| 18 | terms of electronic or GPS monitoring, separated by the |
| 19 | following categories: |
| 20 | (A) cases when failure to comply with the terms of |
| 21 | monitoring was the sole violation alleged; and |
| 22 | (B) cases when failure to comply with the terms of |
| 23 | monitoring was alleged in conjunction with other |
| 24 | alleged violations; |
| 25 | (8) residential data for individuals subject to |

electronic or GPS monitoring, separated by the following

- (A) the county of the residence address for individuals subject to electronic or GPS monitoring as a condition of their release; and
 - (B) for counties with a population over 3,000,000, the zip codes of the residence address for individuals subject to electronic or GPS monitoring as a condition of their release;
- (9) the number of individuals for whom parole revocation cases were filed due to violations of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 3-3-7 of the Unified Code of Corrections, separated by the following categories:
 - (A) the number of individuals whose violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 3-3-7 of the Unified Code of Corrections allegedly occurred while the individual was subject to conditions of electronic or GPS monitoring;
 - (B) the number of individuals who had violations of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 3-3-7 of the Unified Code of Corrections alleged against them who were never subject to electronic or GPS monitoring during their current term of release; and
 - (C) the number of individuals who had violations of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 3-3-7 of the Unified Code of Corrections alleged against them who were subject to electronic or GPS monitoring for

any period of time during their current term of their
release, but who were not subject to such monitoring
at the time of the alleged violation of paragraph (1)
of subsection (a) of Section 3-3-7 of the Unified Code
of Corrections.

(Source: P.A. 101-231, eff. 1-1-20; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)