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AN ACT concerning security information.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Open Meetings Act is amended by changing
Section 2 as follows:

6 (5 ILCS 120/2) (from Ch. 102, par. 42)

7 Sec. 2. Open meetings.

8 (a) Openness required. All meetings of public bodies 9 shall be open to the public unless excepted in subsection (c) 10 and closed in accordance with Section 2a.

(b) Construction of exceptions. The 11 exceptions 12 contained in subsection (c) are in derogation of the 13 requirement that public bodies meet in the open, and therefore, the exceptions are to be strictly construed, 14 15 extending only to subjects clearly within their scope. The 16 exceptions authorize but do not require the holding of a closed meeting to discuss a subject included within an 17 18 enumerated exception.

19 (c) Exceptions. A public body may hold closed meetings20 to consider the following subjects:

(1) The appointment, employment, compensation,
discipline, performance, or dismissal of specific
employees of the public body, including hearing testimony
on a complaint lodged against an employee to determine
its validity.

26 (2) Collective negotiating matters between the
27 public body and its employees or their representatives,
28 or deliberations concerning salary schedules for one or
29 more classes of employees.

30 (3) The selection of a person to fill a public
31 office, as defined in this Act, including a vacancy in a

public office, when the public body is given power to appoint under law or ordinance, or the discipline, performance or removal of the occupant of a public office, when the public body is given power to remove the occupant under law or ordinance.

(4) Evidence or testimony presented in 6 open 7 in closed hearing where specifically hearing, or authorized by 8 law, to a quasi-adjudicative body, as 9 defined in this Act, provided that the body prepares and makes available for public inspection a written decision 10 11 setting forth its determinative reasoning.

12 (5) The purchase or lease of real property for the 13 use of the public body, including meetings held for the 14 purpose of discussing whether a particular parcel should 15 be acquired.

16 (6) The setting of a price for sale or lease of17 property owned by the public body.

18 (7) The sale or purchase of securities,19 investments, or investment contracts.

20 (8) Security procedures and the use of personnel
21 and equipment to respond to an actual, a threatened, or a
22 reasonably potential danger to the safety of employees,
23 students, staff, the public, or public property.

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(9) Student disciplinary cases.

(10) The placement of individual students in
special education programs and other matters relating to
individual students.

(11) Litigation, when an action against, affecting
or on behalf of the particular public body has been filed
and is pending before a court or administrative tribunal,
or when the public body finds that an action is probable
or imminent, in which case the basis for the finding
shall be recorded and entered into the minutes of the
closed meeting.

1 (12) The establishment of reserves or settlement of 2 claims as provided in the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act, if otherwise 3 4 the disposition of a claim or potential claim might be prejudiced, or the review or discussion of claims, loss 5 or risk management information, records, data, advice or 6 7 communications from or with respect to any insurer of the 8 public body or any intergovernmental risk management 9 association or self insurance pool of which the public body is a member. 10

(13) Conciliation of complaints of discrimination in the sale or rental of housing, when closed meetings are authorized by the law or ordinance prescribing fair housing practices and creating a commission or administrative agency for their enforcement.

16 (14) Informant sources, the hiring or assignment of
17 undercover personnel or equipment, or ongoing, prior or
18 future criminal investigations, when discussed by a
19 public body with criminal investigatory responsibilities.

20 (15) Professional ethics or performance when
21 considered by an advisory body appointed to advise a
22 licensing or regulatory agency on matters germane to the
23 advisory body's field of competence.

24 (16) Self evaluation, practices and procedures or
25 professional ethics, when meeting with a representative
26 of a statewide association of which the public body is a
27 member.

(17) The recruitment, credentialing, discipline or
formal peer review of physicians or other health care
professionals for a hospital, or other institution
providing medical care, that is operated by the public
body.

33 (18) Deliberations for decisions of the Prisoner34 Review Board.

(19) Review or discussion of applications received
 under the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures
 Act.

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4 (20) The classification and discussion of matters
5 classified as confidential or continued confidential by
6 the State Employees Suggestion Award Board.

7 (21) Discussion of minutes of meetings lawfully
8 closed under this Act, whether for purposes of approval
9 by the body of the minutes or semi-annual review of the
10 minutes as mandated by Section 2.06.

11 (22) Deliberations for decisions of the State
 12 Emergency Medical Services Disciplinary Review Board.

13 (23) The operation by a municipality of a municipal 14 utility or the operation of a municipal power agency or 15 municipal natural gas agency when the discussion involves 16 (i) contracts relating to the purchase, sale, or delivery 17 of electricity or natural gas or (ii) the results or 18 conclusions of load forecast studies.

19 (d) Definitions. For purposes of this Section:

20 "Employee" means a person employed by a public body whose 21 relationship with the public body constitutes an 22 employer-employee relationship under the usual common law 23 rules, and who is not an independent contractor.

"Public office" means a position created by or under the 24 25 Constitution or laws of this State, the occupant of which is charged with the exercise of some portion of the sovereign 26 power of this State. The term "public office" shall include 27 28 members of the public body, but it shall not include organizational positions filled by members thereof, whether 29 established by law or by a public body itself, that exist to 30 assist the body in the conduct of its business. 31

32 "Quasi-adjudicative body" means an administrative body 33 charged by law or ordinance with the responsibility to 34 conduct hearings, receive evidence or testimony and make HB0305 Engrossed

determinations based thereon, but does not include local
 electoral boards when such bodies are considering petition
 challenges.

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4 (e) Final action. No final action may be taken at a 5 closed meeting. Final action shall be preceded by a public 6 recital of the nature of the matter being considered and 7 other information that will inform the public of the business 8 being conducted.

9 (Source: P.A. 90-144, eff. 7-23-97; 91-730, eff. 1-1-01.)

Section 10. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by changing Section 7 as follows:

12 (5 ILCS 140/7) (from Ch. 116, par. 207)

13 Sec. 7. Exemptions.

14 (1) The following shall be exempt from inspection and 15 copying:

16 (a) Information specifically prohibited from
17 disclosure by federal or State law or rules and
18 regulations adopted under federal or State law.

19 (b) Information that, if disclosed, would 20 constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, unless the disclosure is consented to in writing 21 by the individual subjects of the information. 22 The 23 disclosure of information that bears on the public duties of public employees and officials shall not be considered 24 an invasion of personal privacy. Information exempted 25 under this subsection (b) shall include but is not 26 limited to: 27

(i) files and personal information maintained
with respect to clients, patients, residents,
students or other individuals receiving social,
medical, educational, vocational, financial,
supervisory or custodial care or services directly

or indirectly from federal agencies or public
 bodies;

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3 (ii) personnel files and personal information 4 maintained with respect to employees, appointees or 5 elected officials of any public body or applicants 6 for those positions;

7 (iii) files and personal information 8 maintained with respect to any applicant, registrant 9 or licensee by any public body cooperating with or 10 engaged in professional or occupational 11 registration, licensure or discipline;

12 (iv) information required of any taxpayer in 13 connection with the assessment or collection of any 14 tax unless disclosure is otherwise required by State 15 statute; and

(v) information revealing the identity of 16 persons who file complaints with or provide 17 information to administrative, investigative, law 18 enforcement or penal agencies; provided, however, 19 that identification of witnesses to traffic 20 21 accidents, traffic accident reports, and rescue 22 reports may be provided by agencies of local government, except in a case for which a criminal 23 investigation is ongoing, without constituting a 24 25 clearly unwarranted per se invasion of personal privacy under this subsection. 26

27 (c) Records compiled by any public body for 28 administrative enforcement proceedings and any law 29 enforcement or correctional agency for law enforcement 30 purposes or for internal matters of a public body, but 31 only to the extent that disclosure would:

(i) interfere with pending or actually and
 reasonably contemplated law enforcement proceedings
 conducted by any law enforcement or correctional

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agency;

2 (ii) interfere with pending administrative enforcement proceedings conducted by any public 3 4 body;

(iii) deprive a person of a fair trial or an 5 impartial hearing; 6

7 (iv) unavoidably disclose the identity of a confidential source or confidential information 8 9 furnished only by the confidential source;

(v) disclose unique or specialized 10 investigative techniques other than those generally 11 used and known or disclose internal documents of 12 correctional agencies related to 13 detection, observation or investigation of incidents of crime 14 15 or misconduct;

16 (vi) constitute an invasion of personal privacy under subsection (b) of this Section; 17

(vii) endanger the life or physical safety of 18 19 law enforcement personnel or any other person; or

(viii) obstruct an ongoing criminal 20 21 investigation.

(d) Criminal history record information maintained 22 23 by State or local criminal justice agencies, except the following which shall be open for public inspection and 24 25 copying:

(i) chronologically maintained arrest 26 information, such as traditional arrest logs or 27 blotters; 28

(ii) the name of a person in the custody of a 29 30 law enforcement agency and the charges for which that person is being held; 31

32 (iii) court records that are public; (iv) records that are otherwise available 33 34 under State or local law; or

(v) records in which the requesting party is
 the individual identified, except as provided under
 part (vii) of paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of
 this Section.

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"Criminal history record information" means data 5 identifiable to an individual and consisting of 6 7 descriptions or notations of arrests, detentions, indictments, informations, pre-trial proceedings, trials, 8 9 or other formal events in the criminal justice system or descriptions or notations of criminal charges (including 10 11 criminal violations of local municipal ordinances) and the nature of any disposition arising therefrom, 12 including sentencing, court or correctional supervision, 13 rehabilitation and release. The term does not apply to 14 statistical records and reports in which individuals are 15 16 not identified and from which their identities are not ascertainable, or to information that is for criminal 17 investigative or intelligence purposes. 18

(e) Records that relate to or affect the securityof correctional institutions and detention facilities.

21 (f) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, 22 memoranda and other records in which opinions are expressed, or policies or actions are formulated, except 23 that a specific record or relevant portion of a record 24 shall not be exempt when the record is publicly cited and 25 identified by the head of the public body. The exemption 26 provided in this paragraph (f) extends to all those 27 records of officers and agencies of the General Assembly 28 29 that pertain to the preparation of legislative documents.

30 (g) Trade secrets and commercial or financial 31 information obtained from a person or business where the 32 trade secrets or information are proprietary, privileged 33 or confidential, or where disclosure of the trade secrets 34 or information may cause competitive harm, including all information determined to be confidential under Section
 4002 of the Technology Advancement and Development Act.
 Nothing contained in this paragraph (g) shall be
 construed to prevent a person or business from consenting
 to disclosure.

(h) Proposals and bids for any contract, grant, or 6 7 agreement, including information which if it were 8 disclosed would frustrate procurement or give an 9 advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contractor agreement with the body, until an award or 10 11 final selection is made. Information prepared by or for the body in preparation of a bid solicitation shall be 12 exempt until an award or final selection is made. 13

14 (i) Valuable formulae, computer geographic systems,
15 designs, drawings and research data obtained or produced
16 by any public body when disclosure could reasonably be
17 expected to produce private gain or public loss.

(j) Test questions, scoring keys and other
examination data used to administer an academic
examination or determined the qualifications of an
applicant for a license or employment.

(k) Architects' plans, and engineers' technical
submissions, and other construction related technical
documents for projects not constructed or developed in
whole or in part with public funds and <u>the same</u> for
projects constructed or developed with public funds, <u>but</u>
only to the extent that disclosure would compromise
security.

29 (1) Library circulation and order records
30 identifying library users with specific materials.

31 (m) Minutes of meetings of public bodies closed to 32 the public as provided in the Open Meetings Act until the 33 public body makes the minutes available to the public 34 under Section 2.06 of the Open Meetings Act. 1 (n) Communications between a public body and an 2 attorney or auditor representing the public body that would not be subject to discovery in litigation, and 3 4 materials prepared or compiled by or for a public body in anticipation of a criminal, civil or administrative 5 proceeding upon the request of an attorney advising the 6 public body, and materials prepared or compiled with 7 respect to internal audits of public bodies. 8

9 (o) Information received by a primary or secondary 10 school, college or university under its procedures for 11 the evaluation of faculty members by their academic 12 peers.

(p) Administrative or technical 13 information associated with automated data processing operations, 14 15 including but not limited to software, operating 16 protocols, computer program abstracts, file layouts, source listings, object modules, load modules, user 17 guides, documentation pertaining to all logical and 18 physical design of computerized systems, employee 19 manuals, and any other information that, if disclosed, 20 21 would jeopardize the security of the system or its data or the security of materials exempt under this Section. 22

(q) Documents or materials relating to collective
negotiating matters between public bodies and their
employees or representatives, except that any final
contract or agreement shall be subject to inspection and
copying.

(r) Drafts, notes, recommendations and memoranda
pertaining to the financing and marketing transactions of
the public body. The records of ownership, registration,
transfer, and exchange of municipal debt obligations, and
of persons to whom payment with respect to these
obligations is made.

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(s) The records, documents and information relating

1 to real estate purchase negotiations until those 2 negotiations have been completed or otherwise terminated. With regard to a parcel involved in a pending or actually 3 4 and reasonably contemplated eminent domain proceeding under Article VII of the Code of Civil Procedure, 5 records, documents and information relating to that 6 7 parcel shall be exempt except as may be allowed under discovery rules adopted by the Illinois Supreme Court. 8 9 The records, documents and information relating to a real estate sale shall be exempt until a sale is consummated. 10

(t) Any and all proprietary information and records related to the operation of an intergovernmental risk management association or self-insurance pool or jointly self-administered health and accident cooperative or pool.

16 (u) Information concerning а university's 17 adjudication of student or employee grievance or disciplinary cases, to the extent that disclosure would 18 reveal the identity of the student or employee and 19 information concerning any public body's adjudication of 20 21 student or employee grievances or disciplinary cases, except for the final outcome of the cases. 22

23 (v) Course materials or research materials used by24 faculty members.

(w) Information related solely to the internalpersonnel rules and practices of a public body.

Information contained 27 (x) in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, 28 29 on behalf of, or for the use of a public body responsible 30 regulation or supervision of financial for the institutions or insurance companies, unless disclosure is 31 otherwise required by State law. 32

33 (y) Information the disclosure of which is
 34 restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities

1 Act.

2 (z) Manuals or instruction to staff that relate to 3 establishment or collection of liability for any State 4 tax or that relate to investigations by a public body to 5 determine violation of any criminal law.

6 (aa) Applications, related documents, and medical 7 records received by the Experimental Organ 8 Transplantation Procedures Board and any and all 9 documents or other records prepared by the Experimental 10 Organ Transplantation Procedures Board or its staff 11 relating to applications it has received.

(bb) Insurance or self insurance (including any
intergovernmental risk management association or self
insurance pool) claims, loss or risk management
information, records, data, advice or communications.

16 (cc) Information and records held by the Department 17 of Public Health and its authorized representatives 18 relating to known or suspected cases of sexually 19 transmissible disease or any information the disclosure 20 of which is restricted under the Illinois Sexually 21 Transmissible Disease Control Act.

(dd) Information the disclosure of which is
exempted under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing
Act.

(ee) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55
of the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying
Qualifications Based Selection Act.

(ff) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act or the St. Clair County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety Act. (gg) Information the disclosure of which is
 restricted and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois
 Prepaid Tuition Act.

4 (hh) Information the disclosure of which is
5 exempted under Section 80 of the State Gift Ban Act.

6 (ii) Beginning July 1, 1999, information that would 7 disclose or might lead to the disclosure of secret or 8 confidential information, codes, algorithms, programs, or 9 private keys intended to be used to create electronic or 10 digital signatures under the Electronic Commerce Security 11 Act.

12 (jj) Information contained in a local emergency 13 energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance 14 with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is 15 adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal 16 Code.

17 (kk) Information and data concerning the 18 distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted 19 by wireless carriers under the Wireless Emergency 20 Telephone Safety Act.

21 (11) Vulnerability assessments, security measures, 22 and response policies or plans that are designed to 23 identify, prevent, or respond to potential attacks upon a community's population or systems, facilities, or 24 25 installations, the destruction or contamination of which would constitute a clear and present danger to the health 26 27 or safety of the community, but only to the extent that disclosure could reasonably be expected to jeopardize the 28 effectiveness of the measures or the safety of the 29 personnel who implement them or the public. Information 30 31 exempt under this item may include such things as details pertaining to the mobilization or deployment of personnel 32 33 or equipment, to the operation of communication systems 34 or protocols, or to tactical operations.

1 (mm) Maps and other records regarding the location
2 or security of a utility's generation, transmission,
3 distribution, storage, gathering, treatment, or switching
4 facilities.

5 (2) This Section does not authorize withholding of 6 information or limit the availability of records to the 7 public, except as stated in this Section or otherwise 8 provided in this Act.

9 (Source: P.A. 91-137, eff. 7-16-99; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 10 91-660, eff. 12-22-99; 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-241, eff. 11 8-3-01; 92-281, eff. 8-7-01; 92-645, eff. 7-11-02; 92-651, 12 eff. 7-11-02.)