1 AN ACT concerning employment.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4	Section	5.	The	One	Day	Rest	In	Seven	Act	is	amended	by
5	adding Section 3.1 as follows:											

- 6 (820 ILCS 140/3.1 new)
- 7 Sec. 3.1. Hotel room attendants.
- 8 (a) As used in this Section, "hotel room attendant" means a
  9 person who cleans or puts in order guest rooms in a hotel or
  10 other establishment licensed for transient occupancy.
- 11 <u>(b) This Section applies only to hotels and other</u>
  12 <u>establishments licensed for transient occupancy that are</u>
  13 located in a county with a population greater than 3,000,000.
  - (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, every hotel room attendant shall receive a minimum of 2 15-minute paid rest breaks and one 30-minute meal period in each workday on which the hotel room attendant works at least 7 hours. An employer may not require any hotel room attendant to work during a break period.
  - (d) Every employer of hotel room attendants shall make available at all times a room on the employer's premises with adequate seating and tables for the purpose of allowing hotel room attendants to enjoy break periods in a clean and comfortable environment. The room shall have clean drinking water provided without charge.
  - (e) Each employer of hotel room attendants shall keep a complete and accurate record of the break periods of its hotel room attendants.
    - (f) An employer who violates this Section shall pay to the hotel room attendant 3 times the hotel room attendant's regular hourly rate of pay for each workday during which the required breaks were not provided.

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1 (g) It is unlawful for any employer or an employer's agent 2 or representative to take any action against any person in retaliation for the exercise of rights under this Section. In 3 any civil proceeding brought under this subsection (f), if the 4 5 plaintiff establishes that he or she was employed by the defendant, exercised rights under this Section, or alleged in 6 good faith that the defendant was not complying with this 7 Section, and was thereafter terminated, demoted, or otherwise 8 9 penalized by the defendant, then a rebuttable presumption shall arise that the defendant's action was taken in retaliation for 10 11 the exercise of rights established by this Section. To rebut 12 the presumption, the defendant must prove that the sole reason for the termination, demotion, or penalty was a legitimate 13 14 business reason. 15

(h) In addition to the remedies provided in Sections 6 and 7, a person claiming violation of this Section shall be entitled to all remedies available under law or in equity, including but not limited to damages, back pay, reinstatement, or injunctive relief. Any person terminated in violation of this Section shall recover treble his or her lost normal daily compensation and fringe benefits, together with interest thereon, and any consequential damages suffered by the employee. The court shall award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to a prevailing plaintiff in an enforcement action under this Section.

Section 97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 28 29 becoming law.