

## Sen. Susan Garrett

16

## Filed: 5/31/2007

	09500HB0824sam001 LRB095 10469 JAM 37465 a
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 824
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 824 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 1. The Illinois Governmental Ethics Act is amended
5	by changing Sections 4A-101, 4A-102, 4A-103, 4A-105, 4A-106,
6	and 4A-107 as follows:
7	(5 ILCS 420/4A-101) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-101)
8	Sec. 4A-101. Persons required to file. The following
9	persons shall file verified written statements of economic
10	interests, as provided in this Article:
11	(a) Members of the General Assembly and candidates for
12	nomination or election to the General Assembly.
13	(b) Persons holding an elected office in the Executive
14	Branch of this State, and candidates for nomination or
15	election to these offices.

(c) Members of a Commission or Board created by the

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

Illinois Constitution, and candidates for nomination or election to such Commission or Board.

- (d) Persons whose appointment to office is subject to confirmation by the Senate.
- (e) Holders of, and candidates for nomination or election to, the office of judge or associate judge of the Circuit Court and the office of judge of the Appellate or Supreme Court.
- (f) Persons who are employed by any branch, agency, authority or board of the government of this State, including but not limited to, the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority, the Illinois Housing Development Authority, the Illinois Community College Board, and institutions under the jurisdiction of the Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois, Board of Trustees of Southern Illinois University, Board of Trustees of Chicago State University, Board of Trustees of Eastern Illinois University, Board of Trustees of Governor's State University, Board of Trustees of Illinois State University, Board of Trustees of Northeastern Illinois University, Board of Trustees of Northern Illinois University, Board of Trustees of Western Illinois Trustees of the University, or Board of Illinois Mathematics and Science Academy, and are compensated for services as employees and not as independent contractors and who:

26

1	(1) are, or function as, the head of a department,
2	commission, board, division, bureau, authority or
3	other administrative unit within the government of
4	this State, or who exercise similar authority within
5	the government of this State;
6	(2) have direct supervisory authority over, or
7	direct responsibility for the formulation,
8	negotiation, issuance or execution of contracts
9	entered into by the State in the amount of \$5,000 or
10	more;
11	(3) have authority for the issuance or
12	promulgation of rules and regulations within areas
13	under the authority of the State;
14	(4) have authority for the approval of
15	professional licenses;
16	(5) have responsibility with respect to the
17	financial inspection of regulated nongovernmental
18	entities;
19	(6) adjudicate, arbitrate, or decide any judicial
20	or administrative proceeding, or review the
21	adjudication, arbitration or decision of any judicial
22	or administrative proceeding within the authority of
23	the State;
24	(7) have supervisory responsibility for 20 or more

employees of the State; or

(8) negotiate, assign, authorize, or grant naming

2.1

rights or sponsorship rights regarding any property or asset of the State, whether real, personal, tangible, or intangible.

- (g) Persons who are elected to office in a unit of local government, and candidates for nomination or election to that office, including regional superintendents of school districts.
- (h) Persons appointed to the governing board of a unit of local government, or of a special district, and persons appointed to a zoning board, or zoning board of appeals, or to a regional, county, or municipal plan commission, or to a board of review of any county, and persons appointed to the Board of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority and any Trustee appointed under Section 22 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, and persons appointed to a board or commission of a unit of local government who have authority to authorize the expenditure of public funds. This subsection does not apply to members of boards or commissions who function in an advisory capacity.
- (i) Persons who are employed by a unit of local government and are compensated for services as employees and not as independent contractors and who:
  - (1) are, or function as, the head of a department, division, bureau, authority or other administrative unit within the unit of local government, or who

1	exercise similar authority within the unit of local
2	<pre>government;</pre>
3	(2) have direct supervisory authority over, or
4	direct responsibility for the formulation,
5	negotiation, issuance or execution of contracts
6	entered into by the unit of local government in the
7	amount of \$1,000 or greater;
8	(3) have authority to approve licenses and permits
9	by the unit of local government; this item does not
10	include employees who function in a ministerial
11	capacity;
12	(4) adjudicate, arbitrate, or decide any judicial
13	or administrative proceeding, or review the
14	adjudication, arbitration or decision of any judicial
15	or administrative proceeding within the authority of
16	the unit of local government;
17	(5) have authority to issue or promulgate rules and
18	regulations within areas under the authority of the
19	unit of local government; or
20	(6) have supervisory responsibility for 20 or more
21	employees of the unit of local government.
22	(j) Persons on the Board of Trustees of the Illinois
23	Mathematics and Science Academy.
24	(k) Persons employed by a school district in positions
25	that require that person to hold an administrative or a

chief school business official endorsement.

(1) Special government agents. A "special government
agent" is a person who is directed, retained, designated,
appointed, or employed, with or without compensation, by or
on behalf of a statewide executive branch constitutional
officer to make an ex parte communication under Section
5-50 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act or
Section 5-165 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure
Act.

- (m) Members of the board of any pension fund or retirement system established under Article 2, 14, 15, 16, or 18 of the Illinois Pension Code and members of the Illinois State Board of Investment, if not required to file under any other provision of this Section.
- (n) Members of the board of any pension fund or retirement system established under Article 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 17, 19, or 22 of the Illinois Pension Code, if not required to file under any other provision of this Section.

This Section shall not be construed to prevent any unit of local government from enacting financial disclosure requirements that mandate more information than required by this Act.

23 (Source: P.A. 93-617, eff. 12-9-03; 93-816, eff. 7-27-04.)

24 (5 ILCS 420/4A-102) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-102)

Sec. 4A-102. The statement of economic interests required

2.1

- by this Article shall include the economic interests of the person making the statement as provided in this Section. The interest (if constructively controlled by the person making the statement) of a spouse or any other party, shall be considered to be the same as the interest of the person making the statement. Campaign receipts shall not be included in this statement.
  - (a) The following interests shall be listed by all persons required to file:
    - (1) The name, address and type of practice of any professional organization or individual professional practice in which the person making the statement was an officer, director, associate, partner or proprietor, or served in any advisory capacity, from which income in excess of \$1200 was derived during the preceding calendar year;
    - (2) The nature of professional services (other than services rendered to the unit or units of government in relation to which the person is required to file) and the nature of the entity to which they were rendered if fees exceeding \$5,000 were received during the preceding calendar year from the entity for professional services rendered by the person making the statement.
    - (3) The identity (including the address or legal description of real estate) of any capital asset from which a capital gain of \$5,000 or more was realized in the

1 preceding calendar year.

- (4) The name of any unit of government which has employed the person making the statement during the preceding calendar year other than the unit or units of government in relation to which the person is required to file.
- (5) The name of any entity from which a gift or gifts, or honorarium or honoraria, valued singly or in the aggregate in excess of \$500, was received during the preceding calendar year.
- (b) The following interests shall also be listed by persons listed in items (a) through (f), and item (l), and item (m) of Section 4A-101:
  - (1) The name and instrument of ownership in any entity doing business in the State of Illinois, in which an ownership interest held by the person at the date of filing is in excess of \$5,000 fair market value or from which dividends of in excess of \$1,200 were derived during the preceding calendar year. (In the case of real estate, location thereof shall be listed by street address, or if none, then by legal description). No time or demand deposit in a financial institution, nor any debt instrument need be listed;
  - (2) Except for professional service entities, the name of any entity and any position held therein from which income of in excess of \$1,200 was derived during the

2.1

preceding calendar year, if the entity does business in the State of Illinois. No time or demand deposit in a financial institution, nor any debt instrument need be listed.

- (3) The identity of any compensated lobbyist with whom the person making the statement maintains a close economic association, including the name of the lobbyist and specifying the legislative matter or matters which are the object of the lobbying activity, and describing the general type of economic activity of the client or principal on whose behalf that person is lobbying.
- (4) The name of any individual or entity the person making the statement represented seeking action or non-action by any State governmental agency, excluding courts or judges, and the name of each such agency, for which the person received total compensation during the past 12 months in excess of \$1,000, excluding compensation for other services to such individual or entity and representation consisting solely of the filing of mandatory papers and subsequent representation regarding the mandatory papers.
- (5) The name of any person or entity, with whom the person making the statement has a close economic association (partners, associates, individuals, entities, or others), that represented an individual or entity seeking action or non-action by any State governmental agency, excluding courts or judges, the name of that

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

individual or entity represented, and the name of each such agency, for which the person received total compensation during the past 12 months in excess of \$1,000, excluding compensation for other services to such individual or entity and representation consisting solely of the filing of mandatory papers and subsequent representation regarding the mandatory papers.

- (c) The following interests shall also be listed by persons listed in items (g), (h), and (i), and (n) of Section 4A-101:
  - (1) The name and instrument of ownership in any entity doing business with a unit of local government in relation to which the person is required to file if the ownership interest of the person filing is greater than \$5,000 fair market value as of the date of filing or if dividends in excess of \$1,200 were received from the entity during the preceding calendar year. (In the case of real estate, location thereof shall be listed by street address, or if none, then by legal description). No time or demand deposit in a financial institution, nor any debt instrument need be listed.
  - (2) Except for professional service entities, the name of any entity and any position held therein from which income in excess of \$1,200 was derived during the preceding calendar year if the entity does business with a unit of local government in relation to which the person is required to file. No time or demand deposit in a financial

is filed)

1 institution, nor any debt instrument need be listed. (3) The name of any entity and the nature of the 2 governmental action requested by any entity which has 3 4 applied to a unit of local government in relation to which 5 the person must file for any license, franchise or permit for annexation, zoning or rezoning of real estate during 6 the preceding calendar year if the ownership interest of 7 8 the person filing is in excess of \$5,000 fair market value 9 at the time of filing or if income or dividends in excess 10 of \$1,200 were received by the person filing from the entity during the preceding calendar year. 11 (Source: P.A. 92-101, eff. 1-1-02; 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.) 12 13 (5 ILCS 420/4A-103) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-103) 14 Sec. 4A-103. The statement of economic interests required 15 by this Article to be filed with the Secretary of State shall be filled in by typewriting or hand printing, shall be 16 17 verified, dated, and signed by the person making the statement 18 and shall contain substantially the following: 19 STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTEREST 20 (TYPE OR HAND PRINT) 21 22 (name) 23 24 (each office or position of employment for which this statement

1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
2	(full post office address to which notification of an
3	examination of this statement should be sent)
4	GENERAL DIRECTIONS:
5	The interest (if constructively controlled by the person
6	making the statement) of a spouse or any other party, shall be
7	considered to be the same as the interest of the person making
8	the statement.
9	Campaign receipts shall not be included in this statement.
10	If additional space is needed, please attach supplemental
11	listing.
12	1. List the name and instrument of ownership in any entity
13	doing business in the State of Illinois, in which the ownership
14	interest held by the person at the date of filing is in excess
15	of \$5,000 fair market value or from which dividends in excess
16	of \$1,200 were derived during the preceding calendar year. (In
17	the case of real estate, location thereof shall be listed by
18	street address, or if none, then by legal description.) No time
19	or demand deposit in a financial institution, nor any debt
20	instrument need be listed.
21	Business Entity Instrument of Ownership
22	
23	
24	
25	

2. List the name, address and type of practice of any

1	professional organization in which the person making the
2	statement was an officer, director, associate, partner or
3	proprietor or served in any advisory capacity, from which
4	income in excess of \$1,200 was derived during the preceding
5	calendar year.
6	Name Address Type of Practice
7	
8	
9	
10	3. List the nature of professional services rendered (other
11	than to the State of Illinois) to each entity from which income
12	exceeding \$5,000 was received for professional services
13	rendered during the preceding calendar year by the person
14	making the statement.
15	
16	
17	4. List the name of any individual or entity the person
18	making the statement represented seeking action or non-action
19	by any State governmental agency, excluding courts or judges,
20	and the name of each such agency, for which the person received
21	total compensation during the past 12 months in excess of
22	\$1,000, excluding compensation for other services to such
23	individual or entity and representation consisting solely of
24	the filing of mandatory papers and subsequent representation
25	regarding the mandatory papers.
26	

1	
2	5. List the name of any person or entity, with whom the
3	person making the statement has a close economic association
4	(partners, associates, individuals, entities, or others), that
5	represented an individual or entity seeking action or
6	non-action by any State governmental agency, excluding courts
7	or judges, the name of that individual or entity represented,
8	and the name of each such agency, for which the person received
9	total compensation during the past 12 months in excess of
10	\$1,000, excluding compensation for other services to such
11	individual or entity and representation consisting solely of
12	the filing of mandatory papers and subsequent representation
13	regarding the mandatory papers.
14	
15	
16	$\underline{6.}$ 4. List the identity (including the address or legal
17	description of real estate) of any capital asset from which a
18	capital gain of \$5,000 or more was realized during the
19	preceding calendar year.
20	
21	
22	7.5. List the identity of any compensated lobbyist with
23	whom the person making the statement maintains a close economic
24	association, including the name of the lobbyist and specifying
25	the legislative matter or matters which are the object of the
26	lobbying activity, and describing the general type of economic

1	activity of the client or principal on whose behalf that person
2	is lobbying.
3	Lobbyist Legislative Matter Client or Principal
4	
5	
6	8.6. List the name of any entity doing business in the
7	State of Illinois from which income in excess of \$1,200 was
8	derived during the preceding calendar year other than for
9	professional services and the title or description of any
10	position held in that entity. (In the case of real estate,
11	location thereof shall be listed by street address, or if none,
12	then by legal description). No time or demand deposit in a
13	financial institution nor any debt instrument need be listed.
14	Entity Position Held
14 15	Entity Position Held
	Elicity
15	······
15 16	Encicy
15 16 17	Encicy
15 16 17 18	9. 7. List the name of any unit of government which
15 16 17 18	9. 7. List the name of any unit of government which employed the person making the statement during the preceding
15 16 17 18 19 20	9. 7. List the name of any unit of government which employed the person making the statement during the preceding calendar year other than the unit or units of government in
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	9. 7. List the name of any unit of government which employed the person making the statement during the preceding calendar year other than the unit or units of government in relation to which the person is required to file.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	9. 7. List the name of any unit of government which employed the person making the statement during the preceding calendar year other than the unit or units of government in relation to which the person is required to file.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	9. 7. List the name of any unit of government which employed the person making the statement during the preceding calendar year other than the unit or units of government in relation to which the person is required to file.

Τ,	calendar year.
2	
3	VERIFICATION:
4	"I declare that this statement of economic interests
5	(including any accompanying schedules and statements) has been
6	examined by me and to the best of my knowledge and belief is a
7	true, correct and complete statement of my economic interests
8	as required by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act. I
9	understand that the penalty for willfully filing a false or
10	incomplete statement shall be a fine not to exceed \$1,000 or
11	imprisonment in a penal institution other than the penitentiary
12	not to exceed one year, or both fine and imprisonment."
13	
14	(date of filing) (signature of person making the statement)
15	(Source: P.A. 92-101, eff. 1-1-02.)
16	(5 ILCS 420/4A-105) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-105)
17	Sec. 4A-105. Time for filing. Except as provided in
18	Section 4A-106.1, by May 1 of each year a statement must be
19	filed by each person whose position at that time subjects him
20	to the filing requirements of Section 4A-101 unless he has
21	already filed a statement in relation to the same unit of
22	government in that calendar year.
23	Statements must also be filed as follows:
24	(a) A candidate for elective office shall file his

statement not later than the end of the period during which

2.1

he can take the action necessary under the laws of this State to attempt to qualify for nomination, election, or retention to such office if he has not filed a statement in relation to the same unit of government within a year preceding such action.

- (b) A person whose appointment to office is subject to confirmation by the Senate shall file his statement at the time his name is submitted to the Senate for confirmation.
- (b-5) A special government agent, as defined in item (1) of Section 4A-101 of this Act, shall file a statement within 60 days after assuming responsibilities as a special government agent 30 days after making the first ex parte communication and each May 1 thereafter if he or she has made an ex parte communication within the previous 12 months.
- (c) Any other person required by this Article to file the statement shall file a statement at the time of his or her initial appointment or employment in relation to that unit of government if appointed or employed by May 1.

If any person who is required to file a statement of economic interests fails to file such statement by May 1 of any year, the officer with whom such statement is to be filed under Section 4A-106 of this Act shall, within 7 days after May 1, notify such person by certified mail of his or her failure to file by the specified date. Except as may be prescribed by rule of the Secretary of State, such person shall file his or her

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

statement of economic interests on or before May 15 with the appropriate officer, together with a \$15 late filing fee. Any such person who fails to file by May 15 shall be subject to a penalty of \$100 for each day from May 16 to the date of filing, which shall be in addition to the \$15 late filing fee specified above. Failure to file by May 31 shall result in a forfeiture in accordance with Section 4A-107 of this Act.

Any person who takes office or otherwise becomes required to file a statement of economic interests within 30 days prior to May 1 of any year may file his or her statement at any time on or before May 31 without penalty. If such person fails to file such statement by May 31, the officer with whom such statement is to be filed under Section 4A-106 of this Act shall, within 7 days after May 31, notify such person by certified mail of his or her failure to file by the specified date. Such person shall file his or her statement of economic interests on or before June 15 with the appropriate officer, together with a \$15 late filing fee. Any such person who fails to file by June 15 shall be subject to a penalty of \$100 per day for each day from June 16 to the date of filing, which shall be in addition to the \$15 late filing fee specified above. Failure to file by June 30 shall result in a forfeiture in accordance with Section 4A-107 of this Act.

All late filing fees and penalties collected pursuant to this Section shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund in the State treasury, if the Secretary of State receives such

- 1 statement for filing, or into the general fund in the county
- 2 treasury, if the county clerk receives such statement for
- 3 filing. The Attorney General, with respect to the State, and
- 4 the several State's Attorneys, with respect to counties, shall
- 5 take appropriate action to collect the prescribed penalties.
- Failure to file a statement of economic interests within
- 7 the time prescribed shall not result in a fine or ineligibility
- 8 for, or forfeiture of, office or position of employment, as the
- 9 case may be; provided that the failure to file results from not
- 10 being included for notification by the appropriate agency,
- 11 clerk, secretary, officer or unit of government, as the case
- may be, and that a statement is filed within 30 days of actual
- 13 notice of the failure to file.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.)
- 15 (5 ILCS 420/4A-106) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-106)
- 16 Sec. 4A-106. The statements of economic interests required
- of persons listed in items (a) through (f), item (j), and item
- 18 (1), and item (m) of Section 4A-101 shall be filed with the
- 19 Secretary of State. The statements of economic interests
- 20 required of persons listed in items (g), (h), (i), and (k), and
- 21 (n) of Section 4A-101 shall be filed with the county clerk of
- 22 the county in which the principal office of the unit of local
- 23 government with which the person is associated is located. If
- it is not apparent which county the principal office of a unit
- of local government is located, the chief administrative

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

officer, or his or her designee, has the authority, for purposes of this Act, to determine the county in which the principal office is located. On or before February 1 annually, (1) the chief administrative officer of any State agency in the executive, legislative, or judicial branch employing persons required to file under item (f) or item (l) of Section 4A-101 and the chief administrative officer of a board described in item (m) of Section 4A-101 shall certify to the Secretary of State the names and mailing addresses of those persons required to file under those items, and (2) the chief administrative officer, or his or her designee, of each unit of local government with persons described in items (h), (i), and (k), and (n) of Section 4A-101 shall certify to the appropriate county clerk a list of names and addresses of persons described in items (h), (i), and (k), and (n) of Section 4A-101 that are required to file. In preparing the lists, each chief administrative officer, or his or her designee, shall set out the names in alphabetical order.

On or before April 1 annually, the Secretary of State shall notify (1) all persons whose names have been certified to him under items  $(f)_{L}$  and  $(1)_{L}$  and  $(m)_{L}$  of Section 4A-101, and  $(2)_{L}$ all persons described in items (a) through (e) and item (j) of Section 4A-101, other than candidates for office who have filed their statements with their nominating petitions, of the requirements for filing statements of economic interests. A person required to file with the Secretary of State by virtue of more than one item among items (a) through (f) and items

(j), and (l), and (m) shall be notified of and is required to

file only one statement of economic interests relating to all

items under which the person is required to file with the

Secretary of State.

On or before April 1 annually, the county clerk of each county shall notify all persons whose names have been certified to him under items (g), (h), (i), and (k), and (n) of Section 4A-101, other than candidates for office who have filed their statements with their nominating petitions, of the requirements for filing statements of economic interests. A person required to file with a county clerk by virtue of more than one item among items (g), (h), (i), and (k), and (n) shall be notified of and is required to file only one statement of economic interests relating to all items under which the person is required to file with that county clerk.

Except as provided in Section 4A-106.1, the notices provided for in this Section shall be in writing and deposited in the U.S. Mail, properly addressed, first class postage prepaid, on or before the day required by this Section for the sending of the notice. A certificate executed by the Secretary of State or county clerk attesting that he has mailed the notice constitutes prima facie evidence thereof.

From the lists certified to him under this Section of persons described in items (g), (h), (i), and (k), and (n) of Section 4A-101, the clerk of each county shall compile an

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

alphabetical listing of persons required to file statements of economic interests in his office under any of those items. As the statements are filed in his office, the county clerk shall cause the fact of that filing to be indicated on the alphabetical listing of persons who are required to file statements. Within 30 days after the due dates, the county clerk shall mail to the State Board of Elections a true copy of that listing showing those who have filed statements.

The county clerk of each county shall note upon the alphabetical listing the names of all persons required to file a statement of economic interests who failed to file a statement on or before May 1. It shall be the duty of the several county clerks to give notice as provided in Section 4A-105 to any person who has failed to file his or her statement with the clerk on or before May 1.

Any person who files or has filed a statement of economic interest under this Act is entitled to receive from the Secretary of State or county clerk, as the case may be, a receipt indicating that the person has filed such a statement, the date of such filing, and the identity of the governmental unit or units in relation to which the filing is required.

The Secretary of State may employ such employees and consultants as he considers necessary to carry out his duties hereunder, and may prescribe their duties, fix compensation, and provide for reimbursement of their expenses.

All statements of economic interests filed under this

- 1 Section shall be available for examination and copying by the
- public at all reasonable times. Not later than 12 months after 2
- the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General 3
- 4 Assembly, beginning with statements filed in calendar year
- 5 2004, the Secretary of State shall make statements of economic
- interests filed with the Secretary available for inspection and 6
- copying via the Secretary's website. 7
- (Source: P.A. 93-617, eff. 12-9-03; 94-603, eff. 8-16-05.) 8
- 9 (5 ILCS 420/4A-107) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-107)
- 10 Sec. 4A-107. Any person required to file a statement of
- economic interests under this Article who willfully files a 11
- 12 false or incomplete statement shall be guilty of a Class A
- 13 misdemeanor.
- 14 Failure to file a statement within the time prescribed
- 15 shall result in ineligibility for, or forfeiture of, office or
- position of employment, as the case may be; provided, however, 16
- that if the notice of failure to file a statement of economic 17
- interests provided in Section 4A-105 of this Act is not given 18
- 19 by the Secretary of State or the county clerk, as the case may
- be, no forfeiture shall result if a statement is filed within 20
- 21 30 days of actual notice of the failure to file.
- 22 The Attorney General, with respect to offices or positions
- 23 described in items (a) through (f) and items (j), and (l), and
- 24 (m) of Section 4A-101 of this Act, or the State's Attorney of
- 25 the county of the entity for which the filing of statements of

- 1 economic interests is required, with respect to offices or
- positions described in items (g) through (i), and item (k), and 2
- item (n) of Section 4A-101 of this Act, shall bring an action 3
- 4 in quo warranto against any person who has failed to file by
- 5 either May 31 or June 30 of any given year.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.)
- 7 Section 2. The State Officials and Employees Ethics Act is
- 8 amended by changing Sections 1-5, 5-10, 5-20, 5-45, 20-5,
- 9 20-23, 20-40, 20-50, 25-5, 25-10, and 25-23 as follows:
- (5 ILCS 430/1-5) 10
- 11 Sec. 1-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 12 "Appointee" means a person appointed to a position in or
- 13 with a State agency, regardless of whether the position is
- 14 compensated.
- "Campaign for elective office" means any activity in 15
- 16 furtherance of an effort to influence the selection,
- 17 nomination, election, or appointment of any individual to any
- 18 federal, State, or local public office or office in a political
- organization, or the selection, nomination, or election of 19
- 20 Presidential or Vice-Presidential electors, but does not
- 21 include activities (i) relating to the support or opposition of
- 22 any executive, legislative, or administrative action (as those
- 23 terms are defined in Section 2 of the Lobbyist Registration
- 24 Act), (ii) relating to collective bargaining, or (iii) that are

- 1 otherwise in furtherance of the person's official State duties.
- 2 "Candidate" means a person who has filed nominating papers
- or petitions for nomination or election to an elected State 3
- 4 office, or who has been appointed to fill a vacancy in
- 5 nomination, and who remains eligible for placement on the
- 6 ballot at either a general primary election or general
- 7 election.
- "Collective bargaining" has the same meaning as that term 8
- 9 is defined in Section 3 of the Illinois Public Labor Relations
- 10 Act.
- "Commission" means an ethics commission created by this 11
- Act. 12
- "Compensated time" means any time worked by or credited to 13
- 14 a State employee that counts toward any minimum work time
- 15 requirement imposed as a condition of employment with a State
- 16 agency, but does not include any designated State holidays or
- any period when the employee is on a leave of absence. 17
- 18 "Compensatory time off" means authorized time off earned by
- 19 or awarded to a State employee to compensate in whole or in
- 20 part for time worked in excess of the minimum work time
- 21 required of that employee as a condition of employment with a
- 22 State agency.
- 23 "Contribution" has the same meaning as that term is defined
- 24 in Section 9-1.4 of the Election Code.
- 25 "Employee" means (i) any person employed full-time,
- 26 part-time, or pursuant to a contract and whose employment

- 1 duties are subject to the direction and control of an employer
- 2 with regard to the material details of how the work is to be
- 3 performed, or (ii) any appointed or elected commissioner,
- 4 trustee, director, or board member of a board of a State
- 5 agency, or (iii) any other appointee.
- 6 "Executive branch constitutional officer" means
- Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of 7
- 8 State, Comptroller, and Treasurer.
- 9 "Gift" means any gratuity, discount, entertainment,
- 10 hospitality, loan, forbearance, or other tangible
- intangible item having monetary value including, but not 11
- limited to, cash, food and drink, and honoraria for speaking 12
- 13 engagements related to or attributable to government
- 14 employment or the official position of an employee, member, or
- 15 officer. "Gift", however, does not include anything of value
- 16 solicited from a prohibited source by an officer, member, or
- employee and given by the prohibited source to a not-for-profit 17
- organization organized under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal 18
- 19 Revenue Code of 1986, as now or hereafter amended, renumbered,
- 20 or succeeded. The amendment to the definition of "gift" made by
- this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly is declarative 21
- 22 of existing law.
- "Governmental entity" means a unit of local government or a 23
- 24 school district but not a State agency.
- 25 "Leave of absence" means any period during which a State
- 26 employee does not receive (i) compensation for State

- 1 employment, (ii) service credit towards State pension
- 2 benefits, and (iii) health insurance benefits paid for by the
- State. 3
- 4 "Legislative branch constitutional officer" means a member
- 5 of the General Assembly and the Auditor General.
- 6 "Legislative leader" means the President and Minority
- Leader of the Senate and the Speaker and Minority Leader of the 7
- 8 House of Representatives.
- 9 "Member" means a member of the General Assembly.
- 10 "Officer" means an executive branch constitutional officer
- 11 or a legislative branch constitutional officer.
- "Political" means any activity in support of or in 12
- connection with any campaign for elective office or 13
- 14 political organization, but does not include activities (i)
- 15 relating to the support or opposition of any executive,
- 16 legislative, or administrative action (as those terms are
- defined in Section 2 of the Lobbyist Registration Act), (ii) 17
- relating to collective bargaining, or (iii) that are otherwise 18
- 19 in furtherance of the person's official State duties or
- 20 governmental and public service functions.
- 21 "Political organization" means a party, committee,
- association, fund, or other organization (whether or not 22
- 23 incorporated) that is required to file a statement
- 24 organization with the State Board of Elections or a county
- 25 clerk under Section 9-3 of the Election Code, but only with
- 26 regard to those activities that require filing with the State

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 1 Board of Elections or a county clerk.
- "Prohibited political activity" means: 2
- 3 (1) Preparing for, organizing, or participating in any political meeting, political rally, political 4 5 demonstration, or other political event.
  - Soliciting contributions, including but not limited to the purchase of, selling, distributing, or receiving payment for tickets for any political fundraiser, political meeting, or other political event.
  - Soliciting, planning the solicitation of, or (3) preparing any document or report regarding any thing of value intended as a campaign contribution.
  - (4) Planning, conducting, or participating in a public opinion poll in connection with a campaign for elective office or on behalf of a political organization for political purposes or for or against any referendum question.
  - (5) Surveying or gathering information from potential or actual voters in an election to determine probable vote outcome in connection with a campaign for elective office or on behalf of a political organization for political purposes or for or against any referendum question.
  - (6) Assisting at the polls on election day on behalf of any political organization or candidate for elective office or for or against any referendum question.
    - (7) Soliciting votes on behalf of a candidate for

- elective office or a political organization or for or against any referendum question or helping in an effort to get voters to the polls.
  - (8) Initiating for circulation, preparing, circulating, reviewing, or filing any petition on behalf of a candidate for elective office or for or against any referendum question.
  - (9) Making contributions on behalf of any candidate for elective office in that capacity or in connection with a campaign for elective office.
  - (10) Preparing or reviewing responses to candidate questionnaires in connection with a campaign for elective office or on behalf of a political organization for political purposes.
  - (11) Distributing, preparing for distribution, or mailing campaign literature, campaign signs, or other campaign material on behalf of any candidate for elective office or for or against any referendum question.
  - (12) Campaigning for any elective office or for or against any referendum question.
  - (13) Managing or working on a campaign for elective office or for or against any referendum question.
  - (14) Serving as a delegate, alternate, or proxy to a political party convention.
  - (15) Participating in any recount or challenge to the outcome of any election, except to the extent that under

2.1

subsection (d) of Section 6 of Article IV of the Illinois
Constitution each house of the General Assembly shall judge
the elections, returns, and qualifications of its members.
"Prohibited source" means any person or entity who:

- (1) is seeking official action (i) by the member or officer or (ii) in the case of an employee, by the employee or by the member, officer, State agency, or other employee directing the employee;
- (2) does business or seeks to do business (i) with the member or officer or (ii) in the case of an employee, with the employee or with the member, officer, State agency, or other employee directing the employee;
- (3) conducts activities regulated (i) by the member or officer or (ii) in the case of an employee, by the employee or by the member, officer, State agency, or other employee directing the employee;
- (4) has interests that may be substantially affected by the performance or non-performance of the official duties of the member, officer, or employee; or
- (5) is registered or required to be registered with the Secretary of State under the Lobbyist Registration Act, except that an entity not otherwise a prohibited source does not become a prohibited source merely because a registered lobbyist is one of its members or serves on its board of directors.
- "State agency" includes all officers, boards, commissions

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

and agencies created by the Constitution, whether in the executive or legislative branch; all officers, departments, boards, commissions, agencies, institutions, authorities, public institutions of higher learning as defined in Section 2 of the Higher Education Cooperation Act, and bodies politic and corporate of the State; and administrative units or corporate outgrowths of the State government which are created by or pursuant to statute, other than units of local government and their officers, school districts, and boards of election commissioners; and all administrative units and corporate outgrowths of the above and as may be created by executive order of the Governor. "State agency" includes the General Assembly, the Senate, the House of Representatives, President and Minority Leader of the Senate, the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, the Senate Operations Commission, and the legislative support services agencies. "State agency" includes the Office of the Auditor General. "State agency" does not include the judicial branch.

"State employee" means any employee of a State agency.

"Ultimate jurisdictional authority" means the following:

- (1) For members, legislative partisan staff, and secretaries, the appropriate legislative leader: President of the Senate, Minority Leader of the Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.
  - (2) For State employees who are professional staff or

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 1 employees of the Senate and not covered under item (1), the 2 Senate Operations Commission.
  - (3) For State employees who are professional staff or employees of the House of Representatives and not covered (1)**,** Speaker item the of the House of Representatives.
  - (4) For State employees who are employees of the legislative support services agencies, the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services.
  - (5) For State employees of the Auditor General, the Auditor General.
  - (6) For State employees of public institutions of higher learning as defined in Section 2 of the Higher Education Cooperation Act, the board of trustees of the appropriate public institution of higher learning.
  - (7) For State employees of an executive branch constitutional officer other than those described in paragraph (6), the appropriate executive constitutional officer.
  - (8) For State employees not under the jurisdiction of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6),  $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{or}}$  (7),  $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{op}}$ , the Governor.
  - (9) For the Legislative Inspector General, State employees of the Office of the Legislative Inspector General, commissioners of the Legislative Ethics Commission, and State employees of the Legislative Ethics

```
1 Commission, the Legislative Ethics Commission.
```

- 2 (Source: P.A. 93-615, eff. 11-19-03; 93-617, eff. 12-9-03;
- 3 93-685, eff. 7-8-04.)
- 4 (5 ILCS 430/5-10)
- 5 Sec. 5-10. Ethics training. Each officer, member, and
- 6 employee must complete, at least annually beginning in 2004, an
- 7 ethics training program conducted by the appropriate State
- 8 agency. Each ultimate jurisdictional authority must implement
- 9 an ethics training program for its officers, members, and
- 10 employees. These ethics training programs shall be overseen by
- 11 the appropriate Ethics Commission and Inspector General
- 12 appointed pursuant to this Act in consultation with the Office
- of the Attorney General.
- 14 Each Executive Inspector General and each ultimate
- 15 jurisdictional authority for the legislative branch shall set
- 16 standards and determine the hours and frequency of training
- 17 necessary for each position or category of positions. A person
- 18 who fills a vacancy in an elective or appointed position that
- 19 requires training and a person employed in a position that
- 20 requires training must complete his or her initial ethics
- 21 training within 6 months after commencement of his or her
- office or employment.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 93-615, eff. 11-19-03; 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.)
- 24 (5 ILCS 430/5-20)

- 1 Sec. 5-20. Public service announcements; other promotional 2 material.
- (a) No Beginning January 1, 2004, no public service 3 4 announcement or advertisement that identifies any specific 5 program administered by a State agency is on behalf of any State administered program and contains the proper name, image, 6 or voice of any executive branch constitutional officer or 7 8 member of the General Assembly shall be broadcast or aired on radio or television or printed in a commercial newspaper or a 9 10 commercial magazine at any time.
- 11 (b) The proper name or image of any executive branch constitutional officer or member of the General Assembly may 12 13 not appear on any (i) bumper stickers, (ii) commercial 14 billboards, (iii) lapel pins or buttons, (iv) magnets, (v) 15 stickers, and (vi) other similar promotional items, that are 16 not in furtherance of the person's official State duties or governmental and public service functions, if designed, paid 17 for, prepared, or distributed using public dollars. This 18 subsection does not apply to stocks of items existing on the 19 20 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General 21 Assembly.
- 22 (c) This Section does not apply to communications funded 23 through expenditures required to be reported under Article 9 of 24 the Election Code.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 93-615, eff. 11-19-03; 93-617, eff. 12-9-03;
- 93-685, eff. 7-8-04.) 26

1 (5 ILCS 430/5-45)

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2 Sec. 5-45. Procurement; revolving door prohibition.

- No current or former officer, member, or State employee, or spouse or immediate family member living with such person, shall, during the period of State employment or within a period of one year immediately after termination of State employment, knowingly accept employment or compensation or fees for services from a person or entity if the officer, member, or State employee, during the immediately preceding 2 years of State employment with respect to a current officer, member, or State employee, or during the year immediately preceding termination of State employment with respect to a former officer, member, or State employee, participated personally and substantially in the decision to award State contracts with a cumulative value of over \$25,000 to the person or entity, or its parent or subsidiary.
- (b) No <u>current or</u> former officer of the executive branch or State employee of the executive branch with regulatory or licensing authority, or spouse or immediate family member living with such person, shall, <u>during the period of State employment or</u> within a period of one year immediately after termination of State employment, knowingly accept employment or receive compensation of fees for services from a person or entity if the officer or State employee, <u>during the immediately preceding 2 years of State employment with respect to a current</u>

25

- 1 officer, member, or State employee, or during the immediately preceding termination of State employment with 2 respect to a former officer, member, or State employee, made a 3 4 regulatory or licensing decision that directly applied to the 5 person or entity, or its parent or subsidiary.
- 6 (c) The requirements of this Section may be waived (i) for the executive branch, in writing by the Executive Ethics 7 Commission, (ii) for the legislative branch, in writing by the 8 9 Legislative Ethics Commission, and (iii) for the Auditor 10 General, in writing by the Auditor General. During the time 11 period from the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly until the Executive Ethics Commission 12 13 first meets, the requirements of this Section may be waived in 14 writing by the appropriate ultimate jurisdictional authority. 15 During the time period from the effective date of this 16 amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly until the Legislative Ethics Commission first meets, the requirements of 17 this Section may be waived in writing by the appropriate 18 19 ultimate jurisdictional authority. The waiver shall be granted 20 upon the person seeking the waiver proving by clear and 21 convincing evidence a showing that the prospective employment 22 or relationship did not affect the decisions referred to in 23 sections (a) and (b).
  - With respect to former officers, members, (d) employees, spouses, and family members, this This Section applies only with respect to persons who terminate an affected

- position on or after December 19, 2003 (the effective date of 1
- Public this amendatory Act 93-617) of the 93rd General 2
- 3 Assembly.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 93-615, eff. 11-19-03; 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.)
- 5 (5 ILCS 430/20-5)
- Sec. 20-5. Executive Ethics Commission. 6
- 7 (a) The Executive Ethics Commission is created.
- 8 (b) The Executive Ethics Commission shall consist of 9 9 commissioners. The Governor shall appoint 5 commissioners, and 10 the Attorney General, Secretary of State, Comptroller, and Treasurer shall each appoint one commissioner. Appointments 11 12 shall be made by and with the advice and consent of the Senate by three-fifths of the elected members concurring by record 13 14 vote. Any nomination not acted upon by the Senate within 60 15 session days of the receipt thereof shall be deemed to have received the advice and consent of the Senate. If, during a 16 17 recess of the Senate, there is a vacancy in an office of commissioner, the appointing authority shall make a temporary 18 19 appointment until the next meeting of the Senate when the appointing authority shall make a nomination to fill that 20 21 office. No person rejected for an office of commissioner shall, except by the Senate's request, be nominated again for that 22 23 office at the same session of the Senate or be appointed to 24 that office during a recess of that Senate. No more than 5 25 commissioners may be of the same political party.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

The terms of the initial commissioners shall commence upon qualification. Four initial appointees of the Governor, as designated by the Governor, shall serve terms running through June 30, 2007. One initial appointee of the Governor, as designated by the Governor, and the initial appointees of the Attorney General, Secretary of State, Comptroller, Treasurer shall serve terms running through June 30, 2008. The initial appointments shall be made within 60 days after the effective date of this Act.

After the initial terms, commissioners shall serve for 4-year terms commencing on July 1 of the year of appointment and running through June 30 of the fourth following year. Commissioners may be reappointed to one or more subsequent terms.

Vacancies occurring other than at the end of a term shall be filled by the appointing authority only for the balance of the term of the commissioner whose office is vacant.

Terms shall run regardless of whether the position is filled.

(c) The appointing authorities shall appoint commissioners who have experience holding governmental office or employment and shall appoint commissioners from the general public. A person is not eligible to serve as a commissioner if that person (i) has been convicted of a felony or a crime of dishonesty or moral turpitude, (ii) is, or was within the preceding 12 months, engaged in activities that require

- 1 registration under the Lobbyist Registration Act, (iii) is 2 related to the appointing authority, or (iv) is a State officer
- 3 or employee.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (d) The Executive Ethics Commission shall have jurisdiction over all officers and employees of State agencies other than the General Assembly, the Senate, the House of Representatives, the President and Minority Leader of the Senate, the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, the Senate Operations Commission, legislative support services agencies, the Legislative Ethics Commission, the Office of the Legislative Inspector General, and the Office of the Auditor General. The jurisdiction of the Commission is limited to matters arising under this Act.
  - (e) The Executive Ethics Commission must meet, either in person or by other technological means, at least monthly and as often as necessary. At the first meeting of the Executive Ethics Commission, the commissioners shall choose from their number a chairperson and other officers that they deem appropriate. The terms of officers shall be for 2 years commencing July 1 and running through June 30 of the second following year. Meetings shall be held at the call of the chairperson or any 3 commissioners. Official action by the the affirmative vote 5 Commission shall require of commissioners, and a quorum shall consist of 5 commissioners. Commissioners shall receive compensation in an amount equal to the compensation of members of the State Board of Elections and

- 1 may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties. 2
- (f) No commissioner or employee of the Executive Ethics 3 4 Commission may during his or her term of appointment or 5 employment:
  - (1) become a candidate for any elective office;
- 7 (2) hold any other elected or appointed public office 8 except for appointments on governmental advisory boards or 9 study commissions or as otherwise expressly authorized by 10 law;
- 11 (3) be actively involved in the affairs of political party or political organization; or 12
- 13 (4) actively participate in any campaign for elective office. 14
- 15 (q) An appointing authority may remove a commissioner only 16 for cause.
- 17 (h) The Executive Ethics Commission shall appoint an 18 Executive Director. The compensation of the Executive Director 19 shall be as determined by the Commission or by the Compensation 20 Review Board, whichever amount is higher. The Executive 21 Director of the Executive Ethics Commission may employ and 22 determine the compensation of staff, as appropriations permit.
- (Source: P.A. 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.) 23
- 24 (5 ILCS 430/20-23)
- Sec. 20-23. Ethics Officers. Each officer and the head of 25

- 1 each State agency under the jurisdiction of the Executive
- Ethics Commission, including without limitation the Executive 2
- 3 Ethics Commission and each Executive Inspector General, shall
- 4 designate an Ethics Officer for the office or State agency.
- 5 Ethics Officers shall:

10

11

12

25

- (1) act as liaisons between the State agency and the 6 7 appropriate Executive Inspector General and between the
- 8 State agency and the Executive Ethics Commission;
  - (2) review statements of economic interest and disclosure forms of officers, senior employees, and contract monitors before they are filed with the Secretary of State: and
- (3) provide guidance to officers and employees in the 13 14 interpretation and implementation of this Act, which the 15 officer or employee may in good faith rely upon. Such 16 quidance shall be based, wherever possible, upon legal precedent in court decisions, opinions of the Attorney 17 General, and the findings and opinions of the Executive 18 Ethics Commission. 19
- 20 (Source: P.A. 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.)
- 21 (5 ILCS 430/20-40)
- 22 20-40. Collective bargaining agreements. Sec. 23 investigation or inquiry by an Executive Inspector General or 24 any agent or representative of an Executive Inspector General

must be conducted with awareness of the provisions of a

1 collective bargaining agreement that applies to the employees 2 of the relevant State agency and with an awareness of the 3 rights of the employees as set forth by State and federal law 4 and applicable judicial decisions. In implementing any Any 5 recommendation for discipline or in taking any action taken 6 against any State employee pursuant to this Act, the ultimate jurisdictional authority must comply with the provisions of the 7 collective bargaining agreement that applies to the State 8 9 employee.

- 10 (Source: P.A. 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.)
- 11 (5 ILCS 430/20-50)
- 12 Sec. 20-50. Investigation reports; complaint procedure.
- 13 (a) If an Executive Inspector General, upon the conclusion 14 of an investigation, determines that reasonable cause exists to 15 believe that a violation has occurred, then the Executive Inspector General shall issue a summary report of 16 investigation. The report shall be delivered to the appropriate 17 ultimate jurisdictional authority and to the head of each State 18 19 agency affected by or involved in the investigation, if appropriate. In the event that the head of the State agency or 20 21 the ultimate jurisdictional authority agrees with the Executive Inspector General, on the basis of the investigation, 22 23 to impose discipline on a State employee, then within 30 days 24 after that agreement the Executive Inspector General shall deliver to the Executive Ethics Commission the summary report 25

1 investigation, provided that all confidential information has been redacted. Discipline means discharge, 2 suspension, demotion, change in duties or job description, or 3 4 denial of promotion or transfer. A redacted report must not 5 contain the names of, or other identifying information about, 6 the employing State agency and any person. A redacted report may contain only factual information, the provision, if any, of 7 Article 5, 10, or 15 or Section 20-70 or 20-90 of this Act 8 9 allegedly violated, the history or background of the alleged 10 violation, and the discipline recommended, if any. Within 5 11 days, the Commission shall provide the State employee subject to the agreed discipline with the redacted report and allow the 12 13 State employee 30 days in which to provide in writing any 14 reason why the redacted report should not be released to the 15 public. Within the same period, the Executive Inspector General who issued the report may also provide in writing a 16 recommendation to the Commission about whether or not the 17 redacted report should be released to the public. Within 21 18 19 days after the expiration of the 30-day period for response by 20 the State employee and Executive Inspector General, the Commission shall either: (1) make a written finding that 21 22 release of the redacted report is fair and in the public interest and release the report; or (2) make a written finding 23 24 that release of the report is not fair, or not in the public 25 interest, and return the redacted report to the Executive Inspector General. The Commission may also require further 26

1	redactions	prior	to	the	release	of	the	report	or	may	delay	/ its
---	------------	-------	----	-----	---------	----	-----	--------	----	-----	-------	-------

- finding pending the conclusion of related judicial 2
- 3 administrative proceedings.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

- (b) The summary report of the investigation shall include the following:
  - (1) A description of any allegations or other information received by the Executive Inspector General pertinent to the investigation.
  - (2) A description of any alleged misconduct discovered in the course of the investigation.
  - (3) Recommendations for any corrective or disciplinary action to be taken in response to any alleged misconduct described in the report, including but not limited to discharge.
  - (4) Other information the Executive Inspector General to the investigation or resulting relevant. recommendations.
- (c) Not less than 30 days after delivery of the summary report of an investigation under subsection (a), if the Executive Inspector General desires to file a petition for leave to file a complaint, the Executive Inspector General shall notify the Commission and the Attorney General. If the Attorney General determines that reasonable cause exists to believe that a violation has occurred, then the Executive Inspector General, represented by the Attorney General, may file with the Executive Ethics Commission a petition for leave

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

- 1 to file a complaint. The petition shall set forth the alleged violation and the grounds that exist to support the petition. 2 The petition for leave to file a complaint must be filed with 3 4 the Commission within 18 months after the most recent act of 5 the alleged violation or of a series of alleged violations 6 except where there is reasonable cause to believe that fraudulent concealment has occurred. To constitute fraudulent 7 8 concealment sufficient to toll this limitations period, there 9 must be an affirmative act or representation calculated to 10 prevent discovery of the fact that a violation has occurred. If 11 a petition for leave to file a complaint is not filed with the Commission within 6 months after notice by the Inspector 12 General to the Commission and the Attorney General, then the 13 Commission may set a meeting of the Commission at which the 14 15 Attorney General shall appear and provide a status report to 16 the Commission.
  - (d) A copy of the petition must be served on respondents named in the complaint and on each respondent's ultimate jurisdictional authority in the same manner as process is served under the Code of Civil Procedure.
  - (e) A respondent may file objections to the petition for leave to file a complaint within 30 days after notice of the petition has been served on the respondent.
  - (f) The Commission shall meet, either in person or by telephone, in a closed session to review the sufficiency of the complaint. If the Commission finds that complaint

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 1 sufficient, the Commission shall grant the petition for leave 2 to file the complaint. The Commission shall issue notice to the Executive Inspector General and all respondents of the 3 4 Commission's ruling on the sufficiency of the complaint. If the 5 complaint is deemed to sufficiently allege a violation of this 6 Act, then the Commission shall notify the parties and shall include a hearing date scheduled within 4 weeks after the date 7 of the notice, unless all of the parties consent to a later 8 9 date. If the complaint is deemed not to sufficiently allege a 10 violation, then the Commission shall send by certified mail, 11 return receipt requested, a notice to the parties of the decision to dismiss the complaint. 12
  - (q) On the scheduled date the Commission shall conduct a closed meeting, either in person or, if the parties consent, by telephone, on the complaint and allow all parties the opportunity to present testimony and evidence. All proceedings shall be transcribed.
  - (h) Within an appropriate time limit set by rules of the Executive Ethics Commission, the Commission shall (i) dismiss the complaint or (ii) issue a recommendation of discipline to the respondent and the respondent's ultimate jurisdictional authority or impose an administrative fine upon the respondent, or both.
  - The proceedings on any complaint filed with the Commission shall be conducted pursuant to rules promulgated by the Commission.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

- 1 The Commission may designate hearing officers to conduct proceedings as determined by rule of the Commission. 2
  - (k) In all proceedings before the Commission, the standard of proof is by a preponderance of the evidence.
  - (1) When the Inspector General concludes that there is insufficient evidence that a violation has occurred, the Inspector General shall close the investigation. At the request of the subject of the investigation, the Inspector General shall provide a written statement to the subject of the investigation and to the Commission of the Inspector General's decision to close the investigation. Closure by the Inspector General does not bar the Inspector General from resuming the investigation if circumstances warrant.
- (Source: P.A. 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.) 14
- 15 (5 ILCS 430/25-5)
- Sec. 25-5. Legislative Ethics Commission. 16
- 17 (a) The Legislative Ethics Commission is created.
- (b) The Legislative Ethics Commission shall consist of 8 18 19 commissioners appointed 2 each by the President and Minority 20 Leader of the Senate and the Speaker and Minority Leader of the 21 House of Representatives.
- 22 The terms of the initial commissioners shall commence upon 23 qualification. Each appointing authority shall designate one 24 appointee who shall serve for a 2-year term running through 25 June 30, 2005. Each appointing authority shall designate one

- 1 appointee who shall serve for a 4-year term running through
- 2 June 30, 2007. The initial appointments shall be made within 60
- 3 days after the effective date of this Act.
- 4 After the initial terms, commissioners shall serve for
- 5 4-year terms commencing on July 1 of the year of appointment
- and running through June 30 of the fourth following year. 6
- Commissioners may be reappointed to one or more subsequent 7
- 8 terms.
- 9 Vacancies occurring other than at the end of a term shall
- 10 be filled by the appointing authority only for the balance of
- the term of the commissioner whose office is vacant. 11
- Terms shall run regardless of whether the position is 12
- 13 filled.
- 14 (c) The appointing authorities shall appoint commissioners
- 15 who have experience holding governmental office or employment
- 16 and may appoint commissioners who are members of the General
- Assembly as well as commissioners from the general public. A 17
- commissioner who is a member of the General Assembly must 18
- recuse himself or herself from participating in any matter 19
- 20 relating to any investigation or proceeding in which he or she
- 21 is the subject. A person is not eligible to serve as a
- commissioner if that person (i) has been convicted of a felony 22
- 23 or a crime of dishonesty or moral turpitude, (ii) is, or was
- 24 within the preceding 12 months, engaged in activities that
- 25 require registration under the Lobbyist Registration Act,
- 26 (iii) is a relative of the appointing authority, or (iv) is a

- State officer or employee other than a member of the General Assembly.
  - (d) The Legislative Ethics Commission shall have jurisdiction over members of the General Assembly and all State employees whose ultimate jurisdictional authority is (i) a legislative leader, (ii) the Senate Operations Commission, or (iii) the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services, or (iv) the Legislative Ethics Commission. The jurisdiction of the Commission is limited to matters arising under this Act.
  - (e) The Legislative Ethics Commission must meet, either in person or by other technological means, monthly or as often as necessary. At the first meeting of the Legislative Ethics Commission, the commissioners shall choose from their number a chairperson and other officers that they deem appropriate. The terms of officers shall be for 2 years commencing July 1 and running through June 30 of the second following year. Meetings shall be held at the call of the chairperson or any 3 commissioners. Official action by the Commission shall require the affirmative vote of 5 commissioners, and a quorum shall consist of 5 commissioners. Commissioners shall receive no compensation but may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties.
  - (f) No commissioner, other than a commissioner who is a member of the General Assembly, or employee of the Legislative Ethics Commission may during his or her term of appointment or employment:

- 1 (1) become a candidate for any elective office;
- (2) hold any other elected or appointed public office 2
- 3 except for appointments on governmental advisory boards or
- 4 study commissions or as otherwise expressly authorized by
- 5 law:
- (3) be actively involved in the affairs of 6
- political party or political organization; or 7
- (4) actively participate in any campaign for 8
- 9 elective office.
- 10 (g) An appointing authority may remove a commissioner only
- 11 for cause.
- (h) The Legislative Ethics Commission shall appoint an 12
- 13 Executive Director subject to the approval of at least 3 of the
- 14 4 legislative leaders. The compensation of the Executive
- 15 Director shall be as determined by the Commission or by the
- 16 Compensation Review Board, whichever amount is higher. The
- Executive Director of the Legislative Ethics Commission may 17
- 18 employ, subject to the approval of at least 3 of the 4
- 19 legislative leaders, and determine the compensation of staff,
- 20 as appropriations permit.
- (Source: P.A. 93-617, eff. 12-9-03; 93-685, eff. 7-8-04.) 2.1
- 22 (5 ILCS 430/25-10)
- 23 Sec. 25-10. Office of Legislative Inspector General.
- 24 (a) The independent Office of the Legislative Inspector
- 25 General is created. The Office shall be under the direction and

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

25

26

1 supervision of the Legislative Inspector General and shall be a 2 fully independent office with its own appropriation.

(b) The Legislative Inspector General shall be appointed without regard to political affiliation and solely on the basis of integrity and demonstrated ability. The Legislative Ethics Commission shall diligently search out qualified candidates Legislative Inspector General and shall make recommendations to the General Assembly.

The Legislative Inspector General shall be appointed by a resolution of the Senate and the House of Representatives, which may specify the date on which the appointment takes effect. A joint resolution, or other document as may be specified by the Joint Rules of the General Assembly, appointing the Legislative Inspector General must be certified by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate as having been adopted by affirmative vote of three-fifths of the members elected to each house, respectively, and be filed with the Secretary of State. The appointment of the Legislative Inspector General takes effect on the day the appointment is completed by the General Assembly, unless the appointment specifies a later date on which it is to become effective.

23 The Legislative Inspector General shall have the following 24 qualifications:

> (1) has not been convicted of any felony under the laws of this State, another state, or the United States;

4

5

6

7

8

9

- 1 earned a baccalaureate degree (2)from an institution of higher education; and 2
  - (3) has 5 or more years of cumulative service (A) with a federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, at least 2 years of which have been in a progressive investigatory capacity; (B) as a federal, State, or local prosecutor; (C) as a senior manager or executive of a federal, State, or local agency; (D) as a member, an officer, or a State or federal judge; or (E) representing any combination of (A) through (D).
- 11 The Legislative Inspector General may not be a relative of a commissioner. 12
- 13 The term of the initial Legislative Inspector General shall 14 commence upon qualification and shall run through June 30, 15 2008.
- 16 After the initial term, the Legislative Inspector General 17 shall serve for 5-year terms commencing on July 1 of the year of appointment and running through June 30 of the fifth 18 19 following year. The Legislative Inspector General may be 20 reappointed to one or more subsequent terms.
- 2.1 A vacancy occurring other than at the end of a term shall 22 be filled in the same manner as an appointment only for the 23 balance of the term of the Legislative Inspector General whose 24 office is vacant.
- 25 Terms shall run regardless of whether the position is 26 filled.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 1 Legislative Inspector General shall (C) The have jurisdiction over the members of the General Assembly and all 2 3 State employees whose ultimate jurisdictional authority is (i) 4 a legislative leader, (ii) the Senate Operations Commission, or 5 (iii) the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services, or (iv) the Legislative Ethics Commission. 6
  - The jurisdiction of each Legislative Inspector General is to investigate allegations of fraud, waste, abuse, mismanagement, misconduct, nonfeasance, misfeasance, malfeasance, or violations of this Act or violations of other related laws and rules.
  - (d) The compensation of the Legislative Inspector General shall be the greater of an amount (i) determined by the Commission or (ii) by joint resolution of the General Assembly passed by a majority of members elected in each chamber. Subject to Section 25-45 of this Act, the Legislative Inspector General has full authority to organize the Office of the Legislative Inspector General, including the employment and determination of the compensation of staff, such as deputies, assistants, and other employees, as appropriations permit. Employment of staff is subject to the approval of at least 3 of the 4 legislative leaders.
    - (e) No Legislative Inspector General or employee of the Office of the Legislative Inspector General may, during his or her term of appointment or employment:
      - (1) become a candidate for any elective office;

6

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

L	(2) hold any other elected or appointed public office
2	except for appointments on governmental advisory boards or
3	study commissions or as otherwise expressly authorized by
1	law;

- (3) be actively involved in the affairs of any political party or political organization; or
- 7 (4) actively participate in any campaign for any 8 elective office.

In this subsection an appointed public office means a position authorized by law that is filled by an appointing authority as provided by law and does not include employment by hiring in the ordinary course of business.

- (e-1) No Legislative Inspector General or employee of the Office of the Legislative Inspector General may, for one year after the termination of his or her appointment or employment:
  - (1) become a candidate for any elective office;
  - (2) hold any elected public office; or
- 18 (3) hold any appointed State, county, or local judicial office.
- 20 (e-2) The requirements of item (3) of subsection (e-1) may 21 be waived by the Legislative Ethics Commission.
- 22 (f) The Commission may remove the Legislative Inspector 23 General only for cause. At the time of the removal, the 24 Commission must report to the General Assembly the 25 justification for the removal.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 93-617, eff. 12-9-03; 93-685, eff. 7-8-04.)

(5 ILCS 430/25-23)

Sec. 25-23. Ethics Officers. The President and Minority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives shall each appoint an ethics officer for the members and employees of his or her legislative caucus. The commissioners of the Legislative Ethics Commission shall designate an ethics officer for the Legislative Ethics Commission. The Legislative Inspector General shall designate an ethics officer for the Office of the Legislative Inspector General. No later than January 1, 2004, the head of each other State agency under the jurisdiction of the Legislative Ethics Commission, other than the General Assembly, shall designate an ethics officer for the State agency. Ethics Officers shall:

- (1) act as liaisons between the State agency and the Legislative Inspector General and between the State agency and the Legislative Ethics Commission;
- (2) review statements of economic interest and disclosure forms of officers, senior employees, and contract monitors before they are filed with the Secretary of State; and
- (3) provide guidance to officers and employees in the interpretation and implementation of this Act, which the officer or employee may in good faith rely upon. Such guidance shall be based, wherever possible, upon legal precedent in court decisions, opinions of the Attorney

- 1 General, and the findings and opinions of the Legislative
- Ethics Commission. 2
- (Source: P.A. 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.) 3
- Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing 4
- 5 Sections 9-15 and 9-28 as follows:
- (10 ILCS 5/9-15) (from Ch. 46, par. 9-15) 6
- 7 Sec. 9-15. It shall be the duty of the Board-
- 8 (1) to develop prescribed forms for notice to political
- 9 committees of their obligations under this Article and for
- identification of persons examining statements or reports 10
- 11 filed under this Article, and to supply such forms, and the
- forms for filing statements of organization, reports of 12
- 13 campaign contributions, and annual reports of campaign
- 14 contributions and expenditures to the appropriate persons and
- election authorities: 15
- (2) to prepare, publish, and furnish to the appropriate 16
- 17 persons and election authorities a manual of instructions
- 18 setting forth recommended uniform methods of bookkeeping and
- reporting under this Article; 19
- 20 (3) to prescribe suitable rules and regulations to carry
- 21 out the provisions of this Article. Such rules and regulations
- 22 shall be published and made available to the public at
- 23 reasonable cost. The Board may determine which of its
- 24 prescribed rules and regulations shall be binding on the county

- 1 clerks in carrying out their duties under this Article;
- 2 (4) to send by first class mail, after the general primary
- election in even numbered years, to the chairman of each 3
- 4 regularly constituted State central committee, county central
- 5 committee and, in counties with a population of more than
- 6 3,000,000, to the committeemen of each township and ward
- organization of each political party notice of 7
- obligations under this Article, along with a form for filing 8
- 9 the statement of organization; -
- 10 (5) to accept any disclosure of political contributions
- 11 report filed with the Board, pursuant to Section 50-37 of the
- Illinois Procurement Code, and to provide a notification of 12
- receipt of such report to each responsive bidder or offeror 13
- 14 filing a report; and
- 15 (6) to submit to the appropriate chief procurement officer
- the disclosure of political contributions report for any 16
- successful bidder or offeror after receiving notification of an 17
- award by the chief procurement officer. 18
- (Source: P.A. 86-873.) 19
- 20 (10 ILCS 5/9-28)
- 21 Sec. 9-28. Electronic filing and availability. The Board
- 22 shall by rule provide for the electronic filing of expenditure
- 23 and contribution reports as follows:
- 24 Beginning July 1, 1999, or as soon thereafter as the Board
- 25 has provided adequate software to the political committee,

- 1 electronic filing is required for all political committees that
- during the reporting period (i) had at any time a balance or an
- 3 accumulation of contributions of \$25,000 or more, (ii) made
- 4 aggregate expenditures of \$25,000 or more, or (iii) received
- 5 loans of an aggregate of \$25,000 or more.
- Beginning July 1, 2003, electronic filing is required for
- 7 all political committees that during the reporting period (i)
- 8 had at any time a balance or an accumulation of contributions
- of \$10,000 or more, (ii) made aggregate expenditures of \$10,000
- or more, or (iii) received loans of an aggregate of \$10,000 or
- more.
- The Board may provide by rule for the optional electronic
- 13 filing of expenditure and contribution reports for all other
- 14 political committees. The Board shall promptly make all reports
- 15 filed under this Article by all political committees and all
- 16 disclosure of political contribution reports submitted under
- 17 item (6) of Section 9-15 publicly available by means of a
- 18 searchable database that is accessible through the World Wide
- 19 Web.
- The Board shall provide all software necessary to comply
- 21 with this Section to candidates, public officials, political
- 22 committees, and election authorities.
- The Board shall implement a plan to provide computer access
- 24 and assistance to candidates, public officials, political
- 25 committees, and election authorities with respect to
- 26 electronic filings required under this Article.

- For the purposes of this Section, "political committees" 1
- 2 includes entities required to report to the Board under Section
- 9-7.5. 3
- 4 (Source: P.A. 90-495, eff. 8-18-97; 90-737, eff. 1-1-99.)
- 5 Section 10. The Lobbyist Registration Act is amended by
- changing Section 2 as follows: 6
- 7 (25 ILCS 170/2) (from Ch. 63, par. 172)
- 8 Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the
- 9 context otherwise requires:
- "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, 10
- 11 committee, association, corporation, or any other organization
- 12 or group of persons.
- 13 (b) "Expenditure" means a payment, distribution, loan,
- 14 advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, and
- includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not 15
- legally enforceable, to make an expenditure, for the ultimate 16
- 17 influencing executive, legislative, or purpose of
- 18 administrative action, other than compensation as defined in
- subsection (d). 19
- (c) "Official" means: 20
- (1) the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of 21
- 22 State, Attorney General, State Treasurer, and State
- 23 Comptroller;
- (2) Chiefs of Staff for officials described in item 24

1 (1);

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (3) Cabinet members of any elected constitutional officer, including Directors, Assistant Directors and Chief Legal Counsel or General Counsel;
- (4) Members of the General Assembly.
- (d) "Compensation" means any money, thing of value or financial benefits received or to be received in return for services rendered or to be rendered, for lobbying as defined in subsection (e).
  - Monies paid to members of the General Assembly by the State as remuneration for performance of their Constitutional and statutory duties as members of the General Assembly shall not constitute compensation as defined by this Act.
  - (e) "Lobbying" means any communication with (i) an official of the executive or legislative branch of State government as defined in subsection (c) or (ii) a State employee as defined in this Section, for the ultimate purpose of influencing executive, legislative, or administrative action.
  - (f) "Influencing" means any communication, action, reportable expenditure as prescribed in Section 6 or other means used to promote, support, affect, modify, oppose or delay any executive, legislative or administrative action or to promote goodwill with officials as defined in subsection (c).
  - "Executive action" means the proposal, drafting, development, consideration, amendment, adoption, approval, promulgation, issuance, modification, rejection

- 1 postponement by a State entity of a rule, regulation, order,
- decision, determination, contractual arrangement, purchasing 2
- 3 agreement or other quasi-legislative or quasi-judicial action
- 4 or proceeding.
- 5 (h) "Legislative action" means the development, drafting,
- 6 introduction, consideration, modification, adoption,
- rejection, review, enactment, or passage or defeat of any bill, 7
- amendment, resolution, report, nomination, administrative rule 8
- 9 or other matter by either house of the General Assembly or a
- 10 committee thereof, or by a legislator. Legislative action also
- 11 means the action of the Governor in approving or vetoing any
- bill or portion thereof, and the action of the Governor or any 12
- agency in the development of a proposal for introduction in the 13
- 14 legislature.
- 15 "Administrative action" means the execution (i)
- 16 rejection of any rule, regulation, legislative rule, standard,
- fee, rate, contractual arrangement, purchasing agreement or 17
- 18 other delegated legislative or quasi-legislative action to be
- 19 taken or withheld by any executive agency, department, board or
- 20 commission of the State.
- (j) "Lobbyist" means any person who undertakes to lobby 21
- 22 State government as provided in subsection (e).
- 23 (k) "State employee" is defined as that term is defined in
- 24 Section 1-5 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.
- 25 (1) "Employee", with respect to a State employee, is
- defined as that term is defined in Section 1-5 of the State 26

- 1 Officials and Employees Ethics Act.
- 2 (m) "State agency" is defined as that term is defined in
- 3 Section 1-5 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 88-187.)
- 5 Section 25. The Illinois Procurement Code is amended by
- 6 changing Sections 1-15.15, 1-15.100, 15-25, 20-10, 20-30,
- 7 35-15, 35-20, 35-25, 35-30, 35-35, 35-40, 40-15, 40-25, 50-13,
- 8 and 50-20 and by adding Sections 20-43, 50-21, 50-37, and 50-38
- 9 as follows:
- 10 (30 ILCS 500/1-15.15)
- 11 Sec. 1-15.15. Chief Procurement Officer. "Chief
- 12 Procurement Officer" means:
- 13 (1) for procurements for construction and
- 14 construction-related services committed by law to the
- 15 jurisdiction or responsibility of the Capital Development
- Board, the executive director of the Capital Development Board.
- 17 (2) for procurements for all construction,
- 18 construction-related services, operation of any facility, and
- 19 the provision of any service or activity committed by law to
- 20 the jurisdiction or responsibility of the Illinois Department
- 21 of Transportation, including the direct or reimbursable
- 22 expenditure of all federal funds for which the Department of
- 23 Transportation is responsible or accountable for the use
- 24 thereof in accordance with federal law, regulation, or

- 1 procedure, the Secretary of Transportation.
- (3) for all procurements made by a public institution of 2
- 3 higher education, (i) a representative designated by the
- 4 Governor for procurements made before July 1, 2007, and (ii)
- 5 for procurements made on or after July 1, 2007, an employee of
- 6 the Board of Higher Education designated by the Board of Higher
- Education. The higher education chief procurement officer 7
- designated by the Board of Higher Education shall not be a 8
- 9 trustee, officer, or employee of a public institution of higher
- 10 education.
- 11 (4) for the selection and appointment of consultants by a
- pension fund or retirement system created under Article 2, 14, 12
- 13 15, 16, or 18 of the Illinois Pension Code or an investment
- 14 board created under Article 22A of the Illinois Pension Code,
- 15 as the term "consultant" is defined in subsection (a-5) of
- Section 1-113.5 or subsection (e) of Section 22A-111, 16
- respectively, of the Illinois Pension Code, a representative 17
- designated by the board of trustees of that pension fund or 18
- 19 retirement system or by the Illinois State Board of Investment,
- as the case may be, for a total of 6 pension chiefs of 20
- 21 procurement.
- (5)  $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$  for all other procurements, the Director of the 22
- 23 Department of Central Management Services.
- (Source: P.A. 90-572, eff. 2-6-98.) 24
- 25 (30 ILCS 500/1-15.100)

Sec. 1-15.100. State agency. "State agency" means and 1 2 includes all boards, commissions, agencies, institutions, 3 authorities, and bodies politic and corporate of the State, 4 created by or in accordance with the constitution or statute, 5 of the executive branch of State government and does include 6 universities, and institutions under jurisdiction of the governing boards of the University of 7 8 Illinois, Southern Illinois University, Illinois 9 University, Eastern Illinois University, Northern Illinois 10 University, Western Illinois University, Chicago State 11 University, Governor State University, Northeastern Illinois University, and the Board of Higher Education. However, this 12 13 term applies does not apply to public employee pension funds, 14 retirement systems, or investment boards that are subject to 15 fiduciary duties imposed by the Illinois Pension Code only to 16 the extent and for the purpose of procurements required under Sections 1-113.5 and 22A-111 of the Illinois Pension Code to be 17 made in accordance with Article 35 of this Code. The term 18 19 "State agency" does not apply or to the University of Illinois 20 Foundation. "State agency" does not include units of local government, school districts, community colleges under the 21 Public Community College Act, and the Illinois Comprehensive 22 23 Health Insurance Board. (Source: P.A. 90-572, eff. 2-6-98.)

(30 ILCS 500/15-25)

24

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

1 Sec. 15-25. Bulletin content.

- (a) Invitations for bids. Notice of each and every contract that is offered, including renegotiated contracts and change orders, shall be published in the Bulletin. The applicable chief procurement officer may provide by rule an organized format for the publication of this information, but in any case it must include at least the date first offered, the date submission of offers is due, the location that offers are to be submitted to, the purchasing State agency, the responsible State purchasing officer, a brief purchase description, the method of source selection, information of how to obtain a comprehensive purchase description and any disclosure and contract forms, and encouragement to prospective vendors to hire qualified veterans, as defined by Section 45-67 of this Code, and Illinois residents discharged from any Illinois adult correctional center.
- (b) Contracts let or awarded. Notice of each and every contract that is let or awarded, including renegotiated contracts and change orders, shall be published in the next available subsequent Bulletin, and the applicable chief procurement officer may provide by rule an organized format for the publication of this information, but in any case it must include at least all of the information specified in subsection (a) as well as the name of the successful responsible bidder or offeror, the contract price, the number of unsuccessful responsive bidders, and any other disclosure specified in any

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1 Section of this Code. This notice shall include the disclosures under Section 50-37, if those disclosures are required. In 2 addition, the notice shall summarize the outreach efforts 3 4 undertaken by the agency to make potential bidders or offerors 5 aware of any contract offer other than publication in the 6 Bulletin. This notice must be posted in the online electronic Bulletin no later than 10 business days after services or goods 7 8 are first provided.

- (c) Emergency purchase disclosure. Any chief procurement officer, State purchasing officer, or designee exercising emergency purchase authority under this Code shall publish a written description and reasons and the total cost, if known, or an estimate if unknown and the name of the responsible chief procurement officer and State purchasing officer, and the business or person contracted with for all emergency purchases in the next timely, practicable Bulletin. This notice must be posted in the online electronic Bulletin within 10 business days after the earlier of (i) execution of the contract or (ii) whenever services or goods begin to be provided under the contract and, in any event, prior to any payment by the State under the contract.
- (c-5) Each State agency shall post in the online electronic Bulletin a copy of its annual report of utilization of businesses owned by minorities, females, and persons with disabilities as submitted to the Business Enterprise Council for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities

- 1 pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Business Enterprise for
- Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act within 2
- 10 business days of its submission of its report to the 3
- 4 Council.
- 5 (c-10) Renewals. Notice of each contract renewal shall be
- 6 posted online on the Procurement Bulletin. The Procurement
- Policy Board by rule shall specify the information to be 7
- included in the notice, and the applicable chief procurement 8
- 9 officer by rule may provide a format for the information.
- 10 (d) Other required disclosure. The applicable chief
- 11 procurement officer shall provide by rule for the organized
- publication of all other disclosure required in other Sections 12
- 13 of this Code in a timely manner.
- 14 (e) The changes to subsections (b), (c), and (c-5) of this
- 15 Section made by this amendatory Act of the 95th General
- 16 Assembly apply to reports submitted, offers made, and notices
- on contracts executed on or after its effective date. 17
- (Source: P.A. 94-1067, eff. 8-1-06.) 18
- 19 (30 ILCS 500/20-10)
- 2.0 Sec. 20-10. Competitive sealed bidding.
- (a) Conditions for use. All contracts shall be awarded by 21
- 22 competitive sealed bidding except as otherwise provided in
- 23 Section 20-5.
- 24 (b) Invitation for bids. An invitation for bids shall be
- 25 issued and shall include a purchase description and the

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 1 material contractual terms and conditions applicable to the 2 procurement.
  - (c) Public notice. Public notice of the invitation for bids shall be published in the Illinois Procurement Bulletin at least 14 days before the date set in the invitation for the opening of bids.
    - (d) Bid opening. Bids shall be opened publicly in the presence of one or more witnesses at the time and place designated in the invitation for bids. The name of each bidder, the amount of each bid, and other relevant information as may be specified by rule shall be recorded. After the award of the contract, the winning bid and the record of each unsuccessful bid shall be open to public inspection.
    - (e) Bid acceptance and bid evaluation. Bids shall be unconditionally accepted without alteration or correction, except as authorized in this Code. Bids shall be evaluated based on the requirements set forth in the invitation for bids, which may include criteria to determine acceptability such as inspection, testing, quality, workmanship, delivery, suitability for a particular purpose. Those criteria that will affect the bid price and be considered in evaluation for award, such as discounts, transportation costs, and total or life cycle costs, shall be objectively measurable. The invitation for bids shall set forth the evaluation criteria to be used.
    - (f) Correction or withdrawal of bids. Correction or withdrawal of inadvertently erroneous bids before or after

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

award, or cancellation of awards of contracts based on bid mistakes, shall be permitted in accordance with rules. After bid opening, no changes in bid prices or other provisions of bids prejudicial to the interest of the State or fair competition shall be permitted. All decisions to permit the correction or withdrawal of bids based on bid mistakes shall be supported by written determination made by a State purchasing officer.

- (g) Award. The contract shall be awarded with reasonable promptness by written notice to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder whose bid meets the requirements and criteria set forth in the invitation for bids, except when a State purchasing officer determines it is not in the best interest of the State and by written explanation determines another bidder shall receive the award. The explanation shall appear in the appropriate volume of the Illinois Procurement Bulletin. The written explanation must include:
  - (1) a description of the agency's needs;
- (2) a determination that the anticipated cost will be fair and reasonable;
- (3) a listing of all responsible and responsive 21 bidders; and 22
- 23 (4) the name of the bidder selected, pricing, and the 24 reasons for selecting that bidder instead of the lowest 25 responsible and responsive bidder.
- 26 Each agency may adopt rules to implement the requirements

- 1 of this subsection (q).
- The written explanation shall be filed with the Legislative 2
- 3 Audit Commission and the Procurement Policy Board and be made
- 4 available for inspection by the public within 30 days after the
- 5 agency's decision to award the contract.
- 6 (h) Multi-step sealed bidding. When it is considered
- impracticable to initially prepare a purchase description to 7
- support an award based on price, an invitation for bids may be 8
- 9 issued requesting the submission of unpriced offers to be
- 10 followed by an invitation for bids limited to those bidders
- 11 whose offers have been qualified under the criteria set forth
- in the first solicitation. 12
- (Source: P.A. 90-572, eff. date See Sec. 99-5.) 13
- 14 (30 ILCS 500/20-30)
- 15 Sec. 20-30. Emergency purchases.
- (a) Conditions for use. In accordance with standards set by 16
- 17 rule, a purchasing agency may make emergency procurements
- without competitive sealed bidding or prior notice when there 18
- 19 exists a threat to public health or public safety, or when
- 20 immediate expenditure is necessary for repairs to State
- 21 property in order to protect against further loss of or damage
- 22 to State property, to prevent or minimize serious disruption in
- 23 critical State services that affect health, safety, or
- 24 collections of substantial State revenue, or to ensure the
- integrity of State records; provided, however, that the term of 25

- 1 the emergency purchase shall be limited to the time reasonably
- needed for a competitive procurement, not to exceed 6 months. 2
- 3 Emergency procurements shall be made with as much competition
- 4 practicable under the circumstances. Α
- 5 description of the basis for the emergency and reasons for the
- 6 selection of the particular contractor shall be included in the
- 7 contract file.
- 8 (b) Notice. Before the next appropriate volume of the
- 9 Illinois Procurement Bulletin, the purchasing agency shall
- 10 publish in the Illinois Procurement Bulletin a copy of each
- 11 written description and reasons and the total cost of each
- emergency procurement made during the previous month. When only 12
- 13 an estimate of the total cost is known at the time of
- 14 publication, the estimate shall be identified as an estimate
- 15 and published. When the actual total cost is determined, it
- 16 shall also be published in like manner before the 10th day of
- 17 the next succeeding month.
- (c) Affidavits. A purchasing agency making a procurement 18
- under this Section shall file affidavits with the chief 19
- 20 procurement officer and the Auditor General within 10 days
- 21 after the procurement setting forth the amount expended, the
- name of the contractor involved, and the conditions 22
- 23 circumstances requiring the emergency procurement. When only
- 24 an estimate of the cost is available within 10 days after the
- 25 procurement, the actual cost shall be reported immediately
- 26 after it is determined. At the end of each fiscal quarter, the

- 1 Auditor General shall file with the Legislative
- 2 Commission and the Governor a complete listing of all emergency
- fiscal quarter. 3 procurements reported during that
- 4 Legislative Audit Commission shall review the emergency
- 5 procurements so reported and, in its annual reports, advise the
- 6 General Assembly of procurements that appear to constitute an
- abuse of this Section. 7
- (d) Quick purchases. The chief procurement officer may 8
- promulgate rules extending the circumstances by which a 9
- 10 purchasing agency may make purchases under this Section,
- 11 including but not limited to the procurement of items available
- at a discount for a limited period of time. 12
- 13 (e) The changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act
- 14 of the 95th General Assembly apply to procurements executed on
- 15 or after its effective date.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 90-572, eff. date - See Sec. 99-5.)
- 17 (30 ILCS 500/20-43 new)
- 18 Sec. 20-43. Bidder or offeror authorized to do business in
- 19 Illinois. In addition to meeting any other requirement of law
- 20 or rule, a person (other than an individual acting as a sole
- 21 proprietor) may qualify as a bidder or offeror under this Code
- 22 only if the person is a legal entity authorized to do business
- in Illinois prior to submitting the bid, offer, or proposal. 23

- 1 Sec. 35-15. Pregualification.
- (a) The Director of Central Management Services, the 2
- pension chief procurement officers, and the higher education 3
- 4 chief procurement officer shall each develop appropriate and
- 5 reasonable prequalification standards and categories of
- professional and artistic services. 6
- (b) The prequalifications and categorizations shall be 7
- 8 submitted to the Procurement Policy Board and published for
- 9 public comment prior to their submission to the Joint Committee
- 10 on Administrative Rules for approval.
- 11 (c) The Director of Central Management Services, the
- pension chief procurement officers, and the higher education 12
- chief procurement officer shall each also assemble and maintain 13
- 14 comprehensive list of prequalified and categorized
- 15 businesses and persons.
- 16 (d) Prequalification shall not be used to bar or prevent
- 17 any qualified business or person for bidding or responding to
- 18 invitations for bid or proposal.
- (Source: P.A. 90-572, eff. date See Sec. 99-5.) 19
- 20 (30 ILCS 500/35-20)
- 21 Sec. 35-20. Uniformity in procurement.
- 22 (a) The Director of Central Management Services, the
- 23 pension chief procurement officers, and the higher education
- 24 chief procurement officer shall each develop, cause to be
- 25 printed, and distribute uniform documents for the

- 1 solicitation, review, and acceptance of all professional and
- artistic services. 2
- (b) All chief procurement officers, State purchasing 3
- 4 officers, and their designees shall use the appropriate uniform
- 5 procedures and forms specified in this Code for
- professional and artistic services. 6
- (c) These forms shall include in detail, in writing, at 7
- 8 least:
- 9 (1) a description of the goal to be achieved;
- 10 (2) the services to be performed;
- 11 (3) the need for the service:
- 12 (4) the qualifications that are necessary; and
- 13 (5) a plan for post-performance review.
- (Source: P.A. 90-572, eff. date See Sec. 99-5.) 14
- 15 (30 ILCS 500/35-25)
- 16 Sec. 35-25. Uniformity in contract.
- 17 The Director of Central Management Services, the (a)
- 18 pension chief procurement officers, and the higher education
- 19 chief procurement officer shall each develop, cause to be
- printed, and distribute uniform documents for the contracting 20
- of professional and artistic services. 21
- 22 (b) All chief procurement officers, State purchasing
- 23 officers, and their designees shall use the appropriate uniform
- 24 contracts and forms in contracting for all professional and
- 25 artistic services.

- 1 (c) These contracts and forms shall include in detail, in
- 2 writing, at least:
- (1) the detail listed in subsection (c) of Section 3
- 35-20; 4
- 5 (2) the duration of the contract, with a schedule of
- delivery, when applicable; 6
- 7 (3) the method for charging and measuring cost (hourly,
- 8 per day, etc.);
- 9 (4) the rate of remuneration; and
- 10 (5) the maximum price.
- (Source: P.A. 90-572, eff. date See Sec. 99-5.) 11
- 12 (30 ILCS 500/35-30)
- Sec. 35-30. Awards. 13
- 14 (a) All State contracts for professional and artistic
- services, except as provided in this Section, shall be awarded 15
- 16 using the competitive request for proposal process outlined in
- 17 this Section.
- For each contract offered, the chief procurement 18
- 19 officer, State purchasing officer, or his or her designee shall
- use the appropriate standard solicitation forms available from 20
- 21 the Department of Central Management Services, the appropriate
- pension chief procurement officer, or the higher education 22
- chief procurement officer. 23
- 24 (c) Prepared forms shall be submitted to the Department of
- Central Management Services, a pension chief procurement 25

- 1 officer, or the higher education chief procurement officer,
- whichever is appropriate, for publication in its Illinois 2
- Procurement Bulletin and circulation to the Department of 3
- 4 Central Management Services', the pension chief procurement
- 5 officer's, or the higher education chief procurement officer's
- list of prequalified vendors. Notice of the offer or request 6
- for proposal shall appear at least 14 days before the response 7
- 8 to the offer is due.
- 9 (d) All interested respondents shall return their
- 10 responses to the Department of Central Management Services, the
- 11 pension chief procurement officer, or the higher education
- chief procurement officer, whichever is appropriate, which 12
- 13 shall open and record them. The Department, the pension chief
- 14 procurement officer, or higher education chief procurement
- 15 officer then shall forward the responses, together with any
- 16 information it has available about the qualifications and other
- 17 State work of the respondents.
- After evaluation, ranking, and selection, 18
- responsible chief procurement officer, State purchasing 19
- 20 officer, or his or her designee shall notify the Department of
- Central Management Services, the pension chief procurement 21
- 22 officer, or the higher education chief procurement officer,
- 23 whichever is appropriate, of the successful respondent and
- 24 shall forward a copy of the signed contract for
- 25 Department's, pension chief procurement officer's, or higher
- education chief procurement officer's file. The Department, 26

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 1 the pension chief procurement officer, or higher education chief procurement officer shall publish the names of the 2 3 responsible procurement decision-maker, the agency letting the 4 contract, the successful respondent, a contract reference, and 5 value of the let contract in the next appropriate volume of the 6 Illinois Procurement Bulletin.
  - (f) For all professional and artistic contracts with annualized value that exceeds \$25,000, evaluation and ranking by price are required. Any chief procurement officer or State purchasing officer, but not their designees, may select an offeror other than the lowest bidder by price. In any case, when the contract exceeds the \$25,000 threshold threshold and the lowest bidder is not selected, the chief procurement officer or the State purchasing officer shall forward together with the contract notice of who the low bidder was and a written decision as to why another was selected to the Department of Central Management Services, the pension chief procurement officer, or the higher education chief procurement officer, whichever is appropriate. The Department, the pension chief procurement officer, or higher education chief procurement officer shall publish as provided in subsection (e) of Section 35-30, but shall include notice of the chief procurement officer's or State purchasing officer's written decision.
    - (g) The Department of Central Management Services, the pension chief procurement officers, and higher education chief

- 1 procurement officer may each refine, but not contradict, this
- 2 Section by promulgating rules for submission to the Procurement
- Policy Board and then to the Joint Committee on Administrative 3
- 4 Rules. Any refinement shall be based on the principles and
- 5 procedures of the federal Architect-Engineer Selection Law,
- 6 Law 92-582 Brooks Act, and the Architectural,
- 7 Engineering, and Land Surveying Qualifications Based Selection
- Act; except that pricing shall be an integral part of the 8
- 9 selection process.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 90-572, eff. date - See Sec. 99-5; revised
- 10-19-05.) 11
- 12 (30 ILCS 500/35-35)
- 13 Sec. 35-35. Exceptions.
- 14 (a) Exceptions to Section 35-30 are allowed for sole source
- 15 procurements, emergency procurements, and at the discretion of
- the chief procurement officer or the State purchasing officer, 16
- but not their designees, for professional and artistic 17
- 18 contracts that are nonrenewable, one year or less in duration,
- 19 and have a value of less than \$20,000.
- 20 (b) All exceptions granted under this Article must still be
- 21 submitted to the Department of Central Management Services, the
- 22 appropriate pension chief procurement officer, or the higher
- 23 education chief procurement officer, whichever is appropriate,
- 24 and published as provided for in subsection (f) of Section
- 25 35-30, shall name the authorizing chief procurement officer or

- 1 State purchasing officer, and shall include a brief explanation
- of the reason for the exception. 2
- (Source: P.A. 90-572, eff. date See Sec. 99-5.) 3
- 4 (30 ILCS 500/35-40)
- 5 Sec. 35-40. Subcontractors.
- (a) Any contract granted under this Article shall state 6
- whether the services of a subcontractor will be used. The 7
- 8 contract shall include the names and addresses of all
- 9 subcontractors and the expected amount of money each will
- 10 receive under the contract.
- If at any time during the term of a contract, a 11
- 12 contractor adds or changes any subcontractors, he or she shall
- 13 promptly notify, in writing, the Department of Central
- 14 Management Services, the appropriate pension chief procurement
- 15 officer, or the higher education chief procurement officer,
- 16 whichever is appropriate, and the responsible
- procurement officer, State purchasing officer, or 17
- designee of the names and addresses and the expected amount of 18
- 19 money each new or replaced subcontractor will receive.
- (Source: P.A. 90-572, eff. date See Sec. 99-5.) 20
- 21 (30 ILCS 500/40-15)
- 22 Sec. 40-15. Method of source selection.
- 23 Request for information. Except as provided in
- 24 subsections (b) and (c), all State contracts for leases of real

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

- property or capital improvements shall be awarded by a request 1 for information process in accordance with Section 40-20. 2
- 3 (b) Other methods. A request for information process need 4 not be used in procuring any of the following leases:
  - (1) Property of less than 10,000 square feet.
- (2) Rent of less than \$100,000 per year. 6
  - (3) Duration of less than one year that cannot be renewed.
    - (4) Specialized space available at only one location.
    - (5) Renewal or extension of a lease in effect before July 1, 2002; provided that: (i) the chief procurement officer determines in writing that the renewal or extension is in the best interest of the State; (ii) the chief written procurement officer submits his or her determination and the renewal or extension to the Board; (iii) the Board does not object in writing to the renewal or extension within 30 days after its submission; and (iv) the chief procurement officer publishes the renewal or extension in the appropriate volume of the Procurement Bulletin.
    - (c) Leases with governmental units. Leases with other governmental units may be negotiated without using the request for information process when deemed by the chief procurement officer to be in the best interest of the State.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 93-133, eff. 1-1-04; 93-839, eff. 7-30-04.)

- 1 (30 ILCS 500/40-25)
- 2 Sec. 40-25. Length of leases.
- 3 (a) Maximum term. Leases shall be for a term not to exceed
- 4 10 years and shall include a termination option in favor of the
- 5 State after 5 years.
- 6 (b) Renewal. Leases may include a renewal option. An option
- 7 to renew may be exercised only when a State purchasing officer
- 8 determines in writing that renewal is in the best interest of
- 9 the State and notice of the exercise of the option is published
- in the appropriate volume of the Procurement Bulletin at least
- 11 60 days prior to the exercise of the option.
- 12 (c) Subject to appropriation. All leases shall recite that
- they are subject to termination and cancellation in any year
- 14 for which the General Assembly fails to make an appropriation
- to make payments under the terms of the lease.
- 16 (d) Holdover. No lease may continue on a month-to-month or
- other holdover basis for a total of more than 6 months.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 90-572, eff. date See Sec. 99-5.)
- 19 (30 ILCS 500/50-13)
- Sec. 50-13. Conflicts of interest.
- 21 (a) Prohibition. It is unlawful for any person holding an
- 22 elective office in this State, holding a seat in the General
- 23 Assembly, or appointed to or employed in any of the offices or
- 24 agencies of State government and who receives compensation for
- 25 such employment in excess of 60% of the salary of the Governor

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

of the State of Illinois, or who is an officer or employee of the Capital Development Board or the Illinois Toll Highway Authority, or who is the spouse or minor child of any such person to have or acquire any contract, or any direct pecuniary interest in any contract therein, whether for stationery, printing, paper, or any services, materials, or supplies, that will be wholly or partially satisfied by the payment of funds appropriated by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois or in any contract of the Capital Development Board or the Illinois Toll Highway Authority.

(b) Interests. It is unlawful for any firm, partnership, association, or corporation, in which any person listed in subsection (a) is entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income or (ii) an amount in excess of the salary of the Governor, to have or acquire any such contract or direct pecuniary interest therein.

(b-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person listed in subsection (a) may receive a legal, banking, consulting, or other fee, or any compensation for services provided in relation to the award of a contract, including contracts related to the issuance of bonds, by the State or by any agency or other entity of State government if the person, by using his or her official position, could have influenced the State or such agency or entity in any way. This subsection (b-5) does not apply to any contract awarded pursuant to a competitive selection process.

- (c) Combined interests. It is unlawful for any firm, partnership, association, or corporation, in which any person listed in subsection (a) together with his or her spouse or minor children is entitled to receive (i) more than 15%, in the aggregate, of the total distributable income or (ii) an amount in excess of 2 times the salary of the Governor, to have or acquire any such contract or direct pecuniary interest therein.
  - (c-5) Appointees and firms. In addition to any provisions of this Code, the interests of certain appointees and their firms are subject to Section 3A-35 of the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.
  - (d) Securities. Nothing in this Section invalidates the provisions of any bond or other security previously offered or to be offered for sale or sold by or for the State of Illinois.
  - (e) Prior interests. This Section does not affect the validity of any contract made between the State and an officer or employee of the State or member of the General Assembly, his or her spouse, minor child, or other immediate family member living in his or her residence or any combination of those persons if that contract was in existence before his or her election or employment as an officer, member, or employee. The contract is voidable, however, if it cannot be completed within 365 days after the officer, member, or employee takes office or is employed.
- (f) Exceptions.
- (1) Public aid payments. This Section does not apply to

2.1

payments made for a public aid recipient.

- (2) Teaching. This Section does not apply to a contract for personal services as a teacher or school administrator between a member of the General Assembly or his or her spouse, or a State officer or employee or his or her spouse, and any school district, public community college district, the University of Illinois, Southern Illinois University, Illinois State University, Eastern Illinois University, Northern Illinois University, Western Illinois University, Chicago State University, Governor State University, or Northeastern Illinois University.
- (3) Ministerial duties. This Section does not apply to a contract for personal services of a wholly ministerial character, including but not limited to services as a laborer, clerk, typist, stenographer, page, bookkeeper, receptionist, or telephone switchboard operator, made by a spouse or minor child of an elective or appointive State officer or employee or of a member of the General Assembly.
- (4) Child and family services. This Section does not apply to payments made to a member of the General Assembly, a State officer or employee, his or her spouse or minor child acting as a foster parent, homemaker, advocate, or volunteer for or in behalf of a child or family served by the Department of Children and Family Services.
- (5) Licensed professionals. Contracts with licensed professionals, provided they are competitively bid or part

- 1 of a reimbursement program for specific, customary goods and services through the Department of Children and Family 2 3 Services, the Department of Human Services, the Department 4 Healthcare and Family Services Public Aid, 5 Department of Public Health, or the Department on Aging.
- (q) Penalty. A person convicted of a violation of this 6 Section is quilty of a business offense and shall be fined not 7 8 less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 93-615, eff. 11-19-03; revised 12-15-05.)

## 10 (30 ILCS 500/50-20)

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

50-20. Exemptions. With the approval appropriate chief procurement officer involved, the Governor, an executive ethics board or commission he or designates, may exempt named individuals from the prohibitions of Section 50-13, except the prohibitions set forth in subsection (b-5) of Section 50-13, when, in his, her, or its judgment, the public interest in having the individual in the service of the State outweighs the public policy evidenced in that Section. An exemption is effective only when it is filed with the Secretary of State and the Comptroller within 60 days after its issuance or when performance of the contract begins, whichever is earlier, and includes a statement setting forth the name of the individual and all the pertinent facts that would make that Section applicable, setting forth the reason for the exemption, and declaring the individual exempted from

- 1 that Section. Exemptions must be filed with the Secretary of
- State and Comptroller prior to execution of any contracts. A 2
- copy of Notice of each exemption shall be published in the 3
- 4 Illinois Procurement Bulletin in its electronic form prior to
- 5 execution of the contract. The changes to this Section made by
- 6 this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly apply to
- exemptions granted on or after its effective date. 7
- A contract for which a waiver has been issued but has not 8
- 9 been filed in accordance with this Section is voidable.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 90-572, eff. 2-6-98.)
- 11 (30 ILCS 500/50-21 new)
- 12 Sec. 50-21. Bond issuances.
- 13 (a) A State agency shall not enter into a contract with
- 14 respect to the issuance of bonds or other securities by the
- State or a State agency with any entity that uses an 15
- 16 independent consultant.
- As used in this subsection, "independent consultant" means 17
- 18 a person used by the entity to obtain or retain securities
- 19 business through direct or indirect communication by the person
- 20 with a State official or employee on behalf of the entity when
- 21 the communication is undertaken by the person in exchange for
- 22 or with the understanding of receiving payment from the entity
- or another person. "Independent consultant" does not include 23
- 24 (i) a finance professional employed by the entity or (ii) a
- 25 person whose sole basis of compensation from the entity is the

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 actual provision of legal, accounting, or engineering advice,

services, or assistance in connection with the securities

business that the entity seeks to obtain or retain.

- (b) Each contract entered into by a State agency with respect to the issuance of bonds or other securities by the State or a State agency shall include a certification by any contracting party subject to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's Rule G-38, or a successor rule, that the contracting entity is and shall remain for the duration of the contract in compliance with the Rule's requirements for reporting political contributions. Violation of the certification makes the contract voidable by the State and shall bar the awarding of a State agency contract with respect to the issuance of bonds or other securities to the violator for a period of 10 years after the determination of the violation.
- (c) Any entity convicted of violating the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's Rule G-37 or Rule G-38, or any successor rules, with respect to the prohibitions of those rules against obtaining or retaining municipal securities business and the making of political contributions or payments is permanently barred from participating in any State agency contract with respect to the issuance of bonds or other securities.

1	Sec. 50-37. Contract award disclosure.
2	(a) For the purposes of this Section:
3	"Contracting entity" means an entity that would execute any
4	contract with a State agency.
5	"Key persons" means any persons who (i) have an ownership
6	or distributive income share in the contracting entity that is
7	in excess of 5%, or an amount greater than 60% of the annual
8	salary of the Governor, or (ii) serve as executive officers of
9	the contracting entity.
10	(b) For contracts with an annual value of \$50,000 or more,
11	all offers from responsive bidders or offerors shall be
12	accompanied by disclosure of the names and addresses of the
13	<pre>following:</pre>
14	(1) The contracting entity.
15	(2) Any entity that is a parent of, or owns a
16	controlling interest in, the contracting entity.
17	(3) Any entity that is a subsidiary of, or in which a
18	controlling interest is owned by, the contracting entity.
19	(4) The contracting entity's key persons.
20	(c) Notices of contracts let or awarded published in the
21	Procurement Bulletin pursuant to Section 15-25 shall include as
22	part of the notice posted online the names disclosed by the
23	winning bidder or offeror pursuant to subsection (b).
24	(d) The changes made to this Section made by this
25	amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly apply to contracts
26	first offered on or after its effective date.

1 (30 ILCS 500/50-38 new)

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Sec. 50-38. Disclosure of political contributions.

(a) All offers from responsive bidders or offerors with an annual value of more than \$10,000 shall be accompanied by a notification of receipt of the disclosure of political contributions report, as identified in Section 9-15 of the Election Code, of the contractor, bidder, or proposer as provided in this Section. The appropriate chief procurement officer shall notify the State Board of Elections after an award has been made and request a copy of the disclosure of political contributions report for each successful bidder or offeror. The disclosure of political contributions report of each successful bidder or offeror shall become part of the publicly available contract or procurement file maintained by the appropriate chief procurement officer and shall also be filed with the Comptroller as part of the filing required pursuant to Section 20-80 of this Code.

(b) The disclosure of political contributions report by the responsive bidders or offerors shall include at least the names and addresses of the contributors and the dollar amounts of any contributions to the officeholder or candidate for the office responsible for awarding the contract or to any political committees established to promote the candidacy of such officeholder or candidate for that office made within the previous 2 years by the responsive bidders or offerors and any

- affiliated persons or entities. 1
- 2 (c) As used in this Section:
- "Contribution" means contribution as defined in Section 3
- 4 9-1.4 of the Election Code.
- 5 "Officeholder" means the Governor, Lieutenant Governor,
- Attorney General, Secretary of State, Comptroller, or 6
- Treasurer. The Governor shall be considered the officeholder 7
- responsible for awarding all contracts by all officers and 8
- 9 employees of, and vendors and others doing business with,
- 10 executive branch State agencies under the jurisdiction of the
- 11 Executive Ethics Commission and not within the jurisdiction of
- the Attorney General, the Secretary of State, the Comptroller, 12
- 13 or the Treasurer.
- 14 "Sponsoring entity" means sponsoring entity as defined in
- 15 Section 9-3 of the Election Code.
- 16 "Affiliated person" means (i) any person with any ownership
- interest or distributive share of the bidding or contracting 17
- entity in excess of 5%, or any person with any ownership 18
- 19 interest or distributive share in excess of 5% in any entity
- 20 that provides legal, professional, consulting, or other
- 21 services, or subcontracts with the bidding or contracting
- 22 entity and has or will receive a fee or payment from the
- bidding or contracting entity related to the award to, or 23
- 24 performance of the contract by, the bidding or contracting
- 25 entity; (ii) executive employees of the bidding or contracting
- 26 entity, or executive employees of any entity that provides

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1 legal, professional, consulting, or other services, or subcontracts with the bidding or contracting entity that has or 2 will receive a fee or payment from the bidding or contracting 3 4 entity related to the award to, or performance of the contract 5 by, the bidding or contracting entity; and (iii) the spouse and minor children of any such persons. 6 "Affiliated entity" means (i) any subsidiary of the bidding 7 8

or contracting entity; (ii) any member of the same unitary business group; (iii) any entity that provides legal, professional, consulting, or other services, or subcontracts with the bidding or contracting entity that has or will receive a fee or payment from the bidding or contracting entity related to the award to, or the performance of the contract by, the bidding or contracting entity; (iv) any political committee for which the bidding or contracting entity is the sponsoring entity.

"Executive employee" means the chairman of the board, president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, or other person holding an executive office.

(d) Pursuant to Section 9 of the State Comptroller Act, the Comptroller may refuse to draw a warrant for payment on any voucher based on the obligation of any contract if the disclosures required by this Section are not filed with the Comptroller.

(e) Notwithstanding subsection (b), contributions to any candidate that in the aggregate do not exceed \$500 within the

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

previous 2 years do not need to be disclosed.

(f) Any business whose contracts with State agencies, in the aggregate, annually total more than \$25,000 is prohibited from making any contributions to the officeholder or candidate for the office responsible for awarding the contracts or to any political committees established to promote the candidacy of that officeholder or candidate for that office. This prohibition shall be effective for the current term of office of the incumbent awarding the contracts or for a period of 2 years following the conclusion of the contracts, whichever is longer. This prohibition shall also apply to contributions from any affiliated persons or entities.

(f-5) During the period beginning on the date the invitation for bids or request for proposals is issued and ending on the day after the date the contract is awarded, any business whose aggregate pending bids and proposals on State contracts total more than \$25,000, or whose aggregate pending bids and proposals on State contracts combined with the business' aggregate annual total value of State contracts exceed \$25,000, is prohibited from making any contributions to the officeholder or candidate for the office responsible for awarding the contract on which the business has submitted a bid or proposal, or to any political committee established to promote the candidacy of that officeholder or candidate for that office. This prohibition shall also apply to contributions from any affiliated persons or entities.

- 1 (q) All contracts between State agencies and a business that violates subsection (f) or (f-5) shall be voidable under 2
- 3 Section 50-60.
- 4 If a business violates subsection (f) 3 or more times
- 5 within a 36-month period, then all contracts between State
- agencies and that business shall be void, and that business 6
- shall not bid or respond to any invitation to bid or request 7
- for proposals from any State agency or otherwise enter into any 8
- 9 contract with any State agency for 3 years from the date of the
- 10 last violation.
- 11 A notice of each violation and the penalty imposed shall be
- published in both the Procurement Bulletin and the Illinois 12
- 13 Register.
- 14 (h) Any political committee that has received a
- 15 contribution in violation of subsection (f) or (f-5) shall pay
- 16 an amount equal to the value of the contribution to the State
- no more than 30 days after notice of the violation concerning 17
- the contribution appears in the Illinois Register. Payments 18
- 19 received by the State pursuant to this subsection shall be
- deposited into the general revenue fund. 20
- Section 35. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by 21
- changing Sections 1-101.2, 1-101.4, 1-109.1, 1-110, 1-113.5, 22
- 1-113.12, 1A-113, 22A-108.1, and 22A-111 and by adding Sections 23
- 24 1-125, 1-130, 1-135, and 1-140 as follows:

- 1 (40 ILCS 5/1-101.2)
- 2 Sec. 1-101.2. Fiduciary. A person is a "fiduciary" with
- 3 respect to a pension fund or retirement system established
- 4 under this Code to the extent that the person:
- 5 (1) exercises any discretionary authority or
- 6 discretionary control respecting management of the pension
- fund or retirement system, or exercises any authority or
- 8 control respecting management or disposition of its
- 9 assets;
- 10 (2) renders investment advice, or advice with respect
- to the selection of other fiduciaries, for a fee or other
- 12 compensation, direct or indirect, with respect to any
- moneys or other property of the pension fund or retirement
- system, or has any authority or responsibility to do so; or
- 15 (3) has any discretionary authority or discretionary
- responsibility in the administration of the pension fund or
- 17 retirement system.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 90-507, eff. 8-22-97.)
- 19 (40 ILCS 5/1-101.4)
- Sec. 1-101.4. Investment adviser. A person is an
- "investment adviser", "investment advisor", or "investment
- 22 manager" with respect to a pension fund or retirement system
- 23 established under this Code if the the person:
- 24 (1) is a fiduciary appointed by the board of trustees
- of the pension fund or retirement system in accordance with

1 Section 1-109.1;

4

5

- (2) has the power to manage, acquire, or dispose of any 2 3 asset of the retirement system or pension fund;
  - (3) has acknowledged in writing that he or she is a fiduciary with respect to the pension fund or retirement system; and
- (4) is at least one of the following: (i) registered as 7 8 investment adviser under the federal 9 Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-1, et seq.); (ii) 10 registered as an investment adviser under the Illinois 11 Securities Law of 1953; (iii) a bank, as defined in the Investment Advisers Act of 1940; or (iv) an insurance 12 13 company authorized to transact business in this State.
- (Source: P.A. 90-507, eff. 8-22-97.) 14
- 15 (40 ILCS 5/1-109.1) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 1-109.1)
- Sec. 1-109.1. Allocation and Delegation of Fiduciary 16 17 Duties.
- (1) Subject to the provisions of Section 22A-113 of this 18 19 Code and subsections (2) and (3) of this Section, the board of trustees of a retirement system or pension fund established 20 21 under this Code may:
- 22 Appoint one or more investment managers 23 fiduciaries to manage (including the power to acquire and 24 dispose of) any assets of the retirement system or pension 25 fund; and

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

- 1 (b) Allocate duties among themselves and designate others as fiduciaries to carry out specific fiduciary 2 3 activities other than the management of the assets of the 4 retirement system or pension fund.
  - (2) The board of trustees of a pension fund established under Article 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 or 17 of this Code may not transfer its investment authority, nor transfer the assets of the fund to any other person or entity for the purpose of consolidating or merging its assets and management with any other pension fund or public investment authority, unless the board resolution authorizing such transfer is submitted for approval to the contributors and pensioners of the fund at elections held not less than 30 days after the adoption of such resolution by the board, and such resolution is approved by a majority of the votes cast on the question in both the contributors election and the pensioners election. election procedures and qualifications governing the election of trustees shall govern the submission of resolutions for approval under this paragraph, insofar as they may be made applicable.
  - (3) Pursuant to subsections (h) and (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution, the investment authority of boards of trustees of retirement systems and pension funds established under this Code is declared to be a subject of exclusive State jurisdiction, and the concurrent exercise by a home rule unit of any power affecting such

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1 investment authority is hereby specifically denied 2 preempted.

(4) For the purposes of this Code, "emerging investment manager" means a qualified investment adviser that manages an investment portfolio of at least \$10,000,000 but less than \$2,000,000,000 and is a "minority owned business" or "female owned business" as those terms are defined in the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons Disabilities Act.

It is hereby declared to be the public policy of the State of Illinois to encourage the trustees of public employee retirement systems to use emerging investment managers in managing their system's assets to the greatest extent feasible within the bounds of financial and fiduciary prudence, and to take affirmative steps to remove any barriers to the full participation of emerging investment managers in investment opportunities afforded by those retirement systems.

On or before July 1, 2007 each system or fund subject to Article 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, or 18 of this Code and the Illinois State Board of Investment shall adopt a policy including quantifiable goals for the utilization of emerging investment managers. This policy shall also include quantifiable goals for the management of assets in specific classes by emerging investment managers, including but not limited to: large cap domestic equity, small and medium cap domestic equity, international equity, fixed income

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

## investments, and private equity.

Each retirement system subject to this Code shall prepare a report to be submitted to the Governor and the General Assembly by September 1 of each year. The report shall identify the emerging investment managers used by the system, the percentage of the system's assets under the investment control of emerging investment managers, and the actions it has undertaken to increase the use of emerging investment managers, including encouraging other investment managers to use emerging investment managers as subcontractors when the opportunity arises.

- The use of an emerging investment manager does not constitute a transfer of investment authority for the purposes of subsection (2) of this Section.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 94-471, eff. 8-4-05.)
- 16 (40 ILCS 5/1-110) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 1-110)
- 17 Sec. 1-110. Prohibited Transactions.
- 18 (a) A fiduciary with respect to a retirement system or
  19 pension fund shall not cause the retirement system or pension
  20 fund to engage in a transaction if he or she knows or should
  21 know that such transaction constitutes a direct or indirect:
- 22 (1) Sale or exchange, or leasing of any property from 23 the retirement system or pension fund to a party in 24 interest for less than adequate consideration, or from a 25 party in interest to a retirement system or pension fund

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

1 for more than adequate consideration.

- (2) Lending of money or other extension of credit from the retirement system or pension fund to a party in interest without the receipt of adequate security and a reasonable rate of interest, or from a party in interest to a retirement system or pension fund with the provision of excessive security or an unreasonably high rate of interest.
- (3) Furnishing of goods, services or facilities from the retirement system or pension fund to a party in interest for less than adequate consideration, or from a party in interest to a retirement system or pension fund for more than adequate consideration.
- (4) Transfer to, or use by or for the benefit of, a party in interest of any assets of a retirement system or pension fund for less than adequate consideration.
- (b) A fiduciary with respect to a retirement system or pension fund established under this Code shall not:
  - (1) Deal with the assets of the retirement system or pension fund in his own interest or for his own account;
  - (2) In his individual or any other capacity act in any transaction involving the retirement system or pension fund on behalf of a party whose interests are adverse to the interests of the retirement system or pension fund or the interests of its participants or beneficiaries; or
    - (3) Receive any consideration for his own personal

1	account from any party dealing with the retirement system
2	or pension fund in connection with a transaction involving
3	the assets of the retirement system or pension fund.

- (c) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit any trustee from:
  - (1) Receiving any benefit to which he may be entitled as a participant or beneficiary in the retirement system or pension fund.
  - (2) Receiving any reimbursement of expenses properly and actually incurred in the performance of his duties with the retirement system or pension fund.
  - (3) Serving as a trustee in addition to being an officer, employee, agent or other representative of a party in interest.
- (d) A fiduciary with respect to a retirement system or pension fund shall not knowingly cause or advise the retirement system or pension fund to engage in an investment transaction when the fiduciary (i) has any direct interest in the income, gains, or profits of the investment advisor through which the investment transaction is made or (ii) has a business relationship with that investment advisor that would result in a pecuniary benefit to the fiduciary as a result of the investment transaction.
- 24 <u>Whoever violates the provisions of this subsection (d) is</u> 25 quilty of a Class 3 felony.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 88-535.)

24

25

1	(40 ILCS 5/1-113.5)
2	Sec. 1-113.5. Investment advisers; consultants; and
3	investment services.
4	(a) The board of trustees of a pension fund or retirement
5	system may appoint investment advisers as defined in Section
6	1-101.4. The board of any pension fund investing in common or
7	preferred stock under Section 1-113.4 shall appoint an
8	investment adviser before making such investments.
9	The investment adviser shall be a fiduciary, as defined in
10	Section 1-101.2, with respect to the pension fund or retirement
11	<pre>system and shall be one of the following:</pre>
12	(1) an investment adviser registered under the federal
13	Investment Advisers Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities
14	Law of 1953;
15	(2) a bank or trust company authorized to conduct a
16	trust business in Illinois;
17	(3) a life insurance company authorized to transact
18	business in Illinois; or
19	(4) an investment company as defined and registered
20	under the federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and
21	registered under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953.
22	(a-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person

or entity that provides consulting services (referred to as a

"consultant" in this Section) to a pension fund or retirement

system with respect to the selection of fiduciaries may not be

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

awarded a contract to provide those consulting services that is more than 5 years in duration. No contract to provide such consulting services may be renewed or extended. At the end of the term of a contract, however, the contractor is eligible to compete for a new contract as provided in subsection (a-10). No pension fund, retirement system, or consultant shall attempt to avoid or contravene the restrictions of this subsection by any means.

(a-10) For the board of trustees of a pension fund or retirement system created under Article 2, 14, 15, 16, or 18, the selection and appointment of a consultant, and the contracting for investment services from a consultant, constitute procurements of professional and artistic services under the Illinois Procurement Code that must be made and awarded in accordance with and through the use of the method of selection required by Article 35 of that Code. For the board of trustees of a pension fund or retirement system created under any other Article of this Code, the selection and appointment of a consultant, and the contracting for investment services by a consultant, constitute procurements that must be made and awarded in a manner substantially similar to the method of selection required for the procurement of professional and artistic services under Article 35 of the Illinois Procurement Code. All offers from responsive offerors shall be accompanied by disclosure of the names and addresses of the following:

(1) The offeror.

26

board's investment policy.

1	(2) Any entity that is a parent of, or owns a
2	controlling interest in, the offeror.
3	(3) Any entity that is a subsidiary of, or in which a
4	controlling interest is owned by, the offeror.
5	(4) The offeror's key persons.
6	"Key persons" means any persons who (i) have an ownership
7	or distributive income share in the offeror that is in excess
8	of 5%, or an amount greater than 60% of the annual salary of
9	the Governor, or (ii) serve as executive officers of the
10	offeror.
11	Beginning on July 1, 2007, a person, other than a trustee
12	or an employee of a pension fund or retirement system, may not
13	act as a consultant under this Section unless that person is at
14	least one of the following: (i) registered as an investment
15	adviser under the federal Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15
16	U.S.C. 80b-1, et seq.); (ii) registered as an investment
17	adviser under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953; (iii) a
18	bank, as defined in the Investment Advisers Act of 1940; or
19	(iv) an insurance company authorized to transact business in
20	<pre>this State.</pre>
21	(b) All investment advice and services provided by an
22	investment adviser or a consultant appointed under this Section
23	shall be <u>(i)</u> rendered pursuant to a written contract between
24	the investment adviser or consultant and the board, awarded as

provided in subsection (a-10), and (ii) in accordance with the

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1 The contract shall include all of the following:

- (1) acknowledgement in writing by the investment adviser or consultant that he or she is a fiduciary with respect to the pension fund or retirement system;
  - (2) the board's investment policy;
- (3) full disclosure of direct and indirect fees, commissions, penalties, and any other compensation that may be received by the investment adviser or consultant, including reimbursement for expenses; and
- (4) a requirement that the investment adviser or consultant submit periodic written reports, on at least a quarterly basis, for the board's review at its regularly scheduled meetings. All returns on investment shall be reported as net returns after payment of all fees, commissions, and any other compensation.
- (b-5) Each contract described in subsection (b) shall also include (i) full disclosure of direct and indirect fees, commissions, penalties, and other compensation, including reimbursement for expenses, that may be paid by or on behalf of the investment adviser or consultant in connection with the provision of services to the pension fund or retirement system and (ii) a requirement that the investment adviser or consultant update the disclosure promptly after a modification of those payments or an additional payment.
- Within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, each investment adviser and

an additional payment.

1	consultant currently providing services or subject to an
2	existing contract for the provision of services must disclose
3	to the board of trustees all direct and indirect fees,
4	commissions, penalties, and other compensation paid by or or
5	behalf of the investment adviser or consultant in connection
6	with the provision of those services and shall update that
7	disclosure promptly after a modification of those payments or

A person required to make a disclosure under subsection (d) is also required to disclose direct and indirect fees, commissions, penalties, or other compensation that shall or may be paid by or on behalf of the person in connection with the rendering of those services. The person shall update the disclosure promptly after a modification of those payments or an additional payment.

The disclosures required by this subsection shall be in writing and shall include the date and amount of each payment and the name and address of each recipient of a payment.

- (c) Within 30 days after appointing an investment adviser or consultant, the board shall submit a copy of the contract to the <u>Division</u> Department of Insurance of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation.
- (d) Investment services provided by a person other than an investment adviser appointed under this Section, including but not limited to services provided by the kinds of persons listed in items (1) through (4) of subsection (a), shall be rendered

- 1 only after full written disclosure of direct and indirect fees,
- 2 commissions, penalties, and any other compensation that shall
- or may be received by the person rendering those services. 3
- 4 The board of trustees of each pension fund or
- 5 retirement system shall retain records of investment
- 6 transactions in accordance with the rules of the Department of
- Financial and Professional Regulation Insurance. 7
- 8 (f) This subsection applies to the board of trustees of a
- pension fund or retirement system created under Article 2, 14, 9
- 10 15, 16, or 18. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a
- 11 board of trustees shall comply with the Business Enterprise for
- Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act. The 12
- 13 board of trustees shall post upon its website the percentage of
- 14 its contracts awarded under this Section currently and during
- 15 the preceding 5 fiscal years that were awarded to "minority
- owned businesses", "female owned businesses", and "businesses" 16
- owned by a person with a disability", as those terms are 17
- defined in the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and 18
- 19 Persons with Disabilities Act.
- 20 (g) This Section is a denial and limitation of home rule
- powers and functions in accordance with subsection (i) of 21
- 22 Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution. A home
- rule unit may not regulate investment adviser and consultant 23
- 24 contracts in a manner that is less restrictive than the
- 25 provisions of this Section.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 90-507, eff. 8-22-97.)

```
1
         (40 ILCS 5/1-113.12)
```

2 Sec. 1-113.12. Application. Sections 1-113.1 through

3 1-113.10 apply only to pension funds established under Article

4 3 or 4 of this Code, except that Section 1-113.5 applies to all

5 pension funds and retirement systems established under this

6 Code.

(Source: P.A. 90-507, eff. 8-22-97.) 7

8 (40 ILCS 5/1-125 new)

9 Sec. 1-125. No monetary gain on investments. No trustee or 10 employee of the board of any retirement system or pension fund 11 or of the Illinois State Board of Investment shall have any 12 direct interest in the income, gains, or profits of any 13 investments made in behalf of the retirement system or pension 14 fund or of the Illinois State Board of Investment, nor receive any pay or emolument for services in connection with any 15 investment. No trustee or employee of the board of any 16 17 retirement system or pension fund or the Illinois State Board 18 of Investment shall become an endorser or surety, or in any 19 manner an obligor for money loaned or borrowed from the 20 retirement system or pension fund or the Illinois State Board 21 of Investment. Whoever violates any of the provisions of this

## 23 (40 ILCS 5/1-130 new)

Section is quilty of a Class 3 felony.

1	Sec. 1-130. Fraud. Any person who knowingly makes any false
2	statement, or falsifies or permits to be falsified any record
3	of a retirement system or pension fund or of the Illinois State
4	Board of Investment, in an attempt to defraud the retirement
5	system or pension fund or the Illinois State Board of
6	Investment, is quilty of a Class 3 felony.
7	(40 ILCS 5/1-135 new)
8	Sec. 1-135. Prohibition on gifts.
9	(a) For the purposes of this Section:
10	(1) "Board" means (i) the board of trustees of a
11	pension fund or retirement system created under this Code
12	or (ii) the Illinois State Board of Investment created
13	under Article 22A of this Code.
14	(2) "Gift" means a gift as defined in Section 1-5 of
15	the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.
16	(3) "Prohibited source" is a person or entity who:
17	(i) is seeking official action (A) by the board,
18	(B) by a board member, or (C) in the case of a board
19	employee, by the employee, the board, a board member,
20	or another employee directing the employee;
21	(ii) does business or seeks to do business (A) with
22	the board, (B) with a board member, or (C) in the case
23	of a board employee, with the employee, the board, a
24	board member, or another employee directing the
25	<pre>employee;</pre>

1	(iii) has interests that may be substantially
2	affected by the performance or non-performance of the
3	official duties of the board member or employee; or
4	(iv) is registered or required to be registered
5	with the Secretary of State under the Lobbyist
6	Registration Act, except that an entity not otherwise a
7	prohibited source does not become a prohibited source
8	merely because a registered lobbyist is one of its
9	members or serves on its board of directors.
10	(b) No board member or employee shall solicit or accept any
11	gift from a prohibited source or from an officer, agent, or
12	employee of a prohibited source. No prohibited source or
13	officer, agent, or employee of a prohibited source shall offer
14	to a board member or employee any gift.
15	(c) Violation of this Section is a Class A misdemeanor.
16	(40 ILCS 5/1-140 new)
17	Sec. 1-140. Contingent fees. No person shall retain or
18	employ another to attempt to influence the outcome of an
19	investment decision of or the procurement of investment advice
20	or services by a board of a pension fund or retirement system
21	or the Illinois State Board of Investment for compensation
22	contingent in whole or in part upon the decision or
23	procurement, and no person shall accept any such retainer or
24	employment for compensation contingent in whole or in part upon

the decision or procurement. Any person who violates this

- 1 Section is quilty of a business offense and shall be fined not
- more than \$10,000. In addition, any person convicted of a 2
- violation of this Section is prohibited for a period of 3 years 3
- 4 from conducting such activities.
- 5 (40 ILCS 5/1A-113)
- Sec. 1A-113. Penalties. 6
- 7 (a) A pension fund that fails, without just cause, to file
- 8 its annual statement within the time prescribed under Section
- 9 1A-109 shall pay to the Department a penalty to be determined
- 10 by the Department, which shall not exceed \$100 for each day's
- delav. 11
- 12 (b) A pension fund that fails, without just cause, to file
- 13 its actuarial statement within the time prescribed under
- 14 Section 1A-110 or 1A-111 shall pay to the Department a penalty
- 15 to be determined by the Department, which shall not exceed \$100
- 16 for each day's delay.
- 17 (c) A pension fund that fails to pay a fee within the time
- prescribed under Section 1A-112 shall pay to the Department a 18
- 19 penalty of 5% of the amount of the fee for each month or part of
- a month that the fee is late. The entire penalty shall not 20
- exceed 25% of the fee due. 21
- 22 (d) This subsection applies to any governmental unit, as
- 23 defined in Section 1A-102, that is subject to any
- 24 establishing a pension fund or retirement system for the
- 25 benefit of employees of the governmental unit.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

by examination, the Division determines Whenever investigation, or in any other manner that the governing body any elected or appointed officer or official of a governmental unit has failed to comply with any provision of that law:

- (1) The Director shall notify in writing the governing body, officer, or official of the specific provision or provisions of the law with which the person has failed to comply.
- (2) Upon receipt of the notice, the person notified shall take immediate steps to comply with the provisions of law specified in the notice.
- (3) If the person notified fails to comply within a reasonable time after receiving the notice, the Director may hold a hearing at which the person notified may show cause for noncompliance with the law.
- (4) If upon hearing the Director determines that good and sufficient cause for noncompliance has not been shown, the Director may order the person to submit evidence of compliance within a specified period of not less than 30 days.
- (5) If evidence of compliance has not been submitted to the Director within the period of time prescribed in the order and no administrative appeal from the order has been initiated, the Director may assess a civil penalty of up to \$2,000 against the governing body, officer, or official for

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1 each noncompliance with an order of the Director.

Director shall develop by rule, with as The specificity as practicable, the standards and criteria to be used in assessing penalties and their amounts. The standards and criteria shall include, but need not be limited to, consideration of evidence of efforts made in good faith to comply with applicable legal requirements. This rulemaking is subject to the provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.

If a penalty is not paid within 30 days of the date of assessment, the Director without further notice shall report the act of noncompliance to the Attorney General of this State. It shall be the duty of the Attorney General or, if the Attorney General so designates, the State's Attorney of the county in which the governmental unit is located to apply promptly by complaint on relation of the Director of Insurance in the name of the people of the State of Illinois, as plaintiff, to the circuit court of the county in which the governmental unit is located for enforcement of the penalty prescribed in this subsection or for such additional relief as the nature of the case and the interest of the employees of the governmental unit or the public may require.

(e) Whoever knowingly makes a false certificate, entry, or memorandum upon any of the books or papers pertaining to any pension fund or upon any statement, report, or exhibit filed or offered for file with the Division or the Director of Insurance

- in the course of any examination, inquiry, or investigation,
- 2 with intent to deceive the Director, the Division, or any of
- 3 its employees is guilty of a Class 3 felony A misdemeanor.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 90-507, eff. 8-22-97.)
- 5 (40 ILCS 5/22A-108.1) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 22A-108.1)
- 6 Sec. 22A-108.1. Investment Advisor: Any person or business
- 7 entity which provides investment advice to the Board on a
- 8 personalized basis and with an understanding of the policies
- 9 and goals of the Board. "Investment Advisor" shall not include
- 10 any person or business entity which provides statistical or
- 11 general market research data available for purchase or use by
- 12 others.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 79-1171.)
- 14 (40 ILCS 5/22A-111) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 22A-111)
- Sec. 22A-111. <u>Duties and responsibilities.</u>
- 16 <u>(a)</u> The Board shall manage the investments of any pension
- fund, retirement system or education fund for the purpose of
- obtaining a total return on investments for the long term. It
- 19 also shall perform such other functions as may be assigned or
- 20 directed by the General Assembly.
- 21 (b) The authority of the board to manage pension fund
- investments and the liability shall begin when there has been a
- 23 physical transfer of the pension fund investments to the board
- and placed in the custody of the State Treasurer.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

(c) The authority of the board to manage monies from the education fund for investment and the liability of the board shall begin when there has been a physical transfer of education fund investments to the board and placed in the custody of the State Treasurer.

(d) The board may not delegate its management functions but it may arrange to compensate for personalized investment advisory service for any or all investments under its control, with any national or state bank or trust company authorized to do a trust business and domiciled in Illinois, or other financial institution organized under the laws of Illinois, or an investment advisor who is qualified under Federal Investment Advisors Act of 1940 and is registered under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953. Nothing contained herein shall prevent the Board from subscribing to general investment research services available for purchase or use by others. The Board shall also have the authority to compensate for accounting services.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person or entity that provides consulting services (referred to as a "consultant" in this Section) to the board with respect to the selection of fiduciaries may not be awarded a contract to provide those consulting services that is more than 5 years in duration. No contract to provide such consulting services may be renewed or extended. At the end of the term of a contract, however, the contractor is eligible to compete for a new

1	contract as provided in subsection (f). Neither the board nor a
2	consultant shall attempt to avoid or contravene the
3	restrictions of this subsection by any means.
4	(f) The selection of a consultant, and the contracting for
5	investment services from a consultant, constitute procurements
6	of professional and artistic services under the Illinois
7	Procurement Code that must be made and awarded in accordance
8	with and through the use of the method of selection required by
9	Article 35 of that Code. All offers from responsive offerors
10	shall be accompanied by disclosure of the names and addresses
11	of the following:
12	(1) The offeror.
13	(2) Any entity that is a parent of, or owns a
14	controlling interest in, the offeror.
15	(3) Any entity that is a subsidiary of, or in which a
16	controlling interest is owned by, the offeror.
17	(4) The offeror's key persons.
18	"Key persons" means any persons who (i) have an ownership
19	or distributive income share in the offeror that is in excess
20	of 5%, or an amount greater than 60% of the annual salary of
21	the Governor, or (ii) serve as executive officers of the
22	offeror.
23	Beginning on July 1, 2007, a person, other than a trustee
24	or an employee of the board, may not act as a consultant under
25	this Section unless that person is at least one of the

following: (i) registered as an investment adviser under the

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1 federal Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-1, et 2 seq.); (ii) registered as an investment adviser under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953; (iii) a bank, as defined in 3 4 the Investment Advisers Act of 1940; or (iv) an insurance

company authorized to transact business in this State.

In addition to any other requirement, each contract between the Board and an investment advisor or consultant shall include (i) full disclosure of direct and indirect fees, commissions, penalties, and other compensation, including reimbursement for expenses, that may be paid by or on behalf of the investment advisor or consultant in connection with the provision of services to the pension fund or retirement system and (ii) a requirement that the investment advisor or consultant update the disclosure promptly after a modification of those payments or an additional payment.

Within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, each investment advisor and consultant currently providing services or subject to an existing contract for the provision of services must disclose to the Board all direct and indirect fees, commissions, penalties, and other compensation paid by or on behalf of the investment advisor or consultant in connection with the provision of those services and shall update that disclosure promptly after a modification of those payments or an additional payment.

The disclosures required by this subsection shall be in

```
1
      writing and shall include the date and amount of each payment
 2
      and the name and address of each recipient of a payment.
 3
          Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Board shall
 4
      comply with the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females,
 5
      and Persons with Disabilities Act. The Board shall post upon
 6
      its website the percentage of its contracts awarded under this
      subsection currently and during the preceding 5 fiscal years
7
 8
      that were awarded to "minority owned businesses", "female owned
 9
      businesses", and "businesses owned by a person with a
10
      disability", as those terms are defined in the Business
11
      Enterprise for Minorities, Females,
                                                  and
                                                        Persons
                                                                   with
12
      Disabilities Act.
13
      (Source: P.A. 84-1127.)
14
           (40 \text{ ILCS } 5/2-152 \text{ rep.})
15
           (40 \text{ ILCS } 5/2-155 \text{ rep.})
           (40 ILCS 5/12-190.3 rep.)
16
          (40 ILCS 5/13-806 rep.)
17
          (40 ILCS 5/14-148 rep.)
18
19
           (40 ILCS 5/15-186 rep.)
20
           (40 ILCS 5/15-189 rep.)
21
           (40 ILCS 5/16-191 rep.)
22
           (40 ILCS 5/16-198 rep.)
23
           (40 ILCS 5/18-159 rep.)
24
           (40 ILCS 5/18-162 rep.)
```

Section 40. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by

- repealing Sections 2-152, 2-155, 12-190.3, 13-806, 14-148, 1
- 15-186, 15-189, 16-191, 16-198, 18-159, and 18-162. 2
- 3 Section 90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding
- 4 Section 8.31 as follows:
- 5 (30 ILCS 805/8.31 new)
- 6 Sec. 8.31. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8
- 7 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the
- 8 implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory Act of
- 9 the 95th General Assembly.
- Section 98. Severability. The provisions of this Act are 10
- severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes. 11
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 12
- 13 becoming law.".