1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Probate Act of 1975 is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 2-6.2 and 18-1.1 as follows:
- 6 (755 ILCS 5/2-6.2)
- 7 Sec. 2-6.2. Financial exploitation, abuse, or neglect of an
- 8 elderly person or a person with a disability.
- 9 (a) In this Section:
- "Abuse" means any offense described in Section 12-21 of the
- 11 Criminal Code of 1961.
- "Financial exploitation" means any offense described in
- 13 Section 16-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- "Neglect" means any offense described in Section 12-19 of
- the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 16 (b) Persons convicted of financial exploitation, abuse, or
- 17 neglect of an elderly person or a person with a disability
- shall not receive any property, benefit, or other interest by
- 19 reason of the death of that elderly person or person with a
- 20 disability, whether as heir, legatee, beneficiary, survivor,
- 21 appointee, <u>claimant under Section 18-1.1</u>, or in any other
- 22 capacity and whether the property, benefit, or other interest
- passes pursuant to any form of title registration, testamentary

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- (c) (1) The holder of any property subject to the provisions of this Section shall not be liable for distributing or releasing the property to the person convicted of financial exploitation, abuse, or neglect of an elderly person or a person with a disability if the distribution or release occurs prior to the conviction.
 - (2) If the holder is a financial institution, trust

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company, trustee, or similar entity or person, the holder shall not be liable for any distribution or release of the property, benefit, or other interest to the person convicted of a violation of Section 12-19, 12-21, or 16-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 unless the holder knowingly distributes or releases the property, benefit, or other interest to the person so convicted after first having received actual written notice of the conviction in sufficient time to act upon the notice.

(d) If the holder of any property subject to the provisions of this Section knows that a potential beneficiary has been convicted of financial exploitation, abuse, or neglect of an elderly person or a person with a disability within the scope of this Section, the holder shall fully cooperate with law enforcement authorities and judicial officers in connection with any investigation of the financial exploitation, abuse, or neglect. If the holder is a person or entity that is subject to regulation by a regulatory agency pursuant to the laws of this or any other state or pursuant to the laws of the United States, including but not limited to the business of a financial institution, corporate fiduciary, or insurance company, then such person or entity shall not be deemed to be in violation of this Section to the extent that privacy laws and regulations applicable to such person or entity prevent it from voluntarily providing law enforcement authorities or judicial officers with information.

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(Source: P.A. 93-299, eff. 1-1-04.) 1

(755 ILCS 5/18-1.1) (from Ch. 110 1/2, par. 18-1.1) 2

18-1.1. Statutory custodial claim. Any spouse, parent, brother, sister, or child of a disabled person who dedicates himself or herself to the care of the disabled person by living with and personally caring for the disabled person for at least 3 years shall be entitled to a claim against the estate upon the death of the disabled person. The claim shall take into consideration the claimant's lost employment opportunities, lost lifestyle opportunities, and emotional distress experienced as a result of personally caring for the disabled person. Notwithstanding the statutory claim amounts stated in this Section, a court may reduce an amount to the extent that the living arrangements were intended to and did in fact also provide a physical or financial benefit to the claimant. The factors a court may consider in determining whether to reduce a statutory custodial claim amount may include but are not limited to: (i) the free or low cost of housing provided to the claimant; (ii) the alleviation of the need for the claimant to be employed full time; (iii) any financial benefit provided to the claimant; (iv) the personal care received by the claimant from the decedent or others; and (v) the proximity of the care provided by the claimant to the decedent to the time of the decedent's death. The claim shall be in addition to any other claim, including without limitation

- 1 a reasonable claim for nursing and other care. The claim shall
- 2 be based upon the nature and extent of the person's disability
- 3 and, at a minimum but subject to the extent of the assets
- 4 available, shall be in the amounts set forth below:
- 5 1. 100% disability, \$180,000 \$100,000
- 6 2. 75% disability, \$135,000 \$75,000
- 7 3. 50% disability, \$90,000 \$50,000
- 8 4. 25% disability, \$45,000 \$25,000
- 9 (Source: P.A. 87-908.)