1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Antitrust Act is amended by changing Sections 7 and 7.2 as follows:
- 6 (740 ILCS 10/7) (from Ch. 38, par. 60-7)
- Sec. 7. The following civil actions and remedies are authorized under this Act:
- 9 (1) The Attorney General, with such assistance as he may from time to time require of the State's Attorneys in the 10 several counties, shall bring suit in the Circuit Court to 11 prevent and restrain violations of Section 3 of this Act. In 12 13 such a proceeding, the court shall determine whether a 14 violation has been committed, and shall enter such judgment as it considers necessary to remove the effects of any violation 15 16 which it finds, and to prevent such violation from continuing 17 or from being renewed in the future. The court, in its discretion, may exercise all powers necessary for this purpose, 18 19 including, but not limited to, injunction, divestiture of 20 property, divorcement of business units, dissolution of 21 domestic corporations or associations, and suspension or 22 termination of the right of foreign corporations or associations to do business in the State of Illinois. 2.3

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(2) Any person who has been injured in his business or property, or is threatened with such injury, by a violation of Section 3 of this Act may maintain an action in the Circuit Court for damages, or for an injunction, or both, against any person who has committed such violation. If, in an action for an injunction, the court issues an injunction, the plaintiff shall be awarded costs and reasonable attorney's fees. In an action for damages, if injury is found to be due to a violation of subsections (1) or (4) of Section 3 of this Act, the person injured shall be awarded 3 times the amount of actual damages resulting from that violation, together with costs reasonable attorney's fees. If injury is found to be due to a violation of subsections (2) or (3) of Section 3 of this Act, the person injured shall recover the actual damages caused by the violation, together with costs and reasonable attorney's fees, and if it is shown that such violation was willful, the court may, in its discretion, increase the amount recovered as damages up to a total of 3 times the amount of actual damages. State, counties, municipalities, townships and any political subdivision organized under the authority of this State, and the United States, are considered a person having standing to bring an action under this subsection. The Attorney General may bring an action on behalf of this State, counties, municipalities, townships and other political subdivisions organized under the authority of this State to recover the damages under this subsection or by any comparable Federal law.

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The Attorney General may also bring an action in the name of this State, as parens patriae on behalf of persons residing in this State, to recover the damages under this subsection or any comparable federal law. The powers granted in this Section are in addition to and not in derogation of the common law powers of the Attorney General to act as parens patriae.

No provision of this Act shall deny any person who is an indirect purchaser the right to sue for damages. Provided, however, that in any case in which claims are asserted against a defendant by both direct and indirect purchasers, the court shall take all steps necessary to avoid duplicate liability for the same injury including transfer and consolidation of all actions. Provided further that no person other than Attorney General of this State shall be authorized to maintain a class action in any court of this State for indirect purchasers asserting claims under this Act, with the sole exception of this State's Attorney General, who may maintain an action parens patriae as provided in this subsection.

Beginning January 1, 1970, a file setting out the names of all special assistant attorneys general retained to prosecute antitrust matters and containing all terms and conditions of any arrangement or agreement regarding fees or compensation made between any such special assistant attorney general and the office of the Attorney General shall be maintained in the office of the Attorney General, open during all business hours to public inspection.

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- (3) Upon a finding that any domestic or foreign corporation organized or operating under the laws of this State has been engaged in conduct prohibited by Section 3 of this Act, or the terms of any injunction issued under this Act, a circuit court may, upon petition of the Attorney General, order the revocation, forfeiture or suspension of the charter, franchise, certificate of authority or privileges of any corporation operating under the laws of this State, or the dissolution of any such corporation.
- (4) In lieu of any criminal penalty otherwise prescribed for a violation of this Act, and in addition to any action

under this Act or any Federal antitrust law, the Attorney General may bring an action in the name and on behalf of the people of the State against any person, trustee, director, manager or other officer or agent of a corporation, or against a corporation, domestic or foreign, to recover a penalty not to exceed \$1,000,000 from every corporation or \$100,000 from every other person for any act herein declared illegal. The action must be brought within 4 years after the commission of the act upon which it is based. Nothing in this subsection shall impair the right of any person to bring an action under subsection (2) of this Section.

13 (740 ILCS 10/7.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 60-7.2)

(Source: P.A. 93-351, eff. 1-1-04.)

Sec. 7.2. Whenever it appears to the Attorney General that any person has engaged in, is engaging in, or is about to engage in any act or practice prohibited by this Act, or that any person has assisted or participated in any agreement or combination of the nature described herein, he may, in his discretion, conduct an investigation as he deems necessary in connection with the matter and has the authority prior to the commencement of any civil or criminal action as provided for in the Act to subpoena witnesses, and pursuant to a subpoena (i) compel their attendance for the purpose of examining them under oath, (ii) require the production of any books, documents, records, writings or tangible things hereafter referred to as

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- "documentary material" which the Attorney General 1 2 relevant or material to his investigation, for inspection, reproducing or copying under such terms and conditions as 3 hereafter set forth, (iii) require written answers under oath 4 5 to written interrogatories, or (iv) require compliance with a 6 combination of the foregoing. Any subpoena issued by the 7 Attorney General shall contain the following information:
 - (a) The statute and section thereof, the alleged violation of which is under investigation and the general subject matter of the investigation.
 - (b) The date and place at which time the person is required to appear or produce documentary material in his possession, custody or control or submit answers to interrogatories in the office of the Attorney General located in Springfield or Chicago. Said date shall not be less than 10 days from date of service of the subpoena.
 - (c) Where documentary material is required to be produced, the same shall be described by class so as to clearly indicate the material demanded.

The Attorney General is hereby authorized, and may so elect, to require the production, pursuant to this section, of documentary material or interrogatory answers prior to the taking of any testimony of the person subpoenaed. documentary material shall be made available for inspection and copying during normal business hours at the principal place of business of the person served, or at such other time and place,

- as may be agreed upon by the person served and the Attorney General. When documentary material is demanded by subpoena, said subpoena shall not:
 - (i) Contain any requirement which would be unreasonable or improper if contained in a subpoena duces tecum issued by a court of this State; or
 - (ii) Require the disclosure of any documentary material which would be privileged, or which for any other reason would not be required by a subpoena duces tecum issued by a court of this State.
 - (d) The production of documentary material in response to a subpoena served pursuant to this Section shall be made under a sworn certificate, in such form as the subpoena designates, by the person, if a natural person, to whom the demand is directed or, if not a natural person, by a person or persons having knowledge of the facts and circumstances relating to such production, to the effect that all of the documentary material required by the demand and in the possession, custody, or control of the person to whom the demand is directed has been produced and made available to the custodian. Answers to interrogatories shall be accompanied by a statement under oath attesting to the accuracy of the answers.

While in the possession of the Attorney General and under such reasonable terms and conditions as the Attorney General shall prescribe: (A) documentary material shall be available for examination by the person who produced such material or by

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any duly authorized representative of such person, 1 2 transcript of oral testimony shall be available for examination 3 by the person who produced such testimony, or his or her counsel and (C) answers to interrogatories shall be available 4

for examination by the person who swore to their accuracy.

otherwise provided as in this documentary material, or transcripts of oral testimony, or answers to interrogatories, or copies thereof, in the possession of the Attorney General shall be available for examination by any individual other than an authorized employee of the Attorney General or other law enforcement officials, federal, State, or local, without the consent of the person who produced such material, or transcripts, or interrogatory answers.

For purposes of this Section, all documentary materials, transcripts of oral testimony, or answers to interrogatories obtained by the Attorney General from other law enforcement officials shall be treated as if produced pursuant to a subpoena served pursuant to this Section.

(e) No person shall, with intent to avoid, evade, prevent, or obstruct compliance in whole or in part by any person with any duly served subpoena of the Attorney General under this Act, knowingly remove from any place, conceal, withhold, destroy, mutilate, alter, or by any other means falsify any documentary material that is the subject of such subpoena. A violation of this subsection is a Class A misdemeanor. The

- Attorney General, with such assistance as he may from time to 1
- 2 time require of the State's Attorneys in the several counties,
- shall investigate suspected violations of this subsection and 3
- shall commence and try all prosecutions under this subsection. 4
- 5 (Source: P.A. 93-351, eff. 1-1-04.)