

Rep. Robyn Gabel

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LRB096 19949 ASK 41302 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 3712

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 3712 by replacing

3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Home

5 Birth Safety Act.

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Section 5. Purpose. The practice of midwifery in out-of-hospital settings is hereby declared to affect the public health, safety, and welfare and to be subject to regulation in the public interest. The purpose of the Act is to protect and benefit the public by setting standards for the qualifications, education, training, and experience of those who seek to obtain licensure and hold the title of Licensed Midwife, to promote high standards of professional performance for those licensed to practice midwifery in out-of-hospital settings in this State, and to protect the public from unprofessional conduct by persons licensed to practice

- 1 midwifery, as defined in this Act. This Act shall be liberally
- 2 construed to best carry out these purposes.
- 3 Section 10. Exemptions.
- 4 (a) This Act does not prohibit a person licensed under any
- 5 other Act in this State from engaging in the practice for which
- he or she is licensed or from delegating services as provided 6
- 7 for under that other Act.
- 8 (b) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prohibit or
- 9 require licensing under this Act, with regard to a student
- 10 midwife working under the direction of a licensed midwife.
- 11 Section 15. Definitions. In this Act:
- "Board" means the Illinois Midwifery Board. 12
- 13 "Certified professional midwife" means a person who has met
- 14 the standards for certification set by the North American
- Registry of Midwives or a successor organization and has been 15
- awarded the Certified Professional Midwife (CPM) credential. 16
- 17 "Department" means the Department of Financial and
- 18 Professional Regulation.
- "Licensed midwife" means a person who has been granted a 19
- 20 license under this Act to engage in the practice of midwifery.
- "National Association of Certified Professional Midwives" 21
- 22 "NACPM" means the professional organization, or
- 23 successor, that promotes the growth and development of the
- 24 profession of certified professional midwives.

"North American Registry of Midwives" or "NARM" means the accredited international agency, or its successor, that has established and has continued to administer certification for the credentialing of certified professional midwives.

"Practice of midwifery" means providing the necessary supervision, care, education, and advice to women during the antepartum, intrapartum, and postpartum period, conducting deliveries independently, and caring for the newborn, with such care including without limitation preventative measures, the detection of abnormal conditions in the mother and the child, the procurement of medical assistance, and the execution of emergency measures in the absence of medical help. "Practice of midwifery" includes non-prescriptive family planning.

"Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation.

Section 20. Unlicensed practice. Beginning 3 years after the effective date of this Act, no person may practice, attempt to practice, or hold himself or herself out to practice as a licensed midwife unless he or she is licensed as a midwife under this Act.

Section 25. Title. A licensed midwife may identify himself or herself as a Licensed Midwife or a Licensed Homebirth Midwife and may use the abbreviation L.M. A licensed midwife who carries the CPM credential may alternately identify himself

- 1 or herself as a Licensed Certified Professional Midwife or
- Licensed CPM and may use the abbreviation LM, CPM. 2
- 3 Section 30. Informed consent.
- 4 (a) A licensed midwife shall, at an initial consultation with a client, provide a copy of the rules under this Act and 5 disclose to the client orally and in writing all of the 6
- 7 following:

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- 8 (1) The licensed midwife's experience and training.
- 9 (2) Whether the licensed midwife has malpractice 10 liability insurance coverage and the policy limits of any such coverage. 11
 - (3) A written protocol for the handling of medical emergencies, including transportation to a hospital, particular to each client.
 - (4) A notice that the client must obtain a physical examination from a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, doctor of osteopathy, physician assistant, or advanced practice nurse.
- 19 (b) A copy of the informed consent document, signed and 20 dated by the client, must be kept in each client's chart.
- 21 Section 33. Vicarious liability. No physician licensed to 22 practice medicine in all its branches or advanced practice 23 nurse shall be held liable for an injury solely resulting from 24 an act or omission by a licensed midwife occurring outside of a

- 1 hospital, doctor's office or health care facility.
- 2 Except as may otherwise be provided by law, nothing in this
- 3 Section shall exempt any physician licensed to practice
- 4 medicine in all its branches or advanced practice nurse from
- 5 liability for his or her own negligent, grossly negligent, or
- 6 willful or wanton acts or omissions.
- 7 Section 35. Advertising.
- 8 (a) Any person licensed under this Act may advertise the
- 9 availability of professional midwifery services in the public
- media or on premises where professional services are rendered,
- if the advertising is truthful and not misleading and is in
- 12 conformity with any rules regarding the practice of a licensed
- 13 midwife.
- 14 (b) A licensee must include in every advertisement for
- midwifery services regulated under this Act his or her title as
- 16 it appears on the license or the initials authorized under this
- 17 Act.
- Section 40. Powers and duties of the Department; rules.
- 19 (a) Administration by the Department of this Act must be
- 20 consistent with standards regarding the practice of midwifery
- 21 established by the National Association of Certified
- 22 Professional Midwives or a successor organization whose
- 23 essential documents include without limitation subject matter
- 24 concerning scope of practice, standards of practice, informed

completeness;

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1	consent, appropriate consultation, collaboration or referral,
2	and acknowledgement of a woman's right to self determination
3	concerning her maternity care.
4	(b) Rules prescribed by the Department under this Act must
5	provide for the scope of practice, including all of the
6	following:
7	(1) With regard to testing, care, and screening, a
8	licensed midwife shall:
9	(A) offer each client routine prenatal care and
10	testing in accordance with current American College of
11	Obstetricians and Gynecologists guidelines;
12	(B) provide all clients with a plan for 24-hour
13	on-call availability by a licensed midwife, certified
14	nurse-midwife, or licensed physician throughout
15	pregnancy, intrapartum, and 6 weeks postpartum;
16	(C) provide clients with labor support, fetal
17	monitoring, and routine assessment of vital signs once
18	active labor is established;
19	(D) supervise delivery of infant and placenta,
20	assess newborn and maternal well-being in immediate
21	postpartum, and perform Apgar scores;
22	(E) perform routine cord management and inspect
23	for the appropriate number of vessels;
24	(F) inspect the placenta and membranes for

(G) inspect the perineum and vagina postpartum for

1	lacerations and stabilize;
2	(H) observe mother and newborn postpartum until
3	stable condition is achieved, but in no event for less
4	than 2 hours;
5	(I) instruct the mother, father, and other support
6	persons, both verbally and in writing, of the special
7	care and precautions for both mother and newborn in the
8	immediate postpartum period;
9	(J) reevaluate maternal and newborn well-being
10	within 36 hours after delivery.
11	(K) use universal precautions with all biohazard
12	materials;
13	(L) ensure that a birth certificate is accurately
14	completed and filed in accordance with State law;
15	(M) offer to obtain and submit a blood sample, in
16	accordance with the recommendations for metabolic
17	screening of the newborn;
18	(N) offer an injection of vitamin K for the
19	newborn, in accordance with the indication, dose, and
20	administration route set forth in this Section.
21	(O) within one week after delivery, offer a newborn
22	hearing screening to every newborn or refer the parents
23	to a facility with a newborn hearing screening program;
24	(P) within 2 hours after the birth, offer the
25	administration of anti-biotic ointment into the eyes
26	of the newborn, in accordance with State law on the

1	prevention of infant blindness; and
2	(Q) maintain adequate antenatal and perinatal
3	records of each client and provide records to
4	consulting licensed physicians and licensed certified
5	nurse-midwives, in accordance with the federal Health
6	Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.
7	(2) With regard to prescription drugs, devices, and
8	procedures, licensed midwives may administer the following
9	medications during the practice of midwifery:
10	(A) oxygen for the treatment of fetal distress;
11	(B) the following eye prophylactics: 0.5%
12	Erythromycin ophthalmic ointment or 1% Tetracycline
13	ophthalmic ointment for the prevention of neonatal
14	ophthalmia;
15	(C) Oxytocin or Pitocin as a postpartum
16	antihemorrhagic agent or as a prophylaxis for
17	hemorrhage;
18	(D) Methylergonovine or Methergine for the
19	treatment of postpartum hemorrhage;
20	(E) Misoprostol (Cytotec), 100-200 mcg for the
21	treatment of postpartum hemorrhage;
22	(F) Vitamin K for the prophylaxis of hemorrhagic
23	disease of the newborn;
24	(G) Rho(D) immune globulin (Rhogam) for the
25	prevention of Rho(D) sensitization in Rho(D) negative
26	women;

Τ,	(H) Lactated Ringers IV solution may be used for
2	maternal stabilization;
3	(I) Lidocaine injection as a numbing agent for
4	repair of postpartum tears; and
5	(J) sterile water subcutaneous injections as a
6	non-pharmacological form of pain relief during the
7	first and second stages of labor.
8	The medication indications, dose, route of
9	administration, and duration of treatment relating to the
10	administration of drugs and procedures identified under
11	this item (2) are as follows:
12	Medication: Oxygen
13	Indication: Fetal distress
14	Maternal dose: 6-8 L/minute
15	Route of Administration: Mask
16	Duration of Treatment: Until delivery or transfer to a
17	hospital is complete
18	Infant dose: 4-6 L/minute
19	Route of Administration: Bag and mask
20	Infant dose: 4-6 L/minute
21	Route of Administration: Mask
22	Duration of Treatment: 20 minutes or until transfer to a
23	hospital is complete

Medication: 0.5% Erythromycin ophthalmic ointment or 1%

- 1 Tetracycline ophthalmic ointment
- Indication: Prophylaxis of Neonatal Ophthalmia 2
- 3 Dose: 1 cm ribbon in each eye from unit dose package
- 4 Route of Administration: Topical
- 5 Duration of Treatment: 1 dose
- Medication: Oxytocin (Pitocin), 10 units/ml 6
- 7 Indication: Postpartum hemorrhage only: prevention or
- 8 treatment of postpartum hemorrhage only
- 9 Dose: 1-2 ml, 10-20 units
- 10 Route of Administration: Intramuscularly only
- Duration of Treatment: 1-2 doses 11
- 12 Medication: Methylergonovine (Methergine), 0.2 mg/ml or
- 13 0.2 mg tabs
- 14 Indication: Postpartum hemorrhage only
- Dose: 0.2 mg 15
- 16 Route of administration: Intramuscularly or orally single
- 17 dose
- 18 Duration of treatment: Every 4 hours, may repeat. Maximum 5
- doses 19
- 20 Contraindicated in hypertension and Raynaud's Disease
- 21 Medication: Misoprostol (Cytotec), 100-200 mcg
- 22 Indication: Treatment of postpartum hemorrhage only
- 23 Dose: 100-200 mcg tablet

- 1 Route of administration: orally or rectally
- Duration of treatment: 400-1,000 mcg, in one dose 2
- 3 Caution with Inflammatory Bowel Disease
- 4 Medication: Vitamin K, 1.0 mg/0.5 ml
- Indication: Prophylaxis of hemorrhagic disease of the 5
- 6 newborn
- 7 Dose: 1.0 mg injection
- 8 Route of administration: Intramuscularly
- 9 Duration of treatment: Single dose
- 10 Medication: Rho(D) Immune Globulin (Rhogam)
- 11 Indication: Prevention of Rho(D) sensitization in Rho(D)
- 12 negative women
- 13 Dose: Unit dose
- 14 Route of administration: Intramuscularly only
- 15 Duration of treatment: (i) Single dose at any gestation for
- 16 Rho(D) negative, antibody negative women within 72 hours
- 17 after spontaneous bleeding, (ii) single dose at 26-28 weeks
- 18 gestation for Rho(D) negative, antibody negative women,
- 19 and (iii) single dose for Rho(D) negative, antibody
- 20 negative women within 72 hours after delivery of Rho(D)
- 21 positive infant or infant with an unknown blood type
- 22 Medication: Lactated Ringer's solution (LR), unless
- 23 unavailable or impractical in which case 0.9% sodium

1	chloride may be administered
2	Indication: To achieve maternal stabilization during
3	uncontrolled postpartum hemorrhage or any time blood loss
4	is accompanied by tachycardia, hypotension, decreased
5	level of consciousness, pallor, or diaphoresis
6	Dose: First liter run in at a wide-open rate, the second
7	liter titrated to client's condition
8	Route of administration: IV catheter 18 gauge or larger
9	bore
10	Duration of treatment: 2L if hemorrhage is severe
11	Medication: Lidocaine 1% injection
12	Indication: numbing agent for repair of postpartum tears
13	Dose: 1-40 ml infiltration as needed
14	Route of Administration: Topical or injected subcutaneous
15	Duration of treatment: Maximum 40 ml, one time
16	Medication/Procedure: Sterile water papules
17	Indication: For labor pain in the first and second stages
18	of labor
19	Dose: one injection of 0.25-0.5 ml at each of 4 injection
20	sights
21	Route of administration: 4 subcutaneous injections in the
22	small of the back
23	Duration of treatment: Every 2 hours until no longer
24	necessary or delivery. No maximum dosage

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(3) With regard to consultation and referral, licensed midwife shall consult with a licensed physician or a licensed certified nurse midwife providing obstetrical care, whenever there are significant deviations, including abnormal laboratory results, relative to a client's pregnancy or to a neonate. If a referral to a physician or certified nurse midwife is needed, the licensed midwife shall refer the client to a physician or certified nurse midwife and, if possible, remain in consultation with the physician or certified nurse midwife until resolution of the concern; however, consultation does not preclude the possibility of an out-of-hospital birth. It is appropriate for the licensed midwife to maintain care of the client to the greatest degree possible, in accordance with the client's wishes, during the pregnancy and, if possible, during labor, birth and the postpartum period.

A licensed midwife shall consult with a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, a physician assistant licensed under the Physician Assistant Act of 1987, or an advanced practice nurse licensed under the Nurse Practice Act with regard to any mother who, during antepartum, presents with or develops any of the following risk factors or presents with or develops other risk factors that, in the judgment of the licensed midwife, warrant consultation:

Τ	(A) Frequency induced hypertension, as evidenced
2	by a blood pressure of 140/90 on 2 occasions greater
3	than 6 hours apart.
4	(B) Persistent, severe headaches, epigastric pain,
5	or visual disturbances.
6	(C) Persistent symptoms of urinary tract
7	infection.
8	(D) Significant vaginal bleeding before the onset
9	of labor not associated with uncomplicated spontaneous
10	abortion.
11	(E) Rupture of membranes prior to the 37th week
12	gestation.
13	(F) Noted abnormal decrease in or cessation of
14	fetal movement.
15	(G) Anemia resistant to supplemental therapy.
16	(H) Fever of 102 degrees F or 39 degrees C or
17	greater for more than 24 hours.
18	(I) Non-vertex presentation after 38 weeks
19	gestation.
20	(J) Hyperemisis or significant dehydration.
21	(K) ISO immunization, Rh negative sensitized,
22	positive titers, or any other positive antibody titer,
23	which may have a detrimental effect on the mother or
24	fetus.
25	(L) Elevated blood glucose levels unresponsive to

dietary management.

(M) Positive HIV antibody test.

2	(N) Primary genital herpes infection in pregnancy.
3	(O) Symptoms of malnutrition or anorexia or
4	protracted weight loss or failure to gain weight.
5	(P) Suspected deep vein thrombosis.
6	(Q) Documented placental anomaly or previa.
7	(R) Documented low lying placenta after 28 weeks
8	gestation.
9	(S) Labor prior to the 37th week of gestation.
10	(T) History of any prior uterine incision. A woman
11	who has had a previous low transverse cesarean section
12	(LTCS) with a subsequent vaginal birth may be
13	considered for home birth. A woman with a prior LTCS
14	and no subsequent vaginal birth after cesarean or other
15	uterine surgeries, may be managed antepartally with
16	consultation, but will be transferred to the
17	consultant's care for delivery.
18	(U) Lie other than vertex at term.
19	(V) Multiple gestation.
20	(W) Known fetal anomalies that may be affected by
21	the site of birth.
22	(X) Marked abnormal fetal heart tones.
23	(Y) Abnormal non-stress test or abnormal
24	biophysical profile.
25	(Z) Marked or severe poly or oligo hydramnios.
26	(AA) Evidence of intrauterine growth

1	restriction.
2	(BB) Significant abnormal ultrasound findings.
3	(CC) Gestation beyond 42 weeks by reliable
4	confirmed dates.
5	A licensed midwife shall consult with a licensed physician
6	or certified nurse-midwife with regard to any mother who,
7	during intrapartum, presents with or develops any of the
8	following risk factors or presents with or develops other
9	risk factors that, in the judgment of the licensed midwife,
10	warrant consultation:
11	(A) Rise in blood pressure above baseline, more
12	than $30/15$ points or greater than $140/90$.
13	(B) Persistent, severe headaches, epigastric pain,
14	or visual disturbances.
15	(C) Significant proteinuria or ketonuria.
16	(D) Fever over 100.6 degrees F or 38 degrees C in
17	absence of environmental factors.
18	(E) Ruptured membranes without onset of
19	established labor after 18 hours.
20	(F) Significant bleeding prior to delivery or any
21	abnormal bleeding, with or without abdominal pain; or
22	evidence of placental abruption.
23	(G) Lie not compatible with spontaneous vaginal
24	delivery or unstable fetal lie.
25	(H) Failure to progress after 5 hours of active
26	labor or following 2 hours of active second stage

labor.

2	(I) Signs or symptoms of maternal infection.
3	(J) Active genital herpes at onset of labor.
4	(K) Fetal heart tones with non-reassuring
5	patterns.
6	(L) Signs or symptoms of fetal distress.
7	(M) Thick meconium or frank bleeding with birth not
8	imminent.
9	(N) Client or licensed midwife desires physician
10	consultation or transfer.
11	A licensed midwife shall consult with a licensed
12	physician or certified nurse-midwife with regard to any
13	mother who, during postpartum, presents with or develops
14	any of the following risk factors or presents with or
15	develops other risk factors that, in the judgment of the
16	licensed midwife, warrant consultation:
17	(A) Failure to void within 6 hours of birth.
18	(B) Signs or symptoms of maternal shock.
19	(C) Febrile: 102 degrees F or 39 degrees C and
20	unresponsive to therapy for 12 hours.
21	(D) Abnormal lochia or signs or symptoms of uterine
22	sepsis.
23	(E) Suspected deep vein thrombosis.
24	(F) Signs of clinically significant depression.
25	A licensed midwife shall consult with a licensed
26	physician or licensed certified nurse-midwife with regard

- 1 to any neonate who is born with or develops any of the following risk factors: 2
- (A) Apgar score of 6 or less at 5 minutes without 3 4 significant improvement by 10 minutes.
- 5 (B) Persistent grunting respirations or retractions.
- (C) Persistent cardiac irregularities. 6
- (D) Persistent central cyanosis or pallor. 7
- 8 (E) Persistent lethargy or poor muscle tone.
- 9 (F) Abnormal cry.
- 10 (G) Birth weight less than 2300 grams.
- 11 (H) Jitteriness or seizures.
- (I) Jaundice occurring before 24 hours or outside of 12 13 normal range.
- (J) Failure to urinate within 24 hours of birth. 14
- 15 (K) Failure to pass meconium within 48 hours of birth.
- (L) Edema. 16
- 17 (M) Prolonged temperature instability.
- 18 (N) Significant signs or symptoms of infection.
- 19 (\bigcirc) Significant clinical evidence of glycemic 20 instability.
- (P) Abnormal, bulging, or depressed fontanel. 2.1
- 22 (Q) Significant clinical evidence of prematurity.
- 23 (R) Medically significant congenital anomalies.
- 24 (S) Significant or suspected birth injury.
- 25 (T) Persistent inability to suck.
- 26 (U) Diminished consciousness.

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L	(V)	Clinically	significant	abnormalities	in	vital
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- (W) Clinically significant color abnormality, cyanotic, or pale or abnormal perfusion.
- (X) Abdominal distention or projectile vomiting.
- (Y) Signs of clinically significant dehydration or failure to thrive.
 - (4) The licensed midwife shall initiate immediate transport according to the licensed midwife's emergency plan, provide emergency stabilization until emergency medical services arrive or transfer is completed, accompany the client or follow the client to a hospital in a timely fashion, provide pertinent information to the receiving facility and complete an emergency transport record. Any of the following conditions shall require immediate notification to the licensed midwife's collaborating health care professional and emergency transfer to a hospital:
 - (A) Seizures or unconsciousness.
 - (B) Respiratory distress or arrest.
 - (C) Evidence of shock.
 - (D) Psychosis.
- 23 (E) Symptomatic chest pain or cardiac arrhythmias.
- 24 (F) Prolapsed umbilical cord.
- 2.5 (G) Shoulder dystocia not resolved by Advanced 26 Life Support in Obstetrics (ALSO) protocol.

(H) Symptoms of uterine rupture.

2	(I) Preeclampsia or eclampsia.
3	(J) Severe abdominal pain inconsistent with normal
4	labor.
5	(K) Chorioamnionitis.
6	(L) Clinically significant fetal heart rate
7	patterns or other manifestation of fetal distress.
8	(M) Presentation not compatible with spontaneous
9	vaginal delivery.
10	(N) Laceration greater than second degree perineal
11	or any cervical.
12	(O) Hemorrhage non-responsive to therapy.
13	(P) Uterine prolapse or inversion.
14	(Q) Persistent uterine atony.
15	(R) Anaphylaxis.
16	(S) Failure to deliver placenta after one hour if
17	there is no bleeding and fundus is firm.
18	(T) Sustained instability or persistent abnormal
19	vital signs.
20	(U) Other conditions or symptoms that could
21	threaten the life of the mother, fetus or neonate.
22	A licensed midwife may deliver a client with any of the
23	complications or conditions set forth in this item (4) , if
24	no physician or other equivalent medical services are
25	available and the situation presents immediate harm to the
26	health and safety of the client, if the complication or

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condition entails extraordinary and unnecessary human suffering, or if delivery occurs during transport.

(5) With regard to collaboration, a licensed midwife must form a formal collaborative relationship with a medical doctor or doctor of osteopathy licensed under the Illinois Medical Practice Act or a certified nurse midwife licensed as an advanced practice nurse under the Illinois Nurse Practice Act. This relationship must (i) include documented quarterly review of all clients under the care of the licensed midwife, (ii) include written protocols and procedures for assessing risk and appropriateness for home birth, (iii) provide supportive care when care transferred to another provider, if possible, and (iv) consider the standards regarding practice of midwifery established by the National Association of Certified Professional Midwives, including referral of mother or baby to appropriate professionals when either needs care outside the midwife's scope of practice or expertise.

This relationship must not be construed to necessarily require the personal presence of the collaborating care provider at all times at the place where services are rendered, as long as there is communication available for radio, telephone, consultation by Internet, telecommunications.

(6) With regard to prohibited practices, a licensed midwife may not do any of the following:

1	(A) Administer prescription pharmacological agents
2	intended to induce or augment labor.
3	(B) Administer prescription pharmacological agents
4	to provide pain management.
5	(C) Use vacuum extractors or forceps.
6	(D) Prescribe medications.
7	(E) Provide care to a woman who has had a cesarean
8	section or other uterine surgery, unless that woman has
9	had a successful subsequent vaginal birth after
10	cesarean section.
11	(F) Perform major surgical procedures including,
12	but not limited to, abortions, cesarean sections, and
13	circumcisions.
14	(G) Knowingly accept responsibility for prenatal
15	or intrapartum care of a client with any of the
16	following risk factors:
17	(i) Chronic significant maternal cardiac,
18	pulmonary, renal or hepatic disease.
19	(ii) Malignant disease in an active phase.
20	(iii) Significant hematological disorders or
21	coagulopathies, or pulmonary embolism.
22	(iv) Insulin requiring diabetes mellitus.
23	(v) Known maternal congenital abnormalities
24	affecting childbirth.
25	(vi) Confirmed isoimmunization, Rh disease
26	with positive titer.

with positive titer.

1	(vii) Active tuberculosis.
2	(viii) Active syphilis or gonorrhea.
3	(ix) Active genital herpes infection 2 weeks
4	prior to labor or in labor.
5	(x) Pelvic or uterine abnormalities affecting
6	normal vaginal births, including tumors and
7	malformations.
8	(xi) Alcoholism or abuse.
9	(xii) Drug addiction or abuse.
10	(xiii) Confirmed AIDS status.
11	(xiv) Uncontrolled current serious psychiatric
12	illness.
13	(xv) Social or familial conditions
14	unsatisfactory for out-of-hospital maternity care
15	services.
16	(xvi) Fetus with suspected or diagnosed
17	congenital abnormalities that may require
18	immediate medical intervention.
19	(c) The Department must, on a quarterly basis, issue a
20	status report to the Board of all complaints submitted to
21	the Department related to the midwifery profession.
22	Section 45. Illinois Midwifery Board.
23	(a) There is created under the authority of the Department
24	the Illinois Midwifery Board, which shall consist of 7 members

appointed by the Secretary, 4 of whom shall be licensed

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midwives who carry the CPM credential, except that initial appointees must have at least 3 years of experience in the practice of midwifery in an out-of-hospital setting, certified by the North American Registry of Midwives, and meet the qualifications for licensure set forth in this Act; one of whom shall be an obstetrician licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987 who has a minimum of 2 years of experience working or consulting with home birth providers alternately, a family practice physician licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987 who has a minimum of 2 years of experience providing home birth services; one of whom shall be a certified nurse midwife who has at least 2 years of experience in providing home birth services; and one of whom shall be a knowledgeable public member who has given birth with the assistance of a certified professional midwife in an out-of-hospital birth setting. Board members shall serve 4-year terms, except that in the case of initial appointments, terms shall be staggered as follows: 3 members shall serve for 4 years, 2 members shall serve for 3 years, and 2 members shall serve for 2 years. The Board shall annually elect a chairperson and vice chairperson.

(b) Any appointment made to fill a vacancy shall be for the unexpired portion of the term. Appointments to fill vacancies shall be made in the same manner as original appointments. No Board member may be reappointed for a term that would cause his or her continuous service on the Board to exceed 9 years.

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- 1 (c) Board membership must have reasonable representation from different geographic areas of this State. 2
- (d) The members of the Board shall be reimbursed for all 3 4 legitimate, necessary, and authorized expenses incurred in 5 attending the meetings of the Board.
- (e) The Secretary may remove any member for cause at any 6 time prior to the expiration of his or her term. 7
 - (f) A majority of the Board members currently appointed shall constitute a quorum. A vacancy in the membership of the Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to perform all of the duties of the Board.
- 12 The Board shall provide the Department (a) 13 recommendations concerning the administration of this Act and 14 perform each of the following duties:
 - (1) Recommend to the Department the prescription and, from time to time, the revision of any rules that may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act, including those that are designed to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public.
 - (2) Conduct hearings and disciplinary conferences on disciplinary charges of licensees.
 - (3) Report to the Department, upon completion of a hearing, the disciplinary actions recommended to be taken against a person found in violation of this Act.
 - (4) Recommend the approval, denial of approval, withdrawal of approval of required education and

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- 1 continuing educational programs.
 - The Secretary shall give due consideration to all recommendations of the Board. If the Secretary takes action contrary to a recommendation of the Board, the Secretary must promptly provide a written explanation of that action.
 - (i) The Board may recommend to the Secretary that one or more licensed midwives be selected by the Secretary to assist in any investigation under this Act. Compensation shall be provided to any licensee who provides assistance under this subsection (i), in an amount determined by the Secretary.
 - (j) Members of the Board shall be immune from suit in an action based upon a disciplinary proceeding or other activity performed in good faith as a member of the Board, except for willful or wanton misconduct.
- 15 Section 50. Qualifications.
 - (a) A person is qualified for licensure as a midwife if that person meets each of the following qualifications:
 - (1) He or she has earned an associate's degree or higher, or the equivalent of an associate's degree or higher, in either nursing or midwifery from an accredited post-secondary institution or has earned associates degree or its equivalent, including completion of all of the following coursework from an accredited post-secondary institution in the following denominations:
 - (A) Laboratory Science (must include coursework in

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- 1 Anatomy and Physiology and Microbiology): 12 credit hours.
- (B) English or Communications: 6 credit hours. 2
- 3 (C) Social and Behavioral Science (Sociology Psychology): 6 credit hours. 4
 - (D) Math: 3 credit hours.
 - (E) Nutrition: 3 credit hours.
 - (F) Pharmacology: 3 credit hours.
 - (2) He or she has successfully completed a program of midwifery education approved by the North American Registry of Midwives that includes both didactic and clinical internship experience, the sum of which, on average, takes 3 to 5 years to complete.
 - (3) He or she has passed a written and practical skills examination for the practice of midwifery that has been developed following the standards set by the National Commission for Certifying Agencies or а successor organization and is administered by the North American Registry of Midwives.
 - (4) He or she holds a valid CPM credential granted by the North American Registry of Midwives.
 - (b) Before August 31, 2010, a person seeking licensure as a licensed midwife who has not met the educational requirements set forth in this Section shall be qualified for licensure if that person does all of the following:
 - (1) Submits evidence of having successfully passed the national certification exam described in subsection (a) of

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- 1 this Section prior to January 1, 2004.
- (2) Submits evidence of current certification in adult 2 CPR and infant CPR or neonatal resuscitation. 3
 - (3) Has continually maintained active, up-to-date recertification status as a certified professional midwife with the North American Registry of Midwives.
 - (4) Submits evidence of practice for at least 5 years as a midwife delivering in an out-of-hospital setting.
 - (c) Nothing used in submitting evidence of practice of midwifery when applying for licensure under this Act shall be used as evidence or to take legal action against the applicant regarding the practice of midwifery, nursing, or medicine prior to the passage of this Act.
 - Section 55. Social Security Number on application. addition to any other information required to be contained in the application, every application for an original, renewal, reinstated, or restored license under this Act shall include the applicant's Social Security Number.
- Section 60. Continuing education. 19
- 20 (a) The Department shall require all licensed midwives to 21 submit proof of the completion of at least 25 hours of 22 continuing education in classes approved by the North American 23 Registry of Midwives and 5 hours of peer review per 3-year 24 license renewal cycle.

- 1 (b) Rules adopted under this Act shall require the licensed
- midwife to maintain CPM certification by meeting all the 2
- requirements set forth by the North American Registry of 3
- Midwives or to maintain CNM or CM certification by meeting all 4
- 5 requirements set forth by the American Midwifery
- Certification Board. 6
- (c) Each licensee is responsible for maintaining records of 7
- 8 completion of continuing education and shall be prepared to
- 9 produce the records when requested by the Department.
- Section 65. Inactive status. 10
- (a) A licensed midwife who notifies the Department in 11
- 12 writing on forms prescribed by the Department may elect to
- place his or her license on an inactive status and shall be 13
- 14 excused from payment of renewal fees until he or she notifies
- 15 the Department in writing of his or her intent to restore the
- 16 license.
- 17 (b) A licensed midwife whose license is on inactive status
- 18 may not practice licensed midwifery in the State of Illinois.
- 19 (C) licensed midwife requesting restoration from
- 2.0 inactive status shall be required to pay the current renewal
- 21 fee and to restore his or her license, as provided by the
- 22 Department.
- 23 (d) Any licensee who engages in the practice of midwifery
- 24 while his or her license is lapsed or on inactive status shall
- 25 be considered to be practicing without a license, which shall

- 1 be grounds for discipline.
- 2 Section 70. Renewal, reinstatement, or restoration of
- 3 licensure; military service.
- 4 (a) The expiration date and renewal period for each license
- 5 issued under this Act shall be set by the Department.
- (b) All renewal applicants shall provide proof of having 6
- 7 met the requirements of continuing education set forth by the
- 8 North American Registry of Midwives. The Department shall
- 9 provide for an orderly process for the reinstatement of
- 10 licenses that have not been renewed due to failure to meet
- continuing education requirements. 11
- 12 (c) Any licensed midwife who has permitted his or her
- 13 license to expire or who has had his or her license on inactive
- 14 status may have his or her license restored by making
- 15 application to the Department and filing proof acceptable to
- the Department of fitness to have the license restored and by 16
- 17 paying the required fees. Proof of fitness may include evidence
- 18 attesting to active lawful practice in another jurisdiction.
- 19 (d) The Department shall determine, by an evaluation
- program, fitness for restoration of a license under this 20
- 21 Section and shall establish procedures and requirements for
- 22 restoration.
- 23 (e) Any licensed midwife whose license expired while he or
- 24 she was (i) in federal service on active duty with the Armed
- Forces of the United States or the State Militia and called 25

- 1 into service or training or (ii) in training or education under
- the supervision of the United States preliminary to induction 2
- 3 into the military service may have his or her license restored
- 4 without paying any lapsed renewal fees, if, within 2 years
- 5 honorable termination of service, training,
- education, he or she furnishes the Department with satisfactory 6
- evidence to the effect that he or she has been so engaged. 7
- 8 Section 75. Roster. The Department shall maintain a roster
- 9 of the names and addresses of all licensees and of all persons
- 10 whose licenses have been suspended or revoked. This roster
- shall be available upon written request and payment of the 11
- 12 required fee.
- 13 Section 80. Fees.
- 14 (a) The Department shall provide for a schedule of fees for
- the administration and enforcement of this Act, including 15
- 16 limitation original licensure, renewal, without and
- 17 restoration, which fees shall be nonrefundable.
- 18 (b) All fees collected under this Act shall be deposited
- 19 into the General Professions Dedicated Fund and appropriated to
- 20 the Department for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the
- 21 Department in the administration of this Act.
- 22 Section 85. Returned checks; fines. Any person who delivers
- 23 a check or other payment to the Department that is returned to

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the Department unpaid by the financial institution upon which it is drawn shall pay to the Department, in addition to the amount already owed to the Department, a fine of \$50. The fines imposed by this Section are in addition to any other discipline provided under this Act for unlicensed practice or practice on a non-renewed license. The Department shall notify the person that fees and fines shall be paid to the Department by certified check or money order within 30 calendar days after the notification. If, after the expiration of 30 days from the date of the notification, the person has failed to submit the necessary remittance, the Department shall automatically terminate the license or deny the application, without hearing. If, after termination or denial, the person seeks a license, he or she shall apply to the Department for restoration or issuance of the license and pay all fees and fines due to the Department. The Department may establish a fee for the processing of an application for restoration of a license to defray all expenses of processing the application. Secretary may waive the fines due under this Section in individual cases where the Secretary finds that the fines would be unreasonable or unnecessarily burdensome.

Section 90. Unlicensed practice; civil penalty. Any person who practices, offers to practice, attempts to practice, or holds himself or herself out to practice midwifery or as a midwife without being licensed under this Act shall, in

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addition to any other penalty provided by law, pay a civil penalty to the Department in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 for each offense, as determined by the Department. The civil penalty shall be assessed by the Department after a hearing is held in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Act regarding the provision of a hearing for the discipline of a licensee. The civil penalty shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the civil penalty. The order shall constitute a judgment and may be filed and execution had thereon in the same manner as any judgment from any court of record. The Department may investigate any unlicensed activity.

Section 95. Grounds for disciplinary action. The Department may refuse to issue or to renew or may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand or take other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, including fines not to exceed \$5,000 for each violation, with regard to any licensee or license for any one or combination of the following causes:

- (1) Violations of this Act or its rules.
- 21 (2) Material misstatement in furnishing information to 22 the Department.
 - (3) Conviction of any crime under the laws of any U.S. jurisdiction that is (i) a felony, (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or (iii) directly

- 1 related to the practice of the profession.
 - (4) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining a license.
 - (5) Professional incompetence or gross negligence.
 - (6) Gross malpractice.
 - (7) Aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or its rules.
 - (8) Failing to provide information within 60 days in response to a written request made by the Department.
 - (9) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
 - (10) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
 - (11) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or foreign nation if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Act.
 - (12) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually or personally rendered. This shall not be deemed to include rent or other remunerations paid to an individual, partnership, or

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- 1 corporation by a licensed midwife for the lease, rental, or use of space, owned or controlled by the individual, 2 3 partnership, corporation, or association.
 - (13) A finding by the Department that the licensee, after having his or her license placed on probationary status, has violated the terms of probation.
 - (14) Abandonment of a patient without cause.
 - (15) Willfully making or filing false records or reports relating to a licensee's practice, including, but not limited to, false records filed with State agencies or departments.
 - (16) Physical illness or mental illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skill that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
 - (17) Failure to provide a patient with a copy of his or her record upon the written request of the patient.
 - (18)Conviction bv anv court of competent jurisdiction, either within or without this State, of any violation of any law governing the practice of licensed midwifery or conviction in this or another state of any crime that is a felony under the laws of this State or conviction of a felony in a federal court, if Department determines, after investigation, that person has not been sufficiently rehabilitated to warrant

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- (19) A finding that licensure has been applied for or obtained by fraudulent means.
- (20) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or a neglected child, as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (21) Practicing or attempting to practice under a name other than the full name shown on a license issued under this Act.
- (22) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act, such abuse, sexual misconduct, sexual or as exploitation, related to the licensee's practice.
- (23) Maintaining a professional relationship with any person, firm, or corporation when the licensed midwife knows or should know that a person, firm, or corporation is violating this Act.
- (24) Failure to provide satisfactory proof of having participated in approved continuing education programs as determined by the Board and approved by the Secretary. Exceptions for extreme hardships are to be defined by the Department.
- (b) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the

- license of any person who fails to (i) file a tax return or to
 pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed return or
 (ii) pay any final assessment of the tax, penalty, or interest,
 as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois
 Department of Revenue, until the time that the requirements of
 that tax Act are satisfied.
 - (c) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension shall end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission, the issuance of an order so finding and discharging the patient, and the recommendation of the Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume his or her practice.
 - (d) In enforcing this Section, the Department, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel any person licensed to practice under this Act or who has applied for licensure or certification pursuant to this Act to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The examining physicians shall be those specifically designated by the Department. The Department may order an examining physician to present testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to

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communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician. The person to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of the examination. Failure of any person to submit to a mental or physical examination when directed shall be grounds for suspension of a license until the person submits to the examination if the Department finds, after notice and hearing, that the refusal to submit to the examination was without reasonable cause.

If the Department finds an individual unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this subsection (d), the Department may require that individual to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department, as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice or, in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Department may file a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. Any person whose license was granted, reinstated, renewed, disciplined, or supervised subject to such terms, conditions, or restrictions and who fails to comply with such terms, conditions, or restrictions shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether or not the person shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Department.

In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a

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1 person's license under this Section, a hearing on that person's license must be convened by the Department within 15 days after 2 3 the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The 4 Department may review the person's record of treatment and 5 counseling regarding the impairment, to the extent permitted by 6 applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records. 7

A person licensed under this Act and affected under this subsection (d) shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department that he or she can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of his or her license.

Section 100. Failure to pay restitution. The Department, without further process or hearing, shall suspend the license or other authorization to practice of any person issued under this Act who has been certified by court order as not having paid restitution to a person under Section 8A-3.5 of the Illinois Public Aid Code or under Section 46-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961. A person whose license or other authorization to practice is suspended under this Section is prohibited from practicing until restitution is made in full.

- 22 Section 105. Injunction; cease and desist order.
- 23 (a) If a person violates any provision of this Act, the 24 Secretary may, in the name of the People of the State of

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- Illinois, through the Attorney General or the State's Attorney of any county in which the action is brought, petition for an order enjoining the violation or enforcing compliance with this Act. Upon the filing of a verified petition in court, the court may issue a temporary restraining order, without notice or bond, and may preliminarily and permanently enjoin the violation. If it is established that the person has violated or is violating the injunction, the court may punish the offender for contempt of court. Proceedings under this Section shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, all other remedies and penalties provided by this Act.
 - (b) If any person practices as a licensed midwife or holds himself or herself out as a licensed midwife without being licensed under the provisions of this Act, then any licensed midwife, any interested party, or any person injured thereby may, in addition to the Secretary, petition for relief as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.
 - (c) Whenever, in the opinion of the Department, any person violates any provision of this Act, the Department may issue a rule to show cause why an order to cease and desist should not be entered against that person. The rule shall clearly set forth the grounds relied upon by the Department and shall provide a period of 7 days after the date of the rule to file an answer to the satisfaction of the Department. Failure to answer to the satisfaction of the Department shall cause an order to cease and desist to be issued immediately.

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- Section 110. Violation; criminal penalty. 1
 - (a) Whoever knowingly practices or offers to practice midwifery in this State without being licensed for that purpose or exempt under this Act shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and, for each subsequent conviction, shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony.
 - (b) Any person who is found to have violated any other provision of this Act is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
 - (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, all criminal fines, moneys, or other property collected or received by the Department under this Section or any other State or federal statute, including, but not limited to, property forfeited to the Department under Section 505 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or Section 85 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, shall be deposited into the Professional Regulation Evidence Fund.
 - Section 115. Investigation; notice; hearing. The Department may investigate the actions of any applicant or of any person or persons holding or claiming to hold a license under this Act. Before refusing to issue or to renew or taking any disciplinary action regarding a license, the Department shall, at least 30 days prior to the date set for the hearing, notify in writing the applicant or licensee of the nature of any charges and that a hearing shall be held on a date

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designated. The Department shall direct the applicant or licensee to file a written answer with the Board under oath within 20 days after the service of the notice and inform the applicant or licensee that failure to file an answer shall result in default being taken against the applicant or licensee and that the license may be suspended, revoked, or placed on probationary status or that other disciplinary action may be taken, including limiting the scope, nature, or extent of practice, as the Secretary may deem proper. Written notice may be served by personal delivery or certified or registered mail to the respondent at the address of his or her last notification to the Department. If the person fails to file an answer after receiving notice, his or her license may, in the discretion of the Department, be suspended, revoked, or placed on probationary status, or the Department may take disciplinary action deemed proper, including limiting the scope, nature, or extent of the person's practice or the imposition of a fine, without a hearing, if the act or acts charged constitute sufficient grounds for such action under this Act. At the time and place fixed in the notice, the Board shall proceed to hear the charges and the parties or their counsel shall be accorded ample opportunity to present such statements, testimony, evidence, and argument as may be pertinent to the charges or to their defense. The Board may continue a hearing from time to time.

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Section 120. Formal hearing; preservation of record. The Department, at its expense, shall preserve a record of all proceedings at the formal hearing of any case. The notice of hearing, complaint, and all other documents in the nature of pleadings and written motions filed in the proceedings, the transcript of testimony, the report of the Board or hearing officer, and order of the Department shall be the record of the proceeding. The Department shall furnish a transcript of the record to any person interested in the hearing upon payment of the fee required under Section 2105-115 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law.

Section 125. Witnesses; production of documents; contempt. Any circuit court may upon application of the Department or its designee or of the applicant or licensee against whom proceedings under Section 95 of this Act are pending, enter an order requiring the attendance of witnesses and their testimony and the production of documents, papers, files, books, and records in connection with any hearing or investigation. The court may compel obedience to its order by proceedings for contempt.

Section 130. Subpoena; oaths. The Department shall have the power to subpoena and bring before it any person in this State and to take testimony either orally or by deposition or both with the same fees and mileage and in the same manner as

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prescribed in civil cases in circuit courts of this State. The Secretary, the designated hearing officer, and every member of the Board has the power to administer oaths to witnesses at any hearing that the Department is authorized to conduct and any other oaths authorized in any Act administered by Department. Any circuit court may, upon application of the Department or its designee or upon application of the person against whom proceedings under this Act are pending, enter an order requiring the attendance of witnesses and testimony, and the production of documents, papers, files, books, and records in connection with any hearing or investigation. The court may compel obedience to its order by proceedings for contempt.

Section 135. Findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations. At the conclusion of the hearing the Board shall present to the Secretary a written report of its findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations. The report shall contain a finding as to whether or not the accused person violated this Act or failed to comply with the conditions required under this Act. The Board shall specify the nature of the violation or failure to comply and shall make its recommendations to the Secretary.

The report of findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations of the Board shall be the basis for the Department's order. If the Secretary disagrees in any regard

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with the report of the Board, the Secretary may issue an order 1 in contravention of the report. The finding is not admissible 2 in evidence against the person in a criminal prosecution 3 4 brought for the violation of this Act, but the hearing and 5 findings are not a bar to a criminal prosecution brought for the violation of this Act. 6

Section 140. Hearing officer. The Secretary may appoint any attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Illinois to serve as the hearing officer in any action for departmental refusal to issue, renew, or license an applicant or for disciplinary action against a licensee. The hearing officer shall have full authority to conduct the hearing. The hearing officer shall report his or her findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations to the Board and the Secretary. The Board shall have 60 calendar days after receipt of the report to review the report of the hearing officer and present its findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations to the Secretary. If the Board fails to present its report within the 60-day period, the Secretary may issue an order based on the report of the hearing officer. If the Secretary disagrees with the recommendation of the Board or the hearing officer, he she may issue an order in contravention of that recommendation.

Section 145. Service of report; motion for rehearing. In

any case involving the discipline of a license, a copy of the Board's report shall be served upon the respondent by the Department, either personally or as provided in this Act for the service of the notice of hearing. Within 20 days after the service, the respondent may present to the Department a motion in writing for a rehearing that shall specify the particular grounds for rehearing. If no motion for rehearing is filed, then upon the expiration of the time specified for filing a motion, or if a motion for rehearing is denied, then upon the denial, the Secretary may enter an order in accordance with this Act. If the respondent orders from the reporting service and pays for a transcript of the record within the time for filing a motion for rehearing, the 20-day period within which the motion may be filed shall commence upon the delivery of the transcript to the respondent.

Section 150. Rehearing. Whenever the Secretary is satisfied that substantial justice has not been done in the revocation, suspension, or refusal to issue or renew a license, the Secretary may order a rehearing by the same or another hearing officer or by the Board.

Section 155. Prima facie proof. An order or a certified copy thereof, over the seal of the Department and purporting to be signed by the Secretary, shall be prima facie proof of the following:

1	(1) th	at the	signature	is	the	genuine	signature	of	the
2	Secret	arv:								

- 3 (2) that such Secretary is duly appointed qualified; and 4
- 5 (3) that the Board and its members are qualified to 6 act.
- 7 Section 160. Restoration of license. At any time after the 8 suspension or revocation of any license, the Department may 9 restore the license to the accused person, unless after an 10 investigation and a hearing the Department determines that restoration is not in the public interest. 11
- 12 Section 165. Surrender of license. Upon the revocation or 13 suspension of any license, the licensee shall immediately surrender the license to the Department. If the licensee fails 14 to do so, the Department shall have the right to seize the 15 16 license.
- 17 Section 170. Summary suspension. The Secretary may 18 summarily suspend the license of a licensee under this Act 19 without a hearing, simultaneously with the institution of 20 proceedings for a hearing provided for in this Act, if the 21 Secretary finds that evidence in his or her possession 22 indicates that continuation in practice would constitute an 23 imminent danger to the public. In the event that the Secretary

- 1 summarily suspends a license without a hearing, a hearing by
- 2 the Department must be held within 30 days after the suspension
- has occurred. 3
- 4 Section 175. Certificate of record. The Department shall 5 not be required to certify any record to the court or file any 6 answer in court or otherwise appear in any court in a judicial 7 review proceeding, unless there is filed in the court, with the 8 complaint, a receipt from the Department acknowledging payment 9 of the costs of furnishing and certifying the record. Failure 10 on the part of the plaintiff to file a receipt in court shall be grounds for dismissal of the action. 11
- 12 180. Section Administrative Review Law. All 13 administrative decisions of the Department are subject to 14 judicial review under the Administrative Review Law and its rules. The term "administrative decision" is defined as in 15 Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure. 16
- 17 Section 185. Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The 18 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act is hereby expressly 19 adopted and incorporated in this Act as if all of the 20 provisions of such Act were included in this Act, except that 21 the provision of subsection (d) of Section 10-65 of the 22 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act that provides that at 23 hearings the licensee has the right to show compliance with all

- 1 lawful requirements for retention, continuation, or renewal of
- the license is specifically excluded. For purposes of this Act, 2
- the notice required under Section 10-25 of the Illinois 3
- 4 Administrative Procedure Act is deemed sufficient when mailed
- 5 to the last known address of a party.
- 6 Section 190. Home rule. Pursuant to paragraph (h) of
- 7 Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution of 1970,
- 8 the power to regulate and issue licenses for the practice of
- 9 midwifery shall, except as may otherwise be provided within and
- 10 pursuant to the provisions of this Act, be exercised by the
- State and may not be exercised by any unit of local government, 11
- 12 including home rule units.
- 13 Section 193. Rulemaking conditions. Rulemaking authority
- 14 to implement this Act, if any, is conditioned on the rules
- being adopted in accordance with all provisions of the Illinois 15
- Administrative Procedure Act and all rules and procedures of 16
- 17 the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules; any purported rule
- 18 not so adopted, for whatever reason, is unauthorized.
- 19 Section 195. Severability. The provisions of this Act are
- severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes. 20
- 21 Section 900. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by adding
- 22 Section 4.30 as follows:

1	(5 ILCS 80/4.30 new)						
2	Sec. 4.30. Act repealed on January 1, 2020. The following						
3	Act is repealed on January 1, 2020:						
4	The Home Birth Safety Act.						
5	Section 905. The Medical Practice Act of 1987 is amended by						
6	changing Section 4 as follows:						
7	(225 ILCS 60/4) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-4)						
8	(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2010)						
9	Sec. 4. Exemptions.						
10	(a) This Act does not apply to the following:						
11	(1) persons lawfully carrying on their particular						
12	profession or business under any valid existing regulatory						
13	Act of this State, including without limitation persons						
14	engaged in the practice of midwifery who are licensed under						
15	the Home Birth Safety Act;						
16	(2) persons rendering gratuitous services in cases of						
17	emergency;						
18	(3) persons treating human ailments by prayer or						
19	spiritual means as an exercise or enjoyment of religious						
20	freedom; or						
21	(4) persons practicing the specified occupations set						
22	forth in in subsection (a) of, and pursuant to a licensing						
23	exemption granted in subsection (b) or (d) of, Section						

- 1 2105-350 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law
- of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois, but only for 2
- 3 long as the 2016 Olympic and Paralympic Games
- 4 Professional Licensure Exemption Law is operable.
- 5 (b) (Blank).
- (Source: P.A. 96-7, eff. 4-3-09.) 6
- 7 Section 910. The Nurse Practice Act is amended by changing
- 8 Section 50-15 as follows:
- 9 (225 ILCS 65/50-15) (was 225 ILCS 65/5-15)
- (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018) 10
- 11 Sec. 50-15. Policy; application of Act.
- 12 (a) For the protection of life and the promotion of health,
- 13 and the prevention of illness and communicable diseases, any
- practicing or offering to practice 14 advanced,
- 15 professional, or practical nursing in Illinois shall submit
- 16 evidence that he or she is qualified to practice, and shall be
- licensed as provided under this Act. No person shall practice 17
- 18 or offer to practice advanced, professional, or practical
- 19 nursing in Illinois or use any title, sign, card or device to
- 20 indicate that such a person is practicing professional or
- 21 practical nursing unless such person has been licensed under
- 22 the provisions of this Act.
- 23 (b) This Act does not prohibit the following:
- 24 (1) The practice of nursing in Federal employment in

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the discharge of the employee's duties by a person who is employed by the United States government or any bureau, division or agency thereof and is a legally qualified and licensed nurse of another state or territory and not in conflict with Sections 50-50, 55-10, 60-10, and 70-5 of this Act.

- (2) Nursing that is included in the program of study by students enrolled in programs of nursing or in current nurse practice update courses approved by the Department.
- The furnishing of nursing assistance in an (3) emergency.
- (4) The practice of nursing by a nurse who holds an active license in another state when providing services to patients in Illinois during a bonafide emergency or in immediate preparation for or during interstate transit.
- (5) The incidental care of the sick by members of the family, domestic servants or housekeepers, or care of the sick where treatment is by prayer or spiritual means.
- (6) Persons from being employed as unlicensed assistive personnel in private homes, long term care facilities, nurseries, hospitals or other institutions.
- (7) The practice of practical nursing by one who is a licensed practical nurse under the laws of another U.S. jurisdiction and has applied in writing to the Department, in form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for a license as a licensed practical nurse and who is qualified

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to receive such license under this Act, until (i) the expiration of 6 months after the filing of such written application, (ii) the withdrawal of such application, or (iii) the denial of such application by the Department.

- (8) The practice of advanced practice nursing by one who is an advanced practice nurse under the laws of another state, territory of the United States, or country and has applied in writing to the Department, in form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for a license as advanced practice nurse and who is qualified to receive such license under this Act, until (i) the expiration of 6 months after the filing of such written application, (ii) the withdrawal of such application, or (iii) the denial of such application by the Department.
- (9) The practice of professional nursing by one who is a registered professional nurse under the laws of another state, territory of the United States or country and has applied in writing to the Department, in form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for a license as registered professional nurse and who is qualified to receive such license under Section 55-10, until (1) the expiration of 6 months after the filing of such written application, (2) the withdrawal of such application, or (3) the denial of such application by the Department.
- (10) The practice of professional nursing that is included in a program of study by one who is a registered

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professional nurse under the laws of another state or territory of the United States or foreign country, territory or province and who is enrolled in a graduate nursing education program or a program for the completion of a baccalaureate nursing degree in this State, which includes clinical supervision by faculty as determined by the educational institution offering the program and the health care organization where the practice of nursing occurs.

- (11) Any person licensed in this State under any other Act from engaging in the practice for which she or he is licensed, including without limitation any person engaged in the practice of midwifery who is licensed under the Home Birth Safety Act.
- Delegation to authorized direct care staff (12)trained under Section 15.4 of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Administrative Act consistent with the policies of the Department.
- (13) The practice, services, or activities of persons practicing the specified occupations set forth subsection (a) of, and pursuant to a licensing exemption granted in subsection (b) or (d) of, Section 2105-350 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois, but only for so long as 2016 Olympic and Paralympic Games Professional Licensure Exemption Law is operable.

- (13) County correctional personnel 1 (14)2 delivering prepackaged medication for self-administration 3 to an individual detainee in a correctional facility.
- 4 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the 5 delegation of tasks or duties by a physician, dentist, or 6 podiatrist to a licensed practical nurse, a registered 7 professional nurse, or other persons.
- (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 96-7, 8
- 9 eff. 4-3-09; 96-516, eff. 8-14-09; revised 9-15-09.)".