## 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

# 2011 and 2012

#### SB1320

Introduced 2/8/2011, by Sen. Matt Murphy

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/201	from Ch. 120, par. 2-201
35 ILCS 5/804	from Ch. 120, par. 8-804
35 ILCS 5/901	from Ch. 120, par. 9-901

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Reduces the rates established under Public Act 96-1496 to (i) 3% for individuals, trusts, and estates and (ii) 4.8% for corporations. Makes corresponding changes in Sections concerning estimated taxes and distribution of proceeds into special funds. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 5 changing Sections 201, 804, and 901 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/201) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-201)

7 Sec. 201. Tax Imposed.

8 (a) In general. A tax measured by net income is hereby 9 imposed on every individual, corporation, trust and estate for 10 each taxable year ending after July 31, 1969 on the privilege 11 of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of this 12 State. Such tax shall be in addition to all other occupation or 13 privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any municipal 14 corporation or political subdivision thereof.

(b) Rates. The tax imposed by subsection (a) of this Section shall be determined as follows, except as adjusted by subsection (d-1):

(1) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal
to 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable
year.

(2) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
 taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending

after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.

6 (3) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for 7 taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending 8 prior to January 1, 2011, an amount equal to 3% of the 9 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

10 (4) (Blank). In the case of an individual, trust, or 11 estate, for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 12 2011, and ending after December 31, 2010, an amount equal the sum of (i) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for 13 the period prior to January 1, 2011, as calculated under 14 15 Section 202.5, and (ii) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for 16 the period after December 31, 2010, as calculated under 17 Section 202.5.

(5) (Blank). In the case of an individual, trust, or
estate, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
20 2011, and ending prior to January 1, 2015, an amount equal
to 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(5.1) (Blank). In the case of an individual, trust, or
estate, for taxable years beginning prior to January 1,
2015, and ending after December 31, 2014, an amount equal
to the sum of (i) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the
period prior to January 1, 2015, as calculated under

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Section 202.5, and (ii) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December 31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(5.2) <u>(Blank)</u>. In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending prior to January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

8 (5.3) (Blank). In the case of an individual, trust, 9 estate, for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and ending after December 31, 2024, an amount equal 10 11 to the sum of (i) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for 12 the period prior to January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 3.25% of the taxpayer's net 13 for the period after December 31, 2024, as calculated under 14 Section 202.5. 15

16 (5.4) (Blank). In the case of an individual, trust, or
17 estate, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
18 2025, an amount equal to 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income
19 for the taxable year.

(6) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 4% of the
taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(7) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30,
1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4% of the
taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 1989,

as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 4.8% of the
 taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989,
 as calculated under Section 202.3.

4 (8) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
5 beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending prior to January
6 1, 2011, an amount equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net
7 income for the taxable year.

8 (9) <u>(Blank)</u>. In the case of a corporation, for taxable 9 years beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and ending after 10 December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4.8% 11 of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to 12 January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and 13 (ii) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after 14 December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(10) (Blank). In the case of a corporation, for taxable
years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and ending
prior to January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 7% of the
taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(11) (Blank). In the case of a corporation, for taxable
years beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and ending after
December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 7% of
the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January
1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 5.25%
of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December
31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

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(12) (Blank). In the case of a corporation, for taxable

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years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending prior to January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 5.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

4 (13) (Blank). In the case of a corporation, for taxable 5 years beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and ending after 6 December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5.25% 7 of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section 202.5, 8 and 9 (ii) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after 10 December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section 202.5.

11 (14) (Blank). In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

15 The rates under this subsection (b) are subject to the 16 provisions of Section 201.5.

17 (b-5) It is the intention of the General Assembly that this 18 amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly supersedes Public 19 Act 96-1496. The rates under subsection (b) shall be deemed to 20 be 3% for individuals, trusts, and estates and 4.8% for 21 corporations for the entire period beginning on the effective 22 date of Public Act 96-1496 through the effective date of this 23 amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly and thereafter.

(c) Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax.
 Beginning on July 1, 1979 and thereafter, in addition to such
 income tax, there is also hereby imposed the Personal Property

Tax Replacement Income Tax measured by net income on every 1 2 corporation (including Subchapter S corporations), partnership and trust, for each taxable year ending after June 30, 1979. 3 Such taxes are imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving 4 5 income in or as a resident of this State. The Personal Property 6 Tax Replacement Income Tax shall be in addition to the income tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section and in 7 8 addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by 9 this State or by any municipal corporation or political 10 subdivision thereof.

11 (d) Additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income 12 Tax Rates. The personal property tax replacement income tax imposed by this subsection and subsection (c) of this Section 13 in the case of a corporation, other than a Subchapter S 14 15 corporation and except as adjusted by subsection (d-1), shall be an additional amount equal to 2.85% of such taxpayer's net 16 17 income for the taxable year, except that beginning on January 1, 1981, and thereafter, the rate of 2.85% specified in this 18 subsection shall be reduced to 2.5%, and in the case of a 19 20 partnership, trust or a Subchapter S corporation shall be an additional amount equal to 1.5% of such taxpayer's net income 21 22 for the taxable year.

(d-1) Rate reduction for certain foreign insurers. In the case of a foreign insurer, as defined by Section 35A-5 of the Illinois Insurance Code, whose state or country of domicile imposes on insurers domiciled in Illinois a retaliatory tax

(excluding any insurer whose premiums from reinsurance assumed 1 2 are 50% or more of its total insurance premiums as determined 3 under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 304, except for purposes of this determination premiums from 4 that 5 reinsurance do not include premiums from inter-affiliate reinsurance arrangements), beginning with taxable years ending 6 7 on or after December 31, 1999, the sum of the rates of tax 8 imposed by subsections (b) and (d) shall be reduced (but not 9 increased) to the rate at which the total amount of tax imposed 10 under this Act, net of all credits allowed under this Act, 11 shall equal (i) the total amount of tax that would be imposed 12 on the foreign insurer's net income allocable to Illinois for the taxable year by such foreign insurer's state or country of 13 14 domicile if that net income were subject to all income taxes 15 and taxes measured by net income imposed by such foreign insurer's state or country of domicile, net of all credits 16 17 allowed or (ii) a rate of zero if no such tax is imposed on such income by the foreign insurer's state of domicile. For the 18 19 purposes of this subsection (d-1), an inter-affiliate includes 20 a mutual insurer under common management.

(1) For the purposes of subsection (d-1), in no event
shall the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections
(b) and (d) be reduced below the rate at which the sum of:

(A) the total amount of tax imposed on such foreign
insurer under this Act for a taxable year, net of all
credits allowed under this Act, plus

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(B) the privilege tax imposed by Section 409 of the 1 2 Illinois Insurance Code, the fire insurance company 3 tax imposed by Section 12 of the Fire Investigation Act, and the fire department taxes imposed under 4 5 Section 11-10-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code, equals 1.25% for taxable years ending prior to December 31, 6 7 2003, or 1.75% for taxable years ending on or after 8 December 31, 2003, of the net taxable premiums written for 9 the taxable year, as described by subsection (1) of Section 10 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code. This paragraph will in 11 no event increase the rates imposed under subsections (b) 12 and (d).

(2) Any reduction in the rates of tax imposed by this
subsection shall be applied first against the rates imposed
by subsection (b) and only after the tax imposed by
subsection (a) net of all credits allowed under this
Section other than the credit allowed under subsection (i)
has been reduced to zero, against the rates imposed by
subsection (d).

20 This subsection (d-1) is exempt from the provisions of 21 Section 250.

(e) Investment credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit
 against the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for
 investment in qualified property.

(1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit equal to .5%
 of the basis of qualified property placed in service during

the taxable year, provided such property is placed in 1 2 service on or after July 1, 1984. There shall be allowed an additional credit equal to .5% of the basis of qualified 3 property placed in service during the taxable year, 4 5 provided such property is placed in service on or after 6 July 1, 1986, and the taxpayer's base employment within 7 Illinois has increased by 1% or more over the preceding 8 year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records 9 filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have 10 11 met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in 12 which they file employment records with the Illinois 13 Department of Employment Security. The provisions added to 14 this Section by Public Act 85-1200 (and restored by Public 15 Act 87-895) shall be construed as declaratory of existing 16 law and not as a new enactment. If, in any year, the 17 increase in base employment within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall 18 19 be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the 20 numerator of which is .5% and the denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed .5%. The investment credit shall 21 22 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a 23 taxpayer's liability in any tax year below zero, nor may 24 any credit for qualified property be allowed for any year 25 other than the year in which the property was placed in 26 service in Illinois. For tax years ending on or after

December 31, 1987, and on or before December 31, 1988, the 1 2 credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the 3 property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it 4 exceeds the original liability or the liability as later 5 6 amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the 7 8 excess credit years if the taxpayer (i) makes investments 9 which cause the creation of a minimum of 2,000 full-time 10 equivalent jobs in Illinois, (ii) is located in an 11 enterprise zone established pursuant to the Illinois 12 and (iii) is certified by the Enterprise Zone Act 13 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now 14 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity) as 15 complying with the requirements specified in clause (i) and 16 (ii) by July 1, 1986. The Department of Commerce and 17 Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity) shall notify the Department of Revenue of all 18 19 such certifications immediately. For tax years ending after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for 20 21 the tax year in which the property is placed in service, 22 or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability 23 for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or 24 the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried 25 forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable 26 years following the excess credit years. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit shall be applied first.

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5 (2) The term "qualified property" means property 6 which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
buildings and structural components of buildings and
g signs that are real property, but not including land or
improvements to real property that are not a structural
component of a building such as landscaping, sewer
lines, local access roads, fencing, parking lots, and
other appurtenances;

(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not
eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
(e);

19 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
20 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(D) is used in Illinois by a taxpayer who is
primarily engaged in manufacturing, or in mining coal
or fluorite, or in retailing, or was placed in service
on or after July 1, 2006 in a River Edge Redevelopment
Zone established pursuant to the River Edge
Redevelopment Zone Act; and

1 (E) has not previously been used in Illinois in 2 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for 3 the credit provided by this subsection (e) or 4 subsection (f).

5 (3)For purposes of this subsection (e), 6 "manufacturing" means the material staging and production 7 tangible personal property by procedures commonly of 8 regarded as manufacturing, processing, fabrication, or 9 assembling which changes some existing material into new 10 shapes, new qualities, or new combinations. For purposes of 11 this subsection (e) the term "mining" shall have the same 12 meaning as the term "mining" in Section 613(c) of the 13 Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subsection (e), 14 the term "retailing" means the sale of tangible personal 15 property for use or consumption and not for resale, or 16 services rendered in conjunction with the sale of tangible 17 personal property for use or consumption and not for resale. For purposes of this subsection (e), "tangible 18 19 personal property" has the same meaning as when that term 20 is used in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and, for 21 taxable years ending after December 31, 2008, does not 22 include the generation, transmission, or distribution of 23 electricity.

(4) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
income tax purposes.

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1 (5) If the basis of the property for federal income tax 2 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed 3 in service in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such 4 increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the 5 date of such increase in basis.

(6) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

8 (7) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to 9 be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 10 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of 11 any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 12 months after being placed in service, the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for such taxable year shall be 13 14 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) 15 recomputing the investment credit which would have been 16 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was 17 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such computation and, (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit 18 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the 19 20 purposes of this paragraph (7), a reduction of the basis of 21 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the 22 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified 23 property to the extent of such reduction.

(8) Unless the investment credit is extended by law,
the basis of qualified property shall not include costs
incurred after December 31, 2013, except for costs incurred

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pursuant to a binding contract entered into on or before December 31, 2013.

3 (9) Each taxable year ending before December 31, 2000, a partnership may elect to pass through to its partners the 4 5 credits to which the partnership is entitled under this 6 subsection (e) for the taxable year. A partner may use the 7 credit allocated to him or her under this paragraph only 8 against the tax imposed in subsections (c) and (d) of this 9 Section. If the partnership makes that election, those 10 credits shall be allocated among the partners in the 11 partnership in accordance with the rules set forth in 12 Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the rules promulgated under that Section, and the allocated amount of 13 14 the credits shall be allowed to the partners for that 15 taxable year. The partnership shall make this election on 16 its Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax return for 17 that taxable year. The election to pass through the credits shall be irrevocable. 18

19 For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2000, 20 a partner that qualifies its partnership for a subtraction 21 under subparagraph (I) of paragraph (2) of subsection (d) 22 of Section 203 or a shareholder that qualifies a Subchapter 23 S corporation for a subtraction under subparagraph (S) of 24 paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 203 shall be 25 allowed a credit under this subsection (e) equal to its share of the credit earned under this subsection (e) during 26

the taxable year by the partnership or Subchapter S 1 2 corporation, determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income 3 under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal 4 5 Revenue Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250. 6

7 (f) Investment credit; Enterprise Zone; River Edge
8 Redevelopment Zone.

9 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the 10 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for 11 investment in qualified property which is placed in service 12 in an Enterprise Zone created pursuant to the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or, for property placed in service on 13 14 or after July 1, 2006, a River Edge Redevelopment Zone 15 established pursuant to the River Edge Redevelopment Zone 16 Act. For partners, shareholders of Subchapter S 17 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for 18 purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall 19 20 be allowed a credit under this subsection (f) to be determined in accordance with the determination of income 21 22 and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 23 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit 24 shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit 25 shall be available only in the taxable year in which the 26 property is placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or

River Edge Redevelopment Zone and shall not be allowed to 1 2 the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for 3 the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December 4 5 31, 1985, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount 6 7 of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, 8 whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability 9 as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and 10 applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years 11 following the excess credit year. The credit shall be 12 applied to the earliest year for which there is a 13 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year 14 that is available to offset a liability, the credit 15 accruing first in time shall be applied first.

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(2) The term qualified property means property which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings;

(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this subsection (f);

24 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
25 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(D) is used in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge

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Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer; and

2 (E) has not been previously used in Illinois in 3 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for 4 the credit provided by this subsection (f) or 5 subsection (e).

6 (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis 7 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal 8 income tax purposes.

9 (4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax 10 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed 11 in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge 12 Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer, the amount of such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the 13 14 date of such increase in basis.

15 (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same16 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

17 (6) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 18 19 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of 20 any qualified property is moved outside the Enterprise Zone 21 or River Edge Redevelopment Zone within 48 months after 22 being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections 23 (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be 24 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) 25 recomputing the investment credit which would have been 26 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was

originally allowed by eliminating such property from such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis of qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction.

8 (7) There shall be allowed an additional credit equal 9 to 0.5% of the basis of qualified property placed in 10 service during the taxable year in a River Edge 11 Redevelopment Zone, provided such property is placed in 12 service on or after July 1, 2006, and the taxpayer's base 13 employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over 14 preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's the 15 employment records filed with the Illinois Department of 16 Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois 17 shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in which they file employment 18 19 records with the Illinois Department of Employment 20 Security. If, in any year, the increase in base employment within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%, 21 22 the additional credit shall be limited to that percentage 23 times a fraction, the numerator of which is 0.5% and the denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed 0.5%. 24

(g) Jobs Tax Credit; Enterprise Zone, River Edge
Redevelopment Zone, and Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone.

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(1) A taxpayer conducting a trade or business in an 1 2 enterprise zone or a High Impact Business designated by the 3 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity or for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2006, in a 4 5 River Edge Redevelopment Zone conducting a trade or business in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or 6 7 Sub-Zone shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed 8 by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section in the amount of 9 \$500 per eligible employee hired to work in the zone during 10 the taxable year.

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(2) To qualify for the credit:

12 (A) the taxpayer must hire 5 or more eligible 13 employees to work in an enterprise zone, River Edge 14 Redevelopment Zone, or federally designated Foreign 15 Trade Zone or Sub-Zone during the taxable year;

16 (B) the taxpayer's total employment within the 17 enterprise zone, River Edge Redevelopment Zone, or federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone 18 19 must increase by 5 or more full-time employees beyond 20 the total employed in that zone at the end of the 21 previous tax year for which a jobs tax credit under 22 this Section was taken, or beyond the total employed by 23 the taxpayer as of December 31, 1985, whichever is 24 later: and

(C) the eligible employees must be employed 180
 consecutive days in order to be deemed hired for

1 purposes of this subsection.

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(3) An "eligible employee" means an employee who is:

(A) Certified by the Department of Commerce and
Economic Opportunity as "eligible for services"
pursuant to regulations promulgated in accordance with
Title II of the Job Training Partnership Act, Training
Services for the Disadvantaged or Title III of the Job
Training Partnership Act, Employment and Training
Assistance for Dislocated Workers Program.

(B) Hired after the enterprise zone, River Edge
Redevelopment Zone, or federally designated Foreign
Trade Zone or Sub-Zone was designated or the trade or
business was located in that zone, whichever is later.

14 (C) Employed in the enterprise zone, River Edge
15 Redevelopment Zone, or Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone.
16 An employee is employed in an enterprise zone or
17 federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone if
18 his services are rendered there or it is the base of
19 operations for the services performed.

20 (D) A full-time employee working 30 or more hours21 per week.

(4) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1985
and prior to December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed
for the tax year in which the eligible employees are hired.
For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1988, the
credit shall be allowed for the tax year immediately

following the tax year in which the eligible employees are 1 2 hired. If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax 3 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess 4 5 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of 6 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The 7 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which 8 there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one 9 tax year that is available to offset a liability, earlier 10 credit shall be applied first.

(5) The Department of Revenue shall promulgate such
rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to carry
out the purposes of this subsection (g).

14 (6) The credit shall be available for eligible
 15 employees hired on or after January 1, 1986.

(h) Investment credit; High Impact Business.

17 (1) Subject to subsections (b) and (b-5) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, a taxpayer shall be 18 19 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) 20 and (b) of this Section for investment in qualified 21 property which is placed in service by a Department of 22 Commerce and Economic Opportunity designated High Impact 23 Business. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit shall not be available (i) until the 24 25 minimum investments in qualified property set forth in subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois 26

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Enterprise Zone Act have been satisfied or (ii) until the 1 2 time authorized in subsection (b-5) of the Illinois 3 Enterprise Zone Act for entities designated as High Impact Businesses under subdivisions (a) (3) (B), (a) (3) (C), and 4 5 (a) (3) (D) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone 6 Act, and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would 7 reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by 8 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. The 9 credit applicable to such investments shall be taken in the 10 taxable year in which such investments have been completed. 11 The credit for additional investments beyond the minimum 12 investment by a designated high impact business authorized under subdivision (a) (3) (A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois 13 14 Enterprise Zone Act shall be available only in the taxable 15 year in which the property is placed in service and shall 16 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a 17 taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending 18 19 on or after December 31, 1987, the credit shall be allowed 20 for the tax year in which the property is placed in 21 service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax 22 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original 23 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess 24 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of 25 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The 26 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

4 Changes made in this subdivision (h)(1) by Public Act 5 88-670 restore changes made by Public Act 85-1182 and 6 reflect existing law.

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(2) The term qualified property means property which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings;

10 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the 11 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" 12 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not 13 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection 14 (h);

15 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
16 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

17 (D) is not eligible for the Enterprise Zone
18 Investment Credit provided by subsection (f) of this
19 Section.

(3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
income tax purposes.

(4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
Sub-Zone located in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of

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such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.

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(5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(6) If during any taxable year ending on or before 5 December 31, 1996, any property ceases to be qualified 6 7 property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months 8 after being placed in service, or the situs of any 9 qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 10 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under 11 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable 12 year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have 13 14 been allowed for the year in which credit for such property 15 was originally allowed by eliminating such property from 16 such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed 17 credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the 18 19 basis of qualified property resulting from а 20 redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a 21 disposition of qualified property to the extent of such 22 reduction.

(7) Beginning with tax years ending after December 31,
1996, if a taxpayer qualifies for the credit under this
subsection (h) and thereby is granted a tax abatement and
the taxpayer relocates its entire facility in violation of

the explicit terms and length of the contract under Section 18-183 of the Property Tax Code, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section shall be increased for the taxable year in which the taxpayer relocated its facility by an amount equal to the amount of credit received by the taxpayer under this subsection (h).

7 (i) Credit for Personal Property Tax Replacement Income 8 Tax. For tax years ending prior to December 31, 2003, a credit 9 shall be allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 10 (b) of this Section for the tax imposed by subsections (c) and 11 (d) of this Section. This credit shall be computed by 12 multiplying the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section by a fraction, the numerator of which is base income 13 allocable to Illinois and the denominator of which is Illinois 14 15 base income, and further multiplying the product by the tax 16 rate imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section.

17 Any credit earned on or after December 31, 1986 under this subsection which is unused in the year the credit is computed 18 19 because it exceeds the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) 20 and (b) for that year (whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended) may be carried 21 22 forward and applied to the tax liability imposed by subsections 23 (a) and (b) of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year, provided that no credit may be carried forward to any 24 25 year ending on or after December 31, 2003. This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a 26

1 liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more 2 than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the 3 earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied 4 first.

5 If, during any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 6 1986, the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this 7 Section for which a taxpayer has claimed a credit under this subsection (i) is reduced, the amount of credit for such tax 8 9 shall also be reduced. Such reduction shall be determined by 10 recomputing the credit to take into account the reduced tax 11 imposed by subsections (c) and (d). If any portion of the reduced amount of credit has been carried to a different 12 13 taxable year, an amended return shall be filed for such taxable year to reduce the amount of credit claimed. 14

(j) Training expense credit. Beginning with tax years 15 16 ending on or after December 31, 1986 and prior to December 31, 17 2003, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) under this Section for all 18 amounts paid or accrued, on behalf of all persons employed by 19 20 the taxpayer in Illinois or Illinois residents employed outside of Illinois by a taxpayer, for educational or vocational 21 22 training in semi-technical or technical fields or semi-skilled 23 or skilled fields, which were deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income. The credit against the tax 24 25 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be 1.6% of such 26 training expenses. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S

1 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the 2 liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of 3 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a 4 credit under this subsection (j) to be determined in accordance 5 with the determination of income and distributive share of 6 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the 7 Internal Revenue Code.

Any credit allowed under this subsection which is unused in 8 9 the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of 10 the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is 11 first computed until it is used. This credit shall be applied 12 first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If 13 there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the earliest 14 15 credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. No 16 carryforward credit may be claimed in any tax year ending on or 17 after December 31, 2003.

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(k) Research and development credit.

For tax years ending after July 1, 1990 and prior to 19 20 December 31, 2003, and beginning again for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2004, and ending prior to January 1, 21 22 2011, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax 23 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for increasing research activities in this State. The credit 24 25 allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 6 1/2% of the qualifying expenditures for 26

increasing research activities in this State. For partners, 1 2 shareholders of subchapter S corporations, and owners of 3 limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of federal and State 4 5 income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this 6 be determined in accordance subsection to with the determination of income and distributive share of income under 7 Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue 8 9 Code.

10 For purposes of this subsection, "qualifying expenditures" means the qualifying expenditures as defined for the federal 11 12 credit for increasing research activities which would be 13 allowable under Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code and which are conducted in this State, "qualifying expenditures for 14 increasing research activities in this State" means the excess 15 16 of qualifying expenditures for the taxable year in which 17 incurred over qualifying expenditures for the base period, "qualifying expenditures for the base period" means the average 18 19 of the qualifying expenditures for each year in the base 20 period, and "base period" means the 3 taxable years immediately preceding the taxable year for which the determination is being 21 22 made.

Any credit in excess of the tax liability for the taxable year may be carried forward. A taxpayer may elect to have the unused credit shown on its final completed return carried over as a credit against the tax liability for the following 5

taxable years or until it has been fully used, whichever occurs first; provided that no credit earned in a tax year ending prior to December 31, 2003 may be carried forward to any year ending on or after December 31, 2003, and no credit may be carried forward to any taxable year ending on or after January 1, 2011.

If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from 7 8 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest 9 year will be applied first against the tax liability for the 10 given year. If a tax liability for the given year still 11 remains, the credit from the next earliest year will then be 12 applied, and so on, until all credits have been used or no tax liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused 13 credit or credits then will be carried forward to the next 14 15 following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except 16 that no credit can be carried forward to a year which is more 17 than 5 years after the year in which the expense for which the credit is given was incurred. 18

No inference shall be drawn from this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly in construing this Section for taxable years beginning before January 1, 1999.

22

(1) Environmental Remediation Tax Credit.

(i) For tax years ending after December 31, 1997 and on
or before December 31, 2001, a taxpayer shall be allowed a
credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b)
of this Section for certain amounts paid for unreimbursed

1 eliqible remediation costs, specified in as this 2 subsection. For purposes of this Section, "unreimbursed 3 eligible remediation costs" means costs approved by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Agency") under 4 5 Section 58.14 of the Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing environmental remediation at a site for 6 7 which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the 8 recorded under Section 58.10 of Agency and the 9 Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed 10 for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the 11 eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not 12 available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related 13 party caused or contributed to, in any material respect, a 14 release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site 15 that was identified and addressed by the remedial action 16 pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the 17 Environmental Protection Act. After the Pollution Control adopted pursuant 18 Board rules are to the Tllinois Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and 19 20 58.9 of enforcement of Section the Environmental 21 Protection Act, determinations as to credit availability 22 for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with 23 those rules. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" 24 includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has 25 succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code 26 and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a

deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of 1 2 Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being 3 a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) 4 5 and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site, except 6 7 that the \$100,000 threshold shall not apply to any site 8 contained in an enterprise zone as determined by the 9 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now 10 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity). The 11 total credit allowed shall not exceed \$40,000 per year with 12 a maximum total of \$150,000 per site. For partners and 13 shareholders of subchapter S corporations, there shall be 14 allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in 15 accordance with the determination of income and 16 distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and 17 subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

(ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is 18 19 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried 20 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first earned until it is used. The 21 22 term "unused credit" does not include any amounts of 23 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of the 24 maximum credit per site authorized under paragraph (i). 25 This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for 26 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this

subsection from more than one tax year that is available to 1 2 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this 3 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of 4 5 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the 6 7 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining 8 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the 9 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the 10 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to 11 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the 12 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of 13 14 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any 15 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be 16 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

17 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
18 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
19 Environmental Protection Act.

(m) Education expense credit. Beginning with tax years ending after December 31, 1999, a taxpayer who is the custodian of one or more qualifying pupils shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of the qualifying pupils. The credit shall be equal to 25% of qualified education expenses, but in no event may the total 1 credit under this subsection claimed by a family that is the 2 custodian of qualifying pupils exceed \$500. In no event shall a 3 credit under this subsection reduce the taxpayer's liability 4 under this Act to less than zero. This subsection is exempt 5 from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act.

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#### For purposes of this subsection:

7 "Qualifying pupils" means individuals who (i) are 8 residents of the State of Illinois, (ii) are under the age of 9 21 at the close of the school year for which a credit is 10 sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit is 11 sought were full-time pupils enrolled in a kindergarten through 12 twelfth grade education program at any school, as defined in 13 this subsection.

14 "Qualified education expense" means the amount incurred on 15 behalf of a qualifying pupil in excess of \$250 for tuition, 16 book fees, and lab fees at the school in which the pupil is 17 enrolled during the regular school year.

"School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or secondary school in Illinois that is in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code, except that nothing shall be construed to require a child to attend any particular public or nonpublic school to qualify for the credit under this Section.

25 "Custodian" means, with respect to qualifying pupils, an26 Illinois resident who is a parent, the parents, a legal

1 guardian, or the legal guardians of the qualifying pupils.

2 (n) River Edge Redevelopment Zone site remediation tax3 credit.

(i) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 2006, 4 5 a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for 6 7 certain amounts paid for unreimbursed eligible remediation 8 costs, as specified in this subsection. For purposes of 9 this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs" 10 means costs approved by the Illinois Environmental 11 Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14a of the 12 Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing 13 environmental remediation at a site within a River Edge 14 Redevelopment Zone for which a No Further Remediation 15 Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under Section 16 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. The credit must 17 be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is 18 19 not available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any 20 related party caused or contributed to, in any material 21 respect, a release of regulated substances on, in, or under 22 the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial 23 action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the 24 Environmental Protection Act. Determinations as to credit 25 availability for purposes of this Section shall be made 26 consistent with rules adopted by the Pollution Control

Board pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure 1 2 Act for the administration and enforcement of Section 58.9 3 of the Environmental Protection Act. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes 4 5 the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the 6 7 persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs 8 (b), (c), and (f)(1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue 9 Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any 10 of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed 11 by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the 12 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site. 13

14 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is 15 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried 16 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year 17 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for 18 19 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this 20 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to 21 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this 22 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under 23 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of 24 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit 25 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the 26 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining

carry-forward period of the seller. 1 To perfect the 2 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the 3 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the 4 5 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of 6 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any 7 8 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be 9 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

10 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
11 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
12 Environmental Protection Act.

13 (iv) This subsection is exempt from the provisions of14 Section 250.

15 (Source: P.A. 95-454, eff. 8-27-07; 96-115, eff. 7-31-09; 16 96-116, eff. 7-31-09; 96-937, eff. 6-23-10; 96-1000, eff. 17 7-2-10; 96-1496, eff. 1-13-11.)

18 (35 ILCS 5/804) (from Ch. 120, par. 8-804)

19 Sec. 804. Failure to Pay Estimated Tax.

20 (a) In general. In case of any underpayment of estimated 21 tax by a taxpayer, except as provided in subsection (d) or (e), 22 the taxpayer shall be liable to a penalty in an amount determined at the rate prescribed by Section 3-3 of the Uniform 23 24 Penalty and Interest Act upon the amount of the underpayment 25 (determined under subsection (b)) for each required

1 installment. 2 (b) Amount of underpayment. For purposes of subsection (a), 3 the amount of the underpayment shall be the excess of: (1) the amount of the installment which would be 4 5 required to be paid under subsection (c), over 6 (2) the amount, if any, of the installment paid on or 7 before the last date prescribed for payment. (c) Amount of Required Installments. 8 9 (1) Amount. 10 (A) In General. Except as provided in paragraph 11 (2), the amount of any required installment shall be 12 25% of the required annual payment. 13 Required Annual Payment. For purposes of (B) 14 subparagraph (A), the term "required annual payment" 15 means the lesser of 16 (i) 90% of the tax shown on the return for the 17 taxable year, or if no return is filed, 90% of the 18 tax for such year, or 19 (ii) for installments due prior to February 1, 20 2011, and after January 31, 2012, 100% of the tax 21 shown on the return of the taxpayer for the 22 preceding taxable year if a return showing a 23 liability for tax was filed by the taxpayer for the 24 preceding taxable year and such preceding year was 25 a taxable year of 12 months. ; or 26 (iii) for installments due after January

2011, and prior to February 1, 2012, 150% of the 1 2 tax shown on the return of the taxpayer for the preceding taxable year if a return showing 3 liability for tax was filed by the taxpayer for 4 5 preceding taxable year and such preceding year 6 a taxable year of 12 months. 7 (2) Lower Required Installment where Annualized Income Installment is Less Than Amount Determined Under Paragraph 8 9 (1). In General. In the case of any required 10 (A) 11 installment if а taxpayer establishes that the 12 annualized income installment is less than the amount determined under paragraph (1), 13 (i) the amount of such required installment 14 15 shall be the annualized income installment, and 16 (ii) any reduction in a required installment 17 from application of resulting the this subparagraph shall be recaptured by increasing the 18 amount of the next required installment determined 19 20 under paragraph (1) by the amount of such 21 reduction, and by increasing subsequent required 22 installments to the extent that the reduction has 23 not previously been recaptured under this clause. Determination 24 (B) of Annualized Income 25 Installment. In the case of any required installment, 26 the annualized income installment is the excess, if

any, of 1 2 (i) an amount equal to the applicable 3 percentage of the tax for the taxable year computed by placing on an annualized basis the net income 4 5 for months in the taxable year ending before the due date for the installment, over 6 7 (ii) the aggregate amount of any prior 8 required installments for the taxable year. 9 (C) Applicable Percentage. 10 In the case of the following The applicable 11 required installments: percentage is: 12 1st.... 22.5% 13 2nd..... 45% 67.5% 14 3rd.... 90% 15 4th.... 16 Annualized Net Income; Individuals. (D) For 17 individuals, net income shall be placed on an 18 annualized basis by: 19 (i) multiplying by 12, or in the case of a 20 taxable year of less than 12 months, by the number 21 of months in the taxable year, the net income 22 computed without regard to the standard exemption 23 for the months in the taxable year ending before 24 the month in which the installment is required to 25 be paid; 26 (ii) dividing the resulting amount by the

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number of months in the taxable year ending before the month in which such installment date falls; and

(iii) deducting from such amount the standard exemption allowable for the taxable year, such standard exemption being determined as of the last date prescribed for payment of the installment.

7 (E) Annualized Net Income; Corporations. For 8 corporations, net income shall be placed on an 9 annualized basis by multiplying by 12 the taxable 10 income

(i) for the first 3 months of the taxable year, in the case of the installment required to be paid in the 4th month,

14(ii) for the first 3 months or for the first 515months of the taxable year, in the case of the16installment required to be paid in the 6th month,

(iii) for the first 6 months or for the first 8
months of the taxable year, in the case of the
installment required to be paid in the 9th month,
and

21 (iv) for the first 9 months or for the first 11 22 months of the taxable year, in the case of the 23 installment required to be paid in the 12th month 24 of the taxable year,

25 then dividing the resulting amount by the number of 26 months in the taxable year (3, 5, 6, 8, 9, or 11 as the

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case may be).

2 (d) Exceptions. Notwithstanding the provisions of the 3 preceding subsections, the penalty imposed by subsection (a) shall not be imposed if the taxpayer was not required to file 4 5 an Illinois income tax return for the preceding taxable year, or, for individuals, if the taxpayer had no tax liability for 6 7 the preceding taxable year and such year was a taxable year of 8 12 months. The penalty imposed by subsection (a) shall also not 9 be imposed on any underpayments of estimated tax due before the 10 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1998 which 11 underpayments are solely attributable to the change in 12 apportionment from subsection (a) to subsection (h) of Section 13 304. The provisions of this amendatory Act of 1998 apply to tax 14 years ending on or after December 31, 1998.

(e) The penalty imposed for underpayment of estimated tax by subsection (a) of this Section shall not be imposed to the extent that the Director or his or her designate determines, pursuant to Section 3-8 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act that the penalty should not be imposed.

(f) Definition of tax. For purposes of subsections (b) and (c), the term "tax" means the excess of the tax imposed under Article 2 of this Act, over the amounts credited against such tax under Sections 601(b) (3) and (4).

24 (g) Application of Section in case of tax withheld under25 Article 7. For purposes of applying this Section:

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(1) in the case of an individual, tax withheld from

compensation for the taxable year shall be deemed a payment of estimated tax, and an equal part of such amount shall be deemed paid on each installment date for such taxable year, unless the taxpayer establishes the dates on which all amounts were actually withheld, in which case the amounts so withheld shall be deemed payments of estimated tax on the dates on which such amounts were actually withheld;

8 (2) amounts timely paid by a partnership, Subchapter S 9 corporation, or trust on behalf of a partner, shareholder, 10 or beneficiary pursuant to subsection (f) of Section 502 or 11 Section 709.5 and claimed as a payment of estimated tax 12 shall be deemed a payment of estimated tax made on the last 13 day of the taxable year of the partnership, Subchapter S corporation, or trust for which the income from the 14 15 withholding is made was computed; and

(3) all other amounts pursuant to Article 7 shall be
deemed a payment of estimated tax on the date the payment
is made to the taxpayer of the amount from which the tax is
withheld.

20 (g-5) Amounts withheld under the State Salary and Annuity 21 Withholding Act. An individual who has amounts withheld under 22 paragraph (10) of Section 4 of the State Salary and Annuity 23 Withholding Act may elect to have those amounts treated as 24 payments of estimated tax made on the dates on which those 25 amounts are actually withheld.

26 (i) Short taxable year. The application of this Section to

1 taxable years of less than 12 months shall be in accordance 2 with regulations prescribed by the Department.

The changes in this Section made by Public Act 84-127 shall apply to taxable years ending on or after January 1, 1986. Source: P.A. 95-233, eff. 8-16-07; 96-1496, eff. 1-13-11.)

6 (35 ILCS 5/901) (from Ch. 120, par. 9-901)

7 Sec. 901. Collection Authority.

8 (a) In general.

9 The Department shall collect the taxes imposed by this Act. 10 The Department shall collect certified past due child support 11 amounts under Section 2505-650 of the Department of Revenue Law 12 (20 ILCS 2505/2505-650). Except as provided in subsections (c), 13 (e), (f), and (g) of this Section, money collected pursuant to 14 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act shall be 15 paid into the General Revenue Fund in the State treasury; money 16 collected pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of shall be paid into the Personal Property Tax 17 this Act 18 Replacement Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury; and money collected under Section 2505-650 of the Department of 19 20 Revenue Law (20 ILCS 2505/2505-650) shall be paid into the 21 Child Support Enforcement Trust Fund, a special fund outside 22 State Treasury, or to the State Disbursement Unit the established under Section 10-26 of the Illinois Public Aid 23 24 Code, as directed by the Department of Healthcare and Family 25 Services.

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(b) Local Government Distributive Fund.

2 Beginning August 1, 1969, and continuing through June 30, 1994, the Treasurer shall transfer each month from the General 3 Revenue Fund to a special fund in the State treasury, to be 4 5 known as the "Local Government Distributive Fund", an amount equal to 1/12 of the net revenue realized from the tax imposed 6 7 by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act during 8 the preceding month. Beginning July 1, 1994, and continuing 9 through June 30, 1995, the Treasurer shall transfer each month 10 from the General Revenue Fund to the Local Government. 11 Distributive Fund an amount equal to 1/11 of the net revenue 12 realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of 13 Section 201 of this Act during the preceding month. Beginning July 1, 1995 and continuing through January 31, 2011, the 14 15 Treasurer shall transfer each month from the General Revenue 16 Fund to the Local Government Distributive Fund an amount equal 17 to the net of (i) 1/10 of the net revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the 18 Illinois Income Tax Act during the preceding month (ii) minus, 19 20 beginning July 1, 2003 and ending June 30, 2004, \$6,666,666, and beginning July 1, 2004, zero. Beginning February 1, 2011, 21 22 and continuing through the first day of the first month to 23 occur not less than 30 days after the effective date of this 24 amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly January 31, 2015, 25 the Treasurer shall transfer each month from the General Revenue Fund to the Local Government Distributive Fund an 26

amount equal to the sum of (i) 6% (10% of the ratio of the 3% 1 2 individual income tax rate prior to 2011 to the 5% individual income tax rate after 2010) of the net revenue realized from 3 4 the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of 5 this Act upon individuals, trusts, and estates during the 6 preceding month and (ii) 6.86% (10% of the ratio of the 4.8% 7 corporate income tax rate prior to 2011 to the 7% corporate income tax rate after 2010) of the net revenue realized from 8 9 the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of 10 this Act upon corporations during the preceding month. 11 Beginning on the first day of the first month to occur not less 12 than 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 13 the 97th General Assembly, the State Comptroller shall order transferred and the State Treasurer shall transfer each month 14 from the General Revenue Fund to the Local Government 15 Distributive Fund an amount equal to 1/10 of the net revenue 16 17 realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act during the preceding 18 month. Beginning February 1, 2015 and continuing through 19 20 January 31, 2025, the Treasurer shall transfer each month from the General Revenue Fund to the Local Government Distributive 21 22 Fund an amount equal to the sum of (i) 8% (10% of the ratio of 3% individual income tax rate prior to 2011 to the 3.75% 23 the individual income tax rate after 2014) of the net revenue 24 realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of 25 26 Section 201 of this Act upon individuals, trusts, and estates

during the preceding month and (ii) 9.14% (10% of the ratio of 1 2 the 4.8% corporate income tax rate prior to 2011 to the 5.25% corporate income tax rate after 2014) of the net revenue 3 realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of 4 5 Section 201 of this Act upon corporations during the preceding month. Beginning February 1, 2025, the Treasurer shall transfer 6 7 each month from the General Revenue Fund to the Local Government Distributive Fund an amount equal to the sum of (i) 8 9.23% (10% of the ratio of the 3% individual income tax rate 9 10 prior to 2011 to the 3.25% individual income tax rate after 11 2024) of the net revenue realized from the tax imposed by 12 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon 13 individuals, trusts, and estates during the preceding month and (ii) 10% of the net revenue realized from the tax imposed by 14 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon 15 16 corporations during the preceding month. Net revenue realized 17 for a month shall be defined as the revenue from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act 18 which is deposited in the General Revenue Fund, the Education 19 20 Assistance Fund, the Income Tax Surcharge Local Government Distributive Fund, the Fund for the Advancement of Education, 21 22 and the Commitment to Human Services Fund during the month 23 minus the amount paid out of the General Revenue Fund in State warrants during that same month as refunds to taxpayers for 24 25 overpayment of liability under the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act. 26

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(c) Deposits Into Income Tax Refund Fund.

2 (1) Beginning on January 1, 1989 and thereafter, the 3 Department shall deposit a percentage of the amounts collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)(1), (2), and 4 5 (3), of Section 201 of this Act into a fund in the State 6 treasury known as the Income Tax Refund Fund. The 7 Department shall deposit 6% of such amounts during the 8 period beginning January 1, 1989 and ending on June 30, 9 1989. Beginning with State fiscal year 1990 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the percentage deposited into the 10 11 Income Tax Refund Fund during a fiscal year shall be the 12 Annual Percentage. For fiscal years 1999 through 2001, the Annual Percentage shall be 7.1%. For fiscal year 2003, the 13 14 Annual Percentage shall be 8%. For fiscal year 2004, the 15 Annual Percentage shall be 11.7%. Upon the effective date 16 of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, the 17 Annual Percentage shall be 10% for fiscal year 2005. For fiscal year 2006, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For 18 19 fiscal year 2007, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For 20 fiscal year 2008, the Annual Percentage shall be 7.75%. For 21 fiscal year 2009, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For 22 fiscal year 2010, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For 23 fiscal year 2011, the Annual Percentage shall be 8.75%. For 24 all other fiscal years, the Annual Percentage shall be 25 calculated as a fraction, the numerator of which shall be 26 the amount of refunds approved for payment by the

Department during the preceding fiscal year as a result of 1 2 overpayment of tax liability under subsections (a) and 3 (b)(1), (2), and (3) of Section 201 of this Act plus the amount of such refunds remaining approved but unpaid at the 4 5 end of the preceding fiscal year, minus the amounts transferred into the Income Tax Refund Fund from the 6 7 Tobacco Settlement Recovery Fund, and the denominator of 8 which shall be the amounts which will be collected pursuant 9 to subsections (a) and (b)(1), (2), and (3) of Section 201 10 of this Act during the preceding fiscal year; except that 11 in State fiscal year 2002, the Annual Percentage shall in 12 no event exceed 7.6%. The Director of Revenue shall certify Annual Percentage to the Comptroller on the last 13 the 14 business day of the fiscal year immediately preceding the 15 fiscal year for which it is to be effective.

16 (2) Beginning on January 1, 1989 and thereafter, the 17 Department shall deposit a percentage of the amounts collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)(6), (7), and 18 19 (8), (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act into a fund in 20 the State treasury known as the Income Tax Refund Fund. The 21 Department shall deposit 18% of such amounts during the 22 period beginning January 1, 1989 and ending on June 30, 23 1989. Beginning with State fiscal year 1990 and for each 24 fiscal year thereafter, the percentage deposited into the Income Tax Refund Fund during a fiscal year shall be the 25 26 Annual Percentage. For fiscal years 1999, 2000, and 2001,

the Annual Percentage shall be 19%. For fiscal year 2003, 1 2 the Annual Percentage shall be 27%. For fiscal year 2004, 3 the Annual Percentage shall be 32%. Upon the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, the 4 5 Annual Percentage shall be 24% for fiscal year 2005. For 6 fiscal year 2006, the Annual Percentage shall be 20%. For 7 fiscal year 2007, the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For 8 fiscal year 2008, the Annual Percentage shall be 15.5%. For 9 fiscal year 2009, the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For 10 fiscal year 2010, the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For 11 fiscal year 2011, the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For 12 all other fiscal years, the Annual Percentage shall be calculated as a fraction, the numerator of which shall be 13 14 amount of refunds approved for payment by the the 15 Department during the preceding fiscal year as a result of 16 overpayment of tax liability under subsections (a) and 17 (b)(6), (7), and (8), (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act plus the amount of such refunds remaining approved but 18 19 unpaid at the end of the preceding fiscal year, and the 20 denominator of which shall be the amounts which will be 21 collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)(6), (7), and 22 (8), (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act during the 23 preceding fiscal year; except that in State fiscal year 24 2002, the Annual Percentage shall in no event exceed 23%. 25 The Director of Revenue shall certify the Annual Percentage 26 to the Comptroller on the last business day of the fiscal

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year immediately preceding the fiscal year for which it is to be effective.

(3) The Comptroller shall order transferred and the
Treasurer shall transfer from the Tobacco Settlement
Recovery Fund to the Income Tax Refund Fund (i) \$35,000,000
in January, 2001, (ii) \$35,000,000 in January, 2002, and
(iii) \$35,000,000 in January, 2003.

(d) Expenditures from Income Tax Refund Fund.

9 (1) Beginning January 1, 1989, money in the Income Tax 10 Refund Fund shall be expended exclusively for the purpose 11 of paying refunds resulting from overpayment of tax 12 liability under Section 201 of this Act, for paying rebates under Section 208.1 in the event that the amounts in the 13 Homeowners' Tax Relief Fund are insufficient for that 14 15 purpose, and for making transfers pursuant to this 16 subsection (d).

17 (2) The Director shall order payment of refunds 18 resulting from overpayment of tax liability under Section 19 201 of this Act from the Income Tax Refund Fund only to the 20 extent that amounts collected pursuant to Section 201 of 21 this Act and transfers pursuant to this subsection (d) and 22 item (3) of subsection (c) have been deposited and retained 23 in the Fund.

(3) As soon as possible after the end of each fiscal
 year, the Director shall order transferred and the State
 Treasurer and State Comptroller shall transfer from the

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1 Income Tax Refund Fund to the Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund an amount, certified by the Director to 2 3 Comptroller, equal to the excess of the amount the collected pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act deposited into the Income Tax Refund Fund 6 during the fiscal year over the amount of refunds resulting 7 from overpayment of tax liability under subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act paid from the Income Tax Refund Fund during the fiscal year.

(4) As soon as possible after the end of each fiscal 10 11 year, the Director shall order transferred and the State 12 Treasurer and State Comptroller shall transfer from the 13 Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund to the Income Tax 14 Refund Fund an amount, certified by the Director to the 15 Comptroller, equal to the excess of the amount of refunds 16 resulting from overpayment of tax liability under 17 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act paid from the Income Tax Refund Fund during the fiscal year over 18 19 the amount collected pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of 20 Section 201 of this Act deposited into the Income Tax 21 Refund Fund during the fiscal year.

22 (4.5) As soon as possible after the end of fiscal year 23 1999 and of each fiscal year thereafter, the Director shall 24 order transferred and the State Treasurer and State 25 Comptroller shall transfer from the Income Tax Refund Fund 26 to the General Revenue Fund any surplus remaining in the Income Tax Refund Fund as of the end of such fiscal year; excluding for fiscal years 2000, 2001, and 2002 amounts attributable to transfers under item (3) of subsection (c) less refunds resulting from the earned income tax credit.

5 (5) This Act shall constitute an irrevocable and 6 continuing appropriation from the Income Tax Refund Fund 7 for the purpose of paying refunds upon the order of the 8 Director in accordance with the provisions of this Section. 9 (e) Deposits into the Education Assistance Fund and the 10 Income Tax Surcharge Local Government Distributive Fund.

11 On July 1, 1991, and thereafter, of the amounts collected 12 pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the Department 13 shall deposit 7.3% into the Education Assistance Fund in the 14 State Treasury. Beginning July 1, 1991, and continuing through 15 16 January 31, 1993, of the amounts collected pursuant to 17 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the 18 19 Department shall deposit 3.0% into the Income Tax Surcharge 20 Local Government Distributive Fund in the State Treasury. Beginning February 1, 1993 and continuing through June 30, 21 22 1993, of the amounts collected pursuant to subsections (a) and 23 (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the Department shall 24 25 deposit 4.4% into the Income Tax Surcharge Local Government 26 Distributive Fund in the State Treasury. Beginning July 1,

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1 1993, and continuing through June 30, 1994, of the amounts 2 collected under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this 3 Act, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the 4 Department shall deposit 1.475% into the Income Tax Surcharge 5 Local Government Distributive Fund in the State Treasury.

6 Deposits into the Fund for the Advancement (f) of 7 Education. Beginning February 1, 2015, the Department shall 8 deposit the following portions of the revenue realized from the 9 imposed upon individuals, trusts, and estates tax bv 10 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act during the 11 preceding month, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund 12 Fund, into the Fund for the Advancement of Education:

13 (1) beginning February 1, 2015, and prior to February
14 1, 2025, 1/30; and

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(2) beginning February 1, 2025, 1/26.

16 If the rate of tax imposed by subsection (a) and (b) of 17 Section 201 is reduced pursuant to Section 201.5 of this Act, 18 the Department shall not make the deposits required by this 19 subsection (f) on or after the effective date of the reduction.

(g) Deposits into the Commitment to Human Services Fund. Beginning February 1, 2015, the Department shall deposit the following portions of the revenue realized from the tax imposed upon individuals, trusts, and estates by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act during the preceding month, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, into the Commitment to Human Services Fund:

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1 (1) beginning February 1, 2015, and prior to February 2 1, 2025, 1/30; and

(2) beginning February 1, 2025, 1/26.

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If the rate of tax imposed by subsection (a) and (b) of
Section 201 is reduced pursuant to Section 201.5 of this Act,
the Department shall not make the deposits required by this
subsection (g) on or after the effective date of the reduction.
(Source: P.A. 95-707, eff. 1-11-08; 95-744, eff. 7-18-08;
96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-959, eff. 7-1-10;
96-1496, eff. 1-13-11.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.