97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2011 and 2012

SB1745

Introduced 2/9/2011, by Sen. Chris Lauzen

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

820 ILCS 55/12

Amends the Right to Privacy in the Workplace Act. Requires employers to enroll in an Electronic Employment Verification System or the E-Verify program and the Basic Pilot program (rather than permitting an employer to voluntarily enroll).

LRB097 09919 AEK 50082 b

SB1745

1

AN ACT concerning employment.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Right to Privacy in the Workplace Act is 5 amended by changing Section 12 as follows:

6 (820 ILCS 55/12)

7 Sec. 12. Use of Employment Eligibility Verification8 Systems.

9 (a) Each employer shall enroll in an Prior to choosing to voluntarily enroll in any Electronic Employment Verification 10 System or *, including* the E-Verify program and the Basic Pilot 11 program, as authorized by 8 U.S.C. 1324a, Notes, Pilot Programs 12 for Employment Eligibility Confirmation (enacted by P.L. 13 14 104-208, div. C, title IV, subtitle A). Employers , employers are urged to consult the Illinois Department of Labor's website 15 16 for current information on the accuracy of E-Verify and to 17 review and understand an employer's legal responsibilities relating to the use of the voluntary E-Verify program. 18

19 (a-1) The Illinois Department of Labor (IDOL) shall post on
20 its website information or links to information from the United
21 States Government Accountability Office, Westat, or a similar
22 reliable source independent of the Department of Homeland
23 Security regarding: (1) the accuracy of the E-Verify databases;

1 (2) the approximate financial burden and expenditure of time 2 that use of E-Verify requires from employers; and (3) an 3 overview of an employer's responsibilities under federal and 4 state law relating to the use of E-Verify.

5 (b) Upon initial enrollment in an Employment Eligibility 6 Verification System or within 30 days after the effective date 7 of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, an 8 employer enrolled in E-Verify or any other Employment 9 Eligibility Verification System must attest, under penalty of 10 perjury, on a form prescribed by the IDOL available on the IDOL 11 website:

(1) that the employer has received the Basic Pilot or E-Verify training materials from the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), and that all employees who will administer the program have completed the Basic Pilot or E-Verify Computer Based Tutorial (CBT); and

17 (2) that the employer has posted the notice from DHS indicating that the employer is enrolled in the Basic Pilot 18 19 or E-Verify program and the anti-discrimination notice 20 issued by the Office of Special Counsel for 21 Immigration-Related Unfair Employment Practices (OSC), 22 Civil Rights Division, U.S. Department of Justice in a 23 prominent place that is clearly visible to both prospective 24 and current employees. The employer must maintain the 25 signed original of the attestation form prescribed by the 26 IDOL, as well as all CBT certificates of completion and

SB1745

1 2 make them available for inspection or copying by the IDOL at any reasonable time.

(c) It is a violation of this Act for an employer enrolled 3 in an Employment Eligibility Verification System, including 4 5 the E-Verify program and the Basic Pilot program:

(1) to fail to display the notices supplied by DHS and 6 7 OSC in a prominent place that is clearly visible to both 8 prospective and current employees;

(2) to allow any employee to use an Employment 9 10 Eligibility Verification System prior to having completed 11 CBT;

12 (3) to fail to take reasonable steps to prevent an 13 employee from circumventing the requirement to complete 14 the CBT by assuming another employee's E-Verify or Basic 15 Pilot user identification or password;

16 (4) to use the Employment Eligibility Verification 17 System to verify the employment eligibility of job applicants prior to hiring or to otherwise use 18 the 19 Employment Eligibility Verification System to screen individuals prior to hiring and prior to the completion of 20 a Form I-9; 21

22 (5) to terminate an employee or take any other adverse 23 employment action against an individual prior to receiving a final nonconfirmation notice from the Social Security 24 25 Administration or the Department of Homeland Security; 26

(6) to fail to notify an individual, in writing, of the

employer's receipt of a tentative nonconfirmation notice, 1 2 the individual's right to contest the tentative of nonconfirmation notice, and of the contact information for 3 relevant government agency or agencies that the 4 the 5 individual must contact to resolve the tentative nonconfirmation notice; 6

7 (7) to fail to safeguard the information contained in 8 the Employment Eligibility Verification System, and the 9 means of access to the system (such as passwords and other 10 privacy protections). An employer shall ensure that the 11 System is not used for any purpose other than employment 12 verification of newly hired employees and shall ensure that 13 the information contained in the System and the means of 14 access to the System are not disseminated to any person 15 other than employees who need such information and access 16 perform the employer's employment verification to 17 responsibilities.

Any claim that an employer refused to hire, 18 (c-1)19 segregated, or acted with respect to recruitment, hiring, 20 promotion, renewal or employment, selection for training or 21 apprenticeship, discharge, discipline, tenure or terms, 22 privileges, or conditions of employment without following the 23 procedures of the Employment Eligibility Verification System, including the Basic Pilot and E-Verify programs, may be brought 24 25 under paragraph (G)(2) of Section 2-102 of the Illinois Human 26 Rights Act.

SB1745

- 5 - LRB097 09919 AEK 50082 b

1 (c-2) It is a violation of this Section for an individual 2 to falsely pose as an employer in order to enroll in an 3 Employment Eligibility Verification System or for an employer 4 to use an Employment Eligibility Verification System to access 5 information regarding an individual who is not an employee of 6 the employer.

7 (d) <u>(Blank).</u> Preemption. Neither the State nor any of its
8 political subdivisions, nor any unit of local government,
9 including a home rule unit, may require any employer to use an
10 Employment Eligibility Verification System, including under
11 the following circumstances:

12 (1) as a condition of receiving a government contract; 13 (2) as a condition of receiving a business license; or 14 (3) as penalty for violating licensing or other similar 15 laws.

16 This subsection (d) is a denial and limitation of home rule 17 powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of 18 Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.

19 (Source: P.A. 95-138, eff. 1-1-08; 96-623, eff. 1-1-10; 20 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10.)

SB1745