

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 HB4537

by Rep. Daniel J. Burke

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

235 ILCS 5/9-1 from Ch. 43, par. 166 235 ILCS 5/9-2 from Ch. 43, par. 167

Amends the Liquor Control Act. Provides that the proponent of a referendum regarding retail sales of alcoholic liquor may withdraw the referendum after it has been submitted. Provides procedures for withdrawing a referendum. Provides that in cities, villages, and incorporated town with more than 200,000 inhabitants if multiple petitions for a referendum setting forth the same or substantially the same question are submitted and the first submitted petition is withdrawn, then the clerk shall accept the next provisionally accepted petition. Effective immediately.

LRB098 15748 RPS 50779 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning liquor.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by changing Sections 9-1 and 9-2 as follows:
- 6 (235 ILCS 5/9-1) (from Ch. 43, par. 166)
- 7 Sec. 9-1. The words and phrases defined in this section and
- 8 used in this Article, unless inconsistent with the context,
- 9 shall be construed as follows:
- 10 "Precinct" means any part of a city, village or
- incorporated town of over 200,000 population which was a
- 12 "voting precinct" or an "election precinct" for voting at the
- 13 last general election.
- "Political subdivision" means a township, road district,
- 15 city, village or incorporated town, as the case may be.
- "Legal voter", insofar as the signing of a petition for a
- 17 local option election is concerned, means a person who is
- 18 registered to vote at the address shown opposite his signature
- on the petition or was registered to vote at such address when
- 20 he signed the petition.
- "Annexed area" means a territory which has attached to and
- 22 become a part of a different political subdivision or precinct.
- 23 The term shall be an appropriate designation only until the

area to which it attaches holds a referendum hereunder.

2 "Disconnected area" means a territory which has detached or 3 separated from a political subdivision or precinct.

"Licensed establishment" means the premises specified in a retailer's license pursuant to paragraph (d) of Section 5-1 and whose primary business is the sale of alcoholic beverages on the premises, which premises are located in any municipality having more than 2,000,000 inhabitants.

In the phrase, "Shall the sale at retail of alcoholic liquor (or alcoholic liquor other than beer containing not more than 4% of alcohol by weight) (or alcoholic liquor containing more than 4% of alcohol by weight except in the original package and not for consumption on the premises) be prohibited in (or at)?" the proper name, whether of a "township", "road district", "precinct", "city", "village" or "incorporated town", or the street address of the licensed establishment, shall be understood to be inserted in the blank, and the same shall be inserted in the petitions filed by and the ballots prepared for the voters of any precinct, township, road district, city, village or incorporated town.

"Clerk", with reference to cities, villages and incorporated towns, and precinct situated therein, means the town, city or village clerk, as the case may be; with reference to cities, villages and incorporated towns which have by ordinance created a Board of Election Commissioners, it means the Board of Election Commissioners; with reference to road

districts in counties not under township organization, it means the road district clerk; with reference to townships or parts of townships lying outside of cities, villages and incorporated towns in counties under township organization, it means the township clerk.

"Election" as used in reference to cities, villages and incorporated towns, means an election at a time fixed by the general election law for choosing city, village or incorporated town officers. "Election" also means an election at a time fixed by the general election law for choosing county, township or road district officers.

In case an election is to be held for officers of the city, village, incorporated town, township, or road district to which a proposition requested pursuant to this Article shall be submitted, or for the election of officers of a township or road district in which it is requested that such proposition be submitted to that part of a township or road district lying outside the corporate limits of a city, village or incorporated town, not less than 90 days nor more than 6 months following the filing of such petition, then the words "next ensuing election" as used herein shall mean the next ensuing election for officers of such city, village, incorporated town, township or road district, regardless of any intervening elections at which residents of such city, village, incorporated town, township or road district may vote.

"Proponent" means the person who files a petition with the

- 1 <u>clerk.</u>
- 2 (Source: P.A. 86-861; 87-347.)
- 3 (235 ILCS 5/9-2) (from Ch. 43, par. 167)

4 Sec. 9-2. When any legal voters of a precinct in any city, 5 village or incorporated town of more than 200,000 inhabitants, 6 as determined by the last preceding Federal census, desire to 7 pass upon the question of whether the sale at retail of 8 alcoholic liquor shall be prohibited in the precinct or at a 9 particular street address within the precinct, they shall, at 10 least 104 days before an election, file in the office of the 11 clerk of such city, village or incorporated town, a petition 12 directed to the clerk, containing the signatures of not less than 25% of the legal voters registered with the board of 1.3 14 election commissioners or county clerk, as the case may be, 15 from the precinct. Provided, however, that when the petition 16 seeks to prohibit the sale at retail of alcoholic liquor at a particular street address of a licensed establishment within 17 18 the precinct the petition shall contain the signatures of not 19 less than 40% of the legal voters requested from that precinct. The petition shall request that the proposition "Shall the sale 20 21 at retail of alcoholic liquor be prohibited in (or at)?" 22 be submitted to the voters of the precinct at the next ensuing election at which such proposition may be voted upon. The 23 24 submission of the question to the voters of such precinct at 25 such election shall be mandatory when the petition has been

filed in proper form with the clerk and the proponent has not 1 2 withdrawn the petition. A proponent may withdraw the petition by request in writing, signed by the proponent and duly 3 acknowledged before an officer qualified to 4 5 acknowledgments of deeds, and filed in the principal or permanent branch office of the State Board of Elections or with 6 7 the appropriate election authority or local election official. 8 If more than one set of petitions are presented to the clerk 9 for submission at the same election, the petition presented 10 first shall be given preference; however, the clerk shall 11 provisionally accept any other set of petitions setting forth 12 the same (or substantially the same) proposition. If the first set of petitions for a proposition is found to be in proper 13 form and is not found to be invalid, it shall be accepted by 14 15 the clerk and all provisionally accepted sets of petitions 16 setting forth the same (or substantially the same) proposition 17 shall be rejected by the clerk. If the first set of petitions for a proposition is found not to be in proper form or is found 18 to be invalid, the clerk shall (i) reject the first set of 19 petitions and, (ii) accept the first provisionally accepted set 20 21 of petitions that is in proper form and is not found to be 22 invalid, and (iii) reject all other provisionally accepted sets 23 of petitions setting forth the same (or substantially the same) proposition. If a petition is withdrawn after the clerk has 24 accepted the petition, then the clerk shall accept the next 25 provisionally accepted petition that is in proper form and is 26

not found to be invalid. Notice of the filing of the petition and the result of the election shall be given to the Secretary of State at his offices in both, Chicago and Springfield, Illinois. A return of the result of the election shall be made to the clerk of the city, village or incorporated town in which the precinct is located. If a majority of the voters voting upon such proposition vote "YES", the sale at retail of alcoholic liquor shall be prohibited in the precinct or at the street address. If the sale at retail of alcoholic liquor at a particular street address is prohibited pursuant to this Section, the license for any establishment at that street address shall be void, and no person may apply for a license for the sale at retail of alcoholic liquor at an establishment at that street address unless such prohibition is discontinued pursuant to Section 9-10.

In cities, villages and incorporated towns of 200,000 or less population, as determined by the last preceding Federal census, the vote upon the question of prohibiting the sale at retail of alcoholic liquor, or alcoholic liquor other than beer containing not more than 4% of alcohol by volume, or alcoholic liquor containing more than 4% of alcohol by weight in the original package and not for consumption on the premises, shall be by the voters of the political subdivision as a unit. When any legal voters of such a city, village or incorporated town desire to pass upon the question of whether the sale at retail of alcoholic liquor shall be prohibited in the municipality,

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they shall, at least 104 days before an election, file in the office of the clerk of the municipality, a petition directed to the clerk, containing the signatures of not less than 25% of the legal voters registered with the board of election commissioners or county clerk, as the case may be, from the municipality. The petition shall request that the proposition, "Shall the sale at retail of alcoholic liquor be prohibited in....?" be submitted to the voters of the municipality at the next ensuing election at which the proposition may be voted upon. The submission of the question to the voters of the municipality at such election shall be mandatory when the petition has been filed in proper form with the clerk and the proponent has not withdrawn the petition. A proponent may withdraw the petition by request in writing, signed by the proponent and duly acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgments of deeds, and filed in the principal or permanent branch office of the State Board of Elections or with the appropriate election authority or local election official. If more than one set of petitions are presented to the clerk for submission at the same election, setting forth the same or different propositions, the petition presented first shall be given preference and the clerk shall refuse to accept any other set of petitions. Notice of the filing of the petition and the result of the election shall be given to the Secretary of State at his offices in both Chicago and Springfield, Illinois. A return of the result of the election shall be made to the clerk

of the city, village or incorporated town. If a majority of the voters voting upon the proposition vote "Yes", the sale at retail of alcoholic liquor shall be prohibited in the municipality.

In the event a municipality does not vote to prohibit the sale at retail of alcoholic liquor, the council or governing body shall ascertain and determine what portions of the municipality are predominantly residence districts. No license permitting the sale of alcoholic liquors shall be issued by the local liquor commissioner or licensing officer permitting the sale of alcoholic liquors at any place within the residence district so determined, unless the owner or owners of at least two-thirds of the frontage, 200 feet in each direction along the street and streets adjacent to the place of business for which a license is sought, file with the local liquor commissioner or licensing officer, his or their written consent to the use of such place for the sale of alcoholic liquors.

In each township or road district lying outside the corporate limits of a city, village or incorporated town, or in a part of a township or road district lying partly within and partly outside a city, village or incorporated town, the vote of such township, road district or part thereof, shall be as a unit. When any legal voters of any such township, or part thereof, in counties under township organization, or any legal voters of such road district or part thereof, in counties not under township organization, desire to vote upon the

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proposition as to whether the sale at retail of alcoholic liquor shall be prohibited in such township or road district or part thereof, they shall, at least 90 days before an election, file in the office of the township or road district clerk, of the township or road district within which the election is to be held, a petition directed to the clerk and containing the signatures of not less than 25% of the legal voters registered with the county clerk from such township or road district or part thereof. The submission of the question to the voters of the township, road district or part thereof, at the next ensuing election shall be mandatory when the petition has been filed in proper form with the clerk and the proponent has not withdrawn the petition. A proponent may withdraw the petition by request in writing, signed by the proponent and duly acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgments of deeds, and filed in the principal or permanent branch office of the State Board of Elections or with the appropriate election authority or local election official. If more than one set of petitions are presented to the clerk for submission at the same election, setting forth the same or different propositions, the petition presented first shall be given preference and the clerk shall refuse to accept any other set of petitions. A return of the result of such election shall be made to the clerk of the township or road district in which the territory is situated, and shall also be made to the Secretary of State at his offices in both Chicago

- 1 Springfield, Illinois.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 96-1008, eff. 7-6-10.)
- 3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 4 becoming law.