

Sen. Kwame Raoul

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Filed: 3/13/2013

09800SB1334sam001

LRB098 10177 MRW 42723 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1334 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 1334 by replacing 2 3 everything after the enacting clause with the following: "Section 5. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is 4 5 amended by changing Section 115-21 as follows: 6 (725 ILCS 5/115-21) 7 Sec. 115-21. Informant testimony. (a) For the purposes of this Section, "informant" means 8 someone who is purporting to testify about admissions made to 9 10 him or her by the accused while incarcerated in a penal institution contemporaneously. 11 (b) This Section applies to any felony offense capital case 12 13 in which the prosecution attempts to introduce evidence of incriminating statements made by the accused to or overheard by 14 15 an informant.

(c) In any case under this Section, the prosecution shall

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- timely disclose in discovery:
- 2 (1) the complete criminal history of the informant;
- 3 (2) any deal, promise, inducement, or benefit that the 4 offering party has made or will make in the future to the 5 informant;
 - (3) the statements made by the accused;
 - (4) the time and place of the statements, the time and place of their disclosure to law enforcement officials, and the names of all persons who were present when the statements were made;
 - (5) whether at any time the informant recanted that testimony or statement and, if so, the time and place of the recantation, the nature of the recantation, and the names of the persons who were present at the recantation;
 - (6) other cases in which the informant testified, provided that the existence of this such testimony can be ascertained through reasonable inquiry and whether the informant received any promise, inducement, or benefit in exchange for or subsequent to that testimony or statement; and
 - (7) any other information relevant to the informant's credibility.
 - (d) In any case under this Section, the prosecution must timely disclose its intent to introduce the testimony of an informant. The court shall conduct a hearing to determine whether the testimony of the informant is reliable, unless the

- 1 defendant waives the such a hearing. If the prosecution fails
- 2 to show by a preponderance of the evidence that the informant's
- 3 testimony is reliable, the court shall not allow the testimony
- 4 to be heard at trial. At this hearing, the court shall consider
- 5 the factors enumerated in subsection (c) as well as any other
- factors relating to reliability.
- 7 (e) A hearing required under subsection (d) does not apply
- 8 to statements covered under subsection (b) that are lawfully
- 9 recorded.
- 10 (f) (Blank). This Section applies to all death penalty
- 11 prosecutions initiated on or after the effective date of this
- 12 amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly.
- 13 (g) This Section applies to all felony prosecutions
- initiated on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act
- of the 98th General Assembly.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 93-605, eff. 11-19-03.)".