

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 SB3105

Introduced 2/7/2014, by Sen. Jacqueline Y. Collins

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act

Creates the Illinois Family Care Provider Act. Provides that an employer must provide up to 12 weeks of unpaid family medical leave to an employee during any 12-month period in connection with one or more of the following: (i) the birth or adoption of a grandchild, in order for the employee to care for such grandchild; (ii) the placement of a grandchild with the employee for adoption or foster care; or (iii) a serious health condition of a grandchild, in order for the employee to care for such grandchild, or a serious health condition of a grandparent, in order for the employee to care for such grandparent. Contains provisions concerning employee benefits and prohibited acts. Authorizes an employee to file a civil action for enforcement. Effective immediately.

LRB098 19621 JLS 54817 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT 1 AN ACT concerning employment.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Illinois Family Care Provider Act.
- 6 Section 5. Findings and purpose.
 - (a) Findings. The General Assembly finds that:
 - (1) the number of households in Illinois in which working grandparents have primary responsibility for the care of grandchildren is significant; currently, almost 100,000 grandparents are responsible for the care of grandchildren living with them, and of these, 68% are under the age of 60;
 - (2) in Illinois, over 230,000 children under the age of 18 live in homes with grandparents as the householders;
 - (3) the number of households in which grandchildren have primary responsibility for the care of grandparents and other family members is significant; in fact, grandchildren comprise 8% of informal caregivers nationally;
 - (4) it is important for the family unit that grandparents and grandchildren be able to participate in the care of family members who have serious health

- 1 conditions; and
- 2 (5) the lack of employment policies to accommodate including 3 working caregivers, employees caring grandchildren or grandparents, can force individuals to 4 5 between job security and caregiving 6 responsibilities.
- 7 (b) Purpose. It is the purpose of this Act that all 8 employers required to comply with the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. 2601, et seq., shall include 9 10 grandparents and grandchildren as "eligible employees" for 11 leave: (i) for the birth or adoption of a grandchild, in order 12 for a grandparent to care for such grandchild; (ii) because of 13 the placement of a grandchild with the grandparent for adoption or foster care; and (iii) in order for the grandparent to care 14 for the grandchild if such grandchild has a serious health 15 condition or the grandchild to care for the grandparent if such 16 17 grandparent has a serious health condition.
- 18 Section 10. Definitions. In this Act:
- "Eligible employee" has the meaning ascribed to that term in the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.
- "Employer" has the meaning ascribed to that term in the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.
- "Grandparent" means a biological, adopted, or step grandparent of an employee.

- 1 "Grandchild" means a biological, adopted, or step 2 grandchild of an employee.
- 3 "Serious health condition" has the meaning ascribed to that
- 4 term in the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C.
- 5 2601 et seq.
- 6 Section 15. Family leave requirement.
- 7 (a) Subject to the conditions set forth in this Section, an
- 8 employee is entitled to receive, and an employer shall provide,
- 9 up to 12 weeks of unpaid family medical leave to an employee
- during any 12-month period in connection with one or more of
- 11 the following: (i) the birth or adoption of a grandchild, in
- order for the employee to care for such grandchild; (ii) the
- 13 placement of a grandchild with the employee for adoption or
- 14 foster care; or (iii) a serious health condition of a
- 15 grandchild, in order for the employee to care for such
- 16 grandchild, or a serious health condition of a grandparent, in
- order for the employee to care for such grandparent.
- 18 (b) An employee is not entitled to receive, and an employer
- is not required to provide, more than 12 weeks of unpaid family
- 20 medical leave in any 12-month period under this Act. For
- 21 purposes of this Act, unpaid family medical leave granted
- 22 pursuant to any other law shall be deemed to be unpaid family
- 23 medical leave granted under this Act.
- Section 20. Notification. An employee must comply with the

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- employer's usual and customary procedural requirements for 1
- 2 giving notice of a request for leave, provided that those
- notice requirements are consistent with the Family and Medical 3
- Leave Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.
- Section 25. Certification. An employer may require that an 6 employee's leave to care for a grandchild or grandparent with a
- 7 serious health condition be supported by a certification issued
- 8 by the health care provider of the employee's grandchild or
- 9 grandparent. Certification under this Section shall comply
- 10 with the certification content and requirements provided in 29
- 11 C.F.R. 825.305 et seq.
- Section 30. Enforcement. A civil action may be brought in 12
- 13 the circuit court having jurisdiction by an employee to enforce
- 14 this Act. The circuit court may enjoin any act or practice that
- 15 violates or may violate this Act and may order any other
- equitable relief that is necessary and appropriate to redress 16
- the violation or to enforce this Act. 17
- 18 Section 35. Refusal to pay damages. Any employer who has
- 19 been ordered by the court to pay damages under this Act is
- 20 liable for:
- damages equal to the amount of wages, salary, 21
- 22 benefits, public assistance,
- 23 compensation denied or lost to such individual by reason of

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- the violation, and the interest on that amount calculated at the prevailing rate;
 - (2) such equitable relief as may be appropriate, including employment reinstatement and promotion; and
- 5 (3) reasonable attorney's fees, reasonable expert 6 witness fees, and other costs of the action to be paid by 7 the respondent to the prevailing employee.
- Section 40. Interpretation. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, all general requirements for leave, employment, benefits, and other provisions shall be interpreted in a manner consistent with the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.