



Rep. Robert Rita

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1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 1422

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 1422 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private
5 Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004 is
6 amended by changing Sections 20-10 and 40-10 as follows:

7 (225 ILCS 447/20-10)

8 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

9 Sec. 20-10. Qualifications for licensure as a private alarm
10 contractor.

11 (a) A person is qualified for licensure as a private alarm
12 contractor if he or she meets all of the following
13 requirements:

14 (1) Is at least 21 years of age.

15 (2) Has not been convicted of any felony in any
16 jurisdiction or at least 10 years have elapsed since the

1 time of full discharge from a sentence imposed for a felony
2 conviction.

3 (3) Is of good moral character. Good moral character is
4 a continuing requirement of licensure. Conviction of
5 crimes other than felonies may be used in determining moral
6 character, but shall not constitute an absolute bar to
7 licensure, except where the applicant is a registered sex
8 offender.

9 (4) Has not been declared by any court of competent
10 jurisdiction to be incompetent by reason of mental or
11 physical defect or disease, unless a court has subsequently
12 declared him or her to be competent.

13 (5) Is not suffering from dependence on alcohol or from
14 narcotic addiction or dependence.

15 (6) Has a minimum of 3 years experience during the 5
16 years immediately preceding the application (i) working as
17 a full-time manager for a licensed private alarm contractor
18 agency or (ii) working for a government, one of the armed
19 forces of the United States, or private entity that
20 inspects, reviews, designs, sells, installs, operates,
21 services, or monitors alarm systems that, in the judgment
22 of the Board, satisfies the standards of alarm industry
23 competence. The Board and the Department may accept, in
24 lieu of the experience requirement in this item (6),
25 alternative experience working as a full-time manager for a
26 private alarm contractor agency licensed in another state

1 or for a private alarm contractor agency in a state that
2 does not license such agencies, if the experience is
3 substantially equivalent to that gained working for an
4 Illinois licensed private alarm contractor agency. An
5 applicant who has received a 4-year degree or higher in
6 electrical engineering or a related field from a program
7 approved by the Board or a business degree from an
8 accredited college or university shall be given credit for
9 2 years of the required experience. An applicant who has
10 successfully completed a national certification program
11 approved by the Board shall be given credit for one year of
12 the required experience.

13 (7) Has not been dishonorably discharged from the armed
14 forces of the United States.

15 (8) Has passed an examination authorized by the
16 Department.

17 (9) Submits his or her fingerprints, proof of having
18 general liability insurance required under subsection (c),
19 and the required license fee.

20 (10) Has not violated Section 10-5 of this Act.

21 (b) (Blank).

22 (c) It is the responsibility of the applicant to obtain
23 general liability insurance in an amount and coverage
24 appropriate for the applicant's circumstances as determined by
25 rule. The applicant shall provide evidence of insurance to the
26 Department before being issued a license. Failure to maintain

1 general liability insurance and to provide the Department with
2 written proof of the insurance shall result in cancellation of
3 the license without hearing.

4 (Source: P.A. 98-253, eff. 8-9-13.)

5 (225 ILCS 447/40-10)

6 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

7 Sec. 40-10. Disciplinary sanctions.

8 (a) The Department may deny issuance, refuse to renew, or
9 restore or may reprimand, place on probation, suspend, revoke,
10 or take other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against
11 any license, registration, permanent employee registration
12 card, canine handler authorization card, canine trainer
13 authorization card, or firearm control card, may impose a fine
14 not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, and may assess costs
15 as provided for under Section 45-60, for any of the following:

16 (1) Fraud, deception, or misrepresentation in
17 obtaining or renewing of a license or registration.

18 (2) Professional incompetence as manifested by poor
19 standards of service.

20 (3) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or
21 unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive,
22 defraud, or harm the public.

23 (4) Conviction of or by plea of guilty or plea of nolo
24 contendere to a felony or misdemeanor in this State or any
25 other jurisdiction or the entry of an administrative

1 sanction by a government agency in this State or any other
2 jurisdiction; action taken under this paragraph (4) for a
3 misdemeanor or an administrative sanction is limited to a
4 misdemeanor or administrative sanction that has as an
5 essential element dishonesty or fraud or involves larceny,
6 embezzlement, or obtaining money, property, or credit by
7 false pretenses or by means of a confidence game. ~~finding~~
8 ~~of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by~~
9 ~~sentencing of any crime including, but not limited to,~~
10 ~~convictions, preceding sentences of supervision,~~
11 ~~conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under~~
12 ~~the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that is~~
13 ~~(i) a felony in a federal court; or (ii) a misdemeanor, an~~
14 ~~essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is~~
15 ~~directly related to the practice of the profession.~~

16 (5) Performing any services in a grossly negligent
17 manner or permitting any of a licensee's employees to
18 perform services in a grossly negligent manner, regardless
19 of whether actual damage to the public is established.

20 (6) Continued practice, although the person has become
21 unfit to practice due to any of the following:

22 (A) Physical illness, mental illness, or other
23 impairment, including, but not limited to,
24 deterioration through the aging process or loss of
25 motor skills that results in the inability to serve the
26 public with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.

1 (B) (Blank).

2 (C) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs
3 defined in law as controlled substances, alcohol, or
4 any other substance that results in the inability to
5 practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.

6 (7) Receiving, directly or indirectly, compensation
7 for any services not rendered.

8 (8) Willfully deceiving or defrauding the public on a
9 material matter.

10 (9) Failing to account for or remit any moneys or
11 documents coming into the licensee's possession that
12 belong to another person or entity.

13 (10) Discipline by another United States jurisdiction,
14 foreign nation, or governmental agency, if at least one of
15 the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially
16 equivalent to those set forth in this Act.

17 (11) Giving differential treatment to a person that is
18 to that person's detriment because of race, color, creed,
19 sex, religion, or national origin.

20 (12) Engaging in false or misleading advertising.

21 (13) Aiding, assisting, or willingly permitting
22 another person to violate this Act or rules promulgated
23 under it.

24 (14) Performing and charging for services without
25 authorization to do so from the person or entity serviced.

26 (15) Directly or indirectly offering or accepting any

1 benefit to or from any employee, agent, or fiduciary
2 without the consent of the latter's employer or principal
3 with intent to or the understanding that this action will
4 influence his or her conduct in relation to his or her
5 employer's or principal's affairs.

6 (16) Violation of any disciplinary order imposed on a
7 licensee by the Department.

8 (17) Performing any act or practice that is a violation
9 of this Act or the rules for the administration of this
10 Act, or having a conviction or administrative finding of
11 guilty as a result of violating any federal or State laws,
12 rules, or regulations that apply exclusively to the
13 practices of private detectives, private alarm
14 contractors, private security contractors, fingerprint
15 vendors, or locksmiths.

16 (18) Conducting an agency without a valid license.

17 (19) Revealing confidential information, except as
18 required by law, including but not limited to information
19 available under Section 2-123 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

20 (20) Failing to make available to the Department, upon
21 request, any books, records, or forms required by this Act.

22 (21) Failing, within 30 days, to respond to a written
23 request for information from the Department.

24 (22) Failing to provide employment information or
25 experience information required by the Department
26 regarding an applicant for licensure.

1 (23) Failing to make available to the Department at the
2 time of the request any indicia of licensure or
3 registration issued under this Act.

4 (24) Purporting to be a licensee-in-charge of an agency
5 without active participation in the agency.

6 (25) A finding by the Department that the licensee,
7 after having his or her license placed on probationary
8 status, has violated the terms of probation.

9 (26) Violating subsection (f) of Section 30-30.

10 (27) A firearm control card holder having more firearms
11 in his or her immediate possession than he or she can
12 reasonably exercise control over.

13 (28) Failure to report in writing to the Department,
14 within 60 days of an entry of a settlement or a verdict in
15 excess of \$10,000, any legal action in which the quality of
16 the licensee's or registrant's professional services was
17 the subject of the legal action.

18 (b) All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid
19 within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing
20 the fine.

21 (c) The Department shall adopt rules that set forth
22 standards of service for the following: (i) acceptable error
23 rate in the transmission of fingerprint images and other data
24 to the Department of State Police; (ii) acceptable error rate
25 in the collection and documentation of information used to
26 generate fingerprint work orders; and (iii) any other standard

1 of service that affects fingerprinting services as determined
2 by the Department.

3 The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is
4 subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission, as
5 provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities
6 Code, operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension will
7 end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no
8 longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission
9 and the issuance of an order so finding and discharging the
10 patient.

11 (Source: P.A. 98-253, eff. 8-9-13.)

12 Section 10. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by
13 changing Section 24-2 as follows:

14 (720 ILCS 5/24-2)

15 Sec. 24-2. Exemptions.

16 (a) Subsections 24-1(a)(3), 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(10), and
17 24-1(a)(13) and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of
18 the following:

19 (1) Peace officers, and any person summoned by a peace
20 officer to assist in making arrests or preserving the
21 peace, while actually engaged in assisting such officer.

22 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons,
23 penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the
24 detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense,

1 while in the performance of their official duty, or while
2 commuting between their homes and places of employment.

3 (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
4 the United States or the Illinois National Guard or the
5 Reserve Officers Training Corps, while in the performance
6 of their official duty.

7 (4) Special agents employed by a railroad or a public
8 utility to perform police functions, and guards of armored
9 car companies, while actually engaged in the performance of
10 the duties of their employment or commuting between their
11 homes and places of employment; and watchmen while actually
12 engaged in the performance of the duties of their
13 employment.

14 (5) Persons licensed as private security contractors,
15 private detectives, or private alarm contractors, or
16 employed by a private security contractor, private
17 detective, or private alarm contractor ~~an~~ agency licensed
18 ~~certified~~ by the Department of Financial and Professional
19 Regulation, if their duties include the carrying of a
20 weapon under the provisions of the Private Detective,
21 Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and
22 Locksmith Act of 2004, while actually engaged in the
23 performance of the duties of their employment or commuting
24 between their homes and places of employment, ~~provided that~~
25 ~~such commuting is accomplished within one hour from~~
26 ~~departure from home or place of employment, as the case may~~

1 ~~be~~. A person shall be considered eligible for this
2 exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours
3 of training for a private security contractor, private
4 detective, or private alarm contractor, or employee of a
5 licensed private security contractor, private detective,
6 or private alarm contractor agency and 20 hours of required
7 firearm training, and has been issued a firearm control
8 card by the Department of Financial and Professional
9 Regulation. Conditions for the renewal of firearm control
10 cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be
11 the same as for those cards issued under the provisions of
12 the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security,
13 Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. The firearm
14 control card shall be carried by the private security
15 contractor, private detective, or private alarm
16 contractor, or employee of the licensed private security
17 contractor, private detective, or private alarm contractor
18 agency at all times when he or she is in possession of a
19 concealable weapon permitted by his or her firearm control
20 card.

21 (6) Any person regularly employed in a commercial or
22 industrial operation as a security guard for the protection
23 of persons employed and private property related to such
24 commercial or industrial operation, while actually engaged
25 in the performance of his or her duty or traveling between
26 sites or properties belonging to the employer, and who, as

1 a security guard, is a member of a security force ~~of at~~
2 ~~least 5 persons~~ registered with the Department of Financial
3 and Professional Regulation; provided that such security
4 guard has successfully completed a course of study,
5 approved by and supervised by the Department of Financial
6 and Professional Regulation, consisting of not less than 40
7 hours of training that includes the theory of law
8 enforcement, liability for acts, and the handling of
9 weapons. A person shall be considered eligible for this
10 exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours
11 of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required
12 firearm training, and has been issued a firearm control
13 card by the Department of Financial and Professional
14 Regulation. Conditions for the renewal of firearm control
15 cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be
16 the same as for those cards issued under the provisions of
17 the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security,
18 Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. The firearm
19 control card shall be carried by the security guard at all
20 times when he or she is in possession of a concealable
21 weapon permitted by his or her firearm control card.

22 (7) Agents and investigators of the Illinois
23 Legislative Investigating Commission authorized by the
24 Commission to carry the weapons specified in subsections
25 24-1(a)(3) and 24-1(a)(4), while on duty in the course of
26 any investigation for the Commission.

1 (8) Persons employed by a financial institution as a
2 security guard for the protection of other employees and
3 property related to such financial institution, while
4 actually engaged in the performance of their duties,
5 commuting between their homes and places of employment, or
6 traveling between sites or properties owned or operated by
7 such financial institution, and who, as a security guard,
8 is a member of a security force registered with the
9 Department; provided that any person so employed has
10 successfully completed a course of study, approved by and
11 supervised by the Department of Financial and Professional
12 Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 hours of
13 training which includes theory of law enforcement,
14 liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person
15 shall be considered to be eligible for this exemption if he
16 or she has completed the required 20 hours of training for
17 a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm
18 training, and has been issued a firearm control card by the
19 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation.
20 Conditions for renewal of firearm control cards issued
21 under the provisions of this Section shall be the same as
22 for those issued under the provisions of the Private
23 Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint
24 Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. ~~The Such~~ firearm control
25 card shall be carried by the security guard ~~person so~~
26 trained at all times when he or she ~~such person~~ is in

1 possession of a concealable weapon permitted by his or her
2 firearm control card. For purposes of this subsection,
3 "financial institution" means a bank, savings and loan
4 association, credit union or company providing armored car
5 services.

6 (9) Any person employed by an armored car company to
7 drive an armored car, while actually engaged in the
8 performance of his duties.

9 (10) Persons who have been classified as peace officers
10 pursuant to the Peace Officer Fire Investigation Act.

11 (11) Investigators of the Office of the State's
12 Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor authorized by the board of
13 governors of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate
14 Prosecutor to carry weapons pursuant to Section 7.06 of the
15 State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor's Act.

16 (12) Special investigators appointed by a State's
17 Attorney under Section 3-9005 of the Counties Code.

18 (12.5) Probation officers while in the performance of
19 their duties, or while commuting between their homes,
20 places of employment or specific locations that are part of
21 their assigned duties, with the consent of the chief judge
22 of the circuit for which they are employed, if they have
23 received weapons training according to requirements of the
24 Peace Officer and Probation Officer Firearm Training Act.

25 (13) Court Security Officers while in the performance
26 of their official duties, or while commuting between their

1 homes and places of employment, with the consent of the
2 Sheriff.

3 (13.5) A person employed as an armed security guard at
4 a nuclear energy, storage, weapons or development site or
5 facility regulated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission
6 who has completed the background screening and training
7 mandated by the rules and regulations of the Nuclear
8 Regulatory Commission.

9 (14) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of weapons
10 to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through
11 (13.5) of this subsection to possess those weapons.

12 (a-5) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) do not apply
13 to or affect any person carrying a concealed pistol, revolver,
14 or handgun and the person has been issued a currently valid
15 license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act at the time of
16 the commission of the offense.

17 (b) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section
18 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of the following:

19 (1) Members of any club or organization organized for
20 the purpose of practicing shooting at targets upon
21 established target ranges, whether public or private, and
22 patrons of such ranges, while such members or patrons are
23 using their firearms on those target ranges.

24 (2) Duly authorized military or civil organizations
25 while parading, with the special permission of the
26 Governor.

1 (3) Hunters, trappers or fishermen with a license or
2 permit while engaged in hunting, trapping or fishing.

3 (4) Transportation of weapons that are broken down in a
4 non-functioning state or are not immediately accessible.

5 (5) Carrying or possessing any pistol, revolver, stun
6 gun or taser or other firearm on the land or in the legal
7 dwelling of another person as an invitee with that person's
8 permission.

9 (c) Subsection 24-1(a) (7) does not apply to or affect any
10 of the following:

11 (1) Peace officers while in performance of their
12 official duties.

13 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons,
14 penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the
15 detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.

16 (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
17 the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in
18 the performance of their official duty.

19 (4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine
20 guns to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through
21 (3) of this subsection to possess machine guns, if the
22 machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or
23 are not immediately accessible.

24 (5) Persons licensed under federal law to manufacture
25 any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets can be
26 discharged by a single function of the firing device, or

1 ammunition for such weapons, and actually engaged in the
2 business of manufacturing such weapons or ammunition, but
3 only with respect to activities which are within the lawful
4 scope of such business, such as the manufacture,
5 transportation, or testing of such weapons or ammunition.
6 This exemption does not authorize the general private
7 possession of any weapon from which 8 or more shots or
8 bullets can be discharged by a single function of the
9 firing device, but only such possession and activities as
10 are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing
11 business described in this paragraph.

12 During transportation, such weapons shall be broken
13 down in a non-functioning state or not immediately
14 accessible.

15 (6) The manufacture, transport, testing, delivery,
16 transfer or sale, and all lawful commercial or experimental
17 activities necessary thereto, of rifles, shotguns, and
18 weapons made from rifles or shotguns, or ammunition for
19 such rifles, shotguns or weapons, where engaged in by a
20 person operating as a contractor or subcontractor pursuant
21 to a contract or subcontract for the development and supply
22 of such rifles, shotguns, weapons or ammunition to the
23 United States government or any branch of the Armed Forces
24 of the United States, when such activities are necessary
25 and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

26 The exemption granted under this subdivision (c)(6)

1 shall also apply to any authorized agent of any such
2 contractor or subcontractor who is operating within the
3 scope of his employment, where such activities involving
4 such weapon, weapons or ammunition are necessary and
5 incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

6 (7) A person possessing a rifle with a barrel or
7 barrels less than 16 inches in length if: (A) the person
8 has been issued a Curios and Relics license from the U.S.
9 Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives; or (B)
10 the person is an active member of a bona fide, nationally
11 recognized military re-enacting group and the modification
12 is required and necessary to accurately portray the weapon
13 for historical re-enactment purposes; the re-enactor is in
14 possession of a valid and current re-enacting group
15 membership credential; and the overall length of the weapon
16 as modified is not less than 26 inches.

17 (d) Subsection 24-1(a)(1) does not apply to the purchase,
18 possession or carrying of a black-jack or slung-shot by a peace
19 officer.

20 (e) Subsection 24-1(a)(8) does not apply to any owner,
21 manager or authorized employee of any place specified in that
22 subsection nor to any law enforcement officer.

23 (f) Subsection 24-1(a)(4) and subsection 24-1(a)(10) and
24 Section 24-1.6 do not apply to members of any club or
25 organization organized for the purpose of practicing shooting
26 at targets upon established target ranges, whether public or

1 private, while using their firearms on those target ranges.

2 (g) Subsections 24-1(a)(11) and 24-3.1(a)(6) do not apply
3 to:

4 (1) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
5 the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in
6 the performance of their official duty.

7 (2) Bonafide collectors of antique or surplus military
8 ordinance.

9 (3) Laboratories having a department of forensic
10 ballistics, or specializing in the development of
11 ammunition or explosive ordinance.

12 (4) Commerce, preparation, assembly or possession of
13 explosive bullets by manufacturers of ammunition licensed
14 by the federal government, in connection with the supply of
15 those organizations and persons exempted by subdivision
16 (g)(1) of this Section, or like organizations and persons
17 outside this State, or the transportation of explosive
18 bullets to any organization or person exempted in this
19 Section by a common carrier or by a vehicle owned or leased
20 by an exempted manufacturer.

21 (g-5) Subsection 24-1(a)(6) does not apply to or affect
22 persons licensed under federal law to manufacture any device or
23 attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in
24 silencing the report of any firearm, firearms, or ammunition
25 for those firearms equipped with those devices, and actually
26 engaged in the business of manufacturing those devices,

1 firearms, or ammunition, but only with respect to activities
2 that are within the lawful scope of that business, such as the
3 manufacture, transportation, or testing of those devices,
4 firearms, or ammunition. This exemption does not authorize the
5 general private possession of any device or attachment of any
6 kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the
7 report of any firearm, but only such possession and activities
8 as are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing
9 business described in this subsection (g-5). During
10 transportation, these devices shall be detached from any weapon
11 or not immediately accessible.

12 (g-6) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section
13 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any parole agent or parole
14 supervisor who meets the qualifications and conditions
15 prescribed in Section 3-14-1.5 of the Unified Code of
16 Corrections.

17 (g-7) Subsection 24-1(a)(6) does not apply to a peace
18 officer while serving as a member of a tactical response team
19 or special operations team. A peace officer may not personally
20 own or apply for ownership of a device or attachment of any
21 kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the
22 report of any firearm. These devices shall be owned and
23 maintained by lawfully recognized units of government whose
24 duties include the investigation of criminal acts.

25 (g-10) Subsections 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(8), and
26 24-1(a)(10), and Sections 24-1.6 and 24-3.1 do not apply to an

1 athlete's possession, transport on official Olympic and
2 Paralympic transit systems established for athletes, or use of
3 competition firearms sanctioned by the International Olympic
4 Committee, the International Paralympic Committee, the
5 International Shooting Sport Federation, or USA Shooting in
6 connection with such athlete's training for and participation
7 in shooting competitions at the 2016 Olympic and Paralympic
8 Games and sanctioned test events leading up to the 2016 Olympic
9 and Paralympic Games.

10 (h) An information or indictment based upon a violation of
11 any subsection of this Article need not negate any exemptions
12 contained in this Article. The defendant shall have the burden
13 of proving such an exemption.

14 (i) Nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or
15 affect the transportation, carrying, or possession, of any
16 pistol or revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm consigned
17 to a common carrier operating under license of the State of
18 Illinois or the federal government, where such transportation,
19 carrying, or possession is incident to the lawful
20 transportation in which such common carrier is engaged; and
21 nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or affect the
22 transportation, carrying, or possession of any pistol,
23 revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm, not the subject of
24 and regulated by subsection 24-1(a)(7) or subsection 24-2(c) of
25 this Article, which is unloaded and enclosed in a case, firearm
26 carrying box, shipping box, or other container, by the

1 possessor of a valid Firearm Owners Identification Card.

2 (Source: P.A. 97-465, eff. 8-22-11; 97-676, eff. 6-1-12;
3 97-936, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1010, eff. 1-1-13; 98-63, eff. 7-9-13;
4 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 98-725, eff. 1-1-15.)

5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
6 becoming law.".