HB4074 Enrolled LRB9212179RCcdA

- 1 AN ACT in relation to criminal law.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is
- 5 amended by changing Section 108B-1 and adding Section
- 6 108B-1.5 as follows:
- 7 (725 ILCS 5/108B-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 108B-1)
- 8 Sec. 108B-1. Definitions. For the purpose of this
- 9 Article:

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- 10 (a) "Aggrieved person" means a person who was a party to
- 11 any intercepted wire or oral communication or any person
- 12 against whom the intercept was directed.
- 13 (b) "Chief Judge" means, when referring to a judge
- 14 authorized to receive application for, and to enter orders
- 15 authorizing, interceptions of private oral communications,
- 16 the Chief Judge of the Circuit Court wherein the application
- 17 for order of interception is filed, or a Circuit Judge
- 18 designated by the Chief Judge to enter these orders. In

circuits other than the Cook County Circuit, "Chief Judge"

also means, when referring to a judge authorized to receive

- 21 application for, and to enter orders authorizing,
- 22 interceptions of private oral communications, an Associate
- 23 Judge authorized by Supreme Court Rule to try felony cases
- 24 who is assigned by the Chief Judge to enter these orders.
- 25 After assignment by the Chief Judge, an Associate Judge shall
- 26 have plenary authority to issue orders without additional
- 27 authorization for each specific application made to him by
- 28 the State's Attorney until the time the Associate Judge's
- 29 power is rescinded by the Chief Judge.
- 30 (c) "Communications common carrier" means any person
- 31 engaged as a common carrier for hire in the transmission of

- 1 communications by wire or radio, not including radio
- 2 broadcasting.
- (d) "Contents" includes information obtained from a 3
- 4 private oral communication concerning the existence,
- substance, purport or meaning of the communication, or the 5
- identity of a party of the communication. 6
- 7 "Court of competent jurisdiction" means any circuit
- 8 court.
- "Department" means Illinois Department of State 9 (f)
- Police. 10

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- 11 "Director" means Director of the Illinois Department
- of State Police. 12
- "Electronic criminal surveillance device" 13 (h) or
- "eavesdropping device" means any device or 14 apparatus,
- 15 including an induction coil, that can be used to intercept
- 16 human speech other than:
- (1) Any telephone, telegraph or telecommunication 17
- instrument, equipment or facility, or any component of 18
- 19 it, furnished to the subscriber or user by a
- communication common carrier in the ordinary course of 20
- 21 its business, or purchased by any person and being used
- 22 by the subscriber, user or person in the ordinary course
- carrier in the ordinary course of its business, or by an

of his business, or being used by a communications common

- 25 investigative or law enforcement officer in the ordinary
- course of his duties; or 26
- (2) A hearing aid or similar device being used to 27
- correct subnormal hearing to not better than normal. 28
- (i) "Electronic criminal surveillance officer" means any 29
- 30 law enforcement officer or retired law enforcement officer of
- the United States or of the State or political subdivision of 31
- it, or of another State, or of a political subdivision of it, 32
- who is certified by the Illinois Department of State Police 33
- 34 to intercept private oral communications.

- 1 (j) "In-progress trace" means to determine the origin of
- 2 a wire communication to a telephone or telegraph instrument,
- 3 equipment or facility during the course of the communication.
- 4 (k) "Intercept" means the aural acquisition of the
- 5 contents of any oral communication through the use of any
- 6 electronic criminal surveillance device.
- 7 (1) "Journalist" means a person engaged in, connected
- 8 with, or employed by news media, including newspapers,
- 9 magazines, press associations, news agencies, wire services,
- 10 radio, television or other similar media, for the purpose of
- 11 gathering, processing, transmitting, compiling, editing or
- disseminating news for the general public.
- 13 (m) "Law enforcement agency" means any law enforcement
- 14 agency of the United States, or the State or a political
- 15 subdivision of it.
- 16 (n) "Oral communication" means human speech used to
- 17 communicate by one party to another, in person, by wire
- 18 communication or by any other means.
- 19 (o) "Private oral communication" means a wire or oral
- 20 communication uttered by a person exhibiting an expectation
- 21 that the communication is not subject to interception, under
- 22 circumstances reasonably justifying the expectation.
- 23 Circumstances that reasonably justify the expectation that a
- 24 communication is not subject to interception include the use
- of a cordless telephone or cellular communication device.
- 26 (p) "Wire communication" means any human speech used to
- 27 communicate by one party to another in whole or in part
- 28 through the use of facilities for the transmission of
- 29 communications by wire, cable or other like connection
- 30 between the point of origin and the point of reception
- 31 furnished or operated by a communications common carrier.
- 32 (q) "Privileged communications" means a private oral
- 33 communication between:
- 34 (1) a licensed and practicing physician and a

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- 1 patient within the scope of the profession of the 2 physician;
- (2) a licensed and practicing psychologist to a 3 4 patient within the scope of the profession of the 5 psychologist;
- (3) a licensed and practicing attorney-at-law and a 7 client within the scope of the profession of the lawyer;
- 8 a practicing clergyman and a confidant within 9 the scope of the profession of the clergyman;
- (5) a practicing journalist within the scope of his 10 11 profession;
- (6) spouses within the scope of their marital 12 13 relationship; or
- (7) a licensed and practicing social worker to a 14 15 client within the scope of the profession of the social
- 16 worker. (r) "Retired law enforcement officer" means a person: 17 (1) who is a graduate of a police training institute or 18 academy, who after graduating served for at least 15 19 consecutive years as a sworn, full-time peace officer 20 qualified to carry firearms for any federal or State 21 22 department or agency or for any unit of local government of 23 <u>Illinois; (2) who has retired as a local, State, or federal</u> peace officer in a publicly created peace officer retirement 24 25 system; and (3) whose service in law enforcement was honorably terminated through retirement or disability and not 26
- (Source: P.A. 86-391; 86-763; 86-1028; 86-1206; 87-530.) 28

as a result of discipline, suspension, or discharge.

- 29 (725 ILCS 5/108B-1.5 new)
- Sec. 108B-1.5. Retired law enforcement officer. Nothing 30
- in this Article authorizes a retired law enforcement officer 31
- 32 to display or use a firearm at any time.

1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

2 becoming law.