1		TITLE 80: PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES		
2		SUBTITLE A: MERIT EMPLOYMENT SYSTEMS		
3		CHAPTER VI: STATE UNIVERSITIES CIVIL SERVICE SYSTEM		
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5		PART 250		
6		STATE UNIVERSITIES CIVIL SERVICE SYSTEM		
7				
8	Section			
9	250.5	Definitions		
10	250.10	Purpose, Adoption, and Amendment of Rules		
11	250.20	The State Universities Civil Service System and its Divisions		
12	250.30	The Classification Plan		
13	250.40	Military Service Preference, Veterans Preference		
14	250.50	Examinations		
15	250.60	Eligible Registers		
16	250.70	Nonstatus Appointments		
17	250.80	Status Appointments		
18	250.90	Probationary Period		
19	250.100	Reassignments and Transfers		
20	250.110	Separations and Demotions		
21	250.119	Furloughs		
22	250.120	Seniority		
23	250.130	Review Procedures		
24	250.140	Delegation of Authority and Responsibilities		
25	250.150	Training		
26	250.160	Suspension of Rules		
27				
28	AUTHORI	TY: Implementing and authorized by the State Universities Civil Service Act [110		
29	ILCS 70].			
30				
31	SOURCE:	Rules: State Universities Civil Service System, approved January 16, 1952, effective		
32	January 1, 1	1952; amended at 3 Ill. Reg. 13, p. 68, effective April 1, 1979; amended at 4 Ill. Reg.		
33	10, p. 262,	effective February 25, 1980; amended at 6 Ill. Reg. 2620, effective February 22,		
34	1982; amen	ded at 6 Ill. Reg. 7236, effective June 3, 1982; amended at 8 Ill. Reg. 4948 and 4950,		
35	effective M	arch 29, 1984; codified at 8 Ill. Reg. 12936; amended at 8 Ill. Reg. 24732, effective		
36		5, 1984; amended at 9 Ill. Reg. 17422, effective October 23, 1985; amended at 11 Ill.		
37	Reg. 8942,	effective May 8, 1987; amended at 12 III. Reg. 3457, effective February 1, 1988;		
38	amended at	12 Ill. Reg. 17079, effective October 7, 1988; amended at 13 Ill. Reg. 7324, effective		
39	May 1, 198	9; amended at 13 Ill. Reg. 19427, effective February 6, 1990; amended at 18 Ill. Reg.		
40		tive January 21, 1994; amended at 20 Ill. Reg. 4440, effective February 29, 1996;		
41		30 Ill. Reg. 17384, effective October 23, 2006; amended at 31 Ill. Reg. 15848,		
42		ovember 13, 2007; amended at 32 Ill. Reg. 17268, effective October 16, 2008;		
43	amended at 33 Ill. Reg. 11644, effective July 22, 2009; amended at 36 Ill. Reg. 6014, effective			

44 45	April 6, 2012; amended at 37 III. Reg. 419, effective December 26, 2012; amended at 39 III. Reg. 13504 effective December 1, 2015; amended at 40 III. Reg. 3105 effective January 26, 2016;					
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53	1, 2022, for a maximum of 150 days; emergency expired April 29, 2023; amended at 47 Ill. Reg.					
54	6574, effective April 30, 2023; amended at 48 Ill. Reg. 2281, effective January 26, 2024;					
55	amended at 49 Ill. Reg, effective					
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57	Section 250.5 Definitions					
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59	"Act": the State Universities Civil Service Act [110 ILCS 70].					
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61	"Allocation": assignment of a position to a class.					
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63	"Applicant": a person requesting permission to take an examination.					
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65	"Audit Charter": the document approved by the Merit Board on August 17, 2016,					
66	and any modifications or amendments, as later authorized by the Merit Board,					
67	regarding the authority for and administration of audits conducted by the					
68	<u>University System.</u>					
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70	"Candidate": a person on a register, as qualified by examination, seniority, or					
71	service.					
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73	"Certification": the act of certifying.					
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75	"Certified": referred from a register, in accordance with the Act, as a candidate					
76	for consideration for employment.					
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78	"Certify": to refer from a register, in accordance with the Act, the name of a					
79	candidate who shall be considered for employment.					
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81	"Class": a group of positions that are so similar in duties, responsibilities, and job					
82	worth, and require such similar education and experience, that each position in the					
83	group has been given the same job title and is filled by the same tests of ability.					
84						
85	"Classification": assignment of a position to a class.					
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87 "Designated Employer Representative (DER)": the person designated by the 88 employer to act as its representative for the coordination of its acts and the exercise of its responsibilities in matters relating to the State Universities Civil 89 90 Service Act and the Administrative Code. 91 92 "Demotion": is defined in Section 250.110(g)(1) (Note for clarification: If a 93 status employee, on their own initiative, requests a reassignment or a transfer to 94 another position in their class or applies for, and takes, an examination and thereafter permits their name to be certified to a position in a class other than the 95 one in which they are currently employed, and, in either case, accepts an 96 97 appointment that results in a reduction in pay or pay potential, the reduction shall 98 not be considered a demotion.) 99 100 "Employee": a person legally employed to perform the work of a position. 101 102 "Employer": the governing Board of an institution or agency specified in Section 103 36e of the Act; and, for purposes of administration pursuant to this Part, any 104 institution or agency specified in Section 36e of the Act as well as those approved 105 by the Merit Board as a place of employment. 106 "Executive Director": the Executive Director of the State Universities Civil 107 108 Service System. 109 110 "Law Enforcement Personnel": an individual who has statutory authority to 111 search, seize, or make arrests. 112 113 "Lesser Unit": a seniority unit within a class, within an institution or agency as 114 specified in Section 36e of the Act, as determined by the Merit Board, provided 115 two-thirds of the status employees within the class have agreed to the creation of 116 the lesser unit. 117 "Merit Board" or "University Civil Service Merit Board": the governing body of 118 119 the University System as defined in Section 36c of the Act. The 11 members of 120 the Merit Board represent the public universities of the State of Illinois and are appointed by their respective University governing boards. The powers and 121 122 duties of the Merit Board are defined in Section 36d of the Act. 123 124 "Nonstatus Appointment": appointment of a certified candidate to a position that 125 has been classified and approved by the Executive Director as other than a status 126 appointment. 127 "Notice of Convening of Hearing": notice sent by the University System to 128 129 parties of record in matters of discharge or demotion informing the parties of the

130	date, time, and place of the hearing.
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132	"Place of Employment": an institution or agency as specified in Section 36e of
133	the Act, or a unit of the institution or agency, as determined by the Merit Board,
134	the designation of which has been for the purposes of maintenance of registers,
135	computation of seniority, establishment of pay rates or ranges, and effecting
136	transfers by an employer.
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138	"Position": a group of duties and responsibilities, assigned or delegated by
139	competent authority, requiring the full-time service of one person, or the part-time
140	service of one or more persons.
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142	"Reallocation": reassignment of an existing position to a class that is a part of a
143	different promotional line, or to a class that is not a part of any promotional line.
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145	"Reassignment": moving of an employee by an employer from one position to
146	another in the same class within a place of employment, subject to limitations
147	imposed by lesser units.
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149	"Reclassification": reassignment of an existing position within a promotional line
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151	"Register": a list of one or more names of candidates, listed in accordance with
152	the Act and this Part.
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154	"Resignation": an act by which an employee voluntarily separates themself from
155	their employment.
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157	"Rewrite Examination": an examination for a class that is taken by an applicant
158	subsequent to failing a previous examination for the same class, or that is taken by
159	an applicant subsequent to passing a previous examination for the same class in
160	an attempt to improve their examination score.
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162	"Seniority": after completion of the probationary period, a term used to describe
163	time worked in a class or in classes within the same promotional line, computed
164	in accordance with the provisions of the Act and this Part.
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166	"Service": a term used to describe time worked in a class under a status
167	appointment by an employee who is serving, but who has not completed, a
168	probationary period in that class.
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170	"Status Appointment": appointment of a certified candidate to a position that has
171	been classified and approved by the Executive Director as a continuing position
172	under the position control record plan of the University System.
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173 174 "Status Employee": an employee who has successfully completed a probationary period in a class. 175 176 "Status Position": a position that has been classified and approved by the 177 178 Executive Director under the position control record system. 179 180 "Termination": discontinuance of services of an employee having a nonstatus 181 appointment; discontinuance of services of an employee in one place of employment who has transferred within the System to another place of 182 183 employment; failure of a provisional employee to meet certification requirements; 184 and/or death, retirement, or inability of an employee to return from a leave of absence in accordance with Section 250.110(c). 185 186 187 "Transfer": moving of an employee from one position to another in the same 188 class between constituent places of employment. 189 190 "Transfer List": a list of applicants who have been employed as sworn police officers within the past 24 months for employers to use to hire in lieu of the 191 192 original entry register. 193 194 "University System": the State Universities Civil Service System. 195 196 (Source: Amended at 49 Ill. Reg. , effective) 197 198 Section 250.20 The State Universities Civil Service System and its Divisions 199 200 Classification and Allocation. All staff positions at the Illinois Community a) 201 College Board, Southern Illinois University, University of Illinois, Chicago State 202 University, Eastern Illinois University, Governors State University, Illinois State 203 University, Northeastern Illinois University, Northern Illinois University, Western 204 Illinois University, State Universities Civil Service System, State Universities 205 Retirement System, the Illinois Student Assistance Commission, and the Board of 206 Higher Education, and those places of employment approved by the Merit Board, except those positions specifically exempted by Section 36e of the Act, are 207 208 subject to classification functions as described in Section 250.30. 209 210 b) Other Personnel Functions. All positions in the institutions and agencies covered by the Act and those places of employment approved by the Merit Board, except 211 212 those exempted by Section 36e of the Act, are subject to the examination, 213 appointment, and other personnel functions described under Sections 250.40 214 through 250.150 inclusive.

- 216 c) Designated Employer Representative to Act for the <u>Place of Employment Employer</u>.
 - 1) DER Appointment and Form. Each employer governed by the Act and those places of employment approved by the Merit Board and by this Part shall appoint a Designated Employer Representative (DER) as described by Section 36d(12) of the Act [110 ILCS 70/36d(12)]. The employer shall file with the Executive Director the name of the Designated Employer Representative (DER) administrative official of the place of employment who the employer designated employer who has been designated by the employer to act as its representative for the coordination of its acts and the exercise of its responsibilities in matters relating to the Act and this Part. The employer shall complete a DER Designated Employer Representative (DER) form provided by the University System that includes the following information: place of employment, DER contact information, name and title of administrative official or (DER), address, phone number, email address, and the effective date of the appointment. This form shall be signed by the appointed DER and the employer's chief administrative officer-of the employer. The University System will acknowledge receipt of the form. No one may seek to appoint themselves as the DER; such an attempted appointment will be without force or effect. The employer is responsible for maintaining It is the responsibility of the employer to maintain a current DER form with the University System. If the employment of the individual appointed as DER is terminated for any reason, or if the employer withdraws its appointment as DER, the employer shall immediately appoint a new DER. In the event of an unplanned or emergent departure of the appointed DER, the employer shall have 3 business days to appoint a new DER.
 - DER Termination/Departure. If the employment of the appointed DER is terminated for any reason, or if the employer withdraws its DER, the employer shall appoint a new DER within 3 workdays. An employer Absent such an unplanned or emergent departure, an employer without a current DER form on file with the University System shall not be permitted to complete any employment transactions subject to the Act and by this Part until a new DER is appointed and the DER appointment form is submitted and the procedures.
 - <u>DER Signature Authorization Form.</u> The DER may <u>authorize other staff</u> members to act on their behalf. The DER may submit a DER Signature Authorization <u>forms</u>form naming <u>thean additional</u> staff <u>members</u>member to sign <u>documents</u> on their behalf <u>should they be absent from the workplace</u>. The DER Signature Authorization form <u>by the University</u>

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System shall include the following information: place of employment, designee's name, specimen signature (wet ink and/or digital if available), address, phone number, email address, and the effective date, and certification by the DER (wet ink signature and/or digital if available). The DER must certify and date the form. The University System will acknowledge receipt of eachthe form submitted. The form or forms shall remain in effect until the DER revokes the form(s) or upon the appointment of a new DER in which the University System will automatically revoke the DER Signature Authorization form(s). This form shall remain in effect until the DER notifies the University System of any change. If the employment of the additional staff member permitted to sign for the DER is terminated for any reason, or if the employer withdraws its authorization for this additional staff member to sign for the DER, the employer shall immediately notify the University System of this change. In the event of an unplanned or emergent departure of an appointed DER, this signature authority shall expire upon the appointment of a new DER or within 3 business days, whichever is sooner.

4) DER Designee Revocation Form. When a designee is no longer employed with the employer or the DER chooses to revoke signature authorization for a specific designee, the DER Designee Revocation form shall be completed. The DER Designee Revocation form shall include the following information: place of employment, designee's name to be revoked, effective date of revocation, and certification by the DER. The University System will acknowledge receipt of the form. Upon the appointment of a new DER, all DER Signature Authorization forms on file with the University System will be automatically revoked by the University System.

(Source: Amended at 49 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 250.110 Separations and Demotions

- a) Resignation. An employee having a nonstatus or status appointment, as described in Sections 250.70 and 250.80, may resign by presenting a signed resignation to their his/her employer or by demonstrating to the employer by other means their his/her intent to separate from employment. Upon receipt of a signed resignation by the employee or other evidence of intent to separate from employment, the employee will be separated from their his/her employer. The employer shall maintain all resignations or other documentation of evidence in accordance with the employer's record retention policy.
- b) Leave of Absence

- 1) Leave of Absence for Classification Changes. A status employee who accepts a position that represents a promotion in a class outside theirhis/her promotional line shall be granted a leave of absence from a position of theirhis/her former class for the duration of any intern appointment, provisional appointment, and/or probationary period in the new class.
- 2) Leave of Absence for Disciplinary Actions. An employee placed on a Disciplinary Suspension or on a Suspension Notice Pending Discharge shall be placed on a leave of absence from their his/her position.
- 3) Leave of Absence for Disability Leave
 - A) If an employee is no longer able to perform the duties and responsibilities of their his/her position in the class due to a disability as determined by the employer's medical and/or psychological evaluation procedures, and/or in accordance with State and federal laws, the employee will be required to take a disability leave in accordance with subsection (b)(3)(B).
 - B) A status employee who becomes eligible for disability benefits to be paid by the employer or, as later determined, by the Illinois State retirement system to which the employee contributed, or becomes eligible for payment benefits as defined by the Workers' Compensation Act [820 ILCS 305], the Illinois Occupational Diseases Act [820 ILCS 310], or a State self-insurance program, shall be granted a disability leave. The disability leave shall be the period for which the employee applies for such benefits, until the time of the expiration of the benefits or a final administrative decision denying or terminating the benefits, including any gap in benefit payments between the expiration of institutional benefits and those available under the approving authority.
 - C) The employer may require an employee to take a medical and/or psychological examination prior to returning to work after a disability leave. The examination shall be conducted by a licensed practitioner selected by the employer to determine the physical and/or mental capability to perform the essential duties of the employee's position. The employer may supply the examining practitioner with facts relating to the employee's difficulty or inability to perform the essential functions of the job and may supply additional information, including but not limited to physical

and mental requirements of the employee's position, duty statement, job classification specification, and position description. The employee may also present an alternative opinion provided by a licensed practitioner to be selected and paid for by the employee. If there is a difference of opinion, a third outside practitioner shall be selected by the 2 physicians. The employer shall pay for all examinations, except those initiated by the employee.

- D) An employee's refusal to submit to an examination as described in subsection (b)(3)(C), the unexcused failure to appear for such an examination, or the refusal to release the results of the examination may be deemed by the employer as an acknowledgement that the employee is not fit for duty and may subject the employee to termination actions as defined in subsection (c).
- E) A disability leave may be revoked by the employer upon evidence that the cause for granting the leave was misrepresented.
- F) At the expiration of all disability benefits, an employee shall be entitled to return to a position in theirhis/her class without any loss of status due to the disability leave, providing that they returnhe/she returns upon the expiration of all disability benefits to which entitled.

G) Reemployment

- i) If an employee does not return to work at the expiration of all disability benefits and is terminated in accordance with subsection (c)(2), the employee may, within one year following the expiration of all disability benefits, request reinstatement and, the employer shall placeupon approval of the Executive Director, the employee's name may be placed on the reemployment register in the class in which they were he/she was employed at the time the disability leave was granted and in accordance with total seniority earned.
- ii) If, within one year following the expiration of all disability benefits, the employee requests reinstatement, but, because of their disability, is deemed unable to perform the duties in the class, the employee may be required to pass

387			physical or other tests to determine employability under the
388 389			University System.
390		4)	Military Lagya of Absonge An amployee shall be greated a Military
390 391		4)	Military Leave of Absence. An employee shall be granted a Military Leave of Absence in accordance with State and federal laws and
392			regulations.
392 393			regulations.
394		5)	Notification
39 5		3)	Notification
396			A) The employer may select:
397			11) The employer may select.
398			i) to notify the Executive Director of all leaves of absence,
399			including military, disability, or any other leave otherwise
400			granted; or
401			granies, or
402			ii) to maintain these records for inspection upon request by the
403			Executive Director or designee during the on-site audit
404			program or other specified time.
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406			B) The notification shall include the beginning and ending dates of
407			leaves that exceed 30 calendar days of non-pay status.
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409	c)	Term	nination
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411		1)	An employee having a non-status appointment, as described in Section
412			250.70, may be terminated by their his/her employer at any time during the
413			training period and/or upon completion of the work assignment.
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415		2)	An employee on <u>a</u> disability leave, as defined in subsection (b)(3), who
416			has exhausted all of their his/her disability benefits and is unable to resume
417			the duties and responsibilities of a position in their his/her class may be
418			terminated from employment in accordance with subsection (c)($\underline{65}$), or the
419			employer and employee may agree upon employment in a more suitable
420			classification. The alternative employment options shall be subject to
421			standard civil service employment protocols.
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423		3)	An employee who fails to report for duty after a disability leave of
424			absence has expired or has been denied, disapproved, revoked, or canceled
425			by the approving authority, or any other failure to report for duty as
426			scheduled after a disability leave of absence, may be terminated from
427			employment in accordance with subsection (c)(6).
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429		4)	An employee who fails to report for duty after they have he/ she has
430			exhausted benefits under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) may

be terminated from employment in accordance with subsection (c)(6).

- An employee who fails to maintain their his/her right to work in the United States, as evidenced by a Permanent Resident Card (also known as a Green Card), an Employment Authorization Document (also known as a work permit), or an employment-related visa granted by the government of the United States, shall have their his/her employment terminated as of the last date that employee had a right to work in the United States. It is the responsibility of the employee to do all things necessary to maintain their his/her right to work in the United States, as governed by U.S. law. The employer shall notify the employee of the termination.
- Appropriate notification shall be provided to an employee, as specifically referenced in subsections (c)(2), (c)(3) and (c)(4), which shall include the notification provisions outlined in this subsection (c)(6).
 - A) The employer shall notify the employee that they he/she will be terminated from the employer's service to become effective 7 calendar days from the date of mailing of the notification to the employee. The notification shall be sent, by an overnight delivery service that requires a signature upon receipt, to the most recent address of the employee as shown on the employer's records.
 - B) At any time prior to the effective date of termination, the employee shall have the opportunity to provide to the employer evidence of the reason for the unauthorized absence. The employer shall revoke the termination if the employee provides satisfactory evidence of the reason for the unauthorized absence. If the employer determines that the evidence is not satisfactory, the employer shall notify the employee within 2 workdays immediately that the termination will remain in effect.
 - C) Pursuant to Section 250.130 (Review Procedures), the employee may request a review of the employer's final notice of termination. The review is limited to a determination of whether this Section has been properly applied and whether the employer's decision is deemed arbitrary or capricious. In the event a review is not requested within the allotted timeframe, the employee's termination from service shall be effective 7 calendar days after the original notification.
- d) Layoff
 - 1) The Executive Director shall be provided with all notices of layoff within

3 workdays of any notice to an employee, notified promptly of all employees on layoff status, together with the dates of the beginning of layoff and of return to employment from layoff status, when the layoff exceeds 30 consecutive workdayswork days. A status employee shall receive a written notice, at least 30 calendar days in advance of the effective date of the layoff, when the layoff exceeds 30 consecutive workdayswork days; however, the effective date of layoff may be extended up to 15 calendar days without the requirement of further notice.

- Whenever it becomes necessary to lay off one or more employees, except as provided in subsection (d)(3), the employee who has the least amount of service in the class shall be laid off first, and additional layoffs shall be made in the ascending order of the place of the employee on the service and seniority lists for that class.
- An employee who is the incumbent of a position for which the Executive Director has authorized specialized certification under Section 250.60(d)(9), or who is the incumbent of a position that has previously been identified as requiring specialized training or experience as required by the position in accordance with minimum acceptable qualifications for the class, may not be bumped by another employee with greater seniority unless the employee with greater seniority possesses the special and identified qualifications authorized for the incumbent's position.
- 4) Whenever it becomes necessary to reemploy one or more employees in a class, the employee last laid off by seniority shall be reemployed first, and further reemployment shall be made in the order of seniority until the reemployment register for that class is exhausted. Work of short duration requiring reemployment of one or more employees will not require a new written 15 calendar day advance notice of layoff if the work period is to be 5 consecutive working days or less and the work is emergent in nature.
- A status employee who is subject to layoff from a part-time position may bump an employee in a full-time status position, providing the part-time employee's equivalent full-time accrued seniority based on hours in pay status is greater than that of the least senior employee in a full-time position. A full-time status employee who is subject to layoff may bump the least senior full-time employee, who then may bump the part-time employee having the highest percent-time appointment, providing the full-time employee has more accrued seniority.
- Names of employees laid off during their probationary periods shall be returned to the register from which they were certified to their position in

accordance with service in a status appointment earned as of the date of layoff.

- e) Disciplinary Suspension. An employer may suspend an employee as a disciplinary measure for not more than 30 calendar days.
 - 1) The employer shall discuss the specific problem pertaining to <u>the</u> contemplated suspension with the employee and the Human Resource Director or <u>theirhis/her</u> designee before a suspension notice is served. The employee shall be told at that time that suspension is being considered.
 - In imposing a disciplinary suspension, the employer shall serve a written suspension notice on the employee showing the reason or reasons for the suspension, and shall, within 3 workdays, immediately report the suspension to the Executive Director and shall send a copy of the notice served on the employee, along with proof of service, to the Executive Director.
 - 3) Causes justifying suspension, not discharge as provided for in subsection (f)(1), shall include, but are not limited to: unauthorized and unexcused absence; leaving work without authority; failure to accurately record one's arrival for and/or departure from work; habitual lateness; recording another person's arrival for and/or departure from work; falsification of documents; key duplication and/or unauthorized possession of keys; misrepresentation of absence; falsification of records; refusal to do work assigned: failure to follow work schedules: failure to follow time schedules; rude, disrespectful, and/or unprofessional behavior; failure to adhere to departmental regulations of appearance; disregard of safety regulations; careless workmanship resulting in spoilage, waste, or delay; unauthorized use of institutional property; gambling on institutional property; creating or contributing to unsanitary conditions; horseplay or scuffling; fighting; sleeping during working hours; unauthorized visiting; failure to follow official university policy and procedures; reporting to work with one's mental or physical ability, alertness, or judgment impaired by substances and/or fatigue in a way that makes it impracticable or unsafe to perform one's job duties; and inability or failure to perform assigned duties in a competent and satisfactory manner.

AGENCY NOTE: It is to be noted that an employee's allegation that a Disciplinary Suspension was unfairly imposed is subject to the grievance procedure established by the employing institution, but is not reviewable by the State Universities Civil Service System (University System).

- f) Discharge Proceedings and Effective Date of Discharge
 - 1) Reason for Discharge. Causes justifying discharge and any suspension during the discharge proceedings shall include, but are not limited to:
 - A) all those listed as cause for suspension if they become recurring offenses; and
 - B) theft; consuming intoxicating liquors or other illicit drugs on institutional time or property; consuming intoxicating substances resulting in mental impairment at work; malicious damage to property, tools, or equipment; inciting or instigating a physical altercation, or continuing a physical altercation beyond immediate self-defense; immoral or indecent conduct that violates common decency or morality; conduct that is a clear departure from ordinary standards of honesty, good morals, justice, or ethics so as to cause shock to the moral sense of the community.

2) Pre-discharge Proceedings

- A) Notification Procedures. Prior to initiating any proceedings before the Merit Board for the discharge of an employee, the employer shall notify the employee in writing, served upon the employee in person if the employee is present on the job or, otherwise, by an overnight delivery service that requires signature upon receipt to the most recent address of the employee as shown on the employer's records, and also by First Class U.S. Mail, of the employer's intention to initiate the proceedings. The notification shall advise the employee of the substance of the charges proposed to be filed in sufficient detail to inform the employee of the nature of the conduct on which the proposed charges are based. (Note: It is the employee's responsibility to maintain a current mailing address with their his/her employer.) The notification shall also advise the employee that either or both of the following options are available to the employee:
 - i) within 3 workdayswork days after service of the employer's notification, the employee may notify the employer of their his/her decision to require the employer to hold a conference with the employee or their his/her representative for the purposes of responding to the matters contained in the notification and of attempting to achieve a reconciliation or understanding; and

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ii) within 3 workdayswork days after service of notification, the employee may deliver to the employer a written response to the matters contained in the employer's notification; provided that, if the employee elects to require the conference identified in subsection (f)(2)(A)(i), at that conference the employee may request and receive an opportunity to respond further in writing within 3 workdayswork days after the conclusion of the conference.

B) Employer's Decision

- i) Within 7 <u>workdays</u>work days after compliance with the provisions of subsection (f)(2)(A), the employer shall either:
 - notify the employee that no further action will be taken to initiate discharge proceedings with the Merit Board against the employee based solely on the matters contained in the employer's notification; or
 - initiate proceedings before the Merit Board under this subsection (f) seeking the discharge of the employee based solely on the matters contained in the employer's notification.
- ii) The employer's election not to initiate discharge proceedings with the Merit Board shall not preclude the employer from imposing a suspension in accordance with subsection (e) or some lesser penalty.
- C) Excused Absence with Pay. An employee who has been served with an employer's notification as provided in subsection (f)(2)(A) may be placed on <u>an</u> excused absence with pay during all or any part of the period covered by this subsection (f)(2) to provide the employer an opportunity to investigate serious charges.

3) Actual Discharge Proceedings

A) Initiating Discharge Proceedings. Proceedings before the Merit Board seeking the discharge of an employee shall be initiated by the employer by completing and filing a Written Charges for

Discharge form with the Merit Board/University System, employee, legal counsel for the employer, and the employer, setting forth the causes for discharge in sufficient detail to inform the employee of the nature of the conduct on which the charges are based. The Written Charges for Discharge form shall be set forth in separately numbered charges. Also, the employer shall develop and attach a document that contains the dates, names of persons, places and facts necessary to properly allege the cause for discharge. If a breach of duty, statute, or rule of the employer is alleged, the statute, law, or rule shall be cited in connection with the charge. Any and all exhibits that the employer plans to present at the time of the hearing shall be submitted in accordance with subsection (f)(5)(GE) or as appropriate to the circumstances. The exhibits shall not be attached to the Written Charges for Discharge form.

- B) Written Charges for Discharge Form. The Written Charges for Discharge form will be provided by the University System and the employer shall include the following information on the form: employee's contact information as it appears in the employer's records; civil service class and position number; place of employment; charges in numbered format and clearly stated; DER's signature; and the "Proof of Service on Employee" section shall be completed in its entirety. The employer shall also attachshall be accompanied by a "Certification" stating certification by the employer that all procedures set forth in subsection (f)(2) have been followed and that there has been full compliance with any options elected by the employee. The certification shall include the employee's name; civil service class and position number; signed and dated. At the time the Written Charges for Discharge form and the certification are filed with the Merit Board (AUniversity System) office, the employer shall also serve copies upon the employee in person if the employee is present on the job; otherwise, service shall be by an overnight delivery service that requires a signature upon receipt to the most recent address of the employee as shown on the employer's records, and also by First Class U.S. Mail. The employer shall file proof of service with the Merit Board (/University System) office. The DER shall sign the Written Charges for Discharge form to be filed with the Merit Board (University System) and the employer.
- C) Amended Written Charges for Discharge <u>Form</u>. At any time prior to <u>the</u> commencement of the hearing, the Executive Director may

direct or authorize the Written Charges for Discharge form to be amended to correct technical defects or to set forth additional facts or allegations that clarify the subject matter of the original charges. The technical amendments shall relate back to the original proof of service date of the Written Charges for Discharge form. The employer shall serve copies of the Amended Written Charges for Discharge form upon the employee in person if the employee is present on the job; otherwise, service shall be by an overnight delivery service that requires a signature upon receipt to the most recent address of the employee as shown on the employer's records, and also by First Class U.S. Mail. The employer shall file "Proof of Service on Employee" proof of service on employee for the amended charges Amended Charges, on the form provided by the University System, with the Secretary for the Merit Board.

Nothing in this subsection (f)(3)(C) shall change the timing requirements in subsection (f)(5). D) Suspension Without Pay. An employee who has been served with Written Charges for Discharge in accordance with subsections (f)(3)(A) and (B) and/or (C) may be suspended without pay by the employer during all or any part of the period that the discharge proceeding is pending, and until final disposition, if the employer 711 712 is of the opinion that the employee's presence on the job might 713 constitute a substantial risk of injury to life or property, or might 714 cause a disruptive effect on the employer's operations. Any 715 suspension without pay shall become effective on the date the 716 employer serves the Suspension Notice Pending Discharge form 717 upon the employee., The Suspension Notice Pending Discharge formwhich may be served with the Written Charges for Discharge 718 719 form or on any date thereafter, or until a decision is made by the Merit Board. The Suspension Notice Pending Discharge form 720 shall include the following: employee's contact information as it 721 722 appears in the employer's records; civil service class and position number; place of employment; date of suspension; date the Written 723 Charges for Discharge form was served; DER's signature; and 724 725 proof of service on employee shall be completed in its entirety. Service shall be upon the employee in person if the employee is 726 present on the job; otherwise, service shall be by an overnight 727 728 729 recent address of the employee as shown on the employer's 730 731 732 Board (University System), employee, legal counsel for the

delivery service that requires a signature upon receipt to the most records, and also by First Class U.S. Mail. The employer shall file the Suspension Notice Pending Discharge form, with the Merit

employer, and employer with the Merit Board/University System office a copy of the Suspension Notice Pending Discharge and proof of service.

- 4) Effective Date of Discharge When There Is No Request for Hearing.

 Once an employer files the Written Charges for Discharge on the
 employee and the If the employee does not file a written request for a
 hearing with the Secretary for the Merit Board within the required 15
 calendar days from the date specified in the "Proof of Service on
 Employee" section on the Written Charges for Discharge form, the
 employee's discharge shall become effective at the end of the 15-day
 period. No without further action shall be taken by the Merit Board. The
 Secretary for the Merit Board shall promptly notify the employer of the
 employee's failure to file a timely written request for a hearing.
- 5) Written Hearing Request/Timing of Parties' Actions
 - A) Written Request for Hearing. An employee who has been served with Written Charges for Discharge may request a hearing by filing a written request for a hearing with the Secretary for the Merit Board within 15 calendar days from the "Proof of Service on Employee" section on the Written Charges for Discharge form that is the date of either personal delivery or mailing of the Written Charges for Discharge form to the employee. Any request for a hearing must include a postal address, and a telephone number where the employee can be reached, and/or an email address-and where notices to the employee under this subsection (f) shall be sent. If the employee provides has a personal emaile mail address, the employee agrees at which the employee is willing to accept notices under this subsection (f), the employee may also provide that e-mail address. The employee shall notify the Secretary for the Merit Board and the employer of any change to their contactthis notice information. The Secretary for the Merit Board shall immediately acknowledge receipt of the request for a hearing and notify the employer that the employee has filed for a request for a hearing. Thereafter, further proceedings shall be as provided in this subsection (f), and any discharge shall be effective on the date of the Decision and Order of the Merit Board discharge order of the Merit Board, unless otherwise expressly stated in the order.
 - B) Standing Order. The Executive Director may enter any standing orders deemed appropriate for a fair, effective, and efficient discharge process. Any such standing Orders shall be posted on

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the University System's website.

- System shall issue a Notice of Convening of Hearing to the parties of record. This notice shall contain the date, time, and place of the hearing or manner (in-person or via a video conference) at the sole discretion of the Executive Director. The University System may also issue an order providing further instructions to the parties of record.
- D) Requests for <u>Documents Document</u> and Other Tangible Items. Any party may, by written request, direct any other party to produce for inspection, copying, reproduction, photographing, testing, or sampling specified documents, including electronically stored information, objects, or tangible things, relevant to the Written Charges for Discharge or the employee's defense to the charges.
 - i) The request shall specify a reasonable time and place for production or review of the requested items, no fewer than 10 calendar days prior to the scheduled hearing.
 - ii) A party directed to produce documents or other tangible items that <u>areis</u> unable to produce the requested items by the date requested by the other party may file an objection or request an extension of time to produce the requested items. The objection or request for an extension of time shall be sent to the Executive Director and shall state the cause of the anticipated delay.
 - iii) All written requests or objections under this subsection (f)(5)(B) shall be served on the Secretary for the Merit Board at the same time it is served on the other party.
 - iv) All actions taken under this subsection (f)(5)(DB) shall be taken as early as practicable and shall be taken in good faith.
- EC) Evidence Depositions. Upon request to the Executive Director and upon good cause shown (which shall include, but is not restricted to, the potential unavailability of a witness at the time the hearing is scheduled, scheduling or travel arrangement considerations, or agreement of the parties), any party may request a deposition of any witness to be taken for evidence in a hearing. The use of this

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provision shall be severely restricted, and designated as a "last resort" option. If desired, subpoenas may be requested upon application to the Executive Director in a manner consistent with this Part. The deposition shall proceed in the manner provided by law for depositions in civil actions in the circuit courts of the State of Illinois.

- FD) Subpoena Subpoenas. A request Requests for a subpoena subpoenas shall be directed to the Executive Director at least 5 calendar days before the scheduled hearing, unless an exception is granted by the Executive Director. A subpoena Subpoena requests may be granted if reasonably designed to produce or lead to the production of evidence related to the alleged charges, and the terms of compliance are reasonable given the time frames and other circumstances. The party requesting the subpoenasubpoenas shall be responsible for service and costs related to the witness's subpoena of a witness. A subpoena may be served by personal delivery of an executed original to the individual, or by leaving an executed original at the individual's usual place of abode, with some person of the family who is age 13 years or older, provided the server also sends a copy of the subpoena, postage prepaid, addressed to the individual at the individual's usual place of abode. The fees of the witnesses for attendance and travel shall be the same as the fees of witnesses before the circuit courts of the State of Illinois. A subpoena is Subpoenas are effective throughout the course of the proceedings. A request Requests for a subpoenasubpoenas must be submitted in writing and include the following:
 - i) the name of the employee, employer, and case number;
 - ii) the name and address of the witness witnesses sought;
 - iii) date and time of the hearing;
 - <u>ivii</u>) any specific documents the <u>witness</u> will be required to bring; and
 - viii) a brief statement of the relevant facts or testimony that the witnesswitnesses will be providing; and-
 - vi) information regarding the party requesting the subpoena.

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- GE) Witness and <u>Proposed Exhibit Document</u> Lists and <u>Proposed Exhibits Documents</u> for Hearing
 - i) At least 5 <u>workdays</u>ealendar days prior to the hearing, each party shall serve upon the other party and file a copy with the Secretary for the Merit Board, to be submitted to the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer, the following information; to the extent available at that time:
 - a list of the names and addresses of the witnesses the party proposes to call in its case-in-chief; and
 - all documents the <u>employer party</u> proposes to offer in its case-in-chief <u>shall be pre-marked using Arabic numerals</u> (e.g., 1, 2, 3 numbered; and-
 - <u>all documents the employee proposes to offer in its case-in-chief shall be pre-marked using capital English letters (e.g., A, B, C).</u>
 - ii) The University System will provide each party Bates
 numbered documents of all the proposed exhibits Each
 party shall bring to the hearing 4 identical copies of each
 document the party proposes to use at the hearing.
- Commencement of Discharge Hearing. The Executive Director, the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer, the employee, and the employer shall all make good faith efforts to commence the hearing within 10 calendar days after receipt of the employee's written request for a hearing, but in no event shall the hearing commence later than 45 calendar days after service of the Written Charges for Discharge as stated in the proof of service, unless a continuance is granted pursuant to subsection (f)(15)(B). Dilatory tactics or actions will not be permitted. The and the Executive Director, the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer, the employee, and the employer shall all make good faith efforts to conduct the hearings in no more than 3 hearing days, unless justice, due process, and fundamental fairness require otherwise.
- 6) Hearing Proceedings
 - A) Appointment of Hearing Board or Hearing Officer. Upon receipt of the employee's written request for <u>a</u> hearing on the Written

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Charges for Discharge, the Merit Board/University System office shall promptly appoint a Hearing Board or Hearing Officer to hear the charges and the employee's response.

- B) Disqualification of Assigned Hearing Board or Hearing Officer. A Hearing Board or Hearing Officer may be disqualified on grounds of bias or conflict of interest. An adverse ruling, or the fact that a Hearing Board or Hearing Officer has had contact with the University System, by itself, shall not constitute bias or conflict of interest.
 - i) Disclosing a Potential Conflict of Interest. The Hearing Board or Hearing Officer shall communicate with the Executive DirectorSecretary for the Merit Board and all parties immediately upon suspecting that the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer may have a conflict of interest.
 - ii) Whenever any party believes a Hearing Board or Hearing Officer should be disqualified from conducting an assigned proceeding, that party may file a request with the Executive Director to disqualify the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer, setting forth by affidavit the alleged grounds for disqualification, with proof of service on all parties. The Executive Director shall rule and make the final determination on all requests for disqualification.
 - iii) The Executive Director, on their his/her own motion, may disqualify a Hearing Board or Hearing Officer if the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer has deviated from, or failed to comply with, this subsection (f), and such disqualification, in the judgment of the Executive Director, is required for justice, due process, and fundamental fairness.
 - iv) Upon the disqualification of any Hearing Board or Hearing Officer under this subsection (f)(6)(B), a new Hearing Board or Hearing Officer shall be appointed by the Merit Board or by the Executive Director. If the hearing has already been convened, the parties of record shall be notified of the disqualification and the appointment of a new Hearing Board or Hearing Officer. The Executive Director shall make all other such orders as required for justice, due process, and fundamental fairness.

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- C) Role and Responsibilities of the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer.

 The Hearing Board or Hearing Officer shall be responsible for the following activities:
 - i) conduct the pre-hearing conference;
 - ii) facilitate the timely completion of the hearing process, taking necessary steps to avoid delay;
 - iii) establish reasonable limits on the duration of witness testimony;
 - iv) limit repetitive or cumulative testimony;
 - v) rule on motions, objections, or evidentiary questions;
 - vi) hear evidence as presented at the hearing by the employer and the employee on behalf of their respective positions (the evidence may include matters in aggravation, mitigation, and justification, which may pertain to the question of "just cause" for discharge);
 - vii) direct questions to witnesses at any time, but restrict questioning to the clarification of the testimony already presented;
 - viii) prepare and transmit to the Merit Board asigned findings of fact within 15 calendar days after receipt of the transcript and exhibits of the hearing proceedings. The findings of fact shall set forth each of the written charges alleged in the Written Charges for Discharge, including an evaluation of the facts presented by the employer and employee with respect to each charge, and based on this evaluation, a determination as to whether the charges are sufficiently supported by the evidence presented. The findings of fact shall be based exclusively on the evidence and on matters officially noticed. The findings of fact presented by the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer are advisory only to the Merit Board. It is not the role of the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer to determine whether just cause for discharge exists. The determination of just cause is the sole province of the Merit Board; and

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ix) enter any order that further carries out the purpose of this subsection (f)(6)(C).

D) Ex Parte Communications

- i) Except in the disposition of matters authorized by law to entertain or dispose of on an ex parte basis, the Merit Board, the Executive Director, employees of the University System, and the assigned Hearing Board or Hearing Officer shall not, after the Notice of Convening of Hearing has been issued to the parties of record, communicate, directly or indirectly, with any party or the party's representative regarding any issue of fact or with any person or party in connection with any other issue regarding the case, except upon notice and opportunity for all parties to participate. However, the Merit Board, the Executive Director, employees of the University System, and the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer may communicate with each other. Also, members of the Merit Board and the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer may have the aid and advice of one or more personal assistants not associated or affiliated with any party.
- ii) Neither party shall make direct contact with the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer in any manner or for any purpose after the Notice of Convening of Hearing has been issued to the parties of record.
- iii) Communications regarding procedure, including interpretation and application of Section 360 of the Act, subsection (f), and related procedures, are not considered ex parte communications.
- E) Open Hearings. All hearings shall be open to the public unless, upon motion of either party, the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer finds it necessary to close the hearing or parts of the hearing in instances in which personal safety is of concern or when confidential testimony/exhibits are to be referenced or revealed. There shall be a presumption that hearings will be closed only under extraordinary circumstances.

- F) Transcript of Hearing. A transcript of the hearing, including the exhibits admitted at the hearing, shall be made and shall be filed with the Secretary for the Merit Board as soon as possible following the conclusion of the hearing. Transcripts and exhibits will be provided by the Secretary for the Merit Board to all parties simultaneously. No party may request or obtain a copy of the transcript or exhibits of the hearing from the court reporter or any other source. If a party or their his/her representative receives the transcript or exhibits of the hearing from any source other than the Secretary for the Merit Board, the party shall immediately send, without first having read the transcript or exhibits and without retaining any copy, to the Secretary for the Merit Board.
- G) Findings of Fact by the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer. Within 15 calendar days after receipt of the transcript and exhibits from the Secretary for the Merit Board, the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer shall file its findings of fact and any other recommendations with the Secretary for the Merit Board, unless that time is extended by the Executive Director for good cause shown. For the purpose of this subsection (f)(6)(G), good cause shall include, but not be limited to := sickness, required attendance at court proceedings, death, and weather conditions that prevent the members of the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer from meeting.
- H) Failure of Hearing Board or Hearing Officer to Submit Findings of Fact. If, by 15 calendar days after receipt of the transcript and exhibits from the Secretary for the Merit Board, the findings of fact have not been received by the Secretary for the Merit Board, the Executive Director shall either appoint another approved Hearing Board or Hearing Officer that shall then review the record and submit findings of fact within 10 calendar days after the appointment, or the Executive Director shall give written notice to the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer and to all parties to the proceeding that theyhe/she will, within 10 calendar days, discontinue the hearing and commence a new hearing and that the present Hearing Board or Hearing Officer will be dismissed without pay. Within this 10-day period following the Executive Director's notice, the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer can appeal to the Executive Director by showing cause why time should be extended.

- I) Certification of Hearing Record. The Executive Director shall certify as the Hearing Record the Written Charges for Discharge, the Suspension Notice Pending Discharge, the employee's request for a hearing, the transcript and exhibits, the Hearing Board's or Hearing Officer's findings of fact and other recommendations, and other documents that have been filed. Upon certification by the Executive Director, the Secretary for the Merit Board shall, by an overnight delivery service that requires a signature upon receipt, immediately forward a copy of the Hearing Record, along with notice that the Hearing Record has been certified, to all parties of record.
- J) Objections to Hearing Record. Any objections to the form or contents of the Hearing Record, or briefs, abstracts, or excerpts from the Hearing Record, or arguments, motions, or recommendations, relating to the hearing proceedings or the Hearing Record, or requests for further hearing or for permission to supplement further the Hearing Record by other evidence, must be filed with the Secretary for the Merit Board within 14 calendar days after the date of the overnight delivery service that the Hearing Record has been certified, with proof of service on all parties. If such an objection is made, the non-objecting party may file an answer to the objection with the Secretary for the Merit Board within 14 calendar days after the date of the overnight delivery service of the Objection, with proof of service on all parties. No further briefs and/or arguments in response to these filings will be permitted unless expressly authorized by the Executive Director or the Merit Board or its Chair.

7) Conduct of Hearing

A) Pre-hearing Conference. In all hearings, it is recommended that the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer hold a pre-hearing conference immediately preceding the hearing on the first day of the hearing. The Hearing Board or Hearing Officer shall give the parties an opportunity to discuss issues and share information at the pre-hearing conference that will allow them to present their cases in a fair, efficient, and timely manner. Generally, the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer shall conduct the pre-hearing conference for the purpose of achieving one or more of the following points, as determined by the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer on a case-by-case by case basis:

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1118			i)	defining and simplification of the issues;
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1120			ii)	negotiating admissions or stipulations of fact to avoid
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1123			iii)	reviewing each party's witness and exhibit list;
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1125			iv)	limiting redundant witness testimony or duplication of
1126				evidentiary material, if necessary;
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1128			v)	determining the length of time each party will need to
1129				present its case;
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1131			vi)	exchanging exhibits;
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1133			vii)	discussing any matter that may aid in the efficient and
1134				timely disposition of the case; and
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1136			viii)	work with each party to determine if a settlement
1137				agreement can be achieved. If a settlement is reached
1138				during the pre-hearing conference, the hearing shall be
1139				formally convened, and the parameters of the settlement
1140				agreement shall be entered into the record in written form
1141 1142				or by testimony/statement and agreement by each party.
1142 1143		B)	Longt	h of Dra haaring Conference. The length and seems of the
1143 1144		D)	_	h of Pre-hearing Conference. The length and scope of the earing conference are at the discretion of the Hearing Board
1145			-	aring Officer, but should generally be conducted within with a
1145 1146				our one hour timeframe.
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1148	8)	Evide	nce and	Motions
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1150		A)	Admis	ssibility of Evidence
1151		11)	7 IGIIII	solomey of Evidence
1152			i)	As a general matter, the rules of evidence and privilege as
1153			-/	applied in civil cases in the circuit courts of the State of
1154				Illinois shall be followed. However, evidence not
1155				admissible under those rules may be admitted (except when
1156				precluded by statute) if it is of a type commonly relied
1157				upon by reasonably prudent persons in the investigation
1158				and conduct of serious matters of this nature. Irrelevant,
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- ii) Consistent with these requirements and in order to expedite the hearing, any part of the evidence may be received in written form, provided the <u>parties</u> interests of the parties are not jeopardized.
- iii) Employee performance Performance records of the employee or past disciplinary records are admissible and relevant for the purpose of mitigation or aggravation, except if otherwise excluded by a local employer policy or collective bargaining agreement.
- B) Oath or Affirmation. All testimony shall be presented under oath or affirmation.
- C) Objections. Objections to testimony or evidentiary offers shall be noted in the record.
- D) Standard of Proof. The standard of proof applied by the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer when evaluating the charges will be the preponderance of the evidence.
- E) Notice Taken by Hearing Board or Hearing Officer. The Hearing Board or Hearing Officer may, on its own motion or upon motion of one of the parties, take notice of matters of which the circuit courts of the State of Illinois take judicial notice.
- F) Non-Dispositive Motions. The Hearing Board or Hearing Officer has the authority to rule on all motions that do not dispose of the proceedings. Examples of motions that can be ruled on by the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer are motions in limine or motions to suppress evidence. Motions directed at the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer shall be presented at the pre-hearing conference, if possible, and actions taken by the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer shall be entered into the record.
- G) Dispositive Motions. Motions that dispose of the proceedings must be directed to the Merit Board. Examples of motions that are to be directed to the Merit Board are motions to dismiss, motions to decide a proceeding on the merits, or motions claiming lack of jurisdiction. Motions must be filed with the Secretary for the Merit Board within 14 calendar days after the date of the overnight delivery service of the certified Hearing Record. Motions will be

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ruled on by the Merit Board at the Merit Board meeting in which the case is being considered. The filing of a motion of this nature shall not be allowed to cause any delay in the proceedings.

9) Order of Hearing

- A) Convening of Hearing. All hearings shall be convened by and under the control of the Executive Director or authorized representative.
- B) Recording of Pre-hearing Conference Information. The Hearing Board or Hearing Officer shall enter into the record any action taken and any agreements made by the parties as to the matters considered.
- C) Excluding Witnesses from Hearing Room. The Executive Director, or authorized representative, shall request all persons who have been asked to serve as witnesses, other than a party or employer representative, to be excluded from the hearing room while the hearing is in process, except during their own testimony and cross-examination. Except as they-he/she might intervene, or be requested to intervene, the Executive Director, or authorized representative, shall empower the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer to proceed with the hearing in such a manner as to provide the employer and the employee a full opportunity to present their positions to the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer.
- D) Stipulations. Parties may agree by stipulation upon any facts involved in the hearing. The facts stipulated shall be considered as evidence in the hearing. It is the policy of the Merit Board to encourage the stipulation of facts whenever practicable.
- E) Opening Statements. The parties may make a brief opening statement at the beginning of the hearing. The employer shall proceed first, followed by the employee. Opening statements may be waived or may be reserved and presented at the commencement of the party's case-in-chief.
- F) Employer's Case. The employer shall first present its case-inchief, with an opportunity for the employee to cross-examine the employer's witnesses. The employee may be called as an adverse witness during the course of the hearing.

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- G) Employee's Case. The employee shall then present their his/her case-in-chief, with an opportunity for the employer to cross-examine the employee's witnesses.
- H) Rebuttal. Each party may call rebuttal witnesses if found to be necessary by the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer.
- I) Closing Arguments. After both parties have concluded the presentation of their case, the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer may call for a break in the proceedings for up to 30 minutes to allow each party to make final preparations foref their closing argument. After any such break, the parties may make an oral closing argument. The employer shall proceed first, followed by the employee. The employer shall be permitted a brief rebuttal at the end of the employee's closing argument.
- J) Closing the Hearing. The hearing shall be closed when the employer and the employee have had a fair and reasonable opportunity to present their positions to the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer.
- K) Motion for Permission to Make Oral Argument. Oral argument is reserved for presentation of extraordinary matters regarding the discharge case. A party desiring to present oral argument before the Merit Board in cases of discharge must file a Motion to Make Oral Argument with the Secretary for the Merit Board within 14 calendar days after the date of the overnight delivery service of the certified Hearing Record, with proof of service on all parties. The Motion must specifically state the extraordinary issues to be presented, any relevant law, and a synopsis of the argument to be presented. Any Motions without the required information shall not be considered by the Merit Board. The Merit Board will decide whether to grant the Motion for Permission to Make Oral Argument at the same meeting where the case is to be decided. Oral Argument shall not be intended to be a recitation or summary of either party's case as presented at the hearing. The Merit Board's chair has the authority to halt or redirect either party's oral argument as circumstances warrant.
- Failure to Appear. Failure of a party to appear on the date set for the hearing may result in a loss of rights by default.
 - A) Failure to Appear by Employee

- i) A Notice of Convening of Hearing will be sent to all parties of record confirming the date, time, and place of the hearing. If an employee or their his/her representative is not present on the designated hearing date and-time, the Executive Director or authorized representative shall try to make reasonable contact with the employee or their his/her representative immediately. If, within a reasonable time on the hearing date, the Executive Director or authorized representative is unable to contact the employee, the hearing will commence.
- ii) The Executive Director or authorized representative shall commence the hearing with an opening statement. At the conclusion of the opening statement, if the employee or their his/her representative has still failed to appear, the hearing will be suspended for 3 workdayswork days.

 During this 3 workdaywork day period, the Executive Director or authorized representative shall try to make contact with the employee or their his/her representative using the last known address, phone, e-mail or any similar method as shown on the employee's request for a hearing.
- iii) If the employee or their his/her representative cannot be reached within 3 workdays work days or if the employee is unable to produce a reasonable explanation for failure to attend the hearing, the hearing will be closed, and the employee's discharge shall become effective at the end of the 15-day period of the date on the Proof of Service on Employee, as found on the Written Charges for Discharge form, without further action by the Merit Board. The Merit Board/University System office shall notify the parties of record immediately of the action.
- iv) If the employee or their his/her representative has been reached within 3 workdays and has a reasonable explanation for not attending the hearing, the Executive Director or authorized representative shall schedule a new hearing date. A new Notice of Convening of Hearing will be issued to the parties of record, and the Executive Director or authorized representative shall appoint either the same Hearing Board or Hearing Officer or appoint a

new Hearing Board or Hearing Officer to conduct the hearing.

- B) Failure to Appear by Employer. If the employer's representative fails to appear at the hearing and cannot be reached by the end of the next business day, or if the employer is unable to produce a reasonable explanation for the failure to attend the hearing, the hearing will be closed and the employee will be reinstated to their his/her position without loss of compensation as of the Proof of Service on Employee date on the Written Charges for Discharge form.
- C) Reasonable Explanations. Reasonable explanations can include, but are not limited to: injury on the day or preceding day of the scheduled hearing, traffic accident, death or significant injury of a family member, or other cause that is deemed reasonable by the Executive Director or authorized representative. In any event, the party that failed to appear is required to demonstrate that there was a reasonable effort made to contact the Merit Board/University System office.
- 11) Settlement Agreements. Following the request for a hearing by the employee set forth in subsection (f)(5)(A), the employer and the employee may enter into a settlement agreement that may include a suspension of no more than 120 calendar days. Such a suspension is only permissible if the employer files with the Executive DirectorSecretary for the Merit Board the terms of that suspension, which must include a signed waiver of the rights provided by Section 360 of the Act. The employer is otherwise limited to a suspension of no more than 30 calendar days as set forth in subsection (e).
- Final Decision of the Merit Board. In the course of reaching its decision, the Merit Board may request the Executive Director to make recommendations that they deemhe/she deems appropriate with respect to the discharge proceedings. Nothing in this subsection (f)(12) is intended to eliminate or limit the Merit Board's discretion to determine the appropriate disposition on a case-by-case basis. The Merit Board shall enter findings of fact and shall order the following decision and order or any other decision and order it deems appropriate:
 - A) Discharge, if just cause is found to exist. No employee shall be discharged except for just cause. Just cause is defined as some substantial shortcoming that renders the employee's continuance in

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their his/her position in some way detrimental to the discipline and efficiency of the service and that the law and sound public opinion recognize as good cause for the employee no longer holding the position; or

- B) Reinstatement, if just cause for discharge is found not to exist. An employee shall be reinstated as follows:
 - i) Reinstatement with no loss of compensation when none or few of the significant charges are proven and/or when the proven charges do not justify disciplinary action.
 - ii) Reinstatement with an unpaid suspension of a minimum of 3 calendar days to a maximum of 120 calendar days when the proven charges do not rise to the level of just cause for discharge, but some disciplinary action is justified based on the severity of the proven charges. If the Merit Board orders reinstatement with a suspension, any time served while on suspension pending discharge shall be applied towards the fulfillment of the suspension. The Merit Board shall not order a reinstatement with a suspension past the day of the action taken by the Merit Board.
- Final Decision and Order of the Merit Board. The Secretary for the Merit Board shall immediately forward copies of all Merit Board orders to the employer and the employee by an overnight delivery service that requires signature upon receipt. The employer is required to enact the Decision and Order of the Merit Board in a timely manner. No later than 14 calendar days after the date that a copy of the final Notice of Decision and Order of the Merit Board has been served upon the parties, any employee who has been reinstated, as providedprovide in subsection (f)(12)(B), shall be returned to pay status. The employer shall take all other required actions to enact the Decision and Order of the Merit Board within 30 days after the serving of the Notice of Decision and Order of the Merit Board.

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residence or place of business.

15) Time Periods for Proceedings

- A) Requests for Extensions. On the motion of either party with notice to the other party, or by independent action of the Chair of the Merit Board or the Executive Director communicated to both parties, any time period set forth in this subsection (f) may be extended by the Chair of the Merit Board or by the Executive Director for good cause shown. The Executive Director, in their his/her discretion, may grant an extension by written agreement of the parties.
- B) Extensions to be Granted by Executive Director. No extension may be beyond a period established by statute, except for cases in which a written motion for continuance of a scheduled hearing is filed with the Secretary for the Merit Board at least 2 workdays48 hours prior to the time scheduled for hearing, unless an exception is granted by the Executive Director. The moving party must set forth emergency grounds for a continuance, which are limited to unforeseen, unavoidable, or uncontrollable circumstances, such as an Act of God; the sudden illness or death of the movant, a member of their his/her immediate family, or their his/her legal counsel; or if the movant is able to demonstrate some other real and compelling need for additional time. If there is an arrest or criminal indictment of any employee that resulted from an employee's conduct in the course of employment duties, the Executive Director, at the request of the employee, may grant a continuance of hearing pending some resolution of the criminal charges. A requestRequests for a continuancecontinuances must be preceded by contacting the opposing party and asking for agreement to the continuance.
- C) Deadlines That May Be Extended. The time periods set forth in this subsection (f), except for the 15-day period set forth in subsection (f)(5)(AB) and except for any time period provided for seeking administrative review of a final decision of the Merit Board, shall be deemed directory and not mandatory; and no failure to comply with any of the time periods set forth in this subsection (f), except for the 15-day period set forth in subsection (f)(5)(AB) and except for any time period provided for seeking administrative review of a final decision of the Merit Board, shall cause the Merit Board to lose jurisdiction of any matter.

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1463			D)	Weekends and Holidays Holiday. If the last date for filing falls on
1464				a weekend or <u>a</u> legal holiday, the last date for filing is the first
1465				workday business day following that weekend or legal holiday.
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1467		16)	Heari	ing Expenses
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1469			A)	Employer Expenses. All customary and reasonable court reporter
1470				and copying expenses incident to the preparation of the Hearing
1471				Record and providing copies to parties to the proceedings shall be
1472				paid by the employer.
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1474			B)	Merit Board Expenses. The Merit Board will pay all expenses of
1475				the Hearing Board or Hearing Officer and any legal expenses
1476				incurred by a Hearing Board or Hearing Officer, to the extent that
1477				those expenses have been approved by the Merit Board or its
1478				Executive Director. The Merit Board shall determine the
1479				reimbursement rate for the Hearing Board or the Hearing Officer.
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1481	g)	Demo	otion	
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1483		1)	-	of the actions described in this subsection (g)(1) are considered to be
1484				notion when that action has been initiated by the employer. A
1485			demo	tion may occur when a status employee:
1486				
1487			A)	is subject to a reduction in salary in their his/her current position, or
1488				in a position of the same class to which they have he/she has been
1489				reassigned, except when the reduction in pay results from an
1490				overall reduction in pay to persons employed in the same class
1491				and/or when the Merit Board, on the basis of supporting evidence,
1492				determines that the pay potential should be lowered for a class;
1493				
1494			B)	is subject to a reduction in the percentage of time worked;
1495				
1496			C)	is appointed to a position in a lower class in a promotional line;
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1498			D)	is appointed to a position in a class outside a promotional line with
1499				a lower pay potential;
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1501			E)	is given a nonstatus appointment.
1502				
1503		2)		of the actions described in subsection (g)(1) are considered to be a
1504			demo	otion when the action has been initiated, or willingly accepted, by the

1505			emplo	yee.
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1507			A)	Evidence of initiation by, or willing acceptance by, an employee
1508				(i.e., a "voluntary demotion" or "voluntary downgrade" or similar
1509				action) shall be: a statement signed by the employee (to be filed
1510				by the employer with the notice of employment) indicating that the
1511				new appointment is at their his/her request and/or is acceptable to
1512				themhim/her, or the employee applied for, and took, the Civil
1513				Service examination, upon the results of which the new
1514				appointment is based, after the date of certification to their his/her
1515				most recent position.
1516				
1517			B)	Without the evidence indicated in subsection (g)(2)(A), the action
1518				will be considered to have been initiated by the employer and,
1519				therefore, will be considered to be a demotion.
1520				
1521		3)	Any c	lassification plan changes authorized and implemented by the
1522			Unive	rsity System and/or the Merit Board that may result in a lower pay
1523			potent	ial will not be considered a demotion.
1524				
1525		4)	An em	ployer may effectuate a demotion by filing a Notice of Demotion
1526			form v	with the Merit Board and serving a copy of the Notice of Demotion
1527			on the	employee by personally serving the employee, or by an overnight
1528			delive	ry service that requires signature upon receipt, and also by First
1529			Class	U.S. Mail. The Notice of Demotion form shall designate the
1530			positio	on and class to which the employee has been demoted and shall
1531			factua	lly state the causes justifying demotion. The effective date of the
1532				ion shall be the "Proof of Service on Employee" date on the Notice
1533			of Der	motion form. A demotion shall be subject to the same hearing and
1534			review	v procedures as are provided to an employee in the case of a
1535			discha	arge. (See subsection (f).) During any hearing and review
1536			procee	edings, the employee shall be paid the approved rate for the class of
1537			the po	sition to which they have he/she has been demoted, as set forth in the
1538			Notice	e of Demotion form.
1539				
1540		5)	A state	us employee who is demoted by action of the Merit Board to a
1541			positio	on in a class in which they have he/she has never been employed on a
1542			status	appointment shall be placed in a designated class without requiring
1543			furthe	r examination or probationary period.
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1545	h)	Dismi	ssal	
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1547		1)	An en	nployer may dismiss an employee whose name has been certified

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determines, pursuant to Section 250.90(a), that the employee has failed demonstrate the ability and the qualifications necessary to furnish satisfactory service.	1548		and who has been subsequently employed in a status position at any time
demonstrate the ability and the qualifications necessary to furnish satisfactory service. The employer shall notify the Executive Director promptly of dismissing setting forth the reasons for the dismissal.	1549		during the probationary period of employment in a class, if the employer
satisfactory service. 1553 1554 2) The employer shall notify the Executive Director promptly of dismissing setting forth the reasons for the dismissal. 1556	1550		determines, pursuant to Section 250.90(a), that the employee has failed to
1553 1554 2) The employer shall notify the Executive Director promptly of dismissal setting forth the reasons for the dismissal.	1551		demonstrate the ability and the qualifications necessary to furnish
The employer shall notify the Executive Director promptly of dismissal setting forth the reasons for the dismissal.	1552		satisfactory service.
setting forth the reasons for the dismissal. 1556	1553		
1556	1554	2)	The employer shall notify the Executive Director promptly of dismissals,
	1555		setting forth the reasons for the dismissal.
1557 (Source: Amended at 49 Ill. Reg, effective)	1556		
	1557	(Source: Am	ended at 49 Ill. Reg, effective)