

1 AN ACT concerning safety.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 3. The Illinois State Police Law of the Civil
5 Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding Section
6 2605-625 as follows:

7 (20 ILCS 2605/2605-625 new)

8 Sec. 2605-625. Analysis and report of cumulative data
9 concerning stolen firearms or firearms with obliterated serial
10 numbers that were used or alleged to have been used in the
11 commission of offenses. The Illinois State Police shall
12 conduct an analysis of the cumulative data regarding the
13 disposition of cases involving a stolen firearm or a firearm
14 with an obliterated serial number that was used or alleged to
15 have been used in the commission of an offense and make that
16 information available on the Illinois State Police publicly
17 accessible databases. The Illinois State Police shall publish
18 the results of its analysis in a report to the General
19 Assembly, Governor, and Attorney General and shall make the
20 report available on its website.

21 Section 4. The Criminal Identification Act is amended by
22 changing Section 2.1 as follows:

1 (20 ILCS 2630/2.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 206-2.1)

2 Sec. 2.1. For the purpose of maintaining complete and
3 accurate criminal records of the Illinois State Police, it is
4 necessary for all policing bodies of this State, the clerk of
5 the circuit court, the Illinois Department of Corrections, the
6 sheriff of each county, and State's Attorney of each county to
7 submit certain criminal arrest, charge, and disposition
8 information to the Illinois State Police for filing at the
9 earliest time possible. Unless otherwise noted herein, it
10 shall be the duty of all policing bodies of this State, the
11 clerk of the circuit court, the Illinois Department of
12 Corrections, the sheriff of each county, and the State's
13 Attorney of each county to report such information as provided
14 in this Section, both in the form and manner required by the
15 Illinois State Police and within 30 days of the criminal
16 history event. Specifically:

17 (a) Arrest Information. All agencies making arrests
18 for offenses which are required by statute to be
19 collected, maintained or disseminated by the Illinois
20 State Police shall be responsible for furnishing daily to
21 the Illinois State Police fingerprints, charges and
22 descriptions of all persons who are arrested for such
23 offenses. All such agencies shall also notify the Illinois
24 State Police of all decisions by the arresting agency not
25 to refer such arrests for prosecution. With approval of

1 the Illinois State Police, an agency making such arrests
2 may enter into arrangements with other agencies for the
3 purpose of furnishing daily such fingerprints, charges and
4 descriptions to the Illinois State Police upon its behalf.

5 (b) Charge Information. The State's Attorney of each
6 county shall notify the Illinois State Police of all
7 charges filed and all petitions filed alleging that a
8 minor is delinquent, including all those added subsequent
9 to the filing of a case, and whether charges were not filed
10 in cases for which the Illinois State Police has received
11 information required to be reported pursuant to paragraph
12 (a) of this Section. With approval of the Illinois State
13 Police, the State's Attorney may enter into arrangements
14 with other agencies for the purpose of furnishing the
15 information required by this subsection (b) to the
16 Illinois State Police upon the State's Attorney's behalf.

17 (c) Disposition Information. The clerk of the circuit
18 court of each county shall furnish the Illinois State
19 Police, in the form and manner required by the Supreme
20 Court, with all final dispositions of cases for which the
21 Illinois State Police has received information required to
22 be reported pursuant to paragraph (a) or (d) of this
23 Section. Such information shall include, for each charge,
24 all (1) judgments of not guilty, judgments of guilty
25 including the sentence pronounced by the court with
26 statutory citations to the relevant sentencing provision,

1 findings that a minor is delinquent and any sentence made
2 based on those findings, discharges and dismissals in the
3 court; (2) reviewing court orders filed with the clerk of
4 the circuit court which reverse or remand a reported
5 conviction or findings that a minor is delinquent or that
6 vacate or modify a sentence or sentence made following a
7 trial that a minor is delinquent; (3) continuances to a
8 date certain in furtherance of an order of supervision
9 granted under Section 5-6-1 of the Unified Code of
10 Corrections or an order of probation granted under Section
11 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the
12 Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the
13 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act,
14 Section 12-4.3 or subdivision (b)(1) of Section 12-3.05 of
15 the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012,
16 Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug
17 Dependency Act, Section 40-10 of the Substance Use
18 Disorder Act, Section 10 of the Steroid Control Act, or
19 Section 5-615 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987; ~~and~~ (4)
20 judgments or court orders terminating or revoking a
21 sentence to or juvenile disposition of probation,
22 supervision or conditional discharge and any resentencing
23 or new court orders entered by a juvenile court relating
24 to the disposition of a minor's case involving delinquency
25 after such revocation; and (5) in any case in which a
26 firearm is alleged to have been used in the commission of

1 an offense, the serial number of any firearm involved in
2 the case, or if the serial number was obliterated, as
3 provided by the State's Attorney to the clerk of the
4 circuit court at the time of disposition.

5 (d) Fingerprints After Sentencing.

6 (1) After the court pronounces sentence, sentences
7 a minor following a trial in which a minor was found to
8 be delinquent or issues an order of supervision or an
9 order of probation granted under Section 10 of the
10 Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois
11 Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the
12 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act,
13 Section 12-4.3 or subdivision (b)(1) of Section
14 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal
15 Code of 2012, Section 10-102 of the Illinois
16 Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency Act, Section
17 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act, Section 10 of
18 the Steroid Control Act, or Section 5-615 of the
19 Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for any offense which is
20 required by statute to be collected, maintained, or
21 disseminated by the Illinois State Police, the State's
22 Attorney of each county shall ask the court to order a
23 law enforcement agency to fingerprint immediately all
24 persons appearing before the court who have not
25 previously been fingerprinted for the same case. The
26 court shall so order the requested fingerprinting, if

1 it determines that any such person has not previously
2 been fingerprinted for the same case. The law
3 enforcement agency shall submit such fingerprints to
4 the Illinois State Police daily.

5 (2) After the court pronounces sentence or makes a
6 disposition of a case following a finding of
7 delinquency for any offense which is not required by
8 statute to be collected, maintained, or disseminated
9 by the Illinois State Police, the prosecuting attorney
10 may ask the court to order a law enforcement agency to
11 fingerprint immediately all persons appearing before
12 the court who have not previously been fingerprinted
13 for the same case. The court may so order the requested
14 fingerprinting, if it determines that any so sentenced
15 person has not previously been fingerprinted for the
16 same case. The law enforcement agency may retain such
17 fingerprints in its files.

18 (e) Corrections Information. The Illinois Department
19 of Corrections and the sheriff of each county shall
20 furnish the Illinois State Police with all information
21 concerning the receipt, escape, execution, death, release,
22 pardon, parole, commutation of sentence, granting of
23 executive clemency or discharge of an individual who has
24 been sentenced or committed to the agency's custody for
25 any offenses which are mandated by statute to be
26 collected, maintained or disseminated by the Illinois

1 State Police. For an individual who has been charged with
2 any such offense and who escapes from custody or dies
3 while in custody, all information concerning the receipt
4 and escape or death, whichever is appropriate, shall also
5 be so furnished to the Illinois State Police.

6 (Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

7 Section 5. The Firearm Owners Identification Card Act is
8 amended by changing Sections 8.1, 10, and 11 and by adding
9 Section 15c as follows:

10 (430 ILCS 65/8.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-8.1)

11 Sec. 8.1. Notifications to the Illinois State Police.

12 (a) The Circuit Clerk shall, in the form and manner
13 required by the Supreme Court, notify the Illinois State
14 Police of all final dispositions of cases for which the
15 Department has received information reported to it under
16 Sections 2.1 and 2.2 of the Criminal Identification Act.

17 (b) Upon adjudication of any individual as a person with a
18 mental disability as defined in Section 1.1 of this Act or a
19 finding that a person has been involuntarily admitted, the
20 court shall direct the circuit court clerk to immediately
21 notify the Illinois State Police, Firearm Owner's
22 Identification (FOID) department, and shall forward a copy of
23 the court order to the Department.

24 (b-1) Beginning July 1, 2016, and each July 1 and December

1 30 of every year thereafter, the circuit court clerk shall, in
2 the form and manner prescribed by the Illinois State Police,
3 notify the Illinois State Police, Firearm Owner's
4 Identification (FOID) department if the court has not directed
5 the circuit court clerk to notify the Illinois State Police,
6 Firearm Owner's Identification (FOID) department under
7 subsection (b) of this Section, within the preceding 6 months,
8 because no person has been adjudicated as a person with a
9 mental disability by the court as defined in Section 1.1 of
10 this Act or if no person has been involuntarily admitted. The
11 Supreme Court may adopt any orders or rules necessary to
12 identify the persons who shall be reported to the Illinois
13 State Police under subsection (b), or any other orders or
14 rules necessary to implement the requirements of this Act.

15 (c) The Department of Human Services shall, in the form
16 and manner prescribed by the Illinois State Police, report all
17 information collected under subsection (b) of Section 12 of
18 the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities
19 Confidentiality Act for the purpose of determining whether a
20 person who may be or may have been a patient in a mental health
21 facility is disqualified under State or federal law from
22 receiving or retaining a Firearm Owner's Identification Card,
23 or purchasing a weapon.

24 (d) If a person is determined to pose a clear and present
25 danger to himself, herself, or to others:

26 (1) by a physician, clinical psychologist, or

1 qualified examiner, or is determined to have a
2 developmental disability by a physician, clinical
3 psychologist, or qualified examiner, whether employed by
4 the State or privately, then the physician, clinical
5 psychologist, or qualified examiner shall, within 24 hours
6 of making the determination, notify the Department of
7 Human Services that the person poses a clear and present
8 danger or has a developmental disability; or

9 (2) by a law enforcement official or school
10 administrator, then the law enforcement official or school
11 administrator shall, within 24 hours of making the
12 determination, notify the Illinois State Police that the
13 person poses a clear and present danger.

14 The Department of Human Services shall immediately update
15 its records and information relating to mental health and
16 developmental disabilities, and if appropriate, shall under
17 paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of this Section notify the
18 Illinois State Police in a form and manner prescribed by the
19 Illinois State Police. The Illinois State Police shall deny
20 the application or suspend or ~~determine whether to~~ revoke the
21 person's Firearm Owner's Identification Card under Section 8
22 of this Act. Any information disclosed under this subsection
23 shall remain privileged and confidential, and shall not be
24 redisclosed, except as required under subsection (e) of
25 Section 3.1 and subsection (c-5) or (f) of Section 10 of this
26 Act, nor used for any other purpose. The method of providing

1 this information shall guarantee that the information is not
2 released beyond what is necessary for the purpose of these
3 Sections. Reports from the Department of Human Services ~~this~~
4 ~~Section and~~ shall be provided by rule by the Department of
5 Human Services. The identity of the person reporting under
6 paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of this Section shall only not
7 be disclosed to the subject of the report if required by the
8 Board or a court with jurisdiction consistent with proceedings
9 under subsections (c-5) or (f) of Section 10 of this Act.

10 The law enforcement official or school administrator under
11 paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Section shall notify
12 the Illinois State Police in the form and manner prescribed by
13 the Illinois State Police. The Illinois State Police shall
14 determine whether to deny the application or suspend or revoke
15 the person's Firearm Owner's Identification Card under Section
16 8 of this Act. Any information disclosed under this subsection
17 shall remain confidential and shall not be redisclosed or used
18 for any other purpose except as required under subsection (e)
19 of Section 3.1 and subsection (c-5) or (f) of Section 10 of
20 this Act. The method of providing this information shall
21 guarantee that the information is not released beyond what is
22 necessary for the purpose of these Sections. The identity of
23 the person reporting under paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of
24 this Section shall be disclosed only to the subject of the
25 report if required by the Board or a court with jurisdiction
26 consistent with proceedings under subsection (c-5) or (f) of

1 Section 10 this Act.

2 The physician, clinical psychologist, qualified examiner,
3 law enforcement official, or school administrator making the
4 determination and his or her employer shall not be held
5 criminally, civilly, or professionally liable for making or
6 not making the notification required under this subsection,
7 except for willful or wanton misconduct.

8 (e) The Illinois State Police shall adopt rules to
9 implement this Section.

10 (Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

11 (430 ILCS 65/10) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-10)

12 Sec. 10. Appeals; hearing; relief from firearm
13 prohibitions.

14 (a) Whenever an application for a Firearm Owner's
15 Identification Card is denied or whenever such a Card is
16 suspended or revoked ~~or seized~~ as provided for in Section 8,
17 8.2, or 8.3 of this Act, upon complying with the requirements
18 of Section 9.5 of the Act, the aggrieved party may (1) file a
19 record challenge with the Director regarding the record upon
20 which the decision to deny or revoke the Firearm Owner's
21 Identification Card was based under subsection (a-5); or (2)
22 appeal to the Director of the Illinois State Police through
23 December 31, 2022, or beginning January 1, 2023, the Firearm
24 Owner's Identification Card Review Board for a hearing seeking
25 relief from such denial, suspension, or revocation unless the

1 denial, suspension, or revocation was based upon a forcible
2 felony, stalking, aggravated stalking, domestic battery, any
3 violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the
4 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or the
5 Cannabis Control Act that is classified as a Class 2 or greater
6 felony, any felony violation of Article 24 of the Criminal
7 Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or any adjudication
8 as a delinquent minor for the commission of an offense that if
9 committed by an adult would be a felony, in which case the
10 aggrieved party may petition the circuit court in writing in
11 the county of his or her residence for a hearing seeking relief
12 from such denial or revocation.

13 (a-5) There is created a Firearm Owner's Identification
14 Card Review Board to consider any appeal under subsection (a)
15 beginning January 1, 2023, other than an appeal directed to
16 the circuit court and except when the applicant is challenging
17 the record upon which the decision to deny or revoke was based
18 as provided in subsection (a-10).

19 (0.05) In furtherance of the policy of this Act that
20 the Board shall exercise its powers and duties in an
21 independent manner, subject to the provisions of this Act
22 but free from the direction, control, or influence of any
23 other agency or department of State government. All
24 expenses and liabilities incurred by the Board in the
25 performance of its responsibilities hereunder shall be
26 paid from funds which shall be appropriated to the Board

1 by the General Assembly for the ordinary and contingent
2 expenses of the Board.

3 (1) The Board shall consist of 7 members appointed by
4 the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate,
5 with 3 members residing within the First Judicial District
6 and one member residing within each of the 4 remaining
7 Judicial Districts. No more than 4 members shall be
8 members of the same political party. The Governor shall
9 designate one member as the chairperson. The members shall
10 have actual experience in law, education, social work,
11 behavioral sciences, law enforcement, or community affairs
12 or in a combination of those areas.

13 (2) The terms of the members initially appointed after
14 January 1, 2022 (the effective date of Public Act 102-237)
15 shall be as follows: one of the initial members shall be
16 appointed for a term of one year, 3 shall be appointed for
17 terms of 2 years, and 3 shall be appointed for terms of 4
18 years. Thereafter, members shall hold office for 4 years,
19 with terms expiring on the second Monday in January
20 immediately following the expiration of their terms and
21 every 4 years thereafter. Members may be reappointed.
22 Vacancies in the office of member shall be filled in the
23 same manner as the original appointment, for the remainder
24 of the unexpired term. The Governor may remove a member
25 for incompetence, neglect of duty, malfeasance, or
26 inability to serve. Members shall receive compensation in

1 an amount equal to the compensation of members of the
2 Executive Ethics Commission and, beginning July 1, 2023,
3 shall be compensated from appropriations provided to the
4 Comptroller for this purpose. Members may be reimbursed,
5 from funds appropriated for such a purpose, for reasonable
6 expenses actually incurred in the performance of their
7 Board duties. The Illinois State Police shall designate an
8 employee to serve as Executive Director of the Board and
9 provide logistical and administrative assistance to the
10 Board.

11 (3) The Board shall meet at least quarterly each year
12 and at the call of the chairperson as often as necessary to
13 consider appeals of decisions made with respect to
14 applications for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card
15 under this Act. If necessary to ensure the participation
16 of a member, the Board shall allow a member to participate
17 in a Board meeting by electronic communication. Any member
18 participating electronically shall be deemed present for
19 purposes of establishing a quorum and voting.

20 (4) The Board shall adopt rules for the review of
21 appeals and the conduct of hearings. The Board shall
22 maintain a record of its decisions and all materials
23 considered in making its decisions. All Board decisions
24 and voting records shall be kept confidential and all
25 materials considered by the Board shall be exempt from
26 inspection except upon order of a court.

1 (5) In considering an appeal, the Board shall review
2 the materials received concerning the denial or revocation
3 by the Illinois State Police. By a vote of at least 4
4 members, the Board may request additional information from
5 the Illinois State Police or the applicant or the
6 testimony of the Illinois State Police or the applicant.
7 The Board may require that the applicant submit electronic
8 fingerprints to the Illinois State Police for an updated
9 background check if the Board determines it lacks
10 sufficient information to determine eligibility. The Board
11 may consider information submitted by the Illinois State
12 Police, a law enforcement agency, or the applicant. The
13 Board shall review each denial or revocation and determine
14 by a majority of members whether an applicant should be
15 granted relief under subsection (c).

16 (6) The Board shall by order issue summary decisions.
17 The Board shall issue a decision within 45 days of
18 receiving all completed appeal documents from the Illinois
19 State Police and the applicant. However, the Board need
20 not issue a decision within 45 days if:

21 (A) the Board requests information from the
22 applicant, including, but not limited to, electronic
23 fingerprints to be submitted to the Illinois State
24 Police, in accordance with paragraph (5) of this
25 subsection, in which case the Board shall make a
26 decision within 30 days of receipt of the required

1 information from the applicant;

2 (B) the applicant agrees, in writing, to allow the
3 Board additional time to consider an appeal; or

4 (C) the Board notifies the applicant and the
5 Illinois State Police that the Board needs an
6 additional 30 days to issue a decision. The Board may
7 only issue 2 extensions under this subparagraph (C).
8 The Board's notification to the applicant and the
9 Illinois State Police shall include an explanation for
10 the extension.

11 (7) If the Board determines that the applicant is
12 eligible for relief under subsection (c), the Board shall
13 notify the applicant and the Illinois State Police that
14 relief has been granted and the Illinois State Police
15 shall issue the Card.

16 (8) Meetings of the Board shall not be subject to the
17 Open Meetings Act and records of the Board shall not be
18 subject to the Freedom of Information Act.

19 (9) The Board shall report monthly to the Governor and
20 the General Assembly on the number of appeals received and
21 provide details of the circumstances in which the Board
22 has determined to deny Firearm Owner's Identification
23 Cards under this subsection (a-5). The report shall not
24 contain any identifying information about the applicants.

25 (a-10) Whenever an applicant or cardholder is not seeking
26 relief from a firearms prohibition under subsection (c) but

1 rather does not believe the applicant is appropriately denied
2 or revoked and is challenging the record upon which the
3 decision to deny or revoke the Firearm Owner's Identification
4 Card was based, or whenever the Illinois State Police fails to
5 act on an application within 30 days of its receipt, the
6 applicant shall file such challenge with the Director. The
7 Director shall render a decision within 60 business days of
8 receipt of all information supporting the challenge. The
9 Illinois State Police shall adopt rules for the review of a
10 record challenge.

11 (b) At least 30 days before any hearing in the circuit
12 court, the petitioner shall serve the relevant State's
13 Attorney with a copy of the petition. The State's Attorney may
14 object to the petition and present evidence. At the hearing,
15 the court shall determine whether substantial justice has been
16 done. Should the court determine that substantial justice has
17 not been done, the court shall issue an order directing the
18 Illinois State Police to issue a Card. However, the court
19 shall not issue the order if the petitioner is otherwise
20 prohibited from obtaining, possessing, or using a firearm
21 under federal law.

22 (c) Any person prohibited from possessing a firearm under
23 Sections 24-1.1 or 24-3.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 or
24 acquiring a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under Section
25 8 of this Act may apply to the Firearm Owner's Identification
26 Card Review Board or petition the circuit court in the county

1 where the petitioner resides, whichever is applicable in
2 accordance with subsection (a) of this Section, requesting
3 relief from such prohibition and the Board or court may grant
4 such relief if it is established by the applicant to the
5 court's or the Board's satisfaction that:

6 (0.05) when in the circuit court, the State's Attorney
7 has been served with a written copy of the petition at
8 least 30 days before any such hearing in the circuit court
9 and at the hearing the State's Attorney was afforded an
10 opportunity to present evidence and object to the
11 petition;

12 (1) the applicant has not been convicted of a forcible
13 felony under the laws of this State or any other
14 jurisdiction within 20 years of the applicant's
15 application for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card, or
16 at least 20 years have passed since the end of any period
17 of imprisonment imposed in relation to that conviction;

18 (2) the circumstances regarding a criminal conviction,
19 where applicable, the applicant's criminal history and his
20 reputation are such that the applicant will not be likely
21 to act in a manner dangerous to public safety;

22 (3) granting relief would not be contrary to the
23 public interest; and

24 (4) granting relief would not be contrary to federal
25 law.

26 (c-5) (1) An active law enforcement officer employed by a

1 unit of government or a Department of Corrections employee
2 authorized to possess firearms who is denied, revoked, or has
3 his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card seized under
4 subsection (e) of Section 8 of this Act may apply to the
5 Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board requesting
6 relief if the officer or employee did not act in a manner
7 threatening to the officer or employee, another person, or the
8 public as determined by the treating clinical psychologist or
9 physician, and as a result of his or her work is referred by
10 the employer for or voluntarily seeks mental health evaluation
11 or treatment by a licensed clinical psychologist,
12 psychiatrist, or qualified examiner, and:

13 (A) the officer or employee has not received treatment
14 involuntarily at a mental health facility, regardless of
15 the length of admission; or has not been voluntarily
16 admitted to a mental health facility for more than 30 days
17 and not for more than one incident within the past 5 years;
18 and

19 (B) the officer or employee has not left the mental
20 institution against medical advice.

21 (2) The Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board
22 shall grant expedited relief to active law enforcement
23 officers and employees described in paragraph (1) of this
24 subsection (c-5) upon a determination by the Board that the
25 officer's or employee's possession of a firearm does not
26 present a threat to themselves, others, or public safety. The

1 Board shall act on the request for relief within 30 business
2 days of receipt of:

3 (A) a notarized statement from the officer or employee
4 in the form prescribed by the Board detailing the
5 circumstances that led to the hospitalization;

6 (B) all documentation regarding the admission,
7 evaluation, treatment and discharge from the treating
8 licensed clinical psychologist or psychiatrist of the
9 officer;

10 (C) a psychological fitness for duty evaluation of the
11 person completed after the time of discharge; and

12 (D) written confirmation in the form prescribed by the
13 Board from the treating licensed clinical psychologist or
14 psychiatrist that the provisions set forth in paragraph
15 (1) of this subsection (c-5) have been met, the person
16 successfully completed treatment, and their professional
17 opinion regarding the person's ability to possess
18 firearms.

19 (3) Officers and employees eligible for the expedited
20 relief in paragraph (2) of this subsection (c-5) have the
21 burden of proof on eligibility and must provide all
22 information required. The Board may not consider granting
23 expedited relief until the proof and information is received.

24 (4) "Clinical psychologist", "psychiatrist", and
25 "qualified examiner" shall have the same meaning as provided
26 in Chapter I of the Mental Health and Developmental

1 Disabilities Code.

2 (5) No later than January 1, 2026, the Firearm Owner's
3 Identification Card Review Board shall establish a process by
4 which any person who is subject to the provisions of
5 subsection (f) of Section 8 of this Act may request expedited
6 review from the Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review
7 Board.

8 (A) The Board shall disclose to an individual
9 requesting an expedited review any information relating to
10 the individual that was provided by the Department under
11 subsection (d) of Section 8.1, subject to redactions.

12 (B) The individual requesting expedited review may
13 submit to the Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review
14 Board an objection to any redaction made pursuant to
15 subparagraph (A) of paragraph (5) of subsection (c-5) of
16 this Section. The objection must specify the basis for the
17 individual's belief that the redacted information is
18 necessary for a full and fair review.

19 (C) In determining whether information should be
20 unredacted, the Board may consider any relevant factor,
21 including, but not limited to, (i) the extent to which the
22 disclosure of such information is necessary to provide the
23 individual with a meaningful opportunity to understand,
24 respond to, or rebut evidence for the basis for the denial
25 or revocation and (ii) the safety and well-being of any
26 person who, directly or indirectly, is the source or

1 reporter of such information.

2 (D) The Board, Illinois State Police, or the employees
3 and agents of the Board and Illinois State Police
4 participating in this process under this Act shall not be
5 held liable for damages in any civil action arising from
6 the disclosure or non-disclosure of the information
7 released to an individual as part of this process.

8 (c-10) (1) An applicant, who is denied, revoked, or has
9 his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card seized under
10 subsection (e) of Section 8 of this Act based upon a
11 determination of a developmental disability or an intellectual
12 disability may apply to the Firearm Owner's Identification
13 Card Review Board requesting relief.

14 (2) The Board shall act on the request for relief within 60
15 business days of receipt of written certification, in the form
16 prescribed by the Board, from a physician or clinical
17 psychologist, or qualified examiner, that the aggrieved
18 party's developmental disability or intellectual disability
19 condition is determined by a physician, clinical psychologist,
20 or qualified to be mild. If a fact-finding conference is
21 scheduled to obtain additional information concerning the
22 circumstances of the denial or revocation, the 60 business
23 days the Director has to act shall be tolled until the
24 completion of the fact-finding conference.

25 (3) The Board may grant relief if the aggrieved party's
26 developmental disability or intellectual disability is mild as

1 determined by a physician, clinical psychologist, or qualified
2 examiner and it is established by the applicant to the Board's
3 satisfaction that:

4 (A) granting relief would not be contrary to the
5 public interest; and

6 (B) granting relief would not be contrary to federal
7 law.

8 (4) The Board may not grant relief if the condition is
9 determined by a physician, clinical psychologist, or qualified
10 examiner to be moderate, severe, or profound.

11 (5) The changes made to this Section by Public Act 99-29
12 apply to requests for relief pending on or before July 10, 2015
13 (the effective date of Public Act 99-29), except that the
14 60-day period for the Director to act on requests pending
15 before the effective date shall begin on July 10, 2015 (the
16 effective date of Public Act 99-29). All appeals as provided
17 in subsection (a-5) pending on January 1, 2023 shall be
18 considered by the Board.

19 (d) When a minor is adjudicated delinquent for an offense
20 which if committed by an adult would be a felony, the court
21 shall notify the Illinois State Police.

22 (e) The court shall review the denial of an application or
23 the revocation of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card of a
24 person who has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense that
25 if committed by an adult would be a felony if an application
26 for relief has been filed at least 10 years after the

1 adjudication of delinquency and the court determines that the
2 applicant should be granted relief from disability to obtain a
3 Firearm Owner's Identification Card. If the court grants
4 relief, the court shall notify the Illinois State Police that
5 the disability has been removed and that the applicant is
6 eligible to obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

7 (f) Any person who is subject to the disabilities of 18
8 U.S.C. 922(d)(4) and 922(g)(4) of the federal Gun Control Act
9 of 1968 because of an adjudication or commitment that occurred
10 under the laws of this State or who was determined to be
11 subject to the provisions of subsections (e), (f), or (g) of
12 Section 8 of this Act may apply to the Board ~~Illinois State~~
13 ~~Police~~ requesting relief from that prohibition. The Board
14 shall grant the relief if it is established by a preponderance
15 of the evidence that the person will not be likely to act in a
16 manner dangerous to public safety and that granting relief
17 would not be contrary to the public interest. In making this
18 determination, the Board shall receive evidence concerning (i)
19 the circumstances regarding the firearms disabilities from
20 which relief is sought; (ii) the petitioner's mental health
21 and criminal history records, if any; (iii) the petitioner's
22 reputation, developed at a minimum through character witness
23 statements, testimony, or other character evidence; and (iv)
24 changes in the petitioner's condition or circumstances since
25 the disqualifying events relevant to the relief sought.
26 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other

1 law to the contrary, the Illinois State Police shall provide
2 the Board or any court with jurisdiction with all records
3 relevant to the request for relief under Section 8.1. If
4 relief is granted under this subsection or by order of a court
5 under this Section, the Director shall as soon as practicable
6 but in no case later than 15 business days, update, correct,
7 modify, or remove the person's record in any database that the
8 Illinois State Police makes available to the National Instant
9 Criminal Background Check System and notify the United States
10 Attorney General that the basis for the record being made
11 available no longer applies. The Illinois State Police shall
12 adopt rules for the administration of this Section.

13 (Source: P.A. 102-237, eff. 1-1-22; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
14 102-645, eff. 1-1-22; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1115, eff.
15 1-9-23; 102-1129, eff. 2-10-23; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24.)

16 (430 ILCS 65/11) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-11)

17 Sec. 11. Judicial review of final administrative
18 decisions.

19 (a) All final administrative decisions of the Firearm
20 Owner's Identification Card Review Board under this Act,
21 including final administrative decisions of the Firearm
22 Owner's Identification Card Review Board made under the
23 expedited review process established under paragraph (5) of
24 subsection (c-5) of Section 10 of this Act, except final
25 administrative decisions of the Firearm Owner's Identification

1 Card Review Board to deny a person's application for relief
2 under subsection (f) of Section 10 of this Act, shall be
3 subject to judicial review under the provisions of the
4 Administrative Review Law, and all amendments and
5 modifications thereof, and the rules adopted pursuant thereto.
6 The term "administrative decision" is defined as in Section
7 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure. The Illinois State
8 Police or the individual seeking expedited relief may seek
9 judicial review upon receipt of a final administrative
10 decision under paragraph (5) of subsection (c-5) of Section 10
11 of this Act.

12 (b) Any final administrative decision by the Firearm
13 Owner's Identification Card Review Board to deny a person's
14 application for relief under subsection (f) of Section 10 of
15 this Act is subject to de novo judicial review by the circuit
16 court, and any party may offer evidence that is otherwise
17 proper and admissible without regard to whether that evidence
18 is part of the administrative record.

19 (c) The Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board
20 shall submit a report to the General Assembly on March 1 of
21 each year, beginning March 1, 1991, listing all final
22 decisions by a court of this State upholding, reversing, or
23 reversing in part any administrative decision made by the
24 Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board ~~Illinois~~
25 ~~State Police.~~

26 (Source: P.A. 102-237, eff. 1-1-22; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;

1 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

2 (430 ILCS 65/15c new)

3 Sec. 15c. Civil immunity; Board, employees, and agents.

4 The Board and its employees and agents who participate in the
5 process established under this Act and the Illinois State
6 Police and its employees and agents who participate in the
7 process established under this Act shall not be held liable
8 for damages in any civil action arising from the alleged
9 wrongful or improper granting, denying, renewing, revoking,
10 suspending, or failing to grant, deny, renew, revoke, or
11 suspend a Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

12 Section 6. If and only if Senate Bill 8 of the 104th
13 General Assembly becomes law in the form in which it passed the
14 Senate on April 10, 2025, then the Unified Code of Corrections
15 is amended by changing Section 5-4-1 as follows:

16 (730 ILCS 5/5-4-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-1)

17 Sec. 5-4-1. Sentencing hearing.

18 (a) After a determination of guilt, a hearing shall be
19 held to impose the sentence. However, prior to the imposition
20 of sentence on an individual being sentenced for an offense
21 based upon a charge for a violation of Section 11-501 of the
22 Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local
23 ordinance, the individual must undergo a professional

1 evaluation to determine if an alcohol or other drug abuse
2 problem exists and the extent of such a problem. Programs
3 conducting these evaluations shall be licensed by the
4 Department of Human Services. However, if the individual is
5 not a resident of Illinois, the court may, in its discretion,
6 accept an evaluation from a program in the state of such
7 individual's residence. The court shall make a specific
8 finding about whether the defendant is eligible for
9 participation in a Department impact incarceration program as
10 provided in Section 5-8-1.1 or 5-8-1.3, and if not, provide an
11 explanation as to why a sentence to impact incarceration is
12 not an appropriate sentence. The court may in its sentencing
13 order recommend a defendant for placement in a Department of
14 Corrections substance abuse treatment program as provided in
15 paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of Section 3-2-2 conditioned
16 upon the defendant being accepted in a program by the
17 Department of Corrections. At the hearing the court shall:

18 (1) consider the evidence, if any, received upon the
19 trial;

20 (2) consider any presentence reports;

21 (3) consider the financial impact of incarceration
22 based on the financial impact statement filed with the
23 clerk of the court by the Department of Corrections;

24 (4) consider evidence and information offered by the
25 parties in aggravation and mitigation;

26 (4.5) consider substance abuse treatment, eligibility

1 screening, and an assessment, if any, of the defendant by
2 an agent designated by the State of Illinois to provide
3 assessment services for the Illinois courts;

4 (5) hear arguments as to sentencing alternatives;

5 (6) afford the defendant the opportunity to make a
6 statement in his own behalf;

7 (7) afford the victim of a violent crime or a
8 violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code,
9 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the
10 opportunity to present an oral or written statement, as
11 guaranteed by Article I, Section 8.1 of the Illinois
12 Constitution and provided in Section 6 of the Rights of
13 Crime Victims and Witnesses Act. The court shall allow a
14 victim to make an oral statement if the victim is present
15 in the courtroom and requests to make an oral or written
16 statement. An oral or written statement includes the
17 victim or a representative of the victim reading the
18 written statement. The court may allow persons impacted by
19 the crime who are not victims under subsection (a) of
20 Section 3 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act
21 to present an oral or written statement. A victim and any
22 person making an oral statement shall not be put under
23 oath or subject to cross-examination. All statements
24 offered under this paragraph (7) shall become part of the
25 record of the court. In this paragraph (7), "victim of a
26 violent crime" means a person who is a victim of a violent

1 crime for which the defendant has been convicted after a
2 bench or jury trial or a person who is the victim of a
3 violent crime with which the defendant was charged and the
4 defendant has been convicted under a plea agreement of a
5 crime that is not a violent crime as defined in subsection
6 (c) of 3 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act;

7 (7.5) afford a qualified person affected by: (i) a
8 violation of Section 405, 405.1, 405.2, or 407 of the
9 Illinois Controlled Substances Act or a violation of
10 Section 55 or Section 65 of the Methamphetamine Control
11 and Community Protection Act; or (ii) a Class 4 felony
12 violation of Section 11-14, 11-14.3 except as described in
13 subdivisions (a) (2) (A) and (a) (2) (B), 11-15, 11-17, 11-18,
14 11-18.1, or 11-19 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
15 Criminal Code of 2012, committed by the defendant the
16 opportunity to make a statement concerning the impact on
17 the qualified person and to offer evidence in aggravation
18 or mitigation; provided that the statement and evidence
19 offered in aggravation or mitigation shall first be
20 prepared in writing in conjunction with the State's
21 Attorney before it may be presented orally at the hearing.
22 Sworn testimony offered by the qualified person is subject
23 to the defendant's right to cross-examine. All statements
24 and evidence offered under this paragraph (7.5) shall
25 become part of the record of the court. In this paragraph
26 (7.5), "qualified person" means any person who: (i) lived

1 or worked within the territorial jurisdiction where the
2 offense took place when the offense took place; or (ii) is
3 familiar with various public places within the territorial
4 jurisdiction where the offense took place when the offense
5 took place. "Qualified person" includes any peace officer
6 or any member of any duly organized State, county, or
7 municipal peace officer unit assigned to the territorial
8 jurisdiction where the offense took place when the offense
9 took place;

10 (8) in cases of reckless homicide afford the victim's
11 spouse, guardians, parents or other immediate family
12 members an opportunity to make oral statements;

13 (9) in cases involving a felony sex offense as defined
14 under the Sex Offender Management Board Act, consider the
15 results of the sex offender evaluation conducted pursuant
16 to Section 5-3-2 of this Act; and

17 (10) make a finding of whether a motor vehicle was
18 used in the commission of the offense for which the
19 defendant is being sentenced. ~~and~~

20 ~~(11) make a finding of whether a firearm with a serial~~
21 ~~number reported as stolen on the Illinois State Police~~
22 ~~publicly accessible stolen firearms database was used in~~
23 ~~the commission of the offense for which the defendant is~~
24 ~~being sentenced.~~

25 (b) All sentences shall be imposed by the judge based upon
26 his independent assessment of the elements specified above and

1 any agreement as to sentence reached by the parties. The judge
2 who presided at the trial or the judge who accepted the plea of
3 guilty shall impose the sentence unless he is no longer
4 sitting as a judge in that court. Where the judge does not
5 impose sentence at the same time on all defendants who are
6 convicted as a result of being involved in the same offense,
7 the defendant or the State's Attorney may advise the
8 sentencing court of the disposition of any other defendants
9 who have been sentenced.

10 (b-1) In imposing a sentence of imprisonment or periodic
11 imprisonment for a Class 3 or Class 4 felony for which a
12 sentence of probation or conditional discharge is an available
13 sentence, if the defendant has no prior sentence of probation
14 or conditional discharge and no prior conviction for a violent
15 crime, the defendant shall not be sentenced to imprisonment
16 before review and consideration of a presentence report and
17 determination and explanation of why the particular evidence,
18 information, factor in aggravation, factual finding, or other
19 reasons support a sentencing determination that one or more of
20 the factors under subsection (a) of Section 5-6-1 of this Code
21 apply and that probation or conditional discharge is not an
22 appropriate sentence.

23 (c) In imposing a sentence for a violent crime or for an
24 offense of operating or being in physical control of a vehicle
25 while under the influence of alcohol, any other drug or any
26 combination thereof, or a similar provision of a local

1 ordinance, when such offense resulted in the personal injury
2 to someone other than the defendant, the trial judge shall
3 specify on the record the particular evidence, information,
4 factors in mitigation and aggravation or other reasons that
5 led to his sentencing determination. The full verbatim record
6 of the sentencing hearing shall be filed with the clerk of the
7 court and shall be a public record.

8 (c-1) In imposing a sentence for the offense of aggravated
9 kidnapping for ransom, home invasion, armed robbery,
10 aggravated vehicular hijacking, aggravated discharge of a
11 firearm, or armed violence with a category I weapon or
12 category II weapon, the trial judge shall make a finding as to
13 whether the conduct leading to conviction for the offense
14 resulted in great bodily harm to a victim, and shall enter that
15 finding and the basis for that finding in the record.

16 (c-1.5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
17 contrary, in imposing a sentence for an offense that requires
18 a mandatory minimum sentence of imprisonment, the court may
19 instead sentence the offender to probation, conditional
20 discharge, or a lesser term of imprisonment it deems
21 appropriate if: (1) the offense involves the use or possession
22 of drugs, retail theft, or driving on a revoked license due to
23 unpaid financial obligations; (2) the court finds that the
24 defendant does not pose a risk to public safety; and (3) the
25 interest of justice requires imposing a term of probation,
26 conditional discharge, or a lesser term of imprisonment. The

1 court must state on the record its reasons for imposing
2 probation, conditional discharge, or a lesser term of
3 imprisonment.

4 (c-2) If the defendant is sentenced to prison, other than
5 when a sentence of natural life imprisonment is imposed, at
6 the time the sentence is imposed the judge shall state on the
7 record in open court the approximate period of time the
8 defendant will serve in custody according to the then current
9 statutory rules and regulations for sentence credit found in
10 Section 3-6-3 and other related provisions of this Code. This
11 statement is intended solely to inform the public, has no
12 legal effect on the defendant's actual release, and may not be
13 relied on by the defendant on appeal.

14 The judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the
15 sentence, other than when the sentence is imposed for one of
16 the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(4) of Section 3-6-3,
17 shall include the following:

18 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of
19 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in
20 prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of
21 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois
22 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of
23 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this
24 case, assuming the defendant receives all of his or her
25 sentence credit, the period of estimated actual custody is ...
26 years and ... months, less up to 180 days additional earned

1 sentence credit. If the defendant, because of his or her own
2 misconduct or failure to comply with the institutional
3 regulations, does not receive those credits, the actual time
4 served in prison will be longer. The defendant may also
5 receive an additional one-half day sentence credit for each
6 day of participation in vocational, industry, substance abuse,
7 and educational programs as provided for by Illinois statute."

8 When the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses
9 enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of Section 3-6-3, other than
10 first degree murder, and the offense was committed on or after
11 June 19, 1998, and when the sentence is imposed for reckless
12 homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the
13 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the
14 offense was committed on or after January 1, 1999, and when the
15 sentence is imposed for aggravated driving under the influence
16 of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or
17 compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in
18 subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section
19 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and when the sentence is
20 imposed for aggravated arson if the offense was committed on
21 or after July 27, 2001 (the effective date of Public Act
22 92-176), and when the sentence is imposed for aggravated
23 driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs,
24 or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination
25 thereof as defined in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of
26 subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code

1 committed on or after January 1, 2011 (the effective date of
2 Public Act 96-1230), the judge's statement, to be given after
3 pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following:

4 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of
5 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in
6 prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of
7 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois
8 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of
9 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this
10 case, the defendant is entitled to no more than 4 1/2 days of
11 sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of
12 imprisonment. Therefore, this defendant will serve at least
13 85% of his or her sentence. Assuming the defendant receives 4
14 1/2 days credit for each month of his or her sentence, the
15 period of estimated actual custody is ... years and ...
16 months. If the defendant, because of his or her own misconduct
17 or failure to comply with the institutional regulations
18 receives lesser credit, the actual time served in prison will
19 be longer."

20 When a sentence of imprisonment is imposed for first
21 degree murder and the offense was committed on or after June
22 19, 1998, the judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing
23 the sentence, shall include the following:

24 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of
25 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in
26 prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of

1 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois
2 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of
3 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this
4 case, the defendant is not entitled to sentence credit.
5 Therefore, this defendant will serve 100% of his or her
6 sentence."

7 When the sentencing order recommends placement in a
8 substance abuse program for any offense that results in
9 incarceration in a Department of Corrections facility and the
10 crime was committed on or after September 1, 2003 (the
11 effective date of Public Act 93-354), the judge's statement,
12 in addition to any other judge's statement required under this
13 Section, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, shall
14 include the following:

15 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of
16 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in
17 prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of
18 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois
19 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of
20 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this
21 case, the defendant shall receive no earned sentence credit
22 under clause (3) of subsection (a) of Section 3-6-3 until he or
23 she participates in and completes a substance abuse treatment
24 program or receives a waiver from the Director of Corrections
25 pursuant to clause (4.5) of subsection (a) of Section 3-6-3."

26 (c-4) Before the sentencing hearing and as part of the

1 presentence investigation under Section 5-3-1, the court shall
2 inquire of the defendant whether the defendant is currently
3 serving in or is a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United
4 States. If the defendant is currently serving in the Armed
5 Forces of the United States or is a veteran of the Armed Forces
6 of the United States and has been diagnosed as having a mental
7 illness by a qualified psychiatrist or clinical psychologist
8 or physician, the court may:

9 (1) order that the officer preparing the presentence
10 report consult with the United States Department of
11 Veterans Affairs, Illinois Department of Veterans'
12 Affairs, or another agency or person with suitable
13 knowledge or experience for the purpose of providing the
14 court with information regarding treatment options
15 available to the defendant, including federal, State, and
16 local programming; and

17 (2) consider the treatment recommendations of any
18 diagnosing or treating mental health professionals
19 together with the treatment options available to the
20 defendant in imposing sentence.

21 For the purposes of this subsection (c-4), "qualified
22 psychiatrist" means a reputable physician licensed in Illinois
23 to practice medicine in all its branches, who has specialized
24 in the diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders
25 for a period of not less than 5 years.

26 (c-6) In imposing a sentence, the trial judge shall

1 specify, on the record, the particular evidence and other
2 reasons which led to his or her determination that a motor
3 vehicle was used in the commission of the offense.

4 (c-7) In imposing a sentence for a Class 3 or 4 felony,
5 other than a violent crime as defined in Section 3 of the
6 Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act, the court shall
7 determine and indicate in the sentencing order whether the
8 defendant has 4 or more or fewer than 4 months remaining on his
9 or her sentence accounting for time served.

10 (d) When the defendant is committed to the Department of
11 Corrections, the State's Attorney shall and counsel for the
12 defendant may file a statement with the clerk of the court to
13 be transmitted to the department, agency or institution to
14 which the defendant is committed to furnish such department,
15 agency or institution with the facts and circumstances of the
16 offense for which the person was committed together with all
17 other factual information accessible to them in regard to the
18 person prior to his commitment relative to his habits,
19 associates, disposition and reputation and any other facts and
20 circumstances which may aid such department, agency or
21 institution during its custody of such person. The clerk shall
22 within 10 days after receiving any such statements transmit a
23 copy to such department, agency or institution and a copy to
24 the other party, provided, however, that this shall not be
25 cause for delay in conveying the person to the department,
26 agency or institution to which he has been committed.

1 (e) The clerk of the court shall transmit to the
2 department, agency or institution, if any, to which the
3 defendant is committed, the following:

4 (1) the sentence imposed;

5 (2) any statement by the court of the basis for
6 imposing the sentence;

7 (3) any presentence reports;

8 (3.3) the person's last known complete street address
9 prior to incarceration or legal residence, the person's
10 race, whether the person is of Hispanic or Latino origin,
11 and whether the person is 18 years of age or older;

12 (3.5) any sex offender evaluations;

13 (3.6) any substance abuse treatment eligibility
14 screening and assessment of the defendant by an agent
15 designated by the State of Illinois to provide assessment
16 services for the Illinois courts;

17 (4) the number of days, if any, which the defendant
18 has been in custody and for which he is entitled to credit
19 against the sentence, which information shall be provided
20 to the clerk by the sheriff;

21 (4.1) any finding of great bodily harm made by the
22 court with respect to an offense enumerated in subsection
23 (c-1);

24 (5) all statements filed under subsection (d) of this
25 Section;

26 (6) any medical or mental health records or summaries

1 of the defendant;

2 (7) the municipality where the arrest of the offender
3 or the commission of the offense has occurred, where such
4 municipality has a population of more than 25,000 persons;

5 (8) all statements made and evidence offered under
6 paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of this Section; and

7 (9) all additional matters which the court directs the
8 clerk to transmit.

9 (f) In cases in which the court finds that a motor vehicle
10 was used in the commission of the offense for which the
11 defendant is being sentenced, the clerk of the court shall,
12 within 5 days thereafter, forward a report of such conviction
13 to the Secretary of State.

14 ~~(g) In cases in which the court finds that a firearm with a~~
15 ~~serial number reported as stolen on the Illinois State Police~~
16 ~~publicly accessible database was used in the commission of the~~
17 ~~offense for which the defendant is being sentenced, the clerk~~
18 ~~of the court shall, within 5 days thereafter, forward a report~~
19 ~~of such conviction to the Illinois State Police Division of~~
20 ~~Justice Services.~~

21 (Source: P.A. 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 103-18, eff. 1-1-24;
22 103-51, eff. 1-1-24; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24; 10400SB0008eng.)

23 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
24 becoming law, except that Sections 3 and 4 take effect on
25 January 1, 2026 and Section 6 takes effect upon becoming law or
26 on the date Senate Bill 8 of the 104th General Assembly takes

1 effect, whichever is later.