

HB1383



104TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2025 and 2026

HB1383

Introduced 1/28/2025, by Rep. Ryan Spain and Tony M. McCombie

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates an income tax deduction for gratuities that are included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. Effective immediately.

LRB104 06045 HLH 16078 b

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
15 the sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
10 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
11 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned
24 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the
26 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of

1 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
2 2000;

3 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
4 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
5 costs that the individual deducted in computing
6 adjusted gross income and for which the individual
7 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

8 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
9 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
10 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
11 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code;

13 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
14 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
16 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
17 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
18 deductions taken in all taxable years under
19 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
21 the last day of the last tax year for which a
22 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
23 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
24 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
25 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
26 equal to that subtraction modification.

1 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
2 modification under this subparagraph only once with
3 respect to any one piece of property;

4 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
5 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
6 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the same unitary business group but for the
10 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
11 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
20 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
21 extent that dividends were included in base income of
22 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
23 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
24 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
25 included in gross income under Sections 951 through
26 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included

1 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal
2 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same
3 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
4 incurred.

5 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

6 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
8 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
9 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
10 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
11 with respect to such interest; or

12 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
14 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
15 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the person, during the same taxable
18 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
19 to a person that is not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
22 person did not have as a principal purpose the
23 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
24 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
25 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
26 terms; or

1 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
2 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
3 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
4 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
5 and terms and the principal purpose for the
6 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
7 or

8 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
11 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
12 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
13 to the application or use of an alternative method
14 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
16 Director from making any other adjustment
17 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
18 for any tax year beginning after the effective
19 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
20 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
21 Department and such regulations provide methods
22 and standards by which the Department will utilize
23 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

24 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
25 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
26 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
3 foreign person who would be a member of the same
4 unitary business group but for the fact that the
5 foreign person's business activity outside the United
6 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
7 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
9 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
10 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
11 from being included in the unitary business group
12 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
13 business income under different subsections of Section
14 304. The addition modification required by this
15 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
16 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
17 group for the same taxable year and received by the
18 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
19 business group (including amounts included in gross
20 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income
22 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with
23 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the
24 intangible expenses and costs were directly or
25 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
26 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same

1 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
2 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of
3 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
4 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
6 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
7 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
8 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
10 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
11 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
12 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
13 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
14 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
15 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
16 similar types of intangible assets.

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
21 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
24 with respect to such item; or

25 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
2 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person during the same taxable
5 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
6 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
7 not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
9 intangible expense or cost between the
10 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
11 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
12 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
13 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
14 or

15 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
18 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
20 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
21 writing to the application or use of an
22 alternative method of apportionment under Section
23 304(f);

24 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
25 Director from making any other adjustment
26 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act

1 for any tax year beginning after the effective
2 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
3 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
4 Department and such regulations provide methods
5 and standards by which the Department will utilize
6 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

7 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
9 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
10 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
13 business group but for the fact that the person is
14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
15 included in the unitary business group because he or
16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
17 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
18 addition modification required by this subparagraph
19 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
20 included in base income of the unitary group for the
21 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
23 (including amounts included in gross income under
24 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
25 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
26 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the

1 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
2 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
3 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
4 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
5 the addition modification required under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this
7 Act;

8 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
9 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
10 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
11 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
12 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
13 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
14 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
15 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal
16 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section
17 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
18 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
19 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
21 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
22 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
23 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
24 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
25 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
26 adopts and determines that its offering materials

1 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
2 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
3 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
4 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
5 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
6 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
7 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
8 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
9 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
10 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

11 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
12 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
13 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
14 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
15 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
16 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
17 participants in its offering materials or makes a
18 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
19 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
20 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
21 out-of-state program distributes its offering
22 materials;

23 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
25 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
26 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from

1 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
2 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
3 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c) (1) (B)
4 of the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
6 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
7 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the
9 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to
10 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base
11 income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

12 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
14 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or
15 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
16 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
17 State to an ABLE account established under an
18 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
19 the contribution component of the transferred amount
20 that was previously deducted from base income under
21 subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this
22 Section;

23 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
25 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
26 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of

1 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
2 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
3 education institution, an amount equal to the
4 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
5 or refund that was previously deducted from base
6 income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section,
7 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result
8 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For
9 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:
10 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or
11 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State
12 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition
13 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 administered by the State, an amount equal to the
15 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
16 or refund that was previously deducted from base
17 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and
18 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund
19 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of
20 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
21 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an
22 amount equal to the contribution component of the
23 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously
24 deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(HH)
25 of this Section;

26 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

1 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
2 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
3 Act;

4 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
6 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 for the taxable year;

8 (D-25) In the case of a resident, an amount equal
9 to the amount of tax for which a credit is allowed
10 pursuant to Section 201(p)(7) of this Act;

11 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
12 following amounts:

13 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
14 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
15 any compensation (including but not limited to any
16 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
17 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
18 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
19 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
20 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
21 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
22 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
23 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
24 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
25 United States Code as a member of the Illinois
26 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending

1 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of
2 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total
4 in respect of any compensation (including but not
5 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a
6 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in
7 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member
8 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
9 States and in respect of any compensation paid or
10 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee
11 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in
12 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001
13 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the
14 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the
16 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of
17 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions
18 of Section 250;

19 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in
20 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
21 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and
22 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such
23 total as distributions under the provisions of any
24 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
25 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
26 retired partners, which payments are excluded in

1 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
2 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
3 adopted pursuant thereto;

4 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

5 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
6 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
7 and included in such total for the taxable year;

8 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in
9 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111
10 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items
11 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the
12 computation of taxable income;

13 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
14 such total which were paid by a corporation which
15 conducts business operations in a River Edge
16 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
17 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
18 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
19 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
20 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
22 such total that were paid by a corporation that
23 conducts business operations in a federally designated
24 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
25 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
26 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in

1 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
2 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
3 this subparagraph (K);

4 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
5 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
6 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
7 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code;

9 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
10 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
11 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
12 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
13 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
14 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
16 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
17 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
18 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending
19 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of
20 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
21 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
22 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
24 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
25 250;

26 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in

1 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
2 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
3 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
4 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
5 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
6 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
7 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
8 net of bond premium amortization;

9 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
10 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
11 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

12 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
13 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
14 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
15 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
16 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
17 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
18 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
19 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

20 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
21 such total, received by the taxpayer as an
22 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or
23 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would
24 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal
25 illness;

26 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or

1 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

2 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
3 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
4 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
5 medical care savings account established under the
6 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
7 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
8 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
9 as provided in that Act;

10 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
11 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned
12 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account
13 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
14 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
15 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
16 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

17 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
18 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
19 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
20 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
21 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
22 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

23 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
24 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
25 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
26 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed

1 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
2 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
3 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
4 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that
5 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term
6 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on
8 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and
9 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to
10 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
11 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
12 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
13 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
14 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
15 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
16 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
17 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
18 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
19 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
20 times a number that represents the fractional
21 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
22 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
23 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

24 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after
25 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the
26 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year

1 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth
2 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
5 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
6 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
7 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
8 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
9 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
10 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
11 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
12 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
13 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
14 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
16 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
17 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
18 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
19 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
20 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
21 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
22 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
23 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
24 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
25 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
26 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this

1 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
2 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
3 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
4 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
5 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
6 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
7 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
8 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
9 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
10 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after
12 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
13 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a
14 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
15 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from
16 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
17 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
18 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
19 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
20 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
21 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
22 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
23 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
24 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
26 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes

1 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
2 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
3 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
4 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
5 from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
18 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

19 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
20 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
21 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (3) for taxable years ending after December
24 31, 2005:

25 (i) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
3 by 0.429);

4 (ii) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 1.0;

8 (iii) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
11 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
12 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
13 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
14 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
16 depreciation on that property; and

17 (iv) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
19 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
20 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
21 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
22 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
23 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
24 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
25 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
26 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

1 The aggregate amount deducted under this
2 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
3 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
4 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
6 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
7 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
10 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
11 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
12 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
13 an amount equal to that addition modification.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which a
16 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
17 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
18 required in any taxable year to make an addition
19 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
20 equal to that addition modification.

21 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
22 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
23 one piece of property.

24 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,

1 other than salary, received by a driver in a
2 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

3 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
4 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
5 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
6 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
7 modification with respect to such transaction under
8 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
9 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
10 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
11 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
12 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
13 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
14 that is required to make an addition modification with
15 respect to such transaction under Section
16 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
17 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
18 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
19 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
21 into account for the taxable year (net of the
22 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
23 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
25 for the fact that the foreign person's business
26 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of

1 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
2 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
3 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
4 business group but for the fact that the person is
5 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
6 included in the unitary business group because he or
7 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
8 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
9 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
10 made for the same taxable year under Section
11 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
13 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions
14 of Section 250;

15 (EF) An amount equal to the income from intangible
16 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
17 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
20 for the fact that the foreign person's business
21 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
22 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
23 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
24 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
25 business group but for the fact that the person is
26 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being

1 included in the unitary business group because he or
2 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
3 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
4 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
5 made for the same taxable year under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is
9 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
11 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of
12 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court
13 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State
14 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
17 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
18 add back any insurance premiums under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
20 that part of a reimbursement received from the
21 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
22 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
23 company) that would have been taken into account as a
24 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
25 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
26 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph

1 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
2 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
3 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This
4 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of
5 Section 250;

6 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
7 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2028, a maximum
8 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
9 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
10 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
11 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
12 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not
13 be considered moneys contributed under this
14 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph
15 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of
16 an employee, or matching contributions made by an
17 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;

18 (II) For taxable years that begin on or after
19 January 1, 2021 and begin before January 1, 2026, the
20 amount that is included in the taxpayer's federal
21 adjusted gross income pursuant to Section 61 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code as discharge of indebtedness
23 attributable to student loan forgiveness and that is
24 not excluded from the taxpayer's federal adjusted
25 gross income pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection
26 (f) of Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code;

1 (JJ) For taxable years beginning on or after
2 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
3 operating in this State and licensed under the
4 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
5 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
6 organization operating in this State and licensed
7 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
8 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
9 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
10 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
11 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
12 this subparagraph (JJ) are exempt from the provisions
13 of Section 250; ~~and~~

14 (KK) To the extent includible in gross income for
15 federal income tax purposes, any amount awarded or
16 paid to the taxpayer as a result of a judgment or
17 settlement for fertility fraud as provided in Section
18 15 of the Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, donor
19 fertility fraud as provided in Section 20 of the
20 Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, or similar action in
21 another state; ~~and~~

22 (LL) For taxable years beginning on or after
23 January 1, 2026, if the taxpayer is a qualified
24 worker, as defined in the Workforce Development
25 through Charitable Loan Repayment Act, an amount equal
26 to the amount included in the taxpayer's federal

1 adjusted gross income that is attributable to student
2 loan repayment assistance received by the taxpayer
3 during the taxable year from a qualified community
4 foundation under the provisions of the Workforce
5 Development ~~through~~ ~~Through~~ Charitable Loan Repayment
6 Act.

7 This subparagraph (LL) is exempt from the
8 provisions of Section 250;~~;~~

9 (MM) ~~(LL)~~ For taxable years beginning on or after
10 January 1, 2025, if the taxpayer is an eligible
11 resident as defined in the Medical Debt Relief Act, an
12 amount equal to the amount included in the taxpayer's
13 federal adjusted gross income that is attributable to
14 medical debt relief received by the taxpayer during
15 the taxable year from a nonprofit medical debt relief
16 coordinator under the provisions of the Medical Debt
17 Relief Act. This subparagraph (MM) ~~(LL)~~ is exempt from
18 the provisions of Section 250; and ~~;~~

19 (NN) For taxable years beginning on or after
20 January 1, 2026, an amount equal to the amount of
21 gratuities included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted
22 gross income for the taxable year; as used in this
23 subparagraph (NN), "gratuities" has the meaning given
24 to that term in Section 3 of the Minimum Wage Law; this
25 subparagraph (NN) is exempt from the provisions of
26 Section 250.

1 (b) Corporations.

2 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
3 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
4 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

5 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
6 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
7 of the following amounts:

8 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
9 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
10 received from regulated investment companies during
11 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
12 income in the computation of taxable income;

13 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
14 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
15 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
16 year;

17 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
18 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
19 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the
20 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as
21 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under
23 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
24 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
25 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing

1 law and is not a new enactment);

2 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
3 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
4 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
5 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

6 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
7 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
8 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
9 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
10 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
11 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
12 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
13 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
14 year, with the following limitations applied in the
15 order that they are listed:

16 (i) the addition modification relating to the
17 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
18 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
19 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
20 of addition modification under this subparagraph
21 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
22 which was taken into account in calculating the
23 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

24 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
25 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
26 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to

1 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
2 such carryback or carryforward;

3 For taxable years in which there is a net
4 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
5 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
6 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
7 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
8 computed independently under the preceding provisions
9 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

10 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
11 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
12 costs that the corporation deducted in computing
13 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation
14 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

15 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
16 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
17 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
18 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
19 the Internal Revenue Code;

20 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
21 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
22 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
23 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
24 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
25 deductions taken in all taxable years under
26 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

1 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
2 the last day of the last tax year for which a
3 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
4 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
5 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
6 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
7 equal to that subtraction modification.

8 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
9 modification under this subparagraph only once with
10 respect to any one piece of property;

11 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
12 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
13 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
16 member of the same unitary business group but for the
17 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
18 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
19 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
20 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
21 who would be a member of the same unitary business
22 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
23 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
24 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
25 required to apportion business income under different
26 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification

1 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
2 extent that dividends were included in base income of
3 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
4 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
5 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
6 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
7 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
8 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
10 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
11 accrued, or incurred.

12 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

13 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
15 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
16 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
17 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
18 with respect to such interest; or

19 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
21 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
22 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
23 following:

24 (a) the person, during the same taxable
25 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
26 to a person that is not a related member, and

1 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
2 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
3 person did not have as a principal purpose the
4 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
5 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
6 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
7 terms; or

8 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
9 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
10 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
11 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
12 and terms and the principal purpose for the
13 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
14 or

15 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
17 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
18 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
19 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
20 to the application or use of an alternative method
21 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

22 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
23 Director from making any other adjustment
24 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
25 for any tax year beginning after the effective
26 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is

1 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
2 Department and such regulations provide methods
3 and standards by which the Department will utilize
4 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

5 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
6 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
7 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
10 foreign person who would be a member of the same
11 unitary business group but for the fact that the
12 foreign person's business activity outside the United
13 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
14 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
16 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
17 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
18 from being included in the unitary business group
19 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
20 business income under different subsections of Section
21 304. The addition modification required by this
22 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
23 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
24 group for the same taxable year and received by the
25 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
26 business group (including amounts included in gross

1 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
3 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
4 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
5 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
6 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
7 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
8 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
9 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
10 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
11 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
12 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
13 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
14 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
15 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
17 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
18 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
19 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
20 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
21 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
22 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
23 similar types of intangible assets.

24 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

25 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
2 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
3 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
4 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
5 with respect to such item; or

6 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
9 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
10 following:

11 (a) the person during the same taxable
12 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
13 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
14 not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 intangible expense or cost between the
17 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
18 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
19 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
20 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
21 or

22 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
25 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
26 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;

1 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
2 writing to the application or use of an
3 alternative method of apportionment under Section
4 304(f);

5 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
6 Director from making any other adjustment
7 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
8 for any tax year beginning after the effective
9 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
10 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
11 Department and such regulations provide methods
12 and standards by which the Department will utilize
13 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

14 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
16 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
17 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
19 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
20 business group but for the fact that the person is
21 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
22 included in the unitary business group because he or
23 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
24 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
25 addition modification required by this subparagraph
26 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were

1 included in base income of the unitary group for the
2 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
4 (including amounts included in gross income under
5 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
6 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
7 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
8 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
9 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
10 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
11 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
12 the addition modification required under Section
13 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this
14 Act;

15 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
16 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
17 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
18 to a real estate investment trust under Section
19 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for
20 dividends paid;

21 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
22 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
23 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
24 Act;

25 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction

1 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
2 for the taxable year;

3 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December
4 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
5 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
6 Code for the taxable year;

7 (E-19) for taxable years ending on or after June
8 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
9 under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
10 Code for the taxable year;

11 (E-20) for taxable years ending on or after June
12 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
13 under Sections 243(e) and 245A(a) of the Internal
14 Revenue Code for the taxable year;

15 (E-21) the amount that is claimed as a federal
16 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
17 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
18 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
19 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
20 Tax Credit Act;

21 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
22 following amounts:

23 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
24 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
25 and included in such total for the taxable year;

26 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such

1 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

2 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
3 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
4 dividends as defined in subsection (b)(5) of Section
5 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
6 for the taxable year;

7 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
8 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
9 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
10 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
11 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
12 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
13 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
14 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
15 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
16 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
17 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
18 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
19 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
20 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
21 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
22 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
24 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
25 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
26 the case of a life insurance company with gross income

1 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
2 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
3 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
4 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
5 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
6 from the provisions of Section 250;

7 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in
8 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
9 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
10 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
11 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
12 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
13 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
14 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
15 net of bond premium amortization;

16 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
17 such total which were paid by a corporation which
18 conducts business operations in a River Edge
19 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
20 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
21 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
22 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
23 the provisions of Section 250;

24 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
25 such total that were paid by a corporation that
26 conducts business operations in a federally designated

1 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
2 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
3 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
4 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
5 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
6 this subparagraph (L);

7 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
8 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
9 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
10 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
11 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
12 property which is eligible for the River Edge
13 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
14 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
15 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
16 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
17 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
18 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)
19 investment credit property which secures the loan or
20 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
21 such property on the date that it was placed in service
22 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction
23 modification available to the taxpayer in any year
24 under this subsection shall be that portion of the
25 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
26 such loan attributable to the eligible property as

1 calculated under the previous sentence. This
2 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
5 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
6 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
7 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
8 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
9 property which is eligible for the High Impact
10 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion
11 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible
12 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the
13 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
14 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
15 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)
16 investment credit property which secures the loan or
17 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
18 such property on the date that it was placed in service
19 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
20 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is
21 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph
22 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be
23 eligible for the deduction provided under this
24 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification
25 available to taxpayers in any year under this
26 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest

1 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
2 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
3 under the previous sentence;

4 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
5 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
6 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
7 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
8 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)
9 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by
10 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
11 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
12 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment
13 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250;

15 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
16 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a
17 percentage equal to the percentage allowable under
18 Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
19 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of
20 the amount by which dividends included in taxable
21 income and received from a corporation that is not
22 created or organized under the laws of the United
23 States or any state or political subdivision thereof,
24 including, for taxable years ending on or after
25 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
26 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951

1 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the
2 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph
3 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is
4 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
6 received from a captive real estate investment trust;
7 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
8 included in taxable income and received, including,
9 for taxable years ending on or after December 31,
10 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or
11 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years
13 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
14 received from a captive real estate investment trust,
15 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that
16 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of
17 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the
18 affiliated group which includes the dividend
19 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification
20 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
21 this subsection (b) which is related to such
22 dividends. For taxable years ending on or after June
23 30, 2021, (i) for purposes of this subparagraph, the
24 term "dividend" does not include any amount treated as
25 a dividend under Section 1248 of the Internal Revenue
26 Code, and (ii) this subparagraph shall not apply to

1 dividends for which a deduction is allowed under
2 Section 245(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This
3 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
4 Section 250 of this Act;

5 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
6 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
7 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

8 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
9 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
10 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
11 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code;

13 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
14 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
15 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
16 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
17 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
18 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
19 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
20 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
21 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
22 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
23 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
24 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250;

26 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December

1 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
2 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
3 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
4 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
5 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
6 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
7 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
8 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
9 provisions of Section 250;

10 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
11 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
12 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
13 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
14 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
15 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

16 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
17 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
19 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
20 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
21 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
22 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

23 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
24 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
25 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
26 0.429); and

1 (3) for taxable years ending after December
2 31, 2005:

3 (i) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
7 by 0.429);

8 (ii) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11 1.0;

12 (iii) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
14 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
15 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
16 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
17 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
18 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
19 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
20 depreciation on that property; and

21 (iv) for property on which a bonus
22 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
23 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
24 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
25 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
26 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation

1 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
2 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
3 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
4 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

5 The aggregate amount deducted under this
6 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
7 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
8 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
9 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
10 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
11 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
12 Section 250;

13 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
14 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
15 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
16 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
17 equal to that addition modification.

18 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
19 the last day of the last tax year for which a
20 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
21 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
22 required in any taxable year to make an addition
23 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
24 equal to that addition modification.

25 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
26 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any

1 one piece of property.

2 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250;

4 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
5 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
6 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
7 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
8 modification with respect to such transaction under
9 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
10 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
11 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
12 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
13 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
14 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
15 that is required to make an addition modification with
16 respect to such transaction under Section
17 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
18 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
19 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
20 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
21 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
22 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make
23 an addition modification with respect to such
24 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
25 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
26 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that

1 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
2 from the provisions of Section 250;

3 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
4 into account for the taxable year (net of the
5 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
6 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
8 for the fact that the foreign person's business
9 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
10 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
11 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
13 business group but for the fact that the person is
14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
15 included in the unitary business group because he or
16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
17 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
18 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
19 made for the same taxable year under Section
20 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
22 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of
23 Section 250;

24 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
25 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
26 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to

1 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
2 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
3 for the fact that the foreign person's business
4 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
5 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
6 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
7 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
8 business group but for the fact that the person is
9 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
10 included in the unitary business group because he or
11 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
12 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
13 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
14 made for the same taxable year under Section
15 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
17 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is
18 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
20 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
21 add back any insurance premiums under Section
22 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
23 that part of a reimbursement received from the
24 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
25 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
26 company) that would have been taken into account as a

1 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
2 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
3 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
4 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
5 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
6 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
7 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
10 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
11 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the
12 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without
13 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue
14 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss
15 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the
16 provisions of Section 250; and

17 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
18 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
19 operating in this State and licensed under the
20 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
21 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
22 organization operating in this State and licensed
23 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
24 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
25 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
26 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be

1 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
2 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
3 of Section 250.

4 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2)(A),
5 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,
6 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and
7 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross
8 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years
9 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all
10 amounts included in life insurance gross income under
11 Section 803(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

12 (c) Trusts and estates.

13 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
14 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
15 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

16 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
17 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
18 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
19 following amounts:

20 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
21 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
22 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
23 in the computation of taxable income;

24 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
25 trust which, under its governing instrument, is

1 required to distribute all of its income currently,
2 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
3 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
4 the computation of taxable income;

5 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
6 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
7 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
8 year;

9 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
10 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
11 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
12 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

13 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
14 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
15 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
16 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
17 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
18 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
19 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
20 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
21 the following limitations applied in the order that
22 they are listed:

23 (i) the addition modification relating to the
24 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
25 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
26 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount

1 of addition modification under this subparagraph
2 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
3 which was taken into account in calculating the
4 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

5 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
6 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
7 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
8 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
9 such carryback or carryforward;

10 For taxable years in which there is a net
11 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
12 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
13 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
14 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
15 computed independently under the preceding provisions
16 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

17 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January
18 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant
19 to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
20 trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes
21 of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601
22 of this Act;

23 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
24 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
25 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
26 computation of taxable income;

1 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
2 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
3 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing
4 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or
5 estate claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section
6 201;

7 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
11 the Internal Revenue Code; and

12 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
13 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
15 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
16 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
17 deductions taken in all taxable years under
18 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which a
21 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
22 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
23 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
24 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

1 modification under this subparagraph only once with
2 respect to any one piece of property;

3 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
4 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the same unitary business group but for the
9 fact that the foreign person's business activity
10 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
20 extent that dividends were included in base income of
21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
24 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
25 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
26 included in gross income under Section 78 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
2 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
3 accrued, or incurred.

4 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

5 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
7 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
8 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
9 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
10 with respect to such interest; or

11 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
13 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
14 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
15 following:

16 (a) the person, during the same taxable
17 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
18 to a person that is not a related member, and

19 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
20 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
21 person did not have as a principal purpose the
22 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
23 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
24 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
25 terms; or

26 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on

1 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
2 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
3 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
4 and terms and the principal purpose for the
5 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
6 or

7 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
9 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
10 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
11 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
12 to the application or use of an alternative method
13 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

14 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
15 Director from making any other adjustment
16 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
17 for any tax year beginning after the effective
18 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
19 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
20 Department and such regulations provide methods
21 and standards by which the Department will utilize
22 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

23 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
24 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
25 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
2 foreign person who would be a member of the same
3 unitary business group but for the fact that the
4 foreign person's business activity outside the United
5 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
6 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
8 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
9 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
10 from being included in the unitary business group
11 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
12 business income under different subsections of Section
13 304. The addition modification required by this
14 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
15 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
16 group for the same taxable year and received by the
17 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
18 business group (including amounts included in gross
19 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
21 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
22 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
23 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
24 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
25 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
26 dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
2 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
3 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
4 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
5 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
6 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
7 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
9 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
10 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
11 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
12 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
13 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
14 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
15 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

16 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

17 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
20 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
21 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
22 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
23 with respect to such item; or

24 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based

1 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
2 following:

3 (a) the person during the same taxable
4 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
5 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
6 not a related member, and

7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
8 intangible expense or cost between the
9 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
10 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
11 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
12 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
13 or

14 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
17 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
18 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
19 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
20 writing to the application or use of an
21 alternative method of apportionment under Section
22 304(f);

23 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
24 Director from making any other adjustment
25 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
26 for any tax year beginning after the effective

1 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
2 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
3 Department and such regulations provide methods
4 and standards by which the Department will utilize
5 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

6 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
8 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
9 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
11 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
12 business group but for the fact that the person is
13 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
14 included in the unitary business group because he or
15 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
16 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
17 addition modification required by this subparagraph
18 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
19 included in base income of the unitary group for the
20 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
22 (including amounts included in gross income under
23 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
24 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
25 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
26 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs

1 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
2 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
3 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
4 the addition modification required under Section
5 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this
6 Act;

7 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
8 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
9 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
10 Act;

11 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
13 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 for the taxable year;

15 (G-17) the amount that is claimed as a federal
16 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
17 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
18 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
19 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
20 Tax Credit Act;

21 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
22 following amounts:

23 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in
24 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
25 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408
26 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total

1 as distributions under the provisions of any
2 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
3 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
4 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
5 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
6 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
7 adopted pursuant thereto;

8 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

9 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
10 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
11 and included in such total for the taxable year;

12 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
13 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
14 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
15 taxation by this State either by reason of its
16 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the
17 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United
18 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of
19 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or
20 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,
21 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond
22 premium amortization;

23 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
24 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
25 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
26 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,

1 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
2 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
4 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
5 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
6 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
7 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
8 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
9 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
10 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
11 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
12 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
13 250;

14 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
15 such total which were paid by a corporation which
16 conducts business operations in a River Edge
17 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
18 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
19 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
20 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from
21 the provisions of Section 250;

22 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
23 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
24 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

25 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
26 such total that were paid by a corporation that

1 conducts business operations in a federally designated
2 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
3 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
4 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
5 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
6 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
7 this subparagraph (O);

8 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
9 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
10 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
11 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code;

13 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
14 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
15 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
16 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
17 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
18 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
19 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
20 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
21 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
22 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
23 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
24 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
25 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
26 during, and immediately after World War II, including,

1 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
2 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
3 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
4 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
5 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
6 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
7 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
8 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
9 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
10 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
11 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
12 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
13 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
14 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
15 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
16 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
17 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
18 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
19 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
21 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
22 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
23 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
24 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
25 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

26 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation

1 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
2 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
3 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
4 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
5 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
6 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

7 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
8 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
9 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
10 0.429); and

11 (3) for taxable years ending after December
12 31, 2005:

13 (i) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
15 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
16 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
17 by 0.429);

18 (ii) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
21 1.0;

22 (iii) for property on which a bonus
23 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
24 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
25 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
26 depreciation deduction that would be allowed

1 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
2 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
4 depreciation on that property; and

5 (iv) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
7 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
8 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
9 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
10 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
11 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
12 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
13 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
14 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

15 The aggregate amount deducted under this
16 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
17 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
18 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
19 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
20 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
21 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
22 Section 250;

23 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
24 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
25 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
26 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount

1 equal to that addition modification.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which a
4 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
5 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
6 required in any taxable year to make an addition
7 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
8 equal to that addition modification.

9 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
10 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
11 one piece of property.

12 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250;

14 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
15 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
16 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
17 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
18 modification with respect to such transaction under
19 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
20 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
21 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
22 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
23 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
24 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
25 that is required to make an addition modification with
26 respect to such transaction under Section

1 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
2 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
3 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
4 from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
6 into account for the taxable year (net of the
7 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
8 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
10 for the fact the foreign person's business activity
11 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
20 addition modification required to be made for the same
21 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
22 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
24 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

25 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
26 property taken into account for the taxable year (net

1 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
4 for the fact that the foreign person's business
5 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
6 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
7 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
14 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
15 made for the same taxable year under Section
16 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs
17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
18 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is
19 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
21 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
22 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
23 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
24 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
25 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt
26 from Section 250;

1 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
2 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
3 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
4 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
5 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
7 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
8 add back any insurance premiums under Section
9 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
10 that part of a reimbursement received from the
11 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
12 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
13 company) that would have been taken into account as a
14 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
15 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
16 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
17 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
18 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
19 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
20 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250;

22 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
23 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
24 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a
25 deduction by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal
26 Revenue Code; and

1 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
2 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
3 operating in this State and licensed under the
4 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
5 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
6 organization operating in this State and licensed
7 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
8 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
9 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
10 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
11 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
12 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
13 of Section 250.

14 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
15 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
16 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
17 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
18 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently
19 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal
20 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

21 (d) Partnerships.

22 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
23 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
24 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

25 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in

1 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
2 of the following amounts:

3 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
4 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
5 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
6 in the computation of taxable income;

7 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
8 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
9 the taxable year;

10 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
11 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the
12 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
13 income;

14 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
15 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
16 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
17 computation of taxable income;

18 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
19 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
20 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
21 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
22 the Internal Revenue Code;

23 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
24 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
25 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
26 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then

1 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
2 deductions taken in all taxable years under
3 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

4 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
5 the last day of the last tax year for which a
6 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
7 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
8 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
9 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
10 equal to that subtraction modification.

11 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
12 modification under this subparagraph only once with
13 respect to any one piece of property;

14 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
15 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
16 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the same unitary business group but for the
20 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
21 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
22 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
24 who would be a member of the same unitary business
25 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
26 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the

1 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
2 required to apportion business income under different
3 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
4 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
5 extent that dividends were included in base income of
6 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
7 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
8 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
9 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
10 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
11 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
13 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
14 accrued, or incurred.

15 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

16 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
18 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
19 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
20 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
21 with respect to such interest; or

22 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
24 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
25 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person, during the same taxable
2 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
3 to a person that is not a related member, and

4 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
5 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
6 person did not have as a principal purpose the
7 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
8 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
9 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
10 terms; or

11 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
12 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
13 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
14 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
15 and terms and the principal purpose for the
16 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
17 or

18 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
20 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
21 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
22 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
23 to the application or use of an alternative method
24 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

25 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
26 Director from making any other adjustment

1 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
2 for any tax year beginning after the effective
3 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
4 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
5 Department and such regulations provide methods
6 and standards by which the Department will utilize
7 its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

8 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
9 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
10 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
13 foreign person who would be a member of the same
14 unitary business group but for the fact that the
15 foreign person's business activity outside the United
16 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
17 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
19 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
20 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
21 from being included in the unitary business group
22 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
23 business income under different subsections of Section
24 304. The addition modification required by this
25 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
26 dividends were included in base income of the unitary

1 group for the same taxable year and received by the
2 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
3 business group (including amounts included in gross
4 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
6 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
7 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
8 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
9 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
10 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
11 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
12 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
13 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
14 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
15 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
16 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
17 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
18 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
20 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
21 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
22 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
23 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
24 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
25 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
26 similar types of intangible assets;

1 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

2 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
5 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
6 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
7 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
8 with respect to such item; or

9 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
12 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
13 following:

14 (a) the person during the same taxable
15 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
16 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
17 not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 intangible expense or cost between the
20 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
21 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
22 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
23 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
24 or

25 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
2 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
3 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
4 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
5 writing to the application or use of an
6 alternative method of apportionment under Section
7 304(f);

8 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
9 Director from making any other adjustment
10 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
11 for any tax year beginning after the effective
12 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
13 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
14 Department and such regulations provide methods
15 and standards by which the Department will utilize
16 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

17 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
19 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
20 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
22 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
23 business group but for the fact that the person is
24 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
25 included in the unitary business group because he or
26 she is ordinarily required to apportion business

1 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
2 addition modification required by this subparagraph
3 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
4 included in base income of the unitary group for the
5 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
6 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
7 (including amounts included in gross income under
8 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
10 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
11 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
12 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
13 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
14 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
15 the addition modification required under Section
16 203(d) (2) (D-7) or Section 203(d) (2) (D-8) of this Act;

17 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
18 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
19 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
20 Act;

21 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
23 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
24 for the taxable year;

25 (D-12) the amount that is claimed as a federal
26 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal

1 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
2 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
3 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
4 Tax Credit Act;

5 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
6 amounts:

7 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

8 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
9 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
10 and included in such total for the taxable year;

11 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
12 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
13 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
14 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
15 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
16 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
17 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
18 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
19 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
20 net of bond premium amortization;

21 (H) Any income of the partnership which
22 constitutes personal service income as defined in
23 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
24 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
25 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
26 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;

1 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
2 Section 250;

3 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
4 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
5 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
6 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
7 including amounts distributable to organizations
8 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
9 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
10 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
12 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
13 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
14 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
15 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
16 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
17 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
18 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
19 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
21 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
22 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
23 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
24 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
25 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
26 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section

1 250;

2 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
3 such total which were paid by a corporation which
4 conducts business operations in a River Edge
5 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
6 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
7 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
8 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
9 the provisions of Section 250;

10 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
11 job training project established pursuant to the Real
12 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

13 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
14 such total that were paid by a corporation that
15 conducts business operations in a federally designated
16 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
17 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
18 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
19 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
20 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
21 this subparagraph (M);

22 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
23 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
24 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
25 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
26 the Internal Revenue Code;

1 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
2 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
3 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
4 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
5 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
6 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

7 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
8 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
9 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
10 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
11 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
12 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
13 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

14 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
15 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
16 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
17 0.429); and

18 (3) for taxable years ending after December
19 31, 2005:

20 (i) for property on which a bonus
21 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
22 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
23 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
24 by 0.429);

25 (ii) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 1.0;

3 (iii) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
6 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
7 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
8 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
9 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
10 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
11 depreciation on that property; and

12 (iv) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
14 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
15 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
16 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
17 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
18 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
19 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
20 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
21 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

22 The aggregate amount deducted under this
23 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
24 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
25 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
26 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection

1 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
2 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
5 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
6 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
7 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
8 equal to that addition modification.

9 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
10 the last day of the last tax year for which a
11 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
12 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
13 required in any taxable year to make an addition
14 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
15 equal to that addition modification.

16 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
17 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
18 one piece of property.

19 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250;

21 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
22 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
23 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
24 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
25 modification with respect to such transaction under
26 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),

1 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
2 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
3 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
4 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
5 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
6 that is required to make an addition modification with
7 respect to such transaction under Section
8 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
9 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
10 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
11 from Section 250;

12 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
13 into account for the taxable year (net of the
14 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
15 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
17 for the fact that the foreign person's business
18 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
19 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
20 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
21 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
22 business group but for the fact that the person is
23 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
24 included in the unitary business group because he or
25 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
26 income under different subsections of Section 304, but

1 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
2 made for the same taxable year under Section
3 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
5 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

6 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
7 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
8 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
9 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
11 for the fact that the foreign person's business
12 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
13 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
14 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
15 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
16 business group but for the fact that the person is
17 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
18 included in the unitary business group because he or
19 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
20 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
21 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
22 made for the same taxable year under Section
23 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,
24 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the
25 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from
26 Section 250;

1 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
2 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
3 add back any insurance premiums under Section
4 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
5 that part of a reimbursement received from the
6 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
7 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
8 company) that would have been taken into account as a
9 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
10 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
11 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
12 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
13 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
14 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This
15 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
16 Section 250; and

17 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after
18 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
19 operating in this State and licensed under the
20 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
21 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
22 organization operating in this State and licensed
23 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
24 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
25 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
26 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be

1 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
2 this subparagraph (U) are exempt from the provisions
3 of Section 250.

4 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

5 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
6 (2) and subsection (b)(3), for purposes of this Section
7 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
8 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
9 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
10 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
11 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
12 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
13 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
15 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
16 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
17 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
18 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
19 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
20 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount
21 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
22 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income
24 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
25 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition

1 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
2 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
3 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
4 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
5 addition modification must be made under those
6 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
7 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
8 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
9 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
10 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code.

12 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of
13 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable
14 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

15 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
16 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
17 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
18 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
19 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
20 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
21 Internal Revenue Code;

22 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
23 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
24 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
25 insurance company taxable income;

26 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of

1 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
2 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
3 investment company taxable income;

4 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
5 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax
6 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,
7 real estate investment trust taxable income;

8 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
9 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group
10 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax
11 return for the taxable year for federal income tax
12 purposes, taxable income determined as if such
13 corporation had filed a separate return for federal
14 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each
15 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an
16 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,
17 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be
18 determined as if the election provided by Section
19 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in
20 effect for all such years;

21 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
22 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
23 organization determined in accordance with the
24 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the
26 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage

1 activities against income from nonpatronage
2 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or
3 association may make an election to follow its federal
4 income tax treatment of patronage losses and
5 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is
6 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over
7 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section
8 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment
9 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois
10 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which
11 the losses are incurred. The election shall be
12 effective for all taxable years with original returns
13 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,
14 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,
15 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the
16 election shall be effective for losses incurred or
17 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to
18 the date of the election. Once made, the election may
19 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The
20 Department shall adopt rules setting forth
21 requirements for documenting the elections and any
22 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
23 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
24 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
25 existing law;

26 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)

1 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
2 effect an election for the taxable year under Section
3 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income
4 of such corporation determined in accordance with
5 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
6 that taxable income shall take into account those
7 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
8 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and
9 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
10 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions
11 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have
12 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules
13 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of
14 such corporation determined in accordance with the
15 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,
16 1982; and

17 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
18 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
19 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
20 income shall take into account those items which are
21 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
22 but which would be taken into account by an individual
23 in calculating his taxable income.

24 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
25 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
26 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or

1 business has been classified as business income and in a
2 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
3 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
4 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
5 related to that asset or business that generated the
6 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
7 business income in the year of the disposition of the
8 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to
9 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction
10 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act
11 for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment
12 fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of
13 this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately
14 preceding taxable years.

15 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

16 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
17 referred to in subsections (a)(2)(G), (c)(2)(I) and
18 (d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

19 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
20 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
21 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
23 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;
24 plus

25 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,

1 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
2 capital gain) for all property in respect of which
3 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes
4 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for
5 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount
6 of such gain included in the amount determined under
7 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

8 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

9 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
10 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on
11 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
12 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the
13 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's
14 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that
15 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
16 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
17 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
18 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
19 such property.

20 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
21 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
22 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
23 amount for such property is that amount which bears
24 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of
25 the property for federal income tax purposes for the
26 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in

1 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
2 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
3 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
4 period for the property.

5 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
6 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
7 purposes of this paragraph.

8 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
9 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
10 to be deducted more than once.

11 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
12 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
13 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
14 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
15 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
16 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
17 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
18 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
19 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

20 (Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21;
21 102-658, eff. 8-27-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1112, eff.
22 12-21-22; 103-8, eff. 6-7-23; 103-478, eff. 1-1-24; 103-592,
23 Article 10, Section 10-900, eff. 6-7-24; 103-592, Article 170,
24 Section 170-90, eff. 6-7-24; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24; 103-647,

1 eff. 7-1-24; revised 8-20-24.)

2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
3 becoming law.