



104TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2025 and 2026

HB1752

Introduced 1/28/2025, by Rep. Brad Stephens

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates an income tax deduction for any amounts paid by the taxpayer's employer on behalf of the taxpayer as part of an educational assistance program. Creates an income tax deduction for any amounts paid by the taxpayer on behalf of an employee of the taxpayer as part of an educational assistance program. Provides that the deductions are limited to the first \$5,250 of such assistance so furnished to any individual. Effective immediately.

LRB104 08500 HLH 18552 b

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
15 the sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
10 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
11 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned
24 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the
26 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of

1 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
2 2000;

3 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
4 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
5 costs that the individual deducted in computing
6 adjusted gross income and for which the individual
7 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

8 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
9 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
10 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
11 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code;

13 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
14 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
16 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
17 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
18 deductions taken in all taxable years under
19 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
21 the last day of the last tax year for which a
22 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
23 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
24 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
25 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
26 equal to that subtraction modification.

1 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
2 modification under this subparagraph only once with
3 respect to any one piece of property;

4 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
5 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
6 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the same unitary business group but for the
10 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
11 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
20 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
21 extent that dividends were included in base income of
22 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
23 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
24 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
25 included in gross income under Sections 951 through
26 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included

1 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal
2 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same
3 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
4 incurred.

5 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

6 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
8 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
9 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
10 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
11 with respect to such interest; or

12 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
14 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
15 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the person, during the same taxable
18 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
19 to a person that is not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
22 person did not have as a principal purpose the
23 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
24 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
25 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
26 terms; or

1 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
2 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
3 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
4 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
5 and terms and the principal purpose for the
6 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
7 or

8 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
11 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
12 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
13 to the application or use of an alternative method
14 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
16 Director from making any other adjustment
17 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
18 for any tax year beginning after the effective
19 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
20 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
21 Department and such regulations provide methods
22 and standards by which the Department will utilize
23 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

24 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
25 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
26 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
3 foreign person who would be a member of the same
4 unitary business group but for the fact that the
5 foreign person's business activity outside the United
6 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
7 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
9 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
10 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
11 from being included in the unitary business group
12 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
13 business income under different subsections of Section
14 304. The addition modification required by this
15 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
16 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
17 group for the same taxable year and received by the
18 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
19 business group (including amounts included in gross
20 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income
22 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with
23 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the
24 intangible expenses and costs were directly or
25 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
26 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same

1 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
2 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of
3 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
4 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
6 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
7 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
8 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
10 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
11 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
12 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
13 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
14 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
15 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
16 similar types of intangible assets.

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
21 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
24 with respect to such item; or

25 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
2 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person during the same taxable
5 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
6 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
7 not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
9 intangible expense or cost between the
10 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
11 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
12 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
13 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
14 or

15 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
18 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
20 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
21 writing to the application or use of an
22 alternative method of apportionment under Section
23 304(f);

24 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
25 Director from making any other adjustment
26 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act

1 for any tax year beginning after the effective
2 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
3 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
4 Department and such regulations provide methods
5 and standards by which the Department will utilize
6 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

7 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
9 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
10 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
13 business group but for the fact that the person is
14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
15 included in the unitary business group because he or
16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
17 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
18 addition modification required by this subparagraph
19 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
20 included in base income of the unitary group for the
21 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
23 (including amounts included in gross income under
24 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
25 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
26 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the

1 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
2 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
3 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
4 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
5 the addition modification required under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this
7 Act;

8 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
9 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
10 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
11 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
12 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
13 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
14 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
15 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal
16 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section
17 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
18 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
19 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
21 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
22 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
23 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
24 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
25 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
26 adopts and determines that its offering materials

1 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
2 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
3 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
4 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
5 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
6 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
7 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
8 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
9 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
10 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

11 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
12 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
13 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
14 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
15 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
16 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
17 participants in its offering materials or makes a
18 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
19 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
20 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
21 out-of-state program distributes its offering
22 materials;

23 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
25 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
26 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from

1 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
2 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
3 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c) (1) (B)
4 of the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
6 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
7 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the
9 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to
10 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base
11 income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

12 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
14 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or
15 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
16 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
17 State to an ABLE account established under an
18 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
19 the contribution component of the transferred amount
20 that was previously deducted from base income under
21 subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this
22 Section;

23 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
25 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
26 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of

1 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
2 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
3 education institution, an amount equal to the
4 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
5 or refund that was previously deducted from base
6 income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section,
7 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result
8 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For
9 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:
10 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or
11 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State
12 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition
13 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 administered by the State, an amount equal to the
15 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
16 or refund that was previously deducted from base
17 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and
18 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund
19 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of
20 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
21 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an
22 amount equal to the contribution component of the
23 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously
24 deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(HH)
25 of this Section;

26 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

1 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
2 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
3 Act;

4 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
6 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 for the taxable year;

8 (D-25) In the case of a resident, an amount equal
9 to the amount of tax for which a credit is allowed
10 pursuant to Section 201(p)(7) of this Act;

11 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
12 following amounts:

13 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
14 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
15 any compensation (including but not limited to any
16 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
17 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
18 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
19 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
20 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
21 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
22 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
23 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
24 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
25 United States Code as a member of the Illinois
26 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending

1 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of
2 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total
4 in respect of any compensation (including but not
5 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a
6 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in
7 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member
8 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
9 States and in respect of any compensation paid or
10 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee
11 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in
12 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001
13 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the
14 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the
16 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of
17 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions
18 of Section 250;

19 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in
20 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
21 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and
22 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such
23 total as distributions under the provisions of any
24 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
25 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
26 retired partners, which payments are excluded in

1 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
2 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
3 adopted pursuant thereto;

4 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

5 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
6 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
7 and included in such total for the taxable year;

8 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in
9 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111
10 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items
11 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the
12 computation of taxable income;

13 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
14 such total which were paid by a corporation which
15 conducts business operations in a River Edge
16 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
17 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
18 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
19 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
20 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
22 such total that were paid by a corporation that
23 conducts business operations in a federally designated
24 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
25 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
26 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in

1 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
2 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
3 this subparagraph (K);

4 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
5 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
6 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
7 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code;

9 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
10 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
11 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
12 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
13 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
14 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
16 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
17 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
18 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending
19 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of
20 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
21 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
22 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
24 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
25 250;

26 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in

1 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
2 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
3 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
4 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
5 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
6 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
7 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
8 net of bond premium amortization;

9 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
10 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
11 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

12 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
13 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
14 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
15 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
16 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
17 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
18 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
19 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

20 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
21 such total, received by the taxpayer as an
22 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or
23 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would
24 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal
25 illness;

26 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or

1 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

2 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
3 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
4 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
5 medical care savings account established under the
6 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
7 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
8 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
9 as provided in that Act;

10 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
11 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned
12 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account
13 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
14 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
15 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
16 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

17 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
18 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
19 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
20 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
21 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
22 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

23 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
24 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
25 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
26 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed

1 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
2 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
3 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
4 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that
5 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term
6 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on
8 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and
9 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to
10 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
11 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
12 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
13 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
14 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
15 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
16 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
17 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
18 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
19 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
20 times a number that represents the fractional
21 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
22 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
23 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

24 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after
25 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the
26 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year

1 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth
2 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
5 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
6 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
7 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
8 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
9 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
10 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
11 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
12 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
13 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
14 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
16 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
17 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
18 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
19 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
20 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
21 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
22 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
23 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
24 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
25 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
26 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this

1 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
2 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
3 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
4 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
5 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
6 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
7 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
8 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
9 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
10 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after
12 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
13 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a
14 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
15 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from
16 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
17 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
18 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
19 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
20 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
21 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
22 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
23 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
24 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
26 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes

1 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
2 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
3 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
4 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
5 from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
18 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

19 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
20 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
21 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (3) for taxable years ending after December
24 31, 2005:

25 (i) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
3 by 0.429);

4 (ii) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 1.0;

8 (iii) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
11 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
12 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
13 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
14 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
16 depreciation on that property; and

17 (iv) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
19 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
20 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
21 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
22 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
23 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
24 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
25 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
26 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

1 The aggregate amount deducted under this
2 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
3 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
4 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
6 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
7 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
10 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
11 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
12 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
13 an amount equal to that addition modification.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which a
16 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
17 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
18 required in any taxable year to make an addition
19 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
20 equal to that addition modification.

21 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
22 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
23 one piece of property.

24 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,

1 other than salary, received by a driver in a
2 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

3 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
4 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
5 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
6 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
7 modification with respect to such transaction under
8 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
9 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
10 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
11 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
12 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
13 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
14 that is required to make an addition modification with
15 respect to such transaction under Section
16 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
17 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
18 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
19 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
21 into account for the taxable year (net of the
22 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
23 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
25 for the fact that the foreign person's business
26 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of

1 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
2 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
3 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
4 business group but for the fact that the person is
5 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
6 included in the unitary business group because he or
7 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
8 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
9 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
10 made for the same taxable year under Section
11 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
13 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions
14 of Section 250;

15 (EF) An amount equal to the income from intangible
16 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
17 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
20 for the fact that the foreign person's business
21 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
22 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
23 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
24 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
25 business group but for the fact that the person is
26 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being

1 included in the unitary business group because he or
2 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
3 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
4 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
5 made for the same taxable year under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is
9 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
11 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of
12 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court
13 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State
14 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
17 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
18 add back any insurance premiums under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
20 that part of a reimbursement received from the
21 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
22 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
23 company) that would have been taken into account as a
24 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
25 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
26 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph

1 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
2 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
3 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This
4 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of
5 Section 250;

6 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
7 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2028, a maximum
8 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
9 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
10 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
11 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
12 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not
13 be considered moneys contributed under this
14 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph
15 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of
16 an employee, or matching contributions made by an
17 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;

18 (II) For taxable years that begin on or after
19 January 1, 2021 and begin before January 1, 2026, the
20 amount that is included in the taxpayer's federal
21 adjusted gross income pursuant to Section 61 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code as discharge of indebtedness
23 attributable to student loan forgiveness and that is
24 not excluded from the taxpayer's federal adjusted
25 gross income pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection
26 (f) of Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code;

1 (JJ) For taxable years beginning on or after
2 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
3 operating in this State and licensed under the
4 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
5 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
6 organization operating in this State and licensed
7 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
8 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
9 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
10 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
11 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
12 this subparagraph (JJ) are exempt from the provisions
13 of Section 250; ~~and~~

14 (KK) To the extent includible in gross income for
15 federal income tax purposes, any amount awarded or
16 paid to the taxpayer as a result of a judgment or
17 settlement for fertility fraud as provided in Section
18 15 of the Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, donor
19 fertility fraud as provided in Section 20 of the
20 Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, or similar action in
21 another state; ~~and~~

22 (LL) For taxable years beginning on or after
23 January 1, 2026, if the taxpayer is a qualified
24 worker, as defined in the Workforce Development
25 through Charitable Loan Repayment Act, an amount equal
26 to the amount included in the taxpayer's federal

1 adjusted gross income that is attributable to student
2 loan repayment assistance received by the taxpayer
3 during the taxable year from a qualified community
4 foundation under the provisions of the Workforce
5 Development through ~~Through~~ Charitable Loan Repayment
6 Act.

7 This subparagraph (LL) is exempt from the
8 provisions of Section 250~~i~~.

9 (MM) ~~(LL)~~ For taxable years beginning on or after
10 January 1, 2025, if the taxpayer is an eligible
11 resident as defined in the Medical Debt Relief Act, an
12 amount equal to the amount included in the taxpayer's
13 federal adjusted gross income that is attributable to
14 medical debt relief received by the taxpayer during
15 the taxable year from a nonprofit medical debt relief
16 coordinator under the provisions of the Medical Debt
17 Relief Act. This subparagraph (MM) ~~(LL)~~ is exempt from
18 the provisions of Section 250~~i~~.

19 (NN) For taxable years beginning on or after
20 January 1, 2026, any amount paid by the taxpayer's
21 employer on behalf of the taxpayer as part of an
22 educational assistance program, as defined in Section
23 127 of the Internal Revenue Code, regardless of
24 whether those amounts are included in the taxpayer's
25 federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year;
26 the deduction under this subparagraph shall apply only

1 to the first \$5,250 of such assistance so furnished to
2 any individual; this subparagraph is exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250; and

4 (00) For taxable years beginning on or after
5 January 1, 2026, amounts paid by the taxpayer on
6 behalf of an employee of the taxpayer as part of an
7 educational assistance program, as defined in Section
8 127 of the Internal Revenue Code; the deduction under
9 this subparagraph shall apply only to the first \$5,250
10 of such assistance so furnished to any particular
11 individual; this subparagraph is exempt from the
12 provisions of Section 250.

13 (b) Corporations.

14 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
15 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
16 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

17 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
18 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
19 of the following amounts:

20 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
21 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
22 received from regulated investment companies during
23 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
24 income in the computation of taxable income;

25 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
3 year;

4 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
5 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
6 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the
7 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as
8 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the
9 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under
10 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
11 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
12 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
13 law and is not a new enactment);

14 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
15 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
16 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
17 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

18 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
19 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
20 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
21 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
22 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
23 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
24 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
25 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
26 year, with the following limitations applied in the

1 order that they are listed:

2 (i) the addition modification relating to the
3 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
4 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
5 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
6 of addition modification under this subparagraph
7 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
8 which was taken into account in calculating the
9 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

10 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
11 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
12 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
13 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
14 such carryback or carryforward;

15 For taxable years in which there is a net
16 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
17 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
18 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
19 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
20 computed independently under the preceding provisions
21 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

22 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
23 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
24 costs that the corporation deducted in computing
25 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation
26 claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

1 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
2 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
3 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
4 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
5 the Internal Revenue Code;

6 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
7 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
8 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
9 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
10 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
11 deductions taken in all taxable years under
12 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

13 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
14 the last day of the last tax year for which a
15 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
16 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
17 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
18 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
19 equal to that subtraction modification.

20 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
21 modification under this subparagraph only once with
22 respect to any one piece of property;

23 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
24 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
25 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
2 member of the same unitary business group but for the
3 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
4 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
5 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
6 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
7 who would be a member of the same unitary business
8 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
9 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
10 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
11 required to apportion business income under different
12 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
13 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
14 extent that dividends were included in base income of
15 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
16 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
17 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
18 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
19 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
20 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
22 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
23 accrued, or incurred.

24 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

25 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who

1 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
2 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
3 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
4 with respect to such interest; or

5 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
8 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
9 following:

10 (a) the person, during the same taxable
11 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
12 to a person that is not a related member, and

13 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
14 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
15 person did not have as a principal purpose the
16 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
17 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
18 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
19 terms; or

20 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
21 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
22 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
23 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
24 and terms and the principal purpose for the
25 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
26 or

1 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
3 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
4 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
5 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
6 to the application or use of an alternative method
7 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

8 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
9 Director from making any other adjustment
10 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
11 for any tax year beginning after the effective
12 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
13 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
14 Department and such regulations provide methods
15 and standards by which the Department will utilize
16 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

17 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
18 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
19 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
22 foreign person who would be a member of the same
23 unitary business group but for the fact that the
24 foreign person's business activity outside the United
25 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
26 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
2 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
3 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
4 from being included in the unitary business group
5 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
6 business income under different subsections of Section
7 304. The addition modification required by this
8 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
9 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
10 group for the same taxable year and received by the
11 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
12 business group (including amounts included in gross
13 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
15 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
16 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
17 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
18 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
19 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
20 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
21 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
22 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
23 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
24 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
25 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
26 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of

1 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
3 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
4 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
5 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
6 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
7 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
8 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
9 similar types of intangible assets.

10 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

11 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
14 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
15 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
16 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
17 with respect to such item; or

18 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
21 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
22 following:

23 (a) the person during the same taxable
24 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
25 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
26 not a related member, and

1 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
2 intangible expense or cost between the
3 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
4 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
5 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
6 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
7 or

8 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
11 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
12 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
13 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
14 writing to the application or use of an
15 alternative method of apportionment under Section
16 304(f);

17 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
18 Director from making any other adjustment
19 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
20 for any tax year beginning after the effective
21 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
22 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
23 Department and such regulations provide methods
24 and standards by which the Department will utilize
25 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

26 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
2 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
3 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
5 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
6 business group but for the fact that the person is
7 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
8 included in the unitary business group because he or
9 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
10 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
11 addition modification required by this subparagraph
12 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
13 included in base income of the unitary group for the
14 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
16 (including amounts included in gross income under
17 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
18 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
19 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
20 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
21 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
22 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
23 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
24 the addition modification required under Section
25 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this
26 Act;

1 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
2 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
3 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
4 to a real estate investment trust under Section
5 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for
6 dividends paid;

7 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
8 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
9 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
10 Act;

11 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
13 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 for the taxable year;

15 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December
16 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
17 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
18 Code for the taxable year;

19 (E-19) for taxable years ending on or after June
20 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
21 under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code for the taxable year;

23 (E-20) for taxable years ending on or after June
24 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
25 under Sections 243(e) and 245A(a) of the Internal
26 Revenue Code for the taxable year;

1 (E-21) the amount that is claimed as a federal
2 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
3 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
4 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
5 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
6 Tax Credit Act;

7 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
8 following amounts:

9 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
10 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
11 and included in such total for the taxable year;

12 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
13 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

14 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
15 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
16 dividends as defined in subsection (b)(5) of Section
17 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
18 for the taxable year;

19 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
20 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
21 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
22 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
23 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
24 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
25 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
26 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for

1 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
2 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
3 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
4 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
5 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
6 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
7 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
8 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
10 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
11 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
12 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
13 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
14 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
15 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
16 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
17 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
18 from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in
20 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
21 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
22 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
23 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
24 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
25 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
26 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest

1 net of bond premium amortization;

2 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
3 such total which were paid by a corporation which
4 conducts business operations in a River Edge
5 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
6 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
7 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
8 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
9 the provisions of Section 250;

10 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
11 such total that were paid by a corporation that
12 conducts business operations in a federally designated
13 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
14 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
15 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
16 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
17 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
18 this subparagraph (L);

19 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
20 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
21 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
22 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
23 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
24 property which is eligible for the River Edge
25 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
26 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property

1 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
2 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
3 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
4 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)
5 investment credit property which secures the loan or
6 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
7 such property on the date that it was placed in service
8 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction
9 modification available to the taxpayer in any year
10 under this subsection shall be that portion of the
11 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
12 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
13 calculated under the previous sentence. This
14 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
15 Section 250;

16 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
17 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
18 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
19 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
20 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
21 property which is eligible for the High Impact
22 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion
23 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible
24 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the
25 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
26 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be

1 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)
2 investment credit property which secures the loan or
3 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
4 such property on the date that it was placed in service
5 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
6 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is
7 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph
8 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be
9 eligible for the deduction provided under this
10 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification
11 available to taxpayers in any year under this
12 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest
13 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
14 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
15 under the previous sentence;

16 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
17 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
18 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
19 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
20 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)
21 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by
22 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
23 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
24 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment
25 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

(O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage equal to the percentage allowable under Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the amount by which dividends included in taxable income and received from a corporation that is not created or organized under the laws of the United States or any state or political subdivision thereof, including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends, and including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends, included in taxable income and received, including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive real estate investment trust,

1 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that
2 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of
3 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the
4 affiliated group which includes the dividend
5 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification
6 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
7 this subsection (b) which is related to such
8 dividends. For taxable years ending on or after June
9 30, 2021, (i) for purposes of this subparagraph, the
10 term "dividend" does not include any amount treated as
11 a dividend under Section 1248 of the Internal Revenue
12 Code, and (ii) this subparagraph shall not apply to
13 dividends for which a deduction is allowed under
14 Section 245(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This
15 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
16 Section 250 of this Act;

17 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
18 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
19 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

20 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
21 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
22 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
23 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
24 the Internal Revenue Code;

25 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
26 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer

1 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
2 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
3 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
4 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
5 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
6 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
7 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
8 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
9 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
10 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
11 Section 250;

12 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
13 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
14 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
15 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
16 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
17 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
18 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
19 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
20 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
21 provisions of Section 250;

22 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
23 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
24 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
25 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
26 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year

1 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

2 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
3 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
4 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
5 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
6 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
7 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
8 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

9 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
10 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
11 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
12 0.429); and

13 (3) for taxable years ending after December
14 31, 2005:

15 (i) for property on which a bonus
16 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
17 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
18 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
19 by 0.429);

20 (ii) for property on which a bonus
21 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
22 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
23 1.0;

24 (iii) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
26 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or

1 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
2 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
3 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
4 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
5 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
6 depreciation on that property; and

7 (iv) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
9 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
10 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
11 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
12 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
13 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
14 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
15 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
16 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

17 The aggregate amount deducted under this
18 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
19 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
20 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
21 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
22 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
23 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
24 Section 250;

25 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
26 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer

1 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
2 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
3 equal to that addition modification.

4 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
5 the last day of the last tax year for which a
6 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
7 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
8 required in any taxable year to make an addition
9 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
10 equal to that addition modification.

11 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
12 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
13 one piece of property.

14 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
17 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
18 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
19 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
20 modification with respect to such transaction under
21 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
22 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
23 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
24 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
25 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
26 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer

1 that is required to make an addition modification with
2 respect to such transaction under Section
3 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
4 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
5 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
6 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
7 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
8 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make
9 an addition modification with respect to such
10 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
11 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
12 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
13 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
14 from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
16 into account for the taxable year (net of the
17 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
20 for the fact that the foreign person's business
21 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
22 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
23 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
24 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
25 business group but for the fact that the person is
26 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being

1 included in the unitary business group because he or
2 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
3 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
4 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
5 made for the same taxable year under Section
6 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
8 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
11 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
12 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
13 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
15 for the fact that the foreign person's business
16 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
17 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
18 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
19 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
20 business group but for the fact that the person is
21 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
22 included in the unitary business group because he or
23 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
24 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
25 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
26 made for the same taxable year under Section

1 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
3 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is
4 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
6 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
7 add back any insurance premiums under Section
8 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
9 that part of a reimbursement received from the
10 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
11 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
12 company) that would have been taken into account as a
13 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
14 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
15 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
16 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
17 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
18 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
19 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
20 Section 250;

21 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
22 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
23 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the
24 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without
25 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue
26 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss

1 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the
2 provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

3 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
5 operating in this State and licensed under the
6 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
7 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
8 organization operating in this State and licensed
9 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
10 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
11 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
12 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
13 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
14 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
15 of Section 250; ~~and-~~

16 (BB) For taxable years beginning on or after
17 January 1, 2026, amounts paid by the taxpayer on
18 behalf of an employee of the taxpayer as part of an
19 educational assistance program, as defined in Section
20 127 of the Internal Revenue Code. The deduction under
21 this subparagraph shall apply only to the first \$5,250
22 of such assistance so furnished to any particular
23 individual. This subparagraph is exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250.

25 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2)(A),
26 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,

1 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and
2 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross
3 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years
4 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all
5 amounts included in life insurance gross income under
6 Section 803(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

7 (c) Trusts and estates.

8 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
9 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
10 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

11 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
12 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
13 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
14 following amounts:

15 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
16 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
17 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
18 in the computation of taxable income;

19 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
20 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
21 required to distribute all of its income currently,
22 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
23 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
24 the computation of taxable income;

25 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
3 year;

4 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
5 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
6 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
7 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

8 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
9 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
10 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
11 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
12 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
13 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
14 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
15 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
16 the following limitations applied in the order that
17 they are listed:

18 (i) the addition modification relating to the
19 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
20 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
21 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
22 of addition modification under this subparagraph
23 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
24 which was taken into account in calculating the
25 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

26 (ii) the addition modification relating to the

1 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
2 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
3 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
4 such carryback or carryforward;

5 For taxable years in which there is a net
6 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
7 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
8 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
9 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
10 computed independently under the preceding provisions
11 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

12 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January
13 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant
14 to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
15 trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes
16 of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601
17 of this Act;

18 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
19 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
20 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
21 computation of taxable income;

22 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
23 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
24 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing
25 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or
26 estate claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section

1 201;

2 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
3 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
4 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
5 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
6 the Internal Revenue Code; and

7 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
8 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
9 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
10 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
11 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
12 deductions taken in all taxable years under
13 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which a
16 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
17 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
18 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
19 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
20 equal to that subtraction modification.

21 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
22 modification under this subparagraph only once with
23 respect to any one piece of property;

24 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
25 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
26 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the same unitary business group but for the
4 fact that the foreign person's business activity
5 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
14 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
15 extent that dividends were included in base income of
16 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
17 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
18 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
19 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
20 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
21 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
23 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
24 accrued, or incurred.

25 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

26 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
2 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
3 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
4 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
5 with respect to such interest; or

6 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
8 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
9 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
10 following:

11 (a) the person, during the same taxable
12 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
13 to a person that is not a related member, and

14 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
15 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
16 person did not have as a principal purpose the
17 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
18 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
19 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
20 terms; or

21 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
22 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
23 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
24 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
25 and terms and the principal purpose for the
26 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;

1 or

2 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
4 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
5 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
6 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
7 to the application or use of an alternative method
8 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
10 Director from making any other adjustment
11 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
12 for any tax year beginning after the effective
13 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
14 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
15 Department and such regulations provide methods
16 and standards by which the Department will utilize
17 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

18 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
19 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
20 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
23 foreign person who would be a member of the same
24 unitary business group but for the fact that the
25 foreign person's business activity outside the United
26 States is 80% or more of that person's total business

1 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
3 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
4 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
5 from being included in the unitary business group
6 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
7 business income under different subsections of Section
8 304. The addition modification required by this
9 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
10 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
11 group for the same taxable year and received by the
12 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
13 business group (including amounts included in gross
14 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
16 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
17 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
18 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
19 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
20 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
21 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
22 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
23 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
24 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
25 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
26 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or

1 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
2 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
4 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
5 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
6 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
7 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
8 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
9 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
10 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

11 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

12 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
15 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
16 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
17 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
18 with respect to such item; or

19 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
22 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
23 following:

24 (a) the person during the same taxable
25 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
26 intangible expense or cost to a person that is

1 not a related member, and

2 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
3 intangible expense or cost between the
4 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
5 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
6 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
7 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
8 or

9 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
12 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
13 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
14 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
15 writing to the application or use of an
16 alternative method of apportionment under Section
17 304(f);

18 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
19 Director from making any other adjustment
20 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
21 for any tax year beginning after the effective
22 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
23 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
24 Department and such regulations provide methods
25 and standards by which the Department will utilize
26 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(G-14) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this

1 Act;

2 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
3 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
4 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
5 Act;

6 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
8 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 for the taxable year;

10 (G-17) the amount that is claimed as a federal
11 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
12 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
13 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
14 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
15 Tax Credit Act;

16 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
17 following amounts:

18 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in
19 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
20 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408
21 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total
22 as distributions under the provisions of any
23 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
24 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
25 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
26 computing net earnings from self employment by Section

1 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
2 adopted pursuant thereto;

3 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

4 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
5 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
6 and included in such total for the taxable year;

7 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
8 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
9 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
10 taxation by this State either by reason of its
11 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the
12 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United
13 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of
14 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or
15 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,
16 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond
17 premium amortization;

18 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
19 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
20 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
21 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
22 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
23 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
24 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
25 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
26 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the

1 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
2 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
3 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
4 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
5 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
6 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
7 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
8 250;

9 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
10 such total which were paid by a corporation which
11 conducts business operations in a River Edge
12 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
13 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
14 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
15 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from
16 the provisions of Section 250;

17 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
18 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
19 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

20 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
21 such total that were paid by a corporation that
22 conducts business operations in a federally designated
23 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
24 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
25 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
26 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection

1 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
2 this subparagraph (O);

3 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
4 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
5 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
6 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code;

8 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
9 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
10 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
11 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
12 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
13 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
14 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
15 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
16 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
17 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
18 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
19 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
20 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
21 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
22 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
23 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
24 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
25 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
26 insurance companies immediately prior to and during

1 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
2 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
3 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
4 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
5 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
6 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
7 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
8 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
9 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
10 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
11 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
12 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
13 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
14 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
16 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
17 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
18 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
19 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
20 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

21 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
22 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
23 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
24 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
25 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
26 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not

1 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

2 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
3 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
4 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
5 0.429); and

6 (3) for taxable years ending after December
7 31, 2005:

8 (i) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
12 by 0.429);

13 (ii) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
15 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
16 1.0;

17 (iii) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
19 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
20 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
21 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
22 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
23 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
24 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
25 depreciation on that property; and

26 (iv) for property on which a bonus

1 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
2 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
3 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
4 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
5 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
6 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
7 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
8 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
9 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

10 The aggregate amount deducted under this
11 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
12 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
13 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
15 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
16 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
17 Section 250;

18 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
19 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
20 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
21 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
22 equal to that addition modification.

23 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
24 the last day of the last tax year for which a
25 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
26 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was

1 required in any taxable year to make an addition
2 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
3 equal to that addition modification.

4 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
5 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
6 one piece of property.

7 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
8 provisions of Section 250;

9 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
10 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
11 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
12 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
13 modification with respect to such transaction under
14 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
15 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
16 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
17 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
18 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
19 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
20 that is required to make an addition modification with
21 respect to such transaction under Section
22 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
23 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
24 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
25 from the provisions of Section 250;

26 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken

1 into account for the taxable year (net of the
2 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
3 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
5 for the fact the foreign person's business activity
6 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
8 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
9 who would be a member of the same unitary business
10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
13 required to apportion business income under different
14 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
15 addition modification required to be made for the same
16 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
17 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
18 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
19 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
21 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
22 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
23 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
25 for the fact that the foreign person's business
26 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of

1 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
2 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
3 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
4 business group but for the fact that the person is
5 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
6 included in the unitary business group because he or
7 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
8 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
9 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
10 made for the same taxable year under Section
11 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
13 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is
14 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
16 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
17 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
18 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
19 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
20 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt
21 from Section 250;

22 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
23 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
24 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
25 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
2 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
3 add back any insurance premiums under Section
4 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
5 that part of a reimbursement received from the
6 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
7 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
8 company) that would have been taken into account as a
9 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
10 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
11 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
12 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
13 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
14 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
15 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
16 Section 250;

17 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
18 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
19 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a
20 deduction by Section 461(l)(1)(B) of the Internal
21 Revenue Code; ~~and~~

22 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
23 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
24 operating in this State and licensed under the
25 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
26 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing

1 organization operating in this State and licensed
2 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
3 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
4 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
5 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
6 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
7 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
8 of Section 250; ~~and.~~

9 (BB) For taxable years beginning on or after
10 January 1, 2026, any amount paid by the taxpayer's
11 employer on behalf of the taxpayer as part of an
12 educational assistance program, as defined in Section
13 127 of the Internal Revenue Code, regardless of
14 whether those amounts are included in the taxpayer's
15 federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year.
16 The deduction under this subparagraph shall apply only
17 to the first \$5,250 of such assistance so furnished to
18 any individual. This subparagraph is exempt from the
19 provisions of Section 250.

20 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
21 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
22 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
23 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
24 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently
25 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal
26 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

1 (d) Partnerships.

2 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
3 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
4 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

5 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
6 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
7 of the following amounts:

8 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
9 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
10 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
11 in the computation of taxable income;

12 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
13 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
14 the taxable year;

15 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
16 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the
17 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
18 income;

19 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
20 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
21 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
22 computation of taxable income;

23 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
24 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
25 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the

1 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
2 the Internal Revenue Code;

3 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
4 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
5 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
6 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
7 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
8 deductions taken in all taxable years under
9 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

10 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
11 the last day of the last tax year for which a
12 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
13 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
14 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
15 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
16 equal to that subtraction modification.

17 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
18 modification under this subparagraph only once with
19 respect to any one piece of property;

20 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
21 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
22 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
25 member of the same unitary business group but for the
26 fact the foreign person's business activity outside

1 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
4 who would be a member of the same unitary business
5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
8 required to apportion business income under different
9 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
10 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
11 extent that dividends were included in base income of
12 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
13 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
14 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
15 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
16 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
17 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
19 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
20 accrued, or incurred.

21 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

22 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
24 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
25 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
26 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income

1 with respect to such interest; or

2 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
4 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
5 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
6 following:

7 (a) the person, during the same taxable
8 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
9 to a person that is not a related member, and

10 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
11 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
12 person did not have as a principal purpose the
13 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
14 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
15 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
16 terms; or

17 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
18 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
19 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
20 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
21 and terms and the principal purpose for the
22 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
23 or

24 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
26 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing

1 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
2 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
3 to the application or use of an alternative method
4 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

5 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
6 Director from making any other adjustment
7 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
8 for any tax year beginning after the effective
9 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
10 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
11 Department and such regulations provide methods
12 and standards by which the Department will utilize
13 its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

14 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
15 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
16 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
19 foreign person who would be a member of the same
20 unitary business group but for the fact that the
21 foreign person's business activity outside the United
22 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
23 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
25 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
26 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a) (27)

1 from being included in the unitary business group
2 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
3 business income under different subsections of Section
4 304. The addition modification required by this
5 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
6 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
7 group for the same taxable year and received by the
8 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
9 business group (including amounts included in gross
10 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
12 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
13 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
14 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
15 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
16 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
17 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
18 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
19 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
20 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
21 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
22 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
23 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
24 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
26 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and

1 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
2 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
3 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
4 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
5 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
6 similar types of intangible assets;

7 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

8 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
11 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
12 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
13 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
14 with respect to such item; or

15 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
18 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
19 following:

20 (a) the person during the same taxable
21 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
22 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
23 not a related member, and

24 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
25 intangible expense or cost between the
26 taxpayer and the person did not have as a

1 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
2 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
3 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
4 or

5 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
8 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
9 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
10 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
11 writing to the application or use of an
12 alternative method of apportionment under Section
13 304(f);

14 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
15 Director from making any other adjustment
16 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
17 for any tax year beginning after the effective
18 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
19 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
20 Department and such regulations provide methods
21 and standards by which the Department will utilize
22 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

23 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
25 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
26 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
2 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
3 business group but for the fact that the person is
4 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
5 included in the unitary business group because he or
6 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
7 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
8 addition modification required by this subparagraph
9 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
10 included in base income of the unitary group for the
11 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
13 (including amounts included in gross income under
14 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
15 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
16 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
17 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
18 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
19 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
20 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
21 the addition modification required under Section
22 203(d)(2)(D-7) or Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

23 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
24 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
25 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
26 Act;

1 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
3 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
4 for the taxable year;

5 (D-12) the amount that is claimed as a federal
6 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
7 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
8 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
9 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
10 Tax Credit Act;

11 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
12 amounts:

13 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

14 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
15 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
16 and included in such total for the taxable year;

17 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
18 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
19 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
20 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
21 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
22 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
23 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
24 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
25 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
26 net of bond premium amortization;

1 (H) Any income of the partnership which
2 constitutes personal service income as defined in
3 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
4 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
5 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
6 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
7 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
10 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
11 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
12 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
13 including amounts distributable to organizations
14 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
15 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
16 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
18 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
19 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
20 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
21 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
22 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
23 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
24 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
25 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
26 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years

1 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
2 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
3 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
4 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
5 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
6 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
7 250;

8 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
9 such total which were paid by a corporation which
10 conducts business operations in a River Edge
11 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
12 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
13 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
14 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
15 the provisions of Section 250;

16 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
17 job training project established pursuant to the Real
18 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

19 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
20 such total that were paid by a corporation that
21 conducts business operations in a federally designated
22 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
23 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
24 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
25 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
26 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under

1 this subparagraph (M);

2 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
3 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
4 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
5 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
6 the Internal Revenue Code;

7 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
8 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
9 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
10 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
11 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
12 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

13 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
14 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
15 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
16 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
17 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
18 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
19 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

20 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
21 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
22 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
23 0.429); and

24 (3) for taxable years ending after December
25 31, 2005:

26 (i) for property on which a bonus

1 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
2 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
3 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
4 by 0.429);

5 (ii) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
7 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
8 1.0;

9 (iii) for property on which a bonus
10 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
11 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
12 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
13 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
14 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
15 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
16 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
17 depreciation on that property; and

18 (iv) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
20 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
21 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
22 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
23 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
24 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
25 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
26 percentage bonus depreciation on the property

1 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

2 The aggregate amount deducted under this
3 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
4 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
5 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
6 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
7 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
8 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
11 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
12 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
13 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
14 equal to that addition modification.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
16 the last day of the last tax year for which a
17 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
18 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
19 required in any taxable year to make an addition
20 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
21 equal to that addition modification.

22 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
23 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
24 one piece of property.

25 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
2 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
3 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
4 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
5 modification with respect to such transaction under
6 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
7 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
8 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
9 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
10 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
11 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
12 that is required to make an addition modification with
13 respect to such transaction under Section
14 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
15 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
16 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
17 from Section 250;

18 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
19 into account for the taxable year (net of the
20 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
21 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
23 for the fact that the foreign person's business
24 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
25 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
26 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to

1 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
2 business group but for the fact that the person is
3 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
4 included in the unitary business group because he or
5 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
6 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
7 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
8 made for the same taxable year under Section
9 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
11 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

12 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
13 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
14 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
15 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
17 for the fact that the foreign person's business
18 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
19 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
20 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
21 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
22 business group but for the fact that the person is
23 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
24 included in the unitary business group because he or
25 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
26 income under different subsections of Section 304, but

1 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
2 made for the same taxable year under Section
3 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,
4 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the
5 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from
6 Section 250;

7 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
8 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
9 add back any insurance premiums under Section
10 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
11 that part of a reimbursement received from the
12 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
13 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
14 company) that would have been taken into account as a
15 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
16 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
17 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
18 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
19 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
20 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This
21 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
22 Section 250; ~~and~~

23 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
25 operating in this State and licensed under the
26 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis

1 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
2 organization operating in this State and licensed
3 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
4 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
5 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
6 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
7 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
8 this subparagraph (U) are exempt from the provisions
9 of Section 250; ~~and~~.

10 (V) For taxable years beginning on or after
11 January 1, 2026, amounts paid by the taxpayer on
12 behalf of an employee of the taxpayer as part of an
13 educational assistance program, as defined in Section
14 127 of the Internal Revenue Code. The deduction under
15 this subparagraph shall apply only to the first \$5,250
16 of such assistance so furnished to any particular
17 individual. This subparagraph is exempt from the
18 provisions of Section 250.

19 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

20 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
21 (2) and subsection (b)(3), for purposes of this Section
22 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
23 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
24 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
25 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax

1 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
2 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
3 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
5 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
6 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
7 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
8 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
9 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
10 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount
11 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
12 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income
14 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
15 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
16 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
17 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
18 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
19 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
20 addition modification must be made under those
21 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
22 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
23 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
24 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
25 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code.

1 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of
2 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable
3 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

4 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
5 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
6 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
7 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
8 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
9 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
10 Internal Revenue Code;

11 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
12 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
13 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
14 insurance company taxable income;

15 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
16 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
17 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
18 investment company taxable income;

19 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
20 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax
21 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,
22 real estate investment trust taxable income;

23 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
24 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group
25 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax
26 return for the taxable year for federal income tax

1 purposes, taxable income determined as if such
2 corporation had filed a separate return for federal
3 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each
4 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an
5 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,
6 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be
7 determined as if the election provided by Section
8 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in
9 effect for all such years;

10 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
11 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
12 organization determined in accordance with the
13 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the
15 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage
16 activities against income from nonpatronage
17 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or
18 association may make an election to follow its federal
19 income tax treatment of patronage losses and
20 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is
21 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over
22 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section
23 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment
24 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois
25 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which
26 the losses are incurred. The election shall be

1 effective for all taxable years with original returns
2 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,
3 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,
4 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the
5 election shall be effective for losses incurred or
6 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to
7 the date of the election. Once made, the election may
8 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The
9 Department shall adopt rules setting forth
10 requirements for documenting the elections and any
11 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
12 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
13 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
14 existing law;

15 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
16 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
17 effect an election for the taxable year under Section
18 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income
19 of such corporation determined in accordance with
20 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
21 that taxable income shall take into account those
22 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
23 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and
24 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
25 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions
26 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have

1 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules
2 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of
3 such corporation determined in accordance with the
4 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,
5 1982; and

6 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
7 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
8 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
9 income shall take into account those items which are
10 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
11 but which would be taken into account by an individual
12 in calculating his taxable income.

13 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
14 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
15 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
16 business has been classified as business income and in a
17 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
18 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
19 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
20 related to that asset or business that generated the
21 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
22 business income in the year of the disposition of the
23 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to
24 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction
25 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act
26 for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment

1 fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of
2 this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately
3 preceding taxable years.

4 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

5 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
6 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
7 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

8 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
9 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
10 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
12 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;
13 plus

14 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
15 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
16 capital gain) for all property in respect of which
17 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes
18 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for
19 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount
20 of such gain included in the amount determined under
21 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

22 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

23 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
24 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on
25 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation

1 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the
2 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's
3 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that
4 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
5 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
6 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
7 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
8 such property.

9 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
10 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
11 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
12 amount for such property is that amount which bears
13 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of
14 the property for federal income tax purposes for the
15 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
16 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
17 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
18 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
19 period for the property.

20 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
21 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
22 purposes of this paragraph.

23 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
24 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
25 to be deducted more than once.

1 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
2 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
3 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
4 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
5 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
6 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
7 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
8 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
9 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

10 (Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21;
11 102-658, eff. 8-27-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1112, eff.
12 12-21-22; 103-8, eff. 6-7-23; 103-478, eff. 1-1-24; 103-592,
13 Article 10, Section 10-900, eff. 6-7-24; 103-592, Article 170,
14 Section 170-90, eff. 6-7-24; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24; 103-647,
15 eff. 7-1-24; revised 8-20-24.)

16 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
17 becoming law.