1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by adding Section 5-4.5-120 as follows:

6 (730 ILCS 5/5-4.5-120 new)

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Sec. 5-4.5-120. SENTENCING REVIEW OF PERSONS UNDER THE AGE OF 21 AT THE TIME OF THE COMMISSION OF AN OFFENSE. A person under 21 years of age at the time of the commission of an offense or offenses, other than first degree murder, shall be eligible for sentencing review after serving 10 years or more of his or her sentence or cumulative sentences. A person under 21 years of age at the time of the commission of first degree murder shall be eligible for sentencing review after serving 20 years or more of his or her sentence or cumulative sentences, except for those subject to a term of natural life imprisonment under Section 5-8-1 of this Code or any person subject to sentencing under subsection (f) of Section 5-4.5-105 of this Code, who shall be eligible for sentencing review after serving 30 years or more of his or her sentence or cumulative sentences. Any eligible person shall submit a petition for sentencing review in the circuit court of the county in which he or she was originally sentenced. The

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procedure for sentencing review shall occur in the following 1 2 manner:

- (1) The chief judge of the criminal division of the circuit located in a county of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants, or in counties under 2,000,000 inhabitants, the chief judge of the circuit or a judge assigned by the chief judge, in which the petition is filed, shall assign the matter to any judge.
- (2) Upon receipt of the petition and assignment to a judge, the judge shall determine within 30 days if the petitioner has sought filing in the appropriate court and has served the appropriate amount of time of his or her sentence as set forth in this Section. If the court determines that either of those factors are not satisfied, it shall dismiss the petition and notify the petitioner of the reason for the dismissal. This notification shall be served upon the petitioner by certified mail within 10 days of its entry. If the court determines the petition was appropriately filed, it shall docket the petition. If the petitioner is without counsel and alleges in the petition for sentencing review that he or she is without means to procure counsel, he or she shall state whether or not he or she wishes counsel to be appointed to represent him or her. If appointment of counsel is requested, the court shall appoint the Public Defender if the court is satisfied that the petitioner has no means to procure counsel. The clerk of the circuit court shall serve a copy of the petition to the State's Attorney of that county or his or

1 her representative.

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- 2 (3) Upon receipt of the petition for sentencing review, the State's Attorney's Office shall provide notice to the 3 victim or his or her family, or both, and notice to the victim 4 or his or her family, or both, of any restorative justice 5 programs or any other resources available in the State or the 6 local area. The State's Attorney may also include, but is not 7 8 limited to, providing a copy of the petition by certified mail 9 and connection to a victim advocate. The State's Attorney shall make every effort to provide such notice and, if 10 11 unsuccessful, shall notify the chief judge of the circuit 12 court and the judge assigned to the sentencing review.
- 13 (4) The petitioner, if pro se, or his or her attorney may 14 amend the petition for sentencing review.
  - (5) The State's Attorney must be afforded an opportunity to respond to the petition and the court shall provide the petitioner with the opportunity to reply.
  - (6) Within 90 days after the filing of the petition for sentencing review, the court shall set the matter for a hearing. This date may be extended by motion of either party and at the court's discretion for good cause shown.
  - (7) At the sentencing review hearing, the court shall:
- 23 (A) consider in mitigation the factors listed in 24 subparagraphs (A) through (K) of paragraph (8) of this 25 Section;
- (B) consider any evidence, factual basis, 26 and

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1	testimony, if any, received at trial or plea agreement;
2	(C) consider any presentence reports;
3	(D) consider the financial impact of incarceration
4	based on the financial impact statement filed with the
5	clerk of the court by the Department of Corrections;
6	(E) consider any additional evidence and information
7	offered by the parties in aggravation and mitigation,
8	including, but not limited to, scientific evidence of
9	recidivism;
10	(F) consider the person's overall record of behavior
11	while incarcerated, including disciplinary history,
12	participation in educational and vocational programs
13	available to the petitioner, including but not limited to
14	restorative justice programs, and extent of cooperation
15	with staff;
16	(G) hear arguments as to sentencing alternatives;
17	(H) afford the petitioner the opportunity to make a
18	statement on his or her own behalf without being subject
19	to cross-examination; and
20	(I) afford the victim or family of the victim of the
21	crime, or both, for which the petitioner was originally
22	sentenced an opportunity to present an oral or written
23	statement, as guaranteed by Article I, Section 8.1 of the
24	Illinois Constitution and provided in Section 6 of the
25	Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act. The court shall

allow a victim to make an oral statement if the victim is

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1	present in the courtroom and requests to make an oral or
2	written statement. An oral or written statement includes
3	the victim or a representative of the victim reading the
4	written statement. A victim and any person making an oral
5	statement shall not be put under oath or subject to
6	cross-examination. All statements offered under this
7	paragraph shall become part of the record of the court.
8	(8) Following the hearing, the court may affirm or reduce
9	the petitioner's sentence and shall be authorized to depart
10	downward from any mandatory minimum or mandatory sentence
11	enhancement, taking into consideration the following factors:
12	(A) the petitioner's current age, as well as the
13	petitioner's age, impetuosity, and level of maturity at
14	the time of the offense, including the ability to consider
15	risks and consequences of behavior, and the presence of
16	cognitive or developmental disability, if any;
17	(B) whether the petitioner was subjected to outside
18	pressure, including peer pressure, familial pressure, or
19	negative influences;
20	(C) the petitioner's family and community
21	circumstances, home environment, educational and social

(D) the nature and circumstances of the offense;

adverse childhood experiences (or ACEs);

background, including any history of parental neglect,

physical, mental, or sexual abuse, involvement in the

child welfare system, or other childhood trauma including

26 <u>Court.</u>

1	(E) the petitioner's degree of participation and
2	specific role in the offense, including the level of
3	planning by the defendant before the offense;
4	(F) whether the person was able to meaningfully
5	participate in his or her defense;
6	(G) the petitioner's prior juvenile or criminal
7	history;
8	(H) the history and characteristics of the petitioner
9	at the time of the petition, including rehabilitation and
10	maturity demonstrated by the petitioner;
11	(I) any report from a physical, mental, or psychiatric
12	examination of the petitioner conducted by a licensed
13	health professional;
14	(J) any changes to the law governing criminal
15	convictions, dispositions, or length of stay since the
16	time of sentencing; and
17	(K) any other information the court finds relevant and
18	reliable, including an expression of remorse, if
19	appropriate. However, if the person, on advice of counsel
20	chooses not to make a statement, the court shall not
21	consider a lack of an expression of remorse as an
22	aggravating factor.
23	The order following a sentencing review hearing is a final
24	judgment. Any final judgment entered upon the petition shall
25	be reviewed in a manner pursuant to the rules of the Supreme

- (9) Notwithstanding any provision of this Section to the 1
- 2 contrary, any petitioner who has petitioned the circuit court
- for sentencing review pursuant to this Section shall not be 3
- eligible to submit a second and final petition for sentencing 4
- 5 review until at least 5 years have elapsed since the date on
- which the circuit court ruled upon the initial petition. In 6
- 7 considering the second petition, the court shall follow the
- procedure stated in paragraphs (2) through (8) of this 8
- 9 Section. Following a hearing on the second petition pursuant
- 10 to this paragraph (9), the court may affirm or reduce the
- 11 petitioner's sentence. The order following a hearing pursuant
- 12 to this paragraph is a final judgment.
- 13 (10) This Section operates retroactively to provide any
- 14 person incarcerated for a crime or crimes committed before the
- effective date of this amendatory Act of the 104th General 15
- Assembly, with the opportunity to file a motion for 16
- 17 resentencing under this Section under the terms provided in
- 18 this Section.
- 19 (11) Notwithstanding anything else to the contrary in this
- 20 Section, nothing in this Section shall be construed to delay
- release consideration for petitioners who, prior to the 21
- 22 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 104th General
- 23 Assembly, are or will be eligible for release earlier than
- 24 this Section provides.
- 25 (12) The clerk of the court shall serve copies of the
- 26 petitions, any amendments to the petition and the final orders

- 1 to the Illinois Sentencing Policy Advisory Council. The
- Illinois Sentencing Policy Advisory Council shall report on 2
- 3 the impact of resentencing motions on the prison population
- contingent on having sufficient reliable data to support the 4
- 5 analysis. The report shall be due 3 years after the effective
- 6 date of this amendatory Act of the 104th General Assembly.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 7
- 8 becoming law.