

HB4274



104TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2025 and 2026

HB4274

Introduced 1/14/2026, by Rep. Jay Hoffman

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act
35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Creates the Master Development Plan Recognition Act. Provides that certain contributions made by the State or units of local government are considered made pursuant to a master development plan within the meaning of Section 118 of the Internal Revenue Code. Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates a deduction for capital contributions that are made pursuant to a master development plan and that are included in the taxpayer's federal taxable income for the taxable year under Section 118 of the Internal Revenue Code. Effective immediately.

LRB104 17211 TRT 30631 b

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning State government.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Master
5 Development Plan Recognition Act.

6 Section 5. Legislative purpose. In 1979, the General
7 Assembly passed legislation creating the Department of
8 Commerce and Community Affairs as the primary State agency
9 responsible for the State's economic competitiveness. In 2003,
10 the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs was renamed
11 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity. To date,
12 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity has
13 continued the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs'
14 mission of economic growth. To that end, the Department of
15 Commerce and Economic Opportunity administers many programs
16 that, as a whole, comprise a master development plan designed
17 to facilitate economic and community revitalization throughout
18 the State. In addition, the State has established and
19 supported other financial assistance programs that promote
20 economic growth consistent with a master development plan. The
21 purpose of this Act is to define those actions taken by the
22 State or its political subdivisions that constitute
23 contributions made by a governmental entity pursuant to a

1 master development plan approved by the governmental entity
2 for purposes of Section 118 of the Internal Revenue Code of
3 1986.

4 Section 10. Eligible contributions. Contributions made by
5 a governmental entity pursuant to a master development plan
6 approved by the governmental entity within the meaning of
7 Section 118 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 include, but
8 are not limited to, the following:

9 (1) grants approved by the Department of Commerce and
10 Economic Opportunity, or by any other agency of, or entity
11 created by, the State of Illinois, regardless of whether
12 the grants are also approved by any other agency, board,
13 or other office of State government, and regardless of
14 when the funding in connection with the grant is
15 authorized or paid;

16 (2) grants approved by an authorized representative of
17 any county or municipality within the State, or any agency
18 of, or entity created by, the county or municipality,
19 whether the funding for the grants originates in whole or
20 in part with the State or with the county or municipality,
21 and regardless of when the funding in connection with the
22 grant is authorized or paid;

23 (3) tax increment financing applications for which a
24 letter, or final, preliminary, or conditional approval,
25 has been issued by an appropriate representative of State,

1 county, or municipal government, and regardless of when
2 the funding in connection with the tax increment financing
3 application is authorized or paid; and

4 (4) any other financing provided pursuant to a
5 development plan, redevelopment plan, revitalization plan,
6 or similar plan approved by an appropriate representative
7 of State, county, or municipal government, and regardless
8 of when the funding in connection with the plan is
9 authorized or paid.

10 Section 900. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
11 changing Section 203 as follows:

12 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

13 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

14 (a) Individuals.

15 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
16 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
17 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
18 (2).

19 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
20 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
21 the sum of the following amounts:

22 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
23 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
24 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income

1 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
2 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
3 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
4 Code;

5 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
6 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
7 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
8 taxable year;

9 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
10 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
11 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
12 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
13 for which a deduction was previously taken under
14 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
15 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
16 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
17 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
18 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
19 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
20 which is attributable to such principal residence;

21 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
22 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
23 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
24 computation of adjusted gross income;

25 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
26 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money

1 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
2 medical care savings account and the interest earned
3 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
4 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the
5 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of
6 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
7 2000;

8 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
9 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
10 costs that the individual deducted in computing
11 adjusted gross income and for which the individual
12 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

13 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
14 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
15 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
16 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
17 the Internal Revenue Code;

18 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
19 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
20 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
21 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
22 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
23 deductions taken in all taxable years under
24 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

25 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
26 the last day of the last tax year for which a

1 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
2 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
3 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
4 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
5 equal to that subtraction modification.

6 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
7 modification under this subparagraph only once with
8 respect to any one piece of property;

9 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
10 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
11 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the same unitary business group but for the
15 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
16 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
17 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
19 who would be a member of the same unitary business
20 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
21 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
22 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
23 required to apportion business income under different
24 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
25 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
26 extent that dividends were included in base income of

1 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
2 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
3 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
4 included in gross income under Sections 951 through
5 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included
6 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same
8 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
9 incurred. For taxable years ending on and after
10 December 31, 2025, for purposes of applying this
11 paragraph in the case of a taxpayer to which Section
12 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code applies for the
13 taxable year, the reduction in the amount of interest
14 for which a deduction is allowed by reason of Section
15 163(j) shall be treated as allocable first to persons
16 who are not foreign persons referred to in this
17 paragraph and then to such foreign persons.

18 For taxable years ending before December 31, 2025,
19 this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

20 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
22 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
23 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
24 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
25 with respect to such interest; or

26 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
2 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
3 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
4 following:

5 (a) the person, during the same taxable
6 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
7 to a person that is not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
9 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
10 person did not have as a principal purpose the
11 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
12 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
13 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
14 terms; or

15 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
16 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
17 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
18 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
19 and terms and the principal purpose for the
20 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
21 or

22 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
24 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
25 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
26 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing

1 to the application or use of an alternative method
2 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

3 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
4 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

5 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
8 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
9 following:

10 (a) the person, during the same taxable
11 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
12 to a person that is not a related member, and

13 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
14 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
15 person did not have as a principal purpose the
16 avoidance of Illinois income tax and is paid
17 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
18 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
19 terms; or

20 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
23 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
24 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
25 to the application or use of an alternative method
26 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

1 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
2 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
3 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
4 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
5 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
6 regulation adopted by the Department and such
7 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
8 Department will utilize its authority under Section
9 404 of this Act;

10 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
11 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
12 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
15 foreign person who would be a member of the same
16 unitary business group but for the fact that the
17 foreign person's business activity outside the United
18 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
19 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
21 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
22 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
23 from being included in the unitary business group
24 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
25 business income under different subsections of Section
26 304. The addition modification required by this

1 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
2 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
3 group for the same taxable year and received by the
4 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
5 business group (including amounts included in gross
6 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income
8 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with
9 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the
10 intangible expenses and costs were directly or
11 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
12 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same
13 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
14 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of
15 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
16 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
17 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
18 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
19 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
20 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
22 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
23 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
24 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
25 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
26 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service

1 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
2 similar types of intangible assets.

3 For taxable years ending before December 31, 2025,
4 this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

5 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
8 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
9 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
10 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
11 with respect to such item; or

12 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
15 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the person during the same taxable
18 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
19 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
20 not a related member, and

21 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
22 intangible expense or cost between the
23 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
24 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
25 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
26 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

1 or

2 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
5 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
6 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
7 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
8 writing to the application or use of an
9 alternative method of apportionment under Section
10 304(f);

11 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
12 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

13 (i) any item of intangible expense or cost
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
16 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
17 following:

18 (a) the person during the same taxable
19 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
20 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
21 not a related member, and

22 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
23 intangible expense or cost between the
24 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
25 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
26 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract

1 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

2 or

3 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
6 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
7 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
8 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
9 writing to the application or use of an
10 alternative method of apportionment under Section
11 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
14 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
15 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
16 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
17 regulation adopted by the Department and such
18 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
19 Department will utilize its authority under Section
20 404 of this Act;

21 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
23 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
24 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
26 a person who would be a member of the same unitary

1 business group but for the fact that the person is
2 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
3 included in the unitary business group because he or
4 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
5 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
6 addition modification required by this subparagraph
7 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
8 included in base income of the unitary group for the
9 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
11 (including amounts included in gross income under
12 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
13 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
14 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
15 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
16 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
17 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
18 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
19 the addition modification required under Section
20 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this
21 Act;

22 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
23 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
24 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
25 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
26 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a

1 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
2 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
3 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal
4 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section
5 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
6 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
7 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
9 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
10 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
11 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
12 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
13 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
14 adopts and determines that its offering materials
15 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
16 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
17 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
18 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
19 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
20 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
21 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
22 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
23 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
24 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

25 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
26 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts

1 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
2 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
3 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
4 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
5 participants in its offering materials or makes a
6 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
7 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
8 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
9 out-of-state program distributes its offering
10 materials;

11 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
12 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
13 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
14 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from
15 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
16 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
17 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c)(1)(B)
18 of the Internal Revenue Code;

19 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
20 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
21 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the
23 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to
24 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base
25 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section;

26 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after

1 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
2 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or
3 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
4 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
5 State to an ABLE account established under an
6 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
7 the contribution component of the transferred amount
8 that was previously deducted from base income under
9 subsection (a)(2)(Y) or subsection (a)(2)(HH) of this
10 Section;

11 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
12 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
13 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
14 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of
15 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
16 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
17 education institution, an amount equal to the
18 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
19 or refund that was previously deducted from base
20 income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section,
21 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result
22 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For
23 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:
24 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or
25 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State
26 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition

1 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
2 administered by the State, an amount equal to the
3 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
4 or refund that was previously deducted from base
5 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and
6 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund
7 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of
8 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
9 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an
10 amount equal to the contribution component of the
11 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously
12 deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(HH)
13 of this Section;

14 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
15 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
16 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
17 Act;

18 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
20 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 for the taxable year;

22 (D-25) In the case of a resident, an amount equal
23 to the amount of tax for which a credit is allowed
24 pursuant to Section 201(p)(7) of this Act;

25 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
26 following amounts:

1 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
2 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
3 any compensation (including but not limited to any
4 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
5 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
6 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
7 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
8 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
9 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
10 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
11 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
12 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
13 United States Code as a member of the Illinois
14 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending
15 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of
16 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total
18 in respect of any compensation (including but not
19 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a
20 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in
21 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member
22 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
23 States and in respect of any compensation paid or
24 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee
25 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in
26 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001

1 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the
2 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the
4 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of
5 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions
6 of Section 250;

7 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in
8 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
9 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and
10 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such
11 total as distributions under the provisions of any
12 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
13 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
14 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
15 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
16 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
17 adopted pursuant thereto;

18 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

19 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
20 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
21 and included in such total for the taxable year;

22 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in
23 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111
24 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items
25 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the
26 computation of taxable income;

1 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
2 such total which were paid by a corporation which
3 conducts business operations in a River Edge
4 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
5 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
6 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
7 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
8 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

9 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
10 such total that were paid by a corporation that
11 conducts business operations in a federally designated
12 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
13 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
14 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
15 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
16 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
17 this subparagraph (K);

18 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
19 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
20 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
21 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code;

23 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
24 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
25 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
26 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,

1 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
2 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
4 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
5 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
6 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending
7 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of
8 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
9 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
10 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
12 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
13 250;

14 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in
15 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
16 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
17 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
18 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
19 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
20 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
21 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
22 net of bond premium amortization;

23 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
24 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
25 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

26 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction

1 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
2 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
3 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
4 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
5 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
6 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
7 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

8 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
9 such total, received by the taxpayer as an
10 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or
11 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would
12 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal
13 illness;

14 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
15 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

16 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
17 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
18 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
19 medical care savings account established under the
20 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
21 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
22 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
23 as provided in that Act;

24 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
25 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned
26 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account

1 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
2 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
3 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
4 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

5 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
6 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
7 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
8 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
9 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
10 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

11 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
12 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
13 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
14 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
15 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
16 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
17 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
18 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that
19 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term
20 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of
21 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on
22 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and
23 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to
24 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
25 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
26 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the

1 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
2 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
3 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
4 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
5 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
6 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
7 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
8 times a number that represents the fractional
9 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
10 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
11 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

12 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the
14 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year
15 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth
16 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
17 Section 250;

18 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
19 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
20 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
21 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
22 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
23 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
24 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
25 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
26 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived

1 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
2 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
3 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
4 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
5 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
6 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
7 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
8 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
9 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
10 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
11 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
12 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
13 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
14 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
15 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
16 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
17 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
18 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
19 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
20 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
21 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
22 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
23 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
24 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

25 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after
26 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,

1 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a
2 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
3 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from
4 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
5 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
6 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
7 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
8 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
9 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
10 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
11 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
12 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
13 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
14 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
15 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
16 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
17 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
18 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
19 from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
21 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
22 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
23 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
24 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
25 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

26 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation

1 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
2 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
3 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
4 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
5 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
6 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

7 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
8 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
9 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
10 0.429); and

11 (3) for taxable years ending after December
12 31, 2005:

13 (i) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
15 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
16 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
17 by 0.429);

18 (ii) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
21 1.0;

22 (iii) for property on which a bonus
23 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
24 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
25 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
26 depreciation deduction that would be allowed

1 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
2 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
4 depreciation on that property; and

5 (iv) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
7 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
8 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
9 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
10 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
11 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
12 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
13 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
14 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

15 The aggregate amount deducted under this
16 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
17 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
18 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
19 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
20 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
21 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
22 Section 250;

23 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
24 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
25 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
26 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then

1 an amount equal to that addition modification.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which a
4 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
5 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
6 required in any taxable year to make an addition
7 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
8 equal to that addition modification.

9 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
10 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
11 one piece of property.

12 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250;

14 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
15 other than salary, received by a driver in a
16 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

17 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
18 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
19 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
20 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
21 modification with respect to such transaction under
22 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
23 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
24 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
25 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
26 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable

1 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
2 that is required to make an addition modification with
3 respect to such transaction under Section
4 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
5 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
6 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
7 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
9 into account for the taxable year (net of the
10 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
11 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
13 for the fact that the foreign person's business
14 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
15 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
16 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
17 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
18 business group but for the fact that the person is
19 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
20 included in the unitary business group because he or
21 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
22 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
23 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
24 made for the same taxable year under Section
25 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.

1 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions
2 of Section 250;

3 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
4 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
5 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
6 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
8 for the fact that the foreign person's business
9 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
10 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
11 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
13 business group but for the fact that the person is
14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
15 included in the unitary business group because he or
16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
17 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
18 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
19 made for the same taxable year under Section
20 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
22 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is
23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
25 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of
26 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court

1 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State
2 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250;

4 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
5 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
6 add back any insurance premiums under Section
7 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
8 that part of a reimbursement received from the
9 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
10 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
11 company) that would have been taken into account as a
12 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
13 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
14 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
15 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
16 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
17 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This
18 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of
19 Section 250;

20 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
21 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2028, a maximum
22 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
23 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
24 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
25 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
26 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not

1 be considered moneys contributed under this
2 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph
3 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of
4 an employee, or matching contributions made by an
5 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;

6 (II) For taxable years that begin on or after
7 January 1, 2021 and begin before January 1, 2026, the
8 amount that is included in the taxpayer's federal
9 adjusted gross income pursuant to Section 61 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code as discharge of indebtedness
11 attributable to student loan forgiveness and that is
12 not excluded from the taxpayer's federal adjusted
13 gross income pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection
14 (f) of Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code;

15 (JJ) For taxable years beginning on or after
16 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
17 operating in this State and licensed under the
18 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
19 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
20 organization operating in this State and licensed
21 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
22 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
23 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
24 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
25 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
26 this subparagraph (JJ) are exempt from the provisions

1 of Section 250;

2 (KK) To the extent includible in gross income for
3 federal income tax purposes, any amount awarded or
4 paid to the taxpayer as a result of a judgment or
5 settlement for fertility fraud as provided in Section
6 15 of the Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, donor
7 fertility fraud as provided in Section 20 of the
8 Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, or similar action in
9 another state;

10 (LL) For taxable years beginning on or after
11 January 1, 2026, if the taxpayer is a qualified
12 worker, as defined in the Workforce Development
13 through Charitable Loan Repayment Act, an amount equal
14 to the amount included in the taxpayer's federal
15 adjusted gross income that is attributable to student
16 loan repayment assistance received by the taxpayer
17 during the taxable year from a qualified community
18 foundation under the provisions of the Workforce
19 Development through Charitable Loan Repayment Act.

20 This subparagraph (LL) is exempt from the
21 provisions of Section 250; and

22 (MM) For taxable years beginning on or after
23 January 1, 2025, if the taxpayer is an eligible
24 resident as defined in the Medical Debt Relief Act, an
25 amount equal to the amount included in the taxpayer's
26 federal adjusted gross income that is attributable to

1 medical debt relief received by the taxpayer during
2 the taxable year from a nonprofit medical debt relief
3 coordinator under the provisions of the Medical Debt
4 Relief Act. This subparagraph (MM) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250.

6 (b) Corporations.

7 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
8 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
9 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

10 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
11 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
12 of the following amounts:

13 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
14 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
15 received from regulated investment companies during
16 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
17 income in the computation of taxable income;

18 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
19 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
20 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
21 year;

22 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
23 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
24 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the
25 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as

1 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the
2 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under
3 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
4 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
5 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
6 law and is not a new enactment);

7 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
8 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
9 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
10 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

11 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
12 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
13 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
14 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
15 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
16 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
17 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
18 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
19 year, with the following limitations applied in the
20 order that they are listed:

21 (i) the addition modification relating to the
22 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
23 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
24 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
25 of addition modification under this subparagraph
26 (E) which related to that net operating loss and

1 which was taken into account in calculating the
2 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

3 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
4 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
5 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
6 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
7 such carryback or carryforward;

8 For taxable years in which there is a net
9 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
10 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
11 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
12 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
13 computed independently under the preceding provisions
14 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

15 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
16 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
17 costs that the corporation deducted in computing
18 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation
19 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

20 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
21 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
22 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
23 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
24 the Internal Revenue Code;

25 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
26 or otherwise disposes of property for which the

1 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
2 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
3 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
4 deductions taken in all taxable years under
5 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

6 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
7 the last day of the last tax year for which a
8 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
9 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
10 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
11 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
12 equal to that subtraction modification.

13 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
14 modification under this subparagraph only once with
15 respect to any one piece of property;

16 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
17 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the same unitary business group but for the
22 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
23 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
6 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
7 extent that dividends were included in base income of
8 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
9 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
10 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
11 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
12 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
13 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
15 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
16 accrued, or incurred. For taxable years ending on and
17 after December 31, 2025, for purposes of applying this
18 paragraph in the case of a taxpayer to which Section
19 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code applies for the
20 taxable year, the reduction in the amount of interest
21 for which a deduction is allowed by reason of Section
22 163(j) shall be treated as allocable first to persons
23 who are not foreign persons referred to in this
24 paragraph and then to such foreign persons.

25 For taxable years ending before December 31, 2025,
26 this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

1 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
3 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
4 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
5 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
6 with respect to such interest; or

7 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
9 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
10 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
11 following:

12 (a) the person, during the same taxable
13 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
14 to a person that is not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
17 person did not have as a principal purpose the
18 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
19 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
20 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
21 terms; or

22 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
23 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
24 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
25 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
26 and terms and the principal purpose for the

1 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
2 or

3 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
5 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
6 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
7 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
8 to the application or use of an alternative method
9 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

10 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
11 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

12 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
14 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
15 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the person, during the same taxable
18 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
19 to a person that is not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
22 person did not have as a principal purpose the
23 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
24 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
25 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
26 terms; or

1 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
3 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
4 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
5 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
6 to the application or use of an alternative method
7 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

8 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
9 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
10 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
11 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
12 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
13 regulation adopted by the Department and such
14 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
15 Department will utilize its authority under Section
16 404 of this Act;

17 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
18 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
19 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
22 foreign person who would be a member of the same
23 unitary business group but for the fact that the
24 foreign person's business activity outside the United
25 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
26 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
2 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
3 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
4 from being included in the unitary business group
5 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
6 business income under different subsections of Section
7 304. The addition modification required by this
8 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
9 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
10 group for the same taxable year and received by the
11 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
12 business group (including amounts included in gross
13 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
15 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
16 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
17 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
18 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
19 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
20 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
21 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
22 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
23 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
24 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
25 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
26 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of

1 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
3 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
4 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
5 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
6 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
7 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
8 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
9 similar types of intangible assets.

10 For taxable years ending before December 31, 2025,
11 this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

12 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
15 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
16 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
17 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
18 with respect to such item; or

19 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
22 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
23 following:

24 (a) the person during the same taxable
25 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
26 intangible expense or cost to a person that is

1 not a related member, and

2 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
3 intangible expense or cost between the
4 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
5 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
6 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
7 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
8 or

9 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
12 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
13 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
14 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
15 writing to the application or use of an
16 alternative method of apportionment under Section
17 304(f);

18 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
19 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

20 (i) any item of intangible expense or cost
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
23 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
24 following:

25 (a) the person during the same taxable
26 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the

1 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
2 not a related member, and

3 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
4 intangible expense or cost between the
5 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
6 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
7 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
8 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
9 or

10 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
13 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
14 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
15 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
16 writing to the application or use of an
17 alternative method of apportionment under Section
18 304(f).

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
20 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
21 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
22 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
23 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
24 regulation adopted by the Department and such
25 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
26 Department will utilize its authority under Section

1 404 of this Act;

2 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
4 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
5 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
7 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
8 business group but for the fact that the person is
9 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
10 included in the unitary business group because he or
11 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
12 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
13 addition modification required by this subparagraph
14 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
15 included in base income of the unitary group for the
16 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
18 (including amounts included in gross income under
19 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
20 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
21 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
22 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
23 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
24 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
25 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
26 the addition modification required under Section

1 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this
2 Act;

3 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
4 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
5 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
6 to a real estate investment trust under Section
7 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for
8 dividends paid;

9 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
10 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
11 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
12 Act;

13 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
15 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
16 for the taxable year;

17 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December
18 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
19 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
20 Code for the taxable year;

21 (E-19) for taxable years ending on or after June
22 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
23 under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
24 Code for the taxable year;

25 (E-20) for taxable years ending on or after June
26 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed

1 under Sections 243(e) and 245A(a) of the Internal
2 Revenue Code for the taxable year;

3 (E-21) the amount that is claimed as a federal
4 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
5 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
6 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
7 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
8 Tax Credit Act;

9 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
10 following amounts:

11 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
12 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
13 and included in such total for the taxable year;

14 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
15 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

16 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
17 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
18 dividends as defined in subsection (b)(5) of Section
19 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
20 for the taxable year;

21 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
22 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
23 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
24 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
25 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
26 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to

1 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
2 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
3 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
4 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
5 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
6 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
7 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
8 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
9 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
10 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
12 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
13 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
14 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
15 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
16 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
17 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
18 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
19 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
20 from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in
22 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
23 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
24 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
25 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
26 statute of this State that exempts income derived from

1 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
2 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
3 net of bond premium amortization;

4 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
5 such total which were paid by a corporation which
6 conducts business operations in a River Edge
7 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
8 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
9 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
10 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
11 the provisions of Section 250;

12 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total that were paid by a corporation that
14 conducts business operations in a federally designated
15 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
16 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
17 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
18 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
19 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
20 this subparagraph (L);

21 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
22 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
23 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
24 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
25 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
26 property which is eligible for the River Edge

1 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
2 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
3 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
4 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
5 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
6 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)
7 investment credit property which secures the loan or
8 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
9 such property on the date that it was placed in service
10 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction
11 modification available to the taxpayer in any year
12 under this subsection shall be that portion of the
13 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
14 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
15 calculated under the previous sentence. This
16 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
17 Section 250;

18 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
19 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
20 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
21 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
22 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
23 property which is eligible for the High Impact
24 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion
25 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible
26 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the

1 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
2 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
3 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)
4 investment credit property which secures the loan or
5 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
6 such property on the date that it was placed in service
7 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
8 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is
9 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph
10 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be
11 eligible for the deduction provided under this
12 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification
13 available to taxpayers in any year under this
14 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest
15 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
16 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
17 under the previous sentence;

18 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
19 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
20 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
21 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
22 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)
23 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by
24 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
25 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
26 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment

1 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the
2 provisions of Section 250;

3 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
4 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a
5 percentage equal to the percentage allowable under
6 Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
7 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of
8 the amount by which dividends included in taxable
9 income and received from a corporation that is not
10 created or organized under the laws of the United
11 States or any state or political subdivision thereof,
12 including, for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
14 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
15 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the
16 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph
17 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is
18 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable
19 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
20 received from a captive real estate investment trust;
21 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
22 included in taxable income and received, including,
23 for taxable years ending on or after December 31,
24 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or
25 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years

1 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
2 received from a captive real estate investment trust,
3 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that
4 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of
5 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the
6 affiliated group which includes the dividend
7 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification
8 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
9 this subsection (b) which is related to such
10 dividends. For taxable years ending on or after June
11 30, 2021, (i) for purposes of this subparagraph, the
12 term "dividend" does not include any amount treated as
13 a dividend under Section 1248 of the Internal Revenue
14 Code, and (ii) this subparagraph shall not apply to
15 dividends for which a deduction is allowed under
16 Section 245(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. For
17 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2025,
18 50% of the amount of global intangible low-taxed
19 income received or deemed received or paid or deemed
20 paid under Section 951A of the Internal Revenue Code.
21 This subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
22 Section 250 of this Act;

23 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
24 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
25 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

26 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction

1 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
2 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
3 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
4 the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
6 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
7 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
8 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
9 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
10 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
11 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
12 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
13 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
14 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
15 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
16 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
17 Section 250;

18 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
19 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
20 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
21 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
22 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
23 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
24 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
25 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
26 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250;

2 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
3 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
4 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
5 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
6 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
7 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

8 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
9 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
10 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
11 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
12 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
13 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
14 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

15 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
16 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
17 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
18 0.429); and

19 (3) for taxable years ending after December
20 31, 2005:

21 (i) for property on which a bonus
22 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
23 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
24 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
25 by 0.429);

26 (ii) for property on which a bonus

1 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
2 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
3 1.0;

4 (iii) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
7 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
8 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
9 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
10 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
11 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
12 depreciation on that property; and

13 (iv) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
15 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
16 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
17 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
18 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
19 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
20 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
21 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
22 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

23 The aggregate amount deducted under this
24 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
25 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
26 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the

1 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
2 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
3 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
4 Section 250;

5 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
6 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
7 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
8 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
9 equal to that addition modification.

10 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
11 the last day of the last tax year for which a
12 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
13 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
14 required in any taxable year to make an addition
15 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
16 equal to that addition modification.

17 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
18 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
19 one piece of property.

20 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
21 provisions of Section 250;

22 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
23 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
24 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
25 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
26 modification with respect to such transaction under

1 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
2 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
3 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
4 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
5 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
6 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
7 that is required to make an addition modification with
8 respect to such transaction under Section
9 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
10 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
11 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
12 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
13 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
14 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make
15 an addition modification with respect to such
16 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
17 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
18 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
19 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
20 from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
22 into account for the taxable year (net of the
23 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
24 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
26 for the fact that the foreign person's business

1 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
2 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
3 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
4 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
5 business group but for the fact that the person is
6 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
7 included in the unitary business group because he or
8 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
9 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
10 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
11 made for the same taxable year under Section
12 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
14 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of
15 Section 250;

16 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
17 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
18 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
19 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
21 for the fact that the foreign person's business
22 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
23 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
24 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
25 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
26 business group but for the fact that the person is

1 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
2 included in the unitary business group because he or
3 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
4 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
5 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
6 made for the same taxable year under Section
7 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
9 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is
10 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
12 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
13 add back any insurance premiums under Section
14 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
15 that part of a reimbursement received from the
16 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
17 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
18 company) that would have been taken into account as a
19 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
20 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
21 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
22 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
23 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
24 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
25 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
26 Section 250;

1 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
2 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
3 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the
4 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without
5 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue
6 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss
7 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the
8 provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

9 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
10 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
11 operating in this State and licensed under the
12 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
13 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
14 organization operating in this State and licensed
15 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
16 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
17 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
18 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
19 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
20 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
21 of Section 250; and -

22 (BB) For taxable years ending on or after December
23 31, 2026, any contribution to the capital of the
24 taxpayer from the Department of Commerce and Economic
25 Opportunity or any other agency or political
26 subdivision of the State that is made pursuant to a

1 master development plan, as defined in the Master
2 Development Plan Recognition Act, and that is included
3 in the taxpayer's federal taxable income for the
4 taxable year under Section 118 of the Internal Revenue
5 Code; this subparagraph (BB) is exempt from the
6 provisions of Section 250.

7 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
8 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,
9 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and
10 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross
11 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years
12 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all
13 amounts included in life insurance gross income under
14 Section 803(a) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

15 (c) Trusts and estates.

16 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
17 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
18 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

19 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
20 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
21 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
22 following amounts:

23 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
24 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
25 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income

1 in the computation of taxable income;

2 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
3 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
4 required to distribute all of its income currently,
5 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
6 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
7 the computation of taxable income;

8 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
9 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
10 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
11 year;

12 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
13 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
14 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
15 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

16 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
17 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
18 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
19 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
20 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
21 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
22 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
23 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
24 the following limitations applied in the order that
25 they are listed:

26 (i) the addition modification relating to the

1 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
2 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
3 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
4 of addition modification under this subparagraph
5 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
6 which was taken into account in calculating the
7 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

8 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
9 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
10 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
11 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
12 such carryback or carryforward;

13 For taxable years in which there is a net
14 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
15 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
16 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
17 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
18 computed independently under the preceding provisions
19 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

20 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January
21 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant
22 to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
23 trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes
24 of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601
25 of this Act;

26 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital

1 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
2 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
3 computation of taxable income;

4 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
5 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
6 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing
7 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or
8 estate claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section
9 201;

10 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
11 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
12 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
13 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
14 the Internal Revenue Code; and

15 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
16 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
17 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
18 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
19 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
20 deductions taken in all taxable years under
21 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

22 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
23 the last day of the last tax year for which a
24 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
25 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
26 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction

1 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
2 equal to that subtraction modification.

3 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
4 modification under this subparagraph only once with
5 respect to any one piece of property;

6 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
7 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
8 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
11 member of the same unitary business group but for the
12 fact that the foreign person's business activity
13 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
14 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
16 who would be a member of the same unitary business
17 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
18 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
19 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
20 required to apportion business income under different
21 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
22 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
23 extent that dividends were included in base income of
24 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
25 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
26 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts

1 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
2 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
3 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
5 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
6 accrued, or incurred. For taxable years ending on and
7 after December 31, 2025, for purposes of applying this
8 paragraph in the case of a taxpayer to which Section
9 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code applies for the
10 taxable year, the reduction in the amount of interest
11 for which a deduction is allowed by reason of Section
12 163(j) shall be treated as allocable first to persons
13 who are not foreign persons referred to in this
14 paragraph and then to such foreign persons.

15 For taxable years ending before December 31, 2025,
16 this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

17 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
19 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
20 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
21 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
22 with respect to such interest; or

23 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
25 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
26 preponderance of the evidence, both of the

1 following:

2 (a) the person, during the same taxable
3 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
4 to a person that is not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
7 person did not have as a principal purpose the
8 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
9 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
10 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
11 terms; or

12 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
13 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
14 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
15 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
16 and terms and the principal purpose for the
17 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
18 or

19 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
21 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
22 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
23 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
24 to the application or use of an alternative method
25 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

26 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,

1 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

2 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
4 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
5 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
6 following:

7 (a) the person, during the same taxable
8 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
9 to a person that is not a related member, and

10 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
11 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
12 person did not have as a principal purpose the
13 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
14 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
15 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
16 terms; or

17 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
19 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
20 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
21 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
22 to the application or use of an alternative method
23 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

24 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
25 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
26 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year

1 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
2 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
3 regulation adopted by the Department and such
4 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
5 Department will utilize its authority under Section
6 404 of this Act;

7 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
8 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
9 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
11 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
12 foreign person who would be a member of the same
13 unitary business group but for the fact that the
14 foreign person's business activity outside the United
15 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
16 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
18 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
19 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
20 from being included in the unitary business group
21 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
22 business income under different subsections of Section
23 304. The addition modification required by this
24 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
25 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
26 group for the same taxable year and received by the

1 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
2 business group (including amounts included in gross
3 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
5 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
6 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
7 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
8 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
9 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
10 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
11 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
12 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
13 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
14 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
15 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
16 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
17 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
19 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
20 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
21 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
22 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
23 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
24 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
25 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

26 For taxable years ending before December 31, 2025,

1 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
2 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
3 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
4 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
5 writing to the application or use of an
6 alternative method of apportionment under Section
7 304(f);

8 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
9 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

10 (i) any item of intangible expense or cost
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
13 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person during the same taxable
16 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
17 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
18 not a related member, and

19 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
20 intangible expense or cost between the
21 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
22 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
23 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
24 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
25 or

26 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
3 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
4 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
5 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
6 writing to the application or use of an
7 alternative method of apportionment under Section
8 304(f).

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
10 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
11 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
12 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
13 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
14 regulation adopted by the Department and such
15 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
16 Department will utilize its authority under Section
17 404 of this Act;

18 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
20 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
21 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
23 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
24 business group but for the fact that the person is
25 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
26 included in the unitary business group because he or

1 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
2 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
3 addition modification required by this subparagraph
4 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
5 included in base income of the unitary group for the
6 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
8 (including amounts included in gross income under
9 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
10 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
11 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
12 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
13 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
14 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
15 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
16 the addition modification required under Section
17 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this
18 Act;

19 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
20 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
21 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
22 Act;

23 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
25 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
26 for the taxable year;

1 (G-17) the amount that is claimed as a federal
2 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
3 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
4 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
5 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
6 Tax Credit Act;

7 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
8 following amounts:

9 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in
10 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
11 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408
12 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total
13 as distributions under the provisions of any
14 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
15 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
16 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
17 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
18 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
19 adopted pursuant thereto;

20 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

21 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
22 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
23 and included in such total for the taxable year;

24 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
25 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
26 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from

1 taxation by this State either by reason of its
2 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the
3 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United
4 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of
5 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or
6 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,
7 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond
8 premium amortization;

9 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
10 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
11 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
12 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
13 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
14 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
16 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
17 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
18 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
19 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
20 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
21 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
22 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
23 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
24 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
25 250;

26 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in

1 such total which were paid by a corporation which
2 conducts business operations in a River Edge
3 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
4 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
5 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
6 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from
7 the provisions of Section 250;

8 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
9 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
10 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

11 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
12 such total that were paid by a corporation that
13 conducts business operations in a federally designated
14 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
15 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
16 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
17 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
18 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
19 this subparagraph (O);

20 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
21 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
22 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
23 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
24 the Internal Revenue Code;

25 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
26 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,

1 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
2 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
3 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
4 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
5 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
6 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
7 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
8 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
9 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
10 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
11 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
12 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
13 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
14 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
15 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
16 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
17 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
18 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
19 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
20 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
21 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
22 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
23 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
24 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
25 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
26 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and

1 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
2 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
3 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
4 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
5 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
18 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

19 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
20 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
21 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (3) for taxable years ending after December
24 31, 2005:

25 (i) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
3 by 0.429);

4 (ii) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 1.0;

8 (iii) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
11 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
12 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
13 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
14 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
16 depreciation on that property; and

17 (iv) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
19 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
20 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
21 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
22 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
23 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
24 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
25 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
26 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

1 The aggregate amount deducted under this
2 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
3 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
4 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
6 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
7 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
10 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
11 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
12 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
13 equal to that addition modification.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which a
16 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
17 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
18 required in any taxable year to make an addition
19 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
20 equal to that addition modification.

21 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
22 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
23 one piece of property.

24 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of

1 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
2 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
3 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
4 modification with respect to such transaction under
5 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
6 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
7 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
8 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
9 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
10 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
11 that is required to make an addition modification with
12 respect to such transaction under Section
13 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
14 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
15 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
16 from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
18 into account for the taxable year (net of the
19 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
22 for the fact the foreign person's business activity
23 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
6 addition modification required to be made for the same
7 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
8 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
10 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
12 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
13 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
16 for the fact that the foreign person's business
17 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
18 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
19 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
20 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
21 business group but for the fact that the person is
22 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
23 included in the unitary business group because he or
24 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
25 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
26 not to exceed the addition modification required to be

1 made for the same taxable year under Section
2 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
4 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is
5 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
7 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
8 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
10 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
11 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt
12 from Section 250;

13 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
14 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
15 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
16 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
17 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
19 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
20 add back any insurance premiums under Section
21 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
22 that part of a reimbursement received from the
23 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
24 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
25 company) that would have been taken into account as a
26 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the

1 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
2 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
3 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
4 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
5 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
6 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
7 Section 250;

8 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
9 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
10 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a
11 deduction by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal
12 Revenue Code; and

13 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
14 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
15 operating in this State and licensed under the
16 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
17 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
18 organization operating in this State and licensed
19 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
20 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
21 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
22 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
23 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
24 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
25 of Section 250.

26 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification

1 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
2 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
3 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
4 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently
5 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal
6 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

7 (d) Partnerships.

8 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
9 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
10 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

11 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
12 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
13 of the following amounts:

14 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
15 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
16 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
17 in the computation of taxable income;

18 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
19 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
20 the taxable year;

21 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
22 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the
23 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
24 income;

25 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital

1 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
2 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
3 computation of taxable income;

4 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
5 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
6 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
7 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
8 the Internal Revenue Code;

9 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
10 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
11 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
12 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
13 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
14 deductions taken in all taxable years under
15 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

16 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
17 the last day of the last tax year for which a
18 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
19 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
20 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
21 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
22 equal to that subtraction modification.

23 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
24 modification under this subparagraph only once with
25 respect to any one piece of property;

26 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise

1 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
2 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
5 member of the same unitary business group but for the
6 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
7 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
10 who would be a member of the same unitary business
11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
14 required to apportion business income under different
15 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
16 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
17 extent that dividends were included in base income of
18 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
19 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
20 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
21 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
22 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
23 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
25 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
26 accrued, or incurred. For taxable years ending on and

1 after December 31, 2025, for purposes of applying this
2 paragraph in the case of a taxpayer to which Section
3 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code applies for the
4 taxable year, the reduction in the amount of interest
5 for which a deduction is allowed by reason of Section
6 163(j) shall be treated as allocable first to persons
7 who are not foreign persons referred to in this
8 paragraph and then to such foreign persons.

9 For taxable years ending before December 31, 2025,
10 this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

11 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
13 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
14 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
15 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
16 with respect to such interest; or

17 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
19 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
20 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
21 following:

22 (a) the person, during the same taxable
23 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
24 to a person that is not a related member, and

25 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
26 interest expense between the taxpayer and the

1 person did not have as a principal purpose the
2 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
3 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
4 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
5 terms; or

6 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
7 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
8 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
9 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
10 and terms and the principal purpose for the
11 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
12 or

13 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
15 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
17 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
18 to the application or use of an alternative method
19 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

20 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
21 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

22 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
24 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
25 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person, during the same taxable
2 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
3 to a person that is not a related member, and

4 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
5 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
6 person did not have as a principal purpose the
7 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
8 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
9 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
10 terms; or

11 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
13 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
14 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
15 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
16 to the application or use of an alternative method
17 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

18 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
19 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
20 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
21 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
22 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
23 regulation adopted by the Department and such
24 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
25 Department will utilize its authority under Section
26 404 of this Act; and

1 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
2 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
3 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
6 foreign person who would be a member of the same
7 unitary business group but for the fact that the
8 foreign person's business activity outside the United
9 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
10 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
12 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
13 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
14 from being included in the unitary business group
15 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
16 business income under different subsections of Section
17 304. The addition modification required by this
18 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
19 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
20 group for the same taxable year and received by the
21 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
22 business group (including amounts included in gross
23 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
25 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
26 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom

1 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
2 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
3 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
4 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
5 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
6 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
7 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
8 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
9 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
10 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
11 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
13 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
14 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
15 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
16 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
17 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
18 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
19 similar types of intangible assets;

20 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
21 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

22 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
25 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
26 than a state which requires mandatory unitary

1 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
2 with respect to such item; or

3 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
6 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
7 following:

8 (a) the person during the same taxable
9 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
10 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
11 not a related member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
13 intangible expense or cost between the
14 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
15 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
16 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
17 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
18 or

19 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
22 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
23 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
24 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
25 writing to the application or use of an
26 alternative method of apportionment under Section

1 304(f);

2 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
3 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) any item of intangible expense or cost
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
7 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
8 following:

9 (a) the person during the same taxable
10 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
11 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
12 not a related member, and

13 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
14 intangible expense or cost between the
15 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
16 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
17 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
18 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
19 or

20 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
23 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
24 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
25 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
26 writing to the application or use of an

1 alternative method of apportionment under Section
2 304(f).

3 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
4 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
5 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
6 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
7 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
8 regulation adopted by the Department and such
9 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
10 Department will utilize its authority under Section
11 404 of this Act;

12 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
14 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
15 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
17 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
18 business group but for the fact that the person is
19 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
20 included in the unitary business group because he or
21 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
22 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
23 addition modification required by this subparagraph
24 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
25 included in base income of the unitary group for the
26 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
2 (including amounts included in gross income under
3 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
4 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
5 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
6 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
7 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
8 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
9 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
10 the addition modification required under Section
11 203(d) (2) (D-7) or Section 203(d) (2) (D-8) of this Act;

12 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
13 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
14 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
15 Act;

16 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
18 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
19 for the taxable year;

20 (D-12) the amount that is claimed as a federal
21 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
22 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
23 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
24 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
25 Tax Credit Act;

26 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following

1 amounts:

2 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

3 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
4 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
5 and included in such total for the taxable year;

6 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
7 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
8 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
9 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
10 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
11 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
12 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
13 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
14 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
15 net of bond premium amortization;

16 (H) Any income of the partnership which
17 constitutes personal service income as defined in
18 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
19 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
20 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
21 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
22 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
23 Section 250;

24 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
25 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
26 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by

1 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
2 including amounts distributable to organizations
3 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
4 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
5 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
7 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
8 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
9 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
10 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
11 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
12 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
13 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
14 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
16 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
17 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
18 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
19 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
20 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
21 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
22 250;

23 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
24 such total which were paid by a corporation which
25 conducts business operations in a River Edge
26 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River

1 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
2 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
3 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
4 the provisions of Section 250;

5 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
6 job training project established pursuant to the Real
7 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

8 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
9 such total that were paid by a corporation that
10 conducts business operations in a federally designated
11 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
12 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
13 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
14 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
15 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
16 this subparagraph (M);

17 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
18 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
19 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
20 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
21 the Internal Revenue Code;

22 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
23 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
24 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
25 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
26 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year

1 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

2 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
3 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
4 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
5 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
6 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
7 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
8 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

9 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
10 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
11 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
12 0.429); and

13 (3) for taxable years ending after December
14 31, 2005:

15 (i) for property on which a bonus
16 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
17 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
18 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
19 by 0.429);

20 (ii) for property on which a bonus
21 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
22 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
23 1.0;

24 (iii) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
26 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or

1 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
2 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
3 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
4 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
5 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
6 depreciation on that property; and

7 (iv) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
9 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
10 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
11 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
12 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
13 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
14 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
15 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
16 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

17 The aggregate amount deducted under this
18 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
19 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
20 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
21 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
22 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
23 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
24 Section 250;

25 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
26 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer

1 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
2 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
3 equal to that addition modification.

4 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
5 the last day of the last tax year for which a
6 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
7 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
8 required in any taxable year to make an addition
9 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
10 equal to that addition modification.

11 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
12 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
13 one piece of property.

14 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
17 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
18 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
19 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
20 modification with respect to such transaction under
21 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
22 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
23 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
24 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
25 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
26 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer

1 that is required to make an addition modification with
2 respect to such transaction under Section
3 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
4 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
5 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
6 from Section 250;

7 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
8 into account for the taxable year (net of the
9 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
10 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
12 for the fact that the foreign person's business
13 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
14 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
15 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
16 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
17 business group but for the fact that the person is
18 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
19 included in the unitary business group because he or
20 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
21 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
22 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
23 made for the same taxable year under Section
24 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
26 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

1 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
2 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
3 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
4 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
6 for the fact that the foreign person's business
7 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
8 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
9 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
10 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
11 business group but for the fact that the person is
12 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
13 included in the unitary business group because he or
14 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
15 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
16 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
17 made for the same taxable year under Section
18 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,
19 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the
20 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from
21 Section 250;

22 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
23 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
24 add back any insurance premiums under Section
25 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
26 that part of a reimbursement received from the

1 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
2 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
3 company) that would have been taken into account as a
4 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
5 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
6 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
7 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
8 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
9 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This
10 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
11 Section 250; and

12 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
14 operating in this State and licensed under the
15 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
16 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
17 organization operating in this State and licensed
18 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
19 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
20 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
21 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
22 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
23 this subparagraph (U) are exempt from the provisions
24 of Section 250.

25 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

1 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
2 (2) and subsection (b)(3), for purposes of this Section
3 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
4 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
5 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
6 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
7 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
8 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
9 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
11 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
12 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
13 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
14 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
15 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
16 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount
17 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
18 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income
20 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
21 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
22 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
23 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
24 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
25 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
26 addition modification must be made under those

1 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
2 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
3 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
4 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
5 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code.

7 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of
8 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable
9 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

10 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
11 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
12 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
13 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
14 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
15 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
16 Internal Revenue Code;

17 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
18 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
19 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 insurance company taxable income;

21 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
22 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
23 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
24 investment company taxable income;

25 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
26 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax

1 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,
2 real estate investment trust taxable income;

3 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
4 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group
5 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax
6 return for the taxable year for federal income tax
7 purposes, taxable income determined as if such
8 corporation had filed a separate return for federal
9 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each
10 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an
11 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,
12 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be
13 determined as if the election provided by Section
14 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in
15 effect for all such years;

16 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
17 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
18 organization determined in accordance with the
19 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the
21 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage
22 activities against income from nonpatronage
23 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or
24 association may make an election to follow its federal
25 income tax treatment of patronage losses and
26 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is

1 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over
2 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section
3 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment
4 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois
5 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which
6 the losses are incurred. The election shall be
7 effective for all taxable years with original returns
8 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,
9 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,
10 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the
11 election shall be effective for losses incurred or
12 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to
13 the date of the election. Once made, the election may
14 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The
15 Department shall adopt rules setting forth
16 requirements for documenting the elections and any
17 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
18 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
19 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
20 existing law;

21 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
22 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
23 effect an election for the taxable year under Section
24 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income
25 of such corporation determined in accordance with
26 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except

1 that taxable income shall take into account those
2 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and
4 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
5 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions
6 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have
7 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules
8 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of
9 such corporation determined in accordance with the
10 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,
11 1982; and

12 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
13 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
14 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
15 income shall take into account those items which are
16 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
17 but which would be taken into account by an individual
18 in calculating his taxable income.

19 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
20 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
21 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
22 business has been classified as business income and in a
23 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
24 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
25 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
26 related to that asset or business that generated the

1 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
2 business income in the year of the disposition of the
3 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to
4 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction
5 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act
6 for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment
7 fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of
8 this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately
9 preceding taxable years.

10 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

11 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
12 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
13 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

14 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
15 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
16 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
18 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;
19 plus

20 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
21 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
22 capital gain) for all property in respect of which
23 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes
24 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for
25 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount

1 of such gain included in the amount determined under
2 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

3 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

4 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
5 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on
6 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
7 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the
8 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's
9 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that
10 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
11 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
12 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
13 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
14 such property.

15 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
16 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
17 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
18 amount for such property is that amount which bears
19 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of
20 the property for federal income tax purposes for the
21 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
22 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
23 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
24 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
25 period for the property.

26 (C) The Department shall prescribe such

1 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
2 purposes of this paragraph.

3 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
4 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
5 to be deducted more than once.

6 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
7 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
8 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
9 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
10 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
11 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
12 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
13 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
14 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

15 (Source: P.A. 103-8, eff. 6-7-23; 103-478, eff. 1-1-24;
16 103-592, Article 10, Section 10-900, eff. 6-7-24; 103-592,
17 Article 170, Section 170-90, eff. 6-7-24; 103-605, eff.
18 7-1-24; 103-647, eff. 7-1-24; 104-6, eff. 6-16-25; 104-417,
19 eff. 8-15-25.)

20 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
21 becoming law.