



104TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2025 and 2026

HB5256

Introduced 2/10/2026, by Rep. Justin Slaughter

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

730 ILCS 5/3-3-8
730 ILCS 5/3-3-9

from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-8
from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-9

Amends the Unified Code of Corrections. Provides that a person who is serving a term of mandatory supervised release shall receive one day of additional supervision credit for each day of his or her mandatory supervised release term. Provides that each day of supervision credit shall reduce by one day the person's period of mandatory supervised release. Provides that if prior to expiration or termination of the term of mandatory supervised release, a person violates a condition set by the Prisoner Review Board or a condition of mandatory supervised release to govern that term, the Board may extend the term of mandatory supervised release by revoking supervision credit earned.

LRB104 18125 RLC 31564 b

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
5 changing Sections 3-3-8 and 3-3-9 as follows:

6 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-8) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-8)

7 Sec. 3-3-8. Length of parole and mandatory supervised
8 release; discharge.

9 (a) The length of parole for a person sentenced under the
10 law in effect prior to the effective date of this amendatory
11 Act of 1977 and the length of mandatory supervised release for
12 those sentenced under the law in effect on and after such
13 effective date shall be as set out in Section 5-8-1 unless
14 sooner terminated under paragraph (b) of this Section.

15 (a-1) A person who is serving a term of mandatory
16 supervised release shall receive one day of additional
17 supervision credit for each day of his or her mandatory
18 supervised release term. Each day of supervision credit shall
19 reduce by one day the person's period of mandatory supervised
20 release.

21 (b) The Prisoner Review Board may enter an order releasing
22 and discharging one from parole or mandatory supervised
23 release, and his or her commitment to the Department, when it

1 determines that he or she is likely to remain at liberty
2 without committing another offense. Before entering such an
3 order, the Prisoner Review Board shall provide notice and a
4 30-day opportunity to comment to any registered victim.

5 (b-1) Provided that the subject is in compliance with the
6 terms and conditions of his or her parole or mandatory
7 supervised release, the Prisoner Review Board shall reduce the
8 period of a parolee or releasee's parole or mandatory
9 supervised release by 90 days upon the parolee or releasee
10 receiving a high school diploma, associate's degree,
11 bachelor's degree, career certificate, or vocational technical
12 certification or upon passage of high school equivalency
13 testing during the period of his or her parole or mandatory
14 supervised release. A parolee or releasee shall provide
15 documentation from the educational institution or the source
16 of the qualifying educational or vocational credential to
17 their supervising officer for verification. Each reduction in
18 the period of a subject's term of parole or mandatory
19 supervised release shall be available only to subjects who
20 have not previously earned the relevant credential for which
21 they are receiving the reduction. As used in this Section,
22 "career certificate" means a certificate awarded by an
23 institution for satisfactory completion of a prescribed
24 curriculum that is intended to prepare an individual for
25 employment in a specific field.

26 (b-2) The Prisoner Review Board may release a low-risk and

1 need subject person from mandatory supervised release as
2 determined by an appropriate evidence-based risk and need
3 assessment.

4 (b-3) After the completion of at least 6 months for
5 offenses set forth in paragraphs (1.5) through (7) of
6 subsection (a) of Section 110-6.1 of the Code of Criminal
7 Procedure of 1963 and 3 months for all other offenses, and upon
8 completion of all mandatory conditions of parole or mandatory
9 supervised release set forth in paragraph (7.5) of subsection
10 (a) of Section 3-3-7 and subsection (b) of Section 3-3-7, the
11 Department of Corrections shall complete a report describing
12 whether the subject has completed the mandatory conditions of
13 parole or mandatory supervised release. The report shall
14 include whether the subject has complied with any mandatory
15 conditions of parole or mandatory supervised release relating
16 to orders of protection, civil no contact orders, or stalking
17 no contact orders. The report shall also indicate whether a
18 LEADS report reflects a conviction for a domestic violence
19 offense within the prior 5 years.

20 (c) The order of discharge shall become effective upon
21 entry of the order of the Board. The Board shall notify the
22 clerk of the committing court of the order. Upon receipt of
23 such copy, the clerk shall make an entry on the record judgment
24 that the sentence or commitment has been satisfied pursuant to
25 the order.

26 (d) Rights of the person discharged under this Section

1 shall be restored under Section 5-5-5.

2 (e) Upon a denial of early discharge under this Section,
3 the Prisoner Review Board shall provide the person on parole
4 or mandatory supervised release a list of steps or
5 requirements that the person must complete or meet to be
6 granted an early discharge at a subsequent review and share
7 the process for seeking a subsequent early discharge review
8 under this subsection. Upon the completion of such steps or
9 requirements, the person on parole or mandatory supervised
10 release may petition the Prisoner Review Board to grant them
11 an early discharge review. Within no more than 30 days of a
12 petition under this subsection, the Prisoner Review Board
13 shall review the petition and make a determination.

14 (Source: P.A. 103-271, eff. 1-1-24; 104-11, eff. 6-20-25.)

15 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-9) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-9)

16 Sec. 3-3-9. Violations; changes of conditions; preliminary
17 hearing; revocation of parole or mandatory supervised release;
18 revocation hearing.

19 (a) If prior to expiration or termination of the term of
20 parole or mandatory supervised release, a person violates a
21 condition set by the Prisoner Review Board or a condition of
22 parole or mandatory supervised release under Section 3-3-7 of
23 this Code to govern that term, the Board may:

24 (1) continue the existing term, with or without
25 modifying or enlarging the conditions; or

1 (1.5) for those released as a result of youthful
2 offender parole as set forth in Section 5-4.5-115 of this
3 Code, order that the inmate be subsequently rereleased to
4 serve a specified mandatory supervised release term not to
5 exceed the full term permitted under the provisions of
6 Section 5-4.5-115 and subsection (d) of Section 5-8-1 of
7 this Code and may modify or enlarge the conditions of the
8 release as the Board deems proper; or

9 (1.6) extend the term of mandatory supervised release
10 by revoking supervision credit earned pursuant to
11 subsection (a-1) of Section 3-3-8; or

12 (2) parole or release the person to a half-way house;
13 or

14 (3) revoke the parole or mandatory supervised release
15 and reconfine the person for a term computed in the
16 following manner:

17 (i) (A) For those sentenced under the law in
18 effect prior to this amendatory Act of 1977, the
19 recommitment shall be for any portion of the imposed
20 maximum term of imprisonment or confinement which had
21 not been served at the time of parole and the parole
22 term, less the time elapsed between the parole of the
23 person and the commission of the violation for which
24 parole was revoked;

25 (B) Except as set forth in paragraphs (C) and (D),
26 for those subject to mandatory supervised release

1 under paragraph (d) of Section 5-8-1 of this Code, the
2 recommitment shall be for the total mandatory
3 supervised release term, less the time elapsed between
4 the release of the person and the commission of the
5 violation for which mandatory supervised release is
6 revoked. The Board may also order that a prisoner
7 serve up to one year of the sentence imposed by the
8 court which was not served due to the accumulation of
9 sentence credit;

10 (C) For those subject to sex offender supervision
11 under clause (d) (4) of Section 5-8-1 of this Code, the
12 reconfinement period for violations of clauses (a) (3)
13 through (b-1) (15) of Section 3-3-7 shall not exceed 2
14 years from the date of reconfinement;

15 (D) For those released as a result of youthful
16 offender parole as set forth in Section 5-4.5-115 of
17 this Code, the reconfinement period shall be for the
18 total mandatory supervised release term, less the time
19 elapsed between the release of the person and the
20 commission of the violation for which mandatory
21 supervised release is revoked. The Board may also
22 order that a prisoner serve up to one year of the
23 mandatory supervised release term previously earned.
24 The Board may also order that the inmate be
25 subsequently rereleased to serve a specified mandatory
26 supervised release term not to exceed the full term

1 permitted under the provisions of Section 5-4.5-115
2 and subsection (d) of Section 5-8-1 of this Code and
3 may modify or enlarge the conditions of the release as
4 the Board deems proper;

5 (ii) the person shall be given credit against the
6 term of reimprisonment or reconfinement for time spent
7 in custody since he or she was paroled or released
8 which has not been credited against another sentence
9 or period of confinement;

10 (iii) (blank);

11 (iv) this Section is subject to the release under
12 supervision and the reparole and rerelease provisions
13 of Section 3-3-10.

14 (b) The Board may revoke parole or mandatory supervised
15 release for violation of a condition for the duration of the
16 term and for any further period which is reasonably necessary
17 for the adjudication of matters arising before its expiration.
18 The issuance of a warrant of arrest for an alleged violation of
19 the conditions of parole or mandatory supervised release shall
20 toll the running of the term until the final determination of
21 the charge. When parole or mandatory supervised release is not
22 revoked that period shall be credited to the term, unless a
23 community-based sanction is imposed as an alternative to
24 revocation and reincarceration, including a diversion
25 established by the Illinois Department of Corrections Parole
26 Services Unit prior to the holding of a preliminary parole

1 revocation hearing. Parolees who are diverted to a
2 community-based sanction shall serve the entire term of parole
3 or mandatory supervised release, if otherwise appropriate.

4 (b-5) The Board shall revoke parole or mandatory
5 supervised release for violation of the conditions prescribed
6 in paragraph (7.6) of subsection (a) of Section 3-3-7.

7 (c) A person charged with violating a condition of parole
8 or mandatory supervised release shall have a preliminary
9 hearing before a hearing officer designated by the Board to
10 determine if there is cause to hold the person for a revocation
11 hearing. However, no preliminary hearing need be held when
12 revocation is based upon new criminal charges and a court
13 finds probable cause on the new criminal charges or when the
14 revocation is based upon a new criminal conviction and a
15 certified copy of that conviction is available.

16 (d) Parole or mandatory supervised release shall not be
17 revoked without written notice to the offender setting forth
18 the violation of parole or mandatory supervised release
19 charged against him or her. Before the Board makes a decision
20 on whether to revoke an offender's parole or mandatory
21 supervised release, the Prisoner Review Board must run a LEADS
22 report. The Board shall publish on the Board's publicly
23 accessible website the name and identification number of
24 offenders who are alleged to have violated terms of parole or
25 mandatory supervised release and the Board's decision as to
26 whether to revoke parole or mandatory supervised release. This

1 information shall be accessible for a period of 60 days after
2 the information is posted.

3 (e) A hearing on revocation shall be conducted before at
4 least one member of the Prisoner Review Board. The Board may
5 meet and order its actions in panels of 3 or more members. The
6 action of a majority of the panel shall be the action of the
7 Board. A record of the hearing shall be made. At the hearing
8 the offender shall be permitted to:

9 (1) appear and answer the charge; and

10 (2) bring witnesses on his or her behalf.

11 (f) The Board shall either revoke parole or mandatory
12 supervised release or order the person's term continued with
13 or without modification or enlargement of the conditions.

14 (g) Parole or mandatory supervised release shall not be
15 revoked for failure to make payments under the conditions of
16 parole or release unless the Board determines that such
17 failure is due to the offender's willful refusal to pay.

18 (Source: P.A. 104-11, eff. 6-20-25.)