

104TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2025 and 2026 SB1849

Introduced 2/5/2025, by Sen. Mary Edly-Allen

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/8-4 720 ILCS 5/9-1.2 720 ILCS 5/10-2	from Ch. 38, par. 8-4 from Ch. 38, par. 9-1.2 from Ch. 38, par. 10-2
720 ILCS 5/11-1.30	was 720 ILCS 5/12-14
720 ILCS 5/11-1.40	was 720 ILCS 5/12-14.1
720 ILCS 5/12-3.05	was 720 ILCS 5/12-4
720 ILCS 5/18-2	from Ch. 38, par. 18-2
720 ILCS 5/18-4	
720 ILCS 5/19-6	was 720 ILCS 5/12-11
730 ILCS 5/5-8-1	from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-1

Amends the Criminal Code of 2012 and the Unified Code of Corrections. Provides that certain offenses for which the use of a firearm requires the court to add 15 years, 20 years, or 25 years or up to a term of natural life to the sentence, makes the additional sentences discretionary with the court. Deletes provisions that permit the court in those cases to impose a term of natural life imprisonment upon the defendant. Provides that the court may impose the additional sentences only if the defendant was personally armed with the firearm and was personally displaying the firearm. Provides that the penalty for aggravated criminal sexual assault in which the defendant personally discharged the firearm in the commission of the offense is a Class X felony for which up to 20 years may (rather than 20 years shall) be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court and up to 25 years may be added (rather than 25 years or up to a term of natural life imprisonment shall be added) to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court if the discharge proximately caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person; Provides that the penalty for home invasion is a Class X felony for which up to 20 years may (rather than 20 years shall) be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court if the defendant personally discharged a firearm during the commission of the offense.

LRB104 10141 RLC 20213 b

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 8-4, 9-1.2, 10-2, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 12-3.05,
- 6 18-2, 18-4, and 19-6 as follows:
- 7 (720 ILCS 5/8-4) (from Ch. 38, par. 8-4)
- 8 Sec. 8-4. Attempt.
- 9 (a) Elements of the offense.
- 10 A person commits the offense of attempt when, with intent
- 11 to commit a specific offense, he or she does any act that
- 12 constitutes a substantial step toward the commission of that
- offense.
- 14 (b) Impossibility.
- 15 It is not a defense to a charge of attempt that because of
- 16 a misapprehension of the circumstances it would have been
- impossible for the accused to commit the offense attempted.
- 18 (c) Sentence.
- 19 A person convicted of attempt may be fined or imprisoned
- or both not to exceed the maximum provided for the offense
- 21 attempted but, except for an attempt to commit the offense
- defined in Section 33A-2 of this Code:
- 23 (1) the sentence for attempt to commit first degree

murder is the sentence for a Class X felony, except that

- (A) an attempt to commit first degree murder when at least one of the aggravating factors specified in clauses (iii), (iv), and (v) of subsection (a)(1)(c) of Section 5-8-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections is present is a Class X felony for which the sentence shall be a term of imprisonment of not less than 20 years and not more than 80 years;
- (B) an attempt to commit first degree murder while armed with a firearm is a Class X felony for which <u>up</u> to 15 years <u>may shall</u> be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court <u>if the person committed the offense while personally armed with the firearm and while personally displaying the firearm;</u>
- (C) an attempt to commit first degree murder during which the person personally discharged a firearm is a Class X felony for which <u>up to</u> 20 years <u>may shall</u> be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;
- (D) an attempt to commit first degree murder during which the person personally discharged a firearm that proximately caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person is a Class X felony for which up to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by

13

14

15

16

17

1 the court; and

- 2 (E) if the defendant proves by a preponderance of 3 the evidence at sentencing that, at the time of the attempted murder, he or she was acting under a sudden and intense passion resulting from serious provocation by the individual whom the defendant endeavored to 6 7 kill, or another, and, had the individual the defendant endeavored to kill died, the defendant would 8 9 have negligently or accidentally caused that death, 10 then the sentence for the attempted murder is the 11 sentence for a Class 1 felony;
 - (2) the sentence for attempt to commit a Class X felony is the sentence for a Class 1 felony;
 - (3) the sentence for attempt to commit a Class 1 felony is the sentence for a Class 2 felony;
 - (4) the sentence for attempt to commit a Class 2 felony is the sentence for a Class 3 felony; and
- 18 (5) the sentence for attempt to commit any felony
 19 other than those specified in items (1), (2), (3), and (4)
 20 of this subsection (c) is the sentence for a Class A
 21 misdemeanor.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 103-51, eff. 1-1-24.)
- 23 (720 ILCS 5/9-1.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 9-1.2)
- Sec. 9-1.2. Intentional homicide of an unborn child.
- 25 (a) A person commits the offense of intentional homicide

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- of an unborn child if, in performing acts which cause the death of an unborn child, he without lawful justification:
 - (1) either intended to cause the death of or do great bodily harm to the pregnant individual or unborn child or knew that such acts would cause death or great bodily harm to the pregnant individual or unborn child; or
 - (2) knew that his acts created a strong probability of death or great bodily harm to the pregnant individual or unborn child; and
 - (3) knew that the individual was pregnant.
 - (b) For purposes of this Section, (1) "unborn child" shall mean any individual of the human species from the implantation of an embryo until birth, and (2) "person" shall not include the pregnant woman whose unborn child is killed.
 - (c) This Section shall not apply to acts which cause the death of an unborn child if those acts were committed during any abortion, as defined in Section 1-10 of the Reproductive Health Act, to which the pregnant individual has consented. This Section shall not apply to acts which were committed pursuant to usual and customary standards of medical practice during diagnostic testing or therapeutic treatment.
 - (d) Penalty. The sentence for intentional homicide of an unborn child shall be the same as for first degree murder, except that:
- 25 (1) (blank);
- 26 (2) if the person committed the offense while

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1	<u>personally</u>	armed	with	a	firear	m,	and	while	per	son	ally
2	displaying	the fi	rearm,	ир	<u>to</u> 15	уеа	ars <u>m</u>	nay sha	ll b	e a	.dded
3	to the term	of imp	risonme	ent.	impos	ed h	ov t.h	e court	t. :		

- (3) if, during the commission of the offense, the person personally discharged a firearm, <u>up to</u> 20 years <u>may</u> shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;
- (4) if, during the commission of the offense, the person personally discharged a firearm that proximately caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person, up to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court.
- (e) The provisions of this Act shall not be construed to prohibit the prosecution of any person under any other provision of law.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 103-51, eff. 1-1-24.)
- 18 (720 ILCS 5/10-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 10-2)
- 19 Sec. 10-2. Aggravated kidnaping.
- 20 (a) A person commits the offense of aggravated kidnaping 21 when he or she commits kidnapping and:
- 22 (1) kidnaps with the intent to obtain ransom from the person kidnaped or from any other person;
- 24 (2) takes as his or her victim a child under the age of 25 13 years, or a person with a severe or profound

7

8

9

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

l intellectual	disability;
----------------	-------------

- 2 (3) inflicts great bodily harm, other than by the 3 discharge of a firearm, or commits another felony upon his 4 or her victim;
 - (4) wears a hood, robe, or mask or conceals his or her identity;
 - (5) commits the offense of kidnaping while armed with a dangerous weapon, other than a firearm, as defined in Section 33A-1 of this Code;
- 10 (6) commits the offense of kidnaping while armed with a firearm;
 - (7) during the commission of the offense of kidnaping, personally discharges a firearm; or
 - (8) during the commission of the offense of kidnaping, personally discharges a firearm that proximately causes great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person.
 - As used in this Section, "ransom" includes money, benefit, or other valuable thing or concession.
 - (b) Sentence. Aggravated kidnaping in violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of subsection (a) is a Class X felony. A violation of subsection (a) (6) is a Class X felony for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court, if the person committed the offense while personally armed with a firearm, and while personally displaying the firearm. A violation of subsection

- (a)(7) is a Class X felony for which up to 20 years may shall 1 2 be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A 3 violation of subsection (a)(8) is a Class X felony for which up to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life shall be added 5 to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. An offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of 6 7 aggravated kidnaping in violation of paragraphs (1) through 8 (8) of subsection (a) shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections. 9
- 10 A person who has attained the age of 18 years at the time 11 of the commission of the offense and who is convicted of a 12 second or subsequent offense of aggravated kidnaping shall be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment; except that 13 14 a sentence of natural life imprisonment shall not be imposed 15 under this Section unless the second or subsequent offense was 16 committed after conviction on the first offense. An offender 17 under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the second or subsequent offense shall be sentenced under Section 18 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections. 19
- 20 (Source: P.A. 99-69, eff. 1-1-16; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 21 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)
- 22 (720 ILCS 5/11-1.30) (was 720 ILCS 5/12-14)
- 23 Sec. 11-1.30. Aggravated Criminal Sexual Assault.
- 24 (a) A person commits aggravated criminal sexual assault if 25 that person commits criminal sexual assault and any of the

1	following	aggra	vating	circums	stances	exist	during	the
2	commission	of the	e offense	or, fo	or purpo	ses of	paragraph	(7) ,
3	occur as pa	rt of	the same	course	of cond	duct as	the commis	ssion
4	of the offer	nse:						

- (1) the person displays, threatens to use, or uses a dangerous weapon, other than a firearm, or any other object fashioned or used in a manner that leads the victim, under the circumstances, reasonably to believe that the object is a dangerous weapon;
- (2) the person causes bodily harm to the victim, except as provided in paragraph (10);
- (3) the person acts in a manner that threatens or endangers the life of the victim or any other person;
- (4) the person commits the criminal sexual assault during the course of committing or attempting to commit any other felony;
 - (5) the victim is 60 years of age or older;
 - (6) the victim is a person with a physical disability;
- (7) the person delivers (by injection, inhalation, ingestion, transfer of possession, or any other means) any controlled substance to the victim without the victim's consent or by threat or deception for other than medical purposes;
 - (8) the person is armed with a firearm;
- (9) the person personally discharges a firearm during the commission of the offense; or

- 1 (10) the person personally discharges a firearm during 2 the commission of the offense, and that discharge 3 proximately causes great bodily harm, permanent 4 disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another 5 person.
 - (b) A person commits aggravated criminal sexual assault if that person is under 17 years of age and: (i) commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who is under 9 years of age; or (ii) commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who is at least 9 years of age but under 13 years of age and the person uses force or threat of force to commit the act.
 - (c) A person commits aggravated criminal sexual assault if that person commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who is a person with a severe or profound intellectual disability.
 - (d) Sentence.
 - (1) Aggravated criminal sexual assault in violation of paragraph (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (7) of subsection (a) or in violation of subsection (b) or (c) is a Class X felony. A violation of subsection (a)(1) is a Class X felony for which 10 years shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of subsection (a)(8) is a Class X felony for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court, if the person committed the offense while personally armed with a firearm, and while

personally displaying the firearm. A violation of subsection (a) (9) is a Class X felony for which up to 20 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of subsection (a) (10) is a Class X felony for which up to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life imprisonment shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. An offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of aggravated criminal sexual assault in violation of paragraphs (1) through (10) of subsection (a) shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

(2) A person who has attained the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense and who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault, or who is convicted of the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault after having previously been convicted of the offense of criminal sexual assault or the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or who is convicted of the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault after having previously been convicted under the laws of this or any other state of an offense that is substantially equivalent to the offense of criminal sexual assault, the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault or the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault or the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, shall be sentenced to

19

- a term of natural life imprisonment. The commission of the second or subsequent offense is required to have been after the initial conviction for this paragraph (2) to apply. An offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense covered by this paragraph (2) shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the
- 8 (Source: P.A. 99-69, eff. 1-1-16; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)
- 10 (720 ILCS 5/11-1.40) (was 720 ILCS 5/12-14.1)

Unified Code of Corrections.

- 11 Sec. 11-1.40. Predatory criminal sexual assault of a child.
- 13 (a) A person commits predatory criminal sexual assault of
 14 a child if that person is 17 years of age or older, and commits
 15 an act of contact, however slight, between the sex organ or
 16 anus of one person and the part of the body of another for the
 17 purpose of sexual gratification or arousal of the victim or
 18 the accused, or an act of sexual penetration, and:
 - (1) the victim is under 13 years of age; or
- 20 (2) the victim is under 13 years of age and that 21 person:
- 22 (A) is armed with a firearm;
- 23 (B) personally discharges a firearm during the commission of the offense;
- 25 (C) causes great bodily harm to the victim that:

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

/ I \					
(7)	results	ı'n	nermanent	disability;	\circ r
(- /	TCDGTCD		PCIMATICITE	$\alpha \pm \beta \alpha \beta \pm \pm \pm c \gamma \gamma$	\circ

(ii) is life threatening; or

(D) delivers (by injection, inhalation, ingestion, transfer of possession, or any other means) any controlled substance to the victim without the victim's consent or by threat or deception, for other than medical purposes.

(b) Sentence.

(1) A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a)(1) commits a Class X felony, for which the person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 60 years. A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a)(2)(A) commits a Class X felony for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court, if the person committed the offense while personally armed with a firearm, and while personally displaying the firearm. A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a)(2)(B) commits a Class X felony for which up to 20 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A person who has attained the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense and who is convicted of a violation of subsection (a)(2)(C) commits a Class X felony for which the person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 50 years or up to a term of natural life imprisonment. An offender under the age of 18

years at the time of the commission of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child in violation of subsections (a)(1), (a)(2)(A), (a)(2)(B), and (a)(2)(C) shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

- (1.1) A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a)(2)(D) commits a Class X felony for which the person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 50 years and not more than 60 years. An offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child in violation of subsection (a)(2)(D) shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
- (1.2) A person who has attained the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense and convicted of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child committed against 2 or more persons regardless of whether the offenses occurred as the result of the same act or of several related or unrelated acts shall be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment and an offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
- (2) A person who has attained the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense and who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense of predatory

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

criminal sexual assault of a child, or who is convicted of the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child after having previously been convicted of the offense of criminal sexual assault or the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault, or who is convicted of the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child after having previously been convicted under the laws of this State or any other state of an offense that is substantially equivalent to the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault or the offense of criminal sexual assault, shall be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment. The commission of the second or subsequent offense is required to have been after the initial conviction for this paragraph (2) to apply. An offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense covered by this paragraph (2) shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

- 20 (Source: P.A. 98-370, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 98-903, eff. 8-15-14; 99-69, eff. 1-1-16.)
- 22 (720 ILCS 5/12-3.05) (was 720 ILCS 5/12-4)
- Sec. 12-3.05. Aggravated battery.
- 24 (a) Offense based on injury. A person commits aggravated 25 battery when, in committing a battery, other than by the

1	discharge	of	а	firearm,	he	or	she	knowingly	does	any	of	the
2	following:	:										

- (1) Causes great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement.
 - (2) Causes severe and permanent disability, great bodily harm, or disfigurement by means of a caustic or flammable substance, a poisonous gas, a deadly biological or chemical contaminant or agent, a radioactive substance, or a bomb or explosive compound.
 - (3) Causes great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to an individual whom the person knows to be a peace officer, community policing volunteer, fireman, private security officer, correctional institution employee, or Department of Human Services employee supervising or controlling sexually dangerous persons or sexually violent persons:
 - (i) performing his or her official duties;
- (ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her
 official duties; or
 - (iii) battered in retaliation for performing his or her official duties.
 - (4) Causes great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to an individual 60 years of age or older.
- (5) Strangles another individual.
 - (b) Offense based on injury to a child or person with an

- 1 intellectual disability. A person who is at least 18 years of
- 2 age commits aggravated battery when, in committing a battery,
- 3 he or she knowingly and without legal justification by any
- 4 means:
- 5 (1) causes great bodily harm or permanent disability
- or disfigurement to any child under the age of 13 years, or
- 7 to any person with a severe or profound intellectual
- 8 disability; or
- 9 (2) causes bodily harm or disability or disfigurement
- 10 to any child under the age of 13 years or to any person
- with a severe or profound intellectual disability.
- 12 (c) Offense based on location of conduct. A person commits
- aggravated battery when, in committing a battery, other than
- 14 by the discharge of a firearm, he or she is or the person
- battered is on or about a public way, public property, a public
- 16 place of accommodation or amusement, a sports venue, or a
- domestic violence shelter, or in a church, synagogue, mosque,
- or other building, structure, or place used for religious
- 19 worship.
- 20 (d) Offense based on status of victim. A person commits
- 21 aggravated battery when, in committing a battery, other than
- 22 by discharge of a firearm, he or she knows the individual
- 23 battered to be any of the following:
- 24 (1) A person 60 years of age or older.
- 25 (2) A person who is pregnant or has a physical
- 26 disability.

25

26

1	(3) A teacher or school employee upon school grounds
2	or grounds adjacent to a school or in any part of a
3	building used for school purposes.
4	(4) A peace officer, community policing volunteer,
5	fireman, private security officer, correctional
6	institution employee, or Department of Human Services
7	employee supervising or controlling sexually dangerous
8	persons or sexually violent persons:
9	(i) performing his or her official duties;
10	(ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her
11	official duties; or
12	(iii) battered in retaliation for performing his
13	or her official duties.
14	(5) A judge, emergency management worker, emergency
15	medical services personnel, or utility worker:
16	(i) performing his or her official duties;
17	(ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her
18	official duties; or
19	(iii) battered in retaliation for performing his
20	or her official duties.
21	(6) An officer or employee of the State of Illinois, a
22	unit of local government, or a school district, while
23	performing his or her official duties.

(7) A transit employee performing his or her official

duties, or a transit passenger.

(8) A taxi driver on duty.

- (9) A merchant who detains the person for an alleged commission of retail theft under Section 16-26 of this Code and the person without legal justification by any means causes bodily harm to the merchant.
- (10) A person authorized to serve process under Section 2-202 of the Code of Civil Procedure or a special process server appointed by the circuit court while that individual is in the performance of his or her duties as a process server.
- (11) A nurse while in the performance of his or her duties as a nurse.
- (12) A merchant: (i) while performing his or her duties, including, but not limited to, relaying directions for healthcare or safety from his or her supervisor or employer or relaying health or safety guidelines, recommendations, regulations, or rules from a federal, State, or local public health agency; and (ii) during a disaster declared by the Governor, or a state of emergency declared by the mayor of the municipality in which the merchant is located, due to a public health emergency and for a period of 6 months after such declaration.
- (e) Offense based on use of a firearm. A person commits aggravated battery when, in committing a battery, he or she knowingly does any of the following:
 - (1) Discharges a firearm, other than a machine gun or a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury

1 to another person.

- (2) Discharges a firearm, other than a machine gun or a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury to a person he or she knows to be a peace officer, community policing volunteer, person summoned by a police officer, fireman, private security officer, correctional institution employee, or emergency management worker:
 - (i) performing his or her official duties;
 - (ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her
 official duties; or
 - (iii) battered in retaliation for performing his or her official duties.
- (3) Discharges a firearm, other than a machine gun or a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury to a person he or she knows to be emergency medical services personnel:
 - (i) performing his or her official duties;
 - (ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her
 official duties; or
 - (iii) battered in retaliation for performing his or her official duties.
- (4) Discharges a firearm and causes any injury to a person he or she knows to be a teacher, a student in a school, or a school employee, and the teacher, student, or employee is upon school grounds or grounds adjacent to a school or in any part of a building used for school

l purposes	•
------------	---

- (5) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury to another person.
- (6) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury to a person he or she knows to be a peace officer, community policing volunteer, person summoned by a police officer, fireman, private security officer, correctional institution employee or emergency management worker:
 - (i) performing his or her official duties;
 - (ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her
 official duties; or
 - (iii) battered in retaliation for performing his or her official duties.
- (7) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury to a person he or she knows to be emergency medical services personnel:
 - (i) performing his or her official duties;
 - (ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her
 official duties; or
 - (iii) battered in retaliation for performing his or her official duties.
- (8) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury to a person he or she knows to be a teacher, or a student in a school, or a school employee, and the teacher, student, or employee is

- upon school grounds or grounds adjacent to a school or in any part of a building used for school purposes.
 - (f) Offense based on use of a weapon or device. A person commits aggravated battery when, in committing a battery, he or she does any of the following:
 - (1) Uses a deadly weapon other than by discharge of a firearm, or uses an air rifle as defined in Section 24.8-0.1 of this Code.
 - (2) Wears a hood, robe, or mask to conceal his or her identity.
 - (3) Knowingly and without lawful justification shines or flashes a laser gunsight or other laser device attached to a firearm, or used in concert with a firearm, so that the laser beam strikes upon or against the person of another.
 - (4) Knowingly video or audio records the offense with the intent to disseminate the recording.
 - (g) Offense based on certain conduct. A person commits aggravated battery when, other than by discharge of a firearm, he or she does any of the following:
 - (1) Violates Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act by unlawfully delivering a controlled substance to another and any user experiences great bodily harm or permanent disability as a result of the injection, inhalation, or ingestion of any amount of the controlled substance.

- (2) Knowingly administers to an individual or causes him or her to take, without his or her consent or by threat or deception, and for other than medical purposes, any intoxicating, poisonous, stupefying, narcotic, anesthetic, or controlled substance, or gives to another person any food containing any substance or object intended to cause physical injury if eaten.
 - (3) Knowingly causes or attempts to cause a correctional institution employee or Department of Human Services employee to come into contact with blood, seminal fluid, urine, or feces by throwing, tossing, or expelling the fluid or material, and the person is an inmate of a penal institution or is a sexually dangerous person or sexually violent person in the custody of the Department of Human Services.
- 16 (h) Sentence. Unless otherwise provided, aggravated 17 battery is a Class 3 felony.
- Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a)(4), (d)(4), or (g)(3) is a Class 2 felony.
- 20 Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a)(3) or 21 (g)(1) is a Class 1 felony.

Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a)(1) is a Class 1 felony when the aggravated battery was intentional and involved the infliction of torture, as defined in paragraph (10) of subsection (b-5) of Section 5-8-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections, as the infliction of or subjection to extreme

5

6

7

8

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

22

23

24

25

physical pain, motivated by an intent to increase or prolong the pain, suffering, or agony of the victim.

Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a)(1) is a Class 2 felony when the person causes great bodily harm or permanent disability to an individual whom the person knows to be a member of a congregation engaged in prayer or other religious activities at a church, synagogue, mosque, or other building, structure, or place used for religious worship.

9 Aggravated battery under subdivision (a)(5) is a Class 1 10 felony if:

- (A) the person used or attempted to use a dangerous instrument while committing the offense;
- (B) the person caused great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to the other person while committing the offense; or
- (C) the person has been previously convicted of a violation of subdivision (a)(5) under the laws of this State or laws similar to subdivision (a)(5) of any other state.
- 20 Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (e)(1) is a 21 Class X felony.
 - Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a)(2) is a Class X felony for which a person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of a minimum of 6 years and a maximum of 45 years.
- 26 Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (e)(5) is a

- 1 Class X felony for which a person shall be sentenced to a term
- of imprisonment of a minimum of 12 years and a maximum of 45
- 3 years.
- 4 Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (e)(2),
- 5 (e)(3), or (e)(4) is a Class X felony for which a person shall
- 6 be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of a minimum of 15 years
- 7 and a maximum of 60 years.
- 8 Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (e)(6),
- 9 (e)(7), or (e)(8) is a Class X felony for which a person shall
- 10 be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of a minimum of 20 years
- and a maximum of 60 years.
- 12 Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (b)(1) is a
- 13 Class X felony, except that:
- 14 (1) if the person committed the offense while
- 15 personally armed with a firearm, and while personally
- displaying the firearm, up to 15 years may shall be added
- to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;
- 18 (2) if, during the commission of the offense, the
- person personally discharged a firearm, up to 20 years may
- 20 shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the
- 21 court;
- 22 (3) if, during the commission of the offense, the
- person personally discharged a firearm that proximately
- caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent
- disfigurement, or death to another person, up to 25 years
- 26 <u>may</u> or up to a term of natural life shall be added to the

- 1 term of imprisonment imposed by the court.
- 2 (i) Definitions. In this Section:
- 3 "Building or other structure used to provide shelter" has
- 4 the meaning ascribed to "shelter" in Section 1 of the Domestic
- 5 Violence Shelters Act.
- 6 "Domestic violence" has the meaning ascribed to it in
- 7 Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986.
- 8 "Domestic violence shelter" means any building or other
- 9 structure used to provide shelter or other services to victims
- or to the dependent children of victims of domestic violence
- 11 pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or the
- Domestic Violence Shelters Act, or any place within 500 feet
- of such a building or other structure in the case of a person
- 14 who is going to or from such a building or other structure.
- 15 "Firearm" has the meaning provided under Section 1.1 of
- 16 the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, and does not
- include an air rifle as defined by Section 24.8-0.1 of this
- 18 Code.
- 19 "Machine gun" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section
- 20 24-1 of this Code.
- "Merchant" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section
- 22 16-0.1 of this Code.
- "Strangle" means intentionally impeding the normal
- 24 breathing or circulation of the blood of an individual by
- applying pressure on the throat or neck of that individual or
- 26 by blocking the nose or mouth of that individual.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 103-51, eff. 1-1-24.)
- 2 (720 ILCS 5/18-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 18-2)
- 3 Sec. 18-2. Armed robbery.
- 4 (a) A person commits armed robbery when he or she violates
- 5 Section 18-1; and
- 6 (1) he or she carries on or about his or her person or
- is otherwise armed with a dangerous weapon other than a
- 8 firearm; or
- 9 (2) he or she carries on or about his or her person or
- is otherwise armed with a firearm; or
- 11 (3) he or she, during the commission of the offense,
- 12 personally discharges a firearm; or
- 13 (4) he or she, during the commission of the offense,
- personally discharges a firearm that proximately causes
- 15 great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent
- disfigurement, or death to another person.
- 17 (b) Sentence.
- Armed robbery in violation of subsection (a) (1) is a Class
- 19 X felony. A violation of subsection (a) (2) is a Class X felony
- 20 for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of
- imprisonment imposed by the court, if the person committed the
- 22 offense while personally armed with a firearm, and while
- 23 personally displaying the firearm. A violation of subsection
- 24 (a)(3) is a Class X felony for which up to 20 years may shall
- 25 be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 1 violation of subsection (a) (4) is a Class X felony for which <u>up</u>
- 2 to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life shall be added
- 3 to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 91-404, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 5 (720 ILCS 5/18-4)
- 6 Sec. 18-4. Aggravated vehicular hijacking.
- 7 (a) A person commits aggravated vehicular hijacking when 8 he or she violates Section 18-3; and
- 9 (1) the person from whose immediate presence the motor 10 vehicle is taken is a person with a physical disability or 11 a person 60 years of age or over; or
 - (2) a person under 16 years of age is a passenger in the motor vehicle at the time of the offense; or
 - (3) he or she carries on or about his or her person, or is otherwise armed with a dangerous weapon, other than a firearm; or
 - (4) he or she carries on or about his or her person or is otherwise armed with a firearm; or
 - (5) he or she, during the commission of the offense, personally discharges a firearm; or
 - (6) he or she, during the commission of the offense, personally discharges a firearm that proximately causes great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person.
 - (b) Sentence. Aggravated vehicular hijacking in violation

of subsections (a)(1) or (a)(2) is a Class X felony. A 1 2 violation of subsection (a)(3) is a Class X felony for which a term of imprisonment of not less than 7 years shall be imposed. 3 A violation of subsection (a)(4) is a Class X felony for which 5 up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court, if the person committed the offense 6 while personally armed with a firearm, and while personally 7 displaying the firearm. A violation of subsection (a) (5) is a 8 9 Class X felony for which up to 20 years may shall be added to 10 the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of 11 subsection (a)(6) is a Class X felony for which up to 25 years 12 may or up to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. 13

14 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)

15 (720 ILCS 5/19-6) (was 720 ILCS 5/12-11)

Sec. 19-6. Home Invasion.

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(a) A person who is not a peace officer acting in the line of duty commits home invasion when without authority he or she knowingly enters the dwelling place of another when he or she knows or has reason to know that one or more persons is present or he or she knowingly enters the dwelling place of another and remains in the dwelling place until he or she knows or has reason to know that one or more persons is present or who falsely represents himself or herself, including but not limited to, falsely representing himself or herself to be a

- representative of any unit of government or a construction, telecommunications, or utility company, for the purpose of gaining entry to the dwelling place of another when he or she knows or has reason to know that one or more persons are present and
 - (1) While armed with a dangerous weapon, other than a firearm, uses force or threatens the imminent use of force upon any person or persons within the dwelling place whether or not injury occurs, or
 - (2) Intentionally causes any injury, except as provided in subsection (a)(5), to any person or persons within the dwelling place, or
 - (3) While armed with a firearm uses force or threatens the imminent use of force upon any person or persons within the dwelling place whether or not injury occurs, or
 - (4) Uses force or threatens the imminent use of force upon any person or persons within the dwelling place whether or not injury occurs and during the commission of the offense personally discharges a firearm, or
 - (5) Personally discharges a firearm that proximately causes great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person within the dwelling place, or
 - (6) Commits, against any person or persons within that dwelling place, a violation of Section 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, or 11-1.60 of this Code.

- (b) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of home invasion that the accused who knowingly enters the dwelling place of another and remains in the dwelling place until he or she knows or has reason to know that one or more persons is present either immediately leaves the premises or surrenders to the person or persons lawfully present therein without either attempting to cause or causing serious bodily injury to any person present therein.
- (c) Sentence. Home invasion in violation of subsection (a)(1), (a)(2) or (a)(6) is a Class X felony. A violation of subsection (a)(3) is a Class X felony for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court, if the person committed the offense while personally armed with a firearm, and while personally displaying the firearm. A violation of subsection (a)(4) is a Class X felony for which up to 20 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of subsection (a)(5) is a Class X felony for which up to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court.
 - (d) For purposes of this Section, "dwelling place of another" includes a dwelling place where the defendant maintains a tenancy interest but from which the defendant has been barred by a divorce decree, judgment of dissolution of marriage, order of protection, or other court order.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 96-1113, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11;

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- 1 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- 2 Section 10. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
- 3 changing Section 5-8-1 as follows:
- 4 (730 ILCS 5/5-8-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-1)
- Sec. 5-8-1. Natural life imprisonment; enhancements for use of a firearm; mandatory supervised release terms.
 - (a) Except as otherwise provided in the statute defining the offense or in Article 4.5 of Chapter V, a sentence of imprisonment for a felony shall be a determinate sentence set by the court under this Section, subject to Section 5-4.5-115 of this Code, according to the following limitations:
 - (1) for first degree murder,
 - (a) (blank),
 - (b) if a trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that the murder was accompanied by exceptionally brutal or heinous behavior indicative of wanton cruelty or, except as set forth in subsection (a) (1) (c) of this Section, that any of the aggravating factors listed in subparagraph (b-5) are present, the court may sentence the defendant, subject to Section 5-4.5-105, to a term of natural life imprisonment, or
 - (b-5) \underline{a} A defendant who at the time of the commission of the offense has attained the age of 18 or more and who has been found guilty of first degree

1	murder may be sentenced to a term of natural life
2	<pre>imprisonment if:</pre>
3	(1) the murdered individual was an inmate at
4	an institution or facility of the Department of
5	Corrections, or any similar local correctional
6	agency and was killed on the grounds thereof, or
7	the murdered individual was otherwise present in
8	such institution or facility with the knowledge
9	and approval of the chief administrative officer
10	thereof;
11	(2) the murdered individual was killed as a
12	result of the hijacking of an airplane, train,
13	ship, bus, or other public conveyance;
14	(3) the defendant committed the murder
15	pursuant to a contract, agreement, or
16	understanding by which he or she was to receive
17	money or anything of value in return for
18	committing the murder or procured another to
19	commit the murder for money or anything of value;
20	(4) the murdered individual was killed in the
21	course of another felony if:
22	(A) the murdered individual:
23	(i) was actually killed by the
24	defendant, or
25	(ii) received physical injuries
26	personally inflicted by the defendant

25

26

1

substantially contemporaneously physical injuries caused by one or more persons for whose conduct the defendant is legally accountable under Section 5-2 of this Code, and the physical injuries inflicted by either the defendant or the other person or persons for whose conduct he is legally accountable caused the death of the murdered individual; and (B) in performing the acts which caused the death of the murdered individual or which resulted in physical injuries personally inflicted by the defendant on the murdered individual under the circumstances of subdivision (ii) of clause (A) of this clause (4), the defendant acted with the intent to kill the murdered individual or with the knowledge that his or her acts created a strong probability of death or great bodily harm to the murdered individual or another; and

(B) in performing the acts which caused the death of the murdered individual or which resulted in physical injuries personally inflicted by the defendant on the murdered individual under the circumstances of

subdivision (ii) of clause (A) of this clause (4), the defendant acted with the intent to kill the murdered individual or with the knowledge that his or her acts created a strong probability of death or great bodily harm to the murdered individual or another; and

- (C) the other felony was an inherently violent crime or the attempt to commit an inherently violent crime. In this clause (C), "inherently violent crime" includes, but is not limited to, armed robbery, robbery, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, aggravated kidnapping, aggravated vehicular hijacking, aggravated arson, aggravated stalking, residential burglary, and home invasion;
- (5) the defendant committed the murder with intent to prevent the murdered individual from testifying or participating in any criminal investigation or prosecution or giving material assistance to the State in any investigation or prosecution, either against the defendant or another; or the defendant committed the murder because the murdered individual was a witness in any prosecution or gave material assistance to the

State in any investigation or prosecution, either against the defendant or another; for purposes of this clause (5), "participating in any criminal investigation or prosecution" is intended to include those appearing in the proceedings in any capacity such as trial judges, prosecutors, defense attorneys, investigators, witnesses, or jurors;

- (6) the defendant, while committing an offense punishable under Section 401, 401.1, 401.2, 405, 405.2, 407, or 407.1 or subsection (b) of Section 404 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or while engaged in a conspiracy or solicitation to commit such offense, intentionally killed an individual or counseled, commanded, induced, procured, or caused the intentional killing of the murdered individual;
- (7) the defendant was incarcerated in an institution or facility of the Department of Corrections at the time of the murder, and while committing an offense punishable as a felony under Illinois law, or while engaged in a conspiracy or solicitation to commit such offense, intentionally killed an individual or counseled, commanded, induced, procured, or caused the intentional killing of the murdered individual;

26

1	(8) the murder was committed in a cold,
2	calculated and premeditated manner pursuant to a
3	preconceived plan, scheme, or design to take a
4	human life by unlawful means, and the conduct of
5	the defendant created a reasonable expectation
6	that the death of a human being would result
7	therefrom;
8	(9) the defendant was a principal
9	administrator, organizer, or leader of a
10	calculated criminal drug conspiracy consisting of
11	a hierarchical position of authority superior to
12	that of all other members of the conspiracy, and
13	the defendant counseled, commanded, induced,
14	procured, or caused the intentional killing of the
15	murdered person;
16	(10) the murder was intentional and involved
17	the infliction of torture. For the purpose of this
18	clause (10), torture means the infliction of or
19	subjection to extreme physical pain, motivated by
20	an intent to increase or prolong the pain,
21	suffering, or agony of the victim;
22	(11) the murder was committed as a result of
23	the intentional discharge of a firearm by the
24	defendant from a motor vehicle and the victim was

not present within the motor vehicle;

(12) the murdered individual was a person with

a disability and the defendant knew or should have known that the murdered individual was a person with a disability. For purposes of this clause (12), "person with a disability" means a person who suffers from a permanent physical or mental impairment resulting from disease, an injury, a functional disorder, or a congenital condition that renders the person incapable of adequately providing for his or her own health or personal care;

- (13) the murdered individual was subject to an order of protection and the murder was committed by a person against whom the same order of protection was issued under the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986;
- (14) the murdered individual was known by the defendant to be a teacher or other person employed in any school and the teacher or other employee is upon the grounds of a school or grounds adjacent to a school, or is in any part of a building used for school purposes;
- (15) the murder was committed by the defendant in connection with or as a result of the offense of terrorism as defined in Section 29D-14.9 of this Code;
 - (16) the murdered individual was a member of a

1	congregation engaged in prayer or other religious
2	activities at a church, synagogue, mosque, or
3	other building, structure, or place used for
4	religious worship; or
5	(17)(i) the murdered individual was a
6	physician, physician assistant, psychologist,
7	nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse;
8	(ii) the defendant knew or should have known
9	that the murdered individual was a physician,
10	physician assistant, psychologist, nurse, or
11	advanced practice registered nurse; and
12	(iii) the murdered individual was killed in
13	the course of acting in his or her capacity as a
14	physician, physician assistant, psychologist,
15	nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse, or
16	to prevent him or her from acting in that
17	capacity, or in retaliation for his or her acting
18	in that capacity.
19	(c) the court shall sentence the defendant to a
20	term of natural life imprisonment if the defendant, at
21	the time of the commission of the murder, had attained
22	the age of 18, and:
23	(i) has previously been convicted of first
24	degree murder under any state or federal law, or
25	(ii) is found guilty of murdering more than
26	one victim, or

(iii) is found guilty of murdering a peace officer, fireman, or emergency management worker when the peace officer, fireman, or emergency management worker was killed in the course of performing his official duties, or to prevent the peace officer or fireman from performing his official duties, or in retaliation for the peace officer, fireman, or emergency management worker from performing his official duties, and the defendant knew or should have known that the murdered individual was a peace officer, fireman, or emergency management worker, or

(iv) is found guilty of murdering an employee of an institution or facility of the Department of Corrections, or any similar local correctional agency, when the employee was killed in the course of performing his official duties, or to prevent the employee from performing his official duties, or in retaliation for the employee performing his official duties, or

(v) is found guilty of murdering an emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance or first aid person while employed by a municipality or other governmental

unit when the person was killed in the course of performing official duties or to prevent the person from performing official duties or in retaliation for performing official duties and the defendant knew or should have known that the murdered individual was an emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistant or first aid personnel, or

(vi) (blank), or

(vii) is found guilty of first degree murder and the murder was committed by reason of any person's activity as a community policing volunteer or to prevent any person from engaging in activity as a community policing volunteer. For the purpose of this Section, "community policing volunteer" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

For purposes of clause (v), "emergency medical technician - ambulance", "emergency medical technician - intermediate", and "emergency medical technician - paramedic", have the meanings ascribed to them in the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act.

(d)(i) if the person committed the offense while personally armed with a firearm, and while

personally displaying the firearm, up to 15 years

may shall be added to the term of imprisonment

imposed by the court;

- (ii) if, during the commission of the offense, the person personally discharged a firearm, <u>up to</u> 20 years <u>may shall</u> be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;
- (iii) if, during the commission of the offense, the person personally discharged a firearm that proximately caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person, up to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court.

(2) (blank);

(2.5) for a person who has attained the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense and who is convicted under the circumstances described in subdivision (b)(1)(B) of Section 11-1.20 or paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of Section 12-13, subdivision (d)(2) of Section 11-1.30 or paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of Section 12-14, subdivision (b)(1.2) of Section 11-1.40 or paragraph (1.2) of subsection (b) of Section 12-14.1, subdivision (b)(2) of Section 11-1.40 or paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 12-14.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the sentence shall be a

- term of natural life imprisonment.
- 2 (b) (Blank).
- 3 (c) (Blank).

- 4 (d) Subject to earlier termination under Section 3-3-8,
 5 the parole or mandatory supervised release term shall be
 6 written as part of the sentencing order and shall be as
 7 follows:
 - (1) for first degree murder or for the offenses of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, and criminal sexual assault if committed on or before December 12, 2005, 3 years;
 - (1.5) except as provided in paragraph (7) of this subsection (d), for a Class X felony except for the offenses of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, and criminal sexual assault if committed on or after December 13, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-715) and except for the offense of aggravated child pornography under Section 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-20.1 with sentencing under subsection (c-5) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, if committed on or after January 1, 2009, and except for the offense of obscene depiction of a purported child with sentencing under subsection (d) of Section 11-20.4 of the Criminal Code of 2012, 18 months;
 - (2) except as provided in paragraph (7) of this

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

subsection (d), for a Class 1 felony or a Class 2 felony except for the offense of criminal sexual assault if committed on or after December 13, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-715) and except for the offenses of manufacture and dissemination of child pornography under clauses (a)(1) and (a)(2) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, if committed on or after January 1, 2009, and except for the offense of obscene depiction of a purported child under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 11-20.4 of the Criminal Code of 2012, 12 months;

(3) except as provided in paragraph (4), (6), or (7) of this subsection (d), for a Class 3 felony or a Class 4 felony, 6 months; no later than 45 days after the onset of the term of mandatory supervised release, the Prisoner Review Board shall conduct a discretionary discharge review pursuant to the provisions of Section 3-3-8, which shall include the results of a standardized risk and needs assessment tool administered by the Department Corrections; the changes to this paragraph (3) made by Public Act 102-1104 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly apply to all individuals released on mandatory supervised release on or after December 6, 2022 effective date of Public Act 102-1104) (the amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly, including those individuals whose sentences were imposed prior to

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

December 6, 2022 (the effective date of <u>Public Act</u>

102-1104) this amendatory Act of the 102nd General

Assembly;

- (4) for defendants who commit the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, or criminal sexual assault, on or after December 13, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-715), or who commit the offense of aggravated child pornography under Section 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-20.1 with sentencing under subsection (c-5) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, manufacture of child pornography, or dissemination of child pornography after January 1, 2009, or who commit the offense of obscene depiction of a purported child under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 11-20.4 of the Criminal Code of 2012 or who commit the offense of obscene depiction of a purported child with sentencing under subsection (d) of Section 11-20.4 of the Criminal Code of 2012, the term of mandatory supervised release shall range from a minimum of 3 years to a maximum of the natural life of the defendant;
- (5) if the victim is under 18 years of age, for a second or subsequent offense of aggravated criminal sexual abuse or felony criminal sexual abuse, 4 years, at least the first 2 years of which the defendant shall serve in an electronic monitoring or home detention program under

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

Article 8A of Chapter V of this Code;

- (6) for a felony domestic battery, aggravated domestic battery, stalking, aggravated stalking, and a felony violation of an order of protection, 4 years;
- (7) for any felony described in paragraph (a)(2)(ii), (a) (2) (iii), (a) (2) (iv), (a) (2) (vi), (a) (2.1), (a) (2.3), (a) (2.4), (a) (2.5), or (a) (2.6) of Article 5, Section 3-6-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections requiring an inmate to serve a minimum of 85% of their court-imposed sentence, except for the offenses of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, and criminal sexual assault if committed on or after December 13, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-715) and except for the offense of aggravated child pornography under Section 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-20.1 with sentencing under subsection (c-5) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, if committed on or after January 1, 2009, and except for the offense of obscene depiction of a purported child with sentencing under subsection (d) of Section 11-20.4 of the Criminal Code of 2012, and except as provided in paragraph (4) or paragraph (6) of this subsection (d), the term of mandatory supervised release shall be as follows:
 - (A) Class X felony, 3 years;
 - (B) Class 1 or Class 2 felonies, 2 years;
 - (C) Class 3 or Class 4 felonies, 1 year.

- 1 (e) (Blank).
- 2 (f) (Blank).

subsection (d).

- 3 (g) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act and 4 of Public Act 101-652: (i) the provisions of paragraph (3) of 5 subsection (d) are effective on July 1, 2022 and shall apply to 6 all individuals convicted on or after the effective date of 7 paragraph (3) of subsection (d); and (ii) the provisions of paragraphs (1.5) and (2) of subsection (d) are effective on 8 9 July 1, 2021 and shall apply to all individuals convicted on or 10 after the effective date of paragraphs (1.5) and (2) of
- 12 (Source: P.A. 102-28, eff. 6-25-21; 102-687, eff. 12-17-21;
- 13 102-694, eff. 1-7-22; 102-1104, eff. 12-6-22; 103-51, eff.
- 14 1-1-24; 103-825, eff. 1-1-25; revised 10-24-24.)