1 AN ACT concerning finance.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Finance Authority Act is amended
- 5 by changing Sections 801-10, 801-40, and 850-10 as follows:
- 6 (20 ILCS 3501/801-10)
- 7 Sec. 801-10. Definitions. The following terms, whenever
- 8 used or referred to in this Act, shall have the following
- 9 meanings, except in such instances where the context may
- 10 clearly indicate otherwise:
- 11 (a) The term "Authority" means the Illinois Finance
- 12 Authority created by this Act.
- 13 (b) The term "project" means an industrial project, clean
- 14 energy project, conservation project, housing project, public
- 15 purpose project, higher education project, health facility
- 16 project, cultural institution project, municipal bond program
- 17 project, PACE Project, agricultural facility or agribusiness,
- and "project" may include any combination of one or more of the
- 19 foregoing undertaken jointly by any person with one or more
- 20 other persons.
- 21 (c) The term "public purpose project" means (i) any
- 22 project or facility, including without limitation land,
- buildings, structures, machinery, equipment and all other real

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and personal property, which is authorized or required by law to be acquired, constructed, improved, rehabilitated, reconstructed, replaced or maintained by any unit of government or any other lawful public purpose, including provision of working capital, which is authorized or required by law to be undertaken by any unit of government or (ii) costs incurred and other expenditures, including expenditures for management, investment, or working capital costs, incurred in connection with the reform, consolidation, or implementation of the transition process as described in Articles 22B and 22C of the Illinois Pension Code.

(d) The term "industrial project" means the acquisition, refurbishment, creation, development construction, redevelopment of any facility, equipment, machinery, real property or personal property for use by any instrumentality of the State or its political subdivisions, for use by any person or institution, public or private, for profit or not for profit, or for use in any trade or business, including, but not limited to, any industrial, manufacturing, clean energy, or commercial enterprise that is located within or outside the State, provided that, with respect to a project involving property located outside the State, the property must be owned, operated, leased or managed by an entity located within the State or an entity affiliated with an entity located within the State, and which is (1) a capital project or clean energy project, including, but not limited to: (i) land and

any rights therein, one or more buildings, structures or other 1 improvements, machinery and equipment, whether now existing or 2 3 hereafter acquired, and whether or not located on the same site or sites; (ii) all appurtenances and facilities incidental to the foregoing, including, but not limited to, 5 utilities, access roads, railroad sidings, track, docking and 6 7 similar facilities, parking facilities, dockage, wharfage, 8 railroad roadbed, track, trestle, depot, terminal, switching 9 and signaling or related equipment, site preparation and 10 landscaping; and (iii) all non-capital costs and expenses 11 relating thereto or (2) any addition to, renovation, 12 rehabilitation or improvement of a capital project or a clean energy project, or (3) any activity or undertaking within or 13 14 outside the State, provided that, with respect to a project 15 involving property located outside the State, the property 16 must be owned, operated, leased or managed by an entity 17 located within the State or an entity affiliated with an entity located within the 18 State, which the Authority 19 determines will aid, assist or encourage economic growth, 20 development or redevelopment within the State or any area 21 thereof, will promote the expansion, retention 22 diversification of employment opportunities within the State 23 or any area thereof or will aid in stabilizing or developing 24 any industry or economic sector of the State economy. The term 25 "industrial project" also means the production of motion 26 pictures.

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- (e) The term "bond" or "bonds" shall include bonds, notes (including bond, grant or revenue anticipation notes), certificates and/or other evidences of indebtedness representing an obligation to pay money, including refunding bonds.
- (f) The terms "lease agreement" and "loan agreement" shall mean: (i) an agreement whereby a project acquired by the Authority by purchase, gift or lease is leased to any person, corporation or unit of local government which will use or cause the project to be used as a project as heretofore defined upon terms providing for lease rental payments at least sufficient to pay when due all principal of, interest and premium, if any, on any bonds of the Authority issued with respect to such project, providing for the maintenance, insuring and operation of the project on terms satisfactory to the Authority, providing for disposition of the project upon termination of the lease term, including purchase options or abandonment of the premises, and such other terms as may be deemed desirable by the Authority, or (ii) any agreement pursuant to which the Authority agrees to loan the proceeds of its bonds issued with respect to a project or other funds of the Authority to any person which will use or cause the project to be used as a project as heretofore defined or for any other lawful purpose upon terms providing for loan repayment installments at least sufficient to pay when due all principal of, interest and premium, if any, on any bonds of the

- Authority, if any, issued with respect to the project or for 1
- 2 any other lawful purpose, and providing for maintenance,
- 3 insurance and other matters as may be deemed desirable by the
- Authority, or (iii) any financing or refinancing agreement 4
- 5 entered into by the Authority under subsection (aa) of Section
- 6 801 - 40.
- 7 (g) The term "financial aid" means the expenditure of
- 8 Authority funds or funds provided by the Authority through the
- 9 issuance of its bonds, notes or other evidences
- 10 indebtedness or from other sources for the development,
- 11 construction, acquisition or improvement of a project.
- 12 (h) The term "person" means an individual, corporation,
- unit of government, business trust, estate, trust, partnership 13
- 14 or association, 2 or more persons having a joint or common
- 15 interest, or any other legal entity.
- (i) The term "unit of government" means the federal 16
- 17 government, the State or unit of local government, a school
- district, or any agency or instrumentality, office, officer, 18
- 19 department, division, bureau, commission, college
- 20 university thereof.
- (j) The term "health facility" means: (a) any public or 21
- 22 private institution, place, building, or agency required to be
- 23 licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act; (b) any public or
- private institution, place, building, or agency required to be 24
- 25 licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized
- Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community 26

Care Act, or the MC/DD Act; (c) any public or licensed private 1 2 hospital as defined in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code; (d) any such facility exempted from such 3 licensure when the Director of Public Health attests that such 5 exempted facility meets the statutory definition of a facility subject to licensure; (e) any other public or private health 6 7 service institution, place, building, or agency which the 8 Director of Public Health attests is subject to certification 9 by the Secretary, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 10 under the Social Security Act, as now or hereafter amended, or 11 which the Director of Public Health attests is subject to 12 standard-setting by a recognized public or voluntary 13 accrediting or standard-setting agency; (f) any public or private institution, place, building or agency engaged in 14 15 providing one or more supporting services to a health 16 facility; (q) any public or private institution, 17 building or agency engaged in providing training in the healing arts, including, but not limited to, schools of 18 19 medicine, dentistry, osteopathy, optometry, podiatry, pharmacy 20 or nursing, schools for the training of x-ray, laboratory or other health care technicians and schools for the training of 21 22 para-professionals in the health care field; (h) any public or 23 private congregate, life or extended care or elderly housing facility or any public or private home for the aged or infirm, 24 including, without limitation, any Facility as defined in the 25 26 Life Care Facilities Act; (i) any public or private mental,

emotional or physical rehabilitation facility or any public or 1 private educational, counseling, or rehabilitation facility or 2 3 home, for those persons with a developmental disability, those who are physically ill or disabled, the emotionally disturbed, 5 those persons with a mental illness or persons with learning or similar disabilities or problems; (j) any public or private 6 7 alcohol, drug or substance abuse diagnosis, counseling 8 treatment or rehabilitation facility, (k) any public or 9 private institution, place, building or agency licensed by the 10 Department of Children and Family Services or which is not so 11 licensed but which the Director of Children and Family 12 Services attests provides child care, child welfare or other services of the type provided by facilities subject to such 13 14 licensure; (1) any public or private adoption agency or 15 facility; and (m) any public or private blood bank or blood 16 center. "Health facility" also means a public or private 17 structure or structures suitable primarily for use as a laboratory, laundry, nurses or interns residence or other 18 housing or hotel facility used in whole or in part for staff, 19 20 employees or students and their families, patients or relatives of patients admitted for treatment or care in a 21 22 health facility, or persons conducting business with a health 23 facility, physician's facility, surgicenter, administration building, research facility, maintenance, storage or utility 24 25 facility and all structures or facilities related to any of 26 the foregoing or required or useful for the operation of a

health facility, including parking or other facilities or other supporting service structures required or useful for the orderly conduct of such health facility. "Health facility" also means, with respect to a project located outside the State, any public or private institution, place, building, or agency which provides services similar to those described above, provided that such project is owned, operated, leased or managed by a participating health institution located within the State, or a participating health institution affiliated with an entity located within the State.

- (k) The term "participating health institution" means (i) a private corporation or association or (ii) a public entity of this State, in either case authorized by the laws of this State or the applicable state to provide or operate a health facility as defined in this Act and which, pursuant to the provisions of this Act, undertakes the financing, construction or acquisition of a project or undertakes the refunding or refinancing of obligations, loans, indebtedness or advances as provided in this Act.
- (1) The term "health facility project", means a specific health facility work or improvement to be financed or refinanced (including without limitation through reimbursement of prior expenditures), acquired, constructed, enlarged, remodeled, renovated, improved, furnished, or equipped, with funds provided in whole or in part hereunder, any accounts receivable, working capital, liability or insurance cost or

- operating expense financing or refinancing program of a health 1
- 2 facility with or involving funds provided in whole or in part
- hereunder, or any combination thereof. 3
- (m) The term "bond resolution" means the resolution or
- 5 resolutions authorizing the issuance of, or providing terms
- and conditions related to, bonds issued under this Act and 6
- 7 includes, where appropriate, any trust agreement, trust
- 8 indenture, indenture of mortgage or deed of trust providing
- 9 terms and conditions for such bonds.
- 10 (n) The term "property" means any real, personal or mixed
- 11 property, whether tangible or intangible, or any interest
- 12 therein, including, without limitation, any real estate,
- leasehold interests, appurtenances, buildings, 13 easements,
- equipment, furnishings, furniture, improvements, machinery, 14
- 15 rights of way, structures, accounts, contract rights or any
- 16 interest therein.
- 17 (o) The term "revenues" means, with respect to any
- project, the rents, fees, charges, interest, principal 18
- 19 repayments, collections and other income or profit derived
- 20 therefrom.
- (p) The term "higher education project" means, in the case 21
- 22 of a private institution of higher education, an educational
- 23 facility to be acquired, constructed, enlarged, remodeled,
- 24 renovated, improved, furnished, or equipped, or any
- 25 combination thereof.
- 26 (q) The term "cultural institution project" means, in the

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case of a cultural institution, a cultural facility to be acquired, constructed, enlarged, remodeled, renovated, improved, furnished, or equipped, or any combination thereof.

(r) The term "educational facility" means any property located within the State, or any property located outside the State, provided that, if the property is located outside the State, it must be owned, operated, leased or managed by an entity located within the State or an entity affiliated with an entity located within the State, in each case constructed or acquired before or after the effective date of this Act, which is or will be, in whole or in part, suitable for the instruction, feeding, recreation or housing of students, the conducting of research or other work of a private institution of higher education, the use by a private institution of higher education in connection with any educational, research or related or incidental activities then being or to be conducted by it, or any combination of the foregoing, including, without limitation, any such property suitable for use as or in connection with any one or more of the following: an academic facility, administrative facility, agricultural facility, assembly hall, athletic facility, auditorium, boating facility, campus, communication facility, computer facility, continuing education facility, classroom, dining hall, dormitory, exhibition hall, fire fighting facility, fire prevention facility, food service and preparation facility, gymnasium, greenhouse, health care facility, hospital,

- 1 housing, instructional facility, laboratory, library,
- 2 maintenance facility, medical facility, museum, offices,
- 3 parking area, physical education facility, recreational
- 4 facility, research facility, stadium, storage facility,
- 5 student union, study facility, theatre or utility.
- The term "cultural facility" means any property 6 7 located within the State, or any property located outside the 8 State, provided that, if the property is located outside the 9 State, it must be owned, operated, leased or managed by an 10 entity located within the State or an entity affiliated with an entity located within the State, in each case constructed 11 12 or acquired before or after the effective date of this Act, which is or will be, in whole or in part, suitable for the 13 14 particular purposes or needs of a cultural institution, 15 including, without limitation, any such property suitable for 16 use as or in connection with any one or more of the following: 17 administrative facility, aquarium, assembly hall, auditorium, botanical garden, exhibition hall, gallery, 18 19 greenhouse, library, museum, scientific laboratory, theater or 20 zoological facility, and shall also include, without limitation, books, works of art or music, animal, plant or 21 22 aquatic life or other items for display, exhibition or 23 performance. The term "cultural facility" includes buildings on the National Register of Historic Places which are owned or 24 25 operated by nonprofit entities.
 - (t) "Private institution of higher education" means a

- not-for-profit educational institution which is not owned by
 the State or any political subdivision, agency,
 instrumentality, district or municipality thereof, which is
 authorized by law to provide a program of education beyond the
 high school level and which:
 - (1) Admits as regular students only individuals having a certificate of graduation from a high school, or the recognized equivalent of such a certificate;
 - (2) Provides an educational program for which it awards a bachelor's degree, or provides an educational program, admission into which is conditioned upon the prior attainment of a bachelor's degree or its equivalent, for which it awards a postgraduate degree, or provides not less than a 2-year program which is acceptable for full credit toward such a degree, or offers a 2-year program in engineering, mathematics, or the physical or biological sciences which is designed to prepare the student to work as a technician and at a semiprofessional level in engineering, scientific, or other technological fields which require the understanding and application of basic engineering, scientific, or mathematical principles or knowledge;
 - (3) Is accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency or association or, if not so accredited, is an institution whose credits are accepted, on transfer, by not less than 3 institutions which are so

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accredited, for credit on the same basis as if transferred from an institution so accredited, and holds an unrevoked certificate of approval under the Private College Act from the Board of Higher Education, or is qualified as a "degree granting institution" under the Academic Degree Act; and

- (4) Does not discriminate in the admission of students on the basis of race or color. "Private institution of higher education" also includes any "academic institution".
- (u) The term "academic institution" means any not-for-profit institution which is not owned by the State or any political subdivision, agency, instrumentality, district or municipality thereof, which institution engages in, or facilitates academic, scientific, educational or professional research or learning in a field or fields of study taught at a private institution of higher education. Academic institutions include, without limitation, libraries, archives, academic, scientific. educational or professional societies, institutions, associations or foundations having purposes.
 - (v) The term "cultural institution" means any not-for-profit institution which is not owned by the State or any political subdivision, agency, instrumentality, district or municipality thereof, which institution engages in the cultural, intellectual, scientific, educational or artistic

- 1 enrichment of the people of the State. Cultural institutions
- 2 include, without limitation, aquaria, botanical societies,
- 3 historical societies, libraries, museums, performing arts
- 4 associations or societies, scientific societies and zoological
- 5 societies.
- 6 (w) The term "affiliate" means, with respect to financing
- of an agricultural facility or an agribusiness, any lender,
- 8 any person, firm or corporation controlled by, or under common
- 9 control with, such lender, and any person, firm or corporation
- 10 controlling such lender.
- 11 (x) The term "agricultural facility" means land, any
- 12 building or other improvement thereon or thereto, and any
- 13 personal properties deemed necessary or suitable for use,
- 14 whether or not now in existence, in farming, ranching, the
- 15 production of agricultural commodities (including, without
- 16 limitation, the products of aquaculture, hydroponics and
- 17 silviculture) or the treating, processing or storing of such
- 18 agricultural commodities when such activities are customarily
- 19 engaged in by farmers as a part of farming and which land,
- 20 building, improvement or personal property is located within
- 21 the State, or is located outside the State, provided that, if
- 22 such property is located outside the State, it must be owned,
- operated, leased, or managed by an entity located within the
- 24 State or an entity affiliated with an entity located within
- 25 the State.
- 26 (y) The term "lender" with respect to financing of an

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agricultural facility or an agribusiness, means any federal or State chartered bank, Federal Land Bank, Production Credit Association, Bank for Cooperatives, federal or State chartered savings and loan association or building and loan association, Small Business Investment Company or any other institution qualified within this State to originate and service loans, including, but without limitation to, insurance companies, credit unions and mortgage loan companies. "Lender" also means a wholly owned subsidiary of a manufacturer, seller or distributor of goods or services that makes loans to businesses or individuals, commonly known as a "captive finance company".

(z) The term "agribusiness" means any sole proprietorship, partnership, co-partnership, joint corporation or cooperative which operates or will operate a facility located within the State or outside the State, provided that, if any facility is located outside the State, it must be owned, operated, leased, or managed by an entity located within the State or an entity affiliated with an entity located within the State, that is related to the processing of agricultural commodities (including, without limitation, the products of aquaculture, hydroponics and silviculture) or the manufacturing, production or construction of agricultural buildings, structures, equipment, implements, and supplies, or any other facilities or processes used in agricultural production. Agribusiness includes but is not

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1	limited	to	the	follo	wina:

- 2 (1) grain handling and processing, including grain storage, drying, treatment, conditioning, mailing and 3 packaging;
 - (2) seed and feed grain development and processing;
 - fruit and vegetable processing, including preparation, canning and packaging;
 - (4) processing of livestock and livestock products, dairy products, poultry and poultry products, fish or apiarian products, including slaughter, shearing, collecting, preparation, canning and packaging;
 - (5) fertilizer and agricultural chemical manufacturing, processing, application and supplying;
 - farm machinery, (6) equipment and implement manufacturing and supplying;
 - (7) manufacturing and supplying of agricultural commodity processing machinery and equipment, including machinery and equipment used in slaughter, treatment, handling, collecting, preparation, canning or packaging of agricultural commodities;
 - (8) farm building and farm structure manufacturing, construction and supplying;
 - construction, manufacturing, implementation, (9) supplying or servicing of irrigation, drainage and soil and water conservation devices or equipment;
 - (10) fuel processing and development facilities that

produce fuel from agricultural commodities or byproducts;

- (11) facilities and equipment for processing and packaging agricultural commodities specifically for export;
- (12) facilities and equipment for forestry product processing and supplying, including sawmilling operations, wood chip operations, timber harvesting operations, and manufacturing of prefabricated buildings, paper, furniture or other goods from forestry products;
- (13) facilities and equipment for research and development of products, processes and equipment for the production, processing, preparation or packaging of agricultural commodities and byproducts.
- (aa) The term "asset" with respect to financing of any agricultural facility or any agribusiness, means, but is not limited to the following: cash crops or feed on hand; livestock held for sale; breeding stock; marketable bonds and securities; securities not readily marketable; accounts receivable; notes receivable; cash invested in growing crops; net cash value of life insurance; machinery and equipment; cars and trucks; farm and other real estate including life estates and personal residence; value of beneficial interests in trusts; government payments or grants; and any other assets.
- (bb) The term "liability" with respect to financing of any agricultural facility or any agribusiness shall include, but

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- not be limited to the following: accounts payable; notes or other indebtedness owed to any source; taxes; rent; amounts owed on real estate contracts or real estate mortgages;
- 4 judgments; accrued interest payable; and any other liability.
- 5 (cc) The term "Predecessor Authorities" means those 6 authorities as described in Section 845-75.
 - (dd) The term "housing project" means a specific work or improvement located within the State or outside the State and undertaken to provide residential dwelling accommodations, including the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of lands, buildings and community facilities and in connection therewith to provide nonhousing facilities which are part of the housing project, including land, buildings, improvements, equipment and all ancillary facilities for use for offices, stores, retirement homes, hotels, financial institutions, service, health care, education, recreation or research establishments, or any other commercial purpose which are or are to be related to a housing development, provided that any work or improvement located outside the State is owned, operated, leased or managed by an entity located within the State, or any entity affiliated with an entity located within the State.
 - (ee) The term "conservation project" means any project including the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, maintenance, operation, or upgrade that is intended to create or expand open space or to reduce energy usage through

- 1 efficiency measures. For the purpose of this definition, "open
- 2 space" has the definition set forth under Section 10 of the
- 3 Illinois Open Land Trust Act.
- 4 (ff) The term "significant presence" means the existence
- 5 within the State of the national or regional headquarters of
- 6 an entity or group or such other facility of an entity or group
- 7 of entities where a significant amount of the business
- 8 functions are performed for such entity or group of entities.
- 9 (gg) The term "municipal bond issuer" means the State or
- 10 any other state or commonwealth of the United States, or any
- 11 unit of local government, school district, agency or
- 12 instrumentality, office, department, division, bureau,
- 13 commission, college or university thereof located in the State
- or any other state or commonwealth of the United States.
- 15 (hh) The term "municipal bond program project" means a
- 16 program for the funding of the purchase of bonds, notes or
- other obligations issued by or on behalf of a municipal bond
- 18 issuer.
- 19 (ii) The term "participating lender" means any trust
- 20 company, bank, savings bank, credit union, merchant bank,
- 21 investment bank, broker, investment trust, pension fund,
- building and loan association, savings and loan association,
- 23 insurance company, venture capital company, or other
- 24 institution approved by the Authority which provides a portion
- of the financing for a project.
- 26 (jj) The term "loan participation" means any loan in which

- 1 the Authority co-operates with a participating lender to
- 2 provide all or a portion of the financing for a project.
- 3 (kk) The term "PACE Project" means an energy project as
- 4 defined in Section 5 of the Property Assessed Clean Energy
- 5 Act.
- 6 (11) The term "clean energy" means energy generation that
- 7 is substantially free (90% or more) of carbon dioxide
- 8 emissions by design or operations, or that otherwise
- 9 contributes to the reduction in emissions of environmentally
- 10 hazardous materials or reduces the volume of environmentally
- 11 dangerous materials.
- 12 (mm) The term "clean energy project" means the
- 13 acquisition, construction, refurbishment, creation,
- 14 development or redevelopment of any facility, equipment,
- 15 machinery, real property, or personal property for use by the
- 16 State or any unit of local government, school district, agency
- or instrumentality, office, department, division, bureau,
- 18 commission, college, or university of the State, for use by
- 19 any person or institution, public or private, for profit or
- 20 not for profit, or for use in any trade or business, which the
- 21 Authority determines will aid, assist, or encourage the
- development or implementation of clean energy in the State, or
- as otherwise contemplated by Article 850.
- 24 (nn) The term "Climate Bank" means the Authority in the
- 25 exercise of those powers conferred on it by this Act related to
- 26 clean energy or clean water, drinking water, or wastewater

1 treatment.

- (oo) "Equity investment eligible community" and "eligible community" mean the geographic areas throughout Illinois that would most benefit from equitable investments by the State designed to combat discrimination. Specifically, the eligible communities shall be defined as the following areas:
 - (1) R3 Areas as established pursuant to Section 10-40 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act, where residents have historically been excluded from economic opportunities, including opportunities in the energy sector; and
 - (2) Environmental justice communities, as defined by the Illinois Power Agency pursuant to the Illinois Power Agency Act, where residents have historically been subject to disproportionate burdens of pollution, including pollution from the energy sector.
- (pp) "Equity investment eligible person" and "eligible person" mean the persons who would most benefit from equitable investments by the State designed to combat discrimination. Specifically, eligible persons means the following people:
- (1) persons whose primary residence is in an equity investment eligible community;
- 23 (2) persons who are graduates of or currently enrolled 24 in the foster care system; or
 - (3) persons who were formerly incarcerated.
 - (qq) "Environmental justice community" means the

- definition of that term based on existing methodologies and
- 2 findings used and as may be updated by the Illinois Power
- 3 Agency and its program administrator in the Illinois Solar for
- 4 All Program.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 101-610, eff. 1-1-20; 102-662, eff. 9-15-21.)
- 6 (20 ILCS 3501/801-40)
- 7 Sec. 801-40. In addition to the powers otherwise
- 8 authorized by law and in addition to the foregoing general
- 9 corporate powers, the Authority shall also have the following
- 10 additional specific powers to be exercised in furtherance of
- 11 the purposes of this Act.
- 12 (a) The Authority shall have power (i) to accept grants,
- 13 loans or appropriations from the federal government or the
- 14 State, or any agency or instrumentality thereof, or, in the
- 15 case of clean energy projects, any not-for-profit
- 16 philanthropic or other charitable organization, public or
- 17 private, to be used for the operating expenses of the
- 18 Authority, or for any purposes of the Authority, including the
- 19 making of direct loans of such funds with respect to projects,
- 20 and (ii) to enter into any agreement with the federal
- 21 government or the State, or any agency or instrumentality
- 22 thereof, in relationship to such grants, loans or
- appropriations.
- 24 (b) The Authority shall have power to procure and enter
- 25 into contracts for any type of insurance and indemnity

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agreements covering loss or damage to property from any cause, including loss of use and occupancy, or covering any other insurable risk.

(c) The Authority shall have the continuing power to issue bonds for its corporate purposes. Bonds may be issued by the Authority in one or more series and may provide for the payment of any interest deemed necessary on such bonds, of the costs of issuance of such bonds, of any premium on any insurance, or of the cost of any quarantees, letters of credit or other similar documents, may provide for the funding of the reserves deemed necessary in connection with such bonds, and may provide for the refunding or advance refunding of any bonds or for accounts deemed necessary in connection with any purpose of the Authority. The bonds may bear interest payable at any time or times and at any rate or rates, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, and such rate or rates may be established by an index or formula which may be implemented or established by persons appointed or retained therefor by the Authority, or may bear no interest or may bear interest payable at maturity or upon redemption prior to maturity, may bear such date or dates, may be payable at such time or times and at such place or places, may mature at any time or times not later than 40 years from the date of issuance, may be sold at public or private sale at such time or times and at such price or prices, may be secured by such pledges, reserves, quarantees, letters of credit, insurance contracts or other

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similar credit support or liquidity instruments, may be executed in such manner, may be subject to redemption prior to maturity, may provide for the registration of the bonds, and may be subject to such other terms and conditions all as may be provided by the resolution or indenture authorizing the issuance of such bonds. The holder or holders of any bonds issued by the Authority may bring suits at law or proceedings in equity to compel the performance and observance by any person or by the Authority or any of its agents or employees of any contract or covenant made with the holders of such bonds and to compel such person or the Authority and any of its agents or employees to perform any duties required to be performed for the benefit of the holders of any such bonds by the provision of the resolution authorizing their issuance, and to enjoin such person or the Authority and any of its agents or employees from taking any action in conflict with any such contract or covenant. Notwithstanding the form and tenor of any such bonds and in the absence of any express recital on the face thereof that it is non-negotiable, all such bonds shall be negotiable instruments. Pending the preparation and execution of any such bonds, temporary bonds may be issued as provided by the resolution. The bonds shall be sold by the Authority in such manner as it shall determine. The bonds may be secured as provided in the authorizing resolution by the receipts, revenues, income and other available funds of the Authority and by any amounts derived by the Authority from

the loan agreement or lease agreement with respect to the 1 2 project or projects; and bonds may be issued as general 3 obligations of the Authority payable from such revenues, funds and obligations of the Authority as the bond resolution shall 5 provide, or may be issued as limited obligations with a claim for payment solely from such revenues, funds and obligations 6 as the bond resolution shall provide. The Authority may grant 7 a specific pledge or assignment of and lien on or security 8 9 interest in such rights, revenues, income, or amounts and may 10 grant a specific pledge or assignment of and lien on or 11 security interest in any reserves, funds accounts or 12 established in the resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds. Any such pledge, assignment, lien or security interest 13 for the benefit of the holders of the Authority's bonds shall 14 15 be valid and binding from the time the bonds are issued without 16 any physical delivery or further act, and shall be valid and 17 binding as against and prior to the claims of all other parties having claims against the Authority or any other person 18 irrespective of whether the other parties have notice of the 19 20 pledge, assignment, lien or security interest. As evidence of such pledge, assignment, lien and security interest, the 21 22 Authority may execute and deliver a mortgage, trust agreement, 23 indenture or security agreement or an assignment thereof. A 24 remedy for any breach or default of the terms of any such 25 agreement by the Authority may be by mandamus proceedings in 26 any court of competent jurisdiction to compel the performance

- and compliance therewith, but the agreement may prescribe by whom or on whose behalf such action may be instituted. It is expressly understood that the Authority may, but need not, acquire title to any project with respect to which it exercises its authority.
 - (d) With respect to the powers granted by this Act, the Authority may adopt rules and regulations prescribing the procedures by which persons may apply for assistance under this Act. Nothing herein shall be deemed to preclude the Authority, prior to the filing of any formal application, from conducting preliminary discussions and investigations with respect to the subject matter of any prospective application.
 - (e) The Authority shall have power to acquire by purchase, lease, gift or otherwise any property or rights therein from any person useful for its purposes, whether improved for the purposes of any prospective project, or unimproved. The Authority may also accept any donation of funds for its purposes from any such source. The Authority shall have no independent power of condemnation but may acquire any property or rights therein obtained upon condemnation by any other authority, governmental entity or unit of local government with such power.
 - (f) The Authority shall have power to develop, construct and improve either under its own direction, or through collaboration with any approved applicant, or to acquire through purchase or otherwise, any project, using for such

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purpose the proceeds derived from the sale of its bonds or from governmental loans or grants, and to hold title in the name of the Authority to such projects.

(q) The Authority shall have power to lease pursuant to a lease agreement any project so developed and constructed or acquired to the approved tenant on such terms and conditions as may be appropriate to further the purposes of this Act and to maintain the credit of the Authority. Any such lease may provide for either the Authority or the approved tenant to assume initially, in whole or in part, the costs of maintenance, repair and improvements during the leasehold period. In no case, however, shall the total rentals from any project during any initial leasehold period or the total loan repayments to be made pursuant to any loan agreement, be less than an amount necessary to return over such lease or loan (1)all costs incurred in connection with the development, construction, acquisition or improvement of the project and for repair, maintenance and improvements thereto during the period of the lease or loan; provided, however, that the rentals or loan repayments need not include costs met through the use of funds other than those obtained by the Authority through the issuance of its bonds or governmental loans; (2) a reasonable percentage additive to be agreed upon by the Authority and the borrower or tenant to cover a properly allocable portion of the Authority's general including, but not limited to, administrative expenses,

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salaries and general insurance, and (3) an amount sufficient to pay when due all principal of, interest and premium, if any on, any bonds issued by the Authority with respect to the project. The portion of total rentals payable under clause (3) of this subsection (g) shall be deposited in such special accounts, including all sinking funds, acquisition or construction funds, debt service and other funds as provided by any resolution, mortgage or trust agreement of the Authority pursuant to which any bond is issued.

(h) The Authority has the power, upon the termination of any leasehold period of any project, to sell or lease for a further term or terms such project on such terms Authority shall deem reasonable conditions as the consistent with the purposes of the Act. The net proceeds from all such sales and the revenues or income from such leases shall be used to satisfy any indebtedness of the Authority with respect to such project and any balance may be used to pay any expenses of the Authority or be used for the further development, construction, acquisition or improvement of projects. In the event any project is vacated by a tenant prior to the termination of the initial leasehold period, the Authority shall sell or lease the facilities of the project on the most advantageous terms available. The net proceeds of any such disposition shall be treated in the same manner as the proceeds from sales or the revenues or income from leases subsequent to the termination of any initial leasehold period.

- (i) The Authority shall have the power to make loans, or to purchase loan participations in loans made, to persons to finance a project, to enter into loan agreements or agreements with participating lenders with respect thereto, and to accept guarantees from persons of its loans or the resultant evidences of obligations of the Authority.
- (j) The Authority may fix, determine, charge and collect any premiums, fees, charges, costs and expenses, including, without limitation, any application fees, commitment fees, program fees, financing charges or publication fees from any person in connection with its activities under this Act.
- (k) In addition to the funds established as provided herein, the Authority shall have the power to create and establish such reserve funds and accounts as may be necessary or desirable to accomplish its purposes under this Act and to deposit its available monies into the funds and accounts.
- (1) At the request of the governing body of any unit of local government, the Authority is authorized to market such local government's revenue bond offerings by preparing bond issues for sale, advertising for sealed bids, receiving bids at its offices, making the award to the bidder that offers the most favorable terms or arranging for negotiated placements or underwritings of such securities. The Authority may, at its discretion, offer for concurrent sale the revenue bonds of several local governments. Sales by the Authority of revenue bonds under this Section shall in no way imply State guarantee

- of such debt issue. The Authority may require such financial information from participating local governments as it deems necessary in order to carry out the purposes of this
- 4 subsection (1).

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- (m) The Authority may make grants to any county to which Division 5-37 of the Counties Code is applicable to assist in the financing of capital development, construction and renovation of new or existing facilities for hospitals and health care facilities under that Act. Such grants may only be made from funds appropriated for such purposes from the Build Illinois Bond Fund.
- The Authority may establish an urban development action grant program for the purpose of assisting municipalities in Illinois which are experiencing severe economic distress to help stimulate economic development activities needed to aid in economic recovery. The Authority shall determine the types of activities and projects for which the urban development action grants may be used, provided that such projects and activities are broadly defined to include all reasonable projects and activities the primary objectives of which are the development of viable urban communities, including decent housing and a suitable living environment, and expansion of economic opportunity, principally for persons of low and moderate incomes. The Authority shall enter into grant agreements from monies appropriated for such purposes from the Build Illinois Bond Fund. The Authority shall monitor

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the use of the grants, and shall provide for audits of the funds as well as recovery by the Authority of any funds determined to have been spent in violation of this subsection (n) or any rule or regulation promulgated hereunder. The Authority shall provide technical assistance with regard to the effective use of the urban development action grants. The Authority shall file an annual report to the General Assembly concerning the progress of the grant program.

The Authority may establish a Housing Partnership Program whereby the Authority provides zero-interest loans to municipalities for the purpose of assisting in the financing of projects for the rehabilitation of affordable multi-family housing for low and moderate income residents. The Authority may provide such loans only upon a municipality's providing evidence that it has obtained private funding for the rehabilitation project. The Authority shall provide 3 State dollars for every 7 dollars obtained by the municipality from sources other than the State of Illinois. The loans shall be made from monies appropriated for such purpose from the Build Illinois Bond Fund. The total amount of loans available under the Housing Partnership Program shall not exceed \$30,000,000. State loan monies under this subsection shall be used only for the acquisition and rehabilitation of existing buildings containing 4 or more dwelling units. The terms of any loan made by the municipality under this subsection shall require repayment of the loan to the municipality upon any sale or

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2 use any moneys appropriated for such purpose from the Build

Illinois Bond Fund, including funds loaned under this

subsection and repaid as principal or interest, and investment

income on such funds, to make the loans authorized by

subsection (z), without regard to any restrictions or

limitations provided in this subsection.

- (p) The Authority may award grants to universities and research institutions, research consortiums and not-for-profit entities for the purposes of: remodeling or otherwise physically altering existing laboratory or research facilities, expansion or physical additions to existing laboratory or research facilities, construction laboratory or research facilities or acquisition of modern equipment to support laboratory or research operations provided that such grants (i) be used solely in support of project and equipment acquisitions which enhance technology transfer, and (ii) not constitute more than 60 percent of the total project or acquisition cost.
- (q) Grants may be awarded by the Authority to units of local government for the purpose of developing the appropriate infrastructure or defraying other costs to the local government in support of laboratory or research facilities provided that such grants may not exceed 40% of the cost to the unit of local government.
 - (r) In addition to the powers granted to the Authority

under subsection (i), and in all cases supplemental to it, the 1 2 Authority may establish a direct loan program to make loans 3 to, or may purchase participations in loans made participating lenders to, individuals, partnerships, 5 corporations, or other business entities for the purpose of 6 financing an industrial project, as defined in Section 801-10 7 of this Act. For the purposes of such program and not by way of 8 limitation on any other program of the Authority, including, 9 without limitation, programs established under subsection (i), 10 the Authority shall have the power to issue bonds, notes, or 11 other evidences of indebtedness including commercial paper for 12 purposes of providing a fund of capital from which it may make 13 such loans. The Authority shall have the power to use any 14 appropriations from the State made especially for 15 Authority's direct loan program, or moneys at any time held by 16 the Authority under this Act outside the State treasury in the 17 custody of either the Treasurer of the Authority or a trustee or depository appointed by the Authority, for additional 18 19 capital to make such loans or purchase such 20 participations, or for the purposes of reserve funds or pledged funds which secure the Authority's obligations of 21 22 repayment of any bond, note or other form of indebtedness 23 established for the purpose of providing capital for which it 24 to make such loans or purchase such 25 participations. For the purpose of obtaining such capital, the 26 Authority may also enter into agreements with financial

institutions, participating lenders, and other persons for the 1 2 purpose of administering a loan participation program, selling 3 loans or developing a secondary market for such loans or loan participations. Loans made under the direct loan program 5 specifically established under this subsection (r), including 6 loans under such program made by participating lenders in which the Authority purchases a participation, may be in an 7 amount not to exceed \$600,000 and shall be made for a portion 8 9 of an industrial project which does not exceed 50% of the total 10 project. No loan may be made by the Authority unless approved 11 by the affirmative vote of at least 8 members of the board. The 12 Authority shall establish procedures and publish rules which 13 shall provide for the submission, review, and analysis of each 14 direct loan and loan participation application and which shall 15 preserve the ability of each board member and the Executive 16 Director, as applicable, to reach an individual business 17 judgment regarding the propriety of each direct loan or loan participation. The collective discretion of the board to 18 19 approve or disapprove each loan shall be unencumbered. The 20 Authority may establish and collect such fees and charges, determine and enforce such terms and conditions, and charge 21 22 such interest rates as it determines to be necessary and 23 appropriate to the successful administration of the direct loan program, including purchasing loan participations. The 24 25 Authority may require such interests in collateral and such 26 quarantees as it determines are necessary to protect the

- 1 Authority's interest in the repayment of the principal and
- 2 interest of each loan and loan participation made under the
- 3 direct loan program. The restrictions established under this
- 4 subsection (r) shall not be applicable to any loan or loan
- 5 participation made under subsection (i) or to any loan or loan
- 6 participation made under any other Section of this Act.
- 7 (s) The Authority may guarantee private loans to third
- 8 parties up to a specified dollar amount in order to promote
- 9 economic development in this State.
- 10 (t) The Authority may adopt rules and regulations as may
- 11 be necessary or advisable to implement the powers conferred by
- 12 this Act.
- 13 (u) The Authority shall have the power to issue bonds,
- 14 notes or other evidences of indebtedness, which may be used to
- make loans to units of local government which are authorized
- to enter into loan agreements and other documents and to issue
- 17 bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness for the
- 18 purpose of financing the protection of storm sewer outfalls,
- 19 the construction of adequate storm sewer outfalls, and the
- 20 provision for flood protection of sanitary sewage treatment
- 21 plans, in counties that have established a stormwater
- 22 management planning committee in accordance with Section
- 5-1062 of the Counties Code. Any such loan shall be made by the
- 24 Authority pursuant to the provisions of Section 820-5 to
- 25 820-60 of this Act. The unit of local government shall pay back
- to the Authority the principal amount of the loan, plus annual

- 1 interest as determined by the Authority. The Authority shall
- 2 have the power, subject to appropriations by the General
- 3 Assembly, to subsidize or buy down a portion of the interest on
- 4 such loans, up to 4% per annum.
- 5 (v) The Authority may accept security interests as
- 6 provided in Sections 11-3 and 11-3.3 of the Illinois Public
- 7 Aid Code.
- 8 (w) Moral Obligation. In the event that the Authority 9 determines that monies of the Authority will not be sufficient 10 for the payment of the principal of and interest on its bonds 11 during the next State fiscal year, the Chairperson, as soon as 12 practicable, shall certify to the Governor the amount required by the Authority to enable it to pay such principal of and 13 interest on the bonds. The Governor shall submit the amount so 14 15 certified to the General Assembly as soon as practicable, but 16 no later than the end of the current State fiscal year. This 17 subsection shall apply only to any bonds or notes as to which the Authority shall have determined, in the resolution 18 19 authorizing the issuance of the bonds or notes, that this 20 subsection shall apply. Whenever the Authority makes such a 21 determination, that fact shall be plainly stated on the face 22 of the bonds or notes and that fact shall also be reported to 23 the Governor. In the event of a withdrawal of moneys from a 24 reserve fund established with respect to any issue or issues 25 of bonds of the Authority to pay principal or interest on those 26 bonds, the Chairperson of the Authority, as soon

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practicable, shall certify to the Governor the amount required to restore the reserve fund to the level required in the resolution or indenture securing those bonds. The Governor shall submit the amount so certified to the General Assembly as soon as practicable, but no later than the end of the current State fiscal year. The Authority shall obtain written approval from the Governor for any bonds and notes to be issued under this Section. In addition to any other bonds authorized to be issued under Sections 825-60, 825-65(e), 830-25 and 845-5, the principal amount of Authority bonds outstanding issued under this Section 801-40(w) or under 20 ILCS 3850/1-80 30 ILCS 360/2-6(c), which have been assumed by the Authority, shall not exceed \$150,000,000. This subsection (w) shall in no way be applied to any bonds issued by the Authority on behalf of the Illinois Power Agency under Section 825-90 of this Act.

(x) The Authority may enter into agreements or contracts with any person necessary or appropriate to place the payment obligations of the Authority under any of its bonds in whole or in part on any interest rate basis, cash flow basis, or other basis desired by the Authority, including without limitation agreements or contracts commonly known as "interest rate swap agreements", "forward payment conversion agreements", "futures", or agreements or contracts to exchange cash flows or a series of payments, or agreements or contracts, including without limitation agreements or contracts commonly known as

- "options", "puts", or "calls", to hedge payment, rate spread, 1
- 2 or similar exposure; provided that any such agreement or
- contract shall not constitute an obligation for borrowed money 3
- and shall not be taken into account under Section 845-5 of this
- 5 Act or any other debt limit of the Authority or the State of
- 6 Illinois.
- 7 (y) The Authority shall publish summaries of projects and
- 8 actions approved by the members of the Authority on its
- 9 website. These summaries shall include, but not be limited to,
- 10 information regarding the:
- 11 (1) project;
- 12 (2) Board's action or actions;
- 13 (3) purpose of the project;
- (4) Authority's program and contribution; 14
- 15 (5) volume cap;
- 16 (6) jobs retained;
- 17 (7) projected new jobs;
- (8) construction jobs created; 18
- (9) estimated sources and uses of funds; 19
- 20 (10) financing summary;
- 21 (11) project summary;
- 22 (12) business summary;
- 23 (13) ownership or economic disclosure statement;
- (14) professional and financial information; 24
- 25 (15) service area; and
- 26 (16) legislative district.

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The disclosure of information pursuant to this subsection 1 2 shall comply with the Freedom of Information Act.

- (z) Consistent with the findings and declaration of policy set forth in item (j) of Section 801-5 of this Act, the Authority shall have the power to make loans to the Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund authorized by Section 22B-120 of the Illinois Pension Code and to make loans to the Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund authorized by Section 22C-120 of the Illinois Pension Code. Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary, loans authorized by Section 22B-120 and Section 22C-120 of the Illinois Pension Code may be made from any of the Authority's funds, including, but not limited to, funds in its Illinois Housing Partnership Program Fund, its Industrial Project Insurance Fund, or its Illinois Venture Investment Fund.
- 16 (aa) The Authority may finance or refinance (including, 17 without limitation, through reimbursement of prior expenditures) any accounts receivable, working capital, 18 19 liability, or insurance or noncapital cost or operating expense, or any combination thereof, for any unit of 20 21 government, participating health institution, private institution of higher education, academic institution, 22 23 cultural institution, or other person authorized to borrow 24 funds from the Authority pursuant to this Act.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 101-610, eff. 1-1-20; 102-662, eff. 9-15-21.)

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- 2 Sec. 850-10. Powers and duties.
- 3 (a) The Authority shall have the powers enumerated in this Act to assist in the development and implementation of clean 5 energy in the State. The powers enumerated in this Article shall be in addition to all other powers of the Authority 6 conferred in this Act, including those related to clean energy 7 8 and the provision of clean water, drinking water, and 9 wastewater treatment. The powers of the Authority to issue 10 bonds, notes, and other obligations to finance 11 administered by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency 12 under the Public Water Supply Loan Program or the Water 13 Pollution Control Loan Program or other similar programs shall not be limited or otherwise affected by this amendatory Act of 14 15 the 102nd General Assembly.
 - (b) In its role as the Climate Bank of the State, the Authority shall have the power to: (i) administer programs and funds appropriated by the General Assembly for clean energy projects in eligible communities and environmental justice communities or owned by eligible persons, (ii) support investment in the clean energy and clean water, drinking water, and wastewater treatment, (iii) support and otherwise promote investment in clean energy projects to foster the growth, development, and commercialization of clean energy projects and related enterprises, and (iv) stimulate demand for clean energy and the development of clean energy projects.

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- (c) In addition to, and not in limitation of, any other power of the Authority set forth in this Section or any other provisions of the general statutes, the Authority shall have and may exercise the following powers in furtherance of or in carrying out its clean energy powers and purposes:
 - (1) To enter into joint ventures and invest in and any person, including, participate with without limitation, government entities and private corporations, engaged primarily in the development of clean energy projects, provided that members of the Authority or officers may serve as directors, members, or officers of any such business entity, and such service shall be deemed to be in the discharge of the duties or within the scope of the employment of any such member or officer, or Authority or officers, as the case may be, so long as such member or officer does not receive any compensation or direct or indirect financial benefit as a result of serving in such role.
 - (2) To utilize funding sources, including, but not limited to:
 - (A) funds repurposed from existing programs providing financing support for clean energy projects, clean water projects, drinking water projects, wastewater treatment projects, or climate resilience projects, provided any transfer of funds from such existing programs shall be subject to approval by the

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1	General Assembly and shall be used for expenses of
2	financing, grants, and loans;
3	(B) any federal or other funds that can be used for
4	clean energy purposes, clean water projects, drinking
5	water projects, wastewater treatment projects, or
6	<pre>climate resilience projects;</pre>
7	(C) charitable gifts, grants, and contributions as
8	well as loans from individuals, corporations,
9	university endowment funds, and philanthropic
10	foundations for clean energy projects or for the
11	provision of clean water, drinking water, and
12	wastewater treatment or climate resilience projects;
13	and
14	(D) earnings and interest derived from financing
15	support activities for clean energy projects or
16	climate resilience projects financed by the Authority.
17	(3) To enter into contracts with private sources to
18	raise capital.
19	(d) The Authority may finance working capital, refinance
20	outstanding indebtedness of any person, and otherwise assist

(e) The Authority may assess reasonable fees on its financing activities to cover its reasonable costs and expenses, as determined by the Authority.

in the investment of equity from any source, public or

private, in connection with clean energy projects or any other

projects authorized by this Act.

- (f) The Authority shall make information regarding the 1 2 rates, terms and conditions for all of its financing support 3 transactions available to the public for inspection, including formal annual reviews by both a private auditor and the 5 Comptroller, and providing details to the public on the Internet, provided public disclosure shall be restricted for 6 7 ideas, trade secrets, and proprietary or patentable 8 confidential commercial or financial information, disclosure 9 of which may cause commercial harm to a nongovernmental 10 recipient of such financing support and for other information 11 exempt from public records disclosure pursuant to Section
- (Source: P.A. 102-662, eff. 9-15-21.) 13
- 14 Section 10. The Climate Bank Loan Financing Act is amended 15 by changing Sections 5, 10, and 35 as follows:
- 16 (30 ILCS 445/5)

1-210.

- Sec. 5. Definitions. As used in this Act: 17
- "Alternate bonds", "applicable law", "bond", "general 18
- obligation bonds", "limited bonds", "governmental unit", 19
- 20 "revenue bonds", "enterprise revenues", and "revenue source"
- have the respective meanings set forth in Section 3 of the 21
- Local Government Debt Reform Act. 22
- 23 "Clean energy infrastructure project" means:
- 24 (i) a project that uses renewable energy resources, as

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1	defined in Section 1-10 of the fillinois Power Agency Act;
2	(ii) an energy efficiency project;
3	(iii) a project that uses technology for the storage
4	of renewable energy, including, without limitation, the
5	use of battery or electrochemical storage technology for
6	mobile or stationary applications;
7	(iv) a project for the acquisition or repairs of
8	electric vehicles;
9	(v) a project for the acquisition, construction, or
10	repairs to electric vehicle charging stations; and
11	(vi) a building electrification project of replacing
12	fossil fuels with electricity to meet a given end use.
13	"Climate resilience project" means a project to reduce
14	hazards or risks to people and property from future disasters
15	or climate-related conditions. "Climate resilience project"
16	includes, but is not limited to, projects that ensure access
17	to clean water and drinking water, support wastewater
18	treatment or resiliency of other essential infrastructure and
19	other projects that reduce the potential impact of disasters
20	or climate change.
21	"Electric vehicle" means a vehicle that is exclusively
22	powered by and refueled by electricity, must be plugged in to
23	charge, and is licensed to drive on public roadways.
24	"Electric vehicle charging station" means a station that

delivers electricity from a source outside an electric vehicle

into one or more electric vehicles.

- 1 "Energy efficiency project" means measures that reduce the
- 2 amount of electricity, natural gas, or total Btu of
- 3 electricity or natural gas required to achieve or meet a given
- 4 end use, consistent with Section 1-10 of the Illinois Power
- 5 Agency Act.
- "Governing body" means the council, board, commission, or
- 7 body, by whatever name it is known, having charge of the
- 8 finances of a governmental unit.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 103-1023, eff. 8-9-24.)
- 10 (30 ILCS 445/10)
- 11 Sec. 10. Clean energy infrastructure projects. A
- 12 governmental unit may own, construct, equip, manage, control,
- 13 erect, improve, extend, maintain, and operate new or existing
- 14 clean energy infrastructure projects and climate resilience
- projects, may purchase real estate and any property rights to
- 16 be used for clean energy infrastructure projects and climate
- 17 resilience projects, and may charge for the use of clean
- 18 energy infrastructure.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 103-1023, eff. 8-9-24.)
- 20 (30 ILCS 445/35)
- Sec. 35. Authority for issuance. The authority to issue
- 22 bonds by a governmental unit under this Act and applicable law
- 23 for clean energy infrastructure projects and climate
- 24 resilience projects is in addition to any other authority to

- issue bonds by a governmental unit provided by law. 1
- (Source: P.A. 103-1023, eff. 8-9-24.) 2
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 3
- becoming law. 4