



Sen. Rachel Ventura

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LRB104 08151 HLH 24729 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2306

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 2306 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Illinois Finance Authority Act is amended
5 by changing Sections 801-10, 801-40, and 850-10 as follows:

6 (20 ILCS 3501/801-10)

7 Sec. 801-10. Definitions. The following terms, whenever
8 used or referred to in this Act, shall have the following
9 meanings, except in such instances where the context may
10 clearly indicate otherwise:

11 (a) The term "Authority" means the Illinois Finance
12 Authority created by this Act.

13 (b) The term "project" means an industrial project, clean
14 energy project, conservation project, housing project, public
15 purpose project, higher education project, health facility
16 project, cultural institution project, municipal bond program

1 project, PACE Project, agricultural facility or agribusiness,
2 and "project" may include any combination of one or more of the
3 foregoing undertaken jointly by any person with one or more
4 other persons.

5 (c) The term "public purpose project" means (i) any
6 project or facility, including without limitation land,
7 buildings, structures, machinery, equipment and all other real
8 and personal property, which is authorized or required by law
9 to be acquired, constructed, improved, rehabilitated,
10 reconstructed, replaced or maintained by any unit of
11 government or any other lawful public purpose, including
12 provision of working capital, which is authorized or required
13 by law to be undertaken by any unit of government or (ii) costs
14 incurred and other expenditures, including expenditures for
15 management, investment, or working capital costs, incurred in
16 connection with the reform, consolidation, or implementation
17 of the transition process as described in Articles 22B and 22C
18 of the Illinois Pension Code.

19 (d) The term "industrial project" means the acquisition,
20 construction, refurbishment, creation, development or
21 redevelopment of any facility, equipment, machinery, real
22 property or personal property for use by any instrumentality
23 of the State or its political subdivisions, for use by any
24 person or institution, public or private, for profit or not
25 for profit, or for use in any trade or business, including, but
26 not limited to, any industrial, manufacturing, clean energy,

1 or commercial enterprise that is located within or outside the
2 State, provided that, with respect to a project involving
3 property located outside the State, the property must be
4 owned, operated, leased or managed by an entity located within
5 the State or an entity affiliated with an entity located
6 within the State, and which is (1) a capital project or clean
7 energy project, including, but not limited to: (i) land and
8 any rights therein, one or more buildings, structures or other
9 improvements, machinery and equipment, whether now existing or
10 hereafter acquired, and whether or not located on the same
11 site or sites; (ii) all appurtenances and facilities
12 incidental to the foregoing, including, but not limited to,
13 utilities, access roads, railroad sidings, track, docking and
14 similar facilities, parking facilities, dockage, wharfage,
15 railroad roadbed, track, trestle, depot, terminal, switching
16 and signaling or related equipment, site preparation and
17 landscaping; and (iii) all non-capital costs and expenses
18 relating thereto or (2) any addition to, renovation,
19 rehabilitation or improvement of a capital project or a clean
20 energy project, or (3) any activity or undertaking within or
21 outside the State, provided that, with respect to a project
22 involving property located outside the State, the property
23 must be owned, operated, leased or managed by an entity
24 located within the State or an entity affiliated with an
25 entity located within the State, which the Authority
26 determines will aid, assist or encourage economic growth,

1 development or redevelopment within the State or any area
2 thereof, will promote the expansion, retention or
3 diversification of employment opportunities within the State
4 or any area thereof or will aid in stabilizing or developing
5 any industry or economic sector of the State economy. The term
6 "industrial project" also means the production of motion
7 pictures.

8 (e) The term "bond" or "bonds" shall include bonds, notes
9 (including bond, grant or revenue anticipation notes),
10 certificates and/or other evidences of indebtedness
11 representing an obligation to pay money, including refunding
12 bonds.

13 (f) The terms "lease agreement" and "loan agreement" shall
14 mean: (i) an agreement whereby a project acquired by the
15 Authority by purchase, gift or lease is leased to any person,
16 corporation or unit of local government which will use or
17 cause the project to be used as a project as heretofore defined
18 upon terms providing for lease rental payments at least
19 sufficient to pay when due all principal of, interest and
20 premium, if any, on any bonds of the Authority issued with
21 respect to such project, providing for the maintenance,
22 insuring and operation of the project on terms satisfactory to
23 the Authority, providing for disposition of the project upon
24 termination of the lease term, including purchase options or
25 abandonment of the premises, and such other terms as may be
26 deemed desirable by the Authority, ~~or~~ (ii) any agreement

1 pursuant to which the Authority agrees to loan the proceeds of
2 its bonds issued with respect to a project or other funds of
3 the Authority to any person which will use or cause the project
4 to be used as a project as heretofore defined or for any other
5 lawful purpose upon terms providing for loan repayment
6 installments at least sufficient to pay when due all principal
7 of, interest and premium, if any, on any bonds of the
8 Authority, if any, issued with respect to the project or for
9 any other lawful purpose, and providing for maintenance,
10 insurance and other matters as may be deemed desirable by the
11 Authority, or (iii) any financing or refinancing agreement
12 entered into by the Authority under subsection (aa) of Section
13 801-40.

14 (g) The term "financial aid" means the expenditure of
15 Authority funds or funds provided by the Authority through the
16 issuance of its bonds, notes or other evidences of
17 indebtedness or from other sources for the development,
18 construction, acquisition or improvement of a project.

19 (h) The term "person" means an individual, corporation,
20 unit of government, business trust, estate, trust, partnership
21 or association, 2 or more persons having a joint or common
22 interest, or any other legal entity.

23 (i) The term "unit of government" means the federal
24 government, the State or unit of local government, a school
25 district, or any agency or instrumentality, office, officer,
26 department, division, bureau, commission, college or

1 university thereof.

2 (j) The term "health facility" means: (a) any public or
3 private institution, place, building, or agency required to be
4 licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act; (b) any public or
5 private institution, place, building, or agency required to be
6 licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized
7 Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community
8 Care Act, or the MC/DD Act; (c) any public or licensed private
9 hospital as defined in the Mental Health and Developmental
10 Disabilities Code; (d) any such facility exempted from such
11 licensure when the Director of Public Health attests that such
12 exempted facility meets the statutory definition of a facility
13 subject to licensure; (e) any other public or private health
14 service institution, place, building, or agency which the
15 Director of Public Health attests is subject to certification
16 by the Secretary, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
17 under the Social Security Act, as now or hereafter amended, or
18 which the Director of Public Health attests is subject to
19 standard-setting by a recognized public or voluntary
20 accrediting or standard-setting agency; (f) any public or
21 private institution, place, building or agency engaged in
22 providing one or more supporting services to a health
23 facility; (g) any public or private institution, place,
24 building or agency engaged in providing training in the
25 healing arts, including, but not limited to, schools of
26 medicine, dentistry, osteopathy, optometry, podiatry, pharmacy

1 or nursing, schools for the training of x-ray, laboratory or
2 other health care technicians and schools for the training of
3 para-professionals in the health care field; (h) any public or
4 private congregate, life or extended care or elderly housing
5 facility or any public or private home for the aged or infirm,
6 including, without limitation, any Facility as defined in the
7 Life Care Facilities Act; (i) any public or private mental,
8 emotional or physical rehabilitation facility or any public or
9 private educational, counseling, or rehabilitation facility or
10 home, for those persons with a developmental disability, those
11 who are physically ill or disabled, the emotionally disturbed,
12 those persons with a mental illness or persons with learning
13 or similar disabilities or problems; (j) any public or private
14 alcohol, drug or substance abuse diagnosis, counseling
15 treatment or rehabilitation facility, (k) any public or
16 private institution, place, building or agency licensed by the
17 Department of Children and Family Services or which is not so
18 licensed but which the Director of Children and Family
19 Services attests provides child care, child welfare or other
20 services of the type provided by facilities subject to such
21 licensure; (l) any public or private adoption agency or
22 facility; and (m) any public or private blood bank or blood
23 center. "Health facility" also means a public or private
24 structure or structures suitable primarily for use as a
25 laboratory, laundry, nurses or interns residence or other
26 housing or hotel facility used in whole or in part for staff,

1 employees or students and their families, patients or
2 relatives of patients admitted for treatment or care in a
3 health facility, or persons conducting business with a health
4 facility, physician's facility, surgicenter, administration
5 building, research facility, maintenance, storage or utility
6 facility and all structures or facilities related to any of
7 the foregoing or required or useful for the operation of a
8 health facility, including parking or other facilities or
9 other supporting service structures required or useful for the
10 orderly conduct of such health facility. "Health facility"
11 also means, with respect to a project located outside the
12 State, any public or private institution, place, building, or
13 agency which provides services similar to those described
14 above, provided that such project is owned, operated, leased
15 or managed by a participating health institution located
16 within the State, or a participating health institution
17 affiliated with an entity located within the State.

18 (k) The term "participating health institution" means (i)
19 a private corporation or association or (ii) a public entity
20 of this State, in either case authorized by the laws of this
21 State or the applicable state to provide or operate a health
22 facility as defined in this Act and which, pursuant to the
23 provisions of this Act, undertakes the financing, construction
24 or acquisition of a project or undertakes the refunding or
25 refinancing of obligations, loans, indebtedness or advances as
26 provided in this Act.

1 (1) The term "health facility project", means a specific
2 health facility work or improvement to be financed or
3 refinanced (including without limitation through reimbursement
4 of prior expenditures), acquired, constructed, enlarged,
5 remodeled, renovated, improved, furnished, or equipped, with
6 funds provided in whole or in part hereunder, any accounts
7 receivable, working capital, liability or insurance cost or
8 operating expense financing or refinancing program of a health
9 facility with or involving funds provided in whole or in part
10 hereunder, or any combination thereof.

11 (m) The term "bond resolution" means the resolution or
12 resolutions authorizing the issuance of, or providing terms
13 and conditions related to, bonds issued under this Act and
14 includes, where appropriate, any trust agreement, trust
15 indenture, indenture of mortgage or deed of trust providing
16 terms and conditions for such bonds.

17 (n) The term "property" means any real, personal or mixed
18 property, whether tangible or intangible, or any interest
19 therein, including, without limitation, any real estate,
20 leasehold interests, appurtenances, buildings, easements,
21 equipment, furnishings, furniture, improvements, machinery,
22 rights of way, structures, accounts, contract rights or any
23 interest therein.

24 (o) The term "revenues" means, with respect to any
25 project, the rents, fees, charges, interest, principal
26 repayments, collections and other income or profit derived

1 therefrom.

2 (p) The term "higher education project" means, in the case
3 of a private institution of higher education, an educational
4 facility to be acquired, constructed, enlarged, remodeled,
5 renovated, improved, furnished, or equipped, or any
6 combination thereof.

7 (q) The term "cultural institution project" means, in the
8 case of a cultural institution, a cultural facility to be
9 acquired, constructed, enlarged, remodeled, renovated,
10 improved, furnished, or equipped, or any combination thereof.

11 (r) The term "educational facility" means any property
12 located within the State, or any property located outside the
13 State, provided that, if the property is located outside the
14 State, it must be owned, operated, leased or managed by an
15 entity located within the State or an entity affiliated with
16 an entity located within the State, in each case constructed
17 or acquired before or after the effective date of this Act,
18 which is or will be, in whole or in part, suitable for the
19 instruction, feeding, recreation or housing of students, the
20 conducting of research or other work of a private institution
21 of higher education, the use by a private institution of
22 higher education in connection with any educational, research
23 or related or incidental activities then being or to be
24 conducted by it, or any combination of the foregoing,
25 including, without limitation, any such property suitable for
26 use as or in connection with any one or more of the following:

1 an academic facility, administrative facility, agricultural
2 facility, assembly hall, athletic facility, auditorium,
3 boating facility, campus, communication facility, computer
4 facility, continuing education facility, classroom, dining
5 hall, dormitory, exhibition hall, fire fighting facility, fire
6 prevention facility, food service and preparation facility,
7 gymnasium, greenhouse, health care facility, hospital,
8 housing, instructional facility, laboratory, library,
9 maintenance facility, medical facility, museum, offices,
10 parking area, physical education facility, recreational
11 facility, research facility, stadium, storage facility,
12 student union, study facility, theatre or utility.

13 (s) The term "cultural facility" means any property
14 located within the State, or any property located outside the
15 State, provided that, if the property is located outside the
16 State, it must be owned, operated, leased or managed by an
17 entity located within the State or an entity affiliated with
18 an entity located within the State, in each case constructed
19 or acquired before or after the effective date of this Act,
20 which is or will be, in whole or in part, suitable for the
21 particular purposes or needs of a cultural institution,
22 including, without limitation, any such property suitable for
23 use as or in connection with any one or more of the following:
24 an administrative facility, aquarium, assembly hall,
25 auditorium, botanical garden, exhibition hall, gallery,
26 greenhouse, library, museum, scientific laboratory, theater or

1 zoological facility, and shall also include, without
2 limitation, books, works of art or music, animal, plant or
3 aquatic life or other items for display, exhibition or
4 performance. The term "cultural facility" includes buildings
5 on the National Register of Historic Places which are owned or
6 operated by nonprofit entities.

7 (t) "Private institution of higher education" means a
8 not-for-profit educational institution which is not owned by
9 the State or any political subdivision, agency,
10 instrumentality, district or municipality thereof, which is
11 authorized by law to provide a program of education beyond the
12 high school level and which:

13 (1) Admits as regular students only individuals having
14 a certificate of graduation from a high school, or the
15 recognized equivalent of such a certificate;

16 (2) Provides an educational program for which it
17 awards a bachelor's degree, or provides an educational
18 program, admission into which is conditioned upon the
19 prior attainment of a bachelor's degree or its equivalent,
20 for which it awards a postgraduate degree, or provides not
21 less than a 2-year program which is acceptable for full
22 credit toward such a degree, or offers a 2-year program in
23 engineering, mathematics, or the physical or biological
24 sciences which is designed to prepare the student to work
25 as a technician and at a semiprofessional level in
26 engineering, scientific, or other technological fields

1 which require the understanding and application of basic
2 engineering, scientific, or mathematical principles or
3 knowledge;

4 (3) Is accredited by a nationally recognized
5 accrediting agency or association or, if not so
6 accredited, is an institution whose credits are accepted,
7 on transfer, by not less than 3 institutions which are so
8 accredited, for credit on the same basis as if transferred
9 from an institution so accredited, and holds an unrevoked
10 certificate of approval under the Private College Act from
11 the Board of Higher Education, or is qualified as a
12 "degree granting institution" under the Academic Degree
13 Act; and

14 (4) Does not discriminate in the admission of students
15 on the basis of race or color. "Private institution of
16 higher education" also includes any "academic
17 institution".

18 (u) The term "academic institution" means any
19 not-for-profit institution which is not owned by the State or
20 any political subdivision, agency, instrumentality, district
21 or municipality thereof, which institution engages in, or
22 facilitates academic, scientific, educational or professional
23 research or learning in a field or fields of study taught at a
24 private institution of higher education. Academic institutions
25 include, without limitation, libraries, archives, academic,
26 scientific, educational or professional societies,

1 institutions, associations or foundations having such
2 purposes.

3 (v) The term "cultural institution" means any
4 not-for-profit institution which is not owned by the State or
5 any political subdivision, agency, instrumentality, district
6 or municipality thereof, which institution engages in the
7 cultural, intellectual, scientific, educational or artistic
8 enrichment of the people of the State. Cultural institutions
9 include, without limitation, aquaria, botanical societies,
10 historical societies, libraries, museums, performing arts
11 associations or societies, scientific societies and zoological
12 societies.

13 (w) The term "affiliate" means, with respect to financing
14 of an agricultural facility or an agribusiness, any lender,
15 any person, firm or corporation controlled by, or under common
16 control with, such lender, and any person, firm or corporation
17 controlling such lender.

18 (x) The term "agricultural facility" means land, any
19 building or other improvement thereon or thereto, and any
20 personal properties deemed necessary or suitable for use,
21 whether or not now in existence, in farming, ranching, the
22 production of agricultural commodities (including, without
23 limitation, the products of aquaculture, hydroponics and
24 silviculture) or the treating, processing or storing of such
25 agricultural commodities when such activities are customarily
26 engaged in by farmers as a part of farming and which land,

1 building, improvement or personal property is located within
2 the State, or is located outside the State, provided that, if
3 such property is located outside the State, it must be owned,
4 operated, leased, or managed by an entity located within the
5 State or an entity affiliated with an entity located within
6 the State.

7 (y) The term "lender" with respect to financing of an
8 agricultural facility or an agribusiness, means any federal or
9 State chartered bank, Federal Land Bank, Production Credit
10 Association, Bank for Cooperatives, federal or State chartered
11 savings and loan association or building and loan association,
12 Small Business Investment Company or any other institution
13 qualified within this State to originate and service loans,
14 including, but without limitation to, insurance companies,
15 credit unions and mortgage loan companies. "Lender" also means
16 a wholly owned subsidiary of a manufacturer, seller or
17 distributor of goods or services that makes loans to
18 businesses or individuals, commonly known as a "captive
19 finance company".

20 (z) The term "agribusiness" means any sole proprietorship,
21 limited partnership, co-partnership, joint venture,
22 corporation or cooperative which operates or will operate a
23 facility located within the State or outside the State,
24 provided that, if any facility is located outside the State,
25 it must be owned, operated, leased, or managed by an entity
26 located within the State or an entity affiliated with an

1 entity located within the State, that is related to the
2 processing of agricultural commodities (including, without
3 limitation, the products of aquaculture, hydroponics and
4 silviculture) or the manufacturing, production or construction
5 of agricultural buildings, structures, equipment, implements,
6 and supplies, or any other facilities or processes used in
7 agricultural production. Agribusiness includes but is not
8 limited to the following:

9 (1) grain handling and processing, including grain
10 storage, drying, treatment, conditioning, mailing and
11 packaging;

12 (2) seed and feed grain development and processing;

13 (3) fruit and vegetable processing, including
14 preparation, canning and packaging;

15 (4) processing of livestock and livestock products,
16 dairy products, poultry and poultry products, fish or
17 apiarian products, including slaughter, shearing,
18 collecting, preparation, canning and packaging;

19 (5) fertilizer and agricultural chemical
20 manufacturing, processing, application and supplying;

21 (6) farm machinery, equipment and implement
22 manufacturing and supplying;

23 (7) manufacturing and supplying of agricultural
24 commodity processing machinery and equipment, including
25 machinery and equipment used in slaughter, treatment,
26 handling, collecting, preparation, canning or packaging of

1 agricultural commodities;

2 (8) farm building and farm structure manufacturing,
3 construction and supplying;

4 (9) construction, manufacturing, implementation,
5 supplying or servicing of irrigation, drainage and soil
6 and water conservation devices or equipment;

7 (10) fuel processing and development facilities that
8 produce fuel from agricultural commodities or byproducts;

9 (11) facilities and equipment for processing and
10 packaging agricultural commodities specifically for
11 export;

12 (12) facilities and equipment for forestry product
13 processing and supplying, including sawmilling operations,
14 wood chip operations, timber harvesting operations, and
15 manufacturing of prefabricated buildings, paper, furniture
16 or other goods from forestry products;

17 (13) facilities and equipment for research and
18 development of products, processes and equipment for the
19 production, processing, preparation or packaging of
20 agricultural commodities and byproducts.

21 (aa) The term "asset" with respect to financing of any
22 agricultural facility or any agribusiness, means, but is not
23 limited to the following: cash crops or feed on hand;
24 livestock held for sale; breeding stock; marketable bonds and
25 securities; securities not readily marketable; accounts
26 receivable; notes receivable; cash invested in growing crops;

1 net cash value of life insurance; machinery and equipment;
2 cars and trucks; farm and other real estate including life
3 estates and personal residence; value of beneficial interests
4 in trusts; government payments or grants; and any other
5 assets.

6 (bb) The term "liability" with respect to financing of any
7 agricultural facility or any agribusiness shall include, but
8 not be limited to the following: accounts payable; notes or
9 other indebtedness owed to any source; taxes; rent; amounts
10 owed on real estate contracts or real estate mortgages;
11 judgments; accrued interest payable; and any other liability.

12 (cc) The term "Predecessor Authorities" means those
13 authorities as described in Section 845-75.

14 (dd) The term "housing project" means a specific work or
15 improvement located within the State or outside the State and
16 undertaken to provide residential dwelling accommodations,
17 including the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of
18 lands, buildings and community facilities and in connection
19 therewith to provide nonhousing facilities which are part of
20 the housing project, including land, buildings, improvements,
21 equipment and all ancillary facilities for use for offices,
22 stores, retirement homes, hotels, financial institutions,
23 service, health care, education, recreation or research
24 establishments, or any other commercial purpose which are or
25 are to be related to a housing development, provided that any
26 work or improvement located outside the State is owned,

1 operated, leased or managed by an entity located within the
2 State, or any entity affiliated with an entity located within
3 the State.

4 (ee) The term "conservation project" means any project
5 including the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation,
6 maintenance, operation, or upgrade that is intended to create
7 or expand open space or to reduce energy usage through
8 efficiency measures. For the purpose of this definition, "open
9 space" has the definition set forth under Section 10 of the
10 Illinois Open Land Trust Act.

11 (ff) The term "significant presence" means the existence
12 within the State of the national or regional headquarters of
13 an entity or group or such other facility of an entity or group
14 of entities where a significant amount of the business
15 functions are performed for such entity or group of entities.

16 (gg) The term "municipal bond issuer" means the State or
17 any other state or commonwealth of the United States, or any
18 unit of local government, school district, agency or
19 instrumentality, office, department, division, bureau,
20 commission, college or university thereof located in the State
21 or any other state or commonwealth of the United States.

22 (hh) The term "municipal bond program project" means a
23 program for the funding of the purchase of bonds, notes or
24 other obligations issued by or on behalf of a municipal bond
25 issuer.

26 (ii) The term "participating lender" means any trust

1 company, bank, savings bank, credit union, merchant bank,
2 investment bank, broker, investment trust, pension fund,
3 building and loan association, savings and loan association,
4 insurance company, venture capital company, or other
5 institution approved by the Authority which provides a portion
6 of the financing for a project.

7 (jj) The term "loan participation" means any loan in which
8 the Authority co-operates with a participating lender to
9 provide all or a portion of the financing for a project.

10 (kk) The term "PACE Project" means an energy project as
11 defined in Section 5 of the Property Assessed Clean Energy
12 Act.

13 (ll) The term "clean energy" means energy generation that
14 is substantially free (90% or more) of carbon dioxide
15 emissions by design or operations, or that otherwise
16 contributes to the reduction in emissions of environmentally
17 hazardous materials or reduces the volume of environmentally
18 dangerous materials.

19 (mm) The term "clean energy project" means the
20 acquisition, construction, refurbishment, creation,
21 development or redevelopment of any facility, equipment,
22 machinery, real property, or personal property for use by the
23 State or any unit of local government, school district, agency
24 or instrumentality, office, department, division, bureau,
25 commission, college, or university of the State, for use by
26 any person or institution, public or private, for profit or

1 not for profit, or for use in any trade or business, which the
2 Authority determines will aid, assist, or encourage the
3 development or implementation of clean energy in the State, or
4 as otherwise contemplated by Article 850.

5 (nn) The term "Climate Bank" means the Authority in the
6 exercise of those powers conferred on it by this Act related to
7 clean energy or clean water, drinking water, or wastewater
8 treatment.

9 (oo) "Equity investment eligible community" and "eligible
10 community" mean the geographic areas throughout Illinois that
11 would most benefit from equitable investments by the State
12 designed to combat discrimination. Specifically, the eligible
13 communities shall be defined as the following areas:

14 (1) R3 Areas as established pursuant to Section 10-40
15 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act, where residents
16 have historically been excluded from economic
17 opportunities, including opportunities in the energy
18 sector; and

19 (2) Environmental justice communities, as defined by
20 the Illinois Power Agency pursuant to the Illinois Power
21 Agency Act, where residents have historically been subject
22 to disproportionate burdens of pollution, including
23 pollution from the energy sector.

24 (pp) "Equity investment eligible person" and "eligible
25 person" mean the persons who would most benefit from equitable
26 investments by the State designed to combat discrimination.

1 Specifically, eligible persons means the following people:

2 (1) persons whose primary residence is in an equity
3 investment eligible community;

4 (2) persons who are graduates of or currently enrolled
5 in the foster care system; or

6 (3) persons who were formerly incarcerated.

7 (qq) "Environmental justice community" means the
8 definition of that term based on existing methodologies and
9 findings used and as may be updated by the Illinois Power
10 Agency and its program administrator in the Illinois Solar for
11 All Program.

12 (Source: P.A. 101-610, eff. 1-1-20; 102-662, eff. 9-15-21.)

13 (20 ILCS 3501/801-40)

14 Sec. 801-40. In addition to the powers otherwise
15 authorized by law and in addition to the foregoing general
16 corporate powers, the Authority shall also have the following
17 additional specific powers to be exercised in furtherance of
18 the purposes of this Act.

19 (a) The Authority shall have power (i) to accept grants,
20 loans or appropriations from the federal government or the
21 State, or any agency or instrumentality thereof, or, in the
22 case of clean energy projects, any not-for-profit
23 philanthropic or other charitable organization, public or
24 private, to be used for the operating expenses of the
25 Authority, or for any purposes of the Authority, including the

1 making of direct loans of such funds with respect to projects,
2 and (ii) to enter into any agreement with the federal
3 government or the State, or any agency or instrumentality
4 thereof, in relationship to such grants, loans or
5 appropriations.

6 (b) The Authority shall have power to procure and enter
7 into contracts for any type of insurance and indemnity
8 agreements covering loss or damage to property from any cause,
9 including loss of use and occupancy, or covering any other
10 insurable risk.

11 (c) The Authority shall have the continuing power to issue
12 bonds for its corporate purposes. Bonds may be issued by the
13 Authority in one or more series and may provide for the payment
14 of any interest deemed necessary on such bonds, of the costs of
15 issuance of such bonds, of any premium on any insurance, or of
16 the cost of any guarantees, letters of credit or other similar
17 documents, may provide for the funding of the reserves deemed
18 necessary in connection with such bonds, and may provide for
19 the refunding or advance refunding of any bonds or for
20 accounts deemed necessary in connection with any purpose of
21 the Authority. The bonds may bear interest payable at any time
22 or times and at any rate or rates, notwithstanding any other
23 provision of law to the contrary, and such rate or rates may be
24 established by an index or formula which may be implemented or
25 established by persons appointed or retained therefor by the
26 Authority, or may bear no interest or may bear interest

1 payable at maturity or upon redemption prior to maturity, may
2 bear such date or dates, may be payable at such time or times
3 and at such place or places, may mature at any time or times
4 not later than 40 years from the date of issuance, may be sold
5 at public or private sale at such time or times and at such
6 price or prices, may be secured by such pledges, reserves,
7 guarantees, letters of credit, insurance contracts or other
8 similar credit support or liquidity instruments, may be
9 executed in such manner, may be subject to redemption prior to
10 maturity, may provide for the registration of the bonds, and
11 may be subject to such other terms and conditions all as may be
12 provided by the resolution or indenture authorizing the
13 issuance of such bonds. The holder or holders of any bonds
14 issued by the Authority may bring suits at law or proceedings
15 in equity to compel the performance and observance by any
16 person or by the Authority or any of its agents or employees of
17 any contract or covenant made with the holders of such bonds
18 and to compel such person or the Authority and any of its
19 agents or employees to perform any duties required to be
20 performed for the benefit of the holders of any such bonds by
21 the provision of the resolution authorizing their issuance,
22 and to enjoin such person or the Authority and any of its
23 agents or employees from taking any action in conflict with
24 any such contract or covenant. Notwithstanding the form and
25 tenor of any such bonds and in the absence of any express
26 recital on the face thereof that it is non-negotiable, all

1 such bonds shall be negotiable instruments. Pending the
2 preparation and execution of any such bonds, temporary bonds
3 may be issued as provided by the resolution. The bonds shall be
4 sold by the Authority in such manner as it shall determine. The
5 bonds may be secured as provided in the authorizing resolution
6 by the receipts, revenues, income and other available funds of
7 the Authority and by any amounts derived by the Authority from
8 the loan agreement or lease agreement with respect to the
9 project or projects; and bonds may be issued as general
10 obligations of the Authority payable from such revenues, funds
11 and obligations of the Authority as the bond resolution shall
12 provide, or may be issued as limited obligations with a claim
13 for payment solely from such revenues, funds and obligations
14 as the bond resolution shall provide. The Authority may grant
15 a specific pledge or assignment of and lien on or security
16 interest in such rights, revenues, income, or amounts and may
17 grant a specific pledge or assignment of and lien on or
18 security interest in any reserves, funds or accounts
19 established in the resolution authorizing the issuance of
20 bonds. Any such pledge, assignment, lien or security interest
21 for the benefit of the holders of the Authority's bonds shall
22 be valid and binding from the time the bonds are issued without
23 any physical delivery or further act, and shall be valid and
24 binding as against and prior to the claims of all other parties
25 having claims against the Authority or any other person
26 irrespective of whether the other parties have notice of the

1 pledge, assignment, lien or security interest. As evidence of
2 such pledge, assignment, lien and security interest, the
3 Authority may execute and deliver a mortgage, trust agreement,
4 indenture or security agreement or an assignment thereof. A
5 remedy for any breach or default of the terms of any such
6 agreement by the Authority may be by mandamus proceedings in
7 any court of competent jurisdiction to compel the performance
8 and compliance therewith, but the agreement may prescribe by
9 whom or on whose behalf such action may be instituted. It is
10 expressly understood that the Authority may, but need not,
11 acquire title to any project with respect to which it
12 exercises its authority.

13 (d) With respect to the powers granted by this Act, the
14 Authority may adopt rules and regulations prescribing the
15 procedures by which persons may apply for assistance under
16 this Act. Nothing herein shall be deemed to preclude the
17 Authority, prior to the filing of any formal application, from
18 conducting preliminary discussions and investigations with
19 respect to the subject matter of any prospective application.

20 (e) The Authority shall have power to acquire by purchase,
21 lease, gift or otherwise any property or rights therein from
22 any person useful for its purposes, whether improved for the
23 purposes of any prospective project, or unimproved. The
24 Authority may also accept any donation of funds for its
25 purposes from any such source. The Authority shall have no
26 independent power of condemnation but may acquire any property

1 or rights therein obtained upon condemnation by any other
2 authority, governmental entity or unit of local government
3 with such power.

4 (f) The Authority shall have power to develop, construct
5 and improve either under its own direction, or through
6 collaboration with any approved applicant, or to acquire
7 through purchase or otherwise, any project, using for such
8 purpose the proceeds derived from the sale of its bonds or from
9 governmental loans or grants, and to hold title in the name of
10 the Authority to such projects.

11 (g) The Authority shall have power to lease pursuant to a
12 lease agreement any project so developed and constructed or
13 acquired to the approved tenant on such terms and conditions
14 as may be appropriate to further the purposes of this Act and
15 to maintain the credit of the Authority. Any such lease may
16 provide for either the Authority or the approved tenant to
17 assume initially, in whole or in part, the costs of
18 maintenance, repair and improvements during the leasehold
19 period. In no case, however, shall the total rentals from any
20 project during any initial leasehold period or the total loan
21 repayments to be made pursuant to any loan agreement, be less
22 than an amount necessary to return over such lease or loan
23 period (1) all costs incurred in connection with the
24 development, construction, acquisition or improvement of the
25 project and for repair, maintenance and improvements thereto
26 during the period of the lease or loan; provided, however,

1 that the rentals or loan repayments need not include costs met
2 through the use of funds other than those obtained by the
3 Authority through the issuance of its bonds or governmental
4 loans; (2) a reasonable percentage additive to be agreed upon
5 by the Authority and the borrower or tenant to cover a properly
6 allocable portion of the Authority's general expenses,
7 including, but not limited to, administrative expenses,
8 salaries and general insurance, and (3) an amount sufficient
9 to pay when due all principal of, interest and premium, if any
10 on, any bonds issued by the Authority with respect to the
11 project. The portion of total rentals payable under clause (3)
12 of this subsection (g) shall be deposited in such special
13 accounts, including all sinking funds, acquisition or
14 construction funds, debt service and other funds as provided
15 by any resolution, mortgage or trust agreement of the
16 Authority pursuant to which any bond is issued.

17 (h) The Authority has the power, upon the termination of
18 any leasehold period of any project, to sell or lease for a
19 further term or terms such project on such terms and
20 conditions as the Authority shall deem reasonable and
21 consistent with the purposes of the Act. The net proceeds from
22 all such sales and the revenues or income from such leases
23 shall be used to satisfy any indebtedness of the Authority
24 with respect to such project and any balance may be used to pay
25 any expenses of the Authority or be used for the further
26 development, construction, acquisition or improvement of

1 projects. In the event any project is vacated by a tenant prior
2 to the termination of the initial leasehold period, the
3 Authority shall sell or lease the facilities of the project on
4 the most advantageous terms available. The net proceeds of any
5 such disposition shall be treated in the same manner as the
6 proceeds from sales or the revenues or income from leases
7 subsequent to the termination of any initial leasehold period.

8 (i) The Authority shall have the power to make loans, or to
9 purchase loan participations in loans made, to persons to
10 finance a project, to enter into loan agreements or agreements
11 with participating lenders with respect thereto, and to accept
12 guarantees from persons of its loans or the resultant
13 evidences of obligations of the Authority.

14 (j) The Authority may fix, determine, charge and collect
15 any premiums, fees, charges, costs and expenses, including,
16 without limitation, any application fees, commitment fees,
17 program fees, financing charges or publication fees from any
18 person in connection with its activities under this Act.

19 (k) In addition to the funds established as provided
20 herein, the Authority shall have the power to create and
21 establish such reserve funds and accounts as may be necessary
22 or desirable to accomplish its purposes under this Act and to
23 deposit its available monies into the funds and accounts.

24 (l) At the request of the governing body of any unit of
25 local government, the Authority is authorized to market such
26 local government's revenue bond offerings by preparing bond

1 issues for sale, advertising for sealed bids, receiving bids
2 at its offices, making the award to the bidder that offers the
3 most favorable terms or arranging for negotiated placements or
4 underwritings of such securities. The Authority may, at its
5 discretion, offer for concurrent sale the revenue bonds of
6 several local governments. Sales by the Authority of revenue
7 bonds under this Section shall in no way imply State guarantee
8 of such debt issue. The Authority may require such financial
9 information from participating local governments as it deems
10 necessary in order to carry out the purposes of this
11 subsection (1).

12 (m) The Authority may make grants to any county to which
13 Division 5-37 of the Counties Code is applicable to assist in
14 the financing of capital development, construction and
15 renovation of new or existing facilities for hospitals and
16 health care facilities under that Act. Such grants may only be
17 made from funds appropriated for such purposes from the Build
18 Illinois Bond Fund.

19 (n) The Authority may establish an urban development
20 action grant program for the purpose of assisting
21 municipalities in Illinois which are experiencing severe
22 economic distress to help stimulate economic development
23 activities needed to aid in economic recovery. The Authority
24 shall determine the types of activities and projects for which
25 the urban development action grants may be used, provided that
26 such projects and activities are broadly defined to include

1 all reasonable projects and activities the primary objectives
2 of which are the development of viable urban communities,
3 including decent housing and a suitable living environment,
4 and expansion of economic opportunity, principally for persons
5 of low and moderate incomes. The Authority shall enter into
6 grant agreements from monies appropriated for such purposes
7 from the Build Illinois Bond Fund. The Authority shall monitor
8 the use of the grants, and shall provide for audits of the
9 funds as well as recovery by the Authority of any funds
10 determined to have been spent in violation of this subsection
11 (n) or any rule or regulation promulgated hereunder. The
12 Authority shall provide technical assistance with regard to
13 the effective use of the urban development action grants. The
14 Authority shall file an annual report to the General Assembly
15 concerning the progress of the grant program.

16 (o) The Authority may establish a Housing Partnership
17 Program whereby the Authority provides zero-interest loans to
18 municipalities for the purpose of assisting in the financing
19 of projects for the rehabilitation of affordable multi-family
20 housing for low and moderate income residents. The Authority
21 may provide such loans only upon a municipality's providing
22 evidence that it has obtained private funding for the
23 rehabilitation project. The Authority shall provide 3 State
24 dollars for every 7 dollars obtained by the municipality from
25 sources other than the State of Illinois. The loans shall be
26 made from monies appropriated for such purpose from the Build

1 Illinois Bond Fund. The total amount of loans available under
2 the Housing Partnership Program shall not exceed \$30,000,000.
3 State loan monies under this subsection shall be used only for
4 the acquisition and rehabilitation of existing buildings
5 containing 4 or more dwelling units. The terms of any loan made
6 by the municipality under this subsection shall require
7 repayment of the loan to the municipality upon any sale or
8 other transfer of the project. In addition, the Authority may
9 use any moneys appropriated for such purpose from the Build
10 Illinois Bond Fund, including funds loaned under this
11 subsection and repaid as principal or interest, and investment
12 income on such funds, to make the loans authorized by
13 subsection (z), without regard to any restrictions or
14 limitations provided in this subsection.

15 (p) The Authority may award grants to universities and
16 research institutions, research consortiums and other
17 not-for-profit entities for the purposes of: remodeling or
18 otherwise physically altering existing laboratory or research
19 facilities, expansion or physical additions to existing
20 laboratory or research facilities, construction of new
21 laboratory or research facilities or acquisition of modern
22 equipment to support laboratory or research operations
23 provided that such grants (i) be used solely in support of
24 project and equipment acquisitions which enhance technology
25 transfer, and (ii) not constitute more than 60 percent of the
26 total project or acquisition cost.

1 (q) Grants may be awarded by the Authority to units of
2 local government for the purpose of developing the appropriate
3 infrastructure or defraying other costs to the local
4 government in support of laboratory or research facilities
5 provided that such grants may not exceed 40% of the cost to the
6 unit of local government.

7 (r) In addition to the powers granted to the Authority
8 under subsection (i), and in all cases supplemental to it, the
9 Authority may establish a direct loan program to make loans
10 to, or may purchase participations in loans made by
11 participating lenders to, individuals, partnerships,
12 corporations, or other business entities for the purpose of
13 financing an industrial project, as defined in Section 801-10
14 of this Act. For the purposes of such program and not by way of
15 limitation on any other program of the Authority, including,
16 without limitation, programs established under subsection (i),
17 the Authority shall have the power to issue bonds, notes, or
18 other evidences of indebtedness including commercial paper for
19 purposes of providing a fund of capital from which it may make
20 such loans. The Authority shall have the power to use any
21 appropriations from the State made especially for the
22 Authority's direct loan program, or moneys at any time held by
23 the Authority under this Act outside the State treasury in the
24 custody of either the Treasurer of the Authority or a trustee
25 or depository appointed by the Authority, for additional
26 capital to make such loans or purchase such loan

1 participations, or for the purposes of reserve funds or
2 pledged funds which secure the Authority's obligations of
3 repayment of any bond, note or other form of indebtedness
4 established for the purpose of providing capital for which it
5 intends to make such loans or purchase such loan
6 participations. For the purpose of obtaining such capital, the
7 Authority may also enter into agreements with financial
8 institutions, participating lenders, and other persons for the
9 purpose of administering a loan participation program, selling
10 loans or developing a secondary market for such loans or loan
11 participations. Loans made under the direct loan program
12 specifically established under this subsection (r), including
13 loans under such program made by participating lenders in
14 which the Authority purchases a participation, may be in an
15 amount not to exceed \$600,000 and shall be made for a portion
16 of an industrial project which does not exceed 50% of the total
17 project. No loan may be made by the Authority unless approved
18 by the affirmative vote of at least 8 members of the board. The
19 Authority shall establish procedures and publish rules which
20 shall provide for the submission, review, and analysis of each
21 direct loan and loan participation application and which shall
22 preserve the ability of each board member and the Executive
23 Director, as applicable, to reach an individual business
24 judgment regarding the propriety of each direct loan or loan
25 participation. The collective discretion of the board to
26 approve or disapprove each loan shall be unencumbered. The

1 Authority may establish and collect such fees and charges,
2 determine and enforce such terms and conditions, and charge
3 such interest rates as it determines to be necessary and
4 appropriate to the successful administration of the direct
5 loan program, including purchasing loan participations. The
6 Authority may require such interests in collateral and such
7 guarantees as it determines are necessary to protect the
8 Authority's interest in the repayment of the principal and
9 interest of each loan and loan participation made under the
10 direct loan program. The restrictions established under this
11 subsection (r) shall not be applicable to any loan or loan
12 participation made under subsection (i) or to any loan or loan
13 participation made under any other Section of this Act.

14 (s) The Authority may guarantee private loans to third
15 parties up to a specified dollar amount in order to promote
16 economic development in this State.

17 (t) The Authority may adopt rules and regulations as may
18 be necessary or advisable to implement the powers conferred by
19 this Act.

20 (u) The Authority shall have the power to issue bonds,
21 notes or other evidences of indebtedness, which may be used to
22 make loans to units of local government which are authorized
23 to enter into loan agreements and other documents and to issue
24 bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness for the
25 purpose of financing the protection of storm sewer outfalls,
26 the construction of adequate storm sewer outfalls, and the

1 provision for flood protection of sanitary sewage treatment
2 plans, in counties that have established a stormwater
3 management planning committee in accordance with Section
4 5-1062 of the Counties Code. Any such loan shall be made by the
5 Authority pursuant to the provisions of Section 820-5 to
6 820-60 of this Act. The unit of local government shall pay back
7 to the Authority the principal amount of the loan, plus annual
8 interest as determined by the Authority. The Authority shall
9 have the power, subject to appropriations by the General
10 Assembly, to subsidize or buy down a portion of the interest on
11 such loans, up to 4% per annum.

12 (v) The Authority may accept security interests as
13 provided in Sections 11-3 and 11-3.3 of the Illinois Public
14 Aid Code.

15 (w) Moral Obligation. In the event that the Authority
16 determines that monies of the Authority will not be sufficient
17 for the payment of the principal of and interest on its bonds
18 during the next State fiscal year, the Chairperson, as soon as
19 practicable, shall certify to the Governor the amount required
20 by the Authority to enable it to pay such principal of and
21 interest on the bonds. The Governor shall submit the amount so
22 certified to the General Assembly as soon as practicable, but
23 no later than the end of the current State fiscal year. This
24 subsection shall apply only to any bonds or notes as to which
25 the Authority shall have determined, in the resolution
26 authorizing the issuance of the bonds or notes, that this

1 subsection shall apply. Whenever the Authority makes such a
2 determination, that fact shall be plainly stated on the face
3 of the bonds or notes and that fact shall also be reported to
4 the Governor. In the event of a withdrawal of moneys from a
5 reserve fund established with respect to any issue or issues
6 of bonds of the Authority to pay principal or interest on those
7 bonds, the Chairperson of the Authority, as soon as
8 practicable, shall certify to the Governor the amount required
9 to restore the reserve fund to the level required in the
10 resolution or indenture securing those bonds. The Governor
11 shall submit the amount so certified to the General Assembly
12 as soon as practicable, but no later than the end of the
13 current State fiscal year. The Authority shall obtain written
14 approval from the Governor for any bonds and notes to be issued
15 under this Section. In addition to any other bonds authorized
16 to be issued under Sections 825-60, 825-65(e), 830-25 and
17 845-5, the principal amount of Authority bonds outstanding
18 issued under this Section 801-40(w) or under 20 ILCS 3850/1-80
19 or 30 ILCS 360/2-6(c), which have been assumed by the
20 Authority, shall not exceed \$150,000,000. This subsection (w)
21 shall in no way be applied to any bonds issued by the Authority
22 on behalf of the Illinois Power Agency under Section 825-90 of
23 this Act.

24 (x) The Authority may enter into agreements or contracts
25 with any person necessary or appropriate to place the payment
26 obligations of the Authority under any of its bonds in whole or

1 in part on any interest rate basis, cash flow basis, or other
2 basis desired by the Authority, including without limitation
3 agreements or contracts commonly known as "interest rate swap
4 agreements", "forward payment conversion agreements", and
5 "futures", or agreements or contracts to exchange cash flows
6 or a series of payments, or agreements or contracts, including
7 without limitation agreements or contracts commonly known as
8 "options", "puts", or "calls", to hedge payment, rate spread,
9 or similar exposure; provided that any such agreement or
10 contract shall not constitute an obligation for borrowed money
11 and shall not be taken into account under Section 845-5 of this
12 Act or any other debt limit of the Authority or the State of
13 Illinois.

14 (y) The Authority shall publish summaries of projects and
15 actions approved by the members of the Authority on its
16 website. These summaries shall include, but not be limited to,
17 information regarding the:

- 18 (1) project;
- 19 (2) Board's action or actions;
- 20 (3) purpose of the project;
- 21 (4) Authority's program and contribution;
- 22 (5) volume cap;
- 23 (6) jobs retained;
- 24 (7) projected new jobs;
- 25 (8) construction jobs created;
- 26 (9) estimated sources and uses of funds;

- (10) financing summary;
- (11) project summary;
- (12) business summary;
- (13) ownership or economic disclosure statement;
- (14) professional and financial information;
- (15) service area; and
- (16) legislative district.

The disclosure of information pursuant to this subsection shall comply with the Freedom of Information Act.

(z) Consistent with the findings and declaration of policy set forth in item (j) of Section 801-5 of this Act, the Authority shall have the power to make loans to the Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund authorized by Section 22B-120 of the Illinois Pension Code and to make loans to the Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund authorized by Section 22C-120 of the Illinois Pension Code. Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary, loans authorized by Section 22B-120 and Section 22C-120 of the Illinois Pension Code may be made from any of the Authority's funds, including, but not limited to, funds in its Illinois Housing Partnership Program Fund, its Industrial Project Insurance Fund, or its Illinois Venture Investment Fund.

(aa) The Authority may finance or refinance (including, without limitation, through reimbursement of prior expenditures) any accounts receivable, working capital, liability, or insurance or noncapital cost or operating

1 expense, or any combination thereof, for any unit of
2 government, participating health institution, private
3 institution of higher education, academic institution,
4 cultural institution, or other person authorized to borrow
5 funds from the Authority pursuant to this Act.

6 (Source: P.A. 101-610, eff. 1-1-20; 102-662, eff. 9-15-21.)

7 (20 ILCS 3501/850-10)

8 Sec. 850-10. Powers and duties.

9 (a) The Authority shall have the powers enumerated in this
10 Act to assist in the development and implementation of clean
11 energy in the State. The powers enumerated in this Article
12 shall be in addition to all other powers of the Authority
13 conferred in this Act, including those related to clean energy
14 and the provision of clean water, drinking water, and
15 wastewater treatment. The powers of the Authority to issue
16 bonds, notes, and other obligations to finance loans
17 administered by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
18 under the Public Water Supply Loan Program or the Water
19 Pollution Control Loan Program or other similar programs shall
20 not be limited or otherwise affected by this amendatory Act of
21 the 102nd General Assembly.

22 (b) In its role as the Climate Bank of the State, the
23 Authority shall have the power to: (i) administer programs and
24 funds appropriated by the General Assembly for clean energy
25 projects in eligible communities and environmental justice

1 communities or owned by eligible persons, (ii) support
2 investment in the clean energy and clean water, drinking
3 water, and wastewater treatment, (iii) support and otherwise
4 promote investment in clean energy projects to foster the
5 growth, development, and commercialization of clean energy
6 projects and related enterprises, and (iv) stimulate demand
7 for clean energy and the development of clean energy projects.

8 (c) In addition to, and not in limitation of, any other
9 power of the Authority set forth in this Section or any other
10 provisions of the general statutes, the Authority shall have
11 and may exercise the following powers in furtherance of or in
12 carrying out its clean energy powers and purposes:

13 (1) To enter into joint ventures and invest in and
14 participate with any person, including, without
15 limitation, government entities and private corporations,
16 engaged primarily in the development of clean energy
17 projects, provided that members of the Authority or
18 officers may serve as directors, members, or officers of
19 any such business entity, and such service shall be deemed
20 to be in the discharge of the duties or within the scope of
21 the employment of any such member or officer, or Authority
22 or officers, as the case may be, so long as such member or
23 officer does not receive any compensation or direct or
24 indirect financial benefit as a result of serving in such
25 role.

26 (2) To utilize funding sources, including, but not

1 limited to:

2 (A) funds repurposed from existing programs
3 providing financing support for clean energy projects,
4 clean water projects, drinking water projects,
5 wastewater treatment projects, or climate resilience
6 projects, provided any transfer of funds from such
7 existing programs shall be subject to approval by the
8 General Assembly and shall be used for expenses of
9 financing, grants, and loans;

10 (B) any federal or other funds that can be used for
11 clean energy purposes, clean water projects, drinking
12 water projects, wastewater treatment projects, or
13 climate resilience projects;

14 (C) charitable gifts, grants, and contributions as
15 well as loans from individuals, corporations,
16 university endowment funds, and philanthropic
17 foundations for clean energy projects or for the
18 provision of clean water, drinking water, and
19 wastewater treatment or climate resilience projects;
20 and

21 (D) earnings and interest derived from financing
22 support activities for clean energy projects or
23 climate resilience projects financed by the Authority.

24 (3) To enter into contracts with private sources to
25 raise capital.

26 (d) The Authority may finance working capital, refinance

1 outstanding indebtedness of any person, and otherwise assist
2 in the investment of equity from any source, public or
3 private, in connection with clean energy projects or any other
4 projects authorized by this Act.

5 (e) The Authority may assess reasonable fees on its
6 financing activities to cover its reasonable costs and
7 expenses, as determined by the Authority.

8 (f) The Authority shall make information regarding the
9 rates, terms and conditions for all of its financing support
10 transactions available to the public for inspection, including
11 formal annual reviews by both a private auditor and the
12 Comptroller, and providing details to the public on the
13 Internet, provided public disclosure shall be restricted for
14 patentable ideas, trade secrets, and proprietary or
15 confidential commercial or financial information, disclosure
16 of which may cause commercial harm to a nongovernmental
17 recipient of such financing support and for other information
18 exempt from public records disclosure pursuant to Section
19 1-210.

20 (Source: P.A. 102-662, eff. 9-15-21.)

21 Section 10. The Climate Bank Loan Financing Act is amended
22 by changing Sections 5, 10, and 35 as follows:

23 (30 ILCS 445/5)

24 Sec. 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

1 "Alternate bonds", "applicable law", "bond", "general
2 obligation bonds", "limited bonds", "governmental unit",
3 "revenue bonds", "enterprise revenues", and "revenue source"
4 have the respective meanings set forth in Section 3 of the
5 Local Government Debt Reform Act.

6 "Clean energy infrastructure project" means:

7 (i) a project that uses renewable energy resources, as
8 defined in Section 1-10 of the Illinois Power Agency Act;

9 (ii) an energy efficiency project;

10 (iii) a project that uses technology for the storage
11 of renewable energy, including, without limitation, the
12 use of battery or electrochemical storage technology for
13 mobile or stationary applications;

14 (iv) a project for the acquisition or repairs of
15 electric vehicles;

16 (v) a project for the acquisition, construction, or
17 repairs to electric vehicle charging stations; and

18 (vi) a building electrification project of replacing
19 fossil fuels with electricity to meet a given end use.

20 "Climate resilience project" means a project to reduce
21 hazards or risks to people and property from future disasters
22 or climate-related conditions. "Climate resilience project"
23 includes, but is not limited to, projects that ensure access
24 to clean water and drinking water, support wastewater
25 treatment or resiliency of other essential infrastructure and
26 other projects that reduce the potential impact of disasters

1 or climate change.

2 "Electric vehicle" means a vehicle that is exclusively
3 powered by and refueled by electricity, must be plugged in to
4 charge, and is licensed to drive on public roadways.

5 "Electric vehicle charging station" means a station that
6 delivers electricity from a source outside an electric vehicle
7 into one or more electric vehicles.

8 "Energy efficiency project" means measures that reduce the
9 amount of electricity, natural gas, or total Btu of
10 electricity or natural gas required to achieve or meet a given
11 end use, consistent with Section 1-10 of the Illinois Power
12 Agency Act.

13 "Governing body" means the council, board, commission, or
14 body, by whatever name it is known, having charge of the
15 finances of a governmental unit.

16 (Source: P.A. 103-1023, eff. 8-9-24.)

17 (30 ILCS 445/10)

18 Sec. 10. Clean energy infrastructure projects. A
19 governmental unit may own, construct, equip, manage, control,
20 erect, improve, extend, maintain, and operate new or existing
21 clean energy infrastructure projects and climate resilience
22 projects, may purchase real estate and any property rights to
23 be used for clean energy infrastructure projects and climate
24 resilience projects, and may charge for the use of clean
25 energy infrastructure.

1 (Source: P.A. 103-1023, eff. 8-9-24.)

2 (30 ILCS 445/35)

3 Sec. 35. Authority for issuance. The authority to issue
4 bonds by a governmental unit under this Act and applicable law
5 for clean energy infrastructure projects and climate
6 resilience projects is in addition to any other authority to
7 issue bonds by a governmental unit provided by law.

8 (Source: P.A. 103-1023, eff. 8-9-24.)

9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
10 becoming law.".