1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,

3 represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by
- 5 changing Section 4.36 and by adding Section 4.41 as follows:
- 6 (5 ILCS 80/4.36)
- 7 Sec. 4.36. Acts repealed on January 1, 2026. The following
- 8 Acts are repealed on January 1, 2026:
- 9 The Barber, Cosmetology, Esthetics, Hair Braiding, and
- 10 Nail Technology Act of 1985.
- 11 The Collection Agency Act.
- 12 The Hearing Instrument Consumer Protection Act.
- 13 The Illinois Athletic Trainers Practice Act.
- 14 The Illinois Dental Practice Act.
- The Illinois Roofing Industry Licensing Act.
- 16 The Illinois Physical Therapy Act.
- 17 The Professional Geologist Licensing Act.
- 18 The Respiratory Care Practice Act.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 99-26, eff. 7-10-15; 99-204, eff. 7-30-15;
- 20 99-227, eff. 8-3-15; 99-229, eff. 8-3-15; 99-230, eff. 8-3-15;
- 21 99-427, eff. 8-21-15; 99-469, eff. 8-26-15; 99-492, eff.
- 22 12-31-15; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)

- 1 (5 ILCS 80/4.41 new)
- Sec. 4.41. Act repealed on January 1, 2031. The following
- 3 Act is repealed on January 1, 2031:
- 4 The Illinois Dental Practice Act.
- 5 Section 10. The Illinois Dental Practice Act is amended by
- 6 changing Sections 2, 4, 6, 8, 8.05, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18,
- 7 18.1, 19, 19.2, 20, 22, 23, 23a, 23b, 24, 25, 25.1, 26, 29, 30,
- 8 32, 34, 38.2, 40, 45, 45.5, 48, 49, 51, 54, 54.2, 54.3, and 55
- 9 and by adding Section 4.5 as follows:
- 10 (225 ILCS 25/2) (from Ch. 111, par. 2302)
- 11 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 12 Sec. 2. Legislative declaration of public policy. The
- 13 practice of dentistry in the State of Illinois is hereby
- declared to affect the public health, safety and welfare and
- 15 to be subject to regulation and control in the public
- 16 interest. It is further declared to be a matter of public
- 17 interest and concern that the dental profession merit and
- 18 receive the confidence of the public and that only qualified
- 19 persons be permitted to practice dentistry in the State of
- 20 Illinois. Despite the authority granted under this Act
- 21 allowing dentists to delegate the performance of certain
- 22 procedures to dental hygienists and dental assistants, nothing
- 23 contained in this Act shall be construed in any way to relieve
- the supervising dentist from ultimate responsibility for the

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care of the his or her patient. This Act shall be liberally 1 2

construed to carry out these objects and purposes.

It is further declared to be the public policy of this State, pursuant to subsections (h) and (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution of 1970, that any power or function set forth in this Act to be exercised by the State is an exclusive State power or function. Such power or function shall not be exercised concurrently, either directly or indirectly, by any unit of local government, including home rule units, except as otherwise provided in this Act.

- 11 (Source: P.A. 89-80, eff. 6-30-95; 89-116, eff. 7-7-95.)
- 12 (225 ILCS 25/4)
- (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026) 1.3
- 14 Sec. 4. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- "Address of record" means the designated address recorded 15 16 by the Department in the applicant's or licensee's application file or license file as maintained by the Department's 17 18 licensure maintenance unit. It is the duty of the applicant or 19 licensee to inform the Department of any change of address and 20 those changes must be made either through the Department's 21 website or by contacting the Department.
- 22 "Email address of record" means the designated email 23 address recorded by the Department in the applicant's 24 application file or the licensee's license file, as maintained
- 25 by the Department's licensure maintenance unit.

- 1 "Department" means the Department of Financial and
- 2 Professional Regulation.
- 3 "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
- 4 Professional Regulation.
- 5 "Board" means the Board of Dentistry.
- 6 "Dentist" means a person who has received a general
- 7 license pursuant to <u>subsection</u> paragraph (a) of Section 11 of
- 8 this Act and who may perform any intraoral and extraoral
- 9 procedure required in the practice of dentistry and to whom is
- 10 reserved the responsibilities specified in Section 17.
- "Dental hygienist" means a person who holds a license
- 12 under this Act to perform dental services as authorized by
- 13 Section 18.
- "Dental assistant" means an appropriately trained person
- 15 who, under the supervision of a dentist, provides dental
- services as authorized by Section 17.
- "Expanded function dental assistant" means a dental
- assistant who has completed the training required by Section
- 19 17.1 of this Act.
- "Dental laboratory" means a person, firm, or corporation
- 21 which:
- 22 (i) engages in making, providing, repairing, or
- 23 altering dental prosthetic appliances and other artificial
- 24 materials and devices which are returned to a dentist for
- insertion into the human oral cavity or which come in
- 26 contact with its adjacent structures and tissues; and

- 1 (ii) utilizes or employs a dental technician to 2 provide such services; and
- 3 (iii) performs such functions only for a dentist or 4 dentists.

"Supervision" means supervision of a dental hygienist or a dental assistant requiring that a dentist authorize the procedure, remain in the dental facility while the procedure is performed, and approve the work performed by the dental hygienist or dental assistant before dismissal of the patient, but does not mean that the dentist must be present at all times in the treatment room.

"General supervision" means supervision of a dental hygienist requiring that the patient be a patient of record, that the dentist examine the patient in accordance with Section 18 prior to treatment by the dental hygienist, and that the dentist authorize the procedures which are being carried out by a notation in the patient's record, but not requiring that a dentist be present when the authorized procedures are being performed. The issuance of a prescription to a dental laboratory by a dentist does not constitute general supervision.

"Public member" means a person who is not a health professional. For purposes of board membership, any person with a significant financial interest in a health service or profession is not a public member.

"Dentistry" means the healing art which is concerned with

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the examination, diagnosis, treatment planning, and care of conditions within the human oral cavity and its adjacent tissues and structures, as further specified in Section 17.

"Branches of dentistry" means the various specialties of dentistry which, for purposes of this Act, shall be limited to the following: endodontics, oral and maxillofacial surgery, orthodontics and dentofacial orthopedics, pediatric dentistry, periodontics, prosthodontics, oral and maxillofacial radiology, and dental anesthesiology.

"Specialist" means a dentist who has received a specialty license pursuant to <u>subsection</u> (b) of Section 11 11 (b).

"Dental technician" means a person who owns, operates, or is employed by a dental laboratory and engages in making, providing, repairing, or altering dental prosthetic appliances and other artificial materials and devices which are returned to a dentist for insertion into the human oral cavity or which come in contact with its adjacent structures and tissues.

"Informed consent" means legally valid consent that is given by a patient or legal guardian, that is recorded in writing or digitally, that authorizes intervention or treatment services from the treating dentist, and that documents agreement to participate in those services and knowledge of the risks, benefits, and alternatives, including the decision to withdraw from or decline treatment.

"Impaired dentist" or "impaired dental hygienist" means a dentist or dental hygienist who is unable to practice with

reasonable skill and safety because of a physical or mental disability as evidenced by a written determination or written consent based on clinical evidence, including deterioration through the aging process, loss of motor skills, abuse of drugs or alcohol, or a psychiatric disorder, of sufficient degree to diminish the person's ability to deliver competent patient care.

"Nurse" means a registered professional nurse, a certified registered nurse anesthetist licensed as an advanced practice registered nurse, or a licensed practical nurse licensed under the Nurse Practice Act.

"Patient of record", except as provided in Section 17.2, means a patient for whom the patient's most recent dentist has obtained a relevant medical and dental history and on whom the dentist has performed a physical examination within the last year and evaluated the condition to be treated, including a review of the patient's most recent x-rays.

"Dental responder" means a dentist or dental hygienist who is appropriately certified in disaster preparedness, immunizations, and dental humanitarian medical response consistent with the Society of Disaster Medicine and Public Health and training certified by the National Incident Management System or the National Disaster Life Support Foundation.

"Mobile dental van or portable dental unit" means any self-contained or portable dental unit in which dentistry is

- 1 practiced that can be moved, towed, or transported from one
- 2 location to another in order to establish a location where
- 3 dental services can be provided.
- 4 "Public health dental hygienist" means a hygienist who
- 5 holds a valid license to practice in the State, has 2 years of
- 6 full-time clinical experience or an equivalent of 4,000 hours
- of clinical experience, and has completed at least 42 clock
- 8 hours of additional structured courses in dental education in
- 9 advanced areas specific to public health dentistry.
- "Public health setting" means a federally qualified health
- 11 center; a federal, State, or local public health facility;
- 12 Head Start; a special supplemental nutrition program for
- Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) facility; a certified
- 14 school-based health center or school-based oral health
- program; a prison; or a long-term care facility.
- "Public health supervision" means the supervision of a
- 17 public health dental hygienist by a licensed dentist who has a
- 18 written public health supervision agreement with that public
- 19 health dental hygienist while working in an approved facility
- 20 or program that allows the public health dental hygienist to
- 21 treat patients, without a dentist first examining the patient
- 22 and being present in the facility during treatment, (1) who
- 23 are eligible for Medicaid or (2) who are uninsured or whose
- 24 household income is not greater than 300% of the federal
- 25 poverty level.
- Teledentistry" means the use of telehealth systems and

methodologies in dentistry and includes patient diagnosis, treatment planning, care, and education delivery for a patient of record using synchronous and asynchronous communications under an Illinois licensed dentist's authority as provided under this Act.

"Moderate sedation" means a drug-induced depression of consciousness during which: (1) patients respond purposefully to verbal commands, either alone or accompanied by light tactile stimulation; (2) no interventions are required to maintain a patient's airway and spontaneous ventilation is adequate; and (3) cardiovascular function is usually maintained.

"Deep sedation" means a drug-induced depression of consciousness during which: (1) patients cannot be easily aroused, but respond purposefully following repeated or painful stimulation; (2) the ability to independently maintain ventilatory function may be impaired; (3) patients may require assistance in maintaining airways and spontaneous ventilation may be inadequate; and (4) cardiovascular function is usually maintained.

"General anesthesia" means a drug-induced loss of consciousness during which: (1) patients are not arousable, even by painful stimulation; (2) the ability to independently maintain ventilatory function is often impaired; (3) patients often require assistance in maintaining airways and positive pressure ventilation may be required because of depressed

- 1 spontaneous ventilation or drug-induced depression of
- 2 neuromuscular function; and (4) cardiovascular function may be
- 3 impaired.
- 4 "Venipuncture" means the puncture of a vein as part of a
- 5 medical procedure, typically to withdraw a blood sample or for
- 6 an intravenous catheter for the administration of medication
- 7 or fluids.
- 8 "Enteral route of administration" means administration of
- 9 a drug that is absorbed through the gastrointestinal tract or
- through oral, rectal, or sublingual mucosa.
- "Parenteral route of administration" means administration
- of a drug by which the drug bypasses the gastrointestinal
- 13 tract through intramuscular, intravenous, intranasal,
- 14 submucosal, subcutaneous, or intraosseous methods.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 102-93, eff. 1-1-22; 102-588, eff. 8-20-21;
- 16 102-936, eff. 1-1-23; 103-425, eff. 1-1-24; 103-431, eff.
- 17 1-1-24; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24; 103-628, eff. 7-1-24; 103-902,
- 18 eff. 8-9-24; revised 10-10-24.)
- 19 (225 ILCS 25/4.5 new)
- Sec. 4.5. Address of record; email address of record. All
- 21 applicants and licensees shall:
- 22 (1) provide a valid address and email address to the
- 23 Department, which shall serve as the address of record and
- 24 email address of record, respectively, upon application for
- licensure or renewal of a license; and

- 1 (2) inform the Department of any change in the applicant
- or licensee's address of record or email address of record
- 3 within 14 days after such change, either through the
- 4 Department's website or by contacting the Department's
- 5 licensure maintenance unit.
- 6 (225 ILCS 25/6) (from Ch. 111, par. 2306)
- 7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 8 Sec. 6. Board of <u>Dentistry; report</u> Dentistry report by
- 9 majority required. There is created a Board of Dentistry, to
- 10 be composed of persons designated from time to time by the
- 11 Secretary, as follows:
- 12 Eleven persons, 8 of whom have been dentists for a period
- of 5 years or more; 2 of whom have been dental hygienists for a
- 14 period of 5 years or more, and one public member. None of the
- 15 members shall be an officer, dean, assistant dean, or
- 16 associate dean of a dental college or dental department of an
- institute of learning, nor shall any member be the program
- 18 director of any dental hygiene program. A board member who
- 19 holds a faculty position in a dental school or dental hygiene
- 20 program shall not participate in the examination of applicants
- 21 for licenses from that school or program. The dental
- 22 hygienists shall not participate in the examination of
- 23 applicants for licenses to practice dentistry. The public
- 24 member shall not participate in the examination of applicants
- 25 for licenses to practice dentistry or dental hygiene. The

1 board shall annually elect a chairman and vice-chairman who

2 shall be dentists.

Terms for all members shall be for 4 years. Partial terms over 2 years in length shall be considered as full terms. A member may be reappointed for a successive term, but no member shall serve more than 2 full terms in the member's his or her lifetime.

The membership of the Board shall include only residents from various geographic areas of this State and shall include at least some graduates from various institutions of dental education in this State.

In making appointments to the Board the Secretary shall give due consideration to recommendations by organizations of the dental profession in Illinois, including the Illinois State Dental Society and Illinois Dental Hygienists Association, and shall promptly give due notice to such organizations of any vacancy in the membership of the Board. The Secretary may terminate the appointment of any member for cause which in the opinion of the Secretary reasonably justifies such termination.

A vacancy in the membership of the Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the Board. Any action to be taken by the Board under this Act may be authorized by resolution at any regular or special meeting, and each such resolution shall take effect immediately. The Board shall meet at least

- 1 quarterly.
- 2 The members of the Board shall each receive as
- 3 compensation a reasonable sum as determined by the Secretary
- 4 for each day actually engaged in the duties of the office, and
- 5 all legitimate and necessary expense incurred in attending the
- 6 meetings of the Board.
- 7 Members of the Board shall be immune from suit in any
- 8 action based upon any disciplinary proceedings or other
- 9 activities performed in good faith as members of the Board.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 99-492, eff. 12-31-15.)
- 11 (225 ILCS 25/8) (from Ch. 111, par. 2308)
- 12 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 13 Sec. 8. Necessity for licensure of dentists and
- 14 applications for licenses. No person shall practice dentistry
- 15 without first applying for and obtaining a license for such
- 16 purpose from the Department.
- 17 Applications shall be accompanied by the required fee.
- 18 If an applicant neglects, fails without an approved
- 19 excuse, or refuses to take the next available examination
- offered for licensure under this Act, the fee paid by the
- 21 applicant shall be forfeited to the Department and the
- 22 applicant's application shall expire denied. If an applicant
- 23 fails to pass an examination for licensure under this Act
- 24 within 3 years after filing the applicant's his application,
- 25 the application shall expire 3 years after the date the

- 1 <u>application was filed</u> be denied. However, such applicant may
- 2 thereafter make a new application for examination accompanied
- 3 by the required fee and provide evidence of meeting the
- 4 requirements in effect at the time of the new application.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 89-80, eff. 6-30-95; 89-116, eff. 7-7-95;
- 6 89-626, eff. 8-9-96.)
- 7 (225 ILCS 25/8.05)
- 8 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 9 Sec. 8.05. Social Security Number or Individual Taxpayer
- 10 Identification Number on license application. In addition to
- 11 any other information required to be contained in the
- 12 application, every application for an original license under
- 13 this Act shall include the applicant's Social Security Number
- or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, which shall be
- retained in the agency's records pertaining to the license. As
- 16 soon as practical, the Department shall assign a customer's
- identification number to each applicant for a license.
- 18 Every application for a renewal or restored license shall
- 19 require the applicant's customer identification number.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 97-400, eff. 1-1-12.)
- 21 (225 ILCS 25/11) (from Ch. 111, par. 2311)
- 22 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- Sec. 11. Types of dental licenses. The Department shall
- 24 have the authority to issue the following types of licenses,

- to excuse the payment of fees for inactive status, to deliver certificates of identification, and to extend pre-license
- 3 practice allowances as follows:
 - (a) General licenses. The Department shall issue a license authorizing practice as a dentist to any person who qualifies for a license under this Act.
 - (b) Specialty licenses. The Department shall issue a license authorizing practice as a specialist in any particular branch of dentistry to any dentist who has complied with the requirements established for that particular branch of dentistry at the time of making application. The Department shall establish additional requirements of any dentist who announces or holds himself or herself out to the public as a specialist or as being specially qualified in any particular branch of dentistry.
 - No dentist shall announce or hold himself or herself out to the public as a specialist or as being specially qualified in any particular branch of dentistry unless the dentist he or she is licensed to practice in that specialty of dentistry.
 - The fact that any dentist shall announce by card, letterhead, or any other form of communication using terms as "Specialist", "Practice Limited To", or "Limited to Specialty of" with the name of the branch of dentistry practiced as a specialty, or shall use equivalent words or phrases to announce the same, shall be prima facie evidence that the dentist is holding himself or herself out to the public as a

1 specialist.

- (c) Temporary training licenses. Persons who wish to pursue specialty or other advanced clinical educational programs in an approved dental school or a hospital situated in this State, or persons who wish to pursue programs of specialty training in dental public health in public agencies in this State, may receive without examination, in the discretion of the Department, a temporary training license. In order to receive a temporary training license under this subsection, an applicant shall furnish satisfactory proof to the Department that:
 - (1) The applicant is at least 21 years of age and is of good moral character. In determining moral character under this Section, the Department may take into consideration any felony conviction of the applicant, but such a conviction shall not operate as bar to licensure;
 - (2) The applicant has been accepted or appointed for specialty or residency training by an approved hospital situated in this State, by an approved dental school situated in this State, or by a public health agency in this State the training programs of which are recognized and approved by the Department. The applicant shall indicate the beginning and ending dates of the period for which the applicant he or she has been accepted or appointed;
 - (3) The applicant is a graduate of a dental school or

college approved and in good standing in the judgment of the Department. The Department may consider diplomas or certifications of education, or both, accompanied by transcripts of course work and credits awarded to determine if an applicant has graduated from a dental school or college approved and in good standing. The Department may also consider diplomas or certifications of education, or both, accompanied by transcripts of course work and credits awarded in determining whether a dental school or college is approved and in good standing.

Temporary training licenses issued under this Section shall be valid only for the duration of the period of residency or specialty training and may be extended or renewed as prescribed by rule. The holder of a valid temporary training license shall be entitled thereby to perform acts as may be prescribed by and incidental to the holder's his or her program of residency or specialty training; but the holder here or she shall not be entitled to engage in the practice of dentistry in this State.

A temporary training license may be revoked by the Department upon proof that the holder has engaged in the practice of dentistry in this State outside of the holder's his or her program of residency or specialty training, or if the holder shall fail to supply the Department, within 10 days of its request, with information as to the holder's his or her current status and activities in the holder's his or her

- 1 specialty training program.
 - (d) Faculty limited licenses. Persons who have received full-time appointments to teach dentistry at an approved dental school or hospital situated in this State may receive without examination, in the discretion of the Department, a faculty limited license. In order to receive a faculty limited license an applicant shall furnish satisfactory proof to the Department that:
 - (1) The applicant is at least 21 years of age, is of good moral character, and is licensed to practice dentistry in another state or country; and
 - (2) The applicant has a full-time appointment to teach dentistry at an approved dental school or hospital situated in this State.

Faculty limited licenses issued under this Section shall be valid for a period of 3 years and may be extended or renewed. The holder of a valid faculty limited license may perform acts as may be required by the holder's his or her teaching of dentistry. The holder of a faculty limited license may practice general dentistry or in the holder's his or her area of specialty, but only in a clinic or office affiliated with the dental school. The holder of a faculty limited license may advertise a specialty degree as part of the licensee's ability to practice in a faculty practice. Any faculty limited license issued to a faculty member under this Section shall terminate immediately and automatically, without

- any further action by the Department, if the holder ceases to
- 2 be a faculty member at an approved dental school or hospital in
- 3 this State.
- 4 The Department may revoke a faculty limited license for a
- 5 violation of this Act or its rules, or if the holder fails to
- 6 supply the Department, within 10 days of its request, with
- 7 information as to the holder's his or her current status and
- 8 activities in the holder's his or her teaching program.
- 9 (e) Inactive status. Any person who holds one of the
- 10 licenses under subsection (a) or (b) of Section 11 or under
- 11 Section 12 of this Act may elect, upon payment of the required
- 12 fee, to place the his or her license on an inactive status and
- shall, subject to the rules of the Department, be excused from
- 14 the payment of renewal fees until the holder he or she notifies
- 15 the Department in writing of the holder's his or her desire to
- 16 resume active status.
- 17 Any licensee requesting restoration from inactive status
- shall be required to pay the current renewal fee, and, upon
- 19 payment, the Department shall be required to restore the his
- 20 or her license, as provided in Section 16 of this Act.
- 21 Any licensee whose license is in an inactive status shall
- 22 not practice in the State of Illinois.
- 23 (f) Certificates of Identification. In addition to the
- 24 licenses authorized by this Section, the Department shall
- 25 deliver to each dentist a certificate of identification in a
- form specified by the Department.

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(g) Pre-license practice allowance. An applicant for a general dental license or a temporary training license has a pre-license practice allowance to practice dentistry in a Commission on Dental Accreditation accredited specialty or residency training program for a period of 3 months from the starting date of the program. Upon a request from applicant, the Department may extend, in writing, the pre-license practice allowance for the specialty or residency training program. An applicant practicing dentistry under this subsection may only perform acts as are prescribed by and incidental to the applicant's program of residency or specialty training. An applicant practicing dentistry under subsection must supply the specialty or residency training program a copy of the applicant's general license application or temporary training license application along with proof of certified mail of sending that application to the Department.

The applicant's authority to practice under this subsection shall terminate immediately upon: (1) the decision of the Department that the applicant failed the examination for dental licensure; (2) denial of licensure by the Department; or (3) withdrawal of the license application.

23 (Source: P.A. 103-425, eff. 1-1-24; 103-687, eff. 7-19-24.)

24 (225 ILCS 25/13) (from Ch. 111, par. 2313)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

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13. Oualifications of Sec. applicants for hygienists. Every person who desires to obtain a license as a dental hygienist shall apply to the Department in writing, upon forms prepared and furnished by the Department. Each application shall contain proof of the particular qualifications required of the applicant, shall be verified by the applicant, under oath, and shall be accompanied by the required examination fee.

The Department shall require that every applicant for a license as a dental hygienist shall:

- (1) (Blank).
- (2) Be a graduate of high school or its equivalent.
- (3) Present satisfactory evidence of having successfully completed 2 academic years of credit at a dental hygiene program accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation of the American Dental Association.
- (4) Submit evidence that the applicant he or she holds a currently valid certification to perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation. The Department shall adopt rules establishing criteria for certification in cardiopulmonary resuscitation. The rules of the Department shall provide for variances only in instances where the applicant is a person with a physical disability and therefore unable to secure such certification.
 - (5) (Blank).
 - (6) Present satisfactory evidence that the applicant

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has passed the National Board Dental Hygiene Examination administered by the Joint Commission on National Dental Examinations and has successfully completed an examination conducted by one of the following regional testing services: the Central Regional Dental Testing Service, Inc. (CRDTS), the Southern Regional Testing Agency, Inc. (SRTA), the Western Regional Examining Board (WREB), or the North East Regional Board (NERB). For the purposes of this Section, successful completion shall mean that the applicant has achieved a minimum passing score determined by the applicable regional testing service. The Secretary may suspend a regional testing service under this item (6) if, after proper notice and hearing, it is established that (i) the integrity of the examination has been breached so as to make future test results unreliable (ii) the examination is fundamentally deficient in testing clinical competency.

(Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)

- 19 (225 ILCS 25/14) (from Ch. 111, par. 2314)
- 20 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 21 Sec. 14. Examination for licensure as dental hygienists.
- 22 The Department shall conduct or authorize examinations of
- 23 applicants for licensure as dental hygienists at such times
- and places as it may determine.
- 25 The examination of applicants for licensure as dental

- 1 hygienists may include both practical demonstrations and
- 2 written and oral tests and shall encompass the subjects
- 3 usually taught in programs of dental hygiene, approved by the
- 4 Department.
- 5 If an applicant fails to pass an examination for licensure
- 6 under this Act within 3 years after filing an his or her
- 7 application, the application shall <u>expire 3 years after the</u>
- 8 date the application was filed be denied. The applicant,
- 9 however, may thereafter make a new application for examination
- 10 accompanied by the required fee and provide evidence of
- 11 meeting the requirements in effect at the time of the new
- 12 application.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 89-80, eff. 6-30-95; 89-116, eff. 7-7-95.)
- 14 (225 ILCS 25/16) (from Ch. 111, par. 2316)
- 15 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- Sec. 16. Expiration, renewal and restoration of licenses.
- 17 The expiration date and renewal date for each license issued
- under this Act shall be set by rule. The renewal period for
- 19 each license issued under this Act shall be 3 years. A dentist
- 20 or dental hygienist may renew a license during the month
- 21 preceding its expiration date by paying the required fee. All
- 22 initial licenses issued during an open renewal period shall
- 23 have the next expiration date. A dentist or dental hygienist
- 24 shall provide proof of current Basic Life Support (BLS)
- 25 certification intended for health care providers at the time

of renewal as provided by rule. Basic Life Support certification training taken as a requirement of this Section shall be counted for no more than 4 hours during each licensure period towards the continuing education hours under Section 16.1 of this Act. The Department shall provide by rule for exemptions from this requirement for a dentist or dental hygienist with a physical disability that would preclude the dentist or dental hygienist him or her from performing BLS.

Any dentist or dental hygienist whose license has expired or whose license is on inactive status may have the his license restored at any time within 5 years after the expiration thereof, upon payment of the required fee and a showing of proof of compliance with current continuing education requirements, as provided by rule.

Any person whose license has been expired for more than 5 years or who has had a his license on inactive status for more than 5 years may have the his license restored by making application to the Department and filing proof acceptable to the Department of taking continuing education and of the person's his fitness to have the license restored, including sworn evidence certifying to active practice in another jurisdiction, and by paying the required restoration fee. A person practicing on an expired license is deemed to be practicing without a license. However, a holder of a license may renew the license within 90 days after its expiration by complying with the requirements for renewal and payment of an

additional fee. A license renewal within 90 days after expiration shall be effective retroactively to the expiration date.

If a person whose license has expired or who has had <u>a</u> his license on inactive status for more than 5 years has not maintained an active practice satisfactory to the department, the Department shall determine, by an evaluation process established by rule, the person's his or her fitness to resume active status and may require the person to complete a period of evaluated clinical experience and may require successful completion of a practical examination.

However, any person whose license expired while the person he or she was (i) on active duty with the Armed Forces of the United States or called into service or training by the State militia or (ii) in training or education under the supervision of the United States preliminary to induction into the military service, may have the person's his or her license renewed, reinstated, or restored without paying any lapsed renewal or restoration fee, if within 2 years after termination of such service, training, or education other than by dishonorable discharge, the person he or she furnishes the Department with satisfactory proof that the person he or she has been so engaged and that the person's his or her service, training, or education has been so terminated.

25 (Source: P.A. 103-687, eff. 7-19-24.)

1 (225 ILCS 25/17)

- 2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 3 Sec. 17. Acts constituting the practice of dentistry. A 4 person practices dentistry, within the meaning of this Act:
 - (1) Who represents himself or herself as being able to diagnose or diagnoses, treats, prescribes, or operates for any disease, pain, deformity, deficiency, injury, or physical condition of the human tooth, teeth, alveolar process, gums, or jaw; or
 - (2) Who is a manager, proprietor, operator, or conductor of a business where dental operations are performed; or
 - (3) Who performs dental operations of any kind; or
 - (4) Who uses an X-Ray machine or X-Ray films for dental diagnostic purposes; or
 - (5) Who extracts a human tooth or teeth, or corrects or attempts to correct malpositions of the human teeth or jaws; or
 - (6) Who offers or undertakes, by any means or method, to diagnose, treat, or remove stains, calculus, and bonding materials from human teeth or jaws; or
 - (7) Who uses or administers local or general anesthetics in the treatment of dental or oral diseases or in any preparation incident to a dental operation of any kind or character; or
 - (8) Who takes material or digital scans for final

impressions of the human tooth, teeth, or jaws or performs any phase of any operation incident to the replacement of a part of a tooth, a tooth, teeth, or associated tissues by means of a filling, a crown, a bridge, a denture, or other appliance; or

- (9) Who offers to furnish, supply, construct, reproduce, or repair, or who furnishes, supplies, constructs, reproduces, or repairs, prosthetic dentures, bridges, or other substitutes for natural teeth to the user or prospective user thereof; or
- (10) Who instructs students on clinical matters or performs any clinical operation included in the curricula of recognized dental schools and colleges; or
- impressions of human teeth or places the person's his or her hands in the mouth of any person for the purpose of applying teeth whitening materials, or who takes impressions of human teeth or places the person's his or her hands in the mouth of any person for the purpose of assisting in the application of teeth whitening materials. A person does not practice dentistry when the person he or she discloses to the consumer that the person he or she is not licensed as a dentist under this Act and (i) discusses the use of teeth whitening materials with a consumer purchasing these materials; (ii) provides instruction on the use of teeth whitening materials with a consumer

purchasing these materials; or (iii) provides appropriate equipment on-site to the consumer for the consumer to self-apply teeth whitening materials.

The fact that any person engages in or performs, or offers to engage in or perform, any of the practices, acts, or operations set forth in this Section, shall be prima facie evidence that such person is engaged in the practice of dentistry.

The following practices, acts, and operations, however, are exempt from the operation of this Act:

- (a) The rendering of dental relief in emergency cases in the practice of the person's his or her profession by a physician or surgeon, licensed as such under the laws of this State, unless the person he or she undertakes to reproduce or reproduces lost parts of the human teeth in the mouth or to restore or replace lost or missing teeth in the mouth; or
- (b) The practice of dentistry in the discharge of their official duties by dentists in any branch of the Armed Services of the United States, the United States Public Health Service, or the United States Veterans Administration; or
- (c) The practice of dentistry by students in their course of study in dental schools or colleges approved by the Department, when acting under the direction and supervision of dentists acting as instructors; or

- 1 (d) The practice of dentistry by clinical instructors 2 in the course of their teaching duties in dental schools 3 or colleges approved by the Department:
 - (i) when acting under the direction and supervision of dentists, provided that such clinical instructors have instructed continuously in this State since January 1, 1986; or
 - (ii) when holding the rank of full professor at such approved dental school or college and possessing a current valid license or authorization to practice dentistry in another country; or
 - (e) The practice of dentistry by licensed dentists of other states or countries at meetings of the Illinois State Dental Society or component parts thereof, alumni meetings of dental colleges, or any other like dental organizations, while appearing as clinicians; or
 - (f) The use of X-Ray machines for exposing X-Ray films of dental or oral tissues by dental hygienists or dental assistants; or
 - (g) The performance of any dental service by a dental assistant, if such service is performed under the supervision and full responsibility of a dentist. In addition, after being authorized by a dentist, a dental assistant may, for the purpose of eliminating pain or discomfort, remove loose, broken, or irritating orthodontic appliances on a patient of record.

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For purposes of this paragraph (g), "dental service" is defined to mean any intraoral procedure or act which be prescribed by rule or regulation of the shall Department. "Dental service", however, shall not include:

- (1) Any and all diagnosis of or prescription for treatment of disease, pain, deformity, deficiency, injury, or physical condition of the human teeth or jaws, or adjacent structures.
- (2) Removal of, restoration of, or addition to the hard or soft tissues of the oral cavity, except for the placing, carving, and finishing of amalgam restorations and placing, packing, and finishing composite restorations by dental assistants who have had additional formal education and certification.

A dental assistant may place, carve, and finish restorations, place, pack, and composite restorations, and place interim restorations if the dental assistant he or she (A) has successfully completed a structured training program as described in item (2) of subsection (g) provided by an educational institution accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation, such as a dental school or dental hygiene or dental assistant program, or (B) has at least 4,000 hours of direct clinical patient care experience and has successfully completed a structured training program as described in item (2)

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subsection (g) provided by a statewide dental association, approved by the Department to provide continuing education, that has developed and conducted training programs for expanded functions for dental assistants or hygienists. The training program must: (i) include a minimum of 16 hours of didactic study and 14 hours of clinical manikin instruction; all training programs shall include areas of study in nomenclature, caries classifications, oral anatomy, periodontium, basic occlusion, instrumentations, pulp protection liners and bases, dental materials, matrix and wedge techniques, amalgam placement and carving, rubber dam clamp placement, and rubber dam placement and removal; (ii) include an outcome assessment examination that demonstrates competency; (iii) require the supervising dentist to observe and approve the completion of 8 amalgam or composite restorations; and (iv) issue a certificate of completion of the training program, which must be kept on file at the dental office and be made available to the Department upon request. A dental assistant must have successfully completed an approved coronal polishing and dental sealant course prior to taking the amalgam and composite restoration course.

A dentist utilizing dental assistants shall not supervise more than 4 dental assistants at any one

time for placing, carving, and finishing of amalgam restorations or for placing, packing, and finishing composite restorations.

- (3) Any and all correction of malformation of teeth or of the jaws.
- (4) Administration of anesthetics, except for monitoring of nitrous oxide, moderate sedation, deep sedation, and general anesthetic as provided in Section 8.1 of this Act, that may be performed only after successful completion of a training program approved by the Department. A dentist utilizing dental assistants shall not supervise more than 4 dental assistants at any one time for the monitoring of nitrous oxide.
 - (5) Removal of calculus from human teeth.
- (6) Taking of material or digital scans for final impressions for the fabrication of prosthetic appliances, crowns, bridges, inlays, onlays, or other restorative or replacement dentistry.
- (7) The operative procedure of dental hygiene consisting of oral prophylactic procedures, except for coronal polishing and pit and fissure sealants, which may be performed by a dental assistant who has successfully completed a training program approved by the Department. Dental assistants may perform coronal polishing under the following circumstances: (i) the

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coronal polishing shall be limited to polishing the clinical crown of the tooth and existing restorations, supragingivally; (ii) the dental assistant performing the coronal polishing shall be limited to the use of

rotary instruments using a rubber cup or brush

6 polishing method (air polishing is not permitted); and

(iii) the supervising dentist shall not supervise more

than 4 dental assistants at any one time for the task

of coronal polishing or pit and fissure sealants.

In addition to coronal polishing and pit and fissure sealants as described in this item (7), a dental assistant who has at least 2,000 hours of direct clinical patient care experience and who has successfully completed a structured training program provided by (1) an educational institution including, but not limited to, a dental school or dental hygiene assistant program, (2) a dental continuing or education provider approved by the Department, or (3) a statewide dental or dental hygienist association that has developed and conducted a training program expanded functions for dental assistants or for hygienists may perform: (A) coronal scaling above the gum line, supragingivally, on the clinical crown of the tooth only on patients 17 years of age or younger who have an absence of periodontal disease and who are not medically compromised or individuals with special

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needs and (B) intracoronal temporization of a tooth. The training program must: (I) include a minimum of 32 hours of instruction in both didactic and clinical manikin or human subject instruction; all training programs shall include areas of study in dental anatomy, public health dentistry, medical history, dental emergencies, managing the and pediatric (II) include outcome patient; an assessment examination demonstrates competency; that (III) require the supervising dentist to observe and approve the completion of 6 full mouth supragingival scaling procedures unless the training was received as part of a Commission on Dental Accreditation approved dental assistant program; and (IV) issue a certificate of completion of the training program, which must be kept on file at the dental office and be made available to the Department upon request. A dental assistant must have successfully completed an approved coronal polishing course prior to taking the coronal scaling course. A dental assistant performing these functions shall be limited to the use of hand instruments only. In addition, coronal scaling as described in this paragraph shall only be utilized on patients who are eligible for Medicaid, who are uninsured, or whose household income is not greater than 300% of the federal poverty level. A dentist may not supervise

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more than 2 dental assistants at any one time for the task of coronal scaling. This paragraph is inoperative on and after January 1, 2026.

The limitations on the number of dental assistants a dentist may supervise contained in items (2), (4), and (7) of this paragraph (g) mean a limit of 4 total dental assistants or dental hygienists doing expanded functions covered by these Sections being supervised by one dentist; or

- (h) The practice of dentistry by an individual who:
- (i) has applied in writing to the Department, in form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for a general dental license and has complied with all provisions of Section 9 of this Act, except for the passage of the examination specified in subsection (e) of Section 9 of this Act; or
- (ii) has applied in writing to the Department, in form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for a temporary dental license and has complied with all provisions of subsection (c) of Section 11 of this Act; and
- (iii) has been accepted or appointed for specialty or residency training by a hospital situated in this State: or
- (iv) has been accepted or appointed for specialty training in an approved dental program situated in

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this State; or

2 (v) has been accepted or appointed for specialty
3 training in a dental public health agency situated in
4 this State.

The applicant shall be permitted to practice dentistry for a period of 3 months from the starting date of the program, unless authorized in writing by the Department to continue such practice for a period specified in writing by the Department.

The applicant shall only be entitled to perform such acts as may be prescribed by and incidental to the applicant's his or her program of residency or specialty training and shall not otherwise engage in the practice of dentistry in this State.

The authority to practice shall terminate immediately upon:

- (1) the decision of the Department that the applicant has failed the examination; or
 - (2) denial of licensure by the Department; or
- 20 (3) withdrawal of the application.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-936, eff. 1-1-23;
- 22 103-425, eff. 1-1-24; 103-431, eff. 1-1-24; 103-605, eff.
- 23 7-1-24; 103-628, eff. 7-1-24.)
- 24 (225 ILCS 25/18) (from Ch. 111, par. 2318)
- 25 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

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- Sec. 18. Acts constituting the practice of dental hygiene; limitations.
 - (a) A person practices dental hygiene within the meaning of this Act when the person he or she performs the following acts under the supervision of a dentist:
 - (i) the operative procedure of dental hygiene, consisting of oral prophylactic procedures;
 - (ii) the exposure and processing of X-Ray films of the teeth and surrounding structures;
 - (iii) the application to the surfaces of the teeth or gums of chemical compounds designed to be desensitizing agents or effective agents in the prevention of dental caries or periodontal disease;
 - (iv) all services which may be performed by a dental assistant as specified by rule pursuant to Section 17, and a dental hygienist may engage in the placing, carving, and finishing of amalgam restorations only after obtaining formal education and certification as determined by the Department;
 - (v) administration and monitoring of nitrous oxide upon successful completion of a training program approved by the Department;
 - (vi) administration of local anesthetics upon successful completion of a training program approved by the Department; and
- 26 (vii) such other procedures and acts as shall be

- 1 prescribed by rule or regulation of the Department.
- 2 (b) A dental hygienist may be employed or engaged only:
- 3 (1) by a dentist;

- (2) by a federal, State, county, or municipal agency or institution:
 - (3) by a public or private school; or
 - (4) by a public clinic operating under the direction of a hospital or federal, State, county, municipal, or other public agency or institution.
 - (c) When employed or engaged in the office of a dentist, a dental hygienist may perform, under general supervision, those procedures found in items (i) through (iv) of subsection (a) of this Section, provided the patient has been examined by the dentist within one year of the provision of dental hygiene services, the dentist has approved the dental hygiene services by a notation in the patient's record and the patient has been notified that the dentist may be out of the office during the provision of dental hygiene services.
 - (d) If a patient of record is unable to travel to a dental office because of illness, infirmity, or imprisonment, a dental hygienist may perform, under the general supervision of a dentist, those procedures found in items (i) through (iv) of subsection (a) of this Section, provided the patient is located in a long-term care facility licensed by the State of Illinois, a mental health or developmental disability facility, or a State or federal prison. The dentist shall

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either personally examine and diagnose the patient or utilize approved teledentistry communication methods and determine which services are necessary to be performed, which shall be contained in an order to the hygienist and a notation in the patient's record. Such order must be implemented within 45 days of its issuance, and an updated medical history and observation of oral conditions must be performed by the hygienist immediately prior to beginning the procedures to ensure that the patient's health has not changed in any manner to warrant a reexamination by the dentist.

School-based oral health care, consisting of limited to oral prophylactic procedures, sealants, and fluoride treatments, may be provided by a dental hygienist under the general supervision of a dentist. A dental hygienist may not provide other dental hygiene treatment in school-based setting, including but not limited to monitoring of administration or nitrous oxide or of local anesthetics. The school-based administration procedures may be performed provided the patient is located at a public or private school and the program is being conducted State, county or local public health department initiative or in conjunction with a dental school or dental hygiene program. The dentist shall personally examine and diagnose the patient and determine which services necessary to be performed, which shall be contained in an order to the hygienist and a notation in the patient's record.

- Any such order for sealants must be implemented within 120 days after its issuance. Any such order for oral prophylactic procedures or fluoride treatments must be implemented within 180 days after its issuance. An updated medical history and observation of oral conditions must be performed by the hygienist immediately prior to beginning the procedures to ensure that the patient's health has not changed in any manner to warrant a reexamination by the dentist.
 - (f) Without the supervision of a dentist, a dental hygienist may perform dental health education functions, including instruction in proper oral health care and dental hygiene in, for example, a school setting, a long-term care facility, and a health fair. In addition, a dental hygienist may record case histories and oral conditions observed at any time prior to a clinical exam by a dentist.
 - (g) The number of dental hygienists practicing in a dental office shall not exceed, at any one time, 4 times the number of dentists practicing in the office at the time.
 - (h) A dental hygienist who is certified as a public health dental hygienist may provide services to patients: (1) who are eligible for Medicaid or (2) who are uninsured and whose household income is not greater than 300% of the federal poverty level. A public health dental hygienist may perform oral assessments, perform screenings, and provide educational and preventative services as provided in subsection (b) of Section 18.1 of this Act. The public health dental hygienist

may not administer local anesthesia or nitrous oxide, or place, carve, or finish amalgam restorations or provide periodontal therapy under this exception. Each patient must sign a consent form that acknowledges that the care received does not take the place of a regular dental examination. The public health dental hygienist must provide the patient or guardian a written referral to a dentist for assessment of the need for further dental care at the time of treatment. Any indication or observation of a condition that could warrant the need for urgent attention must be reported immediately to the supervising dentist for appropriate assessment and treatment.

This subsection (h) is inoperative on and after January 1, 14 2026.

- (i) A dental hygienist performing procedures listed in paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection (a) of Section 17.1 must be under the supervision of a dentist, requiring the dentist authorizes the procedure, remains in the dental facility while the procedure is performed, and approves the work performed by the dental hygienist before dismissal of the patient, but the dentist is not required to be present at all times in the treatment room.
- (j) A dental hygienist may perform actions described in paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of Section 17.1 under the general supervision of a dentist as described in this Section.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 102-936, eff. 1-1-23; 103-431, eff. 1-1-24.)

1 (225 ILCS 25/18.1)

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- 2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 3 Sec. 18.1. Public health dental supervision 4 responsibilities.
 - (a) When working together in a public health supervision relationship, dentists and public health dental hygienists shall enter into a public health supervision agreement. The dentist providing public health supervision must:
 - (1) be available to provide an appropriate level of contact, communication, collaboration, and consultation with the public health dental hygienist and must meet in-person with the public health dental hygienist at least quarterly for review and consultation;
 - (2) have specific standing orders or policy guidelines for procedures that are to be carried out for each location or program, although the dentist need not be present when the procedures are being performed;
 - (3) provide for the patient's additional necessary care in consultation with the public health dental hygienist;
 - (4) file agreements and notifications as required; and
 - (5) include procedures for creating and maintaining dental records, including protocols for transmission of all records between the public health dental hygienist and the dentist following each treatment, which shall include

a notation regarding procedures authorized by the dentist and performed by the public health dental hygienist and the location where those records are to be kept.

Each dentist and hygienist who enters into a public health supervision agreement must document and maintain a copy of any change or termination of that agreement.

Dental records shall be owned and maintained by the supervising dentist for all patients treated under public health supervision, unless the supervising dentist is an employee of a public health clinic or federally qualified health center, in which case the public health clinic or federally qualified health center shall maintain the records.

If a dentist ceases to be employed or contracted by the facility, the dentist shall notify the facility administrator that the public health supervision agreement is no longer in effect. A new public health supervision agreement is required for the public health dental hygienist to continue treating patients under public health supervision.

A dentist entering into an agreement under this Section may supervise and enter into agreements for public health supervision with 4 public health dental hygienists. This shall be in addition to the limit of 4 dental hygienists per dentist set forth in subsection (g) of Section 18 of this Act.

(b) A public health dental hygienist providing services under public health supervision may perform only those duties within the accepted scope of practice of dental hygiene, as

1 follows:

- (1) the operative procedures of dental hygiene, consisting of oral prophylactic procedures, including prophylactic cleanings, application of fluoride, and placement of sealants;
 - (2) the exposure and processing of x-ray films of the teeth and surrounding structures; and
 - (3) such other procedures and acts as shall be prescribed by rule of the Department.

Any patient treated under this subsection (b) must be examined by a dentist before additional services can be provided by a public health dental hygienist. However, if the supervising dentist, after consultation with the public health hygienist, determines that time is needed to complete an approved treatment plan on a patient eligible under this Section, then the dentist may instruct the hygienist to complete the remaining services prior to an oral examination by the dentist. Such instruction by the dentist to the hygienist shall be noted in the patient's records. Any services performed under this exception must be scheduled in a timely manner and shall not occur more than 30 days after the first appointment date.

- (c) A public health dental hygienist providing services under public health supervision must:
- (1) provide to the patient, parent, or guardian a written plan for referral or an agreement for follow-up

that records all conditions observed that should be called to the attention of a dentist for proper diagnosis;

- (2) have each patient sign a permission slip or consent form that informs them that the service to be received does not take the place of regular dental checkups at a dental office and is meant for people who otherwise would not have access to the service;
- (3) inform each patient who may require further dental services of that need;
- (4) maintain an appropriate level of contact and communication with the dentist providing public health supervision; and
- (5) complete an additional 4 hours of continuing education in areas specific to public health dentistry yearly.
- (d) Each public health dental hygienist who has rendered services under subsections (c), (d), and (e) of this Section must complete a summary report at the completion of a program or, in the case of an ongoing program, at least annually. The report must be completed in the manner specified by the Department of Public Health Oral Health Section including information about each location where the public health dental hygienist has rendered these services. The public health dental hygienist must submit the form to the dentist providing supervision for the dentist's his or her signature before sending it to the Division. The Department of Public Health

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- Oral Health Section shall compile and publicize public health dental hygienist service data annually.
 - (e) Public health dental hygienists providing services under public health supervision may be compensated for their work by salary, honoraria, and other mechanisms by the employing or sponsoring entity. Nothing in this Act shall preclude the entity that employs or sponsors a public health dental hygienist from seeking payment, reimbursement, or other source of funding for the services provided.
 - (e-5) A patient who is provided services under a supervision agreement by a public health dental hygienist as described in this Section does not need to receive a physical examination from a dentist prior to treatment if the public health dental hygienist consults with the supervising dentist prior to performing the teledentistry service.
- (f) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 103-431, eff. 1-1-24; 103-902, eff. 8-9-24.)
- 18 (225 ILCS 25/19) (from Ch. 111, par. 2319)
- 19 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- Sec. 19. <u>Endorsement Licensing applicants from other</u>
 states. Any person who has been lawfully licensed to practice
 dentistry, including the practice of a licensed dental
 specialty, or dental hygiene in another state or territory or
 as a member of the military service which has and maintains a
 standard for the practice of dentistry, a dental specialty, or

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dental hygiene at least equal to that now maintained in this State, or if the requirements for licensure in such state or territory in which the applicant was licensed were, at the date of the applicant's his or her licensure, substantially equivalent to the requirements then in force in this State, and who has been lawfully engaged in the practice of dentistry or dental hygiene for at least 2 years immediately preceding the filing of the his or her application to practice in this State and who shall deposit with the Department a duly attested certificate from the Board of the state or territory in which the person he or she is licensed, certifying to the fact of the person's his or her licensing and of the person his or her being a person of good moral character may, upon payment of the required fee, be granted a license to practice dentistry, a dental specialty, or dental hygiene in this State, as the case may be.

For the purposes of this Section, "substantially equivalent" means that the applicant has presented evidence of completion and graduation from an American Dental Association accredited dental college or school in the United States or Canada, presented evidence that the applicant has passed both parts of the National Board Dental Examination, and successfully completed an examination conducted by a regional testing service.

Applicants have 3 years from the date of application to complete the application process. If the process has not been

- 1 completed in 3 years, the application shall expire 3 years
- 2 after the date of submission of the application be denied, the
- 3 fee shall be forfeited, and the applicant must reapply and
- 4 meet the requirements in effect at the time of reapplication.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 103-425, eff. 1-1-24.)
- 6 (225 ILCS 25/19.2)
- 7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 8 Sec. 19.2. Temporary permit for free dental care.
- 9 (a) Upon Board recommendation, the Department may issue a
- 10 temporary permit authorizing the practice in this State,
- 11 without compensation, of dentistry to an applicant who is
- 12 licensed to practice dentistry in another state, if all of the
- 13 following apply:
- 14 (1) the Department determines that the applicant's
- services will improve the welfare of Illinois residents
- who are eligible for Medicaid or who are uninsured and
- 17 whose household income is not greater than 200% of the
- 18 federal poverty level;
- 19 (2) the applicant has graduated from a dental program
- 20 approved by the American Dental Association's Commission
- on Dental Accreditation and maintains an equivalent
- 22 authorization to practice dentistry in good standing in
- 23 <u>the applicant's</u> his or her native licensing jurisdiction
- 24 during the period of the temporary visiting dentist permit
- and can furnish the Department a certified letter upon

request from that jurisdiction attesting to the fact that the applicant has no pending action or violations against the applicant's his or her license;

- (3) the applicant has received an invitation to perform dental care by a charitable organization or has received an invitation to study or receive training on specific dental or clinical subjects or techniques by a licensed continuing education sponsor who is approved by the Department to provide clinical training in the State of Illinois on patients for the welfare of Illinois residents pursuant to subsection (a-5) and is in compliance with the provisions of this Act;
- (4) the applicant will be working pursuant to a collaborative agreement with and under the direct supervision of an Illinois licensed dentist, who is in good standing, during the duration of the program. The supervising dentist must be physically present during all clinical training courses; and
 - (5) payment of a fee established by rule.
- 20 The Department may adopt rules to implement this 21 subsection.
 - (a-5) Upon Board recommendation, after the filing of an application, the Department may allow approved continuing education sponsors to be licensed to provide live patient continuing education clinical training courses if the following requirements are met:

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(1) the continuing education course provides services, 1 without compensation, that will improve the welfare of 2 3 Illinois residents as described in paragraph (1) of subsection (a). The application to the Board must include the following information for review and approval by the 6 Department: (i) a plan of follow-up care and training models; 7 (ii) any and all documentation to be signed by the 8 9 patients, including, but not limited to, waivers, 10 consent forms, and releases; 11 (iii) information related to the facilities being 12 utilized, staffing plans, and emergency plans; 13 (iv) the process by which patients will be 14 contacted before, during, and after treatment; 15 (v) the intended population that will be receiving 16 treatment; and 17 (vi) proof of valid malpractice insurance for the approved continuing education sponsor that extends 18 19 coverage to clinical staff, trainees, and out-of-state 20 permit holders that meet the requirements subsection (a); 21 22 (2) a valid written collaborative agreement must exist 23 between the temporary visiting dentist and the Illinois 24 licensed dentist co-treating patients under this Section.

The collaborative agreement must include a description of

the care to be provided and procedures to be performed by

the temporary visiting dentist. There shall be no more
than 5 trainees per supervising dentist. A copy of this
agreement shall become part of the patient's dental record
and shall be made available upon request to the
Department; and

(3) payment of a fee established by rule.

A continuing education sponsor license issued under this Section shall be valid for a period of time as provided by rule.

The Department shall adopt rules to implement this subsection.

12 (b) (Blank).

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- (c) A temporary permit shall be valid for no longer than 5 consecutive clinical days within 6 months from the date of issuance. The temporary permit may be issued once per year to a visiting dentist. Temporary permits under subsection (a) may be restored no more than one time within 5 years of the initial permits issuance. The Department may require an applicant to pay a fee for the issuance or restoration of a permit under this Section.
- 21 (d) (Blank).
- (e) The temporary permit shall only permit the holder to practice dentistry within the scope of the dental studies and in conjunction with one of the following:
 - (1) the charitable organization; or
- 26 (2) a continuing education program provided by a

- continuing education sponsor approved by the Department pursuant to this Section that the permit holder is attending.
 - (f) The temporary visiting dentist may not administer moderate sedation, deep sedation, or general anesthesia.
 - (g) A patient who seeks treatment from a temporary visiting dentist must sign a consent form acknowledging that the care the patient will receive will be provided by a dentist not licensed in the State of Illinois and that the Illinois licensed dentist who has the collaborative agreement with the temporary visiting dentist will be responsible for all the follow-up care associated with the treatment rendered to the patient.
 - (h) An application for the temporary permit shall be made to the Department in writing on forms prescribed by the Department and shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee established by rule.
 - (i) An applicant for a temporary permit may be requested to appear before the Board to respond to questions concerning the applicant's qualifications to receive the permit. An applicant's refusal to appear before the Board may be grounds for denial of the application by the Department.
 - (j) The Secretary may summarily cancel any permit or license issued pursuant to this Section without a hearing if the Secretary finds that evidence in the Secretary's his or her possession indicates that a continuing education sponsor

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continuation in practice would constitute an imminent danger to the public or violate any provision of this Act or its

rules. If the Secretary summarily cancels a permit or license

licensed under this Section or a temporary permit holder's

5 issued pursuant to this Section, the permit holder or licensee

6 may petition the Department for a hearing in accordance with

the provisions of subsection (b) of Section 26 of this Act to

reinstate the his or her permit or license.

- (k) In addition to terminating any permit or license issued pursuant to this Section, the Department may impose a monetary penalty not to exceed \$10,000 upon the temporary permit holder or licensee and may notify any state in which the temporary permit holder or licensee has been issued a license that the his or her Illinois permit or license has been terminated and the reasons for the termination. The monetary penalty shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the penalty. The order shall constitute a judgment and may be filed and execution had thereon in the same manner as any judgment from any court of record. It is the intent of the General Assembly that a permit or license issued pursuant to this Section shall be considered a privilege and not a property right.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 102-582, eff. 1-1-22; 103-628, eff. 7-1-24.)
- 24 (225 ILCS 25/20) (from Ch. 111, par. 2320)
- 25 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

Sec. 20. Display of licenses. Any person licensed to practice dentistry or dental hygiene in this State by the Department as hereinbefore provided, shall at all times display such license or duplicate original thereof in a conspicuous place, in the person's his or her office wherein the person he or she shall practice such profession, and shall further, whenever requested, exhibit such license to any of the members of the Department or its authorized agent. Upon proof by affidavit, the Department shall provide a duplicate if such person establishes that the person's his or her license is lost or stolen or that the person he or she practices at multiple locations.

- 13 (Source: P.A. 89-80, eff. 6-30-95; 89-116, eff. 7-7-95.)
- 14 (225 ILCS 25/22) (from Ch. 111, par. 2322)
- 15 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

Sec. 22. Returned checks; penalties. Any person who delivers a check or other payment to the Department that is returned to the Department unpaid by the financial institution upon which it is drawn shall pay to the Department, in addition to the amount already owed to the Department, a fine of \$50. The fines imposed by this Section are in addition to any other discipline provided under this Act for unlicensed practice or practice on a nonrenewed license. The Department shall notify the person that payment of fees and fines shall be paid to the Department by certified check or money order within 30

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calendar days of the notification. If, after the expiration of

2 30 days from the date of the notification, the person has

failed to submit the necessary remittance, the Department

shall automatically terminate the license or deny the

5 application, without hearing. If, after termination or denial,

6 the person seeks a license, the person he or she shall apply to

7 the Department for restoration or issuance of the license and

pay all fees and fines due to the Department. The Department

may establish a fee for the processing of an application for

10 restoration of a license to pay all expenses of processing

this application. The Secretary may waive the fines due under

this Section in individual cases where the Secretary finds

that the fines would be unreasonable or unnecessarily

14 burdensome.

15 (Source: P.A. 97-1013, eff. 8-17-12.)

16 (225 ILCS 25/23) (from Ch. 111, par. 2323)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

18 Sec. 23. Refusal, revocation or suspension of dental

19 licenses. The Department may refuse to issue or renew, or may

20 revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand or take other

disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department may

deem proper, including imposing fines not to exceed \$10,000

per violation, with regard to any license for any one or any

24 combination of the following causes:

1. Fraud, or misrepresentation, or concealment in

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applying for or procuring a license under this Act, or in connection with applying for renewal of a license under this Act.

- 2. Inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety as a result of habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug.
- 3. Willful or repeated violations of the rules of the Department of Public Health or Department of Nuclear Safety.
- 4. Acceptance of a fee for service as a witness, without the knowledge of the court, in addition to the fee allowed by the court.
- 5. Division of fees or agreeing to split or divide the fees received for dental services with any person for bringing or referring a patient, except in regard to referral services as provided for under Section 45, or assisting in the care or treatment of a patient, without the knowledge of the patient or the patient's his or her legal representative. Nothing in this item 5 affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment among health care professionals, arrangements facilities, health care providers, or other entities, except as otherwise prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits

for the provision of services within the scope of the licensee's practice under this Act. Nothing in this item 5 shall be construed to require an employment arrangement to receive professional fees for services rendered.

- 6. Employing, procuring, inducing, aiding or abetting a person not licensed or registered as a dentist or dental hygienist to engage in the practice of dentistry or dental hygiene. The person practiced upon is not an accomplice, employer, procurer, inducer, aider, or abetter within the meaning of this Act.
- 7. Making any misrepresentations or false promises, directly or indirectly, to influence, persuade or induce dental patronage.
- 8. Professional connection or association with or lending the licensee's his or her name to another for the illegal practice of dentistry by another, or professional connection or association with any person, firm or corporation holding himself, herself, themselves, or itself out in any manner contrary to this Act.
- 9. Obtaining or seeking to obtain practice, money, or any other things of value by false or fraudulent representations, but not limited to, engaging in such fraudulent practice to defraud the medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) under the Illinois Public Aid Code.

- 1 10. Practicing under a false or, except as provided by law, an assumed name.
 - 11. Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
 - 12. Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by sentencing for any crime, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that (i) is a felony under the laws of this State or (ii) is a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of dentistry.
 - 13. Permitting a dental hygienist, dental assistant or other person under the licensee's his or her supervision to perform any operation not authorized by this Act.
 - 14. Permitting more than 4 dental hygienists to be employed under the licensee's his or her supervision at any one time.
 - 15. A violation of any provision of this Act or any rules promulgated under this Act.
 - 16. Taking impressions for or using the services of any person, firm or corporation violating this Act.
 - 17. Violating any provision of Section 45 relating to advertising.

- 18. Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth within this Act.
 - 19. Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
 - 20. Gross negligence in practice under this Act.
 - 21. The use or prescription for use of narcotics or controlled substances or designated products as listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, in any way other than for therapeutic purposes.
 - 22. Willfully making or filing false records or reports in the licensee's his or her practice as a dentist, including, but not limited to, false records to support claims against the dental assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Illinois Department of Public Aid).
 - 23. Professional incompetence as manifested by poor standards of care.
 - 24. Physical or mental illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skills which results in a dentist's inability to practice dentistry with reasonable judgment, skill or safety. In enforcing this paragraph, the Department may compel a person licensed to practice under

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- this Act to submit to a mental or physical examination pursuant to the terms and conditions of Section 23b.
 - 25. Gross or repeated irregularities in billing for services rendered to a patient. For purposes of this paragraph 25, "irregularities in billing" shall include:
 - (a) Reporting excessive charges for the purpose of obtaining a total payment in excess of that usually received by the dentist for the services rendered.
 - (b) Reporting charges for services not rendered.
 - (c) Incorrectly reporting services rendered for the purpose of obtaining payment not earned.
 - 26. Continuing the active practice of dentistry while knowingly having any infectious, communicable, or contagious disease proscribed by rule or regulation of the Department.
 - 27. Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- 28. Violating the Health Care Worker Self-Referral
 Act.
- 25 29. Abandonment of a patient.
- 30. Mental incompetency as declared by a court of

- 1 competent jurisdiction.
- 31. A finding by the Department that the licensee,

 after having the licensee's his or her license placed on

 probationary status, has violated the terms of probation.
 - 32. Material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department.
 - 33. Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request by the Department in the course of an investigation.
 - 34. Immoral conduct in the commission of any act, including, but not limited to, commission of an act of sexual misconduct related to the licensee's practice.
 - 35. Cheating on or attempting to subvert the licensing examination administered under this Act.
 - 36. A pattern of practice or other behavior that demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under this Act.
 - 37. Failure to establish and maintain records of patient care and treatment as required under this Act.
 - 38. Failure to provide copies of dental records as required by law.
 - 39. Failure of a licensed dentist who owns or is employed at a dental office to give notice of an office closure to the dentist's his or her patients at least 30 days prior to the office closure pursuant to Section 50.1.
 - 40. Failure to maintain a sanitary work environment.

1 41. Failure to comply with the provisions of Section 2 17.2 of this Act.

All proceedings to suspend, revoke, place on probationary status, or take any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, with regard to a license on any of the foregoing grounds, must be commenced within 5 years after receipt by the Department of a complaint alleging the commission of or notice of the conviction order for any of the acts described herein. Except for fraud in procuring a license, no action shall be commenced more than 7 years after the date of the incident or act alleged to have violated this Section. The time during which the holder of the license was outside the State of Illinois shall not be included within any period of time limiting the commencement of disciplinary action by the Department.

All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the fine or in accordance with the terms set forth in the order imposing the fine.

The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

Any dentist who has had \underline{a} his or her license suspended or revoked for more than 5 years must comply with the requirements for restoration set forth in Section 16 prior to being eligible for reinstatement from the suspension or

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(Source: P.A. 103-425, eff. 1-1-24; 103-902, eff. 8-9-24.)

7 (225 ILCS 25/23a) (from Ch. 111, par. 2323a)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

Sec. 23a. The Secretary may, upon receipt of a written communication from the Secretary of Human Services or the Director of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) or Department of Public Health, that continuation of practice of a person licensed under this Act constitutes an immediate danger to the public, immediately suspend the license of such person without a hearing. In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a license under this Section, a hearing upon such person's license must be convened by the Board within 15 days after such suspension and completed without appreciable delay, such hearing held to determine whether to recommend to the Secretary that the person's license be revoked, suspended, placed on probationary status or reinstated, or such person be subject to other disciplinary action. In such hearing, the written communication and any other evidence therewith may be introduced as evidence against such person;

- 1 provided however, the person, or the person's his or her
- 2 counsel, shall have the opportunity to discredit or impeach
- 3 such evidence and submit evidence rebutting same.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 97-1013, eff. 8-17-12.)
- 5 (225 ILCS 25/23b)
- 6 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- Sec. 23b. Requirement for mental and physical examinations under certain conditions.
- 9 (a) In enforcing paragraph 24 of Section 23 of this Act, 10 the Department may compel any individual who is licensed to 11 practice under this Act or who has applied for licensure under 12 this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination and 1.3 evaluation, or both, which may include a substance abuse or 14 sexual offender evaluation, as required by and at the expense 15 of the Department. The Department shall specifically designate 16 the examining physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team 17 involved in providing the mental or physical examination and 18 19 evaluation, or both. The multidisciplinary team shall be led by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its 20 21 branches and may consist of one or more or a combination of 22 physicians licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, licensed clinical psychologists, licensed clinical 23 24 social workers, licensed clinical professional counselors, and 25 other professional and administrative staff. Any examining

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physician or member of the multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to submit to an examination and evaluation pursuant to this Section to submit to any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to complete examination or evaluation process, including, but not limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological testing, or neuropsychological testing. The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide to the Department any and all records, including business records, that relate to the examination and evaluation, including any supplemental testing performed. The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to present testimony concerning the examination and evaluation of the licensee or applicant, including testimony concerning any supplemental testing or documents relating to the examination and evaluation. No information, report, record, or other documents in any way related to the examination and evaluation shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the licensee or applicant ordered to undergo an examination and evaluation for the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide information, reports, records, or other documents or to provide any testimony regarding

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examination and evaluation. The individual to be examined may

have, at the individual's his or her own expense, another

physician of the individual's his or her choice present during

all aspects of this examination. Failure of an individual to

submit to a mental or physical examination and evaluation, or

both, when directed shall result in the automatic suspension

of the individual's his or her license, without hearing, until

the individual submits to the examination. if the Department

finds, after notice and hearing, that the refusal to submit to

the examination.

If the Department finds an individual unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in paragraph 24 of Section 23, the Department may require that individual to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice, or in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Department may file a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. An individual whose license was granted, continued, reinstated, renewed, disciplined, or supervised subject to such terms, conditions, or restrictions, and who fails to comply with such terms, conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the individual shall have the his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Department.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 97-1013, eff. 8-17-12.)
- 2 (225 ILCS 25/24) (from Ch. 111, par. 2324)
- 3 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 4 Sec. 24. Refusal, suspension or revocation of dental
- 5 hygienist license. The Department may refuse to issue or renew
- or may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand or take
- 7 other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the
- 8 Department may deem proper, including imposing fines not to
- 9 exceed \$10,000 per violation, with regard to any dental
- 10 hygienist license for any one or any combination of the
- 11 following causes:
- 12 1. Fraud or misrepresentation in applying for or
- procuring a license under this Act, or in connection with
- applying for renewal of a license under this Act.
- 15 2. Performing any operation not authorized by this
- 16 Act.
- 17 3. Practicing dental hygiene other than under the
- supervision of a licensed dentist as provided by this Act.
- 19 4. The willful wilful violation of, or the willful
- 20 wilful procuring of, or knowingly assisting in the
- violation of, any Act which is now or which hereafter may
- 22 be in force in this State relating to the use of
- 23 habit-forming drugs.
- 5. The obtaining of, or an attempt to obtain a
- license, or practice in the profession, or money, or any

- other thing of value by fraudulent representation.
 - 6. Gross negligence in performing the operative procedure of dental hygiene.
 - 7. Active practice of dental hygiene while knowingly having any infectious, communicable, or contagious disease proscribed by rule or regulation of the Department.
 - 8. Inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety as a result of habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug.
 - 9. Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by sentencing of any crime, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that (i) is a felony or (ii) is a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of dental hygiene.
 - 10. Aiding or abetting the unlicensed practice of dentistry or dental hygiene.
 - 11. Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or a foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Act.
 - 12. Violating the Health Care Worker Self-Referral

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- 2 13. Violating the prohibitions of Section 38.1 of this 3 Act.
- 14. Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
 - 15. A finding by the Department that the licensee, after having the licensee's his or her license placed on probationary status, has violated the terms of probation.
 - 16. Material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department.
 - 17. Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request by the Department in the course of an investigation.
 - 18. Immoral conduct in the commission of any act, including, but not limited to, commission of an act of sexual misconduct related to the licensee's practice.
 - 19. Cheating on or attempting to subvert the licensing examination administered under this Act.
- 20. Violations of this Act or of the rules promulgated 21 under this Act.
- 22 21. Practicing under a false or, except as provided by law, an assumed name.

24 The provisions of this Act relating to proceedings for the 25 suspension and revocation of a license to practice dentistry 26 shall apply to proceedings for the suspension or revocation of

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1 a license as a dental hygienist.

2 All proceedings to suspend, revoke, place on probationary 3 status, or take any other disciplinary action as Department may deem proper with regard to a license on any of 5 the grounds contained in this Section, must be commenced within 5 years after receipt by the Department of a complaint 6 7 alleging the commission of or notice of the conviction order 8 for any of the acts described in this Section. Except for fraud 9 in procuring a license, no action shall be commenced more than 10 7 years after the date of the incident or act alleged to have 11 violated this Section. The time during which the holder of the 12 license was outside the State of Illinois shall not be 13 included within any period of time limiting the commencement 14 of disciplinary action by the Department.

All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the fine or in accordance with the terms set forth in the order imposing the fine.

Any dental hygienist who has had \underline{a} his or her license suspended or revoked for more than 5 years must comply with the requirements for restoration set forth in Section 16 prior to being eligible for reinstatement from the suspension or revocation.

24 (Source: P.A. 99-492, eff. 12-31-15.)

25 (225 ILCS 25/25) (from Ch. 111, par. 2325)

- 1 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 2 Sec. 25. Notice of hearing; investigations and informal conferences.
 - (a) Upon the motion of either the Department or the Board or upon the verified complaint in writing of any person setting forth facts which if proven would constitute grounds for refusal, suspension or revocation of license under this Act, the Board shall investigate the actions of any person, hereinafter called the respondent, who holds or represents that the person he or she holds a license. All such motions or complaints shall be brought to the Board.
 - (b) Prior to taking an in-person statement from a dentist or dental hygienist who is the subject of a complaint, the investigator shall inform the dentist or the dental hygienist in writing:
 - (1) that the dentist or dental hygienist is the subject of a complaint;
 - (2) that the dentist or dental hygienist need not immediately proceed with the interview and may seek appropriate consultation prior to consenting to the interview; and
 - (3) that failure of the dentist or dental hygienist to proceed with the interview shall not prohibit the Department from conducting a visual inspection of the facility.
- 26 A Department investigator's failure to comply with this

- subsection may not be the sole ground for dismissal of any order of the Department filed upon a finding of a violation or
- 3 for dismissal of a pending investigation.
 - (b-5) The duly authorized dental investigators of the Department shall have the right to enter and inspect, during business hours, the business premises of a dentist licensed under this Act or of a person who holds oneself himself or herself out as practicing dentistry, with due consideration for patient care of the subject of the investigation, so as to inspect the physical premises and equipment and furnishings therein. This right of inspection shall not include inspection of business, medical, or personnel records located on the premises without a Department subpoena issued in accordance with Section 25.1 of this Act or Section 2105-105 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. For the purposes of this Section, "business premises" means the office or offices where the dentist conducts the practice of dentistry.
 - (c) If the Department concludes on the basis of a complaint or its initial investigation that there is a possible violation of the Act, the Department may:
 - (1) schedule a hearing pursuant to this Act; or
 - (2) request in writing that the dentist or dental hygienist being investigated attend an informal conference with representatives of the Department.
- 26 The request for an informal conference shall contain the

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nature of the alleged actions or inactions that constitute the possible violations.

A dentist or dental hygienist shall be allowed to have legal counsel at the informal conference. If the informal conference results in a consent order between the accused dentist or dental hygienist and the Department, the consent order must be approved by the Secretary. However, if the consent order would result in a fine exceeding \$10,000 or the suspension or revocation of the dentist or dental hygienist license, the consent order must be approved by the Board and the Secretary. Participation in the informal conference by a dentist, a dental hygienist, or the Department and any admissions or stipulations made by a dentist, a dental hygienist, or the Department at the informal conference, including any agreements in a consent order subsequently disapproved by either the Board or the Secretary, shall not be used against the dentist, dental hygienist, or Department at any subsequent hearing and shall not become a part of the record of the hearing.

(d) The Secretary shall, before suspending, revoking, placing on probationary status, or taking any other disciplinary action as the Secretary may deem proper with regard to any license, at least 30 days prior to the date set for the hearing, notify the respondent in writing of any charges made and the time and place for a hearing of the charges before the Board, direct the respondent him or her to

- file the his or her written answer thereto to the Board under 1 2 oath within 20 days after the service on the respondent him or 3 her of such notice and inform the respondent him or her that if the respondent he or she fails to file such answer, default 4 5 will be taken against the respondent him or her and the respondent's his or her license may be suspended, revoked, 6 7 placed on probationary status, or other disciplinary action 8 may be taken with regard thereto, including limiting the 9 scope, nature or extent of the respondent's his or her 10 practice, as the Secretary may deem proper.
 - (e) Such written notice and any notice in such proceedings thereafter may be served by delivery personally to the respondent, or by registered or certified mail to the licensee's address of record or email address of record. to the address last theretofore specified by the respondent in his or her last notification to the Secretary.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 99-492, eff. 12-31-15.)
- 18 (225 ILCS 25/25.1)

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- 19 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- Sec. 25.1. Subpoena powers.
- 21 (a) The Department, upon a determination by the 22 chairperson of the Board that reasonable cause exists that a 23 violation of one or more of the grounds for discipline set 24 forth in Section 23 or Section 24 of this Act has occurred or 25 is occurring, may subpoena, without patient consent, the

- dental records of individual patients of dentists and dental hygienists licensed under this Act.
 - (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this Section, the Board and the Department may subpoen copies of hospital, medical, or dental records in mandatory report cases alleging death or permanent bodily injury when consent to obtain the records has not been provided by a patient or a patient's legal representative. All records and other information received pursuant to a subpoena shall be confidential and shall be afforded the same status as information concerning medical studies under Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure. The use of these records shall be restricted to members of the Board, the dental coordinator, and appropriate Department staff designated by the Secretary for the purpose of determining the existence of one or more grounds for discipline of the dentist or dental hygienist as provided for in Section 23 or Section 24 of this Act.
 - (c) Any review of an individual patient's records shall be conducted by the Department in strict confidentiality, provided that the patient records shall be admissible in a disciplinary hearing before the Secretary, the Board, or a hearing officer designated by the Department when necessary to substantiate the grounds for discipline alleged against the dentist or dental hygienist licensed under this Act.
 - (d) The Department may provide reimbursement for fees and mileage associated with its subpoena power in the same manner

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1 prescribed by law for judicial procedure in a civil case.

- (e) Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to supersede the provisions of Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure, now or hereafter amended, to the extent applicable.
- (f) All information gathered by the Department during any investigation, including information subpoenaed under this Act and the investigative file, shall be kept for the confidential use of the Secretary, the dental coordinator, the Board's attorneys, the dental investigative staff, authorized clerical staff, and persons employed by contract to advise the dental coordinator or the Department as provided in this Act, except that the Department may disclose information and documents to (i) a federal, State, or local law enforcement agency pursuant to a subpoena in an ongoing criminal investigation or (ii) a dental licensing authority of another state or jurisdiction pursuant to an official request made by that authority. Any information or documents disclosed by the Department to a federal, State, or local law enforcement agency may only be used by that agency for the investigation and prosecution of a criminal offense. Any information or documents disclosed by the Department to a dental licensing authority of another state or jurisdiction may only be used by that authority for investigations and disciplinary proceedings with regards to a license.

This subsection (f) applies only to causes of action accruing on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act

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- of the 96th General Assembly.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 96-1221, eff. 7-23-10.)
- 3 (225 ILCS 25/26) (from Ch. 111, par. 2326)
- 4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 5 Sec. 26. Disciplinary actions.
- 6 (a) In case the respondent, after receiving notice, fails to file an answer, the respondent's his or her license may, in 7 the discretion of the Secretary, having first received the 8 9 recommendation of the Board, be suspended, revoked, placed on 10 probationary status, or the Secretary may take whatever 11 disciplinary or non-disciplinary action the Secretary he or she may deem proper, including limiting the scope, nature, or 12 1.3 extent of the person's practice or the imposition of a fine, without a hearing, if the act or acts charged constitute 14 15 sufficient grounds for such action under this Act.
 - (b) The Secretary may temporarily suspend the license of a dentist or dental hygienist without a hearing, simultaneous to the institution of proceedings for a hearing under this Act, if the Secretary finds that evidence in the Secretary's his or her possession indicates that a dentist's or dental hygienist's continuation in practice would constitute an immediate danger to the public. In the event that the Secretary temporarily suspends the license of a dentist or a dental hygienist without a hearing, a hearing by the Board must be held within 15 days after such suspension has

1 occurred.

- establishing that any person holding a license under this Act is a person subject to involuntary admission under the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code shall operate as a suspension of that license. That person may resume the person's his or her practice only upon a finding by the Board that the person he or she has been determined to be no longer subject to involuntary admission by the court and upon the Board's recommendation to the Secretary that the person he or she be permitted to resume the person's his or her practice.
- 13 (225 ILCS 25/29) (from Ch. 111, par. 2329)

(Source: P.A. 99-492, eff. 12-31-15.)

- 14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
 - Sec. 29. Recommendations for disciplinary action; action action—action—by Secretary. The Board may advise the Secretary that probation be granted or that other disciplinary action, including the limitation of the scope, nature or extent of a person's practice, be taken, as it deems proper. If disciplinary action other than suspension or revocation is taken, the Board may advise that the Secretary impose reasonable limitations and requirements upon the respondent to insure compliance with the terms of the probation or other disciplinary action, including, but not limited to, regular reporting by the respondent to the Secretary of the

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respondent's his or her actions, or the respondent's placing himself or herself under the care of a qualified physician for treatment or limiting the respondent's his or her practice in such manner as the Secretary may require.

The Board shall present to the Secretary a written report of its findings and recommendations. A copy of such report shall be served upon the respondent, either personally, or by registered or certified mail to the licensee's address of record, or by email to the licensee's email address of record. Within 20 days after such service, the respondent may present to the Department a his or her motion in writing for a rehearing, specifying the particular ground therefor. If the respondent orders from the reporting service and pays for a transcript of the record, the time elapsing thereafter and before such transcript is ready for delivery to the respondent him or her shall not be counted as part of such 20 days.

At the expiration of the time allowed for filing a motion for rehearing the Secretary may take the action recommended by the Board. Upon suspension, revocation, placement probationary status, or the taking of any other disciplinary action, including the limiting of the scope, nature, or extent of one's practice, deemed proper by the Secretary, with regard license, the respondent the shall surrender the respondent's his or her license to the Department, if ordered to do so by the Department, and upon the respondent's his or her failure or refusal to do so, the Department may seize the

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In all instances under this Act in which the Board has rendered a recommendation to the Secretary with respect to a particular person, the Secretary shall, to the extent that the Secretary he or she disagrees with or takes action contrary to the recommendation of the Board, file with the Board the his or her specific written reasons of disagreement. Such reasons shall be filed within 30 days after the Secretary has taken the contrary position.

order of revocation, suspension, or disciplinary action shall contain a brief, concise statement of the ground or grounds upon which the Department's action is based, as well as the specific terms and conditions of such action. The original of this document shall be retained as a permanent record by the Board and the Department. In those instances where an order of revocation, suspension, or other disciplinary action has been rendered by virtue of a dentist's or dental hygienist's physical illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skill which results in an inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety, the Department shall permit only this document and the record of the hearing incident thereto to be observed, inspected, viewed, or copied pursuant to court order.

25 (Source: P.A. 99-492, eff. 12-31-15.)

- 1 (225 ILCS 25/30) (from Ch. 111, par. 2330)
- 2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 3 Sec. 30. Appointment of a hearing officer. The Secretary 4 shall have the authority to appoint any attorney duly licensed
- 5 to practice law in the State of Illinois to serve as the
- 6 hearing officer if any action for refusal to issue, renew or
- 7 discipline of a license. The hearing officer shall have full
- 8 authority to conduct the hearing. The hearing officer shall
- 9 report his or her findings and recommendations to the Board
- 10 and the Secretary. The Board shall have 60 days from receipt of
- 11 the report to review the report of the hearing officer and
- 12 present its findings of fact, conclusions of law and
- 13 recommendations to the Secretary. If the Board fails to
- 14 present its report within the 60 day period, the Secretary
- 15 shall issue an order based on the report of the hearing
- 16 officer.
- 17 Whenever the Secretary is satisfied that substantial
- 18 justice has not been done in a formal disciplinary action or
- 19 refusal to restore a license, the Secretary he or she may order
- 20 a reexamination or rehearing by the same or other hearing
- 21 officer.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 99-492, eff. 12-31-15.)
- 23 (225 ILCS 25/32) (from Ch. 111, par. 2332)
- 24 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 25 Sec. 32. Administrative Review Law; application. All final

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1 administrative decisions of the Department are subject to

2 judicial review pursuant to the provisions of the

Administrative Review Law, and the rules adopted pursuant

thereto. The term "administrative decision" is defined as in

Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Proceedings for judicial review shall be commenced in the circuit court of the county in which the party applying for review resides, but if the party is not a resident of this State, the venue shall be in Sangamon County.

The Department shall not be required to certify any record to the court or file any answer in court or otherwise appear in any court in a judicial review proceeding, unless and until the Department has received from the plaintiff payment of the costs of furnishing and certifying the record, which costs shall be determined by the Department. Exhibits shall be certified without cost. Failure on the part of the plaintiff to file a receipt in court shall be grounds for dismissal of the action. During the pendency and hearing of any and all judicial proceedings incident to a disciplinary action any sanctions imposed upon the respondent by the Department because of acts or omissions related to the delivery of direct patient specified in the Department's care as administrative decision, shall as a matter of public policy remain in full force and effect in order to protect the public pending final resolution of any of the proceedings.

26 (Source: P.A. 97-1013, eff. 8-17-12.)

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1 (225 ILCS 25/34) (from Ch. 111, par. 2334)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

3 Sec. 34. Confidential information; disclosure information

4 - disclosure. In all hearings conducted under this Act,

5 information received, pursuant to law, relating to any

information acquired by a dentist or dental hygienist in

attending any patient in a professional character, and

necessary to professionally serve such patient, shall be

deemed strictly confidential and shall only be made available,

either as part of the record of a hearing hereunder or

otherwise: (1) when such record is required, in its entirety,

for purposes of judicial review pursuant to this Act; or (2)

upon the express, written consent of the patient, or in the

14 case of the patient's his or her death or disability, the

patient's his or her personal representative.

16 (Source: P.A. 84-365.)

17 (225 ILCS 25/38.2)

18 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

Sec. 38.2. Death or incapacitation of dentist.

20 (a) The executor or administrator of a dentist's estate or

21 the legal guardian or authorized representative of a dentist

22 who has become incapacitated may contract with another dentist

or dentists to continue the operations of the deceased or

incapacitated dentist's practice (if the practice of the

- deceased or incapacitated dentist is a sole proprietorship, a corporation where the deceased or incapacitated dentist is the sole shareholder, or a limited liability company where the deceased or incapacitated dentist is the sole member) for a period of one year from the time of death or incapacitation of the dentist or until the practice is sold, whichever occurs first, if all the following conditions are met:
 - (1) The executor, administrator, guardian, or authorized representative executes and files with the Department a notification of death or incapacitation on a form provided by the Department, which notification shall include the following:
 - (A) the name and license number of the deceased or incapacitated dentist;
 - (B) the name and address of the dental practice;
 - (C) the name, address, and tax identification number of the estate;
 - (D) the name and license number of each dentist who will operate the dental practice; and
 - (E) an affirmation, under penalty of perjury, that the information provided is true and correct and that the executor, administrator, guardian, or authorized representative understands that any interference by the executor, administrator, guardian, or authorized representative or any agent or assignee of the executor, administrator, guardian, or authorized

representative with the contracting dentist's or dentists' practice of dentistry or professional judgment or any other violation of this Section is grounds for an immediate termination of the operations of the dental practice.

(2) Within 30 days after the death or incapacitation of a dentist, the executor, administrator, guardian, or authorized representative shall send notification of the death or incapacitation by mail to the last known address of each patient of record that has seen the deceased or incapacitated dentist within the previous 12 months, with an explanation of how copies of the practitioner's records may be obtained. This notice may also contain any other relevant information concerning the continuation of the dental practice.

Continuation of the operations of the dental practice of a deceased or incapacitated dentist shall not begin until the provisions of this subsection (a) have been met.

If the practice is not sold within the initial one-year period, the provision described in subsection (a) may be extended for additional 12-month periods by the Department. However, if the extension is approved, the extension shall not exceed 3 additional 12-month periods. Each extension must be granted prior to the expiration date of the prior extension and must be accompanied by a petition detailing the reasons for the extension that must be kept on file by the Department.

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(b) The Secretary may terminate the operations of a dental practice operating pursuant to this Section if the Department has evidence of a violation of this Section or Section 23 or 24 of this Act. The Secretary must conduct a hearing before terminating the operations of a dental practice operating pursuant to this Section. At least 15 days before the hearing date, the Department (i) must notify, in writing, administrator, quardian, or executor, authorized representative at the address provided, pursuant to item (C) of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this Section, and to the contracting dentist or dentists at the address of the dental practice provided pursuant to item (B) of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this Section, of any charges made and of the time and place of the hearing on the charges before the Secretary or hearing officer, as provided in Section 30 of this Act, (ii) direct the executor, administrator, guardian, or authorized representative to file a his or her written answer to such charges with the Secretary under oath within 10 days after the service on the executor, administrator, guardian, or authorized representative of the notice, and (iii) inform the executor, administrator, quardian, or authorized representative that if there is a failure he or she fails to file such answer, a default judgment will be entered against the executor, administrator, guardian, or authorized representative him or her and the operations of the dental practice shall be terminated.

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2 Secretary's his or her possession indicates that a violation of this Section or Section 23 or 24 of this Act constitutes an 3 immediate threat to the public health, safety, or welfare, the 5 Secretary may immediately terminate the operations of the dental practice without a hearing. Upon service by certified 6 mail to the executor, administrator, guardian, or authorized 7 representative, at the address provided pursuant to item (C) 8 9 of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this Section, and the 10 contracting dentist or dentists, at the address of the dental

practice provided pursuant to item (B) of subdivision (1) of

subsection (a) of this Section, of notice of an order

immediately terminating the operations of the dental practice,

representative may petition the Department within 30 days for

a hearing to take place within 30 days after the petition is

quardian, or

Secretary finds

- (d) The Department may require, by rule, the submission to the Department of any additional information necessary for the administration of this Section.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 101-162, eff. 7-26-19.)
- 22 (225 ILCS 25/40) (from Ch. 111, par. 2340)

executor, administrator,

- 23 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- Sec. 40. Filing license or diploma of another. Any person filing or attempting to file as the person's his or her own the

- 1 diploma or license of another, or a forged affidavit of
- 2 identification or qualification, shall be deemed guilty of a
- 3 Class 3 felony, and upon conviction thereof, shall be subject
- 4 to such fine and imprisonment as is made and provided by the
- 5 statutes of this State for the crime of forgery.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 84-365.)
- 7 (225 ILCS 25/45) (from Ch. 111, par. 2345)
- 8 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 9 Sec. 45. Advertising. The purpose of this Section is to
- 10 authorize and regulate the advertisement by dentists of
- information which is intended to provide the public with a
- 12 sufficient basis upon which to make an informed selection of
- dentists while protecting the public from false or misleading
- 14 advertisements which would detract from the fair and rational
- 15 selection process.
- Any dentist may advertise the availability of dental
- 17 services in the public media or on the premises where such
- 18 dental services are rendered. Such advertising shall be
- 19 limited to the following information:
- 20 (a) The dental services available;
- 21 (b) Publication of the dentist's name, title, office
- hours, address and telephone;
- 23 (c) Information pertaining to the dentist's his or her
- 24 area of specialization, including appropriate board
- 25 certification or limitation of professional practice;

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- (d) Information on usual and customary fees for routine dental services offered, which information shall include notification that fees may be adjusted due to complications or unforeseen circumstances;
- (e) Announcement of the opening of, change of, absence from, or return to business;
- (f) Announcement of additions to or deletions from professional dental staff;
 - (q) The issuance of business or appointment cards;
- (h) Other information about the dentist, dentist's practice or the types of dental services which the dentist offers to perform which a reasonable person might regard as relevant in determining whether to seek the dentist's services. However, any advertisement which announces the availability of endodontics, pediatric periodontics, prosthodontics, orthodontics and dentofacial orthopedics, oral and maxillofacial surgery, or oral and maxillofacial radiology by a general dentist or by a licensed specialist who is not licensed in that specialty shall include a disclaimer stating that the dentist does not hold a license in that specialty.

Any dental practice with more than one location that enrolls its dentist as a participating provider in a managed care plan's network must verify electronically or in writing to the managed care plan whether the provider is accepting new patients at each of the specific locations listing the

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- 1 provider. The health plan shall remove the provider from the
- 2 directory in accordance with standard practices within 10
- 3 business days after being notified of the changes by the
- 4 provider. Nothing in this paragraph shall void any contractual
- 5 relationship between the provider and the plan.
- It is unlawful for any dentist licensed under this Act to do any of the following:
- 8 (1) Use claims of superior quality of care to entice 9 the public.
 - (2) Advertise in any way to practice dentistry without causing pain.
 - (3) Pay a fee to any dental referral service or other third party who advertises a dental referral service, unless all advertising of the dental referral service makes it clear that dentists are paying a fee for that referral service.
 - (4) Advertise or offer gifts as an inducement to secure dental patronage. Dentists may advertise or offer free examinations or free dental services; it shall be unlawful, however, for any dentist to charge a fee to any new patient for any dental service provided at the time that such free examination or free dental services are provided.
 - (5) Use the term "sedation dentistry" or similar terms in advertising unless the advertising dentist holds a valid and current permit issued by the Department to

- 1 administer either general anesthesia, deep sedation, or
- 2 moderate sedation as required under Section 8.1 of this
- 3 Act.
- 4 This Act does not authorize the advertising of dental
- 5 services when the offeror of such services is not a dentist.
- 6 Nor shall the dentist use statements which contain false,
- 7 fraudulent, deceptive or misleading material or guarantees of
- 8 success, statements which play upon the vanity or fears of the
- 9 public, or statements which promote or produce unfair
- 10 competition.
- 11 A dentist shall be required to keep a copy of all
- 12 advertisements for a period of 3 years. All advertisements in
- 13 the dentist's possession shall indicate the accurate date and
- 14 place of publication.
- The Department shall adopt rules to carry out the intent
- of this Section.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 103-628, eff. 7-1-24.)
- 18 (225 ILCS 25/45.5)
- 19 Sec. 45.5. Third-party financing for dental services.
- 20 (a) As used in this Section:
- "Agent of a dentist" means a person or company that is
- 22 permitted, authorized, or contracted to act on behalf of a
- dentist or dental office.
- 24 "Arrange for, broker, or establish" means submitting an
- 25 application to a third-party creditor, lender, or creditor's

- 1 intermediary for approval or rejection on behalf of a patient.
- 2 Submitting an application to a third-party creditor, lender,
- 3 or creditor's intermediary for approval or rejection includes
- 4 patient or a patient's quardian's use of a third-party
- 5 creditor's, lender's, or a creditor's intermediary's
- 6 patient-facing software, weblink, URL, or QR code that is
- 7 customized for with the branding of the dental practice.
- 8 "Arrange for, broker, or establish" does not mean the use of
- 9 third-party marketing or advertising materials that are not
- 10 customized for the dental practice.
- "Financing extended by a third party" includes, but is not
- 12 limited to, an open end credit plan as defined under the
- 13 federal Truth-in-Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1602), a line of
- 14 credit, or a loan offered or extended by a third party.
- 15 (b) A dentist, employee of a dentist, or agent of a dentist
- 16 may not arrange for, broker, or establish financing extended
- by a third party for a patient.
- 18 (c) A dentist, employee of a dentist, or agent of a dentist
- 19 may not complete for a patient or patient's guardian any
- 20 portion of an application for financing extended by a third
- 21 party. A dentist, employee of a dentist, or agent of a dentist
- 22 may not provide the patient or patient's quardian with an
- 23 electronic device to apply for financing extended by a third
- 24 party.
- 25 (d) A dentist, employee of a dentist, or agent of a dentist
- 26 may not promote, advertise, or provide marketing or

- application materials for financing extended by a third party to a patient who:
- 3 (1) has been administered or is under the influence of 4 general anesthesia, conscious sedation, moderate sedation, 5 nitrous oxide;
 - (2) is being administered treatment; or
 - (3) is in a treatment area, including, but not limited to, an exam room, surgical room, or other area when medical treatment is administered, unless an area separated from the treatment area does not exist.
 - (e) A dentist, employee of a dentist, or agent of a dentist must provide the following written notice to a patient or patient's guardian in at least 14-point font when discussing (except to state accepted forms of payment) or providing applications for financing extended by a third party:

16 "DENTAL SERVICES THIRD-PARTY FINANCING DISCLOSURE

This is an application for a CREDIT CARD, LINE OF CREDIT, OR LOAN to help you finance or pay for your dental treatment. This credit card, line of credit, or loan IS NOT A PAYMENT PLAN WITH THE DENTIST'S OFFICE. It is a credit card, line of credit, or loan from a third-party financing company. Your dentist does not work for this company. Your dentist may not complete or submit an application for third-party financing on your behalf.

You do not have to apply for a credit card, line of credit, or loan. You may pay your dentist for treatment in another

- 1 manner. Your dentist's office may offer its own payment plan.
- 2 You are encouraged to explore any public or private insurance
- 3 options that may cover your dental treatment.
- 4 The lender or creditor may offer a "promotional period" to
- 5 pay back the credit or loan without interest. After any
- 6 promotional period ends, you may be charged interest on
- 7 portions of the balance that have already been paid. If you
- 8 miss a payment or do not pay on time, you may have to pay a
- 9 penalty and a higher interest rate. If you do not pay the money
- 10 that you owe the creditor or lender, then your missed payments
- 11 can appear on your credit report and could hurt your credit
- score. You could also be sued by the creditor or lender.
- 13 If your dentist's office has completed or submitted an
- 14 application for third-party financing on your behalf, you may
- 15 file a complaint by contacting the Illinois Department of
- 16 Financial and Professional Regulation at [Department website]
- or by calling [telephone number for Department]."
- 18 The Department shall make the disclosure required under
- 19 this subsection available on the Department's website in
- 20 English and any other languages deemed necessary by the
- 21 Department.
- 22 (f) The Department may adopt rules to implement this
- 23 Section.
- 24 (g) A violation of this Section is punishable by a fine of
- up to \$500 for the first violation and a fine of up to \$1,000
- for each subsequent violation. However, the Department may

- 1 take other disciplinary action if the licensee's conduct also
- violates Section 23.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 103-733, eff. 1-1-25.)
- 4 (225 ILCS 25/48) (from Ch. 111, par. 2348)
- 5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- Sec. 48. Manufacture of dentures, bridges or replacements
- 7 for dentists; prescriptions; order; penalties.
- 8 (a) Any dentist who employs or engages the services of any
- 9 dental laboratory to construct or repair, extraorally,
- 10 prosthetic dentures, bridges, or other replacements for a part
- of a tooth, a tooth, or teeth, or who directs a dental
- 12 laboratory to participate in shade selection for a prosthetic
- appliance, shall furnish such dental laboratory with a written
- 14 prescription on forms prescribed by the Department which shall
- 15 contain:
- 16 (1) The name and address of the dental laboratory to
- which the prescription is directed.
- 18 (2) The patient's name or identification number. If a
- number is used, the patient's name shall be written upon
- 20 the duplicate copy of the prescription retained by the
- 21 dentist.
- 22 (3) The date on which the prescription was written.
- 23 (4) A description of the work to be done, including
- 24 diagrams if necessary.
- 25 (5) A specification of the type and quality of

- 1 materials to be used.
- 2 (6) The signature of the dentist and the number of <u>the</u> 3 dentist's his or her license to practice dentistry.
 - (b) The dental laboratory receiving a prescription from a dentist shall retain the original prescription and the dentist shall retain a duplicate copy thereof for inspection at any reasonable time by the Department or its duly authorized agents, for a period of 3 years in both cases.
 - (c) If the dental laboratory receiving a written prescription from a dentist engages another dental laboratory (hereinafter referred to as "subcontractor") to perform some of the services relative to such prescription, it shall furnish a written order with respect thereto on forms prescribed by the Department which shall contain:
 - (1) The name and address of the subcontractor.
 - (2) A number identifying the order with the original prescription, which number shall be endorsed on the prescription received from the dentist.
 - (3) The date on which the order was written.
 - (4) A description of the work to be done by the subcontractor, including diagrams if necessary.
 - (5) A specification of the type and quality of materials to be used.
 - (6) The signature of an agent of the dental laboratory issuing the order. The subcontractor shall retain the order and the issuer thereof shall retain a duplicate

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- copy, attached to the prescription received from the dentist, for inspection by the Department or its duly authorized agents, for a period of 3 years in both cases.
 - (7) A copy of the order to the subcontractor shall be furnished to the dentist.
 - (c-5) Regardless of whether the dental laboratory manufactures the dental appliance or has it manufactured by a subcontractor, the laboratory shall provide to the prescribing dentist the (i) location where the work was done and (ii) source and original location where the materials were obtained.
- 12 (d) Any dentist who:
 - (1) employs or engages the services of any dental laboratory to construct or repair, extraorally, prosthetic dentures, bridges, or other dental appliances without first providing such dental laboratory with a written prescription;
 - (2) fails to retain a duplicate copy of the prescription for 3 years; or
- 20 (3) refuses to allow the Department or its duly
 21 authorized agents to inspect the dentist's his or her
 22 files of prescriptions;
- is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the Department may revoke or suspend the dentist's his or her license therefor.
- 25 (e) Any dental laboratory which:
- 26 (1) furnishes such services to any dentist without

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- first obtaining a written prescription therefor from such dentist;
- 3 (2) acting as a subcontractor as described in (c)
 4 above, furnishes such services to any dental laboratory
 5 without first obtaining a written order from such dental
 6 laboratory;
 - (3) fails to retain the original prescription or order, as the case may be, for 3 years;
 - (4) refuses to allow the Department or its duly authorized agents to inspect its files of prescriptions or orders; or
- 12 (5) fails to provide any information required under 13 this Section to the prescribing dentist;
- is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 94-1014, eff. 7-7-06.)
- 16 (225 ILCS 25/49) (from Ch. 111, par. 2349)
- 17 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 18 Sec. 49. Identification of dentures.
- dental prosthesis fabricated by a dentist, or fabricated pursuant to a dentist's his or her prescription, shall be marked with the name of the patient for whom the prosthesis is intended. The markings shall be done during fabrication and shall be permanent, legible and cosmetically acceptable. The exact location of the markings and the methods used to apply or

- 1 implant them shall be determined by the dentist or dental
- 2 laboratory fabricating the prosthesis. If in the professional
- 3 judgment of the dentist, this full identification is not
- 4 possible, the name may be omitted.
- 5 (b) Any removable dental prosthesis in existence which was
- 6 not marked in accordance with paragraph (a) of this Section at
- 7 the time of fabrication, shall be so marked at the time of any
- 8 subsequent rebasing or duplication.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 96-617, eff. 8-24-09.)
- 10 (225 ILCS 25/54) (from Ch. 111, par. 2354)
- 11 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 12 Sec. 54. Exemption from civil liability for Peer Review
- 13 Committees. While serving upon any Peer Review Committee, any
- dentist shall not be liable for civil damages as a result of
- 15 the dentist's his or her decisions, findings or
- 16 recommendations in connection with the dentist's his or her
- 17 duties on such committee, except decisions, findings or
- 18 recommendations involving the dentist's willful his or her
- 19 wilful or wanton misconduct. Furthermore, any professional
- organization, association or society of dentists, or component
- 21 thereof, which sponsors, sanctions or otherwise operates or
- 22 participates in peer review activities is hereby afforded the
- 23 same privileges and immunities afforded to any member of the
- 24 peer review committee.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 85-946.)

1 (225 ILCS 25/54.2)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

3 Sec. 54.2. Dental responders. A dentist or dental

4 hygienist who is a dental responder is deemed to be acting

5 within the bounds of the dentist or dental hygienist's his or

6 her license when providing disaster, immunizations, mobile,

7 and humanitarian care during a declared local, State, or

- 8 national emergency.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 99-25, eff. 1-1-16.)
- 10 (225 ILCS 25/54.3)

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- 11 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 12 Sec. 54.3. Vaccinations.
- 13 (a) Notwithstanding Section 54.2 of this Act, a dentist

14 may administer vaccinations upon completion of appropriate

training set forth by rule and approved by the Department on

appropriate vaccine storage, proper administration, and

17 addressing contraindications and adverse reactions.

18 Vaccinations shall be limited to patients 18 years of age and

older pursuant to a valid prescription or standing order by a

physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches

who, in the course of professional practice, administers

22 vaccines to patients. Methods of communication shall be

23 established for consultation with the physician in person or

24 by telecommunications.

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- (b) Vaccinations administered by a dentist shall be limited to influenza (inactivated influenza vaccine and live attenuated influenza intranasal vaccine). Vaccines shall only be administered by the dentist and shall not be delegated to an assistant or any other person. Vaccination of a patient by a dentist shall be documented in the patient's dental record and the record shall be retained in accordance with current dental recordkeeping standards. The dentist shall notify the patient's primary care physician of each dose of vaccine administered to the patient and shall enter all patient level data or update the patient's current record. The dentist may provide this notice to the patient's physician electronically. In addition, the dentist shall enter all patient level data on vaccines administered in the immunization data registry maintained by the Department of Public Health.
- (c) A dentist shall only provide vaccinations under this Section if contracted with and credentialed by the patient's health insurance, health maintenance organization, or other health plan to specifically provide the vaccinations allowed under this Section. Persons enrolled in Medicare or Medicaid may only receive the vaccinations allowed for under this Section from dentists who are authorized to do so by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or the Department of Healthcare and Family Services.
- (d) The Department shall adopt any rules necessary to implement this Section.

- 1 (e) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 101-162, eff. 7-26-19.)
- 3 (225 ILCS 25/55) (from Ch. 111, par. 2355)
- 4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 5 Sec. 55. Administrative Procedure Act. The Illinois
- 6 Administrative Procedure Act is hereby expressly adopted and
- 7 incorporated herein as if all of the provisions of that Act
- 8 were included in this Act, except that the provision of
- 9 subsection (d) of Section 10-65 of the Illinois Administrative
- 10 Procedure Act that provides that at hearings the dentist or
- 11 dental hygienist has the right to show compliance with all
- 12 lawful requirements for retention, continuation or renewal of
- 13 the license is specifically excluded. For the purposes of this
- 14 Act the notice required under Section 10-25 of the
- 15 Administrative Procedure Act is deemed sufficient when mailed
- or emailed to the last known address or email address of a
- 17 party.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 88-45; 89-80, eff. 6-30-95; 89-116, eff.
- 19 7-7-95.)
- 20 Section 99. Effective date. This Section and Section 5
- 21 take effect upon becoming law.