



Sen. Javier L. Cervantes

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10400SB3421sam002

LRB104 16644 CCC 37656 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 3421

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 3421, AS AMENDED,
3 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4 following:

5 "Section 5. The Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987
6 is amended by changing Sections 4, 6, 7, 7.5, 7.7, 20, and 21
7 and by adding Sections 7.8, 7.9, and 7.10 as follows:

8 (225 ILCS 95/4) (from Ch. 111, par. 4604)

9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

10 Sec. 4. Definitions. In this Act:

11 1. "Department" means the Department of Financial and
12 Professional Regulation.

13 2. "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
14 Professional Regulation.

15 3. "Physician assistant" means any person not holding an
16 active license or permit issued by the Department pursuant to

1 the Medical Practice Act of 1987 who has been certified as a
2 physician assistant by the National Commission on ~~the~~
3 Certification of Physician Assistants or an equivalent
4 successor agency. ~~and performs procedures in collaboration~~
5 ~~with a physician as defined in this Act. A physician assistant~~
6 ~~may perform such procedures within the specialty of the~~
7 ~~collaborating physician, except that such physician shall~~
8 ~~exercise such direction, collaboration, and control over such~~
9 ~~physician assistants as will assure that patients shall~~
10 ~~receive quality medical care. Physician assistants shall be~~
11 ~~capable of performing a variety of tasks within the specialty~~
12 ~~of medical care in collaboration with a physician.~~
13 ~~Collaboration with the physician assistant shall not be~~
14 ~~construed to necessarily require the personal presence of the~~
15 ~~collaborating physician at all times at the place where~~
16 ~~services are rendered, as long as there is communication~~
17 ~~available for consultation by radio, telephone or~~
18 ~~telecommunications within established guidelines as determined~~
19 ~~by the physician/physician assistant team. The collaborating~~
20 ~~physician may delegate tasks and duties to the physician~~
21 ~~assistant. Delegated tasks or duties shall be consistent with~~
22 ~~physician assistant education, training, and experience. The~~
23 ~~delegated tasks or duties shall be specific to the practice~~
24 ~~setting and shall be implemented and reviewed under a written~~
25 ~~collaborative agreement established by the physician or~~
26 ~~physician/physician assistant team. A physician assistant,~~

1 ~~acting as an agent of the physician, shall be permitted to~~
2 ~~transmit the collaborating physician's orders as determined by~~
3 ~~the institution's by laws, policies, procedures, or job~~
4 ~~description within which the physician/physician assistant~~
5 ~~team practices. Physician assistants shall practice only in~~
6 ~~accordance with a written collaborative agreement.~~

7 ~~Any person who holds an active license or permit issued~~
8 ~~pursuant to the Medical Practice Act of 1987 shall have that~~
9 ~~license automatically placed into inactive status upon~~
10 ~~issuance of a physician assistant license. Any person who~~
11 ~~holds an active license as a physician assistant who is issued~~
12 ~~a license or permit pursuant to the Medical Practice Act of~~
13 ~~1987 shall have his or her physician assistant license~~
14 ~~automatically placed into inactive status.~~

15 3.5. "Physician assistant practice" means the performance
16 of any legal medical service for which the physician assistant
17 has been prepared by the physician assistant's education,
18 training, and experience and is competent to perform as
19 determined through an employment agreement or the
20 credentialing and privileging system of a licensed facility.
21 Medical and surgical services provided by physician assistants
22 include, but are not limited to:

23 (A) obtaining and performing comprehensive health
24 histories and physical examinations;

25 (B) evaluating, diagnosing, managing, and providing
26 medical treatment;

1 (C) ordering, performing, and interpreting diagnostic
2 studies and therapeutic procedures;

3 (D) educating patients on health promotion and disease
4 prevention;

5 (E) providing consultation upon request;

6 (F) writing medical orders;

7 (G) prescribing, dispensing, ordering, administering,
8 and procuring drugs and medical devices; and

9 (H) assisting in surgery. ~~procedures within the~~
10 ~~specialty of the collaborating physician. Physician~~
11 ~~assistants shall be capable of performing a variety of~~
12 ~~tasks within the specialty of medical care of the~~
13 ~~collaborating physician. Collaboration with the physician~~
14 ~~assistant shall not be construed to necessarily require~~
15 ~~the personal presence of the collaborating physician at~~
16 ~~all times at the place where services are rendered, as~~
17 ~~long as there is communication available for consultation~~
18 ~~by radio, telephone, telecommunications, or electronic~~
19 ~~communications. The collaborating physician may delegate~~
20 ~~tasks and duties to the physician assistant. Delegated~~
21 ~~tasks or duties shall be consistent with physician~~
22 ~~assistant education, training, and experience. The~~
23 ~~delegated tasks or duties shall be specific to the~~
24 ~~practice setting and shall be implemented and reviewed~~
25 ~~under a written collaborative agreement established by the~~
26 ~~physician or physician/physician assistant team. A~~

1 ~~physician assistant shall be permitted to transmit the~~
2 ~~collaborating physician's orders as determined by the~~
3 ~~institution's bylaws, policies, or procedures or the job~~
4 ~~description within which the physician/physician assistant~~
5 ~~team practices. Physician assistants shall practice only~~
6 ~~in accordance with a written collaborative agreement,~~
7 ~~except as provided in Section 7.5 of this Act.~~

8 4. "Board" means the Illinois State Medical Board ~~Medical~~
9 ~~Licensing Board constituted under the Medical Practice Act of~~
10 ~~1987.~~

11 5. (Blank).

12 6. "Physician" means a person licensed to practice
13 medicine in all of its branches under the Medical Practice Act
14 of 1987.

15 7. "Collaborating physician" means the physician who,
16 within his or her specialty and expertise, may delegate a
17 variety of tasks and procedures to the physician assistant.
18 Such tasks and procedures shall be delegated in accordance
19 with a written collaborative agreement when the agreement is
20 required under this Act.

21 8. (Blank).

22 9. "Address of record" means the designated address
23 recorded by the Department in the applicant's application file
24 or the licensee's ~~application file or~~ license file, as
25 maintained by the Department's licensure maintenance unit.

26 10. "Hospital affiliate" means a corporation, partnership,

1 joint venture, limited liability company, or similar
2 organization, other than a hospital, that is devoted primarily
3 to the provision, management, or support of health care
4 services and that directly or indirectly controls, is
5 controlled by, or is under common control of the hospital. For
6 the purposes of this definition, "control" means having at
7 least an equal or a majority ownership or membership interest.
8 A hospital affiliate shall be 100% owned or controlled by any
9 combination of hospitals, their parent corporations, or
10 physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its branches
11 in Illinois. "Hospital affiliate" does not include a health
12 maintenance organization regulated under the Health
13 Maintenance Organization Act.

14 11. "Email address of record" means the designated email
15 address recorded by the Department in the applicant's
16 application file or the licensee's license file, as maintained
17 by the Department's licensure maintenance unit.

18 12. "Federally qualified health center" means a health
19 center funded under Section 330 of the federal Public Health
20 Service Act.

21 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; 103-65, eff. 1-1-24.)

22 (225 ILCS 95/6) (from Ch. 111, par. 4606)

23 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

24 Sec. 6. Physician assistant title.

25 (a) No physician assistant shall use the title of doctor,

1 physician, or associate with his or her name or any other term
2 that would indicate to other persons that he or she is
3 qualified to engage in the general practice of medicine.

4 (b) A physician assistant shall verbally identify himself
5 or herself as a physician assistant, including, when
6 applicable, specialty certification, to each patient.

7 (c) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to relieve a
8 physician assistant of the professional or legal
9 responsibility for the care and treatment of persons attended
10 by him or her.

11 (d) (Blank). ~~The collaborating physician shall file with~~
12 ~~the Department notice of employment, discharge, or~~
13 ~~collaboration with a physician assistant within 60 days of~~
14 ~~employment, discharge, or assumption of collaboration with a~~
15 ~~physician assistant. Nothing in this Section shall prevent a~~
16 ~~physician assistant from beginning his or her employment~~
17 ~~before the notice of employment or collaboration has been~~
18 ~~filed.~~

19 (Source: P.A. 102-735, eff. 1-1-23.)

20 (225 ILCS 95/7) (from Ch. 111, par. 4607)

21 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

22 Sec. 7. Collaboration requirements.

23 (a) Except as otherwise authorized under this Act, a
24 written collaborative agreement is required for physician
25 assistants engaged in clinical practice who have not satisfied

1 the requirements of Section 7.9.

2 (b) ~~(a)~~ A collaborating physician shall determine the
3 number of physician assistants to collaborate with, provided
4 the physician is able to provide adequate collaboration as
5 outlined in the written collaborative agreement required under
6 Section 7.5 of this Act and consideration is given to the
7 nature of the physician's practice, complexity of the patient
8 population, and the experience of each physician assistant. A
9 collaborating physician may collaborate with a maximum of 7
10 full-time equivalent physician assistants as described in
11 Section 54.5 of the Medical Practice Act of 1987. As used in
12 this Section, "full-time equivalent" means the equivalent of
13 40 hours per week per individual. Physicians and physician
14 assistants who work in a hospital, hospital affiliate,
15 federally qualified health center, or ambulatory surgical
16 treatment center as defined by Section 7.7 of this Act are
17 exempt from the collaborative ratio restriction requirements
18 of this Section. A physician assistant shall be able to hold
19 more than one professional position. A collaborating physician
20 shall file a notice of collaboration of each physician
21 assistant according to the rules of the Department.

22 (c) Physician assistants shall collaborate only with
23 physicians as defined in this Act who are engaged in clinical
24 practice, or in clinical practice in public health or other
25 community health facilities.

26 (d) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the

1 delegation of tasks or duties by a physician to a nurse or
2 other appropriately trained personnel.

3 (e) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prohibit the
4 employment of physician assistants by a hospital, nursing home
5 or other health care facility where such physician assistants
6 function with ~~under~~ a collaborating physician.

7 (f) A physician assistant may be employed by a practice
8 group or other entity employing multiple physicians at one or
9 more locations. In that case, one of the physicians practicing
10 at a location shall be designated the collaborating physician.
11 The other physicians with that practice group or other entity
12 who practice in the same general type of practice or specialty
13 as the collaborating physician may collaborate with the
14 physician assistant with respect to their patients.

15 (g) ~~(b)~~ A physician assistant licensed in this State, or
16 licensed or authorized to practice in any other U.S.
17 jurisdiction or credentialed by his or her federal employer as
18 a physician assistant, who is responding to a need for medical
19 care created by an emergency or by a state or local disaster
20 may render such care that the physician assistant is able to
21 provide without collaboration as it is defined in this Section
22 or with such collaboration as is available.

23 (h) Any physician who collaborates with a physician
24 assistant providing medical care in response to such an
25 emergency or state or local disaster shall not be required to
26 meet the requirements set forth in this Section for a

1 collaborating physician.

2 (Source: P.A. 103-65, eff. 1-1-24.)

3 (225 ILCS 95/7.5)

4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

5 Sec. 7.5. Written collaborative agreements, ~~prescriptive~~
6 ~~authority.~~

7 (a) Except as otherwise authorized under this Act, a
8 written collaborative agreement is required for physician
9 assistants engaged in clinical practice who have not satisfied
10 the requirements of Section 7.9. When a written collaborative
11 agreement is required under this Act, the following shall
12 apply: ~~A written collaborative agreement is required for all~~
13 ~~physician assistants to practice in the State, except as~~
14 ~~provided in Section 7.7 of this Act.~~

15 (1) A written collaborative agreement shall describe
16 the working relationship of the physician assistant with
17 the collaborating physician and shall describe the
18 categories of care, treatment, or procedures to be
19 provided by the physician assistant. ~~The written~~
20 ~~collaborative agreement shall promote the exercise of~~
21 ~~professional judgment by the physician assistant~~
22 ~~commensurate with his or her education and experience. The~~
23 ~~services to be provided by the physician assistant shall~~
24 ~~be services that the collaborating physician is authorized~~
25 ~~to and generally provides to his or her patients in the~~

1 ~~normal course of his or her clinical medical practice. The~~
2 ~~written collaborative agreement need not describe the~~
3 ~~exact steps that a physician assistant must take with~~
4 ~~respect to each specific condition, disease, or symptom~~
5 ~~but must specify which authorized procedures require the~~
6 ~~presence of the collaborating physician as the procedures~~
7 ~~are being performed.~~ The relationship under a written
8 collaborative agreement shall not be construed to require
9 the personal presence of a physician at the place where
10 services are rendered. Methods of communication shall be
11 available for consultation with the collaborating
12 physician in person or by telecommunications or electronic
13 communications as set forth in the written collaborative
14 agreement. ~~For the purposes of this Act, "generally~~
15 ~~provides to his or her patients in the normal course of his~~
16 ~~or her clinical medical practice" means services, not~~
17 ~~specific tasks or duties, the collaborating physician~~
18 ~~routinely provides individually or through delegation to~~
19 ~~other persons so that the physician has the experience and~~
20 ~~ability to collaborate and provide consultation.~~

21 (2) (Blank). ~~The written collaborative agreement shall~~
22 ~~be adequate if a physician does each of the following:~~

23 ~~(A) Participates in the joint formulation and~~
24 ~~joint approval of orders or guidelines with the~~
25 ~~physician assistant and he or she periodically reviews~~
26 ~~such orders and the services provided patients under~~

1 ~~such orders in accordance with accepted standards of~~
2 ~~medical practice and physician assistant practice.~~

3 ~~(B) Provides consultation at least once a month.~~

4 (3) A copy of the signed, written collaborative
5 agreement must be available to the Department upon request
6 ~~from both the physician assistant and the collaborating~~
7 ~~physician.~~

8 (4) A physician assistant shall inform each
9 collaborating physician of all written collaborative
10 agreements he or she has signed and provide a copy of these
11 to any collaborating physician upon request.

12 (b) A physician assistant practicing pursuant to a written
13 collaborative agreement may exercise prescriptive authority in
14 accordance with Section 7.8 of this Act. Delegation of
15 prescriptive authority by a physician is not required. A
16 ~~collaborating physician may, but is not required to, delegate~~
17 ~~prescriptive authority to a physician assistant as part of a~~
18 ~~written collaborative agreement. This authority may, but is~~
19 ~~not required to, include prescription of, selection of, orders~~
20 ~~for, administration of, storage of, acceptance of samples of,~~
21 ~~and dispensing medical devices, over the counter medications,~~
22 ~~legend drugs, medical gases, and controlled substances~~
23 ~~categorized as Schedule II through V controlled substances, as~~
24 ~~defined in Article II of the Illinois Controlled Substances~~
25 ~~Act, and other preparations, including, but not limited to,~~
26 ~~botanical and herbal remedies. The collaborating physician~~

1 ~~must have a valid, current Illinois controlled substance~~
2 ~~license and federal registration with the Drug Enforcement~~
3 ~~Administration to delegate the authority to prescribe~~
4 ~~controlled substances.~~

5 ~~(1) To prescribe Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled~~
6 ~~substances under this Section, a physician assistant must~~
7 ~~obtain a mid level practitioner controlled substances~~
8 ~~license. Medication orders issued by a physician assistant~~
9 ~~shall be reviewed periodically by the collaborating~~
10 ~~physician.~~

11 ~~(2) The collaborating physician shall file with the~~
12 ~~Department notice of delegation of prescriptive authority~~
13 ~~to a physician assistant and termination of delegation,~~
14 ~~specifying the authority delegated or terminated. Upon~~
15 ~~receipt of this notice delegating authority to prescribe~~
16 ~~controlled substances, the physician assistant shall be~~
17 ~~eligible to register for a mid level practitioner~~
18 ~~controlled substances license under Section 303.05 of the~~
19 ~~Illinois Controlled Substances Act. Nothing in this Act~~
20 ~~shall be construed to limit the delegation of tasks or~~
21 ~~duties by the collaborating physician to a nurse or other~~
22 ~~appropriately trained persons in accordance with Section~~
23 ~~54.2 of the Medical Practice Act of 1987.~~

24 ~~(3) In addition to the requirements of this subsection~~
25 ~~(b), a collaborating physician may, but is not required~~
26 ~~to, delegate authority to a physician assistant to~~

1 ~~prescribe Schedule II controlled substances, if all of the~~
2 ~~following conditions apply:~~

3 ~~(A) Specific Schedule II controlled substances by~~
4 ~~oral dosage or topical or transdermal application may~~
5 ~~be delegated, provided that the delegated Schedule II~~
6 ~~controlled substances are routinely prescribed by the~~
7 ~~collaborating physician. This delegation must identify~~
8 ~~the specific Schedule II controlled substances by~~
9 ~~either brand name or generic name. Schedule II~~
10 ~~controlled substances to be delivered by injection or~~
11 ~~other route of administration may not be delegated.~~

12 ~~(B) (Blank).~~

13 ~~(C) Any prescription must be limited to no more~~
14 ~~than a 30 day supply, with any continuation authorized~~
15 ~~only after prior approval of the collaborating~~
16 ~~physician.~~

17 ~~(D) The physician assistant must discuss the~~
18 ~~condition of any patients for whom a controlled~~
19 ~~substance is prescribed monthly with the collaborating~~
20 ~~physician.~~

21 ~~(E) The physician assistant meets the education~~
22 ~~requirements of Section 303.05 of the Illinois~~
23 ~~Controlled Substances Act.~~

24 (c) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the
25 delegation of tasks or duties by a physician to a licensed
26 practical nurse, a registered professional nurse, or other

1 persons. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the
2 method of delegation that may be authorized by any means,
3 including, but not limited to, oral, written, electronic,
4 standing orders, protocols, guidelines, or verbal orders.
5 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize a
6 physician assistant to provide health care services required
7 by law or rule to be performed by a physician. Nothing in this
8 Act shall be construed to authorize the delegation or
9 performance of operative surgery. Nothing in this Section
10 shall be construed to preclude a physician assistant from
11 assisting in surgery.

12 (c-5) (Blank). ~~Nothing in this Section shall be construed~~
13 ~~to apply to any medication authority, including Schedule II~~
14 ~~controlled substances of a licensed physician assistant for~~
15 ~~care provided in a hospital, hospital affiliate, federally~~
16 ~~qualified health center, or ambulatory surgical treatment~~
17 ~~center pursuant to Section 7.7 of this Act.~~

18 (d) (Blank).

19 (e) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit
20 generic substitution.

21 (f) Delegation of prescriptive authority by a physician is
22 not required under this Section.

23 (Source: P.A. 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 103-65, eff. 1-1-24;
24 103-605, eff. 7-1-24.)

25 (225 ILCS 95/7.7)

1 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

2 Sec. 7.7. Physician assistants in hospitals, hospital
3 affiliates, federally qualified health centers, or ambulatory
4 surgical treatment centers.

5 (a) A physician assistant may provide services in a
6 hospital as defined in the Hospital Licensing Act, a hospital
7 affiliate as defined in the University of Illinois Hospital
8 Act, a federally qualified health center, or a licensed
9 ambulatory surgical treatment center as defined in the
10 Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act without a written
11 collaborative agreement pursuant to Section 7.5 of this Act
12 only in accordance with this Section. A physician assistant
13 must possess clinical privileges recommended by (i) the
14 hospital medical staff and granted by the hospital, (ii) the
15 physician committee and federally qualified health center, or
16 (iii) the consulting medical staff committee and ambulatory
17 surgical treatment center in order to provide services. The
18 medical staff, physician committee, or consulting medical
19 staff committee shall periodically review the services of
20 physician assistants granted clinical privileges, including
21 any care provided in a hospital affiliate or federally
22 qualified health center. A physician assistant practicing
23 under this Section may prescribe, select, order, and
24 administer medications, including controlled substances, only
25 in accordance with Section 7.8 of this Act and applicable
26 clinical privileges, credentialing, bylaws, policies, or

1 consulting committee policies of the hospital, hospital
2 affiliate, federally qualified health center, or ambulatory
3 surgical treatment center. ~~Authority may also be granted when~~
4 ~~recommended by the hospital medical staff and granted by the~~
5 ~~hospital, recommended by the physician committee and granted~~
6 ~~by the federally qualified health center, or recommended by~~
7 ~~the consulting medical staff committee and ambulatory surgical~~
8 ~~treatment center to individual physician assistants to select,~~
9 ~~order, and administer medications, including controlled~~
10 ~~substances, to provide delineated care.~~ In a hospital,
11 hospital affiliate, federally qualified health center, or
12 ambulatory surgical treatment center, the attending physician
13 shall determine a physician assistant's role in providing care
14 for his or her patients, except as otherwise provided in the
15 medical staff bylaws or consulting committee policies.

16 (a-5) A physician assistant practicing in a hospital
17 affiliate or a federally qualified health center may prescribe
18 Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled substances only in
19 accordance with Section 7.8 of this Act and applicable
20 clinical privileges, credentialing, bylaws, policies, or
21 consulting committee policies of the hospital affiliate or
22 federally qualified health center. To prescribe Schedule II,
23 III, IV, or V controlled substances under this Act, a
24 physician assistant must obtain a mid-level practitioner
25 controlled substances license. Nothing in this subsection
26 shall be construed to limit the authority of a hospital

1 affiliate or federally qualified health center to establish
2 credentialing, privileging, or other practice-site
3 requirements applicable to physician assistants practicing
4 within that facility or setting. ~~Physician assistants~~
5 ~~practicing in a hospital affiliate or a federally qualified~~
6 ~~health center may be, but are not required to be, granted~~
7 ~~authority to prescribe Schedule II through V controlled~~
8 ~~substances when such authority is recommended by the~~
9 ~~appropriate physician committee of the hospital affiliate and~~
10 ~~granted by the hospital affiliate or recommended by the~~
11 ~~physician committee of the federally qualified health center~~
12 ~~and granted by the federally qualified health center. This~~
13 ~~authority may, but is not required to, include prescription~~
14 ~~of, selection of, orders for, administration of, storage of,~~
15 ~~acceptance of samples of, and dispensing over the counter~~
16 ~~medications, legend drugs, medical gases, and controlled~~
17 ~~substances categorized as Schedule II through V controlled~~
18 ~~substances, as defined in Article II of the Illinois~~
19 ~~Controlled Substances Act, and other preparations, including,~~
20 ~~but not limited to, botanical and herbal remedies.~~

21 ~~To prescribe controlled substances under this subsection~~
22 ~~(a-5), a physician assistant must obtain a mid-level~~
23 ~~practitioner controlled substance license. Medication orders~~
24 ~~shall be reviewed periodically by the appropriate hospital~~
25 ~~affiliate physicians committee or its physician designee or by~~
26 ~~the physician committee of a federally qualified health~~

1 ~~center.~~

2 ~~The hospital affiliate or federally qualified health~~
3 ~~center shall file with the Department notice of a grant of~~
4 ~~prescriptive authority consistent with this subsection (a-5)~~
5 ~~and termination of such a grant of authority in accordance~~
6 ~~with rules of the Department. Upon receipt of this notice of~~
7 ~~grant of authority to prescribe any Schedule II through V~~
8 ~~controlled substances, the licensed physician assistant may~~
9 ~~register for a mid-level practitioner controlled substance~~
10 ~~license under Section 303.05 of the Illinois Controlled~~
11 ~~Substances Act.~~

12 ~~In addition, a hospital affiliate or a federally qualified~~
13 ~~health center may, but is not required to, grant authority to a~~
14 ~~physician assistant to prescribe any Schedule II controlled~~
15 ~~substances if all of the following conditions apply:~~

16 ~~(1) specific Schedule II controlled substances by oral~~
17 ~~dosage or topical or transdermal application may be~~
18 ~~designated, provided that the designated Schedule II~~
19 ~~controlled substances are routinely prescribed by~~
20 ~~physician assistants in their area of certification; this~~
21 ~~grant of authority must identify the specific Schedule II~~
22 ~~controlled substances by either brand name or generic~~
23 ~~name; authority to prescribe or dispense Schedule II~~
24 ~~controlled substances to be delivered by injection or~~
25 ~~other route of administration may not be granted;~~

26 ~~(2) any grant of authority must be controlled~~

1 ~~substances limited to the practice of the physician~~
2 ~~assistant;~~

3 ~~(3) any prescription must be limited to no more than a~~
4 ~~30-day supply;~~

5 ~~(4) the physician assistant must discuss the condition~~
6 ~~of any patients for whom a controlled substance is~~
7 ~~prescribed monthly with the appropriate physician~~
8 ~~committee of the hospital affiliate or its physician~~
9 ~~designee, or the physician committee of a federally~~
10 ~~qualified health center; and~~

11 ~~(5) the physician assistant must meet the education~~
12 ~~requirements of Section 303.05 of the Illinois Controlled~~
13 ~~Substances Act.~~

14 (b) A physician assistant authorized under this Act and
15 applicable clinical privileges, credentialing, bylaws,
16 policies, or consulting committee policies to order
17 medications, including controlled substances, may complete
18 discharge prescriptions in the name of the physician
19 assistant. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to
20 limit the authority of a hospital, hospital affiliate,
21 federally qualified health center, or ambulatory surgical
22 treatment center to require additional review, approval,
23 documentation, or involvement of the attending or discharging
24 physician pursuant to its bylaws, policies, clinical
25 privileges, credentialing, or consulting committee policies. A
26 ~~physician assistant granted authority to order medications~~

1 ~~including controlled substances may complete discharge~~
2 ~~prescriptions provided the prescription is in the name of the~~
3 ~~physician assistant and the attending or discharging~~
4 ~~physician.~~

5 (c) Physician assistants practicing in a hospital,
6 hospital affiliate, federally qualified health center, or an
7 ambulatory surgical treatment center are not required to
8 obtain a mid-level controlled substance license to order
9 controlled substances under Section 303.05 of the Illinois
10 Controlled Substances Act.

11 (d) Delegation of prescriptive authority by a physician is
12 not required under this Section.

13 (Source: P.A. 103-65, eff. 1-1-24.)

14 (225 ILCS 95/7.8 new)

15 Sec. 7.8. Prescriptive authority.

16 (a) A physician assistant licensed under this Act may
17 prescribe, dispense, order, administer, and procure drugs and
18 medical devices within the physician assistant's scope of
19 practice and in accordance with this Act, applicable State and
20 federal law, and any applicable employment agreement, written
21 collaborative agreement when required under this Act, clinical
22 privileges, credentialing, bylaws, policies, or consulting
23 committee policies of the practice site. Prescriptive
24 authority may include prescribing Schedule II, III, IV, and V
25 controlled substances. To prescribe Schedule II, III, IV, or V

1 controlled substances under this Act, a physician assistant
2 must obtain a mid-level practitioner controlled substances
3 license.

4 (b) A physician assistant prescribing Schedule II narcotic
5 drugs shall do so only in a consultation relationship with a
6 physician. This consultation relationship shall be recorded on
7 the Prescription Monitoring Program website, pursuant to
8 Section 316 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, by the
9 physician and physician assistant and is not required to be
10 filed with the Department.

11 The specific Schedule II narcotic drug must be identified
12 by either brand name or generic name. The specific Schedule II
13 narcotic drug, such as an opioid, may be administered by oral
14 dosage or topical or transdermal application. Delivery by
15 injection or other route of administration is not permitted.

16 At least monthly, the physician assistant and the
17 physician must discuss the condition of any patients for whom
18 a Schedule II narcotic drug is prescribed.

19 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require a
20 prescription by a physician assistant to include a physician
21 name.

22 The consultation relationship shall provide for physician
23 availability for consultation on complex clinical cases and
24 prescribing decisions, but shall not require the physical
25 presence of the physician or constitute a supervisory or
26 collaborative agreement, except when a written collaborative

1 agreement is otherwise required under this Act. Documentation
2 of the consultation relationship shall be maintained and made
3 available to the Department upon request.

4 (c) When a written collaborative agreement is required
5 under this Act, delegation of prescriptive authority by a
6 physician is not required.

7 (d) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to require
8 a hospital, hospital affiliate, federally qualified health
9 center, ambulatory surgical treatment center, employer, or
10 other practice site to authorize a physician assistant to
11 prescribe, dispense, order, administer, or procure any drug,
12 medical device, or controlled substance unless such authority
13 is consistent with the physician assistant's employment
14 agreement, written collaborative agreement when required under
15 this Act, clinical privileges, credentialing, bylaws,
16 policies, or consulting committee policies of the practice
17 site.

18 (225 ILCS 95/7.9 new)

19 Sec. 7.9. Full practice authority.

20 (a) In this Section, "substantially related area of
21 practice" means a clinical field, specialty, practice setting,
22 or patient population that relies on similar medical
23 knowledge, clinical judgment, procedures, conditions, or
24 patient care responsibilities.

25 (b) A physician assistant licensed under this Act shall be

1 deemed by law to possess the ability to practice without a
2 written collaborative agreement upon meeting the requirements
3 of this Section.

4 (c) A physician assistant licensed under this Act who
5 files with the Department a notarized attestation of
6 completion of not less than 6,000 hours of postgraduate
7 clinical practice, including at least 2,000 hours in the scope
8 of practice in which the physician assistant seeks to practice
9 without a written collaborative agreement, completed pursuant
10 to a written collaborative agreement or as otherwise
11 authorized under this Act or under the laws of another
12 jurisdiction, and at least 250 hours of continuing education
13 or training, shall not require a written collaborative
14 agreement. Documentation of successful completion shall be
15 provided to the Department upon request. Completion of the
16 clinical practice may be attested to by a collaborating
17 physician or employer or by submission of other evidence as
18 established by Department rule.

19 (d) A physician assistant practicing without a written
20 collaborative agreement shall practice within the physician
21 assistant's scope of practice. The physician assistant shall
22 consult with, collaborate with, or refer to another
23 appropriate health care professional when the needs of the
24 patient exceed the physician assistant's clinical experience.

25 (e) A physician assistant who has not satisfied the
26 requirements of subsection (c) shall practice pursuant to a

1 written collaborative agreement or as otherwise authorized
2 under this Act. When a physician assistant practices pursuant
3 to a written collaborative agreement, the physician assistant
4 shall practice with a collaborating physician, as described in
5 the written collaborative agreement and determined at the
6 practice site, and within the scope of practice of the
7 collaborating physician.

8 (f) If, after satisfying the requirements of subsection
9 (c), a physician assistant begins practice in a new scope of
10 practice that is not substantially related to the physician
11 assistant's prior clinical practice, the first 2,000 hours of
12 postgraduate clinical practice in the new scope of practice
13 shall be completed pursuant to a written collaborative
14 agreement or as otherwise authorized under this Act. When a
15 physician assistant practices pursuant to a written
16 collaborative agreement, the physician assistant shall
17 practice with a collaborating physician, as described in the
18 written collaborative agreement and determined at the practice
19 site, and within the scope of practice of the collaborating
20 physician.

21 (g) A physician assistant with full practice authority
22 shall complete 80 hours of continuing education for every
23 2-year license renewal cycle. The 80 hours of continuing
24 education required under this subsection shall be completed as
25 follows:

26 (1) A minimum of 50 hours of continuing education

1 shall be obtained in continuing education programs as
2 determined by Department rule and shall include no less
3 than 20 hours of pharmacotherapeutics, including at least
4 10 hours related to opioid prescribing, substance use
5 disorders, and safe prescribing. Continuing education
6 programs shall be in the physician assistant's area of
7 practice and may be conducted or endorsed by educational
8 institutions, hospitals, professional associations, or
9 other organizations approved to offer continuing education
10 under this Act or rules.

11 (2) A maximum of 30 hours of credit may be obtained
12 through presentations in the physician assistant's
13 clinical specialty, evidence-based practice, quality
14 improvement projects, publications, research projects, or
15 preceptor hours, as determined by Department rule.

16 The rules adopted regarding continuing education shall be
17 consistent, to the extent possible, with requirements of
18 relevant national certifying bodies or State or national
19 professional associations.

20 The rules shall provide for variances in part or in whole
21 for good cause, including, but not limited to, illness or
22 hardship.

23 Each physician assistant is responsible for maintaining
24 records of completion of continuing education and shall be
25 prepared to produce the records when requested by the
26 Department.

1 (h) The Department may adopt any rules necessary to
2 administer this Section.

3 (225 ILCS 95/7.10 new)

4 Sec. 7.10. National certification requirement. A physician
5 assistant with full practice authority shall maintain current
6 national certification from a nationally recognized certifying
7 body as a condition of licensure and practice.

8 (225 ILCS 95/20) (from Ch. 111, par. 4620)

9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

10 Sec. 20. Limitations.

11 (a) No corporation, which stated purpose includes, or
12 which practices, or which holds itself out as available to
13 practice as a physician assistant or to practice any of the
14 functions described in Section 4 of this Act, shall be issued a
15 license by the Department, nor shall the Secretary of State
16 approve or accept articles of incorporation for such a
17 corporation.

18 (b) Pursuant to subparagraph (a) of paragraph (2) of
19 Section 3.6 of the Professional Service Corporation Act and
20 Section 2 of the Medical Corporation Act, a person licensed
21 under this Act may not own a corporation for the purposes of
22 practicing medicine.

23 (c) Pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section
24 13 of the Professional Limited Liability Company Act, a person

1 licensed under this Act may not own a professional limited
2 liability company for the purposes of practicing medicine.

3 (Source: P.A. 85-981.)

4 (225 ILCS 95/21) (from Ch. 111, par. 4621)

5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

6 Sec. 21. Grounds for disciplinary action.

7 (a) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, or may
8 revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other
9 disciplinary or non-disciplinary action with regard to any
10 license issued under this Act as the Department may deem
11 proper, including the issuance of fines not to exceed \$10,000
12 for each violation, for any one or combination of the
13 following causes:

14 (1) Material misstatement in furnishing information to
15 the Department.

16 (2) Violations of this Act, or the rules adopted under
17 this Act.

18 (3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere,
19 finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or
20 sentencing, including, but not limited to, convictions,
21 preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge,
22 or first offender probation, under the laws of any
23 jurisdiction of the United States that is: (i) a felony;
24 or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is
25 dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of

1 the profession.

2 (4) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of
3 obtaining licenses.

4 (5) Professional incompetence.

5 (6) Aiding or assisting another person in violating
6 any provision of this Act or its rules.

7 (7) Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in
8 response to a written request made by the Department.

9 (8) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or
10 unprofessional conduct, as defined by rule, of a character
11 likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.

12 (9) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol,
13 narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug
14 that results in a physician assistant's inability to
15 practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.

16 (10) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or
17 foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for
18 discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to
19 those set forth in this Section.

20 (11) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving
21 from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or
22 association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of
23 compensation for any professional services not actually or
24 personally rendered. Nothing in this paragraph (11)
25 affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment
26 arrangements, which may include provisions for

1 compensation, health insurance, pension, or other
2 employment benefits, with persons or entities authorized
3 under this Act for the provision of services within the
4 scope of the licensee's practice under this Act.

5 (12) A finding by the Board that the licensee, after
6 having his or her license placed on probationary status,
7 has violated the terms of probation.

8 (13) Abandonment of a patient.

9 (14) Willfully making or filing false records or
10 reports in his or her practice, including, but not limited
11 to, false records filed with State agencies or
12 departments.

13 (15) Willfully failing to report an instance of
14 suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused
15 and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

16 (16) Physical illness, or mental illness or impairment
17 that results in the inability to practice the profession
18 with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety, including, but
19 not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or
20 loss of motor skill.

21 (17) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated
22 report by the Department of Children and Family Services
23 under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and
24 upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the
25 licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or
26 neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected

1 Child Reporting Act.

2 (18) (Blank) .

3 (19) Gross negligence resulting in permanent injury or
4 death of a patient.

5 (20) Employment of fraud, deception or any unlawful
6 means in applying for or securing a license as a physician
7 assistant.

8 (21) Exceeding the authority delegated to him or her
9 by his or her collaborating physician in a written
10 collaborative agreement, when the agreement is required
11 under this Act.

12 (22) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act,
13 such as sexual abuse, sexual misconduct, or sexual
14 exploitation related to the licensee's practice.

15 (23) Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral
16 Act.

17 (24) Practicing under a false or assumed name, except
18 as provided by law.

19 (25) Making a false or misleading statement regarding
20 his or her skill or the efficacy or value of the medicine,
21 treatment, or remedy prescribed by him or her in the
22 course of treatment.

23 (26) Allowing another person to use his or her license
24 to practice.

25 (27) Prescribing, selling, administering,
26 distributing, giving, or self-administering a drug

1 classified as a controlled substance for other than
2 medically accepted therapeutic purposes.

3 (28) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices,
4 appliances, or goods provided for a patient in a manner to
5 exploit the patient for financial gain.

6 (29) A pattern of practice or other behavior that
7 demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under
8 this Act.

9 (30) Violating State or federal laws or regulations
10 relating to controlled substances or other legend drugs or
11 ephedra as defined in the Ephedra Prohibition Act.

12 (31) (Blank). ~~Exceeding the prescriptive authority~~
13 ~~delegated by the collaborating physician or violating the~~
14 ~~written collaborative agreement delegating that authority.~~

15 (32) (Blank). ~~Practicing without providing to the~~
16 ~~Department a notice of collaboration or delegation of~~
17 ~~prescriptive authority.~~

18 (33) Failure to establish and maintain records of
19 patient care and treatment as required by law.

20 (34) Attempting to subvert or cheat on the examination
21 of the National Commission on Certification of Physician
22 Assistants or its successor agency.

23 (35) Willfully or negligently violating the
24 confidentiality between physician assistant and patient,
25 except as required by law.

26 (36) Willfully failing to report an instance of

1 suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or
2 self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and
3 required by the Adult Protective Services Act.

4 (37) Being named as an abuser in a verified report by
5 the Department on Aging under the Adult Protective
6 Services Act and upon proof by clear and convincing
7 evidence that the licensee abused, neglected, or
8 financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the
9 Adult Protective Services Act.

10 (38) Failure to report to the Department an adverse
11 final action taken against him or her by another licensing
12 jurisdiction of the United States or a foreign state or
13 country, a peer review body, a health care institution, a
14 professional society or association, a governmental
15 agency, a law enforcement agency, or a court acts or
16 conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute
17 grounds for action under this Section.

18 (39) Failure to provide copies of records of patient
19 care or treatment, except as required by law.

20 (40) (Blank). ~~Entering into an excessive number of~~
21 ~~written collaborative agreements with licensed physicians~~
22 ~~resulting in an inability to adequately collaborate.~~

23 (41) (Blank). ~~Repeated failure to adequately~~
24 ~~collaborate with a collaborating physician.~~

25 (42) Violating the Compassionate Use of Medical
26 Cannabis Program Act.

1 (b) The Department may, without a hearing, refuse to issue
2 or renew or may suspend the license of any person who fails to
3 file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in
4 a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of the tax,
5 penalty, or interest as required by any tax Act administered
6 by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the
7 requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

8 (b-5) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily
9 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or
10 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary
11 action against a person's authorization to practice under this
12 Act based solely upon the person providing, authorizing,
13 recommending, aiding, assisting, referring for, or otherwise
14 participating in any health care service, so long as the care
15 was not unlawful under the laws of this State, regardless of
16 whether the patient was a resident of this State or another
17 state.

18 (b-10) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily
19 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or
20 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary
21 action against a person's authorization to practice under this
22 Act based upon the person's license, registration, or permit
23 being revoked or suspended, or the person being otherwise
24 disciplined, by any other state if that revocation,
25 suspension, or other form of discipline was based solely on
26 the person violating another state's laws prohibiting the

1 provision of, authorization of, recommendation of, aiding or
2 assisting in, referring for, or participation in any health
3 care service if that health care service as provided would not
4 have been unlawful under the laws of this State and is
5 consistent with the applicable standard of conduct for a
6 person practicing in Illinois under this Act.

7 (b-15) The conduct specified in subsections (b-5) and
8 (b-10) shall not constitute grounds for suspension under
9 Section 22.13.

10 (b-20) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, or
11 authorization pursuant to this Act who has been subject to
12 disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional
13 disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on the
14 basis of having provided, authorized, recommended, aided,
15 assisted, referred for, or otherwise participated in health
16 care shall not be denied such licensure, certification, or
17 authorization, unless the Department determines that such
18 action would have constituted professional misconduct in this
19 State; however, nothing in this Section shall be construed as
20 prohibiting the Department from evaluating the conduct of such
21 applicant and making a determination regarding the licensure,
22 certification, or authorization to practice a profession under
23 this Act.

24 (c) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee
25 is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as
26 provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities

1 Code operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension will
2 end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no
3 longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission
4 and issues an order so finding and discharging the patient,
5 and upon the recommendation of the Board to the Secretary that
6 the licensee be allowed to resume his or her practice.

7 (d) In enforcing this Section, the Department upon a
8 showing of a possible violation may compel an individual
9 licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for
10 licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical
11 examination, or both, which may include a substance abuse or
12 sexual offender evaluation, as required by and at the expense
13 of the Department.

14 The Department shall specifically designate the examining
15 physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches
16 or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team involved in
17 providing the mental or physical examination or both. The
18 multidisciplinary team shall be led by a physician licensed to
19 practice medicine in all of its branches and may consist of one
20 or more or a combination of physicians licensed to practice
21 medicine in all of its branches, licensed clinical
22 psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed
23 clinical professional counselors, and other professional and
24 administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the
25 multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to
26 submit to an examination pursuant to this Section to submit to

1 any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to
2 complete any examination or evaluation process, including, but
3 not limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological
4 testing, or neuropsychological testing.

5 The Department may order the examining physician or any
6 member of the multidisciplinary team to provide to the
7 Department any and all records, including business records,
8 that relate to the examination and evaluation, including any
9 supplemental testing performed.

10 The Department may order the examining physician or any
11 member of the multidisciplinary team to present testimony
12 concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee
13 or applicant. No information, report, record, or other
14 documents in any way related to the examination shall be
15 excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege
16 relating to communications between the licensee or applicant
17 and the examining physician or any member of the
18 multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the
19 licensee or applicant ordered to undergo an examination for
20 the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary
21 team to provide information, reports, records, or other
22 documents or to provide any testimony regarding the
23 examination and evaluation.

24 The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own
25 expense, another physician of his or her choice present during
26 all aspects of this examination. However, that physician shall

1 be present only to observe and may not interfere in any way
2 with the examination.

3 Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical
4 examination, when ordered, shall result in an automatic
5 suspension of his or her license until the individual submits
6 to the examination.

7 If the Department finds an individual unable to practice
8 because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the
9 Department may require that individual to submit to care,
10 counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated
11 by the Department, as a condition, term, or restriction for
12 continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice; or,
13 in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Department may
14 file a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise
15 discipline the license of the individual. An individual whose
16 license was granted, continued, reinstated, renewed,
17 disciplined, or supervised subject to such terms, conditions,
18 or restrictions, and who fails to comply with such terms,
19 conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to the
20 Secretary for a determination as to whether the individual
21 shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a
22 hearing by the Department.

23 In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a
24 person's license under this Section, a hearing on that
25 person's license must be convened by the Department within 30
26 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable

1 delay. The Department shall have the authority to review the
2 subject individual's record of treatment and counseling
3 regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable
4 federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the
5 confidentiality of medical records.

6 An individual licensed under this Act and affected under
7 this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate
8 to the Department that he or she can resume practice in
9 compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the
10 provisions of his or her license.

11 (e) An individual or organization acting in good faith,
12 and not in a willful and wanton manner, in complying with this
13 Section by providing a report or other information to the
14 Board, by assisting in the investigation or preparation of a
15 report or information, by participating in proceedings of the
16 Board, or by serving as a member of the Board, shall not be
17 subject to criminal prosecution or civil damages as a result
18 of such actions.

19 (f) Members of the Board shall be indemnified by the State
20 for any actions occurring within the scope of services on the
21 Board, done in good faith and not willful and wanton in nature.
22 The Attorney General shall defend all such actions unless he
23 or she determines either that there would be a conflict of
24 interest in such representation or that the actions complained
25 of were not in good faith or were willful and wanton.

26 If the Attorney General declines representation, the

1 member has the right to employ counsel of his or her choice,
2 whose fees shall be provided by the State, after approval by
3 the Attorney General, unless there is a determination by a
4 court that the member's actions were not in good faith or were
5 willful and wanton.

6 The member must notify the Attorney General within 7 days
7 after receipt of notice of the initiation of any action
8 involving services of the Board. Failure to so notify the
9 Attorney General constitutes an absolute waiver of the right
10 to a defense and indemnification.

11 The Attorney General shall determine, within 7 days after
12 receiving such notice, whether he or she will undertake to
13 represent the member.

14 (g) The Department may adopt rules to implement,
15 administer, and enforce this Section.

16 (Source: P.A. 104-432, eff. 1-1-26.)

17 Section 10. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
18 amended by changing Sections 102 and 303.05 as follows:

19 (720 ILCS 570/102) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1102)

20 Sec. 102. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the
21 context otherwise requires:

22 (a) "Person with a substance use disorder" means any
23 person who has a substance use disorder diagnosis defined as a
24 spectrum of persistent and recurring problematic behavior that

1 encompasses 10 separate classes of drugs: alcohol; caffeine;
2 cannabis; hallucinogens; inhalants; opioids; sedatives,
3 hypnotics and anxiolytics; stimulants; and tobacco; and other
4 unknown substances leading to clinically significant
5 impairment or distress.

6 (b) "Administer" means the direct application of a
7 controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation,
8 ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient,
9 research subject, or animal (as defined by the Humane
10 Euthanasia in Animal Shelters Act) by:

11 (1) a practitioner (or, in his or her presence, by his
12 or her authorized agent),

13 (2) the patient or research subject pursuant to an
14 order, or

15 (3) a euthanasia technician as defined by the Humane
16 Euthanasia in Animal Shelters Act.

17 (c) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf
18 of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor,
19 dispenser, prescriber, or practitioner. It does not include a
20 common or contract carrier, public warehouseman or employee of
21 the carrier or warehouseman.

22 (c-1) "Anabolic Steroids" means any drug or hormonal
23 substance, chemically and pharmacologically related to
24 testosterone (other than estrogens, progestins,
25 corticosteroids, and dehydroepiandrosterone), and includes:

26 (i) 3[beta],17-dihydroxy-5a-androstane,

- (ii) 3[alpha],17[beta]-dihydroxy-5a-androstane,
(iii) 5[alpha]-androstan-3,17-dione,
(iv) 1-androstenediol (3[beta],
17[beta]-dihydroxy-5[alpha]-androst-1-ene),
(v) 1-androstenediol (3[alpha],
17[beta]-dihydroxy-5[alpha]-androst-1-ene),
(vi) 4-androstenediol
(3[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxy-androst-4-ene),
(vii) 5-androstenediol
(3[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxy-androst-5-ene),
(viii) 1-androstenedione
([5alpha]-androst-1-en-3,17-dione),
(ix) 4-androstenedione
(androst-4-en-3,17-dione),
(x) 5-androstenedione
(androst-5-en-3,17-dione),
(xi) bolasterone (7[alpha],17a-dimethyl-17[beta]-
hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
(xii) boldenone (17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-
1,4,-diene-3-one),
(xiii) boldione (androsta-1,4-
diene-3,17-dione),
(xiv) calusterone (7[beta],17[alpha]-dimethyl-17
[beta]-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
(xv) clostebol (4-chloro-17[beta]-
hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),

(xvi) dehydrochloromethyltestosterone (4-chloro-
17[beta]-hydroxy-17[alpha]-methyl-
androst-1,4-dien-3-one),
(xvii) desoxymethyltestosterone
(17[alpha]-methyl-5[alpha]
-androst-2-en-17[beta]-ol) (a.k.a., madol),
(xviii) [delta]1-dihydrotestosterone (a.k.a.
'1-testosterone') (17[beta]-hydroxy-
5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one),
(xix) 4-dihydrotestosterone (17[beta]-hydroxy-
androstan-3-one),
(xx) drostanolone (17[beta]-hydroxy-2[alpha]-methyl-
5[alpha]-androstan-3-one),
(xxi) ethylestrenol (17[alpha]-ethyl-17[beta]-
hydroxyestr-4-ene),
(xxii) fluoxymesterone (9-fluoro-17[alpha]-methyl-
1[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
(xxiii) formebolone (2-formyl-17[alpha]-methyl-11[alpha],
17[beta]-dihydroxyandrost-1,4-dien-3-one),
(xxiv) furazabol (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
hydroxyandrostano[2,3-c]-furazan),
(xxv) 13[beta]-ethyl-17[beta]-hydroxygon-4-en-3-one,
(xxvi) 4-hydroxytestosterone (4,17[beta]-dihydroxy-
androst-4-en-3-one),
(xxvii) 4-hydroxy-19-nortestosterone (4,17[beta]-
dihydroxy-estr-4-en-3-one),

(xxviii) mestanolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-5-androstan-3-one),
(xxix) mesterolone (1-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-5[alpha]-androstan-3-one),
(xxx) methandienone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-1,4-dien-3-one),
(xxxi) methandriol (17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxyandrost-5-ene),
(xxxii) methenolone (1-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one),
(xxxiii) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta], 17[beta]-dihydroxy-5a-androstane,
(xxxiv) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[alpha],17[beta]-dihydroxy-5a-androstane,
(xxxv) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxyandrost-4-ene),
(xxxvi) 17[alpha]-methyl-4-hydroxynandrolone (17[alpha]-methyl-4-hydroxy-17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
(xxxvii) methyldienolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxyestra-4,9(10)-dien-3-one),
(xxxviii) methyltrienolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxyestra-4,9-11-trien-3-one),
(xxxix) methyltestosterone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
(xl) mibolerone (7[alpha],17a-dimethyl-17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),

(xli) 17[alpha]-methyl-[delta]1-dihydrotestosterone
(17b[beta]-hydroxy-17[alpha]-methyl-5[alpha]-
androst-1-en-3-one) (a.k.a. '17-[alpha]-methyl-
1-testosterone'),
(xlii) nandrolone (17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
(xliii) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3[beta], 17[beta]-
dihydroxyestr-4-ene),
(xliv) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3[alpha], 17[beta]-
dihydroxyestr-4-ene),
(xlv) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3[beta], 17[beta]-
dihydroxyestr-5-ene),
(xlvi) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3[alpha], 17[beta]-
dihydroxyestr-5-ene),
(xlvii) 19-nor-4,9(10)-androstadienedione
(estra-4,9(10)-diene-3,17-dione),
(xlviii) 19-nor-4-androstenedione (estr-4-
en-3,17-dione),
(xlix) 19-nor-5-androstenedione (estr-5-
en-3,17-dione),
(l) norbolethone (13[beta], 17a-diethyl-17[beta]-
hydroxygon-4-en-3-one),
(li) norclostebol (4-chloro-17[beta]-
hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
(lii) norethandrolone (17[alpha]-ethyl-17[beta]-
hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
(liii) normethandrolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-

1 hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
2 (liv) oxandrolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-
3 2-oxa-5[alpha]-androstan-3-one),
4 (lv) oxymesterone (17[alpha]-methyl-4,17[beta]-
5 dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
6 (lvi) oxymetholone (17[alpha]-methyl-2-hydroxymethylene-
7 17[beta]-hydroxy-(5[alpha]-androstan-3-one),
8 (lvii) stanozolol (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-
9 (5[alpha]-androst-2-eno[3,2-c]-pyrazole),
10 (lviii) stenbolone (17[beta]-hydroxy-2-methyl-
11 (5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one),
12 (lix) testolactone (13-hydroxy-3-oxo-13,17-
13 secoandrosta-1,4-dien-17-oic
14 acid lactone),
15 (lx) testosterone (17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-
16 4-en-3-one),
17 (lxi) tetrahydrogestrinone (13[beta], 17[alpha]-
18 diethyl-17[beta]-hydroxygon-
19 4,9,11-trien-3-one),
20 (lxii) trenbolone (17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4,9,
21 11-trien-3-one).

22 Any person who is otherwise lawfully in possession of an
23 anabolic steroid, or who otherwise lawfully manufactures,
24 distributes, dispenses, delivers, or possesses with intent to
25 deliver an anabolic steroid, which anabolic steroid is
26 expressly intended for and lawfully allowed to be administered

1 through implants to livestock or other nonhuman species, and
2 which is approved by the Secretary of Health and Human
3 Services for such administration, and which the person intends
4 to administer or have administered through such implants,
5 shall not be considered to be in unauthorized possession or to
6 unlawfully manufacture, distribute, dispense, deliver, or
7 possess with intent to deliver such anabolic steroid for
8 purposes of this Act.

9 (d) "Administration" means the Drug Enforcement
10 Administration, United States Department of Justice, or its
11 successor agency.

12 (d-5) "Clinical Director, Prescription Monitoring Program"
13 means a Department of Human Services administrative employee
14 licensed to either prescribe or dispense controlled substances
15 who shall run the clinical aspects of the Department of Human
16 Services Prescription Monitoring Program and its Prescription
17 Information Library.

18 (d-10) "Compounding" means the preparation and mixing of
19 components, excluding flavorings, (1) as the result of a
20 prescriber's prescription drug order or initiative based on
21 the prescriber-patient-pharmacist relationship in the course
22 of professional practice or (2) for the purpose of, or
23 incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not
24 for sale or dispensing. "Compounding" includes the preparation
25 of drugs or devices in anticipation of receiving prescription
26 drug orders based on routine, regularly observed dispensing

1 patterns. Commercially available products may be compounded
2 for dispensing to individual patients only if both of the
3 following conditions are met: (i) the commercial product is
4 not reasonably available from normal distribution channels in
5 a timely manner to meet the patient's needs and (ii) the
6 prescribing practitioner has requested that the drug be
7 compounded.

8 (e) "Control" means to add a drug or other substance, or
9 immediate precursor, to a Schedule whether by transfer from
10 another Schedule or otherwise.

11 (f) "Controlled Substance" means (i) a drug, substance,
12 immediate precursor, or synthetic drug in the Schedules of
13 Article II of this Act or (ii) a drug or other substance, or
14 immediate precursor, designated as a controlled substance by
15 the Department through administrative rule. The term does not
16 include distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or tobacco,
17 as those terms are defined or used in the Liquor Control Act of
18 1934 and the Tobacco Products Tax Act of 1995.

19 (f-5) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance:

20 (1) the chemical structure of which is substantially
21 similar to the chemical structure of a controlled
22 substance in Schedule I or II;

23 (2) which has a stimulant, depressant, or
24 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that
25 is substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant,
26 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central

1 nervous system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or
2 II; or

3 (3) with respect to a particular person, which such
4 person represents or intends to have a stimulant,
5 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central
6 nervous system that is substantially similar to or greater
7 than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect
8 on the central nervous system of a controlled substance in
9 Schedule I or II.

10 (g) "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance,
11 which, or the container or labeling of which, without
12 authorization bears the trademark, trade name, or other
13 identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any likeness
14 thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser other
15 than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed, or
16 dispensed the substance.

17 (h) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive
18 or attempted transfer of possession of a controlled substance,
19 with or without consideration, whether or not there is an
20 agency relationship. "Deliver" or "delivery" does not include
21 the donation of drugs to the extent permitted under the
22 Illinois Drug Reuse Opportunity Program Act.

23 (i) "Department" means the Illinois Department of Human
24 Services (as successor to the Department of Alcoholism and
25 Substance Abuse) or its successor agency.

26 (j) (Blank).

1 (k) "Department of Corrections" means the Department of
2 Corrections of the State of Illinois or its successor agency.

3 (l) "Department of Financial and Professional Regulation"
4 means the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation
5 of the State of Illinois or its successor agency.

6 (m) "Depressant" means any drug that (i) causes an overall
7 depression of central nervous system functions, (ii) causes
8 impaired consciousness and awareness, and (iii) can be
9 habit-forming or lead to a substance misuse or substance use
10 disorder, including, but not limited to, alcohol, cannabis and
11 its active principles and their analogs, benzodiazepines and
12 their analogs, barbiturates and their analogs, opioids
13 (natural and synthetic) and their analogs, and chloral hydrate
14 and similar sedative hypnotics.

15 (n) (Blank).

16 (o) "Director" means the Director of the Illinois State
17 Police or his or her designated agents.

18 (p) "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to
19 an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the
20 lawful order of a prescriber, including the prescribing,
21 administering, packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary
22 to prepare the substance for that delivery.

23 (q) "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.

24 (r) "Distribute" means to deliver, other than by
25 administering or dispensing, a controlled substance.

26 (s) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.

1 (t) "Drug" means (1) substances recognized as drugs in the
2 official United States Pharmacopoeia, Official Homeopathic
3 Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National
4 Formulary, or any supplement to any of them; (2) substances
5 intended for use in diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or
6 prevention of disease in man or animals; (3) substances (other
7 than food) intended to affect the structure of any function of
8 the body of man or animals and (4) substances intended for use
9 as a component of any article specified in clause (1), (2), or
10 (3) of this subsection. It does not include devices or their
11 components, parts, or accessories.

12 (t-3) "Electronic health record" or "EHR" means an
13 electronic record of health-related information on an
14 individual that is created, gathered, managed, and consulted
15 by authorized health care clinicians and staff.

16 (t-3.5) "Electronic health record system" or "EHR system"
17 means any computer-based system or combination of federally
18 certified Health IT Modules (defined at 42 CFR 170.102 or its
19 successor) used as a repository for electronic health records
20 and accessed or updated by a prescriber or authorized
21 surrogate in the ordinary course of his or her medical
22 practice. For purposes of connecting to the Prescription
23 Information Library maintained by the Bureau of Pharmacy and
24 Clinical Support Systems or its successor, an EHR system may
25 connect to the Prescription Information Library directly or
26 through all or part of a computer program or system that is a

1 federally certified Health IT Module maintained by a third
2 party and used by the EHR system to secure access to the
3 database.

4 (t-4) "Emergency medical services personnel" has the
5 meaning ascribed to it in the Emergency Medical Services (EMS)
6 Systems Act.

7 (t-5) "Euthanasia agency" means an entity certified by the
8 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation for the
9 purpose of animal euthanasia that holds an animal control
10 facility license or animal shelter license under the Animal
11 Welfare Act. A euthanasia agency is authorized to purchase,
12 store, possess, and utilize Schedule II nonnarcotic and
13 Schedule III nonnarcotic drugs for the sole purpose of animal
14 euthanasia.

15 (t-10) "Euthanasia drugs" means Schedule II or Schedule
16 III substances (nonnarcotic controlled substances) that are
17 used by a euthanasia agency for the purpose of animal
18 euthanasia.

19 (u) "Good faith" means the prescribing or dispensing of a
20 controlled substance by a practitioner in the regular course
21 of professional treatment to or for any person who is under his
22 or her treatment for a pathology or condition other than that
23 individual's physical or psychological dependence upon a
24 controlled substance, except as provided herein: and
25 application of the term to a pharmacist shall mean the
26 dispensing of a controlled substance pursuant to the

1 prescriber's order which in the professional judgment of the
2 pharmacist is lawful. The pharmacist shall be guided by
3 accepted professional standards, including, but not limited
4 to, the following, in making the judgment:

5 (1) lack of consistency of prescriber-patient
6 relationship,

7 (2) frequency of prescriptions for same drug by one
8 prescriber for large numbers of patients,

9 (3) quantities beyond those normally prescribed,

10 (4) unusual dosages (recognizing that there may be
11 clinical circumstances where more or less than the usual
12 dose may be used legitimately),

13 (5) unusual geographic distances between patient,
14 pharmacist and prescriber,

15 (6) consistent prescribing of habit-forming drugs.

16 (u-0.5) "Hallucinogen" means a drug that causes markedly
17 altered sensory perception leading to hallucinations of any
18 type.

19 (u-1) "Home infusion services" means services provided by
20 a pharmacy in compounding solutions for direct administration
21 to a patient in a private residence, long-term care facility,
22 or hospice setting by means of parenteral, intravenous,
23 intramuscular, subcutaneous, or intraspinal infusion.

24 (u-5) "Illinois State Police" means the Illinois State
25 Police or its successor agency.

26 (v) "Immediate precursor" means a substance:

1 (1) which the Department has found to be and by rule
2 designated as being a principal compound used, or produced
3 primarily for use, in the manufacture of a controlled
4 substance;

5 (2) which is an immediate chemical intermediary used
6 or likely to be used in the manufacture of such controlled
7 substance; and

8 (3) the control of which is necessary to prevent,
9 curtail or limit the manufacture of such controlled
10 substance.

11 (w) "Instructional activities" means the acts of teaching,
12 educating or instructing by practitioners using controlled
13 substances within educational facilities approved by the State
14 Board of Education or its successor agency.

15 (x) "Local authorities" means a duly organized State,
16 County or Municipal peace unit or police force.

17 (y) "Look-alike substance" means a substance, other than a
18 controlled substance which (1) by overall dosage unit
19 appearance, including shape, color, size, markings or lack
20 thereof, taste, consistency, or any other identifying physical
21 characteristic of the substance, would lead a reasonable
22 person to believe that the substance is a controlled
23 substance, or (2) is expressly or impliedly represented to be
24 a controlled substance or is distributed under circumstances
25 which would lead a reasonable person to believe that the
26 substance is a controlled substance. For the purpose of

1 determining whether the representations made or the
2 circumstances of the distribution would lead a reasonable
3 person to believe the substance to be a controlled substance
4 under this clause (2) of subsection (y), the court or other
5 authority may consider the following factors in addition to
6 any other factor that may be relevant:

7 (a) statements made by the owner or person in control
8 of the substance concerning its nature, use or effect;

9 (b) statements made to the buyer or recipient that the
10 substance may be resold for profit;

11 (c) whether the substance is packaged in a manner
12 normally used for the illegal distribution of controlled
13 substances;

14 (d) whether the distribution or attempted distribution
15 included an exchange of or demand for money or other
16 property as consideration, and whether the amount of the
17 consideration was substantially greater than the
18 reasonable retail market value of the substance.

19 Clause (1) of this subsection (y) shall not apply to a
20 noncontrolled substance in its finished dosage form that was
21 initially introduced into commerce prior to the initial
22 introduction into commerce of a controlled substance in its
23 finished dosage form which it may substantially resemble.

24 Nothing in this subsection (y) prohibits the dispensing or
25 distributing of noncontrolled substances by persons authorized
26 to dispense and distribute controlled substances under this

1 Act, provided that such action would be deemed to be carried
2 out in good faith under subsection (u) if the substances
3 involved were controlled substances.

4 Nothing in this subsection (y) or in this Act prohibits
5 the manufacture, preparation, propagation, compounding,
6 processing, packaging, advertising or distribution of a drug
7 or drugs by any person registered pursuant to Section 510 of
8 the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360).

9 (y-1) "Mail-order pharmacy" means a pharmacy that is
10 located in a state of the United States that delivers,
11 dispenses or distributes, through the United States Postal
12 Service or other common carrier, to Illinois residents, any
13 substance which requires a prescription.

14 (z) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation,
15 propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a
16 controlled substance other than methamphetamine, either
17 directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of
18 natural origin, or independently by means of chemical
19 synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical
20 synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the
21 substance or labeling of its container, except that this term
22 does not include:

23 (1) by an ultimate user, the preparation or
24 compounding of a controlled substance for his or her own
25 use;

26 (2) by a practitioner, or his or her authorized agent

1 under his or her supervision, the preparation,
2 compounding, packaging, or labeling of a controlled
3 substance:

4 (a) as an incident to his or her administering or
5 dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of
6 his or her professional practice; or

7 (b) as an incident to lawful research, teaching or
8 chemical analysis and not for sale; or

9 (3) the packaging, repackaging, or labeling of drugs
10 only to the extent permitted under the Illinois Drug Reuse
11 Opportunity Program Act.

12 (z-1) (Blank).

13 (z-5) "Medication shopping" means the conduct prohibited
14 under subsection (a) of Section 314.5 of this Act.

15 (z-10) "Mid-level practitioner" means (i) a physician
16 assistant ~~who has been delegated authority to prescribe~~
17 ~~through a written delegation of authority by a physician~~
18 ~~licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, in~~
19 ~~accordance with Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant~~
20 ~~Practice Act of 1987,~~ (ii) an advanced practice registered
21 nurse who has been delegated authority to prescribe through a
22 written delegation of authority by a physician licensed to
23 practice medicine in all of its branches or by a podiatric
24 physician, in accordance with Section 65-40 of the Nurse
25 Practice Act, (iii) an advanced practice registered nurse
26 certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical

1 nurse specialist who has been granted authority to prescribe
2 by a hospital affiliate in accordance with Section 65-45 of
3 the Nurse Practice Act, (iv) an animal euthanasia agency, or
4 (v) a prescribing psychologist.

5 (aa) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether
6 produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances
7 of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical
8 synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical
9 synthesis:

10 (1) opium, opiates, derivatives of opium and opiates,
11 including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts
12 of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of
13 such isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within
14 the specific chemical designation; however the term
15 "narcotic drug" does not include the isoquinoline
16 alkaloids of opium;

17 (2) (blank);

18 (3) opium poppy and poppy straw;

19 (4) coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of
20 coca leaves from which substantially all of the cocaine
21 and ecgonine, and their isomers, derivatives and salts,
22 have been removed;

23 (5) cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers,
24 and salts of isomers;

25 (6) ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers,
26 and salts of isomers;

1 (7) any compound, mixture, or preparation which
2 contains any quantity of any of the substances referred to
3 in subparagraphs (1) through (6).

4 (bb) "Nurse" means a registered nurse licensed under the
5 Nurse Practice Act.

6 (cc) (Blank).

7 (dd) "Opiate" means a drug derived from or related to
8 opium.

9 (ee) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species *Papaver*
10 *somniferum* L., except its seeds.

11 (ee-5) "Oral dosage" means a tablet, capsule, elixir, or
12 solution or other liquid form of medication intended for
13 administration by mouth, but the term does not include a form
14 of medication intended for buccal, sublingual, or transmucosal
15 administration.

16 (ff) "Parole and Pardon Board" means the Parole and Pardon
17 Board of the State of Illinois or its successor agency.

18 (gg) "Person" means any individual, corporation,
19 mail-order pharmacy, government or governmental subdivision or
20 agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or
21 association, or any other entity.

22 (hh) "Pharmacist" means any person who holds a license or
23 certificate of registration as a registered pharmacist, a
24 local registered pharmacist or a registered assistant
25 pharmacist under the Pharmacy Practice Act.

26 (ii) "Pharmacy" means any store, ship or other place in

1 which pharmacy is authorized to be practiced under the
2 Pharmacy Practice Act.

3 (ii-5) "Pharmacy shopping" means the conduct prohibited
4 under subsection (b) of Section 314.5 of this Act.

5 (ii-10) "Physician" (except when the context otherwise
6 requires) means a person licensed to practice medicine in all
7 of its branches.

8 (jj) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of
9 the opium poppy, after mowing.

10 (kk) "Practitioner" means a physician licensed to practice
11 medicine in all its branches, dentist, optometrist, podiatric
12 physician, veterinarian, scientific investigator, pharmacist,
13 physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse,
14 licensed practical nurse, registered nurse, emergency medical
15 services personnel, hospital, laboratory, or pharmacy, or
16 other person licensed, registered, or otherwise lawfully
17 permitted by the United States or this State to distribute,
18 dispense, conduct research with respect to, administer or use
19 in teaching or chemical analysis, a controlled substance in
20 the course of professional practice or research.

21 (ll) "Pre-printed prescription" means a written
22 prescription upon which the designated drug has been indicated
23 prior to the time of issuance; the term does not mean a written
24 prescription that is individually generated by machine or
25 computer in the prescriber's office.

26 (mm) "Prescriber" means a physician licensed to practice

1 medicine in all its branches, dentist, optometrist,
2 prescribing psychologist licensed under Section 4.2 of the
3 Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act with prescriptive
4 authority delegated under Section 4.3 of the Clinical
5 Psychologist Licensing Act, podiatric physician, or
6 veterinarian who issues a prescription, a physician assistant
7 who issues a prescription for a controlled substance in
8 accordance with Section 303.05, ~~a written delegation, and a~~
9 ~~written collaborative agreement required under Section 7.5 of~~
10 ~~the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987,~~ an advanced
11 practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority
12 delegated under Section 65-40 of the Nurse Practice Act and in
13 accordance with Section 303.05, a written delegation, and a
14 written collaborative agreement under Section 65-35 of the
15 Nurse Practice Act, an advanced practice registered nurse
16 certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical
17 nurse specialist who has been granted authority to prescribe
18 by a hospital affiliate in accordance with Section 65-45 of
19 the Nurse Practice Act and in accordance with Section 303.05,
20 or an advanced practice registered nurse certified as a nurse
21 practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist who
22 has full practice authority pursuant to Section 65-43 of the
23 Nurse Practice Act.

24 (nn) "Prescription" means a written, facsimile, or oral
25 order, or an electronic order that complies with applicable
26 federal requirements, of a physician licensed to practice

1 medicine in all its branches, dentist, podiatric physician or
2 veterinarian for any controlled substance, of an optometrist
3 in accordance with Section 15.1 of the Illinois Optometric
4 Practice Act of 1987, of a prescribing psychologist licensed
5 under Section 4.2 of the Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act
6 with prescriptive authority delegated under Section 4.3 of the
7 Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act, of a physician assistant
8 for a controlled substance in accordance with Section 303.05,
9 a written delegation, and a written collaborative agreement
10 required under Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant Practice
11 Act of 1987, of an advanced practice registered nurse with
12 prescriptive authority delegated under Section 65-40 of the
13 Nurse Practice Act who issues a prescription for a controlled
14 substance in accordance with Section 303.05, a written
15 delegation, and a written collaborative agreement under
16 Section 65-35 of the Nurse Practice Act, of an advanced
17 practice registered nurse certified as a nurse practitioner,
18 nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist who has been
19 granted authority to prescribe by a hospital affiliate in
20 accordance with Section 65-45 of the Nurse Practice Act and in
21 accordance with Section 303.05 when required by law, or of an
22 advanced practice registered nurse certified as a nurse
23 practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist who
24 has full practice authority pursuant to Section 65-43 of the
25 Nurse Practice Act.

26 (nn-5) "Prescription Information Library" (PIL) means an

1 electronic library that contains reported controlled substance
2 data.

3 (nn-10) "Prescription Monitoring Program" (PMP) means the
4 entity that collects, tracks, and stores reported data on
5 controlled substances and select drugs pursuant to Section
6 316.

7 (oo) "Production" or "produce" means manufacture,
8 planting, cultivating, growing, or harvesting of a controlled
9 substance other than methamphetamine.

10 (pp) "Registrant" means every person who is required to
11 register under Section 302 of this Act.

12 (qq) "Registry number" means the number assigned to each
13 person authorized to handle controlled substances under the
14 laws of the United States and of this State.

15 (qq-5) "Secretary" means, as the context requires, either
16 the Secretary of the Department or the Secretary of the
17 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, and the
18 Secretary's designated agents.

19 (rr) "State" includes the State of Illinois and any state,
20 district, commonwealth, territory, insular possession thereof,
21 and any area subject to the legal authority of the United
22 States of America.

23 (rr-5) "Stimulant" means any drug that (i) causes an
24 overall excitation of central nervous system functions, (ii)
25 causes impaired consciousness and awareness, and (iii) can be
26 habit-forming or lead to a substance use disorder, including,

1 but not limited to, amphetamines and their analogs,
2 methylphenidate and its analogs, cocaine, and phencyclidine
3 and its analogs.

4 (rr-10) "Synthetic drug" includes, but is not limited to,
5 any synthetic cannabinoids or piperazines or any synthetic
6 cathinones as provided for in Schedule I.

7 (ss) "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses
8 a controlled substance for his or her own use or for the use of
9 a member of his or her household or for administering to an
10 animal owned by him or her or by a member of his or her
11 household.

12 (Source: P.A. 102-389, eff. 1-1-22; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
13 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 103-881, eff. 1-1-25.)

14 (720 ILCS 570/303.05)

15 Sec. 303.05. Mid-level practitioner registration.

16 (a) The Department of Financial and Professional
17 Regulation shall register licensed physician assistants,
18 licensed advanced practice registered nurses, and prescribing
19 psychologists licensed under Section 4.2 of the Clinical
20 Psychologist Licensing Act to prescribe and dispense
21 controlled substances under Section 303 and euthanasia
22 agencies to purchase, store, or administer animal euthanasia
23 drugs under the following circumstances:

24 (1) with respect to physician assistants,

25 ~~(A) the physician assistant has been delegated~~

1 ~~written authority to prescribe any Schedule III~~
2 ~~through V controlled substances by a physician~~
3 ~~licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in~~
4 ~~accordance with Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant~~
5 ~~Practice Act of 1987; and the physician assistant has~~
6 ~~completed the appropriate application forms and has~~
7 ~~paid the required fees as set by rule; or~~

8 ~~(B) the physician assistant has been delegated~~
9 ~~authority by a collaborating physician licensed to~~
10 ~~practice medicine in all its branches to prescribe or~~
11 ~~dispense Schedule II controlled substances through a~~
12 ~~written delegation of authority and under the~~
13 ~~following conditions:~~

14 ~~(i) Specific Schedule II controlled substances~~
15 ~~by oral dosage or topical or transdermal~~
16 ~~application may be delegated, provided that the~~
17 ~~delegated Schedule II controlled substances are~~
18 ~~routinely prescribed by the collaborating~~
19 ~~physician. This delegation must identify the~~
20 ~~specific Schedule II controlled substances by~~
21 ~~either brand name or generic name. Schedule II~~
22 ~~controlled substances to be delivered by injection~~
23 ~~or other route of administration may not be~~
24 ~~delegated;~~

25 ~~(ii) any delegation must be of controlled~~
26 ~~substances prescribed by the collaborating~~

1 ~~physician;~~

2 ~~(iii) all prescriptions must be limited to no~~
3 ~~more than a 30-day supply, with any continuation~~
4 ~~authorized only after prior approval of the~~
5 ~~collaborating physician;~~

6 ~~(iv) the physician assistant must discuss the~~
7 ~~condition of any patients for whom a controlled~~
8 ~~substance is prescribed monthly with the~~
9 ~~delegating physician;~~

10 (A) ~~(v)~~ the physician assistant must have
11 completed the appropriate application forms and paid
12 the required fees as set by rule;

13 (B) ~~(vi)~~ the physician assistant must provide
14 evidence of satisfactory completion of 45 contact
15 hours in pharmacology from any physician assistant
16 program accredited by the Accreditation Review
17 Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant
18 (ARC-PA), or its predecessor agency, for any new
19 license issued with Schedule II authority after the
20 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th
21 General Assembly; and

22 (C) ~~(vii)~~ the physician assistant must annually
23 complete at least 5 hours of continuing education in
24 pharmacology;

25 (2) with respect to advanced practice registered
26 nurses who do not meet the requirements of Section 65-43

1 of the Nurse Practice Act,

2 (A) the advanced practice registered nurse has
3 been delegated authority to prescribe any Schedule III
4 through V controlled substances by a collaborating
5 physician licensed to practice medicine in all its
6 branches or a collaborating podiatric physician in
7 accordance with Section 65-40 of the Nurse Practice
8 Act. The advanced practice registered nurse has
9 completed the appropriate application forms and has
10 paid the required fees as set by rule; or

11 (B) the advanced practice registered nurse has
12 been delegated authority by a collaborating physician
13 licensed to practice medicine in all its branches to
14 prescribe or dispense Schedule II controlled
15 substances through a written delegation of authority
16 and under the following conditions:

17 (i) specific Schedule II controlled substances
18 by oral dosage or topical or transdermal
19 application may be delegated, provided that the
20 delegated Schedule II controlled substances are
21 routinely prescribed by the collaborating
22 physician. This delegation must identify the
23 specific Schedule II controlled substances by
24 either brand name or generic name. Schedule II
25 controlled substances to be delivered by injection
26 or other route of administration may not be

1 delegated;

2 (ii) any delegation must be of controlled
3 substances prescribed by the collaborating
4 physician;

5 (iii) all prescriptions must be limited to no
6 more than a 30-day supply, with any continuation
7 authorized only after prior approval of the
8 collaborating physician;

9 (iv) the advanced practice registered nurse
10 must discuss the condition of any patients for
11 whom a controlled substance is prescribed monthly
12 with the delegating physician or in the course of
13 review as required by Section 65-40 of the Nurse
14 Practice Act;

15 (v) the advanced practice registered nurse
16 must have completed the appropriate application
17 forms and paid the required fees as set by rule;

18 (vi) the advanced practice registered nurse
19 must provide evidence of satisfactory completion
20 of at least 45 graduate contact hours in
21 pharmacology for any new license issued with
22 Schedule II authority after the effective date of
23 this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly;
24 and

25 (vii) the advanced practice registered nurse
26 must annually complete 5 hours of continuing

1 education in pharmacology;

2 (2.5) with respect to advanced practice registered
3 nurses certified as nurse practitioners, nurse midwives,
4 or clinical nurse specialists who do not meet the
5 requirements of Section 65-43 of the Nurse Practice Act
6 practicing in a hospital affiliate,

7 (A) the advanced practice registered nurse
8 certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or
9 clinical nurse specialist has been privileged to
10 prescribe any Schedule II through V controlled
11 substances by the hospital affiliate upon the
12 recommendation of the appropriate physician committee
13 of the hospital affiliate in accordance with Section
14 65-45 of the Nurse Practice Act, has completed the
15 appropriate application forms, and has paid the
16 required fees as set by rule; and

17 (B) an advanced practice registered nurse
18 certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or
19 clinical nurse specialist has been privileged to
20 prescribe any Schedule II controlled substances by the
21 hospital affiliate upon the recommendation of the
22 appropriate physician committee of the hospital
23 affiliate, then the following conditions must be met:

24 (i) specific Schedule II controlled substances
25 by oral dosage or topical or transdermal
26 application may be designated, provided that the

1 designated Schedule II controlled substances are
2 routinely prescribed by advanced practice
3 registered nurses in their area of certification;
4 the privileging documents must identify the
5 specific Schedule II controlled substances by
6 either brand name or generic name; privileges to
7 prescribe or dispense Schedule II controlled
8 substances to be delivered by injection or other
9 route of administration may not be granted;

10 (ii) any privileges must be controlled
11 substances limited to the practice of the advanced
12 practice registered nurse;

13 (iii) any prescription must be limited to no
14 more than a 30-day supply;

15 (iv) the advanced practice registered nurse
16 must discuss the condition of any patients for
17 whom a controlled substance is prescribed monthly
18 with the appropriate physician committee of the
19 hospital affiliate or its physician designee; and

20 (v) the advanced practice registered nurse
21 must meet the education requirements of this
22 Section;

23 (3) with respect to animal euthanasia agencies, the
24 euthanasia agency has obtained a license from the
25 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and
26 obtained a registration number from the Department; or

1 (4) with respect to prescribing psychologists, the
2 prescribing psychologist has been delegated authority to
3 prescribe any nonnarcotic Schedule III through V
4 controlled substances by a collaborating physician
5 licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in
6 accordance with Section 4.3 of the Clinical Psychologist
7 Licensing Act, and the prescribing psychologist has
8 completed the appropriate application forms and has paid
9 the required fees as set by rule.

10 (b) The mid-level practitioner shall only be licensed to
11 prescribe those schedules of controlled substances for which a
12 licensed physician has delegated prescriptive authority,
13 except that an animal euthanasia agency does not have any
14 prescriptive authority and a physician assistant shall have
15 prescriptive authority in accordance with the Physician
16 Assistant Practice Act of 1987 without delegation by a
17 physician. ~~An A-physician assistant and an~~ advanced practice
18 registered nurse ~~is are~~ prohibited from prescribing
19 medications and controlled substances not set forth in the
20 required written delegation of authority or as authorized by
21 their practice Act.

22 (c) Upon completion of all registration requirements,
23 physician assistants, advanced practice registered nurses, and
24 animal euthanasia agencies may be issued a mid-level
25 practitioner controlled substances license for Illinois.

26 (d) A collaborating physician may, but is not required to,

1 delegate prescriptive authority to an advanced practice
2 registered nurse as part of a written collaborative agreement,
3 and the delegation of prescriptive authority shall conform to
4 the requirements of Section 65-40 of the Nurse Practice Act.

5 (e) (Blank). ~~A collaborating physician may, but is not~~
6 ~~required to, delegate prescriptive authority to a physician~~
7 ~~assistant as part of a written collaborative agreement, and~~
8 ~~the delegation of prescriptive authority shall conform to the~~
9 ~~requirements of Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant~~
10 ~~Practice Act of 1987.~~

11 (f) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit
12 generic substitution.

13 (Source: P.A. 99-173, eff. 7-29-15; 100-453, eff. 8-25-17;
14 100-513, eff. 1-1-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18.)

15 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
16 becoming law, except that Section 7.9 of the Physician
17 Assistant Practice Act of 1987 takes effect January 1, 2028."