



Sen. Javier L. Cervantes

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1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 3421

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 3421, AS AMENDED,
3 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4 following:

5 "Section 5. The Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987
6 is amended by changing Sections 4, 6, 7, 7.5, 7.7, 20, and 21
7 and by adding Sections 7.8, 7.9, and 7.10 as follows:

8 (225 ILCS 95/4) (from Ch. 111, par. 4604)

9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

10 Sec. 4. Definitions. In this Act:

11 1. "Department" means the Department of Financial and
12 Professional Regulation.

13 2. "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
14 Professional Regulation.

15 3. "Physician assistant" means any person not holding an
16 active license or permit issued by the Department pursuant to

1 the Medical Practice Act of 1987 who has been certified as a
2 physician assistant by the National Commission on ~~the~~
3 Certification of Physician Assistants or an equivalent
4 successor agency. ~~and performs procedures in collaboration~~
5 ~~with a physician as defined in this Act. A physician assistant~~
6 ~~may perform such procedures within the specialty of the~~
7 ~~collaborating physician, except that such physician shall~~
8 ~~exercise such direction, collaboration, and control over such~~
9 ~~physician assistants as will assure that patients shall~~
10 ~~receive quality medical care. Physician assistants shall be~~
11 ~~capable of performing a variety of tasks within the specialty~~
12 ~~of medical care in collaboration with a physician.~~
13 ~~Collaboration with the physician assistant shall not be~~
14 ~~construed to necessarily require the personal presence of the~~
15 ~~collaborating physician at all times at the place where~~
16 ~~services are rendered, as long as there is communication~~
17 ~~available for consultation by radio, telephone or~~
18 ~~telecommunications within established guidelines as determined~~
19 ~~by the physician/physician assistant team. The collaborating~~
20 ~~physician may delegate tasks and duties to the physician~~
21 ~~assistant. Delegated tasks or duties shall be consistent with~~
22 ~~physician assistant education, training, and experience. The~~
23 ~~delegated tasks or duties shall be specific to the practice~~
24 ~~setting and shall be implemented and reviewed under a written~~
25 ~~collaborative agreement established by the physician or~~
26 ~~physician/physician assistant team. A physician assistant,~~

1 ~~acting as an agent of the physician, shall be permitted to~~
2 ~~transmit the collaborating physician's orders as determined by~~
3 ~~the institution's by laws, policies, procedures, or job~~
4 ~~description within which the physician/physician assistant~~
5 ~~team practices. Physician assistants shall practice only in~~
6 ~~accordance with a written collaborative agreement.~~

7 ~~Any person who holds an active license or permit issued~~
8 ~~pursuant to the Medical Practice Act of 1987 shall have that~~
9 ~~license automatically placed into inactive status upon~~
10 ~~issuance of a physician assistant license. Any person who~~
11 ~~holds an active license as a physician assistant who is issued~~
12 ~~a license or permit pursuant to the Medical Practice Act of~~
13 ~~1987 shall have his or her physician assistant license~~
14 ~~automatically placed into inactive status.~~

15 3.5. "Physician assistant practice" means the performance
16 of any legal medical service for which the physician assistant
17 has been prepared by the physician assistant's education,
18 training, and experience and is competent to perform as
19 determined through an employment agreement or the
20 credentialing and privileging system of a licensed facility.
21 Medical and surgical services provided by physician assistants
22 include, but are not limited to:

23 (A) obtaining and performing comprehensive health
24 histories and physical examinations;

25 (B) evaluating, diagnosing, managing, and providing
26 medical treatment;

1 (C) ordering, performing, and interpreting diagnostic
2 studies and therapeutic procedures;

3 (D) educating patients on health promotion and disease
4 prevention;

5 (E) providing consultation upon request;

6 (F) writing medical orders;

7 (G) prescribing, dispensing, ordering, administering,
8 and procuring drugs and medical devices; and

9 (H) assisting in surgery. ~~procedures within the~~
10 ~~specialty of the collaborating physician. Physician~~
11 ~~assistants shall be capable of performing a variety of~~
12 ~~tasks within the specialty of medical care of the~~
13 ~~collaborating physician. Collaboration with the physician~~
14 ~~assistant shall not be construed to necessarily require~~
15 ~~the personal presence of the collaborating physician at~~
16 ~~all times at the place where services are rendered, as~~
17 ~~long as there is communication available for consultation~~
18 ~~by radio, telephone, telecommunications, or electronic~~
19 ~~communications. The collaborating physician may delegate~~
20 ~~tasks and duties to the physician assistant. Delegated~~
21 ~~tasks or duties shall be consistent with physician~~
22 ~~assistant education, training, and experience. The~~
23 ~~delegated tasks or duties shall be specific to the~~
24 ~~practice setting and shall be implemented and reviewed~~
25 ~~under a written collaborative agreement established by the~~
26 ~~physician or physician/physician assistant team. A~~

1 ~~physician assistant shall be permitted to transmit the~~
2 ~~collaborating physician's orders as determined by the~~
3 ~~institution's bylaws, policies, or procedures or the job~~
4 ~~description within which the physician/physician assistant~~
5 ~~team practices. Physician assistants shall practice only~~
6 ~~in accordance with a written collaborative agreement,~~
7 ~~except as provided in Section 7.5 of this Act.~~

8 4. "Board" means the Illinois State Medical Board ~~Medical~~
9 ~~Licensing Board constituted under the Medical Practice Act of~~
10 ~~1987.~~

11 5. (Blank).

12 6. "Physician" means a person licensed to practice
13 medicine in all of its branches under the Medical Practice Act
14 of 1987.

15 7. "Collaborating physician" means the physician who,
16 within his or her specialty and expertise, may delegate a
17 variety of tasks and procedures to the physician assistant.
18 Such tasks and procedures shall be delegated in accordance
19 with a written collaborative agreement when the agreement is
20 required under this Act.

21 8. (Blank).

22 9. "Address of record" means the designated address
23 recorded by the Department in the applicant's application file
24 or the licensee's ~~application file or~~ license file, as
25 maintained by the Department's licensure maintenance unit.

26 10. "Hospital affiliate" means a corporation, partnership,

1 joint venture, limited liability company, or similar
2 organization, other than a hospital, that is devoted primarily
3 to the provision, management, or support of health care
4 services and that directly or indirectly controls, is
5 controlled by, or is under common control of the hospital. For
6 the purposes of this definition, "control" means having at
7 least an equal or a majority ownership or membership interest.
8 A hospital affiliate shall be 100% owned or controlled by any
9 combination of hospitals, their parent corporations, or
10 physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its branches
11 in Illinois. "Hospital affiliate" does not include a health
12 maintenance organization regulated under the Health
13 Maintenance Organization Act.

14 11. "Email address of record" means the designated email
15 address recorded by the Department in the applicant's
16 application file or the licensee's license file, as maintained
17 by the Department's licensure maintenance unit.

18 12. "Federally qualified health center" means a health
19 center funded under Section 330 of the federal Public Health
20 Service Act.

21 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; 103-65, eff. 1-1-24.)

22 (225 ILCS 95/6) (from Ch. 111, par. 4606)

23 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

24 Sec. 6. Physician assistant title.

25 (a) No physician assistant shall use the title of doctor,

1 physician, or associate with his or her name or any other term
2 that would indicate to other persons that he or she is
3 qualified to engage in the general practice of medicine.

4 (b) A physician assistant shall verbally identify himself
5 or herself as a physician assistant, including, when
6 applicable, specialty certification, to each patient.

7 (c) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to relieve a
8 physician assistant of the professional or legal
9 responsibility for the care and treatment of persons attended
10 by him or her.

11 (d) (Blank). ~~The collaborating physician shall file with~~
12 ~~the Department notice of employment, discharge, or~~
13 ~~collaboration with a physician assistant within 60 days of~~
14 ~~employment, discharge, or assumption of collaboration with a~~
15 ~~physician assistant. Nothing in this Section shall prevent a~~
16 ~~physician assistant from beginning his or her employment~~
17 ~~before the notice of employment or collaboration has been~~
18 ~~filed.~~

19 (Source: P.A. 102-735, eff. 1-1-23.)

20 (225 ILCS 95/7) (from Ch. 111, par. 4607)

21 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

22 Sec. 7. Collaboration requirements.

23 (a) Except as otherwise authorized under this Act, a
24 written collaborative agreement is required for physician
25 assistants engaged in clinical practice who have not satisfied

1 the requirements of Section 7.9.

2 (b) ~~(a)~~ A collaborating physician shall determine the
3 number of physician assistants to collaborate with, provided
4 the physician is able to provide adequate collaboration as
5 outlined in the written collaborative agreement required under
6 Section 7.5 of this Act and consideration is given to the
7 nature of the physician's practice, complexity of the patient
8 population, and the experience of each physician assistant. A
9 collaborating physician may collaborate with a maximum of 7
10 full-time equivalent physician assistants as described in
11 Section 54.5 of the Medical Practice Act of 1987. As used in
12 this Section, "full-time equivalent" means the equivalent of
13 40 hours per week per individual. Physicians and physician
14 assistants who work in a hospital, hospital affiliate,
15 federally qualified health center, or ambulatory surgical
16 treatment center as defined by Section 7.7 of this Act are
17 exempt from the collaborative ratio restriction requirements
18 of this Section. A physician assistant shall be able to hold
19 more than one professional position. A collaborating physician
20 shall file a notice of collaboration of each physician
21 assistant according to the rules of the Department.

22 (c) Physician assistants shall collaborate only with
23 physicians as defined in this Act who are engaged in clinical
24 practice, or in clinical practice in public health or other
25 community health facilities.

26 (d) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the

1 delegation of tasks or duties by a physician to a nurse or
2 other appropriately trained personnel.

3 (e) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prohibit the
4 employment of physician assistants by a hospital, nursing home
5 or other health care facility where such physician assistants
6 function with ~~under~~ a collaborating physician.

7 (f) A physician assistant may be employed by a practice
8 group or other entity employing multiple physicians at one or
9 more locations. In that case, one of the physicians practicing
10 at a location shall be designated the collaborating physician.
11 The other physicians with that practice group or other entity
12 who practice in the same general type of practice or specialty
13 as the collaborating physician may collaborate with the
14 physician assistant with respect to their patients.

15 (g) ~~(b)~~ A physician assistant licensed in this State, or
16 licensed or authorized to practice in any other U.S.
17 jurisdiction or credentialed by his or her federal employer as
18 a physician assistant, who is responding to a need for medical
19 care created by an emergency or by a state or local disaster
20 may render such care that the physician assistant is able to
21 provide without collaboration as it is defined in this Section
22 or with such collaboration as is available.

23 (h) Any physician who collaborates with a physician
24 assistant providing medical care in response to such an
25 emergency or state or local disaster shall not be required to
26 meet the requirements set forth in this Section for a

1 collaborating physician.

2 (Source: P.A. 103-65, eff. 1-1-24.)

3 (225 ILCS 95/7.5)

4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

5 Sec. 7.5. Written collaborative agreements, ~~prescriptive~~
6 ~~authority.~~

7 (a) Except as otherwise authorized under this Act, a
8 written collaborative agreement is required for physician
9 assistants engaged in clinical practice who have not satisfied
10 the requirements of Section 7.9. When a written collaborative
11 agreement is required under this Act, the following shall
12 apply: ~~A written collaborative agreement is required for all~~
13 ~~physician assistants to practice in the State, except as~~
14 ~~provided in Section 7.7 of this Act.~~

15 (1) A written collaborative agreement shall describe
16 the working relationship of the physician assistant with
17 the collaborating physician and shall describe the
18 categories of care, treatment, or procedures to be
19 provided by the physician assistant. ~~The written~~
20 ~~collaborative agreement shall promote the exercise of~~
21 ~~professional judgment by the physician assistant~~
22 ~~commensurate with his or her education and experience. The~~
23 ~~services to be provided by the physician assistant shall~~
24 ~~be services that the collaborating physician is authorized~~
25 ~~to and generally provides to his or her patients in the~~

1 ~~normal course of his or her clinical medical practice. The~~
2 ~~written collaborative agreement need not describe the~~
3 ~~exact steps that a physician assistant must take with~~
4 ~~respect to each specific condition, disease, or symptom~~
5 ~~but must specify which authorized procedures require the~~
6 ~~presence of the collaborating physician as the procedures~~
7 ~~are being performed.~~ The relationship under a written
8 collaborative agreement shall not be construed to require
9 the personal presence of a physician at the place where
10 services are rendered. Methods of communication shall be
11 available for consultation with the collaborating
12 physician in person or by telecommunications or electronic
13 communications as set forth in the written collaborative
14 agreement. ~~For the purposes of this Act, "generally~~
15 ~~provides to his or her patients in the normal course of his~~
16 ~~or her clinical medical practice" means services, not~~
17 ~~specific tasks or duties, the collaborating physician~~
18 ~~routinely provides individually or through delegation to~~
19 ~~other persons so that the physician has the experience and~~
20 ~~ability to collaborate and provide consultation.~~

21 (2) (Blank). ~~The written collaborative agreement shall~~
22 ~~be adequate if a physician does each of the following:~~

23 ~~(A) Participates in the joint formulation and~~
24 ~~joint approval of orders or guidelines with the~~
25 ~~physician assistant and he or she periodically reviews~~
26 ~~such orders and the services provided patients under~~

~~such orders in accordance with accepted standards of
medical practice and physician assistant practice.~~

~~(B) Provides consultation at least once a month.~~

(3) A copy of the signed, written collaborative agreement must be available to the Department upon request ~~from both the physician assistant and the collaborating physician.~~

(4) A physician assistant shall inform each collaborating physician of all written collaborative agreements he or she has signed and provide a copy of these to any collaborating physician upon request.

(b) When a physician assistant who has not satisfied the requirements of Section 7.9 practices pursuant to a written collaborative agreement, the collaborating physician may delegate prescriptive authority to the physician assistant as part of the written collaborative agreement or in another written delegation of prescriptive authority consistent with this Act. This authority may include prescription of, selection of, orders for, administration of, storage of, acceptance of samples of, and dispensing medical devices, over-the-counter medications, legend drugs, medical gases, and controlled substances categorized as Schedule II through V controlled substances, as defined in Article II of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, and other preparations, including, but not limited to, botanical and herbal remedies.
~~A collaborating physician may, but is not required to,~~

1 ~~delegate prescriptive authority to a physician assistant as~~
2 ~~part of a written collaborative agreement. This authority may,~~
3 ~~but is not required to, include prescription of, selection of,~~
4 ~~orders for, administration of, storage of, acceptance of~~
5 ~~samples of, and dispensing medical devices, over the counter~~
6 ~~medications, legend drugs, medical gases, and controlled~~
7 ~~substances categorized as Schedule II through V controlled~~
8 ~~substances, as defined in Article II of the Illinois~~
9 ~~Controlled Substances Act, and other preparations, including,~~
10 ~~but not limited to, botanical and herbal remedies. The~~
11 ~~collaborating physician must have a valid, current Illinois~~
12 ~~controlled substance license and federal registration with the~~
13 ~~Drug Enforcement Administration to delegate the authority to~~
14 ~~prescribe controlled substances.~~

15 ~~(1) To prescribe Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled~~
16 ~~substances under this Section, a physician assistant must~~
17 ~~obtain a mid level practitioner controlled substances~~
18 ~~license. Medication orders issued by a physician assistant~~
19 ~~shall be reviewed periodically by the collaborating~~
20 ~~physician.~~

21 ~~(2) The collaborating physician shall file with the~~
22 ~~Department notice of delegation of prescriptive authority~~
23 ~~to a physician assistant and termination of delegation,~~
24 ~~specifying the authority delegated or terminated. Upon~~
25 ~~receipt of this notice delegating authority to prescribe~~
26 ~~controlled substances, the physician assistant shall be~~

1 ~~eligible to register for a mid-level practitioner~~
2 ~~controlled substances license under Section 303.05 of the~~
3 ~~Illinois Controlled Substances Act. Nothing in this Act~~
4 ~~shall be construed to limit the delegation of tasks or~~
5 ~~duties by the collaborating physician to a nurse or other~~
6 ~~appropriately trained persons in accordance with Section~~
7 ~~54.2 of the Medical Practice Act of 1987.~~

8 ~~(3) In addition to the requirements of this subsection~~
9 ~~(b), a collaborating physician may, but is not required~~
10 ~~to, delegate authority to a physician assistant to~~
11 ~~prescribe Schedule II controlled substances, if all of the~~
12 ~~following conditions apply:~~

13 ~~(A) Specific Schedule II controlled substances by~~
14 ~~oral dosage or topical or transdermal application may~~
15 ~~be delegated, provided that the delegated Schedule II~~
16 ~~controlled substances are routinely prescribed by the~~
17 ~~collaborating physician. This delegation must identify~~
18 ~~the specific Schedule II controlled substances by~~
19 ~~either brand name or generic name. Schedule II~~
20 ~~controlled substances to be delivered by injection or~~
21 ~~other route of administration may not be delegated.~~

22 ~~(B) (Blank).~~

23 ~~(C) Any prescription must be limited to no more~~
24 ~~than a 30-day supply, with any continuation authorized~~
25 ~~only after prior approval of the collaborating~~
26 ~~physician.~~

1 ~~(D) The physician assistant must discuss the~~
2 ~~condition of any patients for whom a controlled~~
3 ~~substance is prescribed monthly with the collaborating~~
4 ~~physician.~~

5 ~~(E) The physician assistant meets the education~~
6 ~~requirements of Section 303.05 of the Illinois~~
7 ~~Controlled Substances Act.~~

8 (c) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the
9 delegation of tasks or duties by a physician to a licensed
10 practical nurse, a registered professional nurse, or other
11 persons. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the
12 method of delegation that may be authorized by any means,
13 including, but not limited to, oral, written, electronic,
14 standing orders, protocols, guidelines, or verbal orders.
15 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize a
16 physician assistant to provide health care services required
17 by law or rule to be performed by a physician. Nothing in this
18 Act shall be construed to authorize the delegation or
19 performance of operative surgery. Nothing in this Section
20 shall be construed to preclude a physician assistant from
21 assisting in surgery.

22 (c-5) (Blank). ~~Nothing in this Section shall be construed~~
23 ~~to apply to any medication authority, including Schedule II~~
24 ~~controlled substances of a licensed physician assistant for~~
25 ~~care provided in a hospital, hospital affiliate, federally~~
26 ~~qualified health center, or ambulatory surgical treatment~~

1 ~~center pursuant to Section 7.7 of this Act.~~

2 (d) (Blank).

3 (e) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit
4 generic substitution.

5 (f) Delegation of prescriptive authority by a physician is
6 not required under this Section.

7 (Source: P.A. 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 103-65, eff. 1-1-24;
8 103-605, eff. 7-1-24.)

9 (225 ILCS 95/7.7)

10 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

11 Sec. 7.7. Physician assistants in hospitals, hospital
12 affiliates, federally qualified health centers, or ambulatory
13 surgical treatment centers.

14 (a) A physician assistant may provide services in a
15 hospital as defined in the Hospital Licensing Act, a hospital
16 affiliate as defined in the University of Illinois Hospital
17 Act, a federally qualified health center, or a licensed
18 ambulatory surgical treatment center as defined in the
19 Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act without a written
20 collaborative agreement pursuant to Section 7.5 of this Act
21 only in accordance with this Section. A physician assistant
22 must possess clinical privileges recommended by (i) the
23 hospital medical staff and granted by the hospital, (ii) the
24 physician committee and federally qualified health center, or
25 (iii) the consulting medical staff committee and ambulatory

1 surgical treatment center in order to provide services. The
2 medical staff, physician committee, or consulting medical
3 staff committee shall periodically review the services of
4 physician assistants granted clinical privileges, including
5 any care provided in a hospital affiliate or federally
6 qualified health center. A physician assistant practicing
7 under this Section may prescribe, select, order, and
8 administer medications, including controlled substances, only
9 in accordance with Section 7.8 of this Act and applicable
10 clinical privileges, credentialing, bylaws, policies, or
11 consulting committee policies of the hospital, hospital
12 affiliate, federally qualified health center, or ambulatory
13 surgical treatment center. ~~Authority may also be granted when~~
14 ~~recommended by the hospital medical staff and granted by the~~
15 ~~hospital, recommended by the physician committee and granted~~
16 ~~by the federally qualified health center, or recommended by~~
17 ~~the consulting medical staff committee and ambulatory surgical~~
18 ~~treatment center to individual physician assistants to select,~~
19 ~~order, and administer medications, including controlled~~
20 ~~substances, to provide delineated care.~~ In a hospital,
21 hospital affiliate, federally qualified health center, or
22 ambulatory surgical treatment center, the attending physician
23 shall determine a physician assistant's role in providing care
24 for his or her patients, except as otherwise provided in the
25 medical staff bylaws or consulting committee policies.

26 (a-5) A physician assistant practicing in a hospital

1 affiliate or a federally qualified health center may prescribe
2 Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled substances only in
3 accordance with Section 7.8 of this Act and applicable
4 clinical privileges, credentialing, bylaws, policies, or
5 consulting committee policies of the hospital affiliate or
6 federally qualified health center. To prescribe Schedule II,
7 III, IV, or V controlled substances under this Act, a
8 physician assistant must obtain a mid-level practitioner
9 controlled substances license. Nothing in this subsection
10 shall be construed to limit the authority of a hospital
11 affiliate or federally qualified health center to establish
12 credentialing, privileging, or other practice-site
13 requirements applicable to physician assistants practicing
14 within that facility or setting. Physician assistants
15 ~~practicing in a hospital affiliate or a federally qualified~~
16 ~~health center may be, but are not required to be, granted~~
17 ~~authority to prescribe Schedule II through V controlled~~
18 ~~substances when such authority is recommended by the~~
19 ~~appropriate physician committee of the hospital affiliate and~~
20 ~~granted by the hospital affiliate or recommended by the~~
21 ~~physician committee of the federally qualified health center~~
22 ~~and granted by the federally qualified health center. This~~
23 ~~authority may, but is not required to, include prescription~~
24 ~~of, selection of, orders for, administration of, storage of,~~
25 ~~acceptance of samples of, and dispensing over the counter~~
26 ~~medications, legend drugs, medical gases, and controlled~~

1 ~~substances categorized as Schedule II through V controlled~~
2 ~~substances, as defined in Article II of the Illinois~~
3 ~~Controlled Substances Act, and other preparations, including,~~
4 ~~but not limited to, botanical and herbal remedies.~~

5 ~~To prescribe controlled substances under this subsection~~
6 ~~(a 5), a physician assistant must obtain a mid level~~
7 ~~practitioner controlled substance license. Medication orders~~
8 ~~shall be reviewed periodically by the appropriate hospital~~
9 ~~affiliate physicians committee or its physician designee or by~~
10 ~~the physician committee of a federally qualified health~~
11 ~~center.~~

12 ~~The hospital affiliate or federally qualified health~~
13 ~~center shall file with the Department notice of a grant of~~
14 ~~prescriptive authority consistent with this subsection (a 5)~~
15 ~~and termination of such a grant of authority in accordance~~
16 ~~with rules of the Department. Upon receipt of this notice of~~
17 ~~grant of authority to prescribe any Schedule II through V~~
18 ~~controlled substances, the licensed physician assistant may~~
19 ~~register for a mid level practitioner controlled substance~~
20 ~~license under Section 303.05 of the Illinois Controlled~~
21 ~~Substances Act.~~

22 ~~In addition, a hospital affiliate or a federally qualified~~
23 ~~health center may, but is not required to, grant authority to a~~
24 ~~physician assistant to prescribe any Schedule II controlled~~
25 ~~substances if all of the following conditions apply:~~

26 ~~(1) specific Schedule II controlled substances by oral~~

~~dosage or topical or transdermal application may be designated, provided that the designated Schedule II controlled substances are routinely prescribed by physician assistants in their area of certification; this grant of authority must identify the specific Schedule II controlled substances by either brand name or generic name; authority to prescribe or dispense Schedule II controlled substances to be delivered by injection or other route of administration may not be granted;~~

~~(2) any grant of authority must be controlled substances limited to the practice of the physician assistant;~~

~~(3) any prescription must be limited to no more than a 30 day supply;~~

~~(4) the physician assistant must discuss the condition of any patients for whom a controlled substance is prescribed monthly with the appropriate physician committee of the hospital affiliate or its physician designee, or the physician committee of a federally qualified health center; and~~

~~(5) the physician assistant must meet the education requirements of Section 303.05 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.~~

(b) A physician assistant authorized under this Act and applicable clinical privileges, credentialing, bylaws, policies, or consulting committee policies to order

1 medications, including controlled substances, may complete
2 discharge prescriptions in the name of the physician
3 assistant. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to
4 limit the authority of a hospital, hospital affiliate,
5 federally qualified health center, or ambulatory surgical
6 treatment center to require additional review, approval,
7 documentation, or involvement of the attending or discharging
8 physician pursuant to its bylaws, policies, clinical
9 privileges, credentialing, or consulting committee policies. A
10 ~~physician assistant granted authority to order medications~~
11 ~~including controlled substances may complete discharge~~
12 ~~prescriptions provided the prescription is in the name of the~~
13 ~~physician assistant and the attending or discharging~~
14 ~~physician.~~

15 (c) Physician assistants practicing in a hospital,
16 hospital affiliate, federally qualified health center, or an
17 ambulatory surgical treatment center are not required to
18 obtain a mid-level controlled substance license to order
19 controlled substances under Section 303.05 of the Illinois
20 Controlled Substances Act.

21 (d) Delegation of prescriptive authority by a physician is
22 not required under this Section.

23 (Source: P.A. 103-65, eff. 1-1-24.)

24 (225 ILCS 95/7.8 new)

25 Sec. 7.8. Prescriptive authority.

1 (a) A physician assistant licensed under this Act may
2 prescribe, dispense, order, administer, and procure drugs and
3 medical devices only in accordance with this Act, applicable
4 State and federal law, and any applicable employment
5 agreement, written collaborative agreement when required under
6 this Act, delegation of prescriptive authority when required
7 under this Act, clinical privileges, credentialing, bylaws,
8 policies, or consulting committee policies of the practice
9 site. Prescriptive authority may include prescribing Schedule
10 II, III, IV, and V controlled substances. To prescribe
11 Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled substances under this
12 Act, a physician assistant must obtain a mid-level
13 practitioner controlled substances license.

14 (b) A physician assistant prescribing Schedule II
15 controlled substances shall do so only in a consultation
16 relationship with a physician. This consultation relationship
17 shall be recorded on the Prescription Monitoring Program
18 website, pursuant to Section 316 of the Illinois Controlled
19 Substances Act, by the physician and physician assistant and
20 is not required to be filed with the Department.

21 The specific Schedule II controlled substance must be
22 identified by either brand name or generic name.

23 At least monthly, the physician assistant and the
24 physician must discuss the condition of any patients for whom
25 a Schedule II controlled substance is prescribed.

26 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require a

1 prescription by a physician assistant to include a physician
2 name.

3 The consultation relationship shall provide for physician
4 availability for consultation on complex clinical cases and
5 prescribing decisions, but shall not require the physical
6 presence of the physician or constitute a supervisory or
7 collaborative agreement, except when a written collaborative
8 agreement is otherwise required under this Act. Documentation
9 of the consultation relationship shall be maintained and made
10 available to the Department upon request.

11 (c) Except as provided in subsection (d) of this Section
12 or as otherwise authorized under this Act, a physician
13 assistant who has not satisfied the requirements of Section
14 7.9 and who practices pursuant to a written collaborative
15 agreement shall exercise prescriptive authority only if such
16 authority has been delegated by the collaborating physician in
17 the written collaborative agreement or in another written
18 delegation of prescriptive authority consistent with this Act.

19 (d) A physician assistant who has satisfied the
20 requirements of Section 7.9 may exercise prescriptive
21 authority within the physician assistant's scope of practice
22 without delegation of prescriptive authority by a physician,
23 except that a physician assistant prescribing Schedule II
24 controlled substances shall comply with subsection (b) of this
25 Section.

26 (e) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to require

1 a hospital, hospital affiliate, federally qualified health
2 center, ambulatory surgical treatment center, employer, or
3 other practice site to authorize a physician assistant to
4 prescribe, dispense, order, administer, or procure any drug,
5 medical device, or controlled substance unless such authority
6 is consistent with the physician assistant's employment
7 agreement, written collaborative agreement when required under
8 this Act, delegation of prescriptive authority when required
9 under this Act, clinical privileges, credentialing, bylaws,
10 policies, or consulting committee policies of the practice
11 site.

12 (225 ILCS 95/7.9 new)

13 Sec. 7.9. Full practice authority.

14 (a) In this Section:

15 "Scope of practice" means the specific clinical field,
16 specialty, subspecialty, practice setting, patient population,
17 procedures, and categories of medical conditions in which a
18 physician assistant seeks to practice without a written
19 collaborative agreement and for which the physician assistant
20 has completed the education, training, clinical experience,
21 and continuing education necessary to practice competently.

22 For purposes of satisfying the clinical practice
23 requirements of this Section, the physician assistant's scope
24 of practice shall be based on clinical practice completed
25 pursuant to a written collaborative agreement with a

1 collaborating physician and shall be within the scope of
2 practice of that collaborating physician, or shall be based on
3 clinical practice otherwise authorized under this Act or under
4 the laws of another jurisdiction.

5 "Scope of practice" does not mean the full range of
6 medical services that may generally be performed by physician
7 assistants under this Act.

8 "Substantially related area of practice" means a clinical
9 field, specialty, subspecialty, practice setting, or patient
10 population that relies on substantially similar medical
11 knowledge, clinical judgment, procedures, patient care
12 responsibilities, and risk profile. General physician
13 assistant education, training, or licensure alone is not
14 sufficient to establish that 2 areas of practice are
15 substantially related.

16 (b) A physician assistant licensed under this Act shall be
17 deemed by law to possess the ability to practice without a
18 written collaborative agreement upon meeting the requirements
19 of this Section.

20 (c) A physician assistant licensed under this Act who
21 files with the Department an attestation of completion of not
22 less than 6,000 hours of postgraduate clinical practice,
23 including at least 2,000 hours in the specific scope of
24 practice, as defined in subsection (a), in which the physician
25 assistant seeks to practice without a written collaborative
26 agreement, completed pursuant to a written collaborative

1 agreement with a collaborating physician whose scope of
2 practice includes such clinical practice or as otherwise
3 authorized under this Act or under the laws of another
4 jurisdiction, and at least 250 hours of continuing education
5 or training, shall not require a written collaborative
6 agreement. Documentation of successful completion shall be
7 provided to the Department upon request. Completion of the
8 clinical practice shall be attested to by a collaborating
9 physician or employer or by submission of other evidence as
10 established by Department rule.

11 (d) A physician assistant practicing without a written
12 collaborative agreement shall practice within the physician
13 assistant's scope of practice. The physician assistant shall
14 consult with, collaborate with, or refer to another
15 appropriate health care professional when the needs of the
16 patient exceed the physician assistant's clinical experience.

17 (e) A physician assistant who has not satisfied the
18 requirements of subsection (c) shall practice pursuant to a
19 written collaborative agreement or as otherwise authorized
20 under this Act. When a physician assistant practices pursuant
21 to a written collaborative agreement, the physician assistant
22 shall practice with a collaborating physician, as described in
23 the written collaborative agreement and determined at the
24 practice site, and within the scope of practice of the
25 collaborating physician.

26 (f) If, after satisfying the requirements of subsection

1 (c), a physician assistant begins practice in a new scope of
2 practice that is not substantially related to the specific
3 scope of practice for which the physician assistant satisfied
4 the requirements of subsection (c), the first 2,000 hours of
5 postgraduate clinical practice in the new scope of practice
6 shall be completed pursuant to a written collaborative
7 agreement with a collaborating physician whose scope of
8 practice includes such clinical practice or as otherwise
9 authorized under this Act. When a physician assistant
10 practices pursuant to a written collaborative agreement, the
11 physician assistant shall practice with a collaborating
12 physician, as described in the written collaborative agreement
13 and determined at the practice site, and within the scope of
14 practice of the collaborating physician.

15 (g) A physician assistant with full practice authority
16 shall complete 80 hours of continuing education for every
17 2-year license renewal cycle. The 80 hours of continuing
18 education required under this subsection shall be completed as
19 follows:

20 (1) A minimum of 50 hours of continuing education
21 shall be obtained in continuing education programs as
22 determined by Department rule and shall include no less
23 than 20 hours of pharmacotherapeutics, including at least
24 10 hours related to opioid prescribing, substance use
25 disorders, and safe prescribing. Continuing education
26 programs shall be in the physician assistant's area of

1 practice and may be conducted or endorsed by educational
2 institutions, hospitals, professional associations, or
3 other organizations approved to offer continuing education
4 under this Act or rules.

5 (2) A maximum of 30 hours of credit may be obtained
6 through presentations in the physician assistant's
7 clinical specialty, evidence-based practice, quality
8 improvement projects, publications, research projects, or
9 preceptor hours, as determined by Department rule.

10 The rules adopted regarding continuing education shall be
11 consistent, to the extent possible, with requirements of
12 relevant national certifying bodies or State or national
13 professional associations.

14 The rules shall provide for variances in part or in whole
15 for good cause, including, but not limited to, illness or
16 hardship.

17 Each physician assistant is responsible for maintaining
18 records of completion of continuing education and shall be
19 prepared to produce the records when requested by the
20 Department.

21 (h) The Department may adopt any rules necessary to
22 administer this Section.

23 (225 ILCS 95/7.10 new)

24 Sec. 7.10. National certification requirement. A physician
25 assistant with full practice authority shall maintain current

1 national certification from a nationally recognized certifying
2 body as a condition of licensure and practice.

3 (225 ILCS 95/20) (from Ch. 111, par. 4620)

4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

5 Sec. 20. Limitations.

6 (a) No corporation, which stated purpose includes, or
7 which practices, or which holds itself out as available to
8 practice as a physician assistant or to practice any of the
9 functions described in Section 4 of this Act, shall be issued a
10 license by the Department, nor shall the Secretary of State
11 approve or accept articles of incorporation for such a
12 corporation.

13 (b) Pursuant to subparagraph (a) of paragraph (2) of
14 Section 3.6 of the Professional Service Corporation Act and
15 Section 2 of the Medical Corporation Act, a person licensed
16 under this Act may not own a corporation for the purposes of
17 practicing medicine.

18 (c) Pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section
19 13 of the Professional Limited Liability Company Act, a person
20 licensed under this Act may not own a professional limited
21 liability company for the purposes of practicing medicine.

22 (Source: P.A. 85-981.)

23 (225 ILCS 95/21) (from Ch. 111, par. 4621)

24 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

1 Sec. 21. Grounds for disciplinary action.

2 (a) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, or may
3 revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other
4 disciplinary or non-disciplinary action with regard to any
5 license issued under this Act as the Department may deem
6 proper, including the issuance of fines not to exceed \$10,000
7 for each violation, for any one or combination of the
8 following causes:

9 (1) Material misstatement in furnishing information to
10 the Department.

11 (2) Violations of this Act, or the rules adopted under
12 this Act.

13 (3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere,
14 finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or
15 sentencing, including, but not limited to, convictions,
16 preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge,
17 or first offender probation, under the laws of any
18 jurisdiction of the United States that is: (i) a felony;
19 or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is
20 dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of
21 the profession.

22 (4) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of
23 obtaining licenses.

24 (5) Professional incompetence.

25 (6) Aiding or assisting another person in violating
26 any provision of this Act or its rules.

1 (7) Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in
2 response to a written request made by the Department.

3 (8) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or
4 unprofessional conduct, as defined by rule, of a character
5 likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.

6 (9) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol,
7 narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug
8 that results in a physician assistant's inability to
9 practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.

10 (10) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or
11 foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for
12 discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to
13 those set forth in this Section.

14 (11) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving
15 from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or
16 association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of
17 compensation for any professional services not actually or
18 personally rendered. Nothing in this paragraph (11)
19 affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment
20 arrangements, which may include provisions for
21 compensation, health insurance, pension, or other
22 employment benefits, with persons or entities authorized
23 under this Act for the provision of services within the
24 scope of the licensee's practice under this Act.

25 (12) A finding by the Board that the licensee, after
26 having his or her license placed on probationary status,

1 has violated the terms of probation.

2 (13) Abandonment of a patient.

3 (14) Willfully making or filing false records or
4 reports in his or her practice, including, but not limited
5 to, false records filed with State agencies or
6 departments.

7 (15) Willfully failing to report an instance of
8 suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused
9 and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

10 (16) Physical illness, or mental illness or impairment
11 that results in the inability to practice the profession
12 with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety, including, but
13 not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or
14 loss of motor skill.

15 (17) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated
16 report by the Department of Children and Family Services
17 under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and
18 upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the
19 licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or
20 neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected
21 Child Reporting Act.

22 (18) (Blank).

23 (19) Gross negligence resulting in permanent injury or
24 death of a patient.

25 (20) Employment of fraud, deception or any unlawful
26 means in applying for or securing a license as a physician

1 assistant.

2 (21) Exceeding the authority delegated to him or her
3 by his or her collaborating physician in a written
4 collaborative agreement, when the agreement is required
5 under this Act.

6 (22) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act,
7 such as sexual abuse, sexual misconduct, or sexual
8 exploitation related to the licensee's practice.

9 (23) Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral
10 Act.

11 (24) Practicing under a false or assumed name, except
12 as provided by law.

13 (25) Making a false or misleading statement regarding
14 his or her skill or the efficacy or value of the medicine,
15 treatment, or remedy prescribed by him or her in the
16 course of treatment.

17 (26) Allowing another person to use his or her license
18 to practice.

19 (27) Prescribing, selling, administering,
20 distributing, giving, or self-administering a drug
21 classified as a controlled substance for other than
22 medically accepted therapeutic purposes.

23 (28) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices,
24 appliances, or goods provided for a patient in a manner to
25 exploit the patient for financial gain.

26 (29) A pattern of practice or other behavior that

1 demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under
2 this Act.

3 (30) Violating State or federal laws or regulations
4 relating to controlled substances or other legend drugs or
5 ephedra as defined in the Ephedra Prohibition Act.

6 (31) (Blank). ~~Exceeding the prescriptive authority~~
7 ~~delegated by the collaborating physician or violating the~~
8 ~~written collaborative agreement delegating that authority.~~

9 (32) (Blank). ~~Practicing without providing to the~~
10 ~~Department a notice of collaboration or delegation of~~
11 ~~prescriptive authority.~~

12 (33) Failure to establish and maintain records of
13 patient care and treatment as required by law.

14 (34) Attempting to subvert or cheat on the examination
15 of the National Commission on Certification of Physician
16 Assistants or its successor agency.

17 (35) Willfully or negligently violating the
18 confidentiality between physician assistant and patient,
19 except as required by law.

20 (36) Willfully failing to report an instance of
21 suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or
22 self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and
23 required by the Adult Protective Services Act.

24 (37) Being named as an abuser in a verified report by
25 the Department on Aging under the Adult Protective
26 Services Act and upon proof by clear and convincing

1 evidence that the licensee abused, neglected, or
2 financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the
3 Adult Protective Services Act.

4 (38) Failure to report to the Department an adverse
5 final action taken against him or her by another licensing
6 jurisdiction of the United States or a foreign state or
7 country, a peer review body, a health care institution, a
8 professional society or association, a governmental
9 agency, a law enforcement agency, or a court acts or
10 conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute
11 grounds for action under this Section.

12 (39) Failure to provide copies of records of patient
13 care or treatment, except as required by law.

14 (40) (Blank). ~~Entering into an excessive number of~~
15 ~~written collaborative agreements with licensed physicians~~
16 ~~resulting in an inability to adequately collaborate.~~

17 (41) (Blank). ~~Repeated failure to adequately~~
18 ~~collaborate with a collaborating physician.~~

19 (42) Violating the Compassionate Use of Medical
20 Cannabis Program Act.

21 (b) The Department may, without a hearing, refuse to issue
22 or renew or may suspend the license of any person who fails to
23 file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in
24 a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of the tax,
25 penalty, or interest as required by any tax Act administered
26 by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the

1 requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

2 (b-5) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily
3 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or
4 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary
5 action against a person's authorization to practice under this
6 Act based solely upon the person providing, authorizing,
7 recommending, aiding, assisting, referring for, or otherwise
8 participating in any health care service, so long as the care
9 was not unlawful under the laws of this State, regardless of
10 whether the patient was a resident of this State or another
11 state.

12 (b-10) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily
13 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or
14 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary
15 action against a person's authorization to practice under this
16 Act based upon the person's license, registration, or permit
17 being revoked or suspended, or the person being otherwise
18 disciplined, by any other state if that revocation,
19 suspension, or other form of discipline was based solely on
20 the person violating another state's laws prohibiting the
21 provision of, authorization of, recommendation of, aiding or
22 assisting in, referring for, or participation in any health
23 care service if that health care service as provided would not
24 have been unlawful under the laws of this State and is
25 consistent with the applicable standard of conduct for a
26 person practicing in Illinois under this Act.

1 (b-15) The conduct specified in subsections (b-5) and
2 (b-10) shall not constitute grounds for suspension under
3 Section 22.13.

4 (b-20) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, or
5 authorization pursuant to this Act who has been subject to
6 disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional
7 disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on the
8 basis of having provided, authorized, recommended, aided,
9 assisted, referred for, or otherwise participated in health
10 care shall not be denied such licensure, certification, or
11 authorization, unless the Department determines that such
12 action would have constituted professional misconduct in this
13 State; however, nothing in this Section shall be construed as
14 prohibiting the Department from evaluating the conduct of such
15 applicant and making a determination regarding the licensure,
16 certification, or authorization to practice a profession under
17 this Act.

18 (c) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee
19 is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as
20 provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities
21 Code operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension will
22 end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no
23 longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission
24 and issues an order so finding and discharging the patient,
25 and upon the recommendation of the Board to the Secretary that
26 the licensee be allowed to resume his or her practice.

1 (d) In enforcing this Section, the Department upon a
2 showing of a possible violation may compel an individual
3 licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for
4 licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical
5 examination, or both, which may include a substance abuse or
6 sexual offender evaluation, as required by and at the expense
7 of the Department.

8 The Department shall specifically designate the examining
9 physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches
10 or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team involved in
11 providing the mental or physical examination or both. The
12 multidisciplinary team shall be led by a physician licensed to
13 practice medicine in all of its branches and may consist of one
14 or more or a combination of physicians licensed to practice
15 medicine in all of its branches, licensed clinical
16 psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed
17 clinical professional counselors, and other professional and
18 administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the
19 multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to
20 submit to an examination pursuant to this Section to submit to
21 any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to
22 complete any examination or evaluation process, including, but
23 not limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological
24 testing, or neuropsychological testing.

25 The Department may order the examining physician or any
26 member of the multidisciplinary team to provide to the

1 Department any and all records, including business records,
2 that relate to the examination and evaluation, including any
3 supplemental testing performed.

4 The Department may order the examining physician or any
5 member of the multidisciplinary team to present testimony
6 concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee
7 or applicant. No information, report, record, or other
8 documents in any way related to the examination shall be
9 excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege
10 relating to communications between the licensee or applicant
11 and the examining physician or any member of the
12 multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the
13 licensee or applicant ordered to undergo an examination for
14 the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary
15 team to provide information, reports, records, or other
16 documents or to provide any testimony regarding the
17 examination and evaluation.

18 The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own
19 expense, another physician of his or her choice present during
20 all aspects of this examination. However, that physician shall
21 be present only to observe and may not interfere in any way
22 with the examination.

23 Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical
24 examination, when ordered, shall result in an automatic
25 suspension of his or her license until the individual submits
26 to the examination.

1 If the Department finds an individual unable to practice
2 because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the
3 Department may require that individual to submit to care,
4 counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated
5 by the Department, as a condition, term, or restriction for
6 continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice; or,
7 in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Department may
8 file a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise
9 discipline the license of the individual. An individual whose
10 license was granted, continued, reinstated, renewed,
11 disciplined, or supervised subject to such terms, conditions,
12 or restrictions, and who fails to comply with such terms,
13 conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to the
14 Secretary for a determination as to whether the individual
15 shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a
16 hearing by the Department.

17 In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a
18 person's license under this Section, a hearing on that
19 person's license must be convened by the Department within 30
20 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable
21 delay. The Department shall have the authority to review the
22 subject individual's record of treatment and counseling
23 regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable
24 federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the
25 confidentiality of medical records.

26 An individual licensed under this Act and affected under

1 this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate
2 to the Department that he or she can resume practice in
3 compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the
4 provisions of his or her license.

5 (e) An individual or organization acting in good faith,
6 and not in a willful and wanton manner, in complying with this
7 Section by providing a report or other information to the
8 Board, by assisting in the investigation or preparation of a
9 report or information, by participating in proceedings of the
10 Board, or by serving as a member of the Board, shall not be
11 subject to criminal prosecution or civil damages as a result
12 of such actions.

13 (f) Members of the Board shall be indemnified by the State
14 for any actions occurring within the scope of services on the
15 Board, done in good faith and not willful and wanton in nature.
16 The Attorney General shall defend all such actions unless he
17 or she determines either that there would be a conflict of
18 interest in such representation or that the actions complained
19 of were not in good faith or were willful and wanton.

20 If the Attorney General declines representation, the
21 member has the right to employ counsel of his or her choice,
22 whose fees shall be provided by the State, after approval by
23 the Attorney General, unless there is a determination by a
24 court that the member's actions were not in good faith or were
25 willful and wanton.

26 The member must notify the Attorney General within 7 days

1 after receipt of notice of the initiation of any action
2 involving services of the Board. Failure to so notify the
3 Attorney General constitutes an absolute waiver of the right
4 to a defense and indemnification.

5 The Attorney General shall determine, within 7 days after
6 receiving such notice, whether he or she will undertake to
7 represent the member.

8 (g) The Department may adopt rules to implement,
9 administer, and enforce this Section.

10 (Source: P.A. 104-432, eff. 1-1-26.)

11 Section 10. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
12 amended by changing Sections 102 and 303.05 as follows:

13 (720 ILCS 570/102) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1102)

14 Sec. 102. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the
15 context otherwise requires:

16 (a) "Person with a substance use disorder" means any
17 person who has a substance use disorder diagnosis defined as a
18 spectrum of persistent and recurring problematic behavior that
19 encompasses 10 separate classes of drugs: alcohol; caffeine;
20 cannabis; hallucinogens; inhalants; opioids; sedatives,
21 hypnotics and anxiolytics; stimulants; and tobacco; and other
22 unknown substances leading to clinically significant
23 impairment or distress.

24 (b) "Administer" means the direct application of a

1 controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation,
2 ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient,
3 research subject, or animal (as defined by the Humane
4 Euthanasia in Animal Shelters Act) by:

5 (1) a practitioner (or, in his or her presence, by his
6 or her authorized agent),

7 (2) the patient or research subject pursuant to an
8 order, or

9 (3) a euthanasia technician as defined by the Humane
10 Euthanasia in Animal Shelters Act.

11 (c) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf
12 of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor,
13 dispenser, prescriber, or practitioner. It does not include a
14 common or contract carrier, public warehouseman or employee of
15 the carrier or warehouseman.

16 (c-1) "Anabolic Steroids" means any drug or hormonal
17 substance, chemically and pharmacologically related to
18 testosterone (other than estrogens, progestins,
19 corticosteroids, and dehydroepiandrosterone), and includes:

20 (i) 3[beta],17-dihydroxy-5a-androstane,

21 (ii) 3[alpha],17[beta]-dihydroxy-5a-androstane,

22 (iii) 5[alpha]-androstane-3,17-dione,

23 (iv) 1-androstenediol (3[beta],

24 17[beta]-dihydroxy-5[alpha]-androst-1-ene),

25 (v) 1-androstenediol (3[alpha],

26 17[beta]-dihydroxy-5[alpha]-androst-1-ene),

1 (vi) 4-androstenediol
2 (3[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxy-androst-4-ene),
3 (vii) 5-androstenediol
4 (3[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxy-androst-5-ene),
5 (viii) 1-androstenedione
6 ([5alpha]-androst-1-en-3,17-dione),
7 (ix) 4-androstenedione
8 (androst-4-en-3,17-dione),
9 (x) 5-androstenedione
10 (androst-5-en-3,17-dione),
11 (xi) bolasterone (7[alpha],17a-dimethyl-17[beta]-
12 hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
13 (xii) boldenone (17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-
14 1,4,-diene-3-one),
15 (xiii) boldione (androsta-1,4-
16 diene-3,17-dione),
17 (xiv) calusterone (7[beta],17[alpha]-dimethyl-17
18 [beta]-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
19 (xv) clostebol (4-chloro-17[beta]-
20 hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
21 (xvi) dehydrochloromethyltestosterone (4-chloro-
22 17[beta]-hydroxy-17[alpha]-methyl-
23 androst-1,4-dien-3-one),
24 (xvii) desoxymethyltestosterone
25 (17[alpha]-methyl-5[alpha]
26 -androst-2-en-17[beta]-ol) (a.k.a., madol),

(xviii) [delta]1-dihydrotestosterone (a.k.a.
'1-testosterone') (17[beta]-hydroxy-
5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one),
(xix) 4-dihydrotestosterone (17[beta]-hydroxy-
androstan-3-one),
(xx) drostanolone (17[beta]-hydroxy-2[alpha]-methyl-
5[alpha]-androstan-3-one),
(xxi) ethylestrenol (17[alpha]-ethyl-17[beta]-
hydroxyestr-4-ene),
(xxii) fluoxymesterone (9-fluoro-17[alpha]-methyl-
1[beta],17[beta]-dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
(xxiii) formebolone (2-formyl-17[alpha]-methyl-11[alpha],
17[beta]-dihydroxyandrost-1,4-dien-3-one),
(xxiv) furazabol (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
hydroxyandrostando[2,3-c]-furazan),
(xxv) 13[beta]-ethyl-17[beta]-hydroxygon-4-en-3-one,
(xxvi) 4-hydroxytestosterone (4,17[beta]-dihydroxy-
androst-4-en-3-one),
(xxvii) 4-hydroxy-19-nortestosterone (4,17[beta]-
dihydroxy-estr-4-en-3-one),
(xxviii) mestanolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
hydroxy-5-androstan-3-one),
(xxix) mesterolone (1amethyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-
[5a]-androstan-3-one),
(xxx) methandienone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
hydroxyandrost-1,4-dien-3-one),

(xxxi) methandriol (17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta],17[beta]-
dihydroxyandrost-5-ene),
(xxxii) methenolone (1-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-
5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one),
(xxxiii) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta], 17[beta]-
dihydroxy-5a-androstane,
(xxxiv) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[alpha],17[beta]-dihydroxy
-5a-androstane,
(xxxv) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta],17[beta]-
dihydroxyandrost-4-ene),
(xxxvi) 17[alpha]-methyl-4-hydroxynandrolone (17[alpha]-
methyl-4-hydroxy-17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
(xxxvii) methyldienolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
hydroxyestra-4,9(10)-dien-3-one),
(xxxviii) methyltrienolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
hydroxyestra-4,9-11-trien-3-one),
(xxxix) methyltestosterone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
(xl) mibolerone (7[alpha],17a-dimethyl-17[beta]-
hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
(xli) 17[alpha]-methyl-[delta]1-dihydrotestosterone
(17b[beta]-hydroxy-17[alpha]-methyl-5[alpha]-
androst-1-en-3-one) (a.k.a. '17-[alpha]-methyl-
1-testosterone'),
(xlii) nandrolone (17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
(xliii) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3[beta], 17[beta]-

1 dihydroxyestr-4-ene),
2 (xliv) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3[alpha], 17[beta]-
3 dihydroxyestr-4-ene),
4 (xlv) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3[beta], 17[beta]-
5 dihydroxyestr-5-ene),
6 (xlvi) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3[alpha], 17[beta]-
7 dihydroxyestr-5-ene),
8 (xlvii) 19-nor-4,9(10)-androstadienedione
9 (estra-4,9(10)-diene-3,17-dione),
10 (xlviii) 19-nor-4-androstenedione (estr-4-
11 en-3,17-dione),
12 (xlix) 19-nor-5-androstenedione (estr-5-
13 en-3,17-dione),
14 (l) norbolethone (13[beta], 17a-diethyl-17[beta]-
15 hydroxygon-4-en-3-one),
16 (li) norclostebol (4-chloro-17[beta]-
17 hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
18 (lii) norethandrolone (17[alpha]-ethyl-17[beta]-
19 hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
20 (liii) normethandrolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
21 hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
22 (liv) oxandrolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-
23 2-oxa-5[alpha]-androstan-3-one),
24 (lv) oxymesterone (17[alpha]-methyl-4,17[beta]-
25 dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
26 (lvi) oxymetholone (17[alpha]-methyl-2-hydroxymethylene-

1 17[beta]-hydroxy-(5[alpha]-androstan-3-one),
2 (lvii) stanozolol (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-
3 (5[alpha]-androst-2-eno[3,2-c]-pyrazole),
4 (lviii) stenbolone (17[beta]-hydroxy-2-methyl-
5 (5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one),
6 (lix) testolactone (13-hydroxy-3-oxo-13,17-
7 secoandrosta-1,4-dien-17-oic
8 acid lactone),
9 (lx) testosterone (17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-
10 4-en-3-one),
11 (lxi) tetrahydrogestrinone (13[beta], 17[alpha]-
12 diethyl-17[beta]-hydroxygon-
13 4,9,11-trien-3-one),
14 (lxii) trenbolone (17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4,9,
15 11-trien-3-one).

16 Any person who is otherwise lawfully in possession of an
17 anabolic steroid, or who otherwise lawfully manufactures,
18 distributes, dispenses, delivers, or possesses with intent to
19 deliver an anabolic steroid, which anabolic steroid is
20 expressly intended for and lawfully allowed to be administered
21 through implants to livestock or other nonhuman species, and
22 which is approved by the Secretary of Health and Human
23 Services for such administration, and which the person intends
24 to administer or have administered through such implants,
25 shall not be considered to be in unauthorized possession or to
26 unlawfully manufacture, distribute, dispense, deliver, or

1 possess with intent to deliver such anabolic steroid for
2 purposes of this Act.

3 (d) "Administration" means the Drug Enforcement
4 Administration, United States Department of Justice, or its
5 successor agency.

6 (d-5) "Clinical Director, Prescription Monitoring Program"
7 means a Department of Human Services administrative employee
8 licensed to either prescribe or dispense controlled substances
9 who shall run the clinical aspects of the Department of Human
10 Services Prescription Monitoring Program and its Prescription
11 Information Library.

12 (d-10) "Compounding" means the preparation and mixing of
13 components, excluding flavorings, (1) as the result of a
14 prescriber's prescription drug order or initiative based on
15 the prescriber-patient-pharmacist relationship in the course
16 of professional practice or (2) for the purpose of, or
17 incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not
18 for sale or dispensing. "Compounding" includes the preparation
19 of drugs or devices in anticipation of receiving prescription
20 drug orders based on routine, regularly observed dispensing
21 patterns. Commercially available products may be compounded
22 for dispensing to individual patients only if both of the
23 following conditions are met: (i) the commercial product is
24 not reasonably available from normal distribution channels in
25 a timely manner to meet the patient's needs and (ii) the
26 prescribing practitioner has requested that the drug be

1 compounded.

2 (e) "Control" means to add a drug or other substance, or
3 immediate precursor, to a Schedule whether by transfer from
4 another Schedule or otherwise.

5 (f) "Controlled Substance" means (i) a drug, substance,
6 immediate precursor, or synthetic drug in the Schedules of
7 Article II of this Act or (ii) a drug or other substance, or
8 immediate precursor, designated as a controlled substance by
9 the Department through administrative rule. The term does not
10 include distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or tobacco,
11 as those terms are defined or used in the Liquor Control Act of
12 1934 and the Tobacco Products Tax Act of 1995.

13 (f-5) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance:

14 (1) the chemical structure of which is substantially
15 similar to the chemical structure of a controlled
16 substance in Schedule I or II;

17 (2) which has a stimulant, depressant, or
18 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that
19 is substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant,
20 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central
21 nervous system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or
22 II; or

23 (3) with respect to a particular person, which such
24 person represents or intends to have a stimulant,
25 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central
26 nervous system that is substantially similar to or greater

1 than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect
2 on the central nervous system of a controlled substance in
3 Schedule I or II.

4 (g) "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance,
5 which, or the container or labeling of which, without
6 authorization bears the trademark, trade name, or other
7 identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any likeness
8 thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser other
9 than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed, or
10 dispensed the substance.

11 (h) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive
12 or attempted transfer of possession of a controlled substance,
13 with or without consideration, whether or not there is an
14 agency relationship. "Deliver" or "delivery" does not include
15 the donation of drugs to the extent permitted under the
16 Illinois Drug Reuse Opportunity Program Act.

17 (i) "Department" means the Illinois Department of Human
18 Services (as successor to the Department of Alcoholism and
19 Substance Abuse) or its successor agency.

20 (j) (Blank).

21 (k) "Department of Corrections" means the Department of
22 Corrections of the State of Illinois or its successor agency.

23 (l) "Department of Financial and Professional Regulation"
24 means the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation
25 of the State of Illinois or its successor agency.

26 (m) "Depressant" means any drug that (i) causes an overall

1 depression of central nervous system functions, (ii) causes
2 impaired consciousness and awareness, and (iii) can be
3 habit-forming or lead to a substance misuse or substance use
4 disorder, including, but not limited to, alcohol, cannabis and
5 its active principles and their analogs, benzodiazepines and
6 their analogs, barbiturates and their analogs, opioids
7 (natural and synthetic) and their analogs, and chloral hydrate
8 and similar sedative hypnotics.

9 (n) (Blank).

10 (o) "Director" means the Director of the Illinois State
11 Police or his or her designated agents.

12 (p) "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to
13 an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the
14 lawful order of a prescriber, including the prescribing,
15 administering, packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary
16 to prepare the substance for that delivery.

17 (q) "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.

18 (r) "Distribute" means to deliver, other than by
19 administering or dispensing, a controlled substance.

20 (s) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.

21 (t) "Drug" means (1) substances recognized as drugs in the
22 official United States Pharmacopoeia, Official Homeopathic
23 Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National
24 Formulary, or any supplement to any of them; (2) substances
25 intended for use in diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or
26 prevention of disease in man or animals; (3) substances (other

1 than food) intended to affect the structure of any function of
2 the body of man or animals and (4) substances intended for use
3 as a component of any article specified in clause (1), (2), or
4 (3) of this subsection. It does not include devices or their
5 components, parts, or accessories.

6 (t-3) "Electronic health record" or "EHR" means an
7 electronic record of health-related information on an
8 individual that is created, gathered, managed, and consulted
9 by authorized health care clinicians and staff.

10 (t-3.5) "Electronic health record system" or "EHR system"
11 means any computer-based system or combination of federally
12 certified Health IT Modules (defined at 42 CFR 170.102 or its
13 successor) used as a repository for electronic health records
14 and accessed or updated by a prescriber or authorized
15 surrogate in the ordinary course of his or her medical
16 practice. For purposes of connecting to the Prescription
17 Information Library maintained by the Bureau of Pharmacy and
18 Clinical Support Systems or its successor, an EHR system may
19 connect to the Prescription Information Library directly or
20 through all or part of a computer program or system that is a
21 federally certified Health IT Module maintained by a third
22 party and used by the EHR system to secure access to the
23 database.

24 (t-4) "Emergency medical services personnel" has the
25 meaning ascribed to it in the Emergency Medical Services (EMS)
26 Systems Act.

1 (t-5) "Euthanasia agency" means an entity certified by the
2 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation for the
3 purpose of animal euthanasia that holds an animal control
4 facility license or animal shelter license under the Animal
5 Welfare Act. A euthanasia agency is authorized to purchase,
6 store, possess, and utilize Schedule II nonnarcotic and
7 Schedule III nonnarcotic drugs for the sole purpose of animal
8 euthanasia.

9 (t-10) "Euthanasia drugs" means Schedule II or Schedule
10 III substances (nonnarcotic controlled substances) that are
11 used by a euthanasia agency for the purpose of animal
12 euthanasia.

13 (u) "Good faith" means the prescribing or dispensing of a
14 controlled substance by a practitioner in the regular course
15 of professional treatment to or for any person who is under his
16 or her treatment for a pathology or condition other than that
17 individual's physical or psychological dependence upon a
18 controlled substance, except as provided herein: and
19 application of the term to a pharmacist shall mean the
20 dispensing of a controlled substance pursuant to the
21 prescriber's order which in the professional judgment of the
22 pharmacist is lawful. The pharmacist shall be guided by
23 accepted professional standards, including, but not limited
24 to, the following, in making the judgment:

25 (1) lack of consistency of prescriber-patient
26 relationship,

1 (2) frequency of prescriptions for same drug by one
2 prescriber for large numbers of patients,

3 (3) quantities beyond those normally prescribed,

4 (4) unusual dosages (recognizing that there may be
5 clinical circumstances where more or less than the usual
6 dose may be used legitimately),

7 (5) unusual geographic distances between patient,
8 pharmacist and prescriber,

9 (6) consistent prescribing of habit-forming drugs.

10 (u-0.5) "Hallucinogen" means a drug that causes markedly
11 altered sensory perception leading to hallucinations of any
12 type.

13 (u-1) "Home infusion services" means services provided by
14 a pharmacy in compounding solutions for direct administration
15 to a patient in a private residence, long-term care facility,
16 or hospice setting by means of parenteral, intravenous,
17 intramuscular, subcutaneous, or intraspinal infusion.

18 (u-5) "Illinois State Police" means the Illinois State
19 Police or its successor agency.

20 (v) "Immediate precursor" means a substance:

21 (1) which the Department has found to be and by rule
22 designated as being a principal compound used, or produced
23 primarily for use, in the manufacture of a controlled
24 substance;

25 (2) which is an immediate chemical intermediary used
26 or likely to be used in the manufacture of such controlled

1 substance; and

2 (3) the control of which is necessary to prevent,
3 curtail or limit the manufacture of such controlled
4 substance.

5 (w) "Instructional activities" means the acts of teaching,
6 educating or instructing by practitioners using controlled
7 substances within educational facilities approved by the State
8 Board of Education or its successor agency.

9 (x) "Local authorities" means a duly organized State,
10 County or Municipal peace unit or police force.

11 (y) "Look-alike substance" means a substance, other than a
12 controlled substance which (1) by overall dosage unit
13 appearance, including shape, color, size, markings or lack
14 thereof, taste, consistency, or any other identifying physical
15 characteristic of the substance, would lead a reasonable
16 person to believe that the substance is a controlled
17 substance, or (2) is expressly or impliedly represented to be
18 a controlled substance or is distributed under circumstances
19 which would lead a reasonable person to believe that the
20 substance is a controlled substance. For the purpose of
21 determining whether the representations made or the
22 circumstances of the distribution would lead a reasonable
23 person to believe the substance to be a controlled substance
24 under this clause (2) of subsection (y), the court or other
25 authority may consider the following factors in addition to
26 any other factor that may be relevant:

1 (a) statements made by the owner or person in control
2 of the substance concerning its nature, use or effect;

3 (b) statements made to the buyer or recipient that the
4 substance may be resold for profit;

5 (c) whether the substance is packaged in a manner
6 normally used for the illegal distribution of controlled
7 substances;

8 (d) whether the distribution or attempted distribution
9 included an exchange of or demand for money or other
10 property as consideration, and whether the amount of the
11 consideration was substantially greater than the
12 reasonable retail market value of the substance.

13 Clause (1) of this subsection (y) shall not apply to a
14 noncontrolled substance in its finished dosage form that was
15 initially introduced into commerce prior to the initial
16 introduction into commerce of a controlled substance in its
17 finished dosage form which it may substantially resemble.

18 Nothing in this subsection (y) prohibits the dispensing or
19 distributing of noncontrolled substances by persons authorized
20 to dispense and distribute controlled substances under this
21 Act, provided that such action would be deemed to be carried
22 out in good faith under subsection (u) if the substances
23 involved were controlled substances.

24 Nothing in this subsection (y) or in this Act prohibits
25 the manufacture, preparation, propagation, compounding,
26 processing, packaging, advertising or distribution of a drug

1 or drugs by any person registered pursuant to Section 510 of
2 the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360).

3 (y-1) "Mail-order pharmacy" means a pharmacy that is
4 located in a state of the United States that delivers,
5 dispenses or distributes, through the United States Postal
6 Service or other common carrier, to Illinois residents, any
7 substance which requires a prescription.

8 (z) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation,
9 propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a
10 controlled substance other than methamphetamine, either
11 directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of
12 natural origin, or independently by means of chemical
13 synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical
14 synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the
15 substance or labeling of its container, except that this term
16 does not include:

17 (1) by an ultimate user, the preparation or
18 compounding of a controlled substance for his or her own
19 use;

20 (2) by a practitioner, or his or her authorized agent
21 under his or her supervision, the preparation,
22 compounding, packaging, or labeling of a controlled
23 substance:

24 (a) as an incident to his or her administering or
25 dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of
26 his or her professional practice; or

1 (b) as an incident to lawful research, teaching or
2 chemical analysis and not for sale; or

3 (3) the packaging, repackaging, or labeling of drugs
4 only to the extent permitted under the Illinois Drug Reuse
5 Opportunity Program Act.

6 (z-1) (Blank).

7 (z-5) "Medication shopping" means the conduct prohibited
8 under subsection (a) of Section 314.5 of this Act.

9 (z-10) "Mid-level practitioner" means (i) a physician
10 assistant ~~who has been delegated authority to prescribe~~
11 ~~through a written delegation of authority by a physician~~
12 ~~licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, in~~
13 ~~accordance with Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant~~
14 ~~Practice Act of 1987,~~ (ii) an advanced practice registered
15 nurse who has been delegated authority to prescribe through a
16 written delegation of authority by a physician licensed to
17 practice medicine in all of its branches or by a podiatric
18 physician, in accordance with Section 65-40 of the Nurse
19 Practice Act, (iii) an advanced practice registered nurse
20 certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical
21 nurse specialist who has been granted authority to prescribe
22 by a hospital affiliate in accordance with Section 65-45 of
23 the Nurse Practice Act, (iv) an animal euthanasia agency, or
24 (v) a prescribing psychologist.

25 (aa) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether
26 produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances

1 of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical
2 synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical
3 synthesis:

4 (1) opium, opiates, derivatives of opium and opiates,
5 including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts
6 of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of
7 such isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within
8 the specific chemical designation; however the term
9 "narcotic drug" does not include the isoquinoline
10 alkaloids of opium;

11 (2) (blank);

12 (3) opium poppy and poppy straw;

13 (4) coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of
14 coca leaves from which substantially all of the cocaine
15 and ecgonine, and their isomers, derivatives and salts,
16 have been removed;

17 (5) cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers,
18 and salts of isomers;

19 (6) ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers,
20 and salts of isomers;

21 (7) any compound, mixture, or preparation which
22 contains any quantity of any of the substances referred to
23 in subparagraphs (1) through (6).

24 (bb) "Nurse" means a registered nurse licensed under the
25 Nurse Practice Act.

26 (cc) (Blank).

1 (dd) "Opiate" means a drug derived from or related to
2 opium.

3 (ee) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species *Papaver*
4 *somniferum* L., except its seeds.

5 (ee-5) "Oral dosage" means a tablet, capsule, elixir, or
6 solution or other liquid form of medication intended for
7 administration by mouth, but the term does not include a form
8 of medication intended for buccal, sublingual, or transmucosal
9 administration.

10 (ff) "Parole and Pardon Board" means the Parole and Pardon
11 Board of the State of Illinois or its successor agency.

12 (gg) "Person" means any individual, corporation,
13 mail-order pharmacy, government or governmental subdivision or
14 agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or
15 association, or any other entity.

16 (hh) "Pharmacist" means any person who holds a license or
17 certificate of registration as a registered pharmacist, a
18 local registered pharmacist or a registered assistant
19 pharmacist under the Pharmacy Practice Act.

20 (ii) "Pharmacy" means any store, ship or other place in
21 which pharmacy is authorized to be practiced under the
22 Pharmacy Practice Act.

23 (ii-5) "Pharmacy shopping" means the conduct prohibited
24 under subsection (b) of Section 314.5 of this Act.

25 (ii-10) "Physician" (except when the context otherwise
26 requires) means a person licensed to practice medicine in all

1 of its branches.

2 (jj) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of
3 the opium poppy, after mowing.

4 (kk) "Practitioner" means a physician licensed to practice
5 medicine in all its branches, dentist, optometrist, podiatric
6 physician, veterinarian, scientific investigator, pharmacist,
7 physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse,
8 licensed practical nurse, registered nurse, emergency medical
9 services personnel, hospital, laboratory, or pharmacy, or
10 other person licensed, registered, or otherwise lawfully
11 permitted by the United States or this State to distribute,
12 dispense, conduct research with respect to, administer or use
13 in teaching or chemical analysis, a controlled substance in
14 the course of professional practice or research.

15 (ll) "Pre-printed prescription" means a written
16 prescription upon which the designated drug has been indicated
17 prior to the time of issuance; the term does not mean a written
18 prescription that is individually generated by machine or
19 computer in the prescriber's office.

20 (mm) "Prescriber" means a physician licensed to practice
21 medicine in all its branches, dentist, optometrist,
22 prescribing psychologist licensed under Section 4.2 of the
23 Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act with prescriptive
24 authority delegated under Section 4.3 of the Clinical
25 Psychologist Licensing Act, podiatric physician, or
26 veterinarian who issues a prescription, a physician assistant

1 who issues a prescription for a controlled substance in
2 accordance with Section 303.05 of this Act and Section 7.8 of
3 the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987, including a
4 written delegation and written collaborative agreement when
5 required under the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987, a
6 ~~physician assistant who issues a prescription for a controlled~~
7 ~~substance in accordance with Section 303.05, a written~~
8 ~~delegation, and a written collaborative agreement required~~
9 ~~under Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant Practice Act of~~
10 ~~1987,~~ an advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive
11 authority delegated under Section 65-40 of the Nurse Practice
12 Act and in accordance with Section 303.05, a written
13 delegation, and a written collaborative agreement under
14 Section 65-35 of the Nurse Practice Act, an advanced practice
15 registered nurse certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse
16 midwife, or clinical nurse specialist who has been granted
17 authority to prescribe by a hospital affiliate in accordance
18 with Section 65-45 of the Nurse Practice Act and in accordance
19 with Section 303.05, or an advanced practice registered nurse
20 certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical
21 nurse specialist who has full practice authority pursuant to
22 Section 65-43 of the Nurse Practice Act.

23 (nn) "Prescription" means a written, facsimile, or oral
24 order, or an electronic order that complies with applicable
25 federal requirements, of a physician licensed to practice
26 medicine in all its branches, dentist, podiatric physician or

1 veterinarian for any controlled substance, of an optometrist
2 in accordance with Section 15.1 of the Illinois Optometric
3 Practice Act of 1987, of a prescribing psychologist licensed
4 under Section 4.2 of the Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act
5 with prescriptive authority delegated under Section 4.3 of the
6 Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act, of a physician assistant
7 for a controlled substance in accordance with Section 303.05
8 of this Act and Section 7.8 of the Physician Assistant
9 Practice Act of 1987, including a written delegation and
10 written collaborative agreement when required under the
11 Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987, ~~of a physician~~
12 ~~assistant for a controlled substance in accordance with~~
13 ~~Section 303.05, a written delegation, and a written~~
14 ~~collaborative agreement required under Section 7.5 of the~~
15 ~~Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987,~~ of an advanced
16 practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority
17 delegated under Section 65-40 of the Nurse Practice Act who
18 issues a prescription for a controlled substance in accordance
19 with Section 303.05, a written delegation, and a written
20 collaborative agreement under Section 65-35 of the Nurse
21 Practice Act, of an advanced practice registered nurse
22 certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical
23 nurse specialist who has been granted authority to prescribe
24 by a hospital affiliate in accordance with Section 65-45 of
25 the Nurse Practice Act and in accordance with Section 303.05
26 when required by law, or of an advanced practice registered

1 nurse certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or
2 clinical nurse specialist who has full practice authority
3 pursuant to Section 65-43 of the Nurse Practice Act.

4 (nn-5) "Prescription Information Library" (PIL) means an
5 electronic library that contains reported controlled substance
6 data.

7 (nn-10) "Prescription Monitoring Program" (PMP) means the
8 entity that collects, tracks, and stores reported data on
9 controlled substances and select drugs pursuant to Section
10 316.

11 (oo) "Production" or "produce" means manufacture,
12 planting, cultivating, growing, or harvesting of a controlled
13 substance other than methamphetamine.

14 (pp) "Registrant" means every person who is required to
15 register under Section 302 of this Act.

16 (qq) "Registry number" means the number assigned to each
17 person authorized to handle controlled substances under the
18 laws of the United States and of this State.

19 (qq-5) "Secretary" means, as the context requires, either
20 the Secretary of the Department or the Secretary of the
21 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, and the
22 Secretary's designated agents.

23 (rr) "State" includes the State of Illinois and any state,
24 district, commonwealth, territory, insular possession thereof,
25 and any area subject to the legal authority of the United
26 States of America.

1 (rr-5) "Stimulant" means any drug that (i) causes an
2 overall excitation of central nervous system functions, (ii)
3 causes impaired consciousness and awareness, and (iii) can be
4 habit-forming or lead to a substance use disorder, including,
5 but not limited to, amphetamines and their analogs,
6 methylphenidate and its analogs, cocaine, and phencyclidine
7 and its analogs.

8 (rr-10) "Synthetic drug" includes, but is not limited to,
9 any synthetic cannabinoids or piperazines or any synthetic
10 cathinones as provided for in Schedule I.

11 (ss) "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses
12 a controlled substance for his or her own use or for the use of
13 a member of his or her household or for administering to an
14 animal owned by him or her or by a member of his or her
15 household.

16 (Source: P.A. 102-389, eff. 1-1-22; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
17 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 103-881, eff. 1-1-25.)

18 (720 ILCS 570/303.05)

19 Sec. 303.05. Mid-level practitioner registration.

20 (a) The Department of Financial and Professional
21 Regulation shall register licensed physician assistants,
22 licensed advanced practice registered nurses, and prescribing
23 psychologists licensed under Section 4.2 of the Clinical
24 Psychologist Licensing Act to prescribe and dispense
25 controlled substances under Section 303 and euthanasia

1 agencies to purchase, store, or administer animal euthanasia
2 drugs under the following circumstances:

3 (1) with respect to physician assistants, the
4 physician assistant is authorized to prescribe controlled
5 substances under Section 7.8 of the Physician Assistant
6 Practice Act of 1987, has completed the appropriate
7 application forms, and has paid the required fees as set
8 by rule. When a physician assistant is required under the
9 Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987 to prescribe
10 pursuant to delegated prescriptive authority, the
11 physician assistant's registration shall be consistent
12 with the written delegation of authority and written
13 collaborative agreement required under that Act. When a
14 physician assistant prescribes Schedule II controlled
15 substances pursuant to Section 7.8 of the Physician
16 Assistant Practice Act of 1987, the physician assistant
17 shall comply with the consultation relationship
18 requirements of that Section.

19 ~~(A) the physician assistant has been delegated~~
20 ~~written authority to prescribe any Schedule III~~
21 ~~through V controlled substances by a physician~~
22 ~~licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in~~
23 ~~accordance with Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant~~
24 ~~Practice Act of 1987; and the physician assistant has~~
25 ~~completed the appropriate application forms and has~~
26 ~~paid the required fees as set by rule; or~~

1 ~~(B) the physician assistant has been delegated~~
2 ~~authority by a collaborating physician licensed to~~
3 ~~practice medicine in all its branches to prescribe or~~
4 ~~dispense Schedule II controlled substances through a~~
5 ~~written delegation of authority and under the~~
6 ~~following conditions:~~

7 ~~(i) Specific Schedule II controlled substances~~
8 ~~by oral dosage or topical or transdermal~~
9 ~~application may be delegated, provided that the~~
10 ~~delegated Schedule II controlled substances are~~
11 ~~routinely prescribed by the collaborating~~
12 ~~physician. This delegation must identify the~~
13 ~~specific Schedule II controlled substances by~~
14 ~~either brand name or generic name. Schedule II~~
15 ~~controlled substances to be delivered by injection~~
16 ~~or other route of administration may not be~~
17 ~~delegated;~~

18 ~~(ii) any delegation must be of controlled~~
19 ~~substances prescribed by the collaborating~~
20 ~~physician;~~

21 ~~(iii) all prescriptions must be limited to no~~
22 ~~more than a 30-day supply, with any continuation~~
23 ~~authorized only after prior approval of the~~
24 ~~collaborating physician;~~

25 ~~(iv) the physician assistant must discuss the~~
26 ~~condition of any patients for whom a controlled~~

1 ~~substance is prescribed monthly with the~~
2 ~~delegating physician;~~

3 ~~(v) the physician assistant must have completed~~
4 ~~the appropriate application forms and paid the~~
5 ~~required fees as set by rule;~~

6 ~~(vi) the physician assistant must provide evidence~~
7 ~~of satisfactory completion of 45 contact hours in~~
8 ~~pharmacology from any physician assistant program~~
9 ~~accredited by the Accreditation Review Commission on~~
10 ~~Education for the Physician Assistant (ARC-PA), or its~~
11 ~~predecessor agency, for any new license issued with~~
12 ~~Schedule II authority after the effective date of this~~
13 ~~amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly; and~~

14 ~~(vii) the physician assistant must annually~~
15 ~~complete at least 5 hours of continuing education in~~
16 ~~pharmacology;~~

17 (2) with respect to advanced practice registered
18 nurses who do not meet the requirements of Section 65-43
19 of the Nurse Practice Act,

20 (A) the advanced practice registered nurse has
21 been delegated authority to prescribe any Schedule III
22 through V controlled substances by a collaborating
23 physician licensed to practice medicine in all its
24 branches or a collaborating podiatric physician in
25 accordance with Section 65-40 of the Nurse Practice
26 Act. The advanced practice registered nurse has

1 completed the appropriate application forms and has
2 paid the required fees as set by rule; or

3 (B) the advanced practice registered nurse has
4 been delegated authority by a collaborating physician
5 licensed to practice medicine in all its branches to
6 prescribe or dispense Schedule II controlled
7 substances through a written delegation of authority
8 and under the following conditions:

9 (i) specific Schedule II controlled substances
10 by oral dosage or topical or transdermal
11 application may be delegated, provided that the
12 delegated Schedule II controlled substances are
13 routinely prescribed by the collaborating
14 physician. This delegation must identify the
15 specific Schedule II controlled substances by
16 either brand name or generic name. Schedule II
17 controlled substances to be delivered by injection
18 or other route of administration may not be
19 delegated;

20 (ii) any delegation must be of controlled
21 substances prescribed by the collaborating
22 physician;

23 (iii) all prescriptions must be limited to no
24 more than a 30-day supply, with any continuation
25 authorized only after prior approval of the
26 collaborating physician;

1 (iv) the advanced practice registered nurse
2 must discuss the condition of any patients for
3 whom a controlled substance is prescribed monthly
4 with the delegating physician or in the course of
5 review as required by Section 65-40 of the Nurse
6 Practice Act;

7 (v) the advanced practice registered nurse
8 must have completed the appropriate application
9 forms and paid the required fees as set by rule;

10 (vi) the advanced practice registered nurse
11 must provide evidence of satisfactory completion
12 of at least 45 graduate contact hours in
13 pharmacology for any new license issued with
14 Schedule II authority after the effective date of
15 this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly;
16 and

17 (vii) the advanced practice registered nurse
18 must annually complete 5 hours of continuing
19 education in pharmacology;

20 (2.5) with respect to advanced practice registered
21 nurses certified as nurse practitioners, nurse midwives,
22 or clinical nurse specialists who do not meet the
23 requirements of Section 65-43 of the Nurse Practice Act
24 practicing in a hospital affiliate,

25 (A) the advanced practice registered nurse
26 certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or

1 clinical nurse specialist has been privileged to
2 prescribe any Schedule II through V controlled
3 substances by the hospital affiliate upon the
4 recommendation of the appropriate physician committee
5 of the hospital affiliate in accordance with Section
6 65-45 of the Nurse Practice Act, has completed the
7 appropriate application forms, and has paid the
8 required fees as set by rule; and

9 (B) an advanced practice registered nurse
10 certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or
11 clinical nurse specialist has been privileged to
12 prescribe any Schedule II controlled substances by the
13 hospital affiliate upon the recommendation of the
14 appropriate physician committee of the hospital
15 affiliate, then the following conditions must be met:

16 (i) specific Schedule II controlled substances
17 by oral dosage or topical or transdermal
18 application may be designated, provided that the
19 designated Schedule II controlled substances are
20 routinely prescribed by advanced practice
21 registered nurses in their area of certification;
22 the privileging documents must identify the
23 specific Schedule II controlled substances by
24 either brand name or generic name; privileges to
25 prescribe or dispense Schedule II controlled
26 substances to be delivered by injection or other

1 route of administration may not be granted;

2 (ii) any privileges must be controlled
3 substances limited to the practice of the advanced
4 practice registered nurse;

5 (iii) any prescription must be limited to no
6 more than a 30-day supply;

7 (iv) the advanced practice registered nurse
8 must discuss the condition of any patients for
9 whom a controlled substance is prescribed monthly
10 with the appropriate physician committee of the
11 hospital affiliate or its physician designee; and

12 (v) the advanced practice registered nurse
13 must meet the education requirements of this
14 Section;

15 (3) with respect to animal euthanasia agencies, the
16 euthanasia agency has obtained a license from the
17 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and
18 obtained a registration number from the Department; or

19 (4) with respect to prescribing psychologists, the
20 prescribing psychologist has been delegated authority to
21 prescribe any nonnarcotic Schedule III through V
22 controlled substances by a collaborating physician
23 licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in
24 accordance with Section 4.3 of the Clinical Psychologist
25 Licensing Act, and the prescribing psychologist has
26 completed the appropriate application forms and has paid

1 the required fees as set by rule.

2 (b) Except as otherwise authorized under the applicable
3 practice Act, a mid-level practitioner shall only be licensed
4 to prescribe those schedules of controlled substances for
5 which the mid-level practitioner has been granted prescriptive
6 authority under the applicable practice Act. A physician
7 assistant shall prescribe controlled substances only in
8 accordance with the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987,
9 including delegated prescriptive authority and a written
10 collaborative agreement when required under that Act. A
11 physician assistant who has satisfied the requirements of
12 Section 7.9 of the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987
13 may prescribe controlled substances in accordance with Section
14 7.8 of that Act without delegation by a physician, except that
15 a physician assistant prescribing Schedule II controlled
16 substances shall comply with the consultation relationship
17 requirements of Section 7.8 of that Act. A physician assistant
18 and an advanced practice registered nurse are prohibited from
19 prescribing medications and controlled substances not set
20 forth in the required written delegation of authority or as
21 otherwise authorized by their respective practice Acts. The
22 ~~mid-level practitioner shall only be licensed to prescribe~~
23 ~~those schedules of controlled substances for which a licensed~~
24 ~~physician has delegated prescriptive authority, except that an~~
25 ~~animal euthanasia agency does not have any prescriptive~~
26 ~~authority. A physician assistant and an advanced practice~~

1 ~~registered nurse are prohibited from prescribing medications~~
2 ~~and controlled substances not set forth in the required~~
3 ~~written delegation of authority or as authorized by their~~
4 ~~practice Act.~~

5 (c) Upon completion of all registration requirements,
6 physician assistants, advanced practice registered nurses, and
7 animal euthanasia agencies may be issued a mid-level
8 practitioner controlled substances license for Illinois.

9 (d) A collaborating physician may, but is not required to,
10 delegate prescriptive authority to an advanced practice
11 registered nurse as part of a written collaborative agreement,
12 and the delegation of prescriptive authority shall conform to
13 the requirements of Section 65-40 of the Nurse Practice Act.

14 (e) When delegated prescriptive authority is required
15 under the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987, a
16 collaborating physician may delegate prescriptive authority to
17 a physician assistant as part of a written collaborative
18 agreement or in another written delegation of prescriptive
19 authority, and the delegation of prescriptive authority shall
20 conform to the requirements of Section 7.5 and Section 7.8 of
21 the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987. Nothing in this
22 subsection shall be construed to require delegated
23 prescriptive authority for a physician assistant who has
24 satisfied the requirements of Section 7.9 of the Physician
25 Assistant Practice Act of 1987, except as otherwise provided
26 in Section 7.8 of that Act for Schedule II controlled

1 substances. ~~A collaborating physician may, but is not required~~
2 ~~to, delegate prescriptive authority to a physician assistant~~
3 ~~as part of a written collaborative agreement, and the~~
4 ~~delegation of prescriptive authority shall conform to the~~
5 ~~requirements of Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant~~
6 ~~Practice Act of 1987.~~

7 (f) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit
8 generic substitution.

9 (Source: P.A. 99-173, eff. 7-29-15; 100-453, eff. 8-25-17;
10 100-513, eff. 1-1-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18.)

11 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
12 becoming law, except that Section 7.9 of the Physician
13 Assistant Practice Act of 1987 takes effect January 1, 2028."