

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2017 and 2018 HB4397

by Rep. Lou Lang

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

110 ILCS 992/1-5

Amends the Student Loan Servicing Rights Act. Provides that, as used in the Act, "student loan servicer" does not include a law firm or licensed attorney that is collecting post-default debt. Effective December 31, 2018.

LRB100 17085 AXK 32236 b

1 AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 2 represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Student Loan Servicing Rights Act is amended
- 5 by changing Section 1-5 as follows:
- 6 (110 ILCS 992/1-5)
- (This Section may contain text from a Public Act with a
- 8 delayed effective date)
- 9 Sec. 1-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- "Applicant" means a person applying for a license pursuant 10
- 11 to this Act.
- "Borrower" or "student loan borrower" means a person who 12
- has received or agreed to pay a student loan for his or her own 13
- 14 educational expenses.
- "Cosigner" means a person who has 15 agreed to share
- 16 responsibility for repaying a student loan with a borrower.
- 17 "Department" means the Department of Financial
- Professional Regulation. 18
- 19 "Division of Banking" means the Division of Banking of the
- Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. 20
- 21 "Federal loan borrower eligible for referral to a repayment
- 22 specialist" means a borrower who possesses any of the following
- 2.3 characteristics:

1		(1)	reques	ts	info	ormation	related	to	options	to	reduce
2	or	suspei	nd his	or	her	monthly	payment;				

- (2) indicates that he or she is experiencing or anticipates experiencing financial hardship, distress, or difficulty making his or her payments;
 - (3) has missed 2 consecutive monthly payments;
 - (4) is at least 75 days delinquent;
- (5) is enrolled in a discretionary forbearance for more than 9 of the previous 12 months;
 - (6) has rehabilitated or consolidated one or more loans out of default within the past 12 months; or
- (7) has not completed a course of study, as reflected in the servicer's records, or the borrower identifies himself or herself as not having completed a program of study.
- "Federal education loan" means any loan made, guaranteed, or insured under Title IV of the federal Higher Education Act of 1965.
- "Income-driven payment plan certification" means the documentation related to a federal student loan borrower's income or financial status the borrower must submit to renew an income-driven repayment plan.
- "Income-driven repayment options" includes the
 Income-Contingent Repayment Plan, the Income-Based Repayment
 Plan, the Income-Sensitive Repayment Plan, the Pay As You Earn
 Plan, the Revised Pay As You Earn Plan, and any other federal

- 1 student loan repayment plan that is calculated based on a
- borrower's income.
- 3 "Licensee" means a person licensed pursuant to this Act.
- 4 "Other repayment plans" means the Standard Repayment Plan,
- 5 the Graduated Repayment Plan, the Extended Repayment Plan, or
- 6 any other federal student loan repayment plan not based on a
- 7 borrower's income.
- 8 "Private loan borrower eligible for referral to a repayment
- 9 specialist" means a borrower who possesses any of the following
- 10 characteristics:
- 11 (1) requests information related to options to reduce
- or suspend his or her monthly payments; or
- 13 (2) indicates that he or she is experiencing or
- 14 anticipates experiencing financial hardship, distress, or
- difficulty making his or her payments.
- "Requester" means any borrower or cosigner that submits a
- 17 request for assistance.
- "Request for assistance" means all inquiries, complaints,
- 19 account disputes, and requests for documentation a servicer
- 20 receives from borrowers or cosigners.
- "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
- 22 Professional Regulation, or his or her designee, including the
- 23 Director of the Division of Banking of the Department of
- 24 Financial and Professional Regulation.
- "Servicing" means: (1) receiving any scheduled periodic
- 26 payments from a student loan borrower or cosigner pursuant to

- the terms of a student loan; (2) applying the payments of principal and interest and such other payments with respect to the amounts received from a student loan borrower or cosigner, as may be required pursuant to the terms of a student loan; and (3) performing other administrative services with respect to a student loan.
 - "Student loan" or "loan" means any federal education loan or other loan primarily for use to finance a postsecondary education and costs of attendance at a postsecondary institution, including, but not limited to, tuition, fees, books and supplies, room and board, transportation, and miscellaneous personal expenses. "Student loan" includes a loan made to refinance a student loan.
 - "Student loan" shall not include an extension of credit under an open-end consumer credit plan, a reverse mortgage transaction, a residential mortgage transaction, or any other loan that is secured by real property or a dwelling.
 - "Student loan" shall not include an extension of credit made by a postsecondary educational institution to a borrower if one of the following apply:
 - (1) The term of the extension of credit is no longer than the borrower's education program.
 - (2) The remaining, unpaid principal balance of the extension of credit is less than \$1,500 at the time of the borrower's graduation or completion of the program.
 - (3) The borrower fails to graduate or successfully

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3	post	secor	ndar	v iı	nsti	tutio	n.							

"Student loan servicer" or "servicer" means any person engaged in the business of servicing student loans.

"Student loan servicer" shall not include:

- (1) a bank, savings bank, savings association, or credit union organized under the laws of the State or any other state or under the laws of the United States;
- (2) a wholly owned subsidiary of any bank, savings bank, savings association, or credit union organized under the laws of the State or any other state or under the laws of the United States;
- (3) an operating subsidiary where each owner of the operating subsidiary is wholly owned by the same bank, savings bank, savings association, or credit union organized under the laws of the State or any other state or under the laws of the United States;
- (4) the Illinois Student Assistance Commission and its agents when the agents are acting on the Illinois Student Assistance Commission's behalf;
- (5) a public postsecondary educational institution or a private nonprofit postsecondary educational institution servicing a student loan it extended to the borrower;
- (6) a licensed debt management service under the Debt Management Service Act, except to the extent that the

1	organization	acts	as	a :	subcont	rac	tor,	affi	liate,	or
2	service provid	ler for	an	enti	ty that	is	other	wise	subject	to
3	licensure unde	r this	Act	- :						

- (7) any collection agency licensed under the Collection Agency Act that is collecting post-default debt;
- (8) in connection with its responsibilities as a guaranty agency engaged in default aversion, a State or nonprofit private institution or organization having an agreement with the U.S. Secretary of Education under Section 428(b) of the Higher Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1078(B)); or
- (9) a State institution or a nonprofit private organization designated by a governmental entity to make or service student loans, provided in each case that the institution or organization services fewer than 20,000 student loan accounts of borrowers who reside in Illinois; or:
- 19 <u>(10) a law firm or licensed attorney that is collecting</u>
 20 <u>post-default debt.</u>
- 21 (Source: P.A. 100-540, eff. 12-31-18.)
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect December 31, 2018.