

1 AN ACT concerning State government.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The State Treasurer Act is amended by changing
5 Section 16.5 as follows:

6 (15 ILCS 505/16.5)

7 Sec. 16.5. College Savings Pool.

8 (a) Definitions. As used in this Section:

9 "Account owner" means any person or entity who has opened
10 an account or to whom ownership of an account has been
11 transferred, as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, and who
12 has authority to withdraw funds, direct withdrawal of funds,
13 change the designated beneficiary, or otherwise exercise
14 control over an account in the College Savings Pool.

15 "Donor" means any person or entity who makes contributions
16 to an account in the College Savings Pool.

17 "Designated beneficiary" means any individual designated
18 as the beneficiary of an account in the College Savings Pool by
19 an account owner. A designated beneficiary must have a valid
20 social security number or taxpayer identification number. In
21 the case of an account established as part of a scholarship
22 program permitted under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue
23 Code, the designated beneficiary is any individual receiving

1 benefits accumulated in the account as a scholarship.

2 "Member of the family" has the same meaning ascribed to
3 that term under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

4 "Nonqualified withdrawal" means a distribution from an
5 account other than a distribution that (i) is used for the
6 qualified expenses of the designated beneficiary; (ii) results
7 from the beneficiary's death or disability; (iii) is a rollover
8 to another account in the College Savings Pool; or (iv) is a
9 rollover to an ABLE account, as defined in Section 16.6 of this
10 Act, or any distribution that, within 60 days after such
11 distribution, is transferred to an ABLE account of the
12 designated beneficiary or a member of the family of the
13 designated beneficiary to the extent that the distribution,
14 when added to all other contributions made to the ABLE account
15 for the taxable year, does not exceed the limitation under
16 Section 529A(b) (2) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue Code.

17 "Program manager" means any financial institution or
18 entity lawfully doing business in the State of Illinois
19 selected by the State Treasurer to oversee the recordkeeping,
20 custody, customer service, investment management, and
21 marketing for one or more of the programs in the College
22 Savings Pool.

23 "Qualified expenses" means: (i) tuition, fees, and the
24 costs of books, supplies, and equipment required for enrollment
25 or attendance at an eligible educational institution; (ii)
26 expenses for special needs services, in the case of a special

1 needs beneficiary, which are incurred in connection with such
2 enrollment or attendance; (iii) certain expenses for the
3 purchase of computer or peripheral equipment, as defined in
4 Section 168 of the federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C.
5 168), computer software, as defined in Section 197 of the
6 federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 197), or Internet
7 access and related services, if such equipment, software, or
8 services are to be used primarily by the beneficiary during any
9 of the years the beneficiary is enrolled at an eligible
10 educational institution, except that, such expenses shall not
11 include expenses for computer software designed for sports,
12 games, or hobbies, unless the software is predominantly
13 educational in nature; and (iv) room and board expenses
14 incurred while attending an eligible educational institution
15 at least half-time. "Eligible educational institutions", as
16 used in this Section, means public and private colleges, junior
17 colleges, graduate schools, and certain vocational
18 institutions that are described in Section 481 of the Higher
19 Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1088) and that are eligible to
20 participate in Department of Education student aid programs. A
21 student shall be considered to be enrolled at least half-time
22 if the student is enrolled for at least half the full-time
23 academic workload for the course of study the student is
24 pursuing as determined under the standards of the institution
25 at which the student is enrolled.

26 (b) Establishment of the Pool. The State Treasurer may

1 establish and administer a College Savings Pool as a qualified
2 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.
3 The Pool may consist of one or more college savings programs ~~to~~
4 ~~supplement and enhance the investment opportunities otherwise~~
5 ~~available to persons seeking to finance the costs of higher~~
6 ~~education.~~ The State Treasurer, in administering the College
7 Savings Pool, may receive, hold, and invest moneys paid into
8 the Pool and perform such other actions as are necessary to
9 ensure that the Pool operates as a qualified tuition program in
10 accordance with Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code ~~pool~~
11 ~~by a participant and may serve as the fiscal agent of that~~
12 ~~participant for the purpose of holding and investing those~~
13 ~~moneys.~~

14 (c) Administration of the College Savings Pool. The State
15 Treasurer may engage one or more financial institutions to
16 handle the overall administration, investment management,
17 recordkeeping, and marketing of the programs in the College
18 Savings Pool. The contributions deposited in the Pool, and any
19 earnings thereon, shall not constitute property of the State or
20 be commingled with State funds and the State shall have no
21 claim to or against, or interest in, such funds.

22 ~~"Participant", as used in this Section, means any person~~
23 ~~who has authority to withdraw funds, change the designated~~
24 ~~beneficiary, or otherwise exercise control over an account.~~
25 ~~"Donor", as used in this Section, means any person who makes~~
26 ~~investments in the pool. "Designated beneficiary", as used in~~

~~this Section, means any person on whose behalf an account is established in the College Savings Pool by a participant. Both in-state and out-of-state persons may be participants, donors, and designated beneficiaries in the College Savings Pool. The College Savings Pool must be available to any individual with a valid social security number or taxpayer identification number for the benefit of any individual with a valid social security number or taxpayer identification number, unless a contract in effect on August 1, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 97-233) does not allow for taxpayer identification numbers, in which case taxpayer identification numbers must be allowed upon the expiration of the contract.~~

~~New accounts in the College Savings Pool may be processed through participating financial institutions. "Participating financial institution", as used in this Section, means any financial institution insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and lawfully doing business in the State of Illinois and any credit union approved by the State Treasurer and lawfully doing business in the State of Illinois that agrees to process new accounts in the College Savings Pool. Participating financial institutions may charge a processing fee to participants to open an account in the pool that shall not exceed \$30 until the year 2001. Beginning in 2001 and every year thereafter, the maximum fee limit shall be adjusted by the Treasurer based on the Consumer Price Index for the North Central Region as published by the United States Department of~~

1 ~~Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics for the immediately preceding~~
2 ~~calendar year. Every contribution received by a financial~~
3 ~~institution for investment in the College Savings Pool shall be~~
4 ~~transferred from the financial institution to a location~~
5 ~~selected by the State Treasurer within one business day~~
6 ~~following the day that the funds must be made available in~~
7 ~~accordance with federal law. All communications from the State~~
8 ~~Treasurer to participants and donors shall reference the~~
9 ~~participating financial institution at which the account was~~
10 ~~processed.~~

11 ~~The Treasurer may invest the moneys in the College Savings~~
12 ~~Pool in the same manner and in the same types of investments~~
13 ~~provided for the investment of moneys by the Illinois State~~
14 ~~Board of Investment.~~

15 (d) Availability of the College Savings Pool. The State
16 Treasurer may permit persons, including trustees of trusts and
17 custodians under a Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or Uniform
18 Gifts to Minors Act account, and certain legal entities to be
19 account owners, including as part of a scholarship program,
20 provided that: (1) an individual, trustee or custodian must
21 have a valid social security number or taxpayer identification
22 number, be at least 18 years of age, and have a valid United
23 States street address; and (2) a legal entity must have a valid
24 taxpayer identification number and a valid United States street
25 address. Both in-state and out-of-state persons may be account
26 owners and donors, and both in-state and out-of-state

1 individuals may be designated beneficiaries in the College
2 Savings Pool.

3 (e) Fees. The State Treasurer shall establish fees to be
4 imposed on accounts to recover the costs of administration,
5 recordkeeping, and investment management. The Treasurer must
6 use his or her best efforts to keep these fees as low as
7 possible and consistent with administration of high quality
8 competitive college savings programs.

9 (f) Investments in the State. To enhance the safety and
10 liquidity of the College Savings Pool, to ensure the
11 diversification of the investment portfolio of the College
12 Savings Pool ~~pool~~, and in an effort to keep investment dollars
13 in the State of Illinois, the State Treasurer may make a
14 percentage of each account available for investment in
15 participating financial institutions doing business in the
16 State. ~~The State Treasurer may deposit with the participating~~
17 ~~financial institution at which the account was processed the~~
18 ~~following percentage of each account at a prevailing rate~~
19 ~~offered by the institution, provided that the deposit is~~
20 ~~federally insured or fully collateralized and the institution~~
21 ~~accepts the deposit: 10% of the total amount of each account~~
22 ~~for which the current age of the beneficiary is less than 7~~
23 ~~years of age, 20% of the total amount of each account for which~~
24 ~~the beneficiary is at least 7 years of age and less than 12~~
25 ~~years of age, and 50% of the total amount of each account for~~
26 ~~which the current age of the beneficiary is at least 12 years~~

1 ~~of age.~~

2 (g) Investment policy. The Treasurer shall develop,
3 publish, and implement an investment policy covering the
4 investment of the moneys in each of the programs in the College
5 Savings Pool. The policy shall be published each year as part
6 of the audit of the College Savings Pool by the Auditor
7 General, which shall be distributed to all account owners in
8 such program participants. The Treasurer shall notify all
9 account owners in such program participants in writing, and the
10 Treasurer shall publish in a newspaper of general circulation
11 in both Chicago and Springfield, any changes to the previously
12 published investment policy at least 30 calendar days before
13 implementing the policy. Any investment policy adopted by the
14 Treasurer shall be reviewed and updated if necessary within 90
15 days following the date that the State Treasurer takes office.

16 (h) Investment restrictions. An account owner may,
17 directly or indirectly, direct the investment of any
18 contributions to the College Savings Pool (or any earnings
19 thereon) only as provided in Section 529(b)(4) of the Internal
20 Revenue Code. Donors and designated beneficiaries, in those
21 capacities, may not, directly or indirectly, direct the
22 investment of any contributions to the Pool (or any earnings
23 thereon).

24 (i) Distributions. Distributions ~~Participants shall be~~
25 ~~required to use moneys distributed~~ from an account in the
26 College Savings Pool may be used for the designated

1 beneficiary's qualified expenses ~~at eligible educational~~
2 ~~institutions.~~ Funds contained in a College Savings Pool account
3 may be rolled over into an eligible ABLE account, as defined in
4 Section 16.6 of this Act, to the extent permitted by Section
5 529(c)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code. To the extent a
6 nonqualified withdrawal is made from an account, the earnings
7 portion of such distribution may be treated by the Internal
8 Revenue Service as income subject to income tax and a 10%
9 federal penalty tax. ~~"Qualified expenses", as used in this~~
10 ~~Section, means the following: (i) tuition, fees, and the costs~~
11 ~~of books, supplies, and equipment required for enrollment or~~
12 ~~attendance at an eligible educational institution; (ii)~~
13 ~~expenses for special needs services, in the case of a special~~
14 ~~needs beneficiary, which are incurred in connection with such~~
15 ~~enrollment or attendance; (iii) certain expenses for the~~
16 ~~purchase of computer or peripheral equipment, as defined in~~
17 ~~Section 168 of the federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C.~~
18 ~~168), computer software, as defined in Section 197 of the~~
19 ~~federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 197), or internet~~
20 ~~access and related services, if such equipment, software, or~~
21 ~~services are to be used primarily by the beneficiary during any~~
22 ~~of the years the beneficiary is enrolled at an eligible~~
23 ~~educational institution, except that, such expenses shall not~~
24 ~~include expenses for computer software designed for sports,~~
25 ~~games, or hobbies, unless the software is predominantly~~
26 ~~educational in nature; and (iv) certain room and board expenses~~

1 ~~incurred while attending an eligible educational institution~~
2 ~~at least half time. "Eligible educational institutions", as~~
3 ~~used in this Section, means public and private colleges, junior~~
4 ~~colleges, graduate schools, and certain vocational~~
5 ~~institutions that are described in Section 481 of the Higher~~
6 ~~Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1088) and that are eligible to~~
7 ~~participate in Department of Education student aid programs. A~~
8 ~~student shall be considered to be enrolled at least half time~~
9 ~~if the student is enrolled for at least half the full time~~
10 ~~academic work load for the course of study the student is~~
11 ~~pursuing as determined under the standards of the institution~~
12 ~~at which the student is enrolled.~~

13 Distributions made from the College Savings Pool ~~may pool~~
14 ~~for qualified expenses shall~~ be made directly to the eligible
15 educational institution, directly to a vendor, in the form of a
16 check payable to both the designated beneficiary and the
17 institution or vendor, ~~or~~ directly to the designated
18 beneficiary or account owner, or in any other a manner that is
19 permissible under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code. ~~Any~~
20 ~~moneys that are distributed in any other manner or that are~~
21 ~~used for expenses other than qualified expenses at an eligible~~
22 ~~educational institution shall be subject to a penalty of 10% of~~
23 ~~the earnings unless the beneficiary dies, becomes a person with~~
24 ~~a disability, or receives a scholarship that equals or exceeds~~
25 ~~the distribution. Penalties shall be withheld at the time the~~
26 ~~distribution is made.~~

1 (j) Contributions. Contributions to the College Savings
2 Pool shall be as follows:

3 (1) Contributions to an account in the College Savings
4 Pool may be made only in cash.

5 (2) The Treasurer shall limit the contributions that
6 may be made to the College Savings Pool on behalf of a
7 designated beneficiary, as required under Section 529 of
8 the Internal Revenue Code, to prevent contributions for the
9 benefit of a designated beneficiary in excess of those
10 necessary to provide for the qualified expenses of the
11 designated beneficiary based on the limitations
12 established by the Internal Revenue Service. The Pool shall
13 not permit any additional contributions to an account as
14 soon as the aggregate accounts for the designated
15 beneficiary in the Pool reach a specified account balance
16 limit applicable to all designated beneficiaries.

17 (3) The contributions made on behalf of a designated
18 beneficiary who is also a beneficiary under the Illinois
19 Prepaid Tuition Program shall be further restricted to
20 ensure that the contributions in both programs combined do
21 not exceed the limit established for the College Savings
22 Pool.

23 (k) Illinois Student Assistance Commission. The Treasurer
24 shall provide the Illinois Student Assistance Commission each
25 year at a time designated by the Commission, an electronic
26 report of all account owner ~~participant~~ accounts in the

1 Treasurer's College Savings Pool, listing total contributions
2 and disbursements from each individual account during the
3 previous calendar year. As soon thereafter as is possible
4 following receipt of the Treasurer's report, the Illinois
5 Student Assistance Commission shall, in turn, provide the
6 Treasurer with an electronic report listing those College
7 Savings Pool account owners ~~participants~~ who also participate
8 in the State's prepaid tuition program, administered by the
9 Commission. The Commission shall be responsible for filing any
10 combined tax reports regarding State qualified savings
11 programs required by the United States Internal Revenue
12 Service.

13 The Treasurer shall work with the Illinois Student
14 Assistance Commission to coordinate the marketing of the
15 College Savings Pool and the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program
16 when considered beneficial by the Treasurer and the Director of
17 the Illinois Student Assistance Commission. ~~The Treasurer's~~
18 ~~office shall not publicize or otherwise market the College~~
19 ~~Savings Pool or accept any moneys into the College Savings Pool~~
20 ~~prior to March 1, 2000.~~ The Treasurer shall provide a separate
21 accounting for each designated beneficiary to each account
22 owner ~~participant, the Illinois Student Assistance Commission,~~
23 ~~and the participating financial institution at which the~~
24 ~~account was processed.~~

25 (1) Prohibition; exemption. No interest in the program, or
26 any portion thereof, may be used ~~pledged~~ as security for a

1 loan. Moneys held in an account invested in the ~~Illinois~~
2 College Savings Pool shall be exempt from all claims of the
3 creditors of the account owner ~~participant~~, donor, or
4 designated beneficiary of that account, except for the
5 non-exempt College Savings Pool transfers to or from the
6 account as defined under subsection (j) of Section 12-1001 of
7 the Code of Civil Procedure ~~(735 ILCS 5/12-1001(j))~~.

8 (m) Taxation. The assets of the College Savings Pool and
9 its income and operation shall be exempt from all taxation by
10 the State of Illinois and any of its subdivisions. The accrued
11 earnings on investments in the Pool once disbursed on behalf of
12 a designated beneficiary shall be similarly exempt from all
13 taxation by the State of Illinois and its subdivisions, so long
14 as they are used for qualified expenses. Contributions to a
15 College Savings Pool account during the taxable year may be
16 deducted from adjusted gross income as provided in Section 203
17 of the Illinois Income Tax Act. The provisions of this
18 paragraph are exempt from Section 250 of the Illinois Income
19 Tax Act.

20 (n) Rules. The Treasurer shall adopt rules he or she
21 considers necessary for the efficient administration of the
22 College Savings Pool. The rules shall provide whatever
23 additional parameters and restrictions are necessary to ensure
24 that the College Savings Pool meets all of the requirements for
25 a qualified state tuition program under Section 529 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code ~~(26 U.S.C. 529)~~.

1 The rules shall provide for the administration expenses of
2 the Pool ~~pool~~ to be paid from its earnings and for the
3 investment earnings in excess of the expenses ~~and all moneys~~
4 ~~collected as penalties~~ to be credited at least ~~or paid~~ monthly
5 to the account owners ~~several participants~~ in the Pool ~~pool~~ in
6 a manner which equitably reflects the differing amounts of
7 their respective investments in the Pool ~~pool~~ and the differing
8 periods of time for which those amounts were in the custody of
9 the Pool ~~pool~~.

10 The ~~Also, the~~ rules shall require the maintenance of
11 records that enable the Treasurer's office to produce a report
12 for each account in the Pool ~~pool~~ at least annually that
13 documents the account balance and investment earnings.

14 Notice of any proposed amendments to the rules and
15 regulations shall be provided to all account owners
16 ~~participants~~ prior to adoption. Amendments to rules and
17 regulations shall apply only to contributions made after the
18 adoption of the amendment.

19 (o) Bond. ~~The~~ ~~Upon creating the College Savings Pool,~~ ~~the~~
20 State Treasurer shall give bond with at least one surety ~~2 or~~
21 ~~more sufficient sureties~~, payable to and for the benefit of the
22 account owners ~~participants~~ in the College Savings Pool, in the
23 penal sum of \$10,000,000 ~~\$1,000,000~~, conditioned upon the
24 faithful discharge of his or her duties in relation to the
25 College Savings Pool.

26 (Source: P.A. 91-607, eff. 1-1-00; 91-829, eff. 1-1-01; 91-943,

1 eff. 2-9-01; 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-439, eff. 8-17-01; 92-626,
2 eff. 7-11-02; 93-812, eff. 1-1-05; 95-23, eff. 8-3-07; 95-306,
3 eff. 1-1-08; 95-521, eff. 8-28-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08;
4 97-233, eff. 8-1-11; 97-537, eff. 8-23-11; 97-813, eff.
5 7-13-12; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 100-161, eff. 8-18-17; revised
6 10-2-17.)

7 Section 10. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
8 changing Section 203 as follows:

9 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

10 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

11 (a) Individuals.

12 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
13 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
14 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
15 (2).

16 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
17 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
18 sum of the following amounts:

19 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
20 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
21 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
22 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
23 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
24 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue

1 Code;

2 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
3 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
4 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
5 taxable year;

6 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
7 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
8 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
9 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
10 for which a deduction was previously taken under
11 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
12 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
13 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
14 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
15 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
16 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
17 which is attributable to such principal residence;

18 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
19 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
20 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
21 computation of adjusted gross income;

22 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
23 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
24 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
25 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
26 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal

1 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
2 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section
3 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

4 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
5 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
6 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
7 gross income and for which the individual claims a
8 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

9 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
10 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
11 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
12 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code;

14 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
15 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
16 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
17 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
18 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
19 deductions taken in all taxable years under
20 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

21 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
22 the last day of the last tax year for which the
23 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
24 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
25 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
26 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount

1 equal to that subtraction modification.

2 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
3 modification under this subparagraph only once with
4 respect to any one piece of property;

5 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
6 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
7 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the same unitary business group but for the
11 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
12 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
13 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
15 who would be a member of the same unitary business
16 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
17 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
18 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
19 required to apportion business income under different
20 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
21 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
22 extent that dividends were included in base income of
23 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
24 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
25 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
26 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964

1 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
2 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue
3 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
4 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

5 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

6 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
8 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
9 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
10 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
11 with respect to such interest; or

12 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
14 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
15 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the person, during the same taxable
18 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
19 to a person that is not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
22 person did not have as a principal purpose the
23 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
24 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
25 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
26 terms; or

1 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
2 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
3 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
4 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
5 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
6 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

7 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
9 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
10 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
11 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
12 to the application or use of an alternative method
13 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

14 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
15 Director from making any other adjustment
16 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
17 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
18 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
19 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
20 and such regulations provide methods and standards
21 by which the Department will utilize its authority
22 under Section 404 of this Act;

23 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
24 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
25 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
2 foreign person who would be a member of the same
3 unitary business group but for the fact that the
4 foreign person's business activity outside the United
5 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
6 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
8 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
9 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
10 from being included in the unitary business group
11 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
12 business income under different subsections of Section
13 304. The addition modification required by this
14 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
15 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
16 group for the same taxable year and received by the
17 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
18 business group (including amounts included in gross
19 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
20 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
21 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
22 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
23 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
24 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
25 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
26 reduction to the addition modification required under

1 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
2 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"
3 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
4 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
5 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
6 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
7 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
8 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
9 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
10 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
11 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
12 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
13 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
14 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
15 assets.

16 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

17 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
20 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
21 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
22 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
23 to such item; or

24 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based

1 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
2 following:

3 (a) the person during the same taxable
4 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
5 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
6 not a related member, and

7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
8 intangible expense or cost between the
9 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
10 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
11 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
12 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
13 or

14 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
17 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
18 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
19 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
20 writing to the application or use of an alternative
21 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

22 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
23 Director from making any other adjustment
24 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
25 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
26 this amendment provided such adjustment is made

1 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
2 and such regulations provide methods and standards
3 by which the Department will utilize its authority
4 under Section 404 of this Act;

5 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
6 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
7 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
8 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
10 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
11 business group but for the fact that the person is
12 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
13 included in the unitary business group because he or
14 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
15 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
16 addition modification required by this subparagraph
17 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
18 included in base income of the unitary group for the
19 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
21 (including amounts included in gross income under
22 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
23 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
24 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
25 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
26 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The

1 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
2 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
3 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
4 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

5 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
6 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
7 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
8 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
9 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
10 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
11 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
12 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
13 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
14 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
15 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
16 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
18 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
19 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
20 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
21 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
22 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
23 adopts and determines that its offering materials
24 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
25 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
26 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence

1 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
2 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
3 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
4 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
5 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
6 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
7 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

8 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
9 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
10 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
11 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
12 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
13 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
14 participants in its offering materials or makes a
15 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
16 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
17 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
18 out-of-state program distributes its offering
19 materials;

20 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
21 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
22 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
23 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from a
24 qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
25 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
26 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c)(1)(B)

1 of the Internal Revenue Code;

2 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
3 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
4 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
6 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
7 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
8 under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

9 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
10 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
11 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or a
12 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
13 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
14 State to an ABLE account established under an
15 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
16 the contribution component of the transferred amount
17 that was previously deducted from base income under
18 subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this
19 Section;

20 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
21 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
22 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
23 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of
24 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
25 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
26 education institution, an amount equal to the

1 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
2 or refund that was previously deducted from base income
3 under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided
4 that the withdrawal or refund did not result from the
5 beneficiary's death or disability. For taxable years
6 beginning on or after January 1, 2018: (1) in the case
7 of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund, as defined
8 under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act, of
9 moneys from a qualified tuition program under Section
10 529 of the Internal Revenue Code administered by the
11 State, an amount equal to the contribution component of
12 the nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was
13 previously deducted from base income under subsection
14 (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and (2) in the case of a
15 nonqualified withdrawal or refund from a qualified
16 ABLE program under Section 529A of the Internal Revenue
17 Code administered by the State that is not used for
18 qualified disability expenses, an amount equal to the
19 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
20 or refund that was previously deducted from base income
21 under subsection (a)(2)(HH) of this Section;

22 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
23 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
24 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
25 Act;

26 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
2 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
3 for the taxable year;

4 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
5 following amounts:

6 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
7 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
8 any compensation (including but not limited to any
9 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
10 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
11 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
12 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
13 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
14 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
15 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
16 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
17 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
18 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
19 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
20 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
21 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
23 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
24 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
25 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
26 resident by reason of being a member of any component

1 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
2 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
3 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
4 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
5 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
6 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
7 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
9 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are
10 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
12 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
13 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
15 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
16 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
17 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
18 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
19 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
21 thereto;

22 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

23 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
24 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
25 and included in such total for the taxable year;

26 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such

1 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
3 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
4 of taxable income;

5 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
6 such total which were paid by a corporation which
7 conducts business operations in a River Edge
8 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
9 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
10 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
11 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
12 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

13 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
14 such total that were paid by a corporation that
15 conducts business operations in a federally designated
16 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
17 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
18 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
19 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
20 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
21 this subparagraph (K);

22 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
23 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
24 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
25 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
26 Revenue Code;

1 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
2 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
3 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
4 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
5 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
6 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
7 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
8 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
9 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
10 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
12 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
14 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
15 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
16 provisions of Section 250;

17 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
18 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
19 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
20 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
21 United States; provided that, in the case of any
22 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
23 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
24 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
25 of bond premium amortization;

26 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a

1 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
2 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

3 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
4 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
5 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
6 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
8 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
9 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
10 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

11 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
12 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
13 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
14 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
15 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

16 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
17 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

18 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
19 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
20 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
21 medical care savings account established under the
22 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
23 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
24 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
25 as provided in that Act;

26 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted

1 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
2 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
3 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
4 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
5 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
6 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

7 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
8 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
9 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
10 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
11 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
12 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

13 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
14 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
15 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
16 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
17 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
18 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
19 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
20 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
21 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
22 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the
24 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not
25 exceed the taxable income attributable to that
26 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or

1 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
2 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
3 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
4 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
5 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
6 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
7 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
8 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
9 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
10 times a number that represents the fractional
11 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
12 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
13 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

14 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
15 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
16 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
17 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
18 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
20 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
21 extent includible in gross income for federal income
22 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
23 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
24 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
25 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
26 income, to the extent includible in gross income for

1 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
2 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
3 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
4 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
5 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
6 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
7 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
8 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
9 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
10 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
11 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
12 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
13 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
14 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
15 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
16 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
17 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
18 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
19 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
20 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
21 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
22 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
23 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
24 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
25 of Section 250;

26 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January

1 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
2 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
3 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
4 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
5 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
6 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
7 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
8 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
9 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
10 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
11 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
12 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
13 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
14 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
15 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
16 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
17 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
18 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
19 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
20 from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
22 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
23 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
24 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
25 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
26 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

1 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
2 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
3 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
4 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
5 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
6 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
7 the bonus depreciation deduction;

8 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
9 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
10 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
11 0.429); and

12 (3) for taxable years ending after December
13 31, 2005:

14 (i) for property on which a bonus
15 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
16 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
17 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
18 0.429); and

19 (ii) for property on which a bonus
20 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
21 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
22 1.0.

23 The aggregate amount deducted under this
24 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
25 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
26 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the

1 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
2 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
3 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
4 Section 250;

5 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
6 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
7 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
8 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
9 an amount equal to that addition modification.

10 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
11 the last day of the last tax year for which the
12 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
13 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
14 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
15 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
16 equal to that addition modification.

17 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
18 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
19 piece of property.

20 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
21 provisions of Section 250;

22 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
23 other than salary, received by a driver in a
24 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

25 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
26 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account

1 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
2 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
3 modification with respect to such transaction under
4 Section 203(a) (2) (D-17), 203(b) (2) (E-12),
5 203(c) (2) (G-12), or 203(d) (2) (D-7), but not to exceed
6 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
7 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
8 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
9 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
10 is required to make an addition modification with
11 respect to such transaction under Section
12 203(a) (2) (D-18), 203(b) (2) (E-13), 203(c) (2) (G-13), or
13 203(d) (2) (D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
14 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
15 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
17 into account for the taxable year (net of the
18 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
19 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
21 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
22 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
23 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
24 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
25 who would be a member of the same unitary business
26 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited

1 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
2 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
3 required to apportion business income under different
4 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
5 addition modification required to be made for the same
6 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
7 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
9 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
11 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
12 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
13 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
15 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
16 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
17 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
19 who would be a member of the same unitary business
20 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
21 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
22 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
23 required to apportion business income under different
24 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
25 addition modification required to be made for the same
26 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for

1 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
3 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
4 provisions of Section 250;

5 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
6 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
7 under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
8 Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
9 This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250; ~~and~~

11 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
12 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
13 add back any insurance premiums under Section
14 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
15 that part of a reimbursement received from the
16 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
17 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
18 company) that would have been taken into account as a
19 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
20 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
21 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG),
22 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add
23 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
24 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph
25 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and ~~—~~

26 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after

1 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2023, a maximum
2 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
3 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
4 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
5 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
6 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be
7 considered moneys contributed under this subparagraph
8 (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph (HH),
9 contributions made by an employer on behalf of an
10 employee, or matching contributions made by an
11 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee.

12 (b) Corporations.

13 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
14 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
15 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

16 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
17 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
18 of the following amounts:

19 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
20 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
21 received from regulated investment companies during
22 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
23 income in the computation of taxable income;

24 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
25 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in

1 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

2 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
3 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
4 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
5 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
6 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
7 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
8 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
9 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
10 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
11 law and is not a new enactment);

12 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
13 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
14 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
15 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

16 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
17 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
18 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
19 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
20 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
21 the amount by which addition modifications other than
22 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
23 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
24 year, with the following limitations applied in the
25 order that they are listed:

26 (i) the addition modification relating to the

1 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
2 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
3 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
4 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
5 which related to that net operating loss and which
6 was taken into account in calculating the base
7 income of an earlier taxable year, and

8 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
9 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
10 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
11 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
12 such carryback or carryforward;

13 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
14 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
15 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
16 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
17 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
18 independently under the preceding provisions of this
19 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

20 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
21 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
22 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
23 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
24 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

25 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
26 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken

1 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
2 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code;

4 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
5 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
6 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
7 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
8 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
9 deductions taken in all taxable years under
10 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

11 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
12 the last day of the last tax year for which the
13 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
14 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
15 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
16 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
17 equal to that subtraction modification.

18 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
19 modification under this subparagraph only once with
20 respect to any one piece of property;

21 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
22 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
23 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
25 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
26 member of the same unitary business group but for the

1 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
2 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
3 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
4 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
5 who would be a member of the same unitary business
6 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
7 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
8 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
9 required to apportion business income under different
10 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
11 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
12 extent that dividends were included in base income of
13 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
14 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
15 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
16 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
17 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
18 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
20 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
21 incurred.

22 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

23 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
25 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
26 than a state which requires mandatory unitary

1 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
2 with respect to such interest; or

3 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
5 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
6 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
7 following:

8 (a) the person, during the same taxable
9 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
10 to a person that is not a related member, and

11 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
12 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
13 person did not have as a principal purpose the
14 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
15 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
16 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
17 terms; or

18 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
19 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
20 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
21 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
22 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
23 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

24 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
26 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing

1 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
2 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
3 to the application or use of an alternative method
4 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

5 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
6 Director from making any other adjustment
7 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
8 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
9 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
10 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
11 and such regulations provide methods and standards
12 by which the Department will utilize its authority
13 under Section 404 of this Act;

14 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
15 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
16 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
19 foreign person who would be a member of the same
20 unitary business group but for the fact that the
21 foreign person's business activity outside the United
22 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
23 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
25 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
26 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)

1 from being included in the unitary business group
2 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
3 business income under different subsections of Section
4 304. The addition modification required by this
5 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
6 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
7 group for the same taxable year and received by the
8 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
9 business group (including amounts included in gross
10 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
12 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
13 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
14 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
15 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
16 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
17 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
18 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
19 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
20 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
21 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
22 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
23 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
24 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
26 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and

1 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
2 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
3 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
4 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
5 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
6 similar types of intangible assets.

7 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

8 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
11 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
12 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
13 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
14 to such item; or

15 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
18 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
19 following:

20 (a) the person during the same taxable
21 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
22 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
23 not a related member, and

24 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
25 intangible expense or cost between the
26 taxpayer and the person did not have as a

1 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
2 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
3 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
4 or

5 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
8 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
9 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
10 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
11 writing to the application or use of an alternative
12 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

13 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
14 Director from making any other adjustment
15 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
16 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
17 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
18 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
19 and such regulations provide methods and standards
20 by which the Department will utilize its authority
21 under Section 404 of this Act;

22 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
24 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
25 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to

1 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
2 business group but for the fact that the person is
3 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
4 included in the unitary business group because he or
5 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
6 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
7 addition modification required by this subparagraph
8 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
9 included in base income of the unitary group for the
10 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
12 (including amounts included in gross income under
13 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
15 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
16 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
17 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
18 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
19 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
20 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or
21 Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;

22 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
23 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
24 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
25 estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of
26 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

1 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
2 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
3 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
4 Act;

5 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
6 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
7 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
8 for the taxable year;

9 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
10 following amounts:

11 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
12 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
13 and included in such total for the taxable year;

14 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
15 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

16 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
17 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
18 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
19 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
20 for the taxable year;

21 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
22 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
23 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
24 171(a) (2), and 265(a) (2) and amounts disallowed as
25 interest expense by Section 291(a) (3) of the Internal
26 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to

1 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
2 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
3 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
4 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
5 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
6 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
7 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
8 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
9 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
10 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
12 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
13 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
14 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
15 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
16 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
17 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
18 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
19 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
20 from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
22 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
23 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
24 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
25 United States; provided that, in the case of any
26 statute of this State that exempts income derived from

1 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
2 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
3 of bond premium amortization;

4 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
5 such total which were paid by a corporation which
6 conducts business operations in a River Edge
7 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
8 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
9 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
10 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total that were paid by a corporation that
14 conducts business operations in a federally designated
15 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
16 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
17 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
18 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
19 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
20 this subparagraph (L);

21 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
22 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
23 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
24 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
25 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
26 property which is eligible for the River Edge

1 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
2 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
3 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
4 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
5 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
6 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment
7 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using
8 for this purpose the original basis of such property on
9 the date that it was placed in service in the River
10 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification
11 available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection
12 shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the
13 borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the
14 eligible property as calculated under the previous
15 sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
16 provisions of Section 250;

17 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
18 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
19 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
20 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
21 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
22 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
23 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
24 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
25 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
26 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between

1 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
2 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
3 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
4 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
5 date that it was placed in service in a federally
6 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
7 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
8 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
9 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
10 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
11 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
12 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
13 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
14 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
15 calculated under the previous sentence;

16 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
17 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
18 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
19 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
20 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
21 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
22 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
23 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
24 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
25 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
26 Section 250;

1 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
2 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
3 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
4 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
5 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
6 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
7 and received from a corporation that is not created or
8 organized under the laws of the United States or any
9 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
10 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
11 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
12 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal
13 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
14 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
15 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
16 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive
18 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
19 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
20 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
21 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
22 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
23 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
24 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
25 dividends received from a captive real estate
26 investment trust, from any such corporation specified

1 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
2 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
3 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
4 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
5 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
6 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
7 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
8 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

9 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
10 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
11 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

12 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
13 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
14 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
15 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
16 the Internal Revenue Code;

17 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
18 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
19 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
20 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
21 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
22 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
23 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
24 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
25 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
26 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal

1 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
2 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
5 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
6 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
7 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
8 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
9 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
10 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
11 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
12 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250;

14 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
15 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
16 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
17 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
19 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

20 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
21 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
22 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
23 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
24 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
25 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
26 the bonus depreciation deduction;

1 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
2 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
3 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
4 0.429); and

5 (3) for taxable years ending after December
6 31, 2005:

7 (i) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
9 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
10 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
11 0.429); and

12 (ii) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
14 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
15 1.0.

16 The aggregate amount deducted under this
17 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
18 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
19 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
20 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
21 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
22 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
23 Section 250;

24 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
25 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
26 was required in any taxable year to make an addition

1 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
2 equal to that addition modification.

3 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
4 the last day of the last tax year for which the
5 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
6 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
7 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
8 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
9 equal to that addition modification.

10 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
11 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
12 piece of property.

13 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250;

15 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
16 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
17 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
18 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
19 modification with respect to such transaction under
20 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
21 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
22 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
23 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
24 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
25 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
26 is required to make an addition modification with

1 respect to such transaction under Section
2 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
3 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
4 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
5 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
6 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
7 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
8 addition modification with respect to such transaction
9 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
10 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
11 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
12 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
13 from the provisions of Section 250;

14 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
15 into account for the taxable year (net of the
16 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
17 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
19 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
20 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
21 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
23 who would be a member of the same unitary business
24 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
25 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
26 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily

1 required to apportion business income under different
2 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
3 addition modification required to be made for the same
4 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
7 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
9 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
10 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
11 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
13 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
14 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
15 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
16 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
17 who would be a member of the same unitary business
18 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
19 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
20 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
21 required to apportion business income under different
22 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
23 addition modification required to be made for the same
24 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
25 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign

1 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
2 provisions of Section 250;

3 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
4 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
5 add back any insurance premiums under Section
6 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
7 that part of a reimbursement received from the
8 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
9 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
10 company) that would have been taken into account as a
11 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
12 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
13 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
14 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
15 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
16 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
17 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

18 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
19 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
20 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable
21 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to
22 Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
23 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
24 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250.

26 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),

1 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
2 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior
3 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment
4 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or
5 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in
6 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a)(3) of the
7 Internal Revenue Code.

8 (c) Trusts and estates.

9 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
11 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

12 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
13 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
14 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
15 following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of taxable income;

20 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
21 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
22 required to distribute all of its income currently,
23 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
24 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
25 the computation of taxable income;

1 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
2 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
3 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

4 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
5 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
6 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
7 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

8 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
9 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
10 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
11 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
12 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
13 the amount by which addition modifications other than
14 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
15 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
16 the following limitations applied in the order that
17 they are listed:

18 (i) the addition modification relating to the
19 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
20 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
21 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
22 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
23 which related to that net operating loss and which
24 was taken into account in calculating the base
25 income of an earlier taxable year, and

26 (ii) the addition modification relating to the

1 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
2 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
3 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
4 such carryback or carryforward;

5 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
6 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
7 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
8 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
9 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
10 independently under the preceding provisions of this
11 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

12 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
13 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
14 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
15 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
16 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
17 Act;

18 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
19 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
20 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
21 computation of taxable income;

22 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
23 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
24 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
25 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
26 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

1 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
2 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
3 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
4 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code; and

6 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
7 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
8 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
9 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
10 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
11 deductions taken in all taxable years under
12 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

13 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
14 the last day of the last tax year for which the
15 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
16 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
17 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
18 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
19 equal to that subtraction modification.

20 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
21 modification under this subparagraph only once with
22 respect to any one piece of property;

23 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
24 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
25 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
2 member of the same unitary business group but for the
3 fact that the foreign person's business activity
4 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
5 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
6 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
7 who would be a member of the same unitary business
8 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
9 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
10 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
11 required to apportion business income under different
12 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
13 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
14 extent that dividends were included in base income of
15 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
16 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
17 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
18 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
19 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
20 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
22 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
23 incurred.

24 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

25 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who

1 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
2 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
3 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
4 with respect to such interest; or

5 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
8 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
9 following:

10 (a) the person, during the same taxable
11 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
12 to a person that is not a related member, and

13 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
14 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
15 person did not have as a principal purpose the
16 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
17 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
18 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
19 terms; or

20 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
21 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
22 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
23 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
24 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
25 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

26 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
2 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
3 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
4 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
5 to the application or use of an alternative method
6 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

7 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
8 Director from making any other adjustment
9 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
10 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
11 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
12 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
13 and such regulations provide methods and standards
14 by which the Department will utilize its authority
15 under Section 404 of this Act;

16 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
17 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
18 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
20 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
21 foreign person who would be a member of the same
22 unitary business group but for the fact that the
23 foreign person's business activity outside the United
24 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
25 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of

1 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
2 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
3 from being included in the unitary business group
4 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
5 business income under different subsections of Section
6 304. The addition modification required by this
7 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
8 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
9 group for the same taxable year and received by the
10 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
11 business group (including amounts included in gross
12 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
14 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
15 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
16 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
17 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
18 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
19 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
20 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
21 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
22 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
23 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
24 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
25 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
26 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
2 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
3 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
4 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
5 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
6 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
7 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
8 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

9 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

10 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
13 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
14 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
15 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
16 to such item; or

17 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
20 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
21 following:

22 (a) the person during the same taxable
23 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
24 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
25 not a related member, and

26 (b) the transaction giving rise to the

1 intangible expense or cost between the
2 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
3 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
4 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
5 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
6 or

7 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
10 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
11 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
12 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
13 writing to the application or use of an alternative
14 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
16 Director from making any other adjustment
17 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
18 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
19 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
20 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
21 and such regulations provide methods and standards
22 by which the Department will utilize its authority
23 under Section 404 of this Act;

24 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
25 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
26 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed

1 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
3 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
4 business group but for the fact that the person is
5 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
6 included in the unitary business group because he or
7 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
8 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
9 addition modification required by this subparagraph
10 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
11 included in base income of the unitary group for the
12 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
13 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
14 (including amounts included in gross income under
15 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
16 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
17 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
18 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
19 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
20 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
21 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
22 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or
23 Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act;

24 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
25 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
26 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this

1 Act;

2 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
4 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
5 for the taxable year;

6 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
7 following amounts:

8 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
9 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
10 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
12 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
13 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
14 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
15 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
16 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
18 thereto;

19 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

20 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
21 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
22 and included in such total for the taxable year;

23 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
24 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
25 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
26 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes

1 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
2 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
3 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
4 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
5 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
6 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
7 amortization;

8 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
9 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
10 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
11 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
12 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
13 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
14 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
15 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
16 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
17 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
19 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
21 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
22 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
23 provisions of Section 250;

24 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
25 such total which were paid by a corporation which
26 conducts business operations in a River Edge

1 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
2 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
3 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
4 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
7 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
8 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

9 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
10 such total that were paid by a corporation that
11 conducts business operations in a federally designated
12 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
13 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
14 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
15 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
16 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
17 this subparagraph (O);

18 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
19 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
20 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
21 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
22 the Internal Revenue Code;

23 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
24 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
25 extent includible in gross income for federal income
26 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or

1 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
2 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
3 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
4 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
5 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
6 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
7 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
8 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
9 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
10 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
11 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
12 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
13 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
14 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
15 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
16 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
17 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
18 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
19 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
20 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
21 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
22 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
23 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
24 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
25 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
26 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of

1 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
2 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
3 of Section 250;

4 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
5 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
6 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
7 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
8 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
9 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

10 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
11 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
12 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
13 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
14 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
15 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
16 the bonus depreciation deduction;

17 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
18 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
19 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
20 0.429); and

21 (3) for taxable years ending after December
22 31, 2005:

23 (i) for property on which a bonus
24 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
25 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
26 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by

1 0.429); and
2 (ii) for property on which a bonus
3 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
4 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
5 1.0.

6 The aggregate amount deducted under this
7 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
8 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
9 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
10 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
11 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
12 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
13 Section 250;

14 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
15 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
16 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
17 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
18 equal to that addition modification.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which the
21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
23 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
24 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
25 equal to that addition modification.

26 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under

1 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
2 piece of property.

3 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
4 provisions of Section 250;

5 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
6 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
7 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
8 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
9 modification with respect to such transaction under
10 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
11 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
12 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
13 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
14 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
15 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
16 is required to make an addition modification with
17 respect to such transaction under Section
18 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
19 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
20 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
21 from the provisions of Section 250;

22 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
23 into account for the taxable year (net of the
24 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
25 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
26 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for

1 the fact the foreign person's business activity
2 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
3 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
4 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
5 who would be a member of the same unitary business
6 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
7 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
8 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
9 required to apportion business income under different
10 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
11 addition modification required to be made for the same
12 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
13 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
15 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
17 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
18 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
19 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
21 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
22 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
23 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
24 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
25 who would be a member of the same unitary business
26 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited

1 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
2 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
3 required to apportion business income under different
4 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
5 addition modification required to be made for the same
6 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
7 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
9 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
12 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
13 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
15 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
16 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from
17 Section 250;

18 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
19 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
20 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
21 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
22 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

23 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
24 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
25 add back any insurance premiums under Section
26 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract

1 that part of a reimbursement received from the
2 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
3 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
4 company) that would have been taken into account as a
5 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
6 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
7 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
8 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
9 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
10 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
11 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

12 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
13 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
14 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
15 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
16 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
17 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
18 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

19 (d) Partnerships.

20 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
21 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
22 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

23 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
24 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
25 of the following amounts:

1 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
2 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
3 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
4 in the computation of taxable income;

5 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
6 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
7 the taxable year;

8 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
9 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
10 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

11 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
12 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
13 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
14 computation of taxable income;

15 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
16 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
17 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
18 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code;

20 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
21 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
22 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
23 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
24 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
25 deductions taken in all taxable years under
26 subparagraph (D) with respect to that property.

1 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
2 the last day of the last tax year for which the
3 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
4 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
5 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
6 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
7 equal to that subtraction modification.

8 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
9 modification under this subparagraph only once with
10 respect to any one piece of property;

11 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
12 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
13 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
16 member of the same unitary business group but for the
17 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
18 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
19 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
20 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
21 who would be a member of the same unitary business
22 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
23 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
24 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
25 required to apportion business income under different
26 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification

1 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
2 extent that dividends were included in base income of
3 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
4 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
5 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
6 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
7 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
8 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
10 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
11 incurred.

12 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

13 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
15 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
16 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
17 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
18 with respect to such interest; or

19 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
21 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
22 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
23 following:

24 (a) the person, during the same taxable
25 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
26 to a person that is not a related member, and

1 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
2 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
3 person did not have as a principal purpose the
4 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
5 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
6 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
7 terms; or

8 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
9 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
10 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
11 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
12 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
13 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

14 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
16 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
17 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
18 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
19 to the application or use of an alternative method
20 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

21 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
22 Director from making any other adjustment
23 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
24 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
25 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
26 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department

1 and such regulations provide methods and standards
2 by which the Department will utilize its authority
3 under Section 404 of this Act; and

4 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
5 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
6 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
8 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
9 foreign person who would be a member of the same
10 unitary business group but for the fact that the
11 foreign person's business activity outside the United
12 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
13 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
15 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
16 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
17 from being included in the unitary business group
18 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
19 business income under different subsections of Section
20 304. The addition modification required by this
21 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
22 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
23 group for the same taxable year and received by the
24 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
25 business group (including amounts included in gross
26 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
2 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
3 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
4 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
5 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
6 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
7 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
8 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
9 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
10 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
11 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
12 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
13 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
14 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
16 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
17 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
18 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
19 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
20 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
21 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
22 similar types of intangible assets;

23 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

24 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is

1 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
2 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
3 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
4 to such item; or

5 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
8 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
9 following:

10 (a) the person during the same taxable
11 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
12 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
13 not a related member, and

14 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
15 intangible expense or cost between the
16 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
17 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
18 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
19 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

20 or

21 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
24 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
25 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
26 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in

1 writing to the application or use of an alternative
2 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

3 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
4 Director from making any other adjustment
5 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
6 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
7 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
8 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
9 and such regulations provide methods and standards
10 by which the Department will utilize its authority
11 under Section 404 of this Act;

12 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
13 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
14 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
15 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
16 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
17 person who would be a member of the same unitary
18 business group but for the fact that the person is
19 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
20 included in the unitary business group because he or
21 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
22 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
23 addition modification required by this subparagraph
24 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
25 included in base income of the unitary group for the
26 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
2 (including amounts included in gross income under
3 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
4 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
5 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
6 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
7 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
8 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
9 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
10 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or
11 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

12 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
13 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
14 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
15 Act;

16 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
18 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
19 for the taxable year;

20 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
21 amounts:

22 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

23 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
24 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
25 and included in such total for the taxable year;

26 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in

1 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
2 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
3 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
4 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
5 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
6 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
7 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
8 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
9 of bond premium amortization;

10 (H) Any income of the partnership which
11 constitutes personal service income as defined in
12 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
13 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
14 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
15 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
16 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
17 Section 250;

18 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
19 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
20 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
21 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
22 including amounts distributable to organizations
23 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
24 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
25 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

26 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted

1 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
2 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
3 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
4 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
5 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
6 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
7 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
8 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
9 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
11 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
13 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
14 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
17 such total which were paid by a corporation which
18 conducts business operations in a River Edge
19 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
20 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
21 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
22 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
23 provisions of Section 250;

24 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
25 job training project established pursuant to the Real
26 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

1 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
2 such total that were paid by a corporation that
3 conducts business operations in a federally designated
4 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
5 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
6 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
7 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
8 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
9 this subparagraph (M);

10 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
11 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
12 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
13 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
14 the Internal Revenue Code;

15 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
16 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
17 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
18 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
19 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
20 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

21 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
22 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
23 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
24 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
25 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
26 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including

1 the bonus depreciation deduction;

2 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
3 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
4 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
5 0.429); and

6 (3) for taxable years ending after December
7 31, 2005:

8 (i) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
12 0.429); and

13 (ii) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
15 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
16 1.0.

17 The aggregate amount deducted under this
18 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
19 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
20 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
21 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
22 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
23 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
24 Section 250;

25 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
26 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer

1 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
2 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
3 equal to that addition modification.

4 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
5 the last day of the last tax year for which the
6 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
7 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
8 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
9 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
10 equal to that addition modification.

11 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
12 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
13 piece of property.

14 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
17 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
18 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
19 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
20 modification with respect to such transaction under
21 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
22 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
23 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
24 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
25 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
26 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that

1 is required to make an addition modification with
2 respect to such transaction under Section
3 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
4 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
5 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
6 from Section 250;

7 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
8 into account for the taxable year (net of the
9 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
10 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
12 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
13 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
14 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
16 who would be a member of the same unitary business
17 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
18 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
19 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
20 required to apportion business income under different
21 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
22 addition modification required to be made for the same
23 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
25 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
26 Section 250;

1 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
2 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
3 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
4 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
6 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
7 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
10 who would be a member of the same unitary business
11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
14 required to apportion business income under different
15 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
16 addition modification required to be made for the same
17 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
18 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
20 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

21 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
22 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
23 add back any insurance premiums under Section
24 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
25 that part of a reimbursement received from the
26 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or

1 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
2 company) that would have been taken into account as a
3 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
4 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
5 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the
6 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
7 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
8 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph
9 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

10 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

11 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
12 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
13 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
14 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
15 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
16 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
17 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
18 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
19 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
21 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
22 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
23 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
24 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
25 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to

1 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
2 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
3 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
5 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
6 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
7 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
8 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
9 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
10 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
11 addition modification must be made under those
12 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
13 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
14 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
15 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
16 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
17 Revenue Code.

18 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
19 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
20 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

21 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
22 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
23 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
24 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
25 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
26 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the

1 Internal Revenue Code;

2 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
3 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
4 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
5 insurance company taxable income;

6 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
7 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
8 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
9 investment company taxable income;

10 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
11 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
12 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
13 estate investment trust taxable income;

14 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
15 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
16 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
17 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
18 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
19 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
20 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
21 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
22 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
23 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
24 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue
25 Code had been in effect for all such years;

26 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative

1 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
2 organization determined in accordance with the
3 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
4 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition
5 against offsetting losses from patronage activities
6 against income from nonpatronage activities; except
7 that a cooperative corporation or association may make
8 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment
9 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the
10 event such election is made, such losses shall be
11 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with
12 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and
13 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by
14 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed
15 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred.
16 The election shall be effective for all taxable years
17 with original returns due on or after the date of the
18 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an
19 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act,
20 to provide that the election shall be effective for
21 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years
22 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made,
23 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the
24 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting
25 forth requirements for documenting the elections and
26 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be

1 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
2 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
3 existing law;

4 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
5 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
6 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
8 corporation determined in accordance with Section
9 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
10 taxable income shall take into account those items
11 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
12 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
13 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
14 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
15 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
16 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
17 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
18 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
19 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

20 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
21 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
22 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
23 income shall take into account those items which are
24 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
25 but which would be taken into account by an individual
26 in calculating his taxable income.

1 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
2 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
3 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
4 business has been classified as business income and in a
5 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
6 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
7 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
8 related to that asset or business that generated the
9 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
10 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
11 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
12 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
13 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
14 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
15 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
16 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
17 taxable years.

18 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

19 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
20 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
21 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

22 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
23 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
24 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of

1 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

2 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
3 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
4 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
5 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
6 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
7 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
8 such gain included in the amount determined under
9 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

10 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

11 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
12 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
13 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
14 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
15 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
16 determining gain) for such property on that date
17 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
18 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
19 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
20 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
21 such property.

22 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
23 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
24 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
25 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
26 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the

1 property for federal income tax purposes for the
2 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
3 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
4 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
5 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
6 period for the property.

7 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
8 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
9 purposes of this paragraph.

10 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
11 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
12 to be deducted more than once.

13 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
14 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
15 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
16 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
17 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
18 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
19 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
20 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
21 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

22 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17.)

23 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
24 becoming law.