



Rep. Emanuel Chris Welch

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1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 4751

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 4751 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The State Treasurer Act is amended by changing
5 Section 16.5 as follows:

6 (15 ILCS 505/16.5)
7 Sec. 16.5. College Savings Pool.

8 (a) Definitions. As used in this Section:

9 "Account owner" means any person or entity who has opened
10 an account or to whom ownership of an account has been
11 transferred, as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, and who
12 has authority to withdraw funds, direct withdrawal of funds,
13 change the designated beneficiary, or otherwise exercise
14 control over an account in the College Savings Pool.

15 "Donor" means any person or entity who makes contributions
16 to an account in the College Savings Pool.

1 "Designated beneficiary" means any individual designated
2 as the beneficiary of an account in the College Savings Pool by
3 an account owner. A designated beneficiary must have a valid
4 social security number or taxpayer identification number. In
5 the case of an account established as part of a scholarship
6 program permitted under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue
7 Code, the designated beneficiary is any individual receiving
8 benefits accumulated in the account as a scholarship.

9 "Member of the family" has the same meaning ascribed to
10 that term under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

11 "Nongualified withdrawal" means a distribution from an
12 account other than a distribution that (i) is used for the
13 qualified expenses of the designated beneficiary; (ii) results
14 from the beneficiary's death or disability; (iii) is a rollover
15 to another account in the College Savings Pool; or (iv) is a
16 rollover to an ABLE account, as defined in Section 16.6 of this
17 Act, or any distribution that, within 60 days after such
18 distribution, is transferred to an ABLE account of the
19 designated beneficiary or a member of the family of the
20 designated beneficiary to the extent that the distribution,
21 when added to all other contributions made to the ABLE account
22 for the taxable year, does not exceed the limitation under
23 Section 529A(b) (2) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue Code.

24 "Program manager" means any financial institution or
25 entity lawfully doing business in the State of Illinois
26 selected by the State Treasurer to oversee the recordkeeping,

1 custody, customer service, investment management, and
2 marketing for one or more of the programs in the College
3 Savings Pool.

4 "Qualified expenses" means: (i) tuition, fees, and the
5 costs of books, supplies, and equipment required for enrollment
6 or attendance at an eligible educational institution; (ii)
7 expenses for special needs services, in the case of a special
8 needs beneficiary, which are incurred in connection with such
9 enrollment or attendance; (iii) certain expenses for the
10 purchase of computer or peripheral equipment, as defined in
11 Section 168 of the federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C.
12 168), computer software, as defined in Section 197 of the
13 federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 197), or Internet
14 access and related services, if such equipment, software, or
15 services are to be used primarily by the beneficiary during any
16 of the years the beneficiary is enrolled at an eligible
17 educational institution, except that, such expenses shall not
18 include expenses for computer software designed for sports,
19 games, or hobbies, unless the software is predominantly
20 educational in nature; and (iv) room and board expenses
21 incurred while attending an eligible educational institution
22 at least half-time. "Eligible educational institutions", as
23 used in this Section, means public and private colleges, junior
24 colleges, graduate schools, and certain vocational
25 institutions that are described in Section 481 of the Higher
26 Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1088) and that are eligible to

1 participate in Department of Education student aid programs. A
2 student shall be considered to be enrolled at least half-time
3 if the student is enrolled for at least half the full-time
4 academic workload for the course of study the student is
5 pursuing as determined under the standards of the institution
6 at which the student is enrolled.

7 (b) Establishment of the Pool. The State Treasurer may
8 establish and administer a College Savings Pool as a qualified
9 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.
10 The Pool may consist of one or more college savings programs ~~to~~
11 ~~supplement and enhance the investment opportunities otherwise~~
12 ~~available to persons seeking to finance the costs of higher~~
13 ~~education.~~ The State Treasurer, in administering the College
14 Savings Pool, may receive, hold, and invest moneys paid into
15 the Pool and perform such other actions as are necessary to
16 ensure that the Pool operates as a qualified tuition program in
17 accordance with Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code ~~pool~~
18 ~~by a participant and may serve as the fiscal agent of that~~
19 ~~participant for the purpose of holding and investing those~~
20 ~~moneys.~~

21 (c) Administration of the College Savings Pool. The State
22 Treasurer may engage one or more financial institutions to
23 handle the overall administration, investment management,
24 recordkeeping, and marketing of the programs in the College
25 Savings Pool. The contributions deposited in the Pool, and any
26 earnings thereon, shall not constitute property of the State or

1 be commingled with State funds and the State shall have no
2 claim to or against, or interest in, such funds.

3 ~~"Participant", as used in this Section, means any person~~
4 ~~who has authority to withdraw funds, change the designated~~
5 ~~beneficiary, or otherwise exercise control over an account.~~

6 ~~"Donor", as used in this Section, means any person who makes~~
7 ~~investments in the pool. "Designated beneficiary", as used in~~
8 ~~this Section, means any person on whose behalf an account is~~
9 ~~established in the College Savings Pool by a participant. Both~~
10 ~~in-state and out-of-state persons may be participants, donors,~~
11 ~~and designated beneficiaries in the College Savings Pool. The~~
12 ~~College Savings Pool must be available to any individual with a~~
13 ~~valid social security number or taxpayer identification number~~
14 ~~for the benefit of any individual with a valid social security~~
15 ~~number or taxpayer identification number, unless a contract in~~
16 ~~effect on August 1, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act~~
17 ~~97-233) does not allow for taxpayer identification numbers, in~~
18 ~~which case taxpayer identification numbers must be allowed upon~~
19 ~~the expiration of the contract.~~

20 ~~New accounts in the College Savings Pool may be processed~~
21 ~~through participating financial institutions. "Participating~~
22 ~~financial institution", as used in this Section, means any~~
23 ~~financial institution insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance~~
24 ~~Corporation and lawfully doing business in the State of~~
25 ~~Illinois and any credit union approved by the State Treasurer~~
26 ~~and lawfully doing business in the State of Illinois that~~

1 ~~agrees to process new accounts in the College Savings Pool.~~
2 ~~Participating financial institutions may charge a processing~~
3 ~~fee to participants to open an account in the pool that shall~~
4 ~~not exceed \$30 until the year 2001. Beginning in 2001 and every~~
5 ~~year thereafter, the maximum fee limit shall be adjusted by the~~
6 ~~Treasurer based on the Consumer Price Index for the North~~
7 ~~Central Region as published by the United States Department of~~
8 ~~Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics for the immediately preceding~~
9 ~~calendar year. Every contribution received by a financial~~
10 ~~institution for investment in the College Savings Pool shall be~~
11 ~~transferred from the financial institution to a location~~
12 ~~selected by the State Treasurer within one business day~~
13 ~~following the day that the funds must be made available in~~
14 ~~accordance with federal law. All communications from the State~~
15 ~~Treasurer to participants and donors shall reference the~~
16 ~~participating financial institution at which the account was~~
17 ~~processed.~~

18 ~~The Treasurer may invest the moneys in the College Savings~~
19 ~~Pool in the same manner and in the same types of investments~~
20 ~~provided for the investment of moneys by the Illinois State~~
21 ~~Board of Investment.~~

22 (d) Availability of the College Savings Pool. The State
23 Treasurer may permit persons, including trustees of trusts and
24 custodians under a Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or Uniform
25 Gifts to Minors Act account, and certain legal entities to be
26 account owners, including as part of a scholarship program,

1 provided that: (1) an individual, trustee or custodian must
2 have a valid social security number or taxpayer identification
3 number, be at least 18 years of age, and have a valid United
4 States street address; and (2) a legal entity must have a valid
5 taxpayer identification number and a valid United States street
6 address. Both in-state and out-of-state persons may be account
7 owners and donors, and both in-state and out-of-state
8 individuals may be designated beneficiaries in the College
9 Savings Pool.

10 (e) Fees. The State Treasurer shall establish fees to be
11 imposed on accounts to recover the costs of administration,
12 recordkeeping, and investment management. The Treasurer must
13 use his or her best efforts to keep these fees as low as
14 possible and consistent with administration of high quality
15 competitive college savings programs.

16 (f) Investments in the State. To enhance the safety and
17 liquidity of the College Savings Pool, to ensure the
18 diversification of the investment portfolio of the College
19 Savings Pool ~~pool~~, and in an effort to keep investment dollars
20 in the State of Illinois, the State Treasurer may make a
21 percentage of each account available for investment in
22 participating financial institutions doing business in the
23 State. ~~The State Treasurer may deposit with the participating~~
24 ~~financial institution at which the account was processed the~~
25 ~~following percentage of each account at a prevailing rate~~
26 ~~offered by the institution, provided that the deposit is~~

1 ~~federally insured or fully collateralized and the institution~~
2 ~~accepts the deposit: 10% of the total amount of each account~~
3 ~~for which the current age of the beneficiary is less than 7~~
4 ~~years of age, 20% of the total amount of each account for which~~
5 ~~the beneficiary is at least 7 years of age and less than 12~~
6 ~~years of age, and 50% of the total amount of each account for~~
7 ~~which the current age of the beneficiary is at least 12 years~~
8 ~~of age.~~

9 (g) Investment policy. The Treasurer shall develop,
10 publish, and implement an investment policy covering the
11 investment of the moneys in each of the programs in the College
12 Savings Pool. The policy shall be published each year as part
13 of the audit of the College Savings Pool by the Auditor
14 General, which shall be distributed to all account owners in
15 such program participants. The Treasurer shall notify all
16 account owners in such program participants in writing, and the
17 Treasurer shall publish in a newspaper of general circulation
18 in both Chicago and Springfield, any changes to the previously
19 published investment policy at least 30 calendar days before
20 implementing the policy. Any investment policy adopted by the
21 Treasurer shall be reviewed and updated if necessary within 90
22 days following the date that the State Treasurer takes office.

23 (h) Investment restrictions. An account owner may,
24 directly or indirectly, direct the investment of any
25 contributions to the College Savings Pool (or any earnings
26 thereon) only as provided in Section 529(b)(4) of the Internal

1 Revenue Code. Donors and designated beneficiaries, in those
2 capacities, may not, directly or indirectly, direct the
3 investment of any contributions to the Pool (or any earnings
4 thereon).

5 (i) Distributions. Distributions ~~Participants shall be~~
6 ~~required to use moneys distributed from an account in the~~
7 ~~College Savings Pool~~ may be used for the designated
8 beneficiary's qualified expenses ~~at eligible educational~~
9 ~~institutions.~~ Funds contained in a College Savings Pool account
10 may be rolled over into an eligible ABLE account, as defined in
11 Section 16.6 of this Act, to the extent permitted by Section
12 529(c)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code. To the extent a
13 nonqualified withdrawal is made from an account, the earnings
14 portion of such distribution may be treated by the Internal
15 Revenue Service as income subject to income tax and a 10%
16 federal penalty tax. ~~"Qualified expenses", as used in this~~
17 ~~Section, means the following: (i) tuition, fees, and the costs~~
18 ~~of books, supplies, and equipment required for enrollment or~~
19 ~~attendance at an eligible educational institution; (ii)~~
20 ~~expenses for special needs services, in the case of a special~~
21 ~~needs beneficiary, which are incurred in connection with such~~
22 ~~enrollment or attendance; (iii) certain expenses for the~~
23 ~~purchase of computer or peripheral equipment, as defined in~~
24 ~~Section 168 of the federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C.~~
25 ~~168), computer software, as defined in Section 197 of the~~
26 ~~federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 197), or internet~~

1 ~~access and related services, if such equipment, software, or~~
2 ~~services are to be used primarily by the beneficiary during any~~
3 ~~of the years the beneficiary is enrolled at an eligible~~
4 ~~educational institution, except that, such expenses shall not~~
5 ~~include expenses for computer software designed for sports,~~
6 ~~games, or hobbies, unless the software is predominantly~~
7 ~~educational in nature; and (iv) certain room and board expenses~~
8 ~~incurred while attending an eligible educational institution~~
9 ~~at least half time. "Eligible educational institutions", as~~
10 ~~used in this Section, means public and private colleges, junior~~
11 ~~colleges, graduate schools, and certain vocational~~
12 ~~institutions that are described in Section 481 of the Higher~~
13 ~~Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1088) and that are eligible to~~
14 ~~participate in Department of Education student aid programs. A~~
15 ~~student shall be considered to be enrolled at least half time~~
16 ~~if the student is enrolled for at least half the full time~~
17 ~~academic work load for the course of study the student is~~
18 ~~pursuing as determined under the standards of the institution~~
19 ~~at which the student is enrolled.~~

20 Distributions made from the College Savings Pool may ~~pool~~
21 ~~for qualified expenses shall~~ be made directly to the eligible
22 educational institution, directly to a vendor, in the form of a
23 check payable to both the designated beneficiary and the
24 institution or vendor, ~~or~~ directly to the designated
25 beneficiary or account owner, or in any other a manner that is
26 permissible under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code. ~~Any~~

1 ~~moneys that are distributed in any other manner or that are~~
2 ~~used for expenses other than qualified expenses at an eligible~~
3 ~~educational institution shall be subject to a penalty of 10% of~~
4 ~~the earnings unless the beneficiary dies, becomes a person with~~
5 ~~a disability, or receives a scholarship that equals or exceeds~~
6 ~~the distribution. Penalties shall be withheld at the time the~~
7 ~~distribution is made.~~

8 (j) Contributions. Contributions to the College Savings
9 Pool shall be as follows:

10 (1) Contributions to an account in the College Savings
11 Pool may be made only in cash.

12 (2) The Treasurer shall limit the contributions that
13 may be made to the College Savings Pool on behalf of a
14 designated beneficiary, as required under Section 529 of
15 the Internal Revenue Code, to prevent contributions for the
16 benefit of a designated beneficiary in excess of those
17 necessary to provide for the qualified expenses of the
18 designated beneficiary based on the limitations
19 established by the Internal Revenue Service. The Pool shall
20 not permit any additional contributions to an account as
21 soon as the aggregate accounts for the designated
22 beneficiary in the Pool reach a specified account balance
23 limit applicable to all designated beneficiaries.

24 (3) The contributions made on behalf of a designated
25 beneficiary who is also a beneficiary under the Illinois
26 Prepaid Tuition Program shall be further restricted to

1 ensure that the contributions in both programs combined do
2 not exceed the limit established for the College Savings
3 Pool.

4 (k) Illinois Student Assistance Commission. The Treasurer
5 shall provide the Illinois Student Assistance Commission each
6 year at a time designated by the Commission, an electronic
7 report of all account owner ~~participant~~ accounts in the
8 Treasurer's College Savings Pool, listing total contributions
9 and disbursements from each individual account during the
10 previous calendar year. As soon thereafter as is possible
11 following receipt of the Treasurer's report, the Illinois
12 Student Assistance Commission shall, in turn, provide the
13 Treasurer with an electronic report listing those College
14 Savings Pool account owners ~~participants~~ who also participate
15 in the State's prepaid tuition program, administered by the
16 Commission. The Commission shall be responsible for filing any
17 combined tax reports regarding State qualified savings
18 programs required by the United States Internal Revenue
19 Service.

20 The Treasurer shall work with the Illinois Student
21 Assistance Commission to coordinate the marketing of the
22 College Savings Pool and the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program
23 when considered beneficial by the Treasurer and the Director of
24 the Illinois Student Assistance Commission. ~~The Treasurer's~~
25 ~~office shall not publicize or otherwise market the College~~
26 ~~Savings Pool or accept any moneys into the College Savings Pool~~

1 ~~prior to March 1, 2000.~~ The Treasurer shall provide a separate
2 accounting for each designated beneficiary to each account
3 owner participant, ~~the Illinois Student Assistance Commission,~~
4 ~~and the participating financial institution at which the~~
5 ~~account was processed.~~

6 (l) Prohibition; exemption. No interest in the program, or
7 any portion thereof, may be used ~~pledged~~ as security for a
8 loan. Moneys held in an account invested in the ~~Illinois~~
9 College Savings Pool shall be exempt from all claims of the
10 creditors of the account owner participant, donor, or
11 designated beneficiary of that account, except for the
12 non-exempt College Savings Pool transfers to or from the
13 account as defined under subsection (j) of Section 12-1001 of
14 the Code of Civil Procedure ~~(735 ILCS 5/12-1001(j))~~.

15 (m) Taxation. The assets of the College Savings Pool and
16 its income and operation shall be exempt from all taxation by
17 the State of Illinois and any of its subdivisions. The accrued
18 earnings on investments in the Pool once disbursed on behalf of
19 a designated beneficiary shall be similarly exempt from all
20 taxation by the State of Illinois and its subdivisions, so long
21 as they are used for qualified expenses. Contributions to a
22 College Savings Pool account during the taxable year may be
23 deducted from adjusted gross income as provided in Section 203
24 of the Illinois Income Tax Act. The provisions of this
25 paragraph are exempt from Section 250 of the Illinois Income
26 Tax Act.

1 (n) Rules. The Treasurer shall adopt rules he or she
2 considers necessary for the efficient administration of the
3 College Savings Pool. The rules shall provide whatever
4 additional parameters and restrictions are necessary to ensure
5 that the College Savings Pool meets all of the requirements for
6 a qualified state tuition program under Section 529 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code ~~(26 U.S.C. 529)~~.

8 The rules shall provide for the administration expenses of
9 the Pool ~~pool~~ to be paid from its earnings and for the
10 investment earnings in excess of the expenses ~~and all moneys~~
11 ~~collected as penalties~~ to be credited at least ~~or paid~~ monthly
12 to the account owners ~~several participants~~ in the Pool ~~pool~~ in
13 a manner which equitably reflects the differing amounts of
14 their respective investments in the Pool ~~pool~~ and the differing
15 periods of time for which those amounts were in the custody of
16 the Pool ~~pool~~.

17 The ~~Also, the~~ rules shall require the maintenance of
18 records that enable the Treasurer's office to produce a report
19 for each account in the Pool ~~pool~~ at least annually that
20 documents the account balance and investment earnings.

21 Notice of any proposed amendments to the rules and
22 regulations shall be provided to all account owners
23 ~~participants~~ prior to adoption. Amendments to rules and
24 regulations shall apply only to contributions made after the
25 adoption of the amendment.

26 (o) Bond. ~~The~~ ~~Upon creating the College Savings Pool, the~~

1 State Treasurer shall give bond with at least one surety ~~2 or~~
2 ~~more sufficient sureties~~, payable to and for the benefit of the
3 account owners ~~participants~~ in the College Savings Pool, in the
4 penal sum of \$10,000,000 ~~\$1,000,000~~, conditioned upon the
5 faithful discharge of his or her duties in relation to the
6 College Savings Pool.

7 (Source: P.A. 91-607, eff. 1-1-00; 91-829, eff. 1-1-01; 91-943,
8 eff. 2-9-01; 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-439, eff. 8-17-01; 92-626,
9 eff. 7-11-02; 93-812, eff. 1-1-05; 95-23, eff. 8-3-07; 95-306,
10 eff. 1-1-08; 95-521, eff. 8-28-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08;
11 97-233, eff. 8-1-11; 97-537, eff. 8-23-11; 97-813, eff.
12 7-13-12; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 100-161, eff. 8-18-17; revised
13 10-2-17.)

14 Section 10. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
15 changing Section 203 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

17 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

18 (a) Individuals.

19 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
20 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
21 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
22 (2).

23 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
24 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the

1 sum of the following amounts:

2 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
3 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
4 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
5 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
6 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
7 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
8 Code;

9 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
10 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
11 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
12 taxable year;

13 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
14 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
15 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
16 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
17 for which a deduction was previously taken under
18 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
19 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
20 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
21 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
22 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
23 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
24 which is attributable to such principal residence;

25 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
26 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue

1 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
2 computation of adjusted gross income;

3 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
4 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
5 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
6 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
7 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
8 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
9 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section
10 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

11 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
12 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
13 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
14 gross income and for which the individual claims a
15 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

16 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
17 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
18 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
19 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code;

21 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
22 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
23 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
24 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
25 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
26 deductions taken in all taxable years under

1 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which the
4 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
5 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
6 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
7 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
8 equal to that subtraction modification.

9 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
10 modification under this subparagraph only once with
11 respect to any one piece of property;

12 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
13 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the same unitary business group but for the
18 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
19 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
20 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
22 who would be a member of the same unitary business
23 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
24 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
25 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
26 required to apportion business income under different

1 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
2 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
3 extent that dividends were included in base income of
4 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
5 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
6 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
7 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
8 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
9 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue
10 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
11 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

12 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

13 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
15 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
16 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
17 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
18 with respect to such interest; or

19 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
21 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
22 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
23 following:

24 (a) the person, during the same taxable
25 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
26 to a person that is not a related member, and

1 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
2 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
3 person did not have as a principal purpose the
4 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
5 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
6 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
7 terms; or

8 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
9 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
10 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
11 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
12 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
13 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

14 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
16 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
17 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
18 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
19 to the application or use of an alternative method
20 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

21 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
22 Director from making any other adjustment
23 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
24 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
25 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
26 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department

1 and such regulations provide methods and standards
2 by which the Department will utilize its authority
3 under Section 404 of this Act;

4 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
5 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
6 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
8 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
9 foreign person who would be a member of the same
10 unitary business group but for the fact that the
11 foreign person's business activity outside the United
12 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
13 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
15 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
16 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
17 from being included in the unitary business group
18 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
19 business income under different subsections of Section
20 304. The addition modification required by this
21 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
22 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
23 group for the same taxable year and received by the
24 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
25 business group (including amounts included in gross
26 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal

1 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
2 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
3 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
4 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
5 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
6 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
7 reduction to the addition modification required under
8 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
9 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"
10 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
11 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
12 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
13 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
14 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
15 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
16 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
17 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
18 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
19 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
20 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
21 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
22 assets.

23 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

24 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is

1 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
2 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
3 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
4 to such item; or

5 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
8 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
9 following:

10 (a) the person during the same taxable
11 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
12 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
13 not a related member, and

14 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
15 intangible expense or cost between the
16 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
17 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
18 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
19 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
20 or

21 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
24 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
25 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
26 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in

1 writing to the application or use of an alternative
2 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

3 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
4 Director from making any other adjustment
5 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
6 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
7 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
8 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
9 and such regulations provide methods and standards
10 by which the Department will utilize its authority
11 under Section 404 of this Act;

12 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
14 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
15 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
17 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
18 business group but for the fact that the person is
19 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
20 included in the unitary business group because he or
21 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
22 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
23 addition modification required by this subparagraph
24 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
25 included in base income of the unitary group for the
26 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
2 (including amounts included in gross income under
3 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
4 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
5 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
6 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
7 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
8 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
9 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
10 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
11 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

12 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
14 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
15 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
16 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
17 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
18 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
19 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
20 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
21 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
22 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
23 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
25 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
26 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from

1 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
2 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
3 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
4 adopts and determines that its offering materials
5 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
6 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
7 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
8 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
9 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
10 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
11 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
12 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
13 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
14 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

15 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
16 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
17 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
18 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
19 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
20 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
21 participants in its offering materials or makes a
22 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
23 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
24 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
25 out-of-state program distributes its offering
26 materials;

1 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
2 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
3 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
5 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
6 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
7 under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

8 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
9 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
10 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of
11 the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the
12 State to an ABLE account established under an
13 out-of-state ABLE account program under Section 529A
14 of the Internal Revenue Code, an amount equal to the
15 contribution component of the transferred amount that
16 was previously deducted from base income under
17 subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

18 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified
20 withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition
21 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
22 administered by the State that is not used for
23 qualified expenses at an eligible education
24 institution, an amount equal to the contribution
25 component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund
26 that was previously deducted from base income under

1 subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that
2 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the
3 beneficiary's death or disability;

4 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
5 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
6 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
7 Act;

8 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
10 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
11 for the taxable year;

12 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
13 following amounts:

14 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
15 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
16 any compensation (including but not limited to any
17 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
18 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
19 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
20 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
21 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
22 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
23 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
24 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
25 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
26 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National

1 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
2 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
3 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
5 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
6 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
7 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
8 resident by reason of being a member of any component
9 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
10 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
11 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
12 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
13 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
14 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
15 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
17 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are
18 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
20 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
21 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
23 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
24 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
25 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
26 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net

1 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
3 thereto;

4 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

5 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
6 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
7 and included in such total for the taxable year;

8 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
9 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
11 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
12 of taxable income;

13 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
14 such total which were paid by a corporation which
15 conducts business operations in a River Edge
16 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
17 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
18 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
19 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
20 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
22 such total that were paid by a corporation that
23 conducts business operations in a federally designated
24 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
25 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
26 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in

1 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
2 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
3 this subparagraph (K);

4 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
5 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
6 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
7 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
8 Revenue Code;

9 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
10 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
11 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
12 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
13 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
14 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
16 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
17 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
18 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
20 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
22 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
23 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250;

25 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
26 total which are exempt from taxation by this State

1 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
2 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
3 United States; provided that, in the case of any
4 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
5 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
6 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
7 of bond premium amortization;

8 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
9 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
10 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

11 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
12 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
13 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
14 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
15 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
16 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
17 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
18 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

19 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
20 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
21 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
22 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
23 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

24 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
25 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

26 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted

1 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
2 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
3 medical care savings account established under the
4 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
5 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
6 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
7 as provided in that Act;

8 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
9 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
10 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
11 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
12 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
13 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
14 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

15 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
16 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
17 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
18 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
19 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
20 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

21 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
22 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
23 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
24 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
25 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
26 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or

1 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
2 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
3 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
4 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the
6 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not
7 exceed the taxable income attributable to that
8 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
9 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
10 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
11 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
12 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
13 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
14 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
15 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
16 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
17 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
18 times a number that represents the fractional
19 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
20 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
21 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

22 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
23 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
24 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
25 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
2 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
3 extent includible in gross income for federal income
4 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
5 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
6 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
7 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
8 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
9 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
10 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
11 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
12 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
13 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
14 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
15 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
16 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
17 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
18 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
19 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
20 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
21 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
22 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
23 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
24 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
25 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
26 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi

1 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
2 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
3 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
4 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
5 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
6 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
7 of Section 250;

8 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
9 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
10 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
11 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
12 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
13 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
14 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
15 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
16 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
17 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
18 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
19 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
20 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
21 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
23 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
24 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
25 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
26 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as

1 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
2 from the provisions of Section 250;

3 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
4 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
5 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
6 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
8 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

9 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
10 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
11 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
12 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
13 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
14 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
15 the bonus depreciation deduction;

16 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
17 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
18 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
19 0.429); and

20 (3) for taxable years ending after December
21 31, 2005:

22 (i) for property on which a bonus
23 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
24 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
25 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
26 0.429); and

1 (ii) for property on which a bonus
2 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
3 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
4 1.0.

5 The aggregate amount deducted under this
6 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
7 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
8 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
9 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
10 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
11 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
12 Section 250;

13 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
14 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
16 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
17 an amount equal to that addition modification.

18 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
19 the last day of the last tax year for which the
20 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
21 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
22 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
23 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
24 equal to that addition modification.

25 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
26 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one

1 piece of property.

2 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250;

4 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
5 other than salary, received by a driver in a
6 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

7 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
8 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
9 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
10 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
11 modification with respect to such transaction under
12 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
13 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
14 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
15 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
16 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
17 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
18 is required to make an addition modification with
19 respect to such transaction under Section
20 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
21 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
22 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
25 into account for the taxable year (net of the
26 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to

1 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
2 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
3 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
4 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
5 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
6 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
7 who would be a member of the same unitary business
8 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
9 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
10 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
11 required to apportion business income under different
12 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
13 addition modification required to be made for the same
14 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
15 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
17 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
19 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
20 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
21 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
23 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
24 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
25 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person

1 who would be a member of the same unitary business
2 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
3 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
4 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
5 required to apportion business income under different
6 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
7 addition modification required to be made for the same
8 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
9 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
11 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
12 provisions of Section 250;

13 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
14 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
15 under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
16 Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
17 This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
18 Section 250; and

19 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
20 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
21 add back any insurance premiums under Section
22 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
23 that part of a reimbursement received from the
24 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
25 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
26 company) that would have been taken into account as a

1 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
2 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
3 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG),
4 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add
5 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
6 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph
7 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

8 (b) Corporations.

9 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
11 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

12 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
13 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
14 of the following amounts:

15 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
16 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
17 received from regulated investment companies during
18 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
19 income in the computation of taxable income;

20 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
21 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
22 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

23 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
24 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
25 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount

1 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
2 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
3 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
4 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
5 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
6 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
7 law and is not a new enactment);

8 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
9 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
10 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
11 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

12 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
13 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
14 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
15 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
16 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
17 the amount by which addition modifications other than
18 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
19 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
20 year, with the following limitations applied in the
21 order that they are listed:

22 (i) the addition modification relating to the
23 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
24 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
25 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
26 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)

1 which related to that net operating loss and which
2 was taken into account in calculating the base
3 income of an earlier taxable year, and

4 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
5 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
6 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
7 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
8 such carryback or carryforward;

9 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
10 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
11 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
12 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
13 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
14 independently under the preceding provisions of this
15 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

16 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
17 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
18 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
19 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
20 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

21 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
22 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
23 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
24 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code;

26 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,

1 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
2 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
3 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
4 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
5 deductions taken in all taxable years under
6 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

7 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
8 the last day of the last tax year for which the
9 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
10 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
11 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
12 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
13 equal to that subtraction modification.

14 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
15 modification under this subparagraph only once with
16 respect to any one piece of property;

17 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
18 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
19 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
22 member of the same unitary business group but for the
23 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
24 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
25 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person

1 who would be a member of the same unitary business
2 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
3 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
4 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
5 required to apportion business income under different
6 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
7 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
8 extent that dividends were included in base income of
9 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
10 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
11 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
12 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
13 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
14 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
16 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
17 incurred.

18 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

19 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
21 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
24 with respect to such interest; or

25 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if

1 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
2 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person, during the same taxable
5 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
6 to a person that is not a related member, and

7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
8 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
9 person did not have as a principal purpose the
10 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
11 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
12 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
13 terms; or

14 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
15 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
16 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
17 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
18 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
19 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

20 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
23 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
24 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
25 to the application or use of an alternative method
26 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

1 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
2 Director from making any other adjustment
3 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
4 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
5 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
6 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
7 and such regulations provide methods and standards
8 by which the Department will utilize its authority
9 under Section 404 of this Act;

10 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
11 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
12 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
15 foreign person who would be a member of the same
16 unitary business group but for the fact that the
17 foreign person's business activity outside the United
18 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
19 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
21 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
22 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
23 from being included in the unitary business group
24 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
25 business income under different subsections of Section
26 304. The addition modification required by this

1 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
2 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
3 group for the same taxable year and received by the
4 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
5 business group (including amounts included in gross
6 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
8 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
9 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
10 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
11 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
12 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
13 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
14 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
15 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
16 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
17 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
18 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
19 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
20 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
22 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
23 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
24 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
25 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
26 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service

1 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
2 similar types of intangible assets.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
7 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
8 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
9 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
10 to such item; or

11 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
14 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
15 following:

16 (a) the person during the same taxable
17 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
18 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
19 not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 intangible expense or cost between the
22 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
23 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
24 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
25 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
26 or

1 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
4 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
5 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
6 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
7 writing to the application or use of an alternative
8 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
10 Director from making any other adjustment
11 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
12 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
13 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
14 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
15 and such regulations provide methods and standards
16 by which the Department will utilize its authority
17 under Section 404 of this Act;

18 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
20 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
21 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
23 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
24 business group but for the fact that the person is
25 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
26 included in the unitary business group because he or

1 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
2 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
3 addition modification required by this subparagraph
4 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
5 included in base income of the unitary group for the
6 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
8 (including amounts included in gross income under
9 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
10 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
11 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
12 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
13 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
14 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
15 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
16 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or
17 Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;

18 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
19 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
20 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
21 estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of
22 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

23 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
24 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
25 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
26 Act;

1 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
3 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
4 for the taxable year;
5 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
6 following amounts:

7 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
8 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
9 and included in such total for the taxable year;

10 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
11 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

12 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
13 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
14 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
15 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
16 for the taxable year;

17 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
18 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
19 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
20 171(a) (2), and 265(a) (2) and amounts disallowed as
21 interest expense by Section 291(a) (3) of the Internal
22 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
23 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
24 265(a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
25 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
26 Sections 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, 291(a) (3), and

1 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
2 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
3 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
4 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
5 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
6 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
8 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
9 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
10 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
11 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
12 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
13 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
14 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
15 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
16 from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
18 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
19 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
20 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
21 United States; provided that, in the case of any
22 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
23 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
24 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
25 of bond premium amortization;

26 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in

1 such total which were paid by a corporation which
2 conducts business operations in a River Edge
3 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
4 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
5 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
6 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
9 such total that were paid by a corporation that
10 conducts business operations in a federally designated
11 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
12 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
13 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
14 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
15 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
16 this subparagraph (L);

17 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
18 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
19 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
20 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
21 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
22 property which is eligible for the River Edge
23 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
24 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
25 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
26 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or

1 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
2 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment
3 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using
4 for this purpose the original basis of such property on
5 the date that it was placed in service in the River
6 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification
7 available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection
8 shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the
9 borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the
10 eligible property as calculated under the previous
11 sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
12 provisions of Section 250;

13 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
14 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
15 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
16 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
17 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
18 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
19 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
20 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
21 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
22 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
23 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
24 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
25 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
26 this purpose the original basis of such property on the

1 date that it was placed in service in a federally
2 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
3 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
4 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
5 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
6 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
7 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
8 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
9 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
10 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
11 calculated under the previous sentence;

12 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
13 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
14 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
15 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
16 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
17 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
18 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
19 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
20 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
21 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
22 Section 250;

23 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
24 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
25 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
26 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for

1 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
2 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
3 and received from a corporation that is not created or
4 organized under the laws of the United States or any
5 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
6 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
7 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
8 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal
9 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
10 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
11 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
12 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive
14 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
15 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
16 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
17 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
18 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
19 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
20 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
21 dividends received from a captive real estate
22 investment trust, from any such corporation specified
23 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
24 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
25 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
26 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of

1 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
2 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
3 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
4 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

5 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
6 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
7 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

8 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
9 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
10 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
11 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code;

13 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
14 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
15 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
16 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
17 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
18 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
19 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
20 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
21 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
22 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
23 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
24 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250;

26 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December

1 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
2 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
3 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
4 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
5 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
6 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
7 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
8 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
9 provisions of Section 250;

10 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
11 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
12 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
13 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
14 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
15 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

16 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
17 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
19 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
20 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
21 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
22 the bonus depreciation deduction;

23 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
24 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
25 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
26 0.429); and

1 (3) for taxable years ending after December
2 31, 2005:

3 (i) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
7 0.429); and

8 (ii) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11 1.0.

12 The aggregate amount deducted under this
13 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
14 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
15 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
16 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
17 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
18 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
19 Section 250;

20 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
21 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
22 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
23 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
24 equal to that addition modification.

25 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
26 the last day of the last tax year for which the

1 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
2 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
3 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
4 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
5 equal to that addition modification.

6 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
7 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
8 piece of property.

9 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
12 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
13 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
14 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
15 modification with respect to such transaction under
16 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
17 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
18 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
19 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
20 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
21 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
22 is required to make an addition modification with
23 respect to such transaction under Section
24 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
25 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
26 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium

1 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
2 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
3 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
4 addition modification with respect to such transaction
5 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
6 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
7 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
8 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
9 from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
11 into account for the taxable year (net of the
12 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
13 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
15 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
16 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
17 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
19 who would be a member of the same unitary business
20 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
21 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
22 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
23 required to apportion business income under different
24 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
25 addition modification required to be made for the same
26 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for

1 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
3 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

4 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
5 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
6 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
7 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
9 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
10 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
19 addition modification required to be made for the same
20 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
21 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
23 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250;

25 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
26 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to

1 add back any insurance premiums under Section
2 203(b) (2) (E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
3 that part of a reimbursement received from the
4 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
5 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
6 company) that would have been taken into account as a
7 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
8 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
9 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
10 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
11 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
12 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
13 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

14 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
15 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
16 965(e) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable
17 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to
18 Section 965(e) (2) (A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
19 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
20 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250.

22 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
23 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
24 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior
25 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment
26 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or

1 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in
2 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a)(3) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code.

4 (c) Trusts and estates.

5 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
6 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
7 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

8 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
9 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
10 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
11 following amounts:

12 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
13 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
14 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
15 in the computation of taxable income;

16 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
17 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
18 required to distribute all of its income currently,
19 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
20 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
21 the computation of taxable income;

22 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
23 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
24 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

25 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction

1 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
2 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
3 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

4 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
5 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
6 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
7 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
8 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
9 the amount by which addition modifications other than
10 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
11 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
12 the following limitations applied in the order that
13 they are listed:

14 (i) the addition modification relating to the
15 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
16 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
17 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
18 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
19 which related to that net operating loss and which
20 was taken into account in calculating the base
21 income of an earlier taxable year, and

22 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
23 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
24 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
25 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
26 such carryback or carryforward;

1 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
2 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
3 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
4 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
5 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
6 independently under the preceding provisions of this
7 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

8 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
9 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
10 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
11 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
12 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
13 Act;

14 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
15 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
16 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
17 computation of taxable income;

18 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
19 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
20 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
21 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
22 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

23 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
24 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
25 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
26 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code; and

2 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
3 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
4 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
5 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
6 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
7 deductions taken in all taxable years under
8 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

9 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
10 the last day of the last tax year for which the
11 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
12 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
13 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
14 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
15 equal to that subtraction modification.

16 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
17 modification under this subparagraph only once with
18 respect to any one piece of property;

19 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
20 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
21 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the same unitary business group but for the
25 fact that the foreign person's business activity
26 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign

1 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
3 who would be a member of the same unitary business
4 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
5 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
6 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
7 required to apportion business income under different
8 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
9 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
10 extent that dividends were included in base income of
11 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
12 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
13 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
14 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
15 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
16 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
18 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
19 incurred.

20 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

21 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
23 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
24 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
25 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
26 with respect to such interest; or

1 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
3 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
4 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
5 following:

6 (a) the person, during the same taxable
7 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
8 to a person that is not a related member, and

9 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
10 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
11 person did not have as a principal purpose the
12 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
13 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
14 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
15 terms; or

16 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
17 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
18 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
19 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
20 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
21 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

22 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
24 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
25 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
26 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing

1 to the application or use of an alternative method
2 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

3 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
4 Director from making any other adjustment
5 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
6 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
7 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
8 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
9 and such regulations provide methods and standards
10 by which the Department will utilize its authority
11 under Section 404 of this Act;

12 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
13 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
14 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
16 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
17 foreign person who would be a member of the same
18 unitary business group but for the fact that the
19 foreign person's business activity outside the United
20 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
21 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
23 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
24 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
25 from being included in the unitary business group
26 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion

1 business income under different subsections of Section
2 304. The addition modification required by this
3 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
4 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
5 group for the same taxable year and received by the
6 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
7 business group (including amounts included in gross
8 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
10 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
11 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
12 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
13 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
14 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
15 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
16 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
17 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
18 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
19 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
20 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
21 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
22 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
24 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
25 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
26 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For

1 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
2 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
3 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
4 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

5 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

6 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
9 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
10 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
11 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
12 to such item; or

13 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
16 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
17 following:

18 (a) the person during the same taxable
19 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
20 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
21 not a related member, and

22 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
23 intangible expense or cost between the
24 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
25 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
26 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract

1 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

2 or

3 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
6 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
7 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
8 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
9 writing to the application or use of an alternative
10 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

11 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
12 Director from making any other adjustment
13 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
14 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
15 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
16 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
17 and such regulations provide methods and standards
18 by which the Department will utilize its authority
19 under Section 404 of this Act;

20 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
22 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
23 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
25 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
26 business group but for the fact that the person is

1 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
2 included in the unitary business group because he or
3 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
4 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
5 addition modification required by this subparagraph
6 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
7 included in base income of the unitary group for the
8 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
10 (including amounts included in gross income under
11 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
12 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
13 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
14 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
15 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
16 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
17 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
18 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or
19 Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act;

20 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
21 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
22 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
23 Act;

24 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
25 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
26 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code

1 for the taxable year;

2 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
3 following amounts:

4 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
5 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
6 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
8 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
9 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
10 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
11 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
12 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
14 thereto;

15 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

16 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
17 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
18 and included in such total for the taxable year;

19 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
20 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
21 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
22 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
23 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
24 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
25 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
26 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations

1 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
2 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
3 amortization;

4 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
5 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
6 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
7 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
8 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
9 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
10 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
11 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
12 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
13 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
15 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
17 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
18 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
19 provisions of Section 250;

20 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
21 such total which were paid by a corporation which
22 conducts business operations in a River Edge
23 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
24 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
25 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
26 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250;

2 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
3 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
4 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

5 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
6 such total that were paid by a corporation that
7 conducts business operations in a federally designated
8 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
9 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
10 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
11 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
12 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
13 this subparagraph (O);

14 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
15 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
16 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
17 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
18 the Internal Revenue Code;

19 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
20 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
21 extent includible in gross income for federal income
22 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
23 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
24 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
25 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
26 income, to the extent includible in gross income for

1 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
2 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
3 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
4 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
5 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
6 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
7 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
8 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
9 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
10 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
11 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
12 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
13 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
14 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
15 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
16 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
17 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
18 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
19 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
20 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
21 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
22 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
23 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
24 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
25 of Section 250;

26 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the

1 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
2 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
3 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
4 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
5 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

6 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
7 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
8 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
9 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
10 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
11 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
12 the bonus depreciation deduction;

13 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
14 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
15 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
16 0.429); and

17 (3) for taxable years ending after December
18 31, 2005:

19 (i) for property on which a bonus
20 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
21 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
22 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
23 0.429); and

24 (ii) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
26 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by

1 1.0.

2 The aggregate amount deducted under this
3 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
4 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
5 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
6 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
7 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
8 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
11 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
12 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
13 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
14 equal to that addition modification.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
16 the last day of the last tax year for which the
17 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
18 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
19 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
20 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
21 equal to that addition modification.

22 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
23 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
24 piece of property.

25 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
2 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
3 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
4 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
5 modification with respect to such transaction under
6 Section 203(a) (2) (D-17), 203(b) (2) (E-12),
7 203(c) (2) (G-12), or 203(d) (2) (D-7), but not to exceed
8 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
9 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
10 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
11 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
12 is required to make an addition modification with
13 respect to such transaction under Section
14 203(a) (2) (D-18), 203(b) (2) (E-13), 203(c) (2) (G-13), or
15 203(d) (2) (D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
16 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
17 from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
19 into account for the taxable year (net of the
20 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
21 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
23 the fact the foreign person's business activity
24 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
25 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person

1 who would be a member of the same unitary business
2 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
3 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
4 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
5 required to apportion business income under different
6 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
7 addition modification required to be made for the same
8 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
9 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
11 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

12 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
13 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
14 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
15 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
17 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
18 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
19 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
20 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
21 who would be a member of the same unitary business
22 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
23 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
24 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
25 required to apportion business income under different
26 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the

1 addition modification required to be made for the same
2 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
3 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
5 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
6 provisions of Section 250;

7 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
8 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
9 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
10 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
11 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
12 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from
13 Section 250;

14 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
15 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
16 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
17 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
18 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

19 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
20 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
21 add back any insurance premiums under Section
22 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
23 that part of a reimbursement received from the
24 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
25 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
26 company) that would have been taken into account as a

1 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
2 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
3 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
4 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
5 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
6 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
7 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

8 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
9 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
10 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
11 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
12 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
13 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
14 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

15 (d) Partnerships.

16 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
17 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
18 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

19 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
20 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
21 of the following amounts:

22 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
23 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
24 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
25 in the computation of taxable income;

1 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
2 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
3 the taxable year;

4 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
5 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
6 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

7 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
8 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
9 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
10 computation of taxable income;

11 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
12 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
13 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
14 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code;

16 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
17 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
18 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
19 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
20 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
21 deductions taken in all taxable years under
22 subparagraph (D) with respect to that property.

23 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
24 the last day of the last tax year for which the
25 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
26 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer

1 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
2 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
3 equal to that subtraction modification.

4 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
5 modification under this subparagraph only once with
6 respect to any one piece of property;

7 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
8 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
9 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the same unitary business group but for the
13 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
14 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
15 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
16 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
17 who would be a member of the same unitary business
18 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
19 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
20 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
21 required to apportion business income under different
22 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
23 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
24 extent that dividends were included in base income of
25 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
26 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the

1 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
2 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
3 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
4 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
6 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
7 incurred.

8 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

9 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
11 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
12 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
13 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
14 with respect to such interest; or

15 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
17 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
18 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
19 following:

20 (a) the person, during the same taxable
21 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
22 to a person that is not a related member, and

23 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
24 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
25 person did not have as a principal purpose the
26 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid

1 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
2 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
3 terms; or

4 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
5 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
6 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
7 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
8 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
9 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

10 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
13 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
14 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
15 to the application or use of an alternative method
16 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

17 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
18 Director from making any other adjustment
19 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
20 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
21 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
22 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
23 and such regulations provide methods and standards
24 by which the Department will utilize its authority
25 under Section 404 of this Act; and

26 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible

1 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
2 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
4 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
5 foreign person who would be a member of the same
6 unitary business group but for the fact that the
7 foreign person's business activity outside the United
8 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
9 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
11 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
12 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
13 from being included in the unitary business group
14 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
15 business income under different subsections of Section
16 304. The addition modification required by this
17 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
18 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
19 group for the same taxable year and received by the
20 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
21 business group (including amounts included in gross
22 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
24 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
25 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
26 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or

1 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
2 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
3 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
4 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
5 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
6 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
7 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
8 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
9 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
10 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
12 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
13 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
14 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
15 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
16 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
17 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
18 similar types of intangible assets;

19 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

20 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
23 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
24 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
25 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
26 to such item; or

1 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
4 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
5 following:

6 (a) the person during the same taxable
7 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
8 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
9 not a related member, and

10 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
11 intangible expense or cost between the
12 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
13 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
14 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
15 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
16 or

17 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
20 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
21 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
22 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
23 writing to the application or use of an alternative
24 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

25 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
26 Director from making any other adjustment

1 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
2 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
3 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
4 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
5 and such regulations provide methods and standards
6 by which the Department will utilize its authority
7 under Section 404 of this Act;

8 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
9 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
10 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
11 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
12 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
13 person who would be a member of the same unitary
14 business group but for the fact that the person is
15 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
16 included in the unitary business group because he or
17 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
18 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
19 addition modification required by this subparagraph
20 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
21 included in base income of the unitary group for the
22 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
24 (including amounts included in gross income under
25 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
26 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78

1 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
2 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
3 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
4 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
5 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
6 modification required under Section 203(d) (2) (D-7) or
7 Section 203(d) (2) (D-8) of this Act;

8 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
9 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
10 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
11 Act;

12 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
14 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
15 for the taxable year;

16 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
17 amounts:

18 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

19 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
20 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
21 and included in such total for the taxable year;

22 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
23 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
24 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
25 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
26 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes

1 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
2 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
3 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
4 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
5 of bond premium amortization;

6 (H) Any income of the partnership which
7 constitutes personal service income as defined in
8 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
9 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
10 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
11 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
12 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
13 Section 250;

14 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
15 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
16 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
17 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
18 including amounts distributable to organizations
19 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
20 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
21 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

22 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
23 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
24 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
25 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
26 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and

1 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
2 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
3 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2),
4 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
5 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
6 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal
7 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
9 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
10 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total which were paid by a corporation which
14 conducts business operations in a River Edge
15 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
16 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
17 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
18 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
19 provisions of Section 250;

20 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
21 job training project established pursuant to the Real
22 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

23 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
24 such total that were paid by a corporation that
25 conducts business operations in a federally designated
26 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a

1 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
2 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
3 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
4 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
5 this subparagraph (M);

6 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
7 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
8 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
9 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
10 the Internal Revenue Code;

11 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
12 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
13 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
14 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
15 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
16 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

17 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
18 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
19 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
20 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
21 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
22 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
23 the bonus depreciation deduction;

24 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
25 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
26 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by

1 0.429); and

2 (3) for taxable years ending after December
3 31, 2005:

4 (i) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
8 0.429); and

9 (ii) for property on which a bonus
10 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
11 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
12 1.0.

13 The aggregate amount deducted under this
14 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
15 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
16 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
17 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
18 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
19 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
20 Section 250;

21 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
22 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
23 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
24 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
25 equal to that addition modification.

26 If the taxpayer continues to own property through

1 the last day of the last tax year for which the
2 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
3 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
4 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
5 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
6 equal to that addition modification.

7 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
8 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
9 piece of property.

10 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
13 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
14 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
15 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
16 modification with respect to such transaction under
17 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
18 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
19 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
20 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
21 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
22 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
23 is required to make an addition modification with
24 respect to such transaction under Section
25 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
26 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such

1 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
2 from Section 250;

3 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
4 into account for the taxable year (net of the
5 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
6 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
8 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
9 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
10 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
11 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
12 who would be a member of the same unitary business
13 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
14 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
15 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
16 required to apportion business income under different
17 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
18 addition modification required to be made for the same
19 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
21 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
22 Section 250;

23 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
24 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
25 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
26 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
2 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
3 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
4 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
6 who would be a member of the same unitary business
7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
8 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
10 required to apportion business income under different
11 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
12 addition modification required to be made for the same
13 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
14 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
16 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

17 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
18 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
19 add back any insurance premiums under Section
20 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
21 that part of a reimbursement received from the
22 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
23 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
24 company) that would have been taken into account as a
25 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
26 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes

1 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the
2 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
3 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
4 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph
5 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

6 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

7 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
8 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
9 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
10 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
11 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
12 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
13 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
14 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
15 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
17 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
18 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
19 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
20 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
21 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
22 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
23 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
24 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of

1 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
2 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
3 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
4 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
5 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
6 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
7 addition modification must be made under those
8 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
9 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
10 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
11 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
12 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
13 Revenue Code.

14 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
15 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
16 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

17 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
18 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
19 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
20 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
21 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
22 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
23 Internal Revenue Code;

24 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
25 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
26 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,

1 insurance company taxable income;

2 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
3 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
4 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
5 investment company taxable income;

6 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
7 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
8 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
9 estate investment trust taxable income;

10 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
11 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
12 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
13 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
14 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
15 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
16 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
17 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
18 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
19 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
20 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue
21 Code had been in effect for all such years;

22 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
23 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
24 organization determined in accordance with the
25 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
26 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition

1 against offsetting losses from patronage activities
2 against income from nonpatronage activities; except
3 that a cooperative corporation or association may make
4 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment
5 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the
6 event such election is made, such losses shall be
7 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with
8 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and
9 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by
10 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed
11 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred.
12 The election shall be effective for all taxable years
13 with original returns due on or after the date of the
14 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an
15 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act,
16 to provide that the election shall be effective for
17 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years
18 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made,
19 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the
20 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting
21 forth requirements for documenting the elections and
22 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
23 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
24 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
25 existing law;

26 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)

1 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
2 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
3 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
4 corporation determined in accordance with Section
5 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
6 taxable income shall take into account those items
7 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
8 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
9 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
10 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
11 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
12 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
13 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
14 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
15 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

16 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
17 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
18 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
19 income shall take into account those items which are
20 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
21 but which would be taken into account by an individual
22 in calculating his taxable income.

23 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
24 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
25 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
26 business has been classified as business income and in a

1 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
2 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
3 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
4 related to that asset or business that generated the
5 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
6 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
7 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
8 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
9 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
10 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
11 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
12 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
13 taxable years.

14 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

15 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
16 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
17 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

18 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
19 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
20 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
22 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

23 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
24 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
25 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such

1 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
2 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
3 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
4 such gain included in the amount determined under
5 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

6 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

7 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
8 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
9 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
10 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
11 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
12 determining gain) for such property on that date
13 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
14 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
15 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
16 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
17 such property.

18 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
19 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
20 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
21 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
22 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
23 property for federal income tax purposes for the
24 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
25 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
26 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of

1 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
2 period for the property.

3 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
4 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
5 purposes of this paragraph.

6 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
7 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
8 to be deducted more than once.

9 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
10 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
11 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
12 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
13 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
14 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
15 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
16 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
17 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

18 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17.)

19 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
20 becoming law."