

## 100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2017 and 2018 HB4846

by Rep. John C. D'Amico

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

625 ILCS 5/12-610.2

Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Provides that a violation (rather than a second or subsequent violation) of a provision in the Code governing the use of an electronic communication device while operating a motor vehicle is an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles. Removes a provision providing that a person who violates the governing provision shall be fined a maximum of \$75 for a first offense, \$100 for a second offense, \$125 for a third offense, and \$150 for a fourth or subsequent offense. Effective July 1, 2019.

LRB100 18654 LNS 33881 b

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing

  Section 12-610.2 as follows:
- 6 (625 ILCS 5/12-610.2)
- 7 Sec. 12-610.2. Electronic communication devices.
- 8 (a) As used in this Section:
  - "Electronic communication device" means an electronic device, including but not limited to a hand-held wireless telephone, hand-held personal digital assistant, or a portable or mobile computer, but does not include a global positioning system or navigation system or a device that is physically or electronically integrated into the motor vehicle.
  - (b) A person may not operate a motor vehicle on a roadway while using an electronic communication device.
  - (b-5) A person commits aggravated use of an electronic communication device when he or she violates subsection (b) and in committing the violation he or she was involved in a motor vehicle accident that results in great bodily harm, permanent disability, disfigurement, or death to another and the violation was a proximate cause of the injury or death.
- 23 (c) A <del>second or subsequent</del> violation of this Section is an

offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of
vehicles. A person who violates this Section shall be fined a
maximum of \$75 for a first offense, \$100 for a second offense,
\$125 for a third offense, and \$150 for a fourth or subsequent
offense.

- (d) This Section does not apply to:
- (1) a law enforcement officer or operator of an emergency vehicle while performing his or her official duties;
- (2) a driver using an electronic communication device for the sole purpose of reporting an emergency situation and continued communication with emergency personnel during the emergency situation;
- (3) a driver using an electronic communication device in hands-free or voice-operated mode, which may include the use of a headset;
- (4) a driver of a commercial motor vehicle reading a message displayed on a permanently installed communication device designed for a commercial motor vehicle with a screen that does not exceed 10 inches tall by 10 inches wide in size;
- (5) a driver using an electronic communication device while parked on the shoulder of a roadway;
- (6) a driver using an electronic communication device when the vehicle is stopped due to normal traffic being obstructed and the driver has the motor vehicle

- 1 transmission in neutral or park;
- 2 (7) a driver using two-way or citizens band radio services;
  - (8) a driver using two-way mobile radio transmitters or receivers for licensees of the Federal Communications Commission in the amateur radio service;
  - (9) a driver using an electronic communication device by pressing a single button to initiate or terminate a voice communication; or
  - (10) a driver using an electronic communication device capable of performing multiple functions, other than a hand-held wireless telephone or hand-held personal digital assistant (for example, a fleet management system, dispatching device, citizens band radio, or music player) for a purpose that is not otherwise prohibited by this Section.
  - (e) A person convicted of violating subsection (b-5) commits a Class A misdemeanor if the violation resulted in great bodily harm, permanent disability, or disfigurement to another. A person convicted of violating subsection (b-5) commits a Class 4 felony if the violation resulted in the death of another person.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 97-828, eff. 7-20-12; 98-506, eff. 1-1-14; 98-507, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)
- 25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1, 26 2019.