1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Rental
- 5 Purchase Agreement Occupation and Use Tax Act.
- 6 Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 7 "Consumer" means an individual who leases personal
- 8 property under a rental-purchase agreement.
- 9 "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
- "Gross receipts" from the renting of tangible personal
- 11 property or "rent" means the total rental price or leasing
- 12 price. In the case of rental transactions in which the
- 13 consideration is paid to the merchant on an installment basis,
- 14 the amounts of such payments shall be included by the merchant
- in gross receipts or rent only as and when payments are
- 16 received by the merchant. "Gross receipts" does not include
- 17 receipts received by a merchant for delivery fees,
- 18 reinstatement fees, processing fees, waiver fees or club
- 19 program fees.
- 20 "Merchandise" means the personal property that is the
- 21 subject of a rental-purchase agreement.
- 22 "Merchant" means a person who, in the ordinary course of
- business, regularly leases, offers to lease or arranges for the

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leasing of merchandise under a rental-purchase agreement, and includes a person who is assigned an interest in a rental-purchase agreement.

"Person" means any natural individual, firm, partnership, association, joint stock company, joint adventure, public or private corporation, limited liability company, or a receiver, executor, trustee, conservator or other representative appointed by order of any court.

"Rental price" means the consideration for renting merchandise valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, including cash credits, property and services, and shall be determined without any deduction on account of the cost of the property rented, the cost of materials used, labor or service cost, or any other expense whatsoever, but does not include charges that are added by a merchant on account of the merchant's tax liability under this Act or on account of the merchant's duty to collect, from the consumer, the tax that is imposed by Section 4 of this Act. The phrase "rental price" does not include compensation paid to a merchant by a consumer in consideration of the waiver by the merchant of any right of action or claim against the consumer for loss or damage to the merchandise rented and also does not include a separately stated charge for insurance or other separately stated charges that are not for the use of tangible personal property.

"Rental purchase agreement" means an agreement for the use of merchandise by a consumer for personal, family, or household

purposes for an initial period of 4 months or less that is automatically renewable with each payment after the initial

period and that permits the consumer to become the owner of the

4 merchandise.

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"Renting" means any transfer of the possession or right to possession of merchandise to a user for a valuable consideration under a rental-purchase agreement.

Section 10. Rental Purchase Agreement Occupation Tax. A tax is imposed upon persons engaged in this State in the business of renting merchandise under a rental-purchase agreement in Illinois at the rate of 6.25% of the gross receipts received from the business. Every person engaged in this State in the business of renting merchandise shall apply to the Department (upon a form prescribed and furnished by the Department) for a certificate of registration under this Act. The certificate of registration which is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall permit the merchant to engage in a business that is taxable under this Section without registering separately with the Department.

The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section, to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder, to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda, arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, and

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compliance with, this Section, the Department and persons who 1 2 are subject to this Section shall have the same rights, 3 remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, 5 penalties and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1, 1a, 2, 2-10 6 7 through 2-65 (in respect to all provisions therein other than 8 the State rate of tax), 2a, 2b, 2c, 3 (except provisions 9 relating to transaction returns), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 10 5g, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 11a, 12, and 13 of 11 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the 12 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein. 13

Section 15. Rental Purchase Agreement Use Tax. A tax is imposed upon the privilege of using, in this State, merchandise which is rented from a merchant. Such tax is at the rate of 6.25% of the rental price paid to the merchant under any rental purchase agreement.

The tax hereby imposed shall be collected from the consumer by a merchant maintaining a place of business in this State and remitted to the Department.

The tax hereby imposed and not paid to a merchant pursuant to the preceding paragraph of this Section shall be paid to the Department directly by any person using such merchandise within this State.

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Merchants shall collect the tax from consumers by adding the tax to the rental price of the merchandise, when rented for use, in the manner prescribed by the Department. The Department shall have the power to adopt and promulgate reasonable rules and regulations for the adding of such tax by merchants to rental prices by prescribing bracket systems for the purpose of enabling such merchants to add and collect, as far as practicable, the amount of such tax.

The tax imposed by this Section shall, when collected, be stated as a distinct item separate and apart from the rental price of the merchandise.

The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section; to collect all taxes, penalties and interest due hereunder; to dispose of taxes, penalties and interest so collected in the manner hereinafter provided, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda or refunds arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax, penalty or interest hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with, this Section, the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers, and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 2, 3, 3-10 through 3-80, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9 (except provisions relating to transaction returns), 10, 11, 12, 12a, 12b, 13, 14, 15, 19, 20, 21, and 22 of the Use Tax

- 1 Act, and are not inconsistent with this Section, as fully as if
- those provisions were set forth herein.
- 3 Section 20. Electronic filing and payment. Any return or
- 4 document that is required to be filed under this Act shall be
- 5 filed electronically, in the form and manner required by the
- 6 Department.
- 7 Any payment required to be made under this Act shall be
- 8 paid electronically, in the form and manner required by the
- 9 Department.
- 10 The Department shall grant a waiver of the electronic
- 11 filing or payment requirement under this Section for any
- 12 taxpayer who petitions the Department and demonstrates undue
- 13 hardship in complying with the electronic filing or payment
- 14 requirement. The waiver shall be for a period not to exceed 2
- 15 years, but may be renewed an unlimited number of times for
- 16 periods not to exceed 2 years each.
- 17 Section 25. Deposit of taxes.
- 18 (a) Each month, from the net revenue realized for the
- 19 preceding month, the Department shall pay an amount estimated
- 20 by the Department to be required for refunds of the tax under
- 21 this Act, which shall be deposited into the Rental Purchase
- 22 Agreement Tax Refund Fund.
- 23 (b) Of the remainder of funds after the deposit under
- 24 subsection (a) of this Section:

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1	(1) each month the Department shall pay into the State
2	and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 20% of the net revenue
3	realized for the preceding month from the tax imposed under
4	this Act; and

(2) each month the Department shall pay into the General Revenue Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the tax imposed under this Act.

Section 30. One-Time Transitional Use Tax Credit. Within 3 months after the effective date of this Act, the merchant shall file an application (upon a form prescribed and furnished by the Department) to receive a one-time credit for the Use Tax paid on merchandise subject to tax under this Act purchased during the 6 months immediately prior to the effective date of this Act. The Department shall issue a credit equal to the total Use Tax paid in the 6 months immediately prior to the effective date of this Act. Upon the issuance of the credit, the merchant may apply the credit against the tax imposed under this Act.

Section 35. Applicability. This Act does not apply to tangible personal property which is required to be titled and registered by a State agency.

Section 40. Rulemaking. The Department may make such rules as it may deem necessary to implement the purposes of this Act.

- 1 Section 45. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
- 2 Sections 5.878 and 6z-102 as follows:
- 3 (30 ILCS 105/5.878 new)
- 4 Sec. 5.878. The Rental Purchase Agreement Tax Refund Fund.
- 5 (30 ILCS 105/6z-102 new)
- 6 Sec. 6z-102. The Rental Purchase Agreement Tax Refund Fund.
- 7 (a) The Rental Purchase Agreement Tax Refund Fund is hereby
- 8 <u>created as a special fund in the State treasury. Moneys in the</u>
- 9 Fund shall be used by the Department of Revenue to pay refunds
- of Rental Purchase Agreement Tax in the manner provided in
- 11 Section 6 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 19
- of the Use Tax Act, as incorporated into Sections 10 and 15 of
- the Rental Purchase Agreement Tax Act.
- 14 (b) Moneys in the Rental Purchase Agreement Tax Refund Fund
- shall be expended exclusively for the purpose of paying refunds
- 16 pursuant to this Section.
- 17 (c) The Director of Revenue shall order payment of refunds
- 18 under this Section from the Rental Purchase Agreement Tax
- 19 Refund Fund only to the extent that amounts collected pursuant
- 20 to Sections 10 and 15 of the Rental Purchase Agreement
- Occupation and Use Tax Act have been deposited and retained in
- the Fund.
- 23 As soon as possible after the end of each fiscal year, the

- 1 <u>Director of Revenue shall order transferred</u>, and the State
- 2 Treasurer and State Comptroller shall transfer from the Rental
- 3 Purchase Agreement Tax Refund Fund to the General Revenue Fund,
- 4 any surplus remaining as of the end of such fiscal year.
- 5 This Section shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing
- 6 appropriation from the Rental Purchase Agreement Tax Refund
- 7 Fund for the purpose of paying refunds in accordance with the
- 8 provisions of this Section.
- 9 Section 50. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Section
- 3-5 as follows:
- 11 (35 ILCS 105/3-5)
- 12 Sec. 3-5. Exemptions. Use of the following tangible
- personal property is exempt from the tax imposed by this Act:
- 14 (1) Personal property purchased from a corporation,
- 15 society, association, foundation, institution, or
- organization, other than a limited liability company, that is
- organized and operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise
- 18 for the benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the
- 19 personal property was not purchased by the enterprise for the
- 20 purpose of resale by the enterprise.
- 21 (2) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit
- 22 Illinois county fair association for use in conducting,
- operating, or promoting the county fair.
- 24 (3) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit arts or

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cultural organization that establishes, by proof required by the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is organized and operated primarily for the presentation or support of arts or cultural programming, activities, or services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, and media arts organizations. On and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, however, an entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall not make tax-free purchases unless it has an active identification number issued by the Department.

(4) Personal property purchased by a governmental body, by corporation, society, association, foundation, institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes, or by a not-for-profit corporation, society, association, foundation, institution, or organization that has no compensated officers or employees and that is organized and operated primarily for the recreation of persons 55 years of age or older. A limited liability company may qualify for the exemption under this paragraph only if the liability company is organized and exclusively for educational purposes. On and after July 1, 1987, however, no entity otherwise eligible for this exemption

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- shall make tax-free purchases unless it has an active exemption identification number issued by the Department.
- 3 (5) Until July 1, 2003, a passenger car that is a 4 replacement vehicle to the extent that the purchase price of 5 the car is subject to the Replacement Vehicle Tax.
  - (6) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again on September 1, 2004 through August 30, 2014, graphic arts machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, and including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for graphic arts production, and including machinery and equipment purchased for lease. Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts but only if the chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts effect a direct and immediate change upon a graphic arts product.
- 16 (7) Farm chemicals.
  - (8) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the United States of America, or the government of any foreign country, and bullion.
- 21 (9) Personal property purchased from a teacher-sponsored 22 student organization affiliated with an elementary or 23 secondary school located in Illinois.
- 24 (10) A motor vehicle that is used for automobile renting, 25 as defined in the Automobile Renting Occupation and Use Tax 26 Act.

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(11) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or State or federal agricultural programs, including individual replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, but excluding other motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or overwintering plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under this item (11). Agricultural chemical tender tanks and dry boxes shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle required to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor vehicle required to be licensed if the selling price of the tender is separately stated.

Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but not limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders, or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors, software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other

1 such equipment.

Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the computer-assisted operation of production agriculture facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and agricultural chemicals. This item (11) is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.

(12) Until June 30, 2013, fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air common carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air common carrier, for a flight destined for or returning from a location or locations outside the United States without regard to previous or subsequent domestic stopovers.

Beginning July 1, 2013, fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air common carrier, for a flight that (i) is engaged in foreign trade or is engaged in trade between the United States and any of its possessions and (ii) transports at least one individual or package for hire from the city of origination to the city of final destination on the same aircraft, without regard to a change in the flight number of that aircraft.

- (13) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately stated on customers' bills for the purchase and consumption of food and beverages purchased at retail from a retailer, to the extent that the proceeds of the service charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a substitute for tips to the employees who participate directly in preparing, serving, hosting or cleaning up the food or beverage function with respect to which the service charge is imposed.
- (14) Until July 1, 2003, oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of rigs, rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii) pipe and tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow lines, (v) any individual replacement part for oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and equipment purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (15) Photoprocessing machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for photoprocessing, and including photoprocessing machinery and equipment purchased for lease.
- (16) Coal and aggregate exploration, mining, off-highway hauling, processing, maintenance, and reclamation equipment, including replacement parts and equipment, and including equipment purchased for lease, but excluding motor vehicles

- required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. The
  changes made to this Section by Public Act 97-767 apply on and
  after July 1, 2003, but no claim for credit or refund is
  allowed on or after August 16, 2013 (the effective date of
  Public Act 98-456) for such taxes paid during the period
  beginning July 1, 2003 and ending on August 16, 2013 (the
  effective date of Public Act 98-456).
  - (17) Until July 1, 2003, distillation machinery and equipment, sold as a unit or kit, assembled or installed by the retailer, certified by the user to be used only for the production of ethyl alcohol that will be used for consumption as motor fuel or as a component of motor fuel for the personal use of the user, and not subject to sale or resale.
  - (18) Manufacturing and assembling machinery and equipment used primarily in the process of manufacturing or assembling tangible personal property for wholesale or retail sale or lease, whether that sale or lease is made directly by the manufacturer or by some other person, whether the materials used in the process are owned by the manufacturer or some other person, or whether that sale or lease is made apart from or as an incident to the seller's engaging in the service occupation of producing machines, tools, dies, jigs, patterns, gauges, or other similar items of no commercial value on special order for a particular purchaser. The exemption provided by this paragraph (18) does not include machinery and equipment used in (i) the generation of electricity for wholesale or retail sale;

- (ii) the generation or treatment of natural or artificial gas
  for wholesale or retail sale that is delivered to customers
  through pipes, pipelines, or mains; or (iii) the treatment of
  water for wholesale or retail sale that is delivered to
  customers through pipes, pipelines, or mains. The provisions of
  Public Act 98-583 are declaratory of existing law as to the
  meaning and scope of this exemption.
  - (19) Personal property delivered to a purchaser or purchaser's donee inside Illinois when the purchase order for that personal property was received by a florist located outside Illinois who has a florist located inside Illinois deliver the personal property.
- 13 (20) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestock
  14 for direct agricultural production.
  - (21) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or racing for prizes. This item (21) is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90, and the exemption provided for under this item (21) applies for all periods beginning May 30, 1995, but no claim for credit or refund is allowed on or after January 1, 2008 for such taxes paid during the period beginning May 30, 2000 and ending on January 1, 2008.
    - (22) Computers and communications equipment utilized for

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any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients purchased by a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in any other non-exempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time the non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department.

(23) Personal property purchased by a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a governmental body that has been

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issued an active sales tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the property is leased in a manner that does not qualify for this exemption or used in any other non-exempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time the non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department.

December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated for disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared disaster area in Illinois or bordering Illinois by a manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster who reside within the declared disaster area.

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- (25) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in the performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, including but not limited to municipal roads and streets, access roads, bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, water and sewer extensions, water distribution and purification facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a State or federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois when such repairs are initiated on facilities located in the declared disaster area within 6 months after the disaster.
- (26) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds purchased at a "game breeding and hunting preserve area" as that term is used in the Wildlife Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.
- (27) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, or institution that is determined by the Department to be organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, private schools that offer systematic instruction in useful

- branches of learning by methods common to public schools and that compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the course of study presented in tax-supported schools, and vocational or technical schools or institutes organized and operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, industrial, business, or commercial occupation.
  - (28) Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property, including food, purchased through fundraising events for the benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school, a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from another individual or entity that sold the property for the purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.
    - (29) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and other items, and replacement parts for these machines. Beginning

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- January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines and parts for machines used in commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.
  - (30) Beginning January 1, 2001 and through June 30, 2016, food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft been prepared for drinks. and food that has consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, medical appliances, and insulin, urine testing drugs, materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code who resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined in the Nursing Home Care Act, or in a licensed facility as defined in the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, or the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013.
  - (31) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, computers and communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients purchased by a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this

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Act, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in any other nonexempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time the nonqualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.

(32) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, personal property purchased by a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a governmental body that has been issued an active sales tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the

property is leased in a manner that does not qualify for this exemption or used in any other nonexempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time the nonqualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.

(33) On and after July 1, 2003 and through June 30, 2004, the use in this State of motor vehicles of the second division with a gross vehicle weight in excess of 8,000 pounds and that are subject to the commercial distribution fee imposed under Section 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Beginning on July 1, 2004 and through June 30, 2005, the use in this State of motor vehicles of the second division: (i) with a gross vehicle weight rating in excess of 8,000 pounds; (ii) that are subject to the commercial distribution fee imposed under Section 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; and (iii) that are primarily used for commercial purposes. Through June 30, 2005,

- this exemption applies to repair and replacement parts added after the initial purchase of such a motor vehicle if that motor vehicle is used in a manner that would qualify for the rolling stock exemption otherwise provided for in this Act. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "used for commercial purposes" means the transportation of persons or property in furtherance of any commercial or industrial enterprise, whether for-hire or not.
  - (34) Beginning January 1, 2008, tangible personal property used in the construction or maintenance of a community water supply, as defined under Section 3.145 of the Environmental Protection Act, that is operated by a not-for-profit corporation that holds a valid water supply permit issued under Title IV of the Environmental Protection Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.
  - (35) Beginning January 1, 2010, materials, parts, equipment, components, and furnishings incorporated into or upon an aircraft as part of the modification, refurbishment, completion, replacement, repair, or maintenance of the aircraft. This exemption includes consumable supplies used in the modification, refurbishment, completion, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, but excludes any materials, parts, equipment, components, and consumable supplies used in the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft engines or power plants, whether such engines or power plants are installed or uninstalled upon any

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such aircraft. "Consumable supplies" include, but are not 1 limited to, adhesive, tape, sandpaper, general purpose lubricants, cleaning solution, latex gloves, and protective films. This exemption applies only to the use of qualifying tangible personal property by persons who modify, refurbish, complete, repair, replace, or maintain aircraft and who (i) 7 hold an Air Agency Certificate and are empowered to operate an repair station by the Federal Aviation approved Administration, (ii) have a Class IV Rating, and (iii) conduct operations in accordance with Part 145 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. The exemption does not include aircraft operated by a commercial air carrier providing scheduled passenger air service pursuant to authority issued under Part 121 or Part 129 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. The changes made to this 15 paragraph (35) by Public Act 98-534 are declarative of existing 16 law.

Tangible personal property purchased (36)by public-facilities corporation, as described in Section 11-65-10 of the Illinois Municipal Code, for purposes of constructing or furnishing a municipal convention hall, but only if the legal title to the municipal convention hall is transferred to the municipality without anv further consideration by or on behalf of the municipality at the time of the completion of the municipal convention hall or upon the retirement or redemption of any bonds or other debt instruments issued by the public-facilities corporation in connection with

- 1 the development of the municipal convention hall. This
- 2 exemption includes existing public-facilities corporations as
- 3 provided in Section 11-65-25 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- 4 This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.
- 5 (37) Beginning January 1, 2017, menstrual pads, tampons,
- 6 and menstrual cups.
- 7 (38) Merchandise that is subject to the Rental Purchase
- 8 Agreement Occupation and Use Tax. The purchaser must certify
- 9 that the item is purchased to be rented subject to a rental
- 10 purchase agreement, as defined in the Rental Purchase Agreement
- 11 Act, and provide proof of registration under the Rental
- 12 Purchase Agreement Occupation and Use Tax Act. This paragraph
- is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-422, eff. 8-16-13;
- 98-456, eff. 8-16-13; 98-534, eff. 8-23-13; 98-574, eff.
- 16 1-1-14; 98-583, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 99-180, eff.
- 17 7-29-15; 99-855, eff. 8-19-16.)
- Section 55. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by
- 19 changing Section 2-5 as follows:
- 20 (35 ILCS 120/2-5)
- Sec. 2-5. Exemptions. Gross receipts from proceeds from the
- 22 sale of the following tangible personal property are exempt
- from the tax imposed by this Act:
- 24 (1) Farm chemicals.

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(2) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or State or federal agricultural programs, including individual replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, but excluding other motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or overwintering plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under this item (2). Agricultural chemical tender tanks and dry boxes shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle required to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor vehicle required to be licensed, if the selling price of the tender is separately stated.

Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but not limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders, or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors, software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other

such equipment.

Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the computer-assisted operation of production agriculture facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and agricultural chemicals. This item (2) is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

- (3) Until July 1, 2003, distillation machinery and equipment, sold as a unit or kit, assembled or installed by the retailer, certified by the user to be used only for the production of ethyl alcohol that will be used for consumption as motor fuel or as a component of motor fuel for the personal use of the user, and not subject to sale or resale.
- (4) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again September 1, 2004 through August 30, 2014, graphic arts machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, and including that manufactured on special order or purchased for lease, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for graphic arts production. Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts but only if the chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts effect a direct and immediate change upon a graphic arts product.
  - (5) A motor vehicle that is used for automobile renting, as defined in the Automobile Renting Occupation and Use Tax Act.

- 1 This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.
- 2 (6) Personal property sold by a teacher-sponsored student 3 organization affiliated with an elementary or secondary school
- 4 located in Illinois.

- 5 (7) Until July 1, 2003, proceeds of that portion of the 6 selling price of a passenger car the sale of which is subject 7 to the Replacement Vehicle Tax.
  - (8) Personal property sold to an Illinois county fair association for use in conducting, operating, or promoting the county fair.
  - (9) Personal property sold to a not-for-profit arts or cultural organization that establishes, by proof required by the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is organized and operated primarily for the presentation or support of arts or cultural programming, activities, or services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, and media arts organizations. On and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, however, an entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall not make tax-free purchases unless it has an active identification number issued by the Department.
    - (10) Personal property sold by a corporation, society,

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- association, foundation, institution, or organization, other than a limited liability company, that is organized and operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise for the benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the personal property was not purchased by the enterprise for the purpose of resale by the enterprise.
  - (11) Personal property sold to a governmental body, to a corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes, or to a not-for-profit corporation, society, association, foundation, institution, or organization that has no compensated officers or employees and that is organized and operated primarily for the recreation of persons 55 years of age or older. A limited liability company may qualify for the exemption under this paragraph only if the limited liability company is organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes. On and after July 1, 1987, however, no entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall make tax-free purchases unless it has an active identification number issued by the Department.
  - (12) Tangible personal property sold to interstate carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving in interstate commerce or to lessors under leases of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of purchase by interstate carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving in interstate commerce and equipment operated by a telecommunications

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provider, licensed as a common carrier by the Federal Communications Commission, which is permanently installed in or affixed to aircraft moving in interstate commerce.

(12-5) On and after July 1, 2003 and through June 30, 2004, motor vehicles of the second division with a gross vehicle weight in excess of 8,000 pounds that are subject to the commercial distribution fee imposed under Section 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Beginning on July 1, 2004 and through June 30, 2005, the use in this State of motor vehicles of the second division: (i) with a gross vehicle weight rating in excess of 8,000 pounds; (ii) that are subject to the commercial distribution fee imposed under Section 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; and (iii) that are primarily used for commercial purposes. Through June 30, 2005, this exemption applies to repair and replacement parts added after the initial purchase of such a motor vehicle if that motor vehicle is used in a manner that would qualify for the rolling stock exemption otherwise provided for in this Act. For purposes of this paragraph, "used for commercial purposes" means transportation of persons or property in furtherance of any commercial or industrial enterprise whether for-hire or not.

(13) Proceeds from sales to owners, lessors, or shippers of tangible personal property that is utilized by interstate carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving in interstate commerce and equipment operated by a telecommunications provider, licensed as a common carrier by the Federal

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- Communications Commission, which is permanently installed in
- or affixed to aircraft moving in interstate commerce.
- 3 (14) Machinery and equipment that will be used by the purchaser, or a lessee of the purchaser, primarily in the 4 5 process of manufacturing or assembling tangible personal property for wholesale or retail sale or lease, whether the 6 7 sale or lease is made directly by the manufacturer or by some 8 other person, whether the materials used in the process are 9 owned by the manufacturer or some other person, or whether the 10 sale or lease is made apart from or as an incident to the 11 seller's engaging in the service occupation of producing 12 machines, tools, dies, jigs, patterns, gauges, or other similar 13 items of no commercial value on special order for a particular 14 purchaser. The exemption provided by this paragraph (14) does 15 not include machinery and equipment used in (i) the generation 16 electricity for wholesale or retail sale; (ii) the 17 generation or treatment of natural or artificial gas for wholesale or retail sale that is delivered to customers through 18 19 pipes, pipelines, or mains; or (iii) the treatment of water for 20 wholesale or retail sale that is delivered to customers through 21 pipes, pipelines, or mains. The provisions of Public Act 98-583 22 are declaratory of existing law as to the meaning and scope of 23 this exemption.
  - (15) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately stated on customers' bills for purchase and consumption of food and beverages, to the extent that the proceeds of the service

- 1 charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a substitute for
- tips to the employees who participate directly in preparing,
- 3 serving, hosting or cleaning up the food or beverage function
- 4 with respect to which the service charge is imposed.
- 5 (16) Petroleum products sold to a purchaser if the seller
- 6 is prohibited by federal law from charging tax to the
- 7 purchaser.
- 8 (17) Tangible personal property sold to a common carrier by
- 9 rail or motor that receives the physical possession of the
- 10 property in Illinois and that transports the property, or
- shares with another common carrier in the transportation of the
- 12 property, out of Illinois on a standard uniform bill of lading
- showing the seller of the property as the shipper or consignor
- 14 of the property to a destination outside Illinois, for use
- 15 outside Illinois.
- 16 (18) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver
- 17 coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the
- 18 United States of America, or the government of any foreign
- 19 country, and bullion.
- 20 (19) Until July 1 2003, oil field exploration, drilling,
- 21 and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of rigs,
- 22 rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii) pipe and
- tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps
- 24 and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow lines, (v) any
- 25 individual replacement part for oil field exploration,
- drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and

equipment purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.

- (20) Photoprocessing machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for photoprocessing, and including photoprocessing machinery and equipment purchased for lease.
- (21) Coal and aggregate exploration, mining, off-highway hauling, processing, maintenance, and reclamation equipment, including replacement parts and equipment, and including equipment purchased for lease, but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. The changes made to this Section by Public Act 97-767 apply on and after July 1, 2003, but no claim for credit or refund is allowed on or after August 16, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-456) for such taxes paid during the period beginning July 1, 2003 and ending on August 16, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-456).
- (22) Until June 30, 2013, fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air common carrier, for a flight destined for or returning from a location or locations outside the United States without regard to previous or subsequent domestic stopovers.
  - Beginning July 1, 2013, fuel and petroleum products sold to

- 2 for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its
- 3 business as an air common carrier, for a flight that (i) is
- 4 engaged in foreign trade or is engaged in trade between the
- 5 United States and any of its possessions and (ii) transports at
- 6 least one individual or package for hire from the city of
- 7 origination to the city of final destination on the same
- 8 aircraft, without regard to a change in the flight number of
- 9 that aircraft.
- 10 (23) A transaction in which the purchase order is received
- 11 by a florist who is located outside Illinois, but who has a
- 12 florist located in Illinois deliver the property to the
- purchaser or the purchaser's donee in Illinois.
- 14 (24) Fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships,
- 15 barges, or vessels that are used primarily in or for the
- transportation of property or the conveyance of persons for
- 17 hire on rivers bordering on this State if the fuel is delivered
- 18 by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or vessel while
- it is afloat upon that bordering river.
- 20 (25) Except as provided in item (25-5) of this Section, a
- 21 motor vehicle sold in this State to a nonresident even though
- 22 the motor vehicle is delivered to the nonresident in this
- 23 State, if the motor vehicle is not to be titled in this State,
- 24 and if a drive-away permit is issued to the motor vehicle as
- 25 provided in Section 3-603 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or if
- the nonresident purchaser has vehicle registration plates to

2 state. The issuance of the drive-away permit or having the

out-of-state registration plates to be transferred is prima

facie evidence that the motor vehicle will not be titled in

this State.

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(25-5) The exemption under item (25) does not apply if the state in which the motor vehicle will be titled does not allow a reciprocal exemption for a motor vehicle sold and delivered in that state to an Illinois resident but titled in Illinois. The tax collected under this Act on the sale of a motor vehicle in this State to a resident of another state that does not allow a reciprocal exemption shall be imposed at a rate equal to the state's rate of tax on taxable property in the state in which the purchaser is a resident, except that the tax shall not exceed the tax that would otherwise be imposed under this Act. At the time of the sale, the purchaser shall execute a statement, signed under penalty of perjury, of his or her intent to title the vehicle in the state in which the purchaser is a resident within 30 days after the sale and of the fact of the payment to the State of Illinois of tax in an amount equivalent to the state's rate of tax on taxable property in his or her state of residence and shall submit the statement to the appropriate tax collection agency in his or her state of residence. In addition, the retailer must retain a signed copy of the statement in his or her records. Nothing in this item shall be construed to require the removal of the vehicle from

vehicle in the purchaser's state of residence if the purchaser

titles the vehicle in his or her state of residence within 30

days after the date of sale. The tax collected under this Act

in accordance with this item (25-5) shall be proportionately

distributed as if the tax were collected at the 6.25% general

rate imposed under this Act.

- (25-7) Beginning on July 1, 2007, no tax is imposed under this Act on the sale of an aircraft, as defined in Section 3 of the Illinois Aeronautics Act, if all of the following conditions are met:
  - (1) the aircraft leaves this State within 15 days after the later of either the issuance of the final billing for the sale of the aircraft, or the authorized approval for return to service, completion of the maintenance record entry, and completion of the test flight and ground test for inspection, as required by 14 C.F.R. 91.407;
  - (2) the aircraft is not based or registered in this State after the sale of the aircraft; and
  - (3) the seller retains in his or her books and records and provides to the Department a signed and dated certification from the purchaser, on a form prescribed by the Department, certifying that the requirements of this item (25-7) are met. The certificate must also include the name and address of the purchaser, the address of the location where the aircraft is to be titled or registered,

- 1 the address of the primary physical location of the
- 2 aircraft, and other information that the Department may
- 3 reasonably require.
- 4 For purposes of this item (25-7):
- 5 "Based in this State" means hangared, stored, or otherwise
- 6 used, excluding post-sale customizations as defined in this
- 7 Section, for 10 or more days in each 12-month period
- 8 immediately following the date of the sale of the aircraft.
- 9 "Registered in this State" means an aircraft registered
- 10 with the Department of Transportation, Aeronautics Division,
- 11 or titled or registered with the Federal Aviation
- 12 Administration to an address located in this State.
- 13 This paragraph (25-7) is exempt from the provisions of
- 14 Section 2-70.
- 15 (26) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestock
- for direct agricultural production.
- 17 (27) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and
- 18 meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club
- 19 Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter
- 20 Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or
- Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or
- 22 racing for prizes. This item (27) is exempt from the provisions
- of Section 2-70, and the exemption provided for under this item
- 24 (27) applies for all periods beginning May 30, 1995, but no
- 25 claim for credit or refund is allowed on or after January 1,
- 26 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88) for such taxes

- 1 paid during the period beginning May 30, 2000 and ending on
- 2 January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88).
- 3 (28) Computers and communications equipment utilized for
- 4 any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis,
- 5 analysis, or treatment of hospital patients sold to a lessor
- 6 who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer
- 7 executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a
- 8 hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption
- 9 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of
- 10 this Act.
- 11 (29) Personal property sold to a lessor who leases the
- 12 property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in
- 13 effect at the time of the purchase, to a governmental body that
- 14 has been issued an active tax exemption identification number
- by the Department under Section 1g of this Act.
- 16 (30) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after
- December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or
- before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated for
- 19 disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared
- 20 disaster area in Illinois or bordering Illinois by a
- 21 manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a
- 22 corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution
- that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification
- 24 number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster
- 25 who reside within the declared disaster area.
- 26 (31) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after

December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in the performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, including but not limited to municipal roads and streets, access roads, bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, water and sewer line extensions, water distribution and purification facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a State or federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois when such repairs are initiated on facilities located in the declared disaster area within 6 months after the disaster.

- (32) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds sold at a "game breeding and hunting preserve area" as that term is used in the Wildlife Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.
- (33) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, or institution that is determined by the Department to be organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, private schools that offer systematic instruction in useful branches of learning by methods common to public schools and

- that compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the course of study presented in tax-supported schools, and vocational or technical schools or institutes organized and operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, industrial, business, or commercial occupation.
  - (34) Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property, including food, purchased through fundraising events for the benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school, a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from another individual or entity that sold the property for the purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.
  - (35) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and other items, and replacement parts for these machines. Beginning January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines and parts

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for machines used in commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph

is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

(35-5) Beginning August 23, 2001 and through June 30, 2016, food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code who resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined in the Nursing Home Care Act, or a licensed facility as defined in the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, or the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013.

(36) Beginning August 2, 2001, computers and communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients sold to a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of this Act. This paragraph is exempt from the

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1 provisions of Section 2-70.

- (37) Beginning August 2, 2001, personal property sold to a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a governmental body that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of this Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.
- (38) Beginning on January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2016, tangible personal property purchased from an Illinois retailer by a taxpayer engaged in centralized purchasing activities in Illinois who will, upon receipt of the property in Illinois, temporarily store the property in Illinois (i) for the purpose of subsequently transporting it outside this State for use or consumption thereafter solely outside this State or (ii) for the purpose of being processed, fabricated, or manufactured into, attached to, or incorporated into other tangible personal property to be transported outside this State and thereafter used or consumed solely outside this State. The Director of Revenue shall, pursuant to rules adopted in accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, issue a permit to any taxpayer in good standing with the Department who is eligible for the exemption under this paragraph (38). The permit issued under this paragraph (38) shall authorize the holder, to the extent and in the manner specified in the rules adopted under this Act, to purchase

- tangible personal property from a retailer exempt from the taxes imposed by this Act. Taxpayers shall maintain all necessary books and records to substantiate the use and consumption of all such tangible personal property outside of the State of Illinois.
  - (39) Beginning January 1, 2008, tangible personal property used in the construction or maintenance of a community water supply, as defined under Section 3.145 of the Environmental Protection Act, that is operated by a not-for-profit corporation that holds a valid water supply permit issued under Title IV of the Environmental Protection Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.
  - (40) Beginning January 1, 2010, materials, parts, equipment, components, and furnishings incorporated into or upon an aircraft as part of the modification, refurbishment, completion, replacement, repair, or maintenance of the aircraft. This exemption includes consumable supplies used in the modification, refurbishment, completion, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, but excludes any materials, parts, equipment, components, and consumable supplies used in the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft engines or power plants, whether such engines or power plants are installed or uninstalled upon any such aircraft. "Consumable supplies" include, but are not limited to, adhesive, tape, sandpaper, general purpose lubricants, cleaning solution, latex gloves, and protective

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films. This exemption applies only to the sale of qualifying tangible personal property to persons who modify, refurbish, complete, replace, or maintain an aircraft and who (i) hold an Air Agency Certificate and are empowered to operate an approved repair station by the Federal Aviation Administration, (ii) have a Class IV Rating, and (iii) conduct operations in accordance with Part 145 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. The exemption does not include aircraft operated by a commercial air carrier providing scheduled passenger air service pursuant to authority issued under Part 121 or Part 129 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. The changes made to this paragraph (40) by Public Act 98-534 are declarative of existing law.

(41)Tangible personal property sold t.o а public-facilities corporation, as described in Section 11-65-10 of the Illinois Municipal Code, for purposes of constructing or furnishing a municipal convention hall, but only if the legal title to the municipal convention hall is transferred to the municipality without any further consideration by or on behalf of the municipality at the time of the completion of the municipal convention hall or upon the retirement or redemption of any bonds or other debt instruments issued by the public-facilities corporation in connection with development of the municipal convention hall. exemption includes existing public-facilities corporations as provided in Section 11-65-25 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

- 1 This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.
- 2 (42) Beginning January 1, 2017, menstrual pads, tampons,
- 3 and menstrual cups.
- 4 (43) Merchandise that is subject to the Rental Purchase
- 5 Agreement Occupation and Use Tax. The purchaser must certify
- 6 that the item is purchased to be rented subject to a rental
- 7 purchase agreement, as defined in the Rental Purchase Agreement
- 8 Act, and provide proof of registration under the Rental
- 9 Purchase Agreement Occupation and Use Tax Act. This paragraph
- is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-422, eff. 8-16-13;
- 12 98-456, eff. 8-16-13; 98-534, eff. 8-23-13; 98-574, eff.
- 13 1-1-14; 98-583, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 99-180, eff.
- 14 7-29-15; 99-855, eff. 8-19-16.)
- 15 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January
- 16 1, 2018.