100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

SB1694

Introduced 2/9/2017, by Sen. David Koehler

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 4-203

625 ILCS 5/4-203 625 ILCS 5/4-216 new 770 ILCS 45/1.5 770 ILCS 50/1.5

Amends the Labor and Storage Lien Act and the Labor and Storage Lien (Small Amount) Act. Provides that a person, firm, or private corporation seeking to impose fees in connection with the furnishing of storage for a vehicle shall provide notice of the fees to the vehicle owner of record as well as to the lienholder of record. Provides that notice shall be given regardless of whether the person seeking to impose fees enforces a lien. Provides that the notification requirements apply in addition to any owner and lienholder notice requirements under the Illinois Vehicle Code relating to the removal or towing of an abandoned, lost, stolen, or unclaimed vehicle. Provides penalties for noncompliance. Provides that notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, a person, firm, or private corporation seeking to impose storage fees for a vehicle in its possession may not foreclose or otherwise enforce its lien unless it first complies with specified notification requirements. Provides that storage fees may be paid by, among other methods, debit card and credit card. Makes corresponding changes in the Illinois Vehicle Code. Further amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Provides that a towed vehicle must be returned to, among other entities, a lienholder, within 30 minutes if requested during business hours. Effective immediately.

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AN ACT concerning civil law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing
Section 4-203 and adding Section 4-216 as follows:

6 (625 ILCS 5/4-203) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 4-203)

Sec. 4-203. Removal of motor vehicles or other vehicles;
towing or hauling away.

9 (a) When a vehicle is abandoned, or left unattended, on a 10 toll highway, interstate highway, or expressway for 2 hours or 11 more, its removal by a towing service may be authorized by a 12 law enforcement agency having jurisdiction.

(b) When a vehicle is abandoned on a highway in an urban district 10 hours or more, its removal by a towing service may be authorized by a law enforcement agency having jurisdiction.

16 (c) When a vehicle is abandoned or left unattended on a 17 highway other than a toll highway, interstate highway, or 18 expressway, outside of an urban district for 24 hours or more, 19 its removal by a towing service may be authorized by a law 20 enforcement agency having jurisdiction.

(d) When an abandoned, unattended, wrecked, burned or partially dismantled vehicle is creating a traffic hazard because of its position in relation to the highway or its physical appearance is causing the impeding of traffic, its immediate removal from the highway or private property adjacent to the highway by a towing service may be authorized by a law enforcement agency having jurisdiction.

5 (e) Whenever a peace officer reasonably believes that a person under arrest for a violation of Section 11-501 of this 6 7 Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance is likely, 8 upon release, to commit a subsequent violation of Section 9 11-501, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the 10 arresting officer shall have the vehicle which the person was 11 operating at the time of the arrest impounded for a period of 12 not more than 12 hours after the time of arrest. However, such vehicle may be released by the arresting law enforcement agency 13 14 prior to the end of the impoundment period if:

15 (1) the vehicle was not owned by the person under 16 arrest, and the lawful owner requesting such release 17 possesses a valid operator's license, proof of ownership, and would not, as determined by the arresting law 18 19 enforcement agency, indicate a lack of ability to operate a 20 motor vehicle in a safe manner, or who would otherwise, by 21 operating such motor vehicle, be in violation of this Code; 22 or

(2) the vehicle is owned by the person under arrest,
and the person under arrest gives permission to another
person to operate such vehicle, provided however, that the
other person possesses a valid operator's license and would

not, as determined by the arresting law enforcement agency,
 indicate a lack of ability to operate a motor vehicle in a
 safe manner or who would otherwise, by operating such motor
 vehicle, be in violation of this Code.

5 (e-5) Whenever a registered owner of a vehicle is taken 6 into custody for operating the vehicle in violation of Section 7 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance 8 or Section 6-303 of this Code, a law enforcement officer may 9 have the vehicle immediately impounded for a period not less 10 than:

(1) 24 hours for a second violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or Section 6-303 of this Code or a combination of these offenses; or

15 (2) 48 hours for a third violation of Section 11-501 of 16 this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or 17 Section 6-303 of this Code or a combination of these 18 offenses.

19 The vehicle may be released sooner if the vehicle is owned 20 by the person under arrest and the person under arrest gives 21 permission to another person to operate the vehicle and that 22 other person possesses a valid operator's license and would 23 not, as determined by the arresting law enforcement agency, 24 indicate a lack of ability to operate a motor vehicle in a safe 25 manner or would otherwise, by operating the motor vehicle, be in violation of this Code. 26

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(f) Except as provided in Chapter 18a of this Code, the 1 2 owner or lessor of privately owned real property within this 3 State, or any person authorized by such owner or lessor, or any law enforcement agency in the case of publicly owned real 4 property may cause any motor vehicle abandoned or left 5 6 unattended upon such property without permission to be removed 7 by a towing service without liability for the costs of removal, 8 transportation or storage or damage caused by such removal, 9 transportation or storage. The towing or removal of any vehicle 10 from private property without the consent of the registered 11 owner or other legally authorized person in control of the 12 vehicle is subject to compliance with the following conditions 13 and restrictions:

14 1. Any towed or removed vehicle must be stored at the 15 site of the towing service's place of business. The site 16 must be open during business hours, and for the purpose of 17 redemption of vehicles, during the time that the person or 18 firm towing such vehicle is open for towing purposes.

2. The towing service shall within 30 minutes of completion of such towing or removal, notify the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction of such towing or removal, and the make, model, color and license plate number of the vehicle, and shall obtain and record the name of the person at the law enforcement agency to whom such information was reported.

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3. If the registered owner or legally authorized person

entitled to possession of the vehicle shall arrive at the 1 2 scene prior to actual removal or towing of the vehicle, the 3 vehicle shall be disconnected from the tow truck and that person shall be allowed to remove the vehicle without 4 5 interference, upon the payment of a reasonable service fee 6 of not more than one half the posted rate of the towing 7 service as provided in paragraph 6 of this subsection, for 8 which a receipt shall be given.

9 4. The rebate or payment of money or any other valuable 10 consideration from the towing service or its owners, 11 managers or employees to the owners or operators of the 12 premises from which the vehicles are towed or removed, for 13 the privilege of removing or towing those vehicles, is 14 prohibited. Any individual who violates this paragraph 15 shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

16 5. Except for property appurtenant to and obviously a part of a single family residence, and except for instances 17 where notice is personally given to the owner or other 18 19 legally authorized person in control of the vehicle that 20 the area in which that vehicle is parked is reserved or otherwise unavailable to unauthorized vehicles and they 21 22 are subject to being removed at the owner or operator's 23 expense, any property owner or lessor, prior to towing or 24 removing any vehicle from private property without the 25 consent of the owner or other legally authorized person in 26 control of that vehicle, must post a notice meeting the

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following requirements:

a. Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph a.1 of this subdivision (f)5, the notice must be prominently placed at each driveway access or curb cut allowing vehicular access to the property within 5 feet from the public right-of-way line. If there are no curbs or access barriers, the sign must be posted not less than one sign each 100 feet of lot frontage.

9 a.1. In a municipality with a population of less 10 than 250,000, as an alternative to the requirement of 11 subparagraph a of this subdivision (f)5, the notice for 12 a parking lot contained within property used solely for 13 a 2-family, 3-family, or 4-family residence may be 14 prominently placed at the perimeter of the parking lot, 15 in a position where the notice is visible to the 16 occupants of vehicles entering the lot.

b. The notice must indicate clearly, in not less than 2 inch high light-reflective letters on a contrasting background, that unauthorized vehicles will be towed away at the owner's expense.

21 c. The notice must also provide the name and 22 current telephone number of the towing service towing 23 or removing the vehicle.

d. The sign structure containing the required
notices must be permanently installed with the bottom
of the sign not less than 4 feet above ground level,

and must be continuously maintained on the property for
 not less than 24 hours prior to the towing or removing
 of any vehicle.

6. Any towing service that tows or removes vehicles and 4 5 proposes to require the owner, operator, or person in 6 control of the vehicle to pay the costs of towing and 7 storage prior to redemption of the vehicle must file and 8 keep on record with the local law enforcement agency a 9 complete copy of the current rates to be charged for such 10 services, and post at the storage site an identical rate 11 schedule and any written contracts with property owners, 12 lessors, or persons in control of property which authorize them to remove vehicles as provided in this Section. The 13 14 towing and storage charges, however, shall not exceed the 15 maximum allowed by the Illinois Commerce Commission under 16 Section 18a-200.

17 7. No person shall engage in the removal of vehicles 18 from private property as described in this Section without 19 filing a notice of intent in each community where he 20 intends to do such removal, and such notice shall be filed 21 at least 7 days before commencing such towing.

8. No removal of a vehicle from private property shall be done except upon express written instructions of the owners or persons in charge of the private property upon which the vehicle is said to be trespassing.

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9. Vehicle entry for the purpose of removal shall be

allowed with reasonable care on the part of the person or firm towing the vehicle. Such person or firm shall be liable for any damages occasioned to the vehicle if such entry is not in accordance with the standards of reasonable care.

9.5. Except as authorized by a law enforcement officer,
no towing service shall engage in the removal of a
commercial motor vehicle that requires a commercial
driver's license to operate by operating the vehicle under
its own power on a highway.

11 10. When a vehicle has been towed or removed pursuant 12 to this Section, it must be released to its owner, or custodian, agent, or lienholder within one half hour after 13 14 requested, if such request is made during business hours. 15 Any vehicle owner, or custodian, or agent, or lienholder 16 shall have the right to inspect the vehicle before 17 accepting its return, and no release or waiver of any kind which would release the towing service from liability for 18 19 damages incurred during the towing and storage may be 20 required from any vehicle owner or other legally authorized person as a condition of release of the vehicle. A 21 22 detailed, signed receipt showing the legal name of the 23 towing service must be given to the person paying towing or 24 storage charges at the time of payment, whether requested 25 or not.

26 This Section shall not apply to law enforcement,

firefighting, rescue, ambulance, or other emergency vehicles which are marked as such or to property owned by any governmental entity.

When an authorized person improperly causes a motor vehicle to be removed, such person shall be liable to the owner or lessee of the vehicle for the cost or removal, transportation and storage, any damages resulting from the removal, transportation and storage, attorney's fee and court costs.

9 Any towing or storage charges accrued shall be payable <u>in</u> 10 <u>cash or by cashier's check, certified check, debit card, credit</u> 11 <u>card, or wire transfer, at the option of the party taking</u> 12 <u>possession of the vehicle.</u> by the use of any major credit card, 13 <u>in addition to being payable in cash.</u>

14 11. Towing companies shall also provide insurance 15 coverage for areas where vehicles towed under the 16 provisions of this Chapter will be impounded or otherwise 17 stored, and shall adequately cover loss by fire, theft or 18 other risks.

Any person who fails to comply with the conditions and restrictions of this subsection shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500.

(g) (1) When a vehicle is determined to be a hazardous dilapidated motor vehicle pursuant to Section 11-40-3.1 of the Illinois Municipal Code or Section 5-12002.1 of the Counties Code, its removal and impoundment by a towing service may be

1 authorized by a law enforcement agency with appropriate 2 jurisdiction.

3 (2) When a vehicle removal from either public or private 4 property is authorized by a law enforcement agency, the owner 5 of the vehicle shall be responsible for all towing and storage 6 charges.

7 (3) Vehicles removed from public or private property and 8 stored by a commercial vehicle relocator or any other towing 9 service authorized by a law enforcement agency in compliance 10 with this Section and Sections 4-201 and 4-202 of this Code, or 11 at the request of the vehicle owner or operator, shall be 12 subject to a possessor lien for services pursuant to the Labor 13 and Storage Lien (Small Amount) Act. The provisions of Section 1 of that Act relating to notice and implied consent shall be 14 deemed satisfied by compliance with Section 18a-302 and 15 16 subsection (6) of Section 18a-300. In no event shall such lien 17 be greater than the rate or rates established in accordance with subsection (6) of Section 18a-200 of this Code. In no 18 event shall such lien be increased or altered to reflect any 19 charge for services or materials rendered in addition to those 20 21 authorized by this Act. Every such lien shall be payable in 22 cash or by cashier's check, certified check, debit card, credit 23 card, or wire transfer, at the option of the party taking 24 possession of the vehicle. by use of any major credit card, in 25 addition to being payable in cash.

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(4) Any personal property belonging to the vehicle owner in

a vehicle subject to a lien under this subsection (q) shall 1 2 likewise be subject to that lien, excepting only: child 3 restraint systems as defined in Section 4 of the Child Passenger Protection Act and other child booster seats; 4 5 eveqlasses; food; medicine; perishable property; anv operator's licenses; any cash, credit cards, or checks or 6 7 checkbooks; any wallet, purse, or other property containing any 8 operator's license or other identifying documents or 9 materials, cash, credit cards, checks, or checkbooks; and any 10 personal property belonging to a person other than the vehicle 11 owner if that person provides adequate proof that the personal 12 property belongs to that person. The spouse, child, mother, 13 father, brother, or sister of the vehicle owner may claim personal property excepted under this paragraph (4) if the 14 15 person claiming the personal property provides the commercial 16 vehicle relocator or towing service with the authorization of 17 the vehicle owner.

(5) This paragraph (5) applies only in the case of a 18 vehicle that is towed as a result of being involved in an 19 20 accident. In addition to the personal property excepted under paragraph (4), all other personal property in a vehicle subject 21 22 to a lien under this subsection (q) is exempt from that lien 23 and may be claimed by the vehicle owner if the vehicle owner provides the commercial vehicle relocator or towing service 24 with proof that the vehicle owner has an insurance policy 25 covering towing and storage fees. The spouse, child, mother, 26

father, brother, or sister of the vehicle owner may claim 1 2 personal property in a vehicle subject to a lien under this 3 subsection (g) if the person claiming the personal property provides the commercial vehicle relocator or towing service 4 5 with the authorization of the vehicle owner and proof that the vehicle owner has an insurance policy covering towing and 6 7 storage fees. The regulation of liens on personal property and 8 exceptions to those liens in the case of vehicles towed as a 9 result of being involved in an accident are exclusive powers 10 and functions of the State. A home rule unit may not regulate 11 liens on personal property and exceptions to those liens in the 12 case of vehicles towed as a result of being involved in an 13 accident. This paragraph (5) is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of 14 15 Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.

16 (6) No lien under this subsection (g) shall: exceed \$2,000 17 in its total amount; or be increased or altered to reflect any 18 charge for services or materials rendered in addition to those 19 authorized by this Act.

(h) Whenever a peace officer issues a citation to a driver for a violation of subsection (a) of Section 11-506 of this Code, the arresting officer may have the vehicle which the person was operating at the time of the arrest impounded for a period of 5 days after the time of arrest. An impounding agency shall release a motor vehicle impounded under this subsection (h) to the registered owner of the vehicle under any of the

1 following circumstances:

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(1) If the vehicle is a stolen vehicle; or

3 (2) If the person ticketed for a violation of 4 subsection (a) of Section 11-506 of this Code was not 5 authorized by the registered owner of the vehicle to 6 operate the vehicle at the time of the violation; or

7 (3) If the registered owner of the vehicle was neither 8 the driver nor a passenger in the vehicle at the time of 9 the violation or was unaware that the driver was using the 10 vehicle to engage in street racing; or

11 (4) If the legal owner or registered owner of the
12 vehicle is a rental car agency; or

13 (5) If, prior to the expiration of the impoundment
14 period specified above, the citation is dismissed or the
15 defendant is found not guilty of the offense.

16 (i) Except for vehicles exempted under subsection (b) of 17 Section 7-601 of this Code, whenever a law enforcement officer issues a citation to a driver for a violation of Section 3-707 18 of this Code, and the driver has a prior conviction for a 19 20 violation of Section 3-707 of this Code in the past 12 months, arresting officer shall authorize the removal 21 the and 22 impoundment of the vehicle by a towing service.

23 (Source: P.A. 99-438, eff. 1-1-16.)

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(625 ILCS 5/4-216 new)

25 Sec. 4-216. Storage fees; notice to vehicle owner and

1 <u>lienholder of record.</u>

2 (a) Any commercial vehicle relocator or any other private 3 towing service providing removal or towing services pursuant to this Code and seeking to impose fees in connection with the 4 5 furnishing of storage for a vehicle in the possession of the commercial vehicle relocator or other private towing service 6 7 must provide written notice, by certified mail, to the vehicle 8 owner and lienholder of record prior to the assessment and 9 accrual of such fees, regardless of whether the commercial 10 vehicle relocator or other private towing service enforces a 11 lien under the Labor and Storage Lien Act or the Labor and 12 Storage Lien (Small Amount) Act. The notice shall include the rate at which fees will be incurred, and shall provide the 13 14 lienholder with an opportunity to inspect the vehicle on the premises where the vehicle is stored. Payment of the storage 15 fees by the vehicle owner or lienholder may be made in cash or 16 17 by cashier's check, certified check, debit card, credit card, or wire transfer, at the option of the vehicle owner or 18 19 lienholder taking possession of the vehicle. 20 (b) The notification requirements in subsection (a) of this

21 <u>Section apply in addition to any owner and lienholder notice</u> 22 <u>requirements under this Code relating to the removal or towing</u> 23 <u>of an abandoned, lost, stolen, or unclaimed vehicle. If the</u> 24 <u>commercial vehicle relocator or other private towing service</u> 25 <u>fails to comply with the notification requirements set forth in</u> 26 <u>subsection (a) of this Section, storage fees shall not be</u> 1 assessed and collected and the vehicle owner or lienholder 2 shall be entitled to injunctive relief for possession of the 3 vehicle without the payment of any storage fees.

4 <u>(c) A lienholder that discovers its collateral is in the</u> 5 <u>possession of a commercial vehicle relocator or other private</u> 6 <u>towing service by means other than the notification required in</u> 7 <u>subsection (a) of this Section is entitled to recover any</u> 8 <u>storage fees paid by the lienholder to the commercial vehicle</u> 9 <u>relocator or other private towing service to reclaim possession</u> 10 of its collateral.

11 (d) In addition to any other penalty, a commercial vehicle 12 relocator or other private towing service seeking to impose storage fees for a vehicle in its possession that fails to 13 14 provide the notification required in subsection (a) of this Section shall be liable for reasonable attorney's fees and 15 16 court costs incurred by the vehicle owner or lienholder, or 17 both, in enforcing the rights of the vehicle owner or lienholder, or both, under this Section. An action under this 18 19 Section may be brought in small claims court or in any other 20 appropriate court.

21 (e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this
22 Act or the Illinois Vehicle Code, a commercial vehicle
23 relocator or other private towing service seeking to impose
24 storage fees for a vehicle in its possession may not foreclose
25 or otherwise enforce its claim for payment of storage services
26 or any lien relating to the claim pursuant to this Code or

SB1694 - 16 - LRB100 08752 HEP 21695 b other applicable law unless it first complies with the owner and lienholder notification requirements set forth in subsection (a) of this Section.

Section 10. The Labor and Storage Lien Act is amended by
changing Section 1.5 as follows:

6 (770 ILCS 45/1.5)

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Sec. 1.5. Storage fees; notice to <u>vehicle owner and</u>
lienholder of record.

9 (a) Any person, firm, or private corporation seeking to 10 impose fees in connection with the furnishing of storage for a 11 vehicle in the person's, firm's, or corporation's possession must provide written notice, by certified mail, to the vehicle 12 owner and lienholder of record prior to the assessment and 13 14 accrual of such fees, regardless of whether it enforces a lien 15 under this Act. The notice shall include the rate at which fees 16 will be incurred, and shall provide the lienholder with an opportunity to inspect the vehicle on the premises where the 17 18 vehicle is stored. Payment of the storage fees by the vehicle 19 owner or lienholder may be made in cash or by cashier's check, 20 certified check, debit card, credit card, or wire transfer, at 21 the option of the vehicle owner or lienholder taking possession 22 of the vehicle.

(b) The notification requirements in subsection (a) of this
 Section apply in addition to any owner and lienholder notice

1 requirements under the Illinois Vehicle Code relating to the 2 removal or towing of an abandoned, lost, stolen, or unclaimed 3 vehicle. If a person, firm, or private corporation fails to 4 comply with the notification requirements set forth in 5 subsection (a) of this Section, storage fees shall not be assessed and collected and the vehicle owner or lienholder 6 shall be entitled to injunctive relief for possession of the 7 8 vehicle without the payment of any storage fees.

9 <u>(c) A lienholder that discovers its collateral is in the</u> 10 <u>possession of a person, firm, or private corporation by means</u> 11 <u>other than the notification required in subsection (a) of this</u> 12 <u>Section is entitled to recover any storage fees paid by the</u> 13 <u>lienholder to the person, firm, or private corporation to</u> 14 <u>reclaim possession of its collateral.</u>

15 (d) In addition to any other penalty, a person, firm, or private corporation seeking to impose storage fees for a 16 17 vehicle in its possession that fails to provide the notification required in subsection (a) of this Section shall 18 19 be liable for reasonable attorney's fees and court costs 20 incurred by the vehicle owner or lienholder, or both, in 21 enforcing the rights of the vehicle owner or lienholder, or 22 both, under this Section. An action under this Section may be 23 brought in small claims court or in any other appropriate 24 court.

(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this
 Act or the Illinois Vehicle Code, a person, firm, or private

SB1694 - 18 - LRB100 08752 HEP 21695 b corporation seeking to impose storage fees for a vehicle in its 1 2 possession may not foreclose or otherwise enforce its lien 3 under this Act unless it first complies with the owner and lienholder notification requirements set forth in subsection 4 5 (a) of this Section. (Source: P.A. 99-759, eff. 8-12-16.) 6 7 Section 15. The Labor and Storage Lien (Small Amount) Act 8 is amended by changing Section 1.5 as follows: 9 (770 ILCS 50/1.5) 10 Sec. 1.5. Storage fees; notice to vehicle owner and 11 lienholder of record. (a) Any person, firm, or private corporation seeking to 12 13 impose fees in connection with the furnishing of storage for a 14 vehicle in the person's, firm's, or corporation's possession must provide written notice, by certified mail, to the vehicle

15 owner and lienholder of record prior to the assessment and 16 17 accrual of such fees, regardless of whether it enforces a lien under this Act. The notice shall include the rate at which fees 18 will be incurred, and shall provide the lienholder with an 19 20 opportunity to inspect the vehicle on the premises where the 21 vehicle is stored. Payment of the storage fees by the vehicle owner or lienholder may be made in cash or by cashier's check, 22 23 certified check, debit card, credit card, or wire transfer, at 24 the option of the vehicle owner or lienholder taking possession 1 <u>of the vehicle</u>.

2	(b) The notification requirements in subsection (a) of this
3	Section apply in addition to any owner and lienholder notice
4	requirements under the Illinois Vehicle Code relating to the
5	removal or towing of an abandoned, lost, stolen, or unclaimed
6	vehicle. If a person, firm, or private corporation fails to
7	comply with the notification requirements set forth in
8	subsection (a) of this Section, storage fees shall not be
9	assessed and collected and the vehicle owner or lienholder
10	shall be entitled to injunctive relief for possession of the
11	vehicle without the payment of any storage fees.

12 (c) A lienholder that discovers its collateral is in the 13 possession of a person, firm, or private corporation by means 14 other than the notification required in subsection (a) of this 15 Section is entitled to recover any storage fees paid by the 16 lienholder to the person, firm, or private corporation to 17 reclaim possession of its collateral.

(d) In addition to any other penalty, a person, firm, or 18 private corporation seeking to impose storage fees for a 19 20 vehicle in its possession that fails to provide the 21 notification required in subsection (a) of this Section shall 22 be liable for reasonable attorney's fees and court costs 23 incurred by the vehicle owner or lienholder, or both, in 24 enforcing the rights of the vehicle owner or lienholder, or 25 both, under this Section. An action under this Section may be brought in small claims court or in any other appropriate 26

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1 <u>court.</u>

2	(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this
3	Act or the Illinois Vehicle Code, a person, firm, or private
4	corporation seeking to impose storage fees for a vehicle in its
5	possession may not foreclose or otherwise enforce its lien
6	under this Act unless it first complies with the owner and
7	lienholder notification requirements set forth in subsection
8	(a) of this Section.
9	(Source: P.A. 99-759, eff. 8-12-16.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.