11

12

13

14

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is amended by changing Sections 102 and 204 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 570/102) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1102)
- Sec. 102. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - (a) "Addict" means any person who habitually uses any drug, chemical, substance or dangerous drug other than alcohol so as to endanger the public morals, health, safety or welfare or who is so far addicted to the use of a dangerous drug or controlled substance other than alcohol as to have lost the power of self control with reference to his or her addiction.
- 15 (b) "Administer" means the direct application of a 16 controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, 17 ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient, 18 research subject, or animal (as defined by the Humane 19 Euthanasia in Animal Shelters Act) by:
- 20 (1) a practitioner (or, in his or her presence, by his or her authorized agent),
- 22 (2) the patient or research subject pursuant to an order, or

26

```
(3) a euthanasia technician as defined by the Humane
1
 2
          Euthanasia in Animal Shelters Act.
 3
          (c) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf
      of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor,
 4
 5
      dispenser, prescriber, or practitioner. It does not include a
 6
      common or contract carrier, public warehouseman or employee of
7
      the carrier or warehouseman.
 8
          (c-1) "Anabolic Steroids" means any drug or hormonal
 9
      substance, chemically and pharmacologically related
10
      testosterone
                       (other
                                  than
                                           estrogens,
                                                         progestins,
11
      corticosteroids, and dehydroepiandrosterone), and includes:
12
          (i) 3[beta], 17-dihydroxy-5a-androstane,
          (ii) 3[alpha], 17[beta]-dihydroxy-5a-androstane,
13
14
          (iii) 5[alpha]-androstan-3,17-dione,
15
          (iv) 1-androstenediol (3[beta],
16
              17[beta]-dihydroxy-5[alpha]-androst-1-ene),
          (v) 1-androstenediol (3[alpha],
17
              17[beta]-dihydroxy-5[alpha]-androst-1-ene),
18
          (vi) 4-androstenediol
19
20
              (3[beta], 17[beta]-dihydroxy-androst-4-ene),
          (vii) 5-androstenediol
21
22
              (3[beta], 17[beta]-dihydroxy-androst-5-ene),
23
          (viii) 1-androstenedione
24
              ([5alpha]-androst-1-en-3,17-diome),
```

(ix) 4-androstenedione

(androst-4-en-3,17-dione),

```
(x) 5-androstenedione
1
 2
               (androst-5-en-3,17-dione),
          (xi) bolasterone (7[alpha], 17a-dimethyl-17[beta]-
 3
              hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
 5
          (xii) boldenone (17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-
              1,4,-diene-3-one),
 6
7
          (xiii) boldione (androsta-1,4-
              diene-3,17-dione),
 8
 9
          (xiv) calusterone (7[beta], 17[alpha]-dimethyl-17
10
               [beta]-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
11
          (xv) clostebol (4-chloro-17[beta]-
12
              hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
13
          (xvi) dehydrochloromethyltestosterone (4-chloro-
              17[beta]-hydroxy-17[alpha]-methyl-
14
15
              androst-1,4-dien-3-one),
16
          (xvii) desoxymethyltestosterone
17
          (17[alpha]-methyl-5[alpha]
              -androst-2-en-17[beta]-ol)(a.k.a., madol),
18
19
          (xviii) [delta]1-dihydrotestosterone (a.k.a.
20
               '1-testosterone') (17[beta]-hydroxy-
               5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one),
21
22
          (xix) 4-dihydrotestosterone (17[beta]-hydroxy-
23
              androstan-3-one),
          (xx) drostanolone (17[beta]-hydroxy-2[alpha]-methyl-
24
25
               5[alpha]-androstan-3-one),
26
          (xxi) ethylestrenol (17[alpha]-ethyl-17[beta]-
```

```
hydroxyestr-4-ene),
1
 2
          (xxii) fluoxymesterone (9-fluoro-17[alpha]-methyl-
              1[beta], 17[beta] -dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
 3
          (xxiii) formebolone (2-formyl-17[alpha]-methyl-11[alpha],
 4
 5
              17[beta]-dihydroxyandrost-1,4-dien-3-one),
          (xxiv) furazabol (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
 6
7
              hydroxyandrostano[2,3-c]-furazan),
          (xxv) 13[beta]-ethyl-17[beta]-hydroxygon-4-en-3-one,
 8
 9
          (xxvi) 4-hydroxytestosterone (4,17[beta]-dihydroxy-
10
              androst-4-en-3-one),
11
          (xxvii) 4-hydroxy-19-nortestosterone (4,17[beta]-
12
              dihydroxy-estr-4-en-3-one),
13
          (xxviii) mestanolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
              hydroxy-5-androstan-3-one),
14
15
          (xxix) mesterolone (lamethyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-
16
               [5a]-androstan-3-one),
17
          (xxx) methandienone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
              hydroxyandrost-1,4-dien-3-one),
18
          (xxxi) methandriol (17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta],17[beta]-
19
20
              dihydroxyandrost-5-ene),
          (xxxii) methenolone (1-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-
21
22
              5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one),
23
          (xxxiii) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta], 17[beta]-
              dihydroxy-5a-androstane),
24
25
          (xxxiv) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[alpha],17[beta]-dihydroxy
```

-5a-androstane,

```
(xxxv) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta],17[beta]-
1
 2
              dihydroxyandrost-4-ene),
          (xxxvi) 17[alpha]-methyl-4-hydroxynandrolone (17[alpha]-
 3
 4
              methyl-4-hydroxy-17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
 5
          (xxxvii) methyldienolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
              hydroxyestra-4,9(10)-dien-3-one),
 6
          (xxxviii) methyltrienolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
7
              hydroxyestra-4,9-11-trien-3-one),
 8
 9
          (xxxix) methyltestosterone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
10
              hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
11
          (xl) mibolerone (7[alpha], 17a-dimethyl-17[beta]-
12
              hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
13
          (xli) 17[alpha]-methyl-[delta]1-dihydrotestosterone
               (17b[beta]-hydroxy-17[alpha]-methyl-5[alpha]-
14
              androst-1-en-3-one) (a.k.a. '17-[alpha]-methyl-
15
16
              1-testosterone'),
17
          (xlii) nandrolone (17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
          (xliii) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3[beta], 17[beta]-
18
              dihydroxyestr-4-ene),
19
20
          (xliv) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3[alpha], 17[beta]-
21
              dihydroxyestr-4-ene),
22
          (xlv) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3[beta], 17[beta]-
23
              dihydroxyestr-5-ene),
          (xlvi) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3[alpha], 17[beta]-
24
25
              dihydroxyestr-5-ene),
          (xlvii) 19-nor-4,9(10)-androstadienedione
26
```

```
(estra-4, 9(10) -diene-3, 17-dione),
1
 2
          (xlviii) 19-nor-4-androstenedione (estr-4-
 3
              en-3,17-dione),
          (xlix) 19-nor-5-androstenedione (estr-5-
 4
 5
              en-3,17-dione),
          (1) norbolethone (13[beta], 17a-diethyl-17[beta]-
 6
7
              hydroxygon-4-en-3-one),
          (li) norclostebol (4-chloro-17[beta]-
 8
              hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
 9
10
          (lii) norethandrolone (17[alpha]-ethyl-17[beta]-
11
              hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
12
          (liii) normethandrolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
13
              hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
          (liv) oxandrolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-
14
15
              2-oxa-5[alpha]-androstan-3-one),
16
          (lv) oxymesterone (17[alpha]-methyl-4,17[beta]-
17
              dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
          (lvi) oxymetholone (17[alpha]-methyl-2-hydroxymethylene-
18
              17[beta]-hydroxy-(5[alpha]-androstan-3-one),
19
20
          (lvii) stanozolol (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-
21
               (5[alpha]-androst-2-eno[3,2-c]-pyrazole),
22
          (lviii) stenbolone (17[beta]-hydroxy-2-methyl-
23
               (5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one),
          (lix) testolactone (13-hydroxy-3-oxo-13,17-
24
25
              secoandrosta-1,4-dien-17-oic
26
              acid lactone),
```

```
1 (lx) testosterone (17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-
```

- 2 4-en-3-one),
- 3 (lxi) tetrahydrogestrinone (13[beta], 17[alpha]-
- 4 diethyl-17[beta]-hydroxygon-
- 4,9,11-trien-3-one),
- 6 (lxii) trenbolone (17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4,9,
- 7 11-trien-3-one).

22

23

8 Any person who is otherwise lawfully in possession of an 9 anabolic steroid, or who otherwise lawfully manufactures, 10 distributes, dispenses, delivers, or possesses with intent to 11 deliver an anabolic steroid, which anabolic steroid is 12 expressly intended for and lawfully allowed to be administered 13 through implants to livestock or other nonhuman species, and which is approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services 14 for such administration, and which the person intends to 15 16 administer or have administered through such implants, shall 17 not be considered to be in unauthorized possession or to unlawfully manufacture, distribute, dispense, deliver, or 18 possess with intent to deliver such anabolic steroid for 19 20 purposes of this Act.

- (d) "Administration" means the Drug Enforcement Administration, United States Department of Justice, or its successor agency.
- 24 (d-5) "Clinical Director, Prescription Monitoring Program"
 25 means a Department of Human Services administrative employee
 26 licensed to either prescribe or dispense controlled substances

21

22

23

24

25

- who shall run the clinical aspects of the Department of Human 1 2 Services Prescription Monitoring Program and its Prescription Information Library. 3
- (d-10) "Compounding" means the preparation and mixing of 5 components, excluding flavorings, (1) as the result of a prescriber's prescription drug order or initiative based on the 6 7 prescriber-patient-pharmacist relationship in the course of 8 professional practice or (2) for the purpose of, or incident 9 to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale 10 or dispensing. "Compounding" includes the preparation of drugs 11 or devices in anticipation of receiving prescription drug 12 orders based on routine, regularly observed dispensing patterns. Commercially available products may be compounded 13 for dispensing to individual patients only if both of the 14 15 following conditions are met: (i) the commercial product is not 16 reasonably available from normal distribution channels in a 17 timely manner to meet the patient's needs and (ii) the prescribing practitioner has requested that the drug be 18 19 compounded.
 - (e) "Control" means to add a drug or other substance, or immediate precursor, to a Schedule whether by transfer from another Schedule or otherwise.
 - (f) "Controlled Substance" means (i) a drug, substance, immediate precursor, or synthetic drug in the Schedules of Article II of this Act or (ii) a drug or other substance, or immediate precursor, designated as a controlled substance by

- 1 the Department through administrative rule. The term does not
- 2 include distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or tobacco, as
- 3 those terms are defined or used in the Liquor Control Act of
- 4 1934 and the Tobacco Products Tax Act of 1995.
 - (f-5) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance:
 - (1) the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II;
 - (2) which has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II; or
 - (3) with respect to a particular person, which such person represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II.
 - (g) "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance, which, or the container or labeling of which, without authorization bears the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser other

- than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed, or dispensed the substance.
- 3 (h) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive 4 or attempted transfer of possession of a controlled substance, 5 with or without consideration, whether or not there is an 6 agency relationship.
- 7 (i) "Department" means the Illinois Department of Human 8 Services (as successor to the Department of Alcoholism and 9 Substance Abuse) or its successor agency.
- 10 (j) (Blank).
- 11 (k) "Department of Corrections" means the Department of 12 Corrections of the State of Illinois or its successor agency.
- 13 (1) "Department of Financial and Professional Regulation"
 14 means the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation
 15 of the State of Illinois or its successor agency.
- 16 (m) "Depressant" means any drug that (i) causes an overall 17 depression of central nervous system functions, (ii) causes impaired consciousness and awareness, and (iii) can be 18 19 habit-forming or lead to a substance abuse problem, including but not limited to alcohol, cannabis and its active principles 20 21 their analogs, benzodiazepines and their 22 barbiturates and their analogs, opioids (natural 23 synthetic) and their analogs, and chloral hydrate and similar 24 sedative hypnotics.
- 25 (n) (Blank).
- 26 (o) "Director" means the Director of the Illinois State

8

9

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 1 Police or his or her designated agents.
- 2 (p) "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to 3 an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the 4 lawful order of a prescriber, including the prescribing, 5 administering, packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary 6 to prepare the substance for that delivery.
 - (q) "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.
 - (r) "Distribute" means to deliver, other than by administering or dispensing, a controlled substance.
- 10 (s) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
 - (t) "Drug" means (1) substances recognized as drugs in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, Official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them; (2) substances intended for use in diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man or animals; (3) substances (other than food) intended to affect the structure of any function of the body of man or animals and (4) substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in clause (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection. It does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories.
 - (t-3) "Electronic health record" or "EHR" means an electronic record of health-related information on an individual that is created, gathered, managed, and consulted by authorized health care clinicians and staff.
- 26 (t-4) "Emergency medical services personnel" has the

- 2 Systems Act.
- 3 (t-5) "Euthanasia agency" means an entity certified by the
- 4 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation for the
- 5 purpose of animal euthanasia that holds an animal control
- 6 facility license or animal shelter license under the Animal
- 7 Welfare Act. A euthanasia agency is authorized to purchase,
- 8 store, possess, and utilize Schedule II nonnarcotic and
- 9 Schedule III nonnarcotic drugs for the sole purpose of animal
- 10 euthanasia.
- 11 (t-10) "Euthanasia drugs" means Schedule II or Schedule III
- 12 substances (nonnarcotic controlled substances) that are used
- by a euthanasia agency for the purpose of animal euthanasia.
- 14 (u) "Good faith" means the prescribing or dispensing of a
- 15 controlled substance by a practitioner in the regular course of
- professional treatment to or for any person who is under his or
- 17 her treatment for a pathology or condition other than that
- 18 individual's physical or psychological dependence upon or
- 19 addiction to a controlled substance, except as provided herein:
- 20 and application of the term to a pharmacist shall mean the
- 21 dispensing of a controlled substance pursuant to the
- 22 prescriber's order which in the professional judgment of the
- 23 pharmacist is lawful. The pharmacist shall be guided by
- 24 accepted professional standards including, but not limited to
- 25 the following, in making the judgment:
- 26 (1) lack of consistency of prescriber-patient

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

14

15

16

17

18

21

22

23

24

25

- (2) frequency of prescriptions for same drug by one prescriber for large numbers of patients,
 - (3) quantities beyond those normally prescribed,
 - (4) unusual dosages (recognizing that there may be clinical circumstances where more or less than the usual dose may be used legitimately),
 - (5) unusual geographic distances between patient, pharmacist and prescriber,
 - (6) consistent prescribing of habit-forming drugs.
- 11 (u-0.5) "Hallucinogen" means a drug that causes markedly
 12 altered sensory perception leading to hallucinations of any
 13 type.
 - (u-1) "Home infusion services" means services provided by a pharmacy in compounding solutions for direct administration to a patient in a private residence, long-term care facility, or hospice setting by means of parenteral, intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, or intraspinal infusion.
- 19 (u-5) "Illinois State Police" means the State Police of the 20 State of Illinois, or its successor agency.
 - (v) "Immediate precursor" means a substance:
 - (1) which the Department has found to be and by rule designated as being a principal compound used, or produced primarily for use, in the manufacture of a controlled substance;
 - (2) which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or

likely to be used in the manufacture of such controlled substance; and

- (3) the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit the manufacture of such controlled substance.
- (w) "Instructional activities" means the acts of teaching, educating or instructing by practitioners using controlled substances within educational facilities approved by the State Board of Education or its successor agency.
- (x) "Local authorities" means a duly organized State, County or Municipal peace unit or police force.
- (y) "Look-alike substance" means a substance, other than a controlled substance which (1) by overall dosage unit appearance, including shape, color, size, markings or lack thereof, taste, consistency, or any other identifying physical characteristic of the substance, would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a controlled substance, or (2) is expressly or impliedly represented to be a controlled substance or is distributed under circumstances which would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a controlled substance. For the purpose of determining whether the representations made or the circumstances of the distribution would lead a reasonable person to believe the substance to be a controlled substance under this clause (2) of subsection (y), the court or other authority may consider the following factors in addition to any other factor that may be

1 relevant:

- (a) statements made by the owner or person in control of the substance concerning its nature, use or effect;
 - (b) statements made to the buyer or recipient that the substance may be resold for profit;
 - (c) whether the substance is packaged in a manner normally used for the illegal distribution of controlled substances;
 - (d) whether the distribution or attempted distribution included an exchange of or demand for money or other property as consideration, and whether the amount of the consideration was substantially greater than the reasonable retail market value of the substance.
- Clause (1) of this subsection (y) shall not apply to a noncontrolled substance in its finished dosage form that was initially introduced into commerce prior to the initial introduction into commerce of a controlled substance in its finished dosage form which it may substantially resemble.
- Nothing in this subsection (y) prohibits the dispensing or distributing of noncontrolled substances by persons authorized to dispense and distribute controlled substances under this Act, provided that such action would be deemed to be carried out in good faith under subsection (u) if the substances involved were controlled substances.
- Nothing in this subsection (y) or in this Act prohibits the manufacture, preparation, propagation, compounding,

- 1 processing, packaging, advertising or distribution of a drug or
- drugs by any person registered pursuant to Section 510 of the
- Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360).
- 4 (y-1) "Mail-order pharmacy" means a pharmacy that is
- 5 located in a state of the United States that delivers,
- 6 dispenses or distributes, through the United States Postal
- 7 Service or other common carrier, to Illinois residents, any
- 8 substance which requires a prescription.
- 9 (z) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation,
- 10 propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a
- 11 controlled substance other than methamphetamine, either
- 12 directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of
- 13 natural origin, or independently by means of chemical
- 14 synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical
- 15 synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the
- substance or labeling of its container, except that this term
- 17 does not include:
- 18 (1) by an ultimate user, the preparation or compounding
- of a controlled substance for his or her own use; or
- 20 (2) by a practitioner, or his or her authorized agent
- 21 under his or her supervision, the preparation,
- 22 compounding, packaging, or labeling of a controlled
- 23 substance:
- 24 (a) as an incident to his or her administering or
- dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of
- 26 his or her professional practice; or

- 1 (b) as an incident to lawful research, teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale.
- (z-1) (Blank).

- 4 (z-5) "Medication shopping" means the conduct prohibited 5 under subsection (a) of Section 314.5 of this Act.
 - (z-10) "Mid-level practitioner" means (i) a physician assistant who has been delegated authority to prescribe through a written delegation of authority by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, in accordance with Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987, (ii) an advanced practice registered nurse who has been delegated authority to prescribe through a written delegation of authority by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or by a podiatric physician, in accordance with Section 65-40 of the Nurse Practice Act, (iii) an advanced practice registered nurse certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist who has been granted authority to prescribe by a hospital affiliate in accordance with Section 65-45 of the Nurse Practice Act, (iv) an animal euthanasia agency, or (v) a prescribing psychologist.
 - (aa) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
- 26 (1) opium, opiates, derivatives of opium and opiates,

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts
of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of
such isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within
the specific chemical designation; however the term
"narcotic drug" does not include the isoquinoline
alkaloids of opium;

- (2) (blank);
- (3) opium poppy and poppy straw;
- (4) coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which substantially all of the cocaine and ecgonine, and their isomers, derivatives and salts, have been removed;
- (5) cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;
- (6) ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers;
- (7) any compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of any of the substances referred to in subparagraphs (1) through (6).
- 20 (bb) "Nurse" means a registered nurse licensed under the 21 Nurse Practice Act.
- 22 (cc) (Blank).
- (dd) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction forming or addiction sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction forming or addiction sustaining liability.

- 1 (ee) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver 2 somniferum L., except its seeds.
- 3 (ee-5) "Oral dosage" means a tablet, capsule, elixir, or 4 solution or other liquid form of medication intended for 5 administration by mouth, but the term does not include a form 6 of medication intended for buccal, sublingual, or transmucosal 7 administration.
- 8 (ff) "Parole and Pardon Board" means the Parole and Pardon 9 Board of the State of Illinois or its successor agency.
- 10 (gg) "Person" means any individual, corporation,
 11 mail-order pharmacy, government or governmental subdivision or
 12 agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or
 13 association, or any other entity.
- (hh) "Pharmacist" means any person who holds a license or certificate of registration as a registered pharmacist, a local registered pharmacist or a registered assistant pharmacist under the Pharmacy Practice Act.
- (ii) "Pharmacy" means any store, ship or other place in which pharmacy is authorized to be practiced under the Pharmacy

 Practice Act.
- 21 (ii-5) "Pharmacy shopping" means the conduct prohibited 22 under subsection (b) of Section 314.5 of this Act.
- 23 (ii-10) "Physician" (except when the context otherwise 24 requires) means a person licensed to practice medicine in all 25 of its branches.
- 26 (jj) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of

1 the opium poppy, after mowing.

- (kk) "Practitioner" means a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, dentist, optometrist, podiatric physician, veterinarian, scientific investigator, pharmacist, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, registered nurse, emergency medical services personnel, hospital, laboratory, or pharmacy, or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise lawfully permitted by the United States or this State to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, administer or use in teaching or chemical analysis, a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research.
- (11) "Pre-printed prescription" means a written prescription upon which the designated drug has been indicated prior to the time of issuance; the term does not mean a written prescription that is individually generated by machine or computer in the prescriber's office.
- (mm) "Prescriber" means a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, dentist, optometrist, prescribing psychologist licensed under Section 4.2 of the Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act with prescriptive authority delegated under Section 4.3 of the Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act, podiatric physician, or veterinarian who issues a prescription, a physician assistant who issues a prescription for a controlled substance in accordance with Section 303.05, a written delegation, and a

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

written collaborative agreement required under Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987, an advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority delegated under Section 65-40 of the Nurse Practice Act and in accordance with Section 303.05, a written delegation, and a written collaborative agreement under Section 65-35 of the Nurse Practice Act, an advanced practice registered nurse certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist who has been granted authority to prescribe by a hospital affiliate in accordance with Section 65-45 of the Nurse Practice Act and in accordance with Section 303.05, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist who has full practice authority pursuant to Section 65-43 of the Nurse Practice Act.

(nn) "Prescription" means a written, facsimile, or oral order, or an electronic order that complies with applicable federal requirements, of a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, dentist, podiatric physician or veterinarian for any controlled substance, of an optometrist in accordance with Section 15.1 of the Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987, of a prescribing psychologist licensed under Section 4.2 of the Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act with prescriptive authority delegated under Section 4.3 of the Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act, of a physician assistant for a controlled substance in accordance with Section 303.05, a

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

written delegation, and a written collaborative agreement 1 2 required under Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant Practice 3 Act of 1987, of an advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority delegated under Section 65-40 of the 5 Nurse Practice Act who issues a prescription for a controlled substance in accordance with Section 303.05, a written 6 7 delegation, and a written collaborative agreement under 8 Section 65-35 of the Nurse Practice Act, of an advanced 9 practice registered nurse certified as a nurse practitioner, 10 nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist who has been 11 granted authority to prescribe by a hospital affiliate in 12 accordance with Section 65-45 of the Nurse Practice Act and in 13 accordance with Section 303.05 when required by law, or of an 14 advanced practice registered nurse certified as a nurse 15 practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist who 16 has full practice authority pursuant to Section 65-43 of the 17 Nurse Practice Act.

(nn-5) "Prescription Information Library" (PIL) means an electronic library that contains reported controlled substance data.

(nn-10) "Prescription Monitoring Program" (PMP) means the entity that collects, tracks, and stores reported data on controlled substances and select drugs pursuant to Section 316.

(00) "Production" or "produce" means manufacture, planting, cultivating, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance other than methamphetamine.

- 1 (pp) "Registrant" means every person who is required to 2 register under Section 302 of this Act.
- qq) "Registry number" means the number assigned to each person authorized to handle controlled substances under the laws of the United States and of this State.
 - (qq-5) "Secretary" means, as the context requires, either the Secretary of the Department or the Secretary of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, and the Secretary's designated agents.
- 10 (rr) "State" includes the State of Illinois and any state,
 11 district, commonwealth, territory, insular possession thereof,
 12 and any area subject to the legal authority of the United
 13 States of America.
 - (rr-5) "Stimulant" means any drug that (i) causes an overall excitation of central nervous system functions, (ii) causes impaired consciousness and awareness, and (iii) can be habit-forming or lead to a substance abuse problem, including but not limited to amphetamines and their analogs, methylphenidate and its analogs, cocaine, and phencyclidine and its analogs.
 - (rr-10) "Synthetic drug" includes, but is not limited to, any synthetic cannabinoids or piperazines or any synthetic cathinones as provided for in Schedule I.
 - (ss) "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a controlled substance for his or her own use or for the use of a member of his or her household or for administering to an

- 1 animal owned by him or her or by a member of his or her
- 2 household.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-173, eff. 7-29-15;
- 4 99-371, eff. 1-1-16; 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16;
- 5 100-280, eff. 1-1-18; 100-453, eff. 8-25-17; 100-513, eff.
- 6 1-1-18; revised 10-6-17.)
- 7 (720 ILCS 570/204) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1204)
- 8 Sec. 204. (a) The controlled substances listed in this
- 9 Section are included in Schedule I.
- 10 (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
- another schedule, any of the following opiates, including their
- isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters,
- 13 and ethers, whenever the existence of such isomers, esters,
- 14 ethers and salts is possible within the specific chemical
- 15 designation:
- 16 (1) Acetylmethadol;
- 17 (1.1) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl
- (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-
- 4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);
- 20 (2) Allylprodine;
- 21 (3) Alphacetylmethadol, except
- levo-alphacetylmethadol (also known as levo-alpha-
- 23 acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM);
- 24 (4) Alphameprodine;
- 25 (5) Alphamethadol;

```
1
               (6) Alpha-methylfentanyl
 2
           (N-(1-alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl) ethyl-4-piperidyl)
 3
          propionanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-
          propanilido) piperidine;
 4
 5
               (6.1) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl
 6
           (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-
7
          4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
               (7) 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine (MPPP);
 8
 9
               (7.1) PEPAP
10
           (1-(2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine);
11
               (8) Benzethidine;
12
               (9) Betacetylmethadol;
13
               (9.1) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl
           (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-
14
15
          4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
16
               (10) Betameprodine;
17
               (11) Betamethadol;
18
               (12) Betaprodine;
               (13) Clonitazene;
19
20
               (14) Dextromoramide;
21
               (15) Diampromide;
22
               (16) Diethylthiambutene;
23
               (17) Difenoxin;
24
               (18) Dimenoxadol;
25
               (19) Dimepheptanol;
26
               (20) Dimethylthiambutene;
```

```
1
               (21) Dioxaphetylbutyrate;
 2
               (22) Dipipanone;
 3
               (23) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
               (24) Etonitazene;
 4
               (25) Etoxeridine;
 5
 6
               (26) Furethidine;
               (27) Hydroxpethidine;
 7
               (28) Ketobemidone;
 8
               (29) Levomoramide;
 9
10
               (30) Levophenacylmorphan;
11
               (31) 3-Methylfentanyl
12
           (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-
           4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
13
14
               (31.1) 3-Methylthiofentanyl
15
           (N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-
16
           4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
17
               (32) Morpheridine;
18
               (33) Noracymethadol;
               (34) Norlevorphanol;
19
20
               (35) Normethadone;
21
               (36) Norpipanone;
22
               (36.1) Para-fluorofentanyl
23
           (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-
24
           4-piperidinyl]propanamide);
25
               (37) Phenadoxone;
26
               (38) Phenampromide;
```

```
1
               (39) Phenomorphan;
 2
               (40) Phenoperidine;
 3
               (41) Piritramide;
 4
               (42) Proheptazine;
 5
               (43) Properidine;
 6
               (44) Propiram;
 7
               (45) Racemoramide;
               (45.1) Thiofentanyl
 8
 9
           (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-
           4-piperidinyl]-propanamide);
10
11
               (46) Tilidine;
12
               (47) Trimeperidine;
13
               (48) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl (other name:
          N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-
14
15
          N-phenylpropanamide);
16
               (49) Furanyl fentanyl (FU-F);
17
               (50) Butyryl fentanyl;
               (51) Valeryl fentanyl;
18
               (52) Acetyl fentanyl;
19
20
               (53) Beta-hydroxy-thiofentanyl;
21
               (54) 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-
22
           (dimethylamino) cyclohexyl]-N-
          methylbenzamide (U-47700);
23
24
               (55) 4-chloro-N-[1-[2-
25
           (4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-2-piperidinylidene]-
```

benzenesulfonamide (W-18);

```
1
               (56) 4-chloro-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)
 2
          -2-piperidinylidene]-benzenesulfonamide (W-15);
               (57) acrylfentanyl (acryloylfentanyl).
 3
           (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
 5
      another schedule, any of the following opium derivatives, its
 6
      salts, isomers and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of
      such salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the
7
8
      specific chemical designation:
 9
               (1) Acetorphine;
10
               (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;
11
               (3) Benzylmorphine;
12
               (4) Codeine methylbromide;
13
               (5) Codeine-N-Oxide;
14
               (6) Cyprenorphine;
15
               (7) Desomorphine;
16
               (8) Diacetyldihydromorphine (Dihydroheroin);
17
               (9) Dihydromorphine;
18
               (10) Drotebanol;
               (11) Etorphine (except hydrochloride salt);
19
20
               (12) Heroin;
21
               (13) Hydromorphinol;
22
               (14) Methyldesorphine;
23
               (15) Methyldihydromorphine;
24
               (16) Morphine methylbromide;
25
               (17) Morphine methylsulfonate;
26
               (18) Morphine-N-Oxide;
```

(19) Myrophine;

- 2 (20) Nicocodeine;
- 3 (21) Nicomorphine;
- 4 (22) Normorphine;
- 5 (23) Pholcodine;
- 6 (24) Thebacon.
- Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in 7 8 another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, 9 preparation which contains any quantity of the following 10 hallucinogenic substances, or which contains any of its salts, 11 isomers and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of such 12 salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the 13 specific chemical designation (for the purposes of this paragraph only, the term "isomer" includes the optical, 14 15 position and geometric isomers):
- 16 (1) 3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine
- 17 (alpha-methyl, 3, 4-methylenedioxyphenethylamine,
- methylenedioxyamphetamine, MDA);
- 19 (1.1) Alpha-ethyltryptamine
- 20 (some trade or other names: etryptamine;
- 21 MONASE; alpha-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine;
- 22 3-(2-aminobutyl)indole; a-ET; and AET);
- 23 (2) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA);
- 24 (2.1) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine
- 25 (also known as: N-ethyl-alpha-methyl-
- 3,4 (methylenedioxy) Phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA, MDE,

```
1
          and MDEA);
 2
              (2.2) N-Benzylpiperazine (BZP);
 3
              (2.2-1) Trifluoromethylphenylpiperazine (TFMPP);
              (3) 3-methoxy-4,5-methylenedioxyamphetamine, (MMDA);
 4
              (4) 3,4,5-trimethoxyamphetamine (TMA);
 6
              (5) (Blank);
 7
              (6) Diethyltryptamine (DET);
 8
              (7) Dimethyltryptamine (DMT);
 9
              (7.1) 5-Methoxy-diallyltryptamine;
10
              (8) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOM, STP);
11
              (9) Ibogaine (some trade and other names:
12
          7-ethyl-6,6,beta,7,8,9,10,12,13-octahydro-2-methoxy-
          6,9-methano-5H-pyrido [1',2':1,2] azepino [5,4-b]
13
14
          indole; Tabernanthe iboga);
15
              (10) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
16
              (10.1) Salvinorin A;
17
              (10.5) Salvia divinorum (meaning all parts of the plant
          presently classified botanically as Salvia divinorum,
18
19
          whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from
20
          any part of that plant, and every compound, manufacture,
          salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence
21
22
          of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible
23
          within the specific chemical designation, derivative,
24
          mixture, or preparation of that plant, its seeds or
25
          extracts);
26
              (11) 3,4,5-trimethoxyphenethylamine (Mescaline);
```

```
(12) Peyote (meaning all parts of the plant presently
1
 2
          classified botanically as Lophophora williamsii Lemaire,
          whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from
 3
          any part of that plant, and every compound, manufacture,
 4
 5
          salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation of that plant,
          its seeds or extracts);
 6
               (13) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate (JB 318);
 7
               (14) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
 8
 9
               (14.1) N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine
10
          (also known as N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-
11
          3,4 (methylenedioxy) phenethylamine and N-hydroxy MDA);
12
               (15) Parahexyl; some trade or other names:
13
          3-hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-
          dibenzo (b,d) pyran; Synhexyl;
14
15
               (16) Psilocybin;
16
               (17) Psilocyn;
17
               (18) Alpha-methyltryptamine (AMT);
               (19) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine
18
          (2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; 2,5-DMA);
19
               (20) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine
20
21
          (4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine;
22
          4-bromo-2,5-DMA);
23
               (20.1) 4-Bromo-2,5 dimethoxyphenethylamine.
          Some trade or other names: 2-(4-bromo-
24
25
          2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-aminoethane;
          alpha-desmethyl DOB, 2CB, Nexus;
26
```

```
(21) 4-methoxyamphetamine
 1
 2
          (4-methoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine;
          paramethoxyamphetamine; PMA);
 3
 4
               (22) (Blank);
 5
               (23) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine.
          Some trade or other names:
 6
 7
          N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine,
          (1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine,
 8
 9
          N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE;
10
               (24) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine. Some trade
11
          or other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) pyrrolidine, PCPy,
12
          PHP;
13
               (25) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine;
               (26) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine
14
15
          (another name: DOET);
16
               (27) 1-[1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl] pyrrolidine
17
          (another name: TCPy);
               (28) (Blank);
18
               (29) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine (some trade
19
20
          or other names: 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine;
          2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine; TPCP; TCP);
21
22
               (29.1) Benzothiophene analog of phencyclidine. Some
23
          trade or other names: BTCP or benocyclidine;
               (29.2) 3-Methoxyphencyclidine (3-MeO-PCP);
24
25
               (30) Bufotenine (some trade or other names:
26
          3-(Beta-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole;
```

```
3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol;
 1
 2
           5-hydroxy-N, N-dimethyltryptamine;
           N, N-dimethylserotonin; mappine);
 3
 4
               (31) (Blank);
 5
               (32) (Blank);
 6
               (33) (Blank);
               (34) (Blank);
 7
 8
               (34.5) (Blank);
               (35) (6aR, 10aR) -9-(hydroxymethyl) -6, 6-dimethyl-3-
 9
10
           (2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,
           10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol
11
12
           Some trade or other names: HU-210;
13
               (35.5) (6aS, 10aS) - 9 - (hydroxymethyl) - 6, 6 -
           dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10a-
14
           tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol, its isomers,
15
16
           salts, and salts of isomers; Some trade or other
17
           names: HU-210, Dexanabinol;
               (36) Dexanabinol, (6aS, 10aS) -9-(hydroxymethyl)-
18
           6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-
19
20
           6a, 7, 10, 10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol
21
           Some trade or other names: HU-211;
22
               (37) (Blank);
23
               (38) (Blank);
24
               (39) (Blank);
25
               (40) (Blank);
26
               (41) (Blank);
```

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (42)Anv compound structurally derived from 3-(1-naphthoyl)indole or 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, alkvl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl whether or not further substituted indole ring to any extent, whether or in the substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not limited to, JWH-018, AM-2201, JWH-175, JWH-184, and JWH-185;
 - (43) Any compound structurally derived from 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not limited to, JWH-030, JWH-145, JWH-146, JWH-307, and JWH-368;
 - (44) Any compound structurally derived from 1-(1-naphthylmethyl)indene by substitution at the 3-position of the indene ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not limited to, JWH-176:
 - (45)Anv compound structurally derived 3-phenylacetylindole by substitution at the nitrogen atom the indole ring with alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent, whether or substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not limited to, JWH-167, JWH-250, JWH-251, and RCS-8;
 - (46) Any compound structurally derived from 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol by substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not limited to, CP 47, 497 and its C8 homologue (cannabicyclohexanol);
 - (46.1) Any compound structurally derived from 3-(benzoyl) indole with substitution at the nitrogen atom

```
of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
1
 2
          cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
 3
          halide,
                         1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl,
 4
          2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further
 5
          substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or
          not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples
 6
          of this structural class include, but are not limited to,
7
          AM-630, AM-2233, AM-694, Pravadoline (WIN 48,098), and
8
 9
          RCS-4;
10
              (47) (Blank);
11
              (48) (Blank);
12
              (49) (Blank);
              (50) (Blank);
13
14
              (51) (Blank);
15
              (52) (Blank);
16
              (53)
                      2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthio-phenethylamine.
          Some trade or other names: 2C-T-7;
17
              (53.1) 4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine. Some trade
18
19
          or other names: 2C-E;
20
                        2,5-dimethoxy-4-methylphenethylamine.
                                                                 Some
          trade or other names: 2C-D;
21
22
                       4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine.
              (53.3)
                                                                 Some
23
          trade or other names: 2C-C;
              (53.4) 4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine. Some trade
24
25
          or other names: 2C-I;
26
              (53.5) 4-ethylthio-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine. Some
```

```
trade or other names: 2C-T-2;
1
                       2,5-dimethoxy-4-isopropylthio-phenethylamine.
 2
          Some trade or other names: 2C-T-4;
 3
 4
              (53.7) 2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine. Some trade
          other names: 2C-H;
 5
              (53.8) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-nitrophenethylamine. Some trade
 6
7
          or other names: 2C-N;
              (53.9) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenethylamine. Some
 8
 9
          trade or other names: 2C-P;
10
              (53.10) 2,5-dimethoxy-3,4-dimethylphenethylamine. Some
11
          trade or other names: 2C-G;
12
              (53.11) The N-(2-methoxybenzyl) derivative of any 2C
          phenethylamine referred to in subparagraphs (20.1), (53),
13
14
          (53.1), (53.2), (53.3), (53.4), (53.5), (53.6), (53.7),
          (53.8), (53.9), and (53.10) including, but not limited to,
15
16
          25I-NBOMe and 25C-NBOMe;
              (54) 5-Methoxy-N, N-diisopropyltryptamine;
17
18
              (55) (Blank);
19
              (56) (Blank);
20
              (57) (Blank);
21
              (58) (Blank);
22
              (59) 3-cyclopropoylindole with substitution at the
23
          nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl,
          alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide,
24
25
          alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl, or
26
          2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted
```

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the cyclopropyl ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, XLR11, UR144, FUB-144;

- (60) 3-adamantoylindole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the adamantyl ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, AB-001;
- N-(adamantyl)-indole-3-carboxamide (61)with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, alkyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted the indole ring to any extent, whether or on substituted on the adamantyl ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, APICA/2NE-1, STS-135;
- (62) N-(adamantyl)-indazole-3-carboxamide with substitution at a nitrogen atom of the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted

on the indazole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the adamantyl ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, AKB48, 5F-AKB48;

- (63) 1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid 8-quinolinyl ester with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the quinoline ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, PB22, 5F-PB22, FUB-PB-22;
- (64) 3-(1-naphthoyl)indazole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the naphthyl ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, THJ-018, THJ-2201;
- (65) 2-(1-naphthoyl)benzimidazole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the benzimidazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

on the benzimidazole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the naphthyl ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, FUBIMINA;

- (66) N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide with substitution on the nitrogen atom of the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, AB-PINACA, AB-FUBINACA, AB-CHMINACA;
- N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1H-(67)indazole-3-carboxamide with substitution on the nitrogen atom of the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, ADB-PINACA, ADB-FUBINACA;
- (68)N-(1-amino-3, 3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1Hindole-3-carboxamide with substitution on the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl, halide, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent: including, but not

1 limited to, ADBICA, 5F-ADBICA;

- (69) N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide with substitution on the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, ABICA, 5F-ABICA;
 - methylbutanoate with substitution on the nitrogen atom of the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, AMB, 5F-AMB;—
 - (71) Methyl 2-(1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate with substitution on the nitrogen atom of the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, 5-fluoro-MDMB-PINACA, MDMB-FUBINACA;
- 26 (72) Methyl 2-(1H-indole-3-carboxamido)-3-

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

methylbutanoate with substitution on the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, MMB018, MMB2201, and AMB-CHMICA;

- (73)Methyl 2-(1H-indole-3-carboxamido)-3,3dimethylbutanoate with substitution on the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenvl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, MDMB-CHMICA;
- N-(1-Amino-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1Hindazole-3-carboxamide with substitution on the nitrogen
 atom of the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
 halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted
 on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not
 limited to, APP-CHMINACA, 5-fluoro-APP-PINACA;
- (75) N-(1-Amino-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide with substitution on the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,

```
cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
1
 2
                         1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl,
          halide,
                                                                  or
          2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted
 3
 4
          on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not
 5
          limited to, APP-PICA and 5-fluoro-APP-PICA;
                     4-Acetoxy-N, N-dimethyltryptamine: trade
 6
                                                                name
 7
          4-AcO-DMT;
 8
              (77) 5-Methoxy-N-methyl-N-isopropyltryptamine: trade
 9
          name 5-MeO-MIPT;
10
              (78) 4-hydroxy Diethyltryptamine (4-HO-DET);
11
              (79) 4-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-ethyltryptamine (4-HO-MET);
12
              (80) 4-hydroxy-N, N-diisopropyltryptamine (4-HO-DiPT);
13
              (81)
                            4-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-isopropyltryptamine
14
          (4-HO-MiPT);
15
              (82) Fluorophenylpiperazine;
16
              (83) Methoxetamine;
17
                       1-(Ethylamino)-2-phenylpropan-2-one
              (84)
                                                               (iso-
          ethcathinone).
18
          (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
19
20
      another schedule, any material, compound, mixture,
      preparation which contains any quantity of the following
21
22
      substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous
23
      system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers
      whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of
24
25
      isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
26
              (1) mecloqualone;
```

```
1
              (2) methagualone; and
 2
              (3) gamma hydroxybutyric acid.
              Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
 3
          (f)
      another
              schedule,
                         any material, compound, mixture,
 4
 5
      preparation which contains any quantity of the following
      substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous
 6
7
      system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:
 8
              (1) Fenethylline;
 9
              (2) N-ethylamphetamine;
10
              (3) Aminorex (some other names:
11
          2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline; aminoxaphen;
12
          4-5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine) and its
13
          salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers;
              (4) Methcathinone (some other names:
14
15
          2-methylamino-1-phenylpropan-1-one;
16
          Ephedrone; 2-(methylamino)-propiophenone;
17
          alpha-(methylamino) propiophenone; N-methylcathinone;
          methycathinone; Monomethylpropion; UR 1431) and its
18
          salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers;
19
20
              (5) Cathinone (some trade or other names:
21
          2-aminopropiophenone; alpha-aminopropiophenone;
22
          2-amino-1-phenyl-propanone; norephedrone);
23
              (6) N, N-dimethylamphetamine (also known as:
24
          N, N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine;
25
          N, N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine);
```

(7) (+ or -) cis-4-methylaminorex ((+ or -) cis-

(1)

```
4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine);
1
 2
              (8) 3,4-Methylenedioxypyrovalerone (MDPV);
              (9) Halogenated amphetamines and
 3
          methamphetamines - any compound derived from either
 4
 5
          amphetamine or methamphetamine through the substitution
          of a halogen on the phenyl ring, including, but not
 6
 7
          limited to, 2-fluoroamphetamine, 3-
          fluoroamphetamine and 4-fluoroamphetamine;
 8
 9
              (10) Aminopropylbenzofuran (APB):
10
          including 4-(2-Aminopropyl) benzofuran, 5-
11
          (2-Aminopropyl) benzofuran, 6-(2-Aminopropyl)
12
          benzofuran, and 7-(2-Aminopropyl) benzofuran;
13
              (11) Aminopropyldihydrobenzofuran (APDB):
          including 4-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran,
14
          5-(2-Aminopropyl)-2, 3-dihydrobenzofuran,
15
16
          6-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran,
17
          and 7-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran;
              (12) Methylaminopropylbenzofuran
18
          (MAPB): including 4-(2-methylaminopropyl)
19
20
          benzofuran, 5-(2-methylaminopropyl)benzofuran,
          6-(2-methylaminopropyl)benzofuran
21
22
          and 7-(2-methylaminopropyl)benzofuran.
23
          (q) Temporary listing of substances subject to emergency
      scheduling. Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation
24
25
      that contains any quantity of the following substances:
```

N-[1-benzyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide

- 3 (2) N-[1(2-thienyl) methyl-4-piperidyl]-N-4 phenylpropanamide (thenylfentanyl), its optical isomers, 5 salts, and salts of isomers.
 - (h) Synthetic cathinones. Unless specifically excepted, any chemical compound which is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, is not dispensed or possessed in accordance with State or federal law, not including bupropion, structurally derived from 2-aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl, naphthyl, or thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is further modified in one or more of the following ways:
 - (1) by substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl, alkylenedioxy, alkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents, whether or not further substituted in the ring system by one or more other univalent substituents. Examples of this class include, but are not limited to, 3,4-Methylenedioxycathinone (bk-MDA);
 - (2) by substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl substituent. Examples of this class include, but are not limited to, 2-methylamino-1-phenylbutan-1-one (buphedrone); or
 - (3) by substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, or methoxybenzyl groups, or by

- inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic 1
- 2 structure. Examples of this class include, but are not
- 3 limited to, Dimethylcathinone, Ethcathinone, and
- 4 a-Pyrrolidinopropiophenone (a-PPP); or-
- 5 Any other synthetic cathinone which is not approved by the
- 6 United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, is
- 7 not dispensed or possessed in accordance with State or federal
- 8 law.
- 9 (i) Synthetic cannabinoids or piperazines. Any synthetic
- 10 cannabinoid or piperazine which is not approved by the United
- 11 States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, which is
- 12 not dispensed or possessed in accordance with State and federal
- 13 law.
- (Source: P.A. 99-371, eff. 1-1-16; 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 14
- 100-368, eff. 1-1-18; revised 10-5-17.) 15