

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2019 and 2020

HB1478

by Rep. Tony McCombie

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act 35 ILCS 5/229 new

Creates the Manufacturing Job Destination Tax Credit Act and amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Provides for a credit of 25% of the Illinois labor expenditures made by a manufacturing company in order to foster job creation and retention in Illinois. Authorizes the Department of Revenue to award a tax credit to taxpayer-employers who apply for the credit and meet the certain Illinois labor, job training, and apprenticeship requirements. Sets minimum requirements and procedures for certifying a taxpayer as an "accredited manufacturer" and for awarding the credit. Effective January 1, 2020.

LRB101 04732 HLH 49741 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
Manufacturing Job Destination Tax Credit Act.

6 Section 10. Purpose. The General Assembly finds that the 7 manufacturing sector is a crucial underpinning of the economy 8 of the State of Illinois. Manufacturing employs approximately 9 570,000 workers directly in jobs that pay an average of more \$84,000 per year in wages and benefits. 10 than Total manufacturing output exceeded \$103,000,000,000, contributing 11 the single largest share of the Illinois Gross State Product. 12 Ninety-three percent of Illinois exports are manufactured 13 14 goods and services, totaling approximately \$54,800,000,000. However, Illinois has lost more than 300,000 manufacturing jobs 15 16 since 2000. Since the end of the recession in 2009, Illinois has gained only 8,300 manufacturing jobs while neighboring 17 states have increased manufacturing employment by an average of 18 19 68,800 jobs. Illinois manufacturers are experiencing a skills gap with the need to find qualified workers to fill the 20 21 pipeline before half of the workforce retires in the next 15 22 years. Therefore, it is in the best interest of the State to make Illinois the preferred destination for manufacturing and 23

to strengthen the existing industrial base in Illinois, thereby promoting job growth, increased capital investment, expanded exports, and long-term revenue growth for the State.

Section 15. Definitions. As used in this Act:

5 "Accredited manufacturer" means a manufacturer that has6 been certified by the Department.

7 "Apprenticeship expense" means the amount incurred on 8 behalf of a qualifying apprentice for tuition, book fees, and 9 lab fees at the school or community college in which the 10 apprentice is enrolled during the regular school year.

11 "Credit" means an amount equal to 25% of the sum of the 12 Illinois labor expenditures qualifying approved by the 13 Department, the job training expenditures approved by the 14 Department, and the apprenticeship expenses approved by the 15 Department. The accredited manufacturer is deemed to have paid, 16 on its balance due day for the year, an amount equal to 25% of its qualified Illinois labor expenditure for the tax year. 17

18 "Department" means the Department of Revenue.

19 "Director" means the Director of Revenue.

20 "Illinois labor expenditure" means salary or wages paid to 21 employees of an accredited manufacturer for services in 22 Illinois after the effective date of this Act.

23 To qualify as an Illinois labor expenditure, the 24 expenditure must be:

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(1) Reasonable under the circumstances.

- 3 - LRB101 04732 HLH 49741 b

(2) Included in the federal income tax basis of the
 property.

3 (3) Incurred by the accredited manufacturer for
4 services on or after January 1, 2018.

5 (4) Incurred for the production stages of the6 manufacturing process.

7 (5) Limited to the first \$25,000 of wages paid or
8 incurred to each employee of the manufacturing company.

9 (6) Exclusive of the salary or wages paid to or 10 incurred for the 2 highest paid employees of the 11 manufacturing company.

12 (7) Directly attributable to the accredited 13 manufacturer.

14 (8) Paid in the tax year for which the applicant is
15 claiming the credit or no later than 60 days after the end
16 of the tax year.

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(9) Paid for services rendered in Illinois.

"Job training expenditure" means all amounts paid or accrued on behalf of all persons employed by the taxpayer in the State for education or vocational training in semi-technical, semi-skilled, or skilled fields.

"Qualifying apprentice" means an individual who (i) is a resident of the State of Illinois, (ii) is between the ages of l6 and 30 years old at the close of the school year for which a credit is sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit is sought was a full-time apprentice enrolled in an HB1478 - 4 - LRB101 04732 HLH 49741 b

apprenticeship program which is registered with the US
 Department of Labor, Office of Apprenticeship.

3 "School" means any public or nonpublic secondary school in 4 Illinois, or any community college that is in compliance with 5 Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, except that nothing 6 shall be construed to allow a student to attend a community 7 college not a part of an approved apprenticeship program to 8 qualify for the credit under this Section.

9 Section 20. Tax credit awards. Subject to the conditions 10 set forth in this Act, an accredited manufacturer is entitled 11 to a credit of 25% of all qualifying Illinois labor 12 expenditures approved by the Department.

13 Section 25. Accredited manufacturing company 14 certification. Any taxpayer may request certification as an 15 accredited manufacturing company by formal application to the 16 Department. In determining whether to issue an accredited 17 manufacturing company certificate, the Department must 18 determine that the following conditions exist:

19 (1) The taxpayer is engaged primarily in the business20 of manufacturing goods.

(2) The taxpayer intends to employ workers in the Stateof Illinois.

23 (3) The taxpayer provides health insurance to its24 employees.

HB1478

(4) The taxpayer provides to its employees either a
 pension plan or a 401k plan.

3 (5) The taxpayer offers to its employees paid time-off4 benefits.

5 (6) The taxpayer intends to expend a portion of its
6 research and development budgets in the State of Illinois.

7 Section 30. Issuance of manufacturing job destination tax8 credit certification.

9 (a) In order to qualify for a tax credit under this Act, an 10 accredited manufacturer must file, on forms prescribed by the 11 Department, all information necessary to calculate the tax 12 credit.

13 (b) Upon satisfactory review of the application, the 14 Department shall issue a manufacturing job destination tax 15 credit certificate stating the amount of the tax credit.

16 Section 35. Amount and duration of the credit. The amount 17 of the credit awarded under this Act is based on the amount of 18 qualifying Illinois labor expenditures approved by the 19 Department in any tax year beginning on January 1, 2020 or 20 thereafter for the applicant.

21 Section 40. Evaluation of tax credit program. The 22 Department shall evaluate the tax credit program annually. The 23 evaluation must include an assessment of the effectiveness of HB1478 - 6 - LRB101 04732 HLH 49741 b

1 the program in creating and retaining jobs in Illinois, 2 improving the skill level of workers, and of the revenue impact 3 of the program and may include a review of the practices and 4 experiences of other states or nations with similar programs. 5 Upon completion of this evaluation, the Department shall 6 determine the overall success of the program.

7 Section 45. Program terms and conditions. Any documentary 8 materials or data made available to or received by any agent or 9 employee of the Department are confidential and are not public 10 records to the extent that the materials or data consist of 11 commercial financial information or regarding the 12 manufacturing operation of the applicant for or recipient of any tax credit under this Act. 13

14 Section 50. Appeals. If the Department denies a taxpayer 15 certification under Section 25 of this Act, the denial must be 16 in writing stating the reasons for the denial. The taxpayer 17 shall have 60 days to correct any deficiency that was the 18 reason for the initial denial of certification.

19 If the Department again denies the certification, the 20 taxpayer may appeal the denial within 60 days after the denial 21 and request a hearing. At the hearing, if the taxpayer shows, 22 by preponderance of evidence, that he or she has complied with 23 the requirements of this Section, then the taxpayer shall be 24 certified as an accredited manufacturer. HB1478 - 7 - LRB101 04732 HLH 49741 b

1 If the taxpayer disagrees with the Department about the 2 amount of the tax credit available for any tax year, the 3 taxpayer may appeal the certification and request a hearing. If 4 the taxpayer shows, by a preponderance of evidence, that he or 5 she is entitled to a larger amount, the Department shall 6 approve the larger amount. However, in no instance may the 7 Department determine a lesser amount.

8 The provisions of the Administrative Review Law, and the 9 rules adopted pursuant thereto, apply to and govern all 10 proceedings for the judicial review of this Act.

Section 90. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by adding Section 229 as follows:

13 (35 ILCS 5/229 new)

14 Sec. 229. Manufacturing job destination tax credit. For tax 15 years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, a taxpayer who has 16 been awarded a tax credit under the Manufacturing Job 17 Destination Tax Credit Act is entitled to a credit against the taxes imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of 18 19 this Act in an amount determined by the Department under the 20 Manufacturing Job Destination Tax Credit Act. If the taxpayer 21 is a partnership or Subchapter S corporation, the credit is 22 allowed to the partners or shareholders in accordance with the 23 determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue 24

HB1478	- 8 -	LRB101 04732 HLH 49741 b
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<u>Code. The Department must prescribe rules to enforce and</u>
 <u>administer the provisions of this Section. This Section is</u>
 <u>exempt from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act.</u>

4 <u>The credit is non-refundable, but may be sold, transferred,</u>
5 <u>or conveyed to other taxpayers who are primarily engaged in</u>
6 <u>manufacturing.</u>

7 <u>The credit may not be carried forward or back. In no event</u>
8 <u>shall a credit under this Section reduce the taxpayer's</u>
9 liability to less than zero.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 11 1, 2020.