

Rep. Mark L. Walker

Filed: 3/6/2020

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

10100HB3318ham002

LRB101 05873 HLH 71131 a

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3318

AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 3318 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding Section 605-470 as follows:

7 (20 ILCS 605/605-470 new)

Sec. 605-470. Online central repository. The Department shall provide on its website a central repository for new and existing businesses that shall contain all permitting, licensing, and registration forms and documents needed to conduct business in Illinois, as well as content about how to start a business, industry-specific programming, connections to mentors, and referrals to investors. When submitting applications for tax credits administered by the Department, applicants may choose to allow the Department to share their

- 1 contact information on the central repository. The Department
- may adopt rules necessary to implement this Section. 2
- 3 Section 10. The Illinois Enterprise Zone Act is amended by
- 4 changing Sections 5.4 and 8.1 as follows:
- (20 ILCS 655/5.4) (from Ch. 67 1/2, par. 609) 5
- 6 Sec. 5.4. Amendment and Decertification of Enterprise
- 7 Zones.
- 8 (a) The terms of a certified enterprise zone designating
- ordinance may be amended to 9
- (i) alter the boundaries of the Enterprise Zone, or 10
- 11 (ii) expand, limit or repeal tax incentives or benefits
- 12 provided in the ordinance, or
- 13 (iii) alter the termination date of the zone, or
- 14 (iv) make technical corrections in the enterprise zone
- 15 designating ordinance; but such amendment shall not be
- 16 effective unless the Department issues an amended
- 17 certificate for the Enterprise Zone, approving the amended
- 18 designating ordinance. Upon the adoption of any ordinance
- 19 amending or repealing the terms of a certified enterprise
- 20 zone designating ordinance, the municipality or county
- 21 shall promptly file with the Department an application for
- 22 approval thereof, containing substantially the
- 2.3 information as required for an application under Section
- 24 5.1 insofar as material to the proposed changes. The

2.1

municipality or county must hold a public hearing on the proposed changes as specified in Section 5 and, if the amendment is to effectuate the limitation of tax abatements under Section 5.4.1, then the public notice of the hearing shall state that property that is in both the enterprise zone and a redevelopment project area may not receive tax abatements unless within 60 days after the adoption of the amendment to the designating ordinance the municipality has determined that eligibility for tax abatements has been established,

- (v) include an area within another municipality or county as part of the designated enterprise zone provided the requirements of Section 4 are complied with, or
- (vi) effectuate the limitation of tax abatements under Section 5.4.1.
- (b) The Department shall approve or disapprove a proposed amendment to a certified enterprise zone within 90 days of its receipt of the application from the municipality or county. The Department may not approve changes in a Zone which are not in conformity with this Act, as now or hereafter amended, or with other applicable laws. If the Department issues an amended certificate for an Enterprise Zone, the amended certificate, together with the amended zone designating ordinance, shall be filed, recorded and transmitted as provided in Section 5.3.
- (c) An Enterprise Zone may be decertified by joint action of the Department and the designating county or municipality in

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

accordance with this Section. The designating county or municipality shall conduct at least one public hearing within the zone prior to its adoption of an ordinance of de-designation. The mayor of the designating municipality or the chairman of the county board of the designating county shall execute a joint decertification agreement with the Department. A decertification of an Enterprise Zone shall not become effective until at least 6 months after the execution of the decertification agreement, which shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

(d) An Enterprise Zone may be decertified for cause by the Department in accordance with this Section. Prior decertification: (1) the Department shall notify the chief elected official of the designating county or municipality in writing of the specific deficiencies which provide cause for decertification; (2) the Department shall place designating county or municipality on probationary status for at least 6 months during which time corrective action may be achieved in the enterprise zone by the designating county or municipality; and, (3) the Department shall conduct at least one public hearing within the zone. If such corrective action is not achieved during the probationary period, the Department shall issue an amended certificate signed by the Director of Department decertifying the enterprise zone, certificate shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State. A certified copy of the amended enterprise zone

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1 certificate, or a duplicate original thereof, shall be recorded in the office of recorder of the county in which the enterprise zone lies, and shall be provided to the chief elected official of the designating county or municipality. Decertification of an Enterprise Zone shall not become effective until 60 days after the date of filing.

(d-5) The Department shall decertify any Enterprise Zone that fails to report any capital investment, job creation or retention, or State tax expenditures for 3 consecutive calendar years. Prior to decertification: (1) the Department shall notify the chief elected official of the designating county or municipality in writing of the specific deficiencies which provide cause for decertification; (2) the Department shall place the designating county or municipality on probationary status for at least 6 months during which time corrective action may be achieved in the Enterprise Zone by the designating county or municipality; and (3) the Department shall conduct at least one public hearing within the Zone. If such corrective action is not achieved during the probationary period, the Department shall issue an amended certificate signed by the Director of the Department decertifying the Enterprise Zone as of the scheduled termination date of the then-current designation. If the decertified Zone was approved and designated after the 101st General Assembly and has been in existence for less than 15 years, such Zone shall not be eligible for an additional 10-year designation after the

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

- 1 expiration date of the original Zone set forth in subsection (c) of Section 5.3. Further, if such corrective action is not 2 3 achieved during the probationary period provided for in this 4 Section, following such probationary period the Zone becomes 5 available for a different area to compete for designation.
 - (e) In the event of a decertification, or an amendment reducing the length of the term or the area of an Enterprise Zone or the adoption of an ordinance reducing or eliminating tax benefits in an Enterprise Zone, all benefits previously extended within the Zone pursuant to this Act or pursuant to any other Illinois law providing benefits specifically to or within Enterprise Zones shall remain in effect for the original stated term of the Enterprise Zone, with respect to business enterprises within the Zone on the effective date of such decertification or amendment, and with respect to individuals participating in urban homestead programs under this Act.
 - (f) Except as otherwise provided in Section 5.4.1, with respect to business enterprises (or expansions thereof) which are proposed or under development within a Zone at the time of a decertification or an amendment reducing the length of the term of the Zone, or excluding from the Zone area the site of proposed enterprise, or an ordinance reducing eliminating tax benefits in a Zone, such business enterprise shall be entitled to the benefits previously applicable within the Zone for the original stated term of the Zone, if the business enterprise establishes:

4

- 1 (i) that the proposed business enterprise or expansion 2 has been committed to be located within the Zone;
 - (ii) that substantial and binding financial obligations have been made towards the development of such enterprise; and
- 6 (iii) that such commitments have been made in 7 reasonable reliance on the benefits and programs which were 8 to have been applicable to the enterprise by reason of the 9 Zone, including in the case of a reduction in term of a 10 zone, the original length of the term.
- In declaratory judgment actions under this paragraph, the
 Department and the designating municipality or county shall be
 necessary parties defendant.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 90-258, eff. 7-30-97.)
- 15 (20 ILCS 655/8.1)
- 16 Sec. 8.1. Accounting.
- (a) Any business receiving tax incentives due to its 17 18 location within an Enterprise Zone or its designation as a High 19 Impact Business must annually report to the Department of Revenue information reasonably required by the Department of 2.0 21 Revenue to enable the Department to verify and calculate the 22 total Enterprise Zone or High Impact Business tax benefits for 23 property taxes and taxes imposed by the State that are received 24 by the business, broken down by incentive category and 25 enterprise zone, if applicable. Reports will be due no later

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

than May 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar year. The first report will be for the 2012 calendar year and will be due no later than May 31, 2013. Failure to report data may result in ineligibility to receive incentives. To the extent that a business receiving tax incentives has obtained an Enterprise Zone Building Materials Exemption Certificate or a High Impact Business Building Materials Exemption Certificate, that business is required to report those building materials exemption benefits only under subsection (a-5) of this Section. No additional reporting for those building materials exemption benefits is required under this subsection (a). In addition, if the Department determines that 60% or more of the businesses receiving tax incentives because of their location within a particular Enterprise Zone failed to submit the information required under this subsection (a) to the Department in any calendar year, then the Enterprise Zone may be decertified by the Department. The Department, in consultation with the Department of Revenue, is authorized to adopt rules governing ineligibility to receive exemptions, including the length of ineligibility. Factors to be considered in determining whether a business is ineligible shall include, but are not limited to, prior compliance with the reporting requirements, cooperation in discontinuing and correcting violations, the extent of the violation, and whether the violation was willful or inadvertent.

(a-5) Each contractor or other entity that has been issued

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

an Enterprise Zone Building Materials Exemption Certificate under Section 5k of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or a High Impact Business Building Materials Exemption Certificate under Section 51 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall annually report to the Department of Revenue the total value of the Enterprise Zone or High Impact Business building materials exemption from State taxes. Reports shall contain information reasonably required by the Department of Revenue to enable it to verify and calculate the total tax benefits for taxes imposed by the State, and shall be broken down by Enterprise Zone. Reports are due no later than May 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar year. The first report will be for the 2013 calendar year and will be due no later than May 31, 2014. Failure to report data may result in revocation of the Enterprise Zone Building Materials Exemption Certificate Impact Business Building Materials Exemption Certificate issued to the contractor or other entity.

The Department of Revenue is authorized to adopt rules governing revocation determinations, including the length of revocation. Factors to be considered in revocations shall include, but are not limited to, prior compliance with the reporting requirements, cooperation in discontinuing and correcting violations, and whether the certificate was used unlawfully during the preceding year.

(b) Each person required to file a return under the Gas Revenue Tax Act, the Gas Use Tax Act, the Electricity Excise

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

Tax Act, or the Telecommunications Excise Tax Act shall file, on or before May 31 of each year, a report with the Department of Revenue, in the manner and form required by the Department of Revenue, containing information reasonably required by the Department of Revenue to enable the Department of Revenue to calculate the amount of the deduction for taxes imposed by the State that is taken under each Act, respectively, due to the location of a business in an Enterprise Zone or its designation as a High Impact Business. The report shall be itemized by business and the business location address.

- (c) Employers shall report their job creation, retention, and capital investment numbers within the zone annually to the Department of Revenue no later than May 31 of each calendar year. High Impact Businesses shall report their job creation, retention, and capital investment numbers to the Department of Revenue no later than May 31 of each year.
- (d) The Department of Revenue will aggregate and collect the tax, job, and capital investment data by Enterprise Zone and High Impact Business and report this information, formatted to exclude company-specific proprietary information, to the Department and the Board by August 1, 2013, and by August 1 of every calendar year thereafter. The Department will include this information in their required reports under Section 6 of this Act. The Board shall consider this information during the reviews required under subsection (d-5) of Section 5.4 of this Act and subsection (c) of Section 5.3 of this Act.

- 1 (e) The Department of Revenue, in its discretion, may
- 2 require that the reports filed under this Section be submitted
- 3 electronically.
- 4 (f) The Department of Revenue shall have the authority to
- 5 adopt rules as are reasonable and necessary to implement the
- 6 provisions of this Section.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 97-905, eff. 8-7-12; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13.)
- 8 Section 15. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
- 9 changing Section 220 and by adding Sections 232 and 233 as
- 10 follows:
- 11 (35 ILCS 5/220)
- 12 Sec. 220. Angel investment credit.
- 13 (a) As used in this Section:
- "Applicant" means a corporation, partnership, limited
- liability company, or a natural person that makes an investment
- in a qualified new business venture. The term "applicant" does
- 17 not include (i) a corporation, partnership, limited liability
- 18 company, or a natural person who has a direct or indirect
- ownership interest of at least 33% 51% in the profits, capital,
- or value of the qualified new business venture receiving the
- investment or (ii) a related member.
- "Claimant" means an applicant certified by the Department
- 23 who files a claim for a credit under this Section.
- "Department" means the Department of Commerce and Economic

Opportunity. 1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

"Investment" means money (or its equivalent) given to a qualified new business venture, at a risk of loss, in consideration for an equity interest of the qualified new business venture. The Department may adopt rules to permit certain forms of contingent equity investments to be considered eligible for a tax credit under this Section.

"Qualified new business venture" means a business that is registered with the Department under this Section.

"Related member" means a person that, with respect to the applicant, is any one of the following:

- (1) An individual, if the individual and the members of the individual's family (as defined in Section 318 of the Internal Revenue Code) own directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, in the aggregate, at least 50% of the value of the outstanding profits, capital, stock, or other ownership interest in the qualified new business venture that is the recipient of the applicant's investment.
- (2) A partnership, estate, or trust and any partner or beneficiary, if the partnership, estate, or trust and its partners or beneficiaries own directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, in the aggregate, at 50% of the profits, capital, stock, or other ownership interest in the qualified new business venture that is the recipient of the applicant's investment.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

- (3) A corporation, and any party related to the corporation in a manner that would require an attribution of stock from the corporation under the attribution rules of Section 318 of the Internal Revenue Code, if applicant and any other related member own, the aggregate, directly, indirectly, beneficially, constructively, at least 50% of the value of outstanding stock of the qualified new business venture that is the recipient of the applicant's investment.
- (4) A corporation and any party related to that corporation in a manner that would require an attribution of stock from the corporation to the party or from the party to the corporation under the attribution rules of Section 318 of the Internal Revenue Code, if corporation and all such related parties own, in the aggregate, at least 50% of the profits, capital, stock, or other ownership interest in the qualified new business venture that is the recipient of the applicant's investment.
- (5) A person to or from whom there is attribution of ownership of stock in the qualified new business venture that is the recipient of the applicant's investment in accordance with Section 1563(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that for purposes of determining whether a person is a related member under this paragraph, "20%" shall be substituted for "5%" whenever "5%" appears in

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

1 Section 1563(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.

"Social equity business" means a business that is a qualified social equity applicant, as defined in Section 1-10 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act.

(b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010, and ending on or before December 31, 2021, subject to the limitations provided in this Section, a claimant may claim, as a credit against the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act, an amount equal to 25% of the claimant's investment made directly in a qualified new business venture. However, if the investment is made in: (1) a qualified new business venture that is minority-owned, women-owned, or is a business owned a person with a disability (as those terms are used and defined in the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities Act); or (2) a qualified new business venture in which the principal place of business is located in a county with a population of not more than 250,000, then the amount of the credit is 35% of the claimant's investment made directly in a qualified new business venture. In order for an investment in a qualified new business venture to be eligible for tax credits, the business must have applied for and received certification under subsection (e) for the taxable year in which the investment was made prior to the date on which the investment was made. The credit under this Section may not exceed the taxpayer's Illinois income tax liability for the taxable year. If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

liability for the year, the excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a tax liability. If there are credits from more than one tax year that are available to offset a liability, the earlier credit shall be applied first. In the case of a partnership or Subchapter S Corporation, the credit is allowed to the partners or shareholders in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (c) The minimum amount an applicant must invest in any single qualified new business venture in order to be eligible for a credit under this Section is \$10,000. The maximum amount of an applicant's total investment made in any single qualified new business venture that may be used as the basis for a credit under this Section is \$1,000,000 $\frac{$2,000,000}{}$.
- (d) The Department shall implement a program to certify an applicant for an angel investment credit. Upon satisfactory review, the Department shall issue a tax credit certificate stating the amount of the tax credit to which the applicant is entitled. The Department shall annually certify that: (i) each qualified new business venture that receives an investment under this Section has maintained a minimum employment threshold, as defined by rule, in the State (and continues to maintain a minimum employment threshold in the

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

State for a period of no less than 3 years from the issue date of the last tax credit certificate issued by the Department with respect to such business pursuant to this Section); and (ii) the claimant's investment has been made and remains, except in the event of a qualifying liquidity event, in the qualified new business venture for no less than 3 years.

If an investment for which a claimant is allowed a credit under subsection (b) is held by the claimant for less than 3 years, other than as a result of a permitted sale of the investment to person who is not a related member, the claimant shall pay to the Department of Revenue, in the manner prescribed by the Department of Revenue, the aggregate amount of the disqualified credits that the claimant received related to the subject investment.

If the Department determines that a qualified new business venture failed to maintain a minimum employment threshold in the State through the date which is 3 years from the issue date of the last tax credit certificate issued by the Department with respect to the subject business pursuant to this Section, the claimant or claimants shall pay to the Department of Revenue, in the manner prescribed by the Department of Revenue, the aggregate amount of the disqualified credits that claimant or claimants received related to investments in that business.

(e) The Department shall implement a program to register qualified new business ventures for purposes of this Section. A business desiring registration under this Section shall be

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

required to submit a full and complete application to the Department. A submitted application shall be effective only for the taxable year in which it is submitted, and a business desiring registration under this Section shall be required to submit a separate application in and for each taxable year for which the business desires registration. Further, if at any time prior to the acceptance of an application for registration under this Section by the Department one or more events occurs which makes the information provided in that application materially false or incomplete (in whole or in part), the business shall promptly notify the Department of the same. Any failure of a business to promptly provide the foregoing information to the Department may, at the discretion of the Department, result in a revocation of a previously approved application for that business, or disqualification of the business from future registration under this Section, or both. The Department may register the business only if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- (1) it has its principal place of business in this State:
 - (2) at least 51% of the employees employed by the business are employed in this State;
 - (3) the business has the potential for increasing jobs in this State, increasing capital investment in this State, or both, as determined by the Department, and any either of the following apply:

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

(A) it is principally engaged in innovation in any following: manufacturing; biotechnology; ofthe nanotechnology; communications; agricultural sciences; clean energy creation or storage technology; processing or assembling products, including medical devices, pharmaceuticals, computer software, computer hardware, semiconductors, other innovative technology products, or other products that are produced using manufacturing methods that are enabled by applying proprietary technology; or providing services that are enabled by applying proprietary technology; or

- is undertaking pre-commercialization (B) it activity related to proprietary technology that includes conducting research, developing a new product or business process, or developing a service that is principally reliant applying proprietary on technology; or
- (C) the business is a social equity business and is engaged in innovation in the field of cannabis cultivation, extraction, processing, distribution, infusion, or dispensing, or is undertaking pre-commercialization activity within the adult use cannabis industry related to proprietary technology that includes conducting research, developing a new product or business process, or developing a service that is principally reliant on applying proprietary

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

technology;

- (4) it is not principally engaged in real estate development, insurance, banking, lending, lobbying, political consulting, professional services provided by attorneys, accountants, business consultants, physicians, or health care consultants, wholesale or retail trade, leisure, hospitality, transportation, or construction, except construction of power production plants that derive energy from a renewable energy resource, as defined in Section 1 of the Illinois Power Agency Act; however, the restrictions in this Section relating to wholesale or retail trade and transportation shall not apply to social equity businesses;
 - (5) at the time it is first certified:
 - (A) it has fewer than 100 employees;
 - (B) it has been in operation in Illinois for not more than 10 consecutive years prior to the year of certification; and
 - (C) it has received not more than \$5,000,000 \$10,000,000 in aggregate investments;
- (5.1) it agrees to maintain a minimum employment threshold in the State of Illinois prior to the date which is 3 years from the issue date of the last tax credit certificate issued by the Department with respect to that business pursuant to this Section;
 - (6) (blank); and

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

- 1 (7) it has received not more than \$2,000,000 \$4,000,000in investments that qualified for tax credits under this 2 Section. 3
- (f) The Department, in consultation with the Department of Revenue, shall adopt rules to administer this Section. The aggregate amount of the tax credits that may be claimed under this Section for investments made in qualified new business ventures shall be limited at \$10,000,000 per calendar year, of which \$1,500,000 \$500,000 shall be reserved for investments qualified new business ventures made which are minority-owned businesses, women-owned businesses, businesses owned by a person with a disability (as those terms are used and defined in the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities Act), and an additional \$1,500,000 \$500,000 shall be reserved for investments made in qualified new business ventures with their principal place of business in counties with a population of not more than 250,000. The foregoing annual allowable amounts shall be allocated by the Department, on a per calendar quarter basis and prior to the commencement of each calendar year, in such proportion as determined by the Department, provided that: (i) the amount initially allocated by the Department for any one calendar quarter shall not exceed 35% of the total allowable amount; (ii) any portion of the allocated allowable amount remaining unused as of the end of any of the first 3 calendar 26 quarters of a given calendar year shall be rolled into, and

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

1	added to, the total allocated amount for the next available
2	calendar quarter; and (iii) the reservation of tax credits for
3	investments in minority-owned businesses, women-owned
4	businesses, businesses owned by a person with a disability, and
5	in businesses in counties with a population of not more than
6	250,000 is limited to the first 3 calendar quarters of a given
7	calendar year, after which they may be claimed by investors in
8	any qualified new business venture.

- (g) A claimant may not sell or otherwise transfer a credit awarded under this Section to another person.
- (h) On or before March 1 of each year, the Department shall report to the Governor and to the General Assembly on the tax credit certificates awarded under this Section for the prior calendar year.
 - (1) This report must include, for each tax credit certificate awarded:
 - (A) the name of the claimant and the amount of credit awarded or allocated to that claimant;
 - (B) the name and address (including the county) of the qualified new business venture that received the investment giving rise to the credit, the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code applicable to that qualified new business venture, and the number of employees of the qualified new business venture; and
 - (C) the date of approval by the Department of each

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

claimant's tax credit certificate. 1

- (2) The report must also include:
- (A) the total number of applicants and the total number of claimants, including the amount of each tax credit certificate awarded to a claimant under this Section in the prior calendar year;
- the total number of applications businesses seeking registration under this Section, the total number of new qualified business ventures registered by the Department, and the aggregate amount of investment upon which tax credit certificates were issued in the prior calendar year; and
- (C) the total amount of tax credit certificates sought by applicants, the amount of each tax credit certificate issued to a claimant, the aggregate amount of all tax credit certificates issued in the prior calendar year and the aggregate amount of tax credit certificates issued as authorized under this Section for all calendar years.
- (i) For each business seeking registration under this Section after December 31, 2016, the Department shall require the business to include in its application the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code applicable to the business and the number of employees of the business at the time of application. Each business registered by the Department as a qualified new business venture that receives an investment

- 1 giving rise to the issuance of a tax credit certificate
- pursuant to this Section shall, for each of the 3 years 2
- following the issue date of the last tax credit certificate 3
- 4 issued by the Department with respect to such business pursuant
- 5 to this Section, report to the Department the following:
- (1) the number of employees and the location at which 6
- those employees are employed, both as of the end of each 7
- 8 year;
- 9 (2) the amount of additional new capital investment
- 10 raised as of the end of each year, if any; and
- 11 (3) the terms of any liquidity event occurring during
- such year; for the purposes of this Section, a "liquidity 12
- 13 event" means any event that would be considered an exit for
- 14 an illiquid investment, including any event that allows the
- 15 equity holders of the business (or any material portion
- 16 thereof) to cash out some or all of their respective equity
- 17 interests.
- (Source: P.A. 100-328, eff. 1-1-18; 100-686, eff. 1-1-19; 18
- 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19.) 19
- 2.0 (35 ILCS 5/232 new)
- 21 Sec. 232. Credit for full-time employees in a county with
- 22 fewer than 250,000 inhabitants.
- 23 (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
- 24 2021, each taxpayer that hires a full-time employee to fill a
- position at a location in a county with fewer than 250,000 25

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

inhabitants is entitled to a credit against the taxes imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 per eligible employee in any taxable year. The credit may be taken for the taxable year in which the employee is hired and for the next taxable year if the employee remains employed with that taxpayer in the next taxable year. The amount of the credit shall be \$5,000 in each taxable year, multiplied by a fraction the numerator of which is the number of days the employee is employed by the taxpayer during the taxable year and the denominator of which is 365.

For partners, shareholders of Subchapter S (b) corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this Section to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

(c) In no event shall a credit under this Section reduce the taxpayer's liability to less than zero. If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for the year, the excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The tax credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a tax liability. If there are credits for more than one year that are available to offset a liability, the earlier credit

shall be applied first. 1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

23

24

- (d) As used in this Section, "full-time employee" means an individual who is employed for consideration for at least 35 hours each week or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by industry custom or practice as full-time employment. An individual for whom a W-2 is issued by a Professional Employer Organization (PEO) is a full-time employee if employed in the service of the taxpayer for consideration for at least 35 hours each week or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by industry custom or practice as full-time employment to the taxpayer.
- 12 (e) This Section is exempt from the provisions of Section 13 250.
- 14 (35 ILCS 5/233 new)
- 15 Sec. 233. Student loan repayment credit.
- (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 16 2021, a qualified taxpayer may apply to the Department for a 17 18 credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201. The amount of the credit shall be equal to the 19 20 taxpayer's student loan repayment expenses for each qualified 21 education loan for the taxable year, but not to exceed the maximum credit amount set forth in subsection (b) for the 22
 - (b) The maximum credit amount shall be:

taxpayer's highest level of education.

25 (1) \$6,000 per taxable year for a taxpayer with a

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

l master's degree or higher

- 2 (2) \$4,000 per taxable year for a taxpayer with a 3 bachelor's degree; or
- 4 (3) \$1,000 per taxable year for a taxpayer with an 5 associate's degree.

In no event shall a credit under this Section reduce the taxpayer's liability to less than zero. If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for the year, the excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The tax credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a tax liability. If there are credits for more than one year that are available to offset a liability, the earlier credit shall be applied first.

(c) As used in this Section:

"Qualified education loan" has the meaning given to that term in Section 221 of the Internal Revenue Code.

"Qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer who (i) has an Associate's degree, a Bachelor's degree, or a graduate degree from an institution of higher education accredited by the U.S. Department of Education; (ii) has annual student loan repayment expenses; and (iii) is employed full-time in the State in one or more of the following fields: life, natural, or environmental sciences; computer, information, or software technology; advanced <u>mathematics</u> or <u>finance; engineering;</u> industrial design or other commercially related design field;

- or medicine or medical device technology. For the purposes of 1
- this Section, a taxpayer is employed full-time if the taxpayer 2
- 3 works in any of the listed fields at a rate of at least 35 hours
- 4 <u>per week.</u>
- (d) The Department of Revenue may adopt rules to implement 5
- 6 this Section.
- 7 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 8 becoming law.".