101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2019 and 2020

HB3865

Introduced 10/17/2019, by Rep. Lawrence Walsh, Jr.

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

20 ILCS 655/5.5

from Ch. 67 1/2, par. 609.1

Amends the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act. With respect to new wind power facilities and Wind Energy Businesses, repeals language providing that (i) the penalties for failure to comply with the Prevailing Wage Act are limited to the penalties identified in the Prevailing Wage Act and (ii) the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity may not revoke a High Impact Business designation as a result of the failure to comply with the Prevailing Wage Act. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1

AN ACT concerning State government.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Enterprise Zone Act is amended by 5 changing Section 5.5 as follows:

6 (20 ILCS 655/5.5) (from Ch. 67 1/2, par. 609.1)

7 Sec. 5.5. High Impact Business.

8 (a) In order to respond to unique opportunities to assist 9 in the encouragement, development, growth and expansion of the 10 private sector through large scale investment and development 11 projects, the Department is authorized to receive and approve 12 applications for the designation of "High Impact Businesses" in 13 Illinois subject to the following conditions:

14 (1) such applications may be submitted at any time15 during the year;

16 (2) such business is not located, at the time of 17 designation, in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to 18 this Act;

19 (3) the business intends to do one or more of the 20 following:

(A) the business intends to make a minimum
 investment of \$12,000,000 which will be placed in
 service in qualified property and intends to create 500

full-time equivalent jobs at a designated location in 1 2 Illinois or intends to make a minimum investment of 3 \$30,000,000 which will be placed in service in qualified property and intends to retain 1,500 4 full-time retained jobs at a designated location in 5 6 Illinois. The business must certify in writing that the 7 investments would not be placed in service in qualified property and the job creation or job retention would 8 9 not occur without the tax credits and exemptions set forth in subsection (b) of this Section. The terms 10 11 "placed in service" and "qualified property" have the 12 same meanings as described in subsection (h) of Section 13 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act; or

14 (B) the business intends to establish a new 15 electric generating facility at a designated location 16 in Illinois. "New electric generating facility", for 17 purposes of this Section, means a newly-constructed electric generation plant or a newly-constructed 18 19 generation capacity expansion at an existing electric 20 generation plant, including the transmission lines and 21 associated equipment that transfers electricity from 22 points of supply to points of delivery, and for which 23 such new foundation construction commenced not sooner 24 than July 1, 2001. Such facility shall be designed to 25 provide baseload electric generation and shall operate 26 on a continuous basis throughout the year; and (i)

1 shall have an aggregate rated generating capacity of at 2 least 1,000 megawatts for all new units at one site if 3 it uses natural gas as its primary fuel and foundation construction of the facility is commenced on or before 4 December 31, 2004, or shall have an aggregate rated 5 6 generating capacity of at least 400 megawatts for all new units at one site if it uses coal or gases derived 7 from coal as its primary fuel and shall support the 8 9 creation of at least 150 new Illinois coal mining jobs, 10 or (ii) shall be funded through a federal Department of 11 Energy grant before December 31, 2010 and shall support 12 the creation of Illinois coal-mining jobs, or (iii) shall gasification 13 use coal or integrated 14 gasification-combined cycle units that generate 15 electricity or chemicals, or both, and shall support 16 the creation of Illinois coal-mining jobs. The 17 business must certify in writing that the investments 18 necessary to establish a new electric generating 19 facility would not be placed in service and the job 20 creation in the case of a coal-fueled plant would not 21 occur without the tax credits and exemptions set forth 22 in subsection (b-5) of this Section. The term "placed 23 in service" has the same meaning as described in subsection (h) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income 24 25 Tax Act; or

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(B-5) the business intends to establish a new

gasification facility at a designated location in 1 Illinois. As used in this Section, "new gasification 2 3 facility" means a newly constructed coal gasification generates chemical facility that 4 feedstocks or 5 transportation fuels derived from coal (which may 6 include, but are not limited to, methane, methanol, and 7 nitrogen fertilizer), that supports the creation or retention of Illinois coal-mining jobs, and that 8 9 qualifies for financial assistance from the Department 10 before December 31, 2010. A new gasification facility 11 does not include a pilot project located within 12 Jefferson County or within a county adjacent to 13 Jefferson County for synthetic natural gas from coal; 14 or

15 (C) the business intends to establish production 16 operations at a new coal mine, re-establish production 17 operations at a closed coal mine, or expand production at an existing coal mine at a designated location in 18 19 Illinois not sooner than July 1, 2001; provided that 20 the production operations result in the creation of 150 21 new Illinois coal mining jobs as described in 22 subdivision (a) (3) (B) of this Section, and further 23 provided that the coal extracted from such mine is 24 utilized as the predominant source for a new electric generating facility. The business must certify in 25 26 writing that the investments necessary to establish a

new, expanded, or reopened coal mine would not be placed in service and the job creation would not occur without the tax credits and exemptions set forth in subsection (b-5) of this Section. The term "placed in service" has the same meaning as described in subsection (h) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act; or

(D) business intends to 8 the construct new 9 transmission facilities or upgrade existing 10 transmission facilities at designated locations in 11 Illinois, for which construction commenced not sooner 12 than July 1, 2001. For the purposes of this Section, 13 "transmission facilities" means transmission lines 14 with a voltage rating of 115 kilovolts or above, associated equipment, 15 including that transfer 16 electricity from points of supply to points of delivery 17 and that transmit a majority of the electricity generated by a new electric generating facility 18 19 designated as a High Impact Business in accordance with 20 this Section. The business must certify in writing that 21 the investments necessary to construct new 22 transmission facilities or upgrade existing 23 transmission facilities would not be placed in service 24 without the tax credits and exemptions set forth in 25 subsection (b-5) of this Section. The term "placed in 26 service" has the same meaning as described in

subsection (h) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income
 Tax Act; or

(E) the business intends to establish a new wind 3 power facility at a designated location in Illinois. 4 5 For purposes of this Section, "new wind power facility" 6 means а newly constructed electric generation 7 facility, or a newly constructed expansion of an existing electric generation facility, placed in 8 9 service on or after July 1, 2009, that generates 10 electricity using wind energy devices, and such 11 facility shall be deemed to include all associated 12 transmission lines, substations, and other equipment 13 related to the generation of electricity from wind 14 energy devices. For purposes of this Section, "wind energy device" means any device, with a nameplate 15 16 capacity of at least 0.5 megawatts, that is used in the 17 process of converting kinetic energy from the wind to generate electricity; or 18

19 (F) the business commits to (i) make a minimum 20 investment of \$500,000,000, which will be placed in service in a qualified property, (ii) create 125 21 22 full-time equivalent jobs at a designated location in 23 Illinois, (iii) establish a fertilizer plant at a 24 designated location in Illinois that complies with the 25 set-back standards as described in Table 1: Initial Isolation and Protective Action Distances in the 2012 26

Emergency Response Guidebook published by the United 1 2 States Department of Transportation, (iv) pay a 3 prevailing wage for employees at that location who are engaged in construction activities, and (v) secure an 4 5 appropriate level of general liability insurance to protect against catastrophic failure of the fertilizer 6 7 plant or any of its constituent systems; in addition, 8 the business must agree to enter into a construction 9 labor agreement including project provisions establishing wages, benefits, and other compensation 10 11 for employees performing work under the project labor 12 agreement at that location; for the purposes of this 13 Section, "fertilizer plant" means a newly constructed or upgraded plant utilizing gas used in the production 14 15 of anhydrous ammonia and downstream nitrogen 16 fertilizer products for resale; for the purposes of 17 this Section, "prevailing wage" means the hourly cash plus fringe benefits 18 waqes for training and 19 apprenticeship programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and 20 21 Training, health and welfare, insurance, vacations and 22 pensions paid generally, in the locality in which the 23 work is being performed, to employees engaged in work 24 of a similar character on public works; this paragraph 25 applies only to businesses that submit (F) an 26 application to the Department within 60 days after the

effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th
 General Assembly; and

3 (4) no later than 90 days after an application is 4 submitted, the Department shall notify the applicant of the 5 Department's determination of the qualification of the 6 proposed High Impact Business under this Section.

7 Businesses designated as High Impact Businesses (b) 8 pursuant to subdivision (a) (3) (A) of this Section shall qualify 9 for the credits and exemptions described in the following Acts: 10 Section 9-222 and Section 9-222.1A of the Public Utilities Act, 11 subsection (h) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, 12 and Section 1d of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act; provided 13 that these credits and exemptions described in these Acts shall not be authorized until the minimum investments set forth in 14 subdivision (a)(3)(A) of this Section have been placed in 15 16 service in qualified properties and, in the case of the 17 exemptions described in the Public Utilities Act and Section 1d of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the minimum full-time 18 equivalent jobs or full-time retained jobs set forth in 19 20 subdivision (a) (3) (A) of this Section have been created or 21 retained. Businesses designated as High Impact Businesses 22 under this Section shall also qualify for the exemption 23 described in Section 51 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. The credit provided in subsection (h) of Section 201 of the 24 25 Illinois Income Tax Act shall be applicable to investments in 26 qualified property as set forth in subdivision (a) (3) (A) of

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1 this Section.

2 (b-5) Businesses designated as High Impact Businesses 3 pursuant to subdivisions (a)(3)(B), (a)(3)(B-5), (a)(3)(C), and (a) (3) (D) of this Section shall qualify for the credits and 4 5 exemptions described in the following Acts: Section 51 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9-222 and Section 6 9-222.1A of the Public Utilities Act, and subsection (h) of 7 Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act; however, the 8 9 credits and exemptions authorized under Section 9-222 and 10 Section 9-222.1A of the Public Utilities Act, and subsection 11 (h) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act shall not be 12 authorized until the new electric generating facility, the new 13 gasification facility, the new transmission facility, or the 14 new, expanded, or reopened coal mine is operational, except 15 that a new electric generating facility whose primary fuel 16 source is natural gas is eligible only for the exemption under 17 Section 51 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.

18 (b-6) Businesses designated as High Impact Businesses 19 pursuant to subdivision (a) (3) (E) of this Section shall qualify 20 for the exemptions described in Section 51 of the Retailers' 21 Occupation Tax Act; any business so designated as a High Impact 22 Business being, for purposes of this Section, a "Wind Energy 23 Business".

(b-7) Beginning on January 1, 2021, businesses designated
 as High Impact Businesses by the Department shall qualify for
 the High Impact Business construction jobs credit under

subsection (h-5) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act if the business meets the criteria set forth in subsection (i) of this Section. The total aggregate amount of credits awarded under the Blue Collar Jobs Act (Article 20 of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly) shall not exceed \$20,000,000 in any State fiscal year.

7 (c) High Impact Businesses located in federally designated 8 foreign trade zones or sub-zones are also eligible for 9 additional credits, exemptions and deductions as described in 10 the following Acts: Section 9-221 and Section 9-222.1 of the 11 Public Utilities Act; and subsection (g) of Section 201, and 12 Section 203 of the Illinois Income Tax Act.

(d) Except for businesses contemplated under subdivision (a) (3) (E) of this Section, existing Illinois businesses which apply for designation as a High Impact Business must provide the Department with the prospective plan for which 1,500 full-time retained jobs would be eliminated in the event that the business is not designated.

(e) Except for new wind power facilities contemplated under subdivision (a) (3) (E) of this Section, new proposed facilities which apply for designation as High Impact Business must provide the Department with proof of alternative non-Illinois sites which would receive the proposed investment and job creation in the event that the business is not designated as a High Impact Business.

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(f) Except for businesses contemplated under subdivision

(a) (3) (E) of this Section, in the event that a business is 1 2 designated a High Impact Business and it is later determined 3 after reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing as provided under the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, that 4 5 the business would have placed in service in qualified property the investments and created or retained the requisite number of 6 7 jobs without the benefits of the High Impact Business 8 designation, the Department shall be required to immediately 9 revoke the designation and notify the Director of the 10 Department of Revenue who shall begin proceedings to recover all wrongfully exempted State taxes with interest. The business 11 12 shall also be ineligible for all State funded Department 13 programs for a period of 10 years.

(g) The Department shall revoke a High Impact Business 14 15 designation if the participating business fails to comply with 16 the terms and conditions of the designation. However, the 17 penalties for new wind power facilities or Wind Energy Businesses for failure to comply with any of the 18 terms or 19 conditions of the Illinois Prevailing Wage Act shall be only 20 those penalties identified in the Illinois Prevailing Wage Act, 21 and the Department shall not revoke a High Impact Business 22 designation as a result of the failure to comply with any of 23 the terms or conditions of the Illinois Prevailing Wage Act 24 relation to a new wind power facility or a Wind Energy 25 Business.

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(h) Prior to designating a business, the Department shall

provide the members of the General Assembly and Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability with a report setting forth the terms and conditions of the designation and guarantees that have been received by the Department in relation to the proposed business being designated.

6 (i) High Impact Business construction jobs credit. Beginning on January 1, 2021, a High Impact Business may 7 8 receive a tax credit against the tax imposed under subsections 9 (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act in an 10 amount equal to 50% of the amount of the incremental income tax 11 attributable to High Impact Business construction jobs credit 12 employees employed in the course of completing a High Impact 13 Business construction jobs project. However, the High Impact 14 Business construction jobs credit may equal 75% of the amount 15 of the incremental income tax attributable to High Impact 16 Business construction jobs credit employees if the High Impact 17 Business construction jobs credit project is located in an underserved area. 18

19 The Department shall certify to the Department of Revenue: 20 (1) the identity of taxpayers that are eligible for the High Impact Business construction jobs credit; and (2) the amount of 21 22 High Impact Business construction jobs credits that are claimed 23 pursuant to subsection (h-5) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act in each taxable year. Any business entity that 24 25 receives a High Impact Business construction jobs credit shall 26 maintain a certified payroll pursuant to subsection (j) of this

1 Section.

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As used in this subsection (i):

"High Impact Business construction jobs credit" means an 3 amount equal to 50% (or 75% if the High Impact Business 4 5 construction project is located in an underserved area) of the incremental income tax attributable to High Impact Business 6 7 construction job employees. The total aggregate amount of credits awarded under the Blue Collar Jobs Act (Article 20 of 8 9 this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly) shall not 10 exceed \$20,000,000 in any State fiscal year

"High Impact Business construction job employee" means a laborer or worker who is employed by an Illinois contractor or subcontractor in the actual construction work on the site of a High Impact Business construction job project.

15 "High Impact Business construction jobs project" means 16 building a structure or building or making improvements of any 17 kind to real property, undertaken and commissioned by a business that was designated as a High Impact Business by the 18 19 Department. The term "High Impact Business construction jobs 20 project" does not include the routine operation, routine 21 repair, or routine maintenance of existing structures, 22 buildings, or real property.

23 "Incremental income tax" means the total amount withheld 24 during the taxable year from the compensation of High Impact 25 Business construction job employees.

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"Underserved area" means a geographic area that meets one

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1 or more of the following conditions:

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(1) the area has a poverty rate of at least 20% according to the latest federal decennial census;

4 (2) 75% or more of the children in the area participate
5 in the federal free lunch program according to reported
6 statistics from the State Board of Education;

7 (3) at least 20% of the households in the area receive
8 assistance under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
9 Program (SNAP); or

10 (4) the area has an average unemployment rate, as 11 determined by the Illinois Department of Employment 12 Security, that is more than 120% of the national 13 unemployment average, as determined by the U.S. Department 14 of Labor, for a period of at least 2 consecutive calendar 15 years preceding the date of the application.

(j) Each contractor and subcontractor who is engaged in and executing a High Impact Business Construction jobs project, as defined under subsection (i) of this Section, for a business that is entitled to a credit pursuant to subsection (i) of this Section shall:

(1) make and keep, for a period of 5 years from the date of the last payment made on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly on a contract or subcontract for a High Impact Business Construction Jobs Project, records for all laborers and other workers employed by the contractor or subcontractor

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1	on the project; the records shall include:
2	(A) the worker's name;
3	(B) the worker's address;
4	(C) the worker's telephone number, if available;
5	(D) the worker's social security number;
6	(E) the worker's classification or
7	classifications;
8	(F) the worker's gross and net wages paid in each
9	pay period;
10	(G) the worker's number of hours worked each day;
11	(H) the worker's starting and ending times of work
12	each day;
13	(I) the worker's hourly wage rate; and
14	(J) the worker's hourly overtime wage rate;
15	(2) no later than the 15th day of each calendar month,
16	provide a certified payroll for the immediately preceding
17	month to the taxpayer in charge of the High Impact Business
18	construction jobs project; within 5 business days after
19	receiving the certified payroll, the taxpayer shall file
20	the certified payroll with the Department of Labor and the
21	Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity; a
22	certified payroll must be filed for only those calendar
23	months during which construction on a High Impact Business
24	construction jobs project has occurred; the certified
24 25	construction jobs project has occurred; the certified payroll shall consist of a complete copy of the records

exclude the starting and ending times of work each day; the certified payroll shall be accompanied by a statement signed by the contractor or subcontractor or an officer, employee, or agent of the contractor or subcontractor which avers that:

6 (A) he or she has examined the certified payroll 7 records required to be submitted by the Act and such 8 records are true and accurate; and

9 (B) the contractor or subcontractor is aware that 10 filing a certified payroll that he or she knows to be 11 false is a Class A misdemeanor.

12 A general contractor is not prohibited from relying on a 13 certified payroll of a lower-tier subcontractor, provided the 14 general contractor does not knowingly rely upon a 15 subcontractor's false certification.

16 contractor or subcontractor subject to this Any 17 subsection, and any officer, employee, or agent of such contractor or subcontractor whose duty as an officer, employee, 18 or agent it is to file a certified payroll under this 19 20 subsection, who willfully fails to file such a certified payroll on or before the date such certified payroll is 21 22 required by this paragraph to be filed and any person who 23 willfully files a false certified payroll that is false as to any material fact is in violation of this Act and guilty of a 24 25 Class A misdemeanor.

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The taxpayer in charge of the project shall keep the

records submitted in accordance with this subsection on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly for a period of 5 years from the date of the last payment for work on a contract or subcontract for the High Impact Business construction jobs project.

The records submitted in accordance with this subsection 6 7 shall be considered public records, except an employee's 8 address, telephone number, and social security number, and made 9 available in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act. 10 The Department of Labor shall accept any reasonable submissions 11 by the contractor that meet the requirements of this subsection 12 (j) and shall share the information with the Department in 13 order to comply with the awarding of a High Impact Business 14 construction jobs credit. A contractor, subcontractor, or 15 public body may retain records required under this Section in 16 paper or electronic format.

17 (k) Upon 7 business days' notice, each contractor and subcontractor shall make available for inspection and copying 18 19 at a location within this State during reasonable hours, the records identified in this subsection (j) to the taxpayer in 20 charge of the High Impact Business construction jobs project, 21 22 its officers and agents, the Director of the Department of 23 Labor and his deputies and agents, and to federal, State, or 24 local law enforcement agencies and prosecutors.

25 (Source: P.A. 101-9, eff. 6-5-19.)

26 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

1 becoming law.