



101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2019 and 2020

HB4589

Introduced 2/5/2020, by Rep. Camille Y. Lilly

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 ILCS 5/10-20.73 new
105 ILCS 5/10-22.39
105 ILCS 5/34-18.66 new

Amends the School Code. Provides that a school district may maintain an on-site trauma kit at each school of the district for bleeding emergencies. Defines "trauma kit". Provides that products purchased for the on-site trauma kit shall be, wherever possible, products that are manufactured in the United States. Requires a school board to conduct in-service training for all school district employees on the methods to respond to trauma at least once every 2 years. Provides that a school board may satisfy the trauma response training requirements by using the training, including online training, available from the American College of Surgeons or any other similar organization. Provides that in all matters relating to trauma response training, school district employees are immune from civil liability in the use of or failure to use a trauma kit unless the action constitutes gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct. Effective immediately.

LRB101 18255 CMG 67699 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

STATE MANDATES
ACT MAY REQUIRE
REIMBURSEMENT

1 AN ACT concerning education.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section
5 10-22.39 and by adding Sections 10-20.73 and 34-18.66 as
6 follows:

7 (105 ILCS 5/10-20.73 new)

8 Sec. 10-20.73. Trauma kit.

9 (a) In this Section, "trauma kit" means a first aid
10 response kit that contains, at a minimum, all of the following:

11 (1) One tourniquet endorsed by the Committee on
12 Tactical Combat Casualty Care.

13 (2) One compression bandage.

14 (3) One hemostatic bleeding control dressing endorsed
15 by the Committee on Tactical Combat Casualty Care.

16 (4) Protective gloves and a marker.

17 (5) Scissors.

18 (6) Instructional documents developed by the Stop the
19 Bleed national awareness campaign of the United States
20 Department of Homeland Security or the American College of
21 Surgeons' Committee on Trauma, or both.

22 (7) Any other medical materials or equipment similar to
23 those described in paragraphs (1) through (3) or any other

1 items that (i) are approved by a local law enforcement
2 agency or first responders, (ii) can adequately treat a
3 traumatic injury, and (iii) can be stored in a readily
4 available kit.

5 (b) Each school district may maintain an on-site trauma kit
6 at each school of the district for bleeding emergencies.

7 (c) Products purchased for the trauma kit, including those
8 products endorsed by the Committee on Tactical Combat Casualty
9 Care, shall, whenever possible, be manufactured in the United
10 States.

11 (105 ILCS 5/10-22.39)

12 Sec. 10-22.39. In-service training programs.

13 (a) To conduct in-service training programs for teachers.

14 (b) In addition to other topics at in-service training
15 programs, at least once every 2 years, licensed school
16 personnel and administrators who work with pupils in
17 kindergarten through grade 12 shall be trained to identify the
18 warning signs of mental illness and suicidal behavior in youth
19 and shall be taught appropriate intervention and referral
20 techniques. A school district may utilize the Illinois Mental
21 Health First Aid training program, established under the
22 Illinois Mental Health First Aid Training Act and administered
23 by certified instructors trained by a national association
24 recognized as an authority in behavioral health, to provide the
25 training and meet the requirements under this subsection. If

1 licensed school personnel or an administrator obtains mental
2 health first aid training outside of an in-service training
3 program, he or she may present a certificate of successful
4 completion of the training to the school district to satisfy
5 the requirements of this subsection.

6 (c) School guidance counselors, nurses, teachers and other
7 school personnel who work with pupils may be trained to have a
8 basic knowledge of matters relating to acquired
9 immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS), including the nature of the
10 disease, its causes and effects, the means of detecting it and
11 preventing its transmission, and the availability of
12 appropriate sources of counseling and referral, and any other
13 information that may be appropriate considering the age and
14 grade level of such pupils. The School Board shall supervise
15 such training. The State Board of Education and the Department
16 of Public Health shall jointly develop standards for such
17 training.

18 (d) In this subsection (d):

19 "Domestic violence" means abuse by a family or household
20 member, as "abuse" and "family or household members" are
21 defined in Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of
22 1986.

23 "Sexual violence" means sexual assault, abuse, or stalking
24 of an adult or minor child proscribed in the Criminal Code of
25 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 in Sections 11-1.20, 11-1.30,
26 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 12-7.3, 12-7.4, 12-7.5, 12-12,

1 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, and 12-16, including sexual
2 violence committed by perpetrators who are strangers to the
3 victim and sexual violence committed by perpetrators who are
4 known or related by blood or marriage to the victim.

5 At least once every 2 years, an in-service training program
6 for school personnel who work with pupils, including, but not
7 limited to, school and school district administrators,
8 teachers, school guidance counselors, school social workers,
9 school counselors, school psychologists, and school nurses,
10 must be conducted by persons with expertise in domestic and
11 sexual violence and the needs of expectant and parenting youth
12 and shall include training concerning (i) communicating with
13 and listening to youth victims of domestic or sexual violence
14 and expectant and parenting youth, (ii) connecting youth
15 victims of domestic or sexual violence and expectant and
16 parenting youth to appropriate in-school services and other
17 agencies, programs, and services as needed, and (iii)
18 implementing the school district's policies, procedures, and
19 protocols with regard to such youth, including
20 confidentiality. At a minimum, school personnel must be trained
21 to understand, provide information and referrals, and address
22 issues pertaining to youth who are parents, expectant parents,
23 or victims of domestic or sexual violence.

24 (e) At least every 2 years, an in-service training program
25 for school personnel who work with pupils must be conducted by
26 persons with expertise in anaphylactic reactions and

1 management.

2 (f) At least once every 2 years, a school board shall
3 conduct in-service training on educator ethics,
4 teacher-student conduct, and school employee-student conduct
5 for all personnel.

6 (g) At least once every 2 years, a school board shall
7 conduct in-service training for all school district employees
8 on the methods to respond to trauma. The training must include
9 instruction on how to respond to an incident involving
10 life-threatening bleeding and, if applicable, how to use a
11 school's trauma kit. A school board may satisfy the training
12 requirements under this subsection by using the training,
13 including online training, available from the American College
14 of Surgeons or any other similar organization.

15 In all matters relating to trauma response training, school
16 district employees are immune from civil liability in the use
17 of or failure to use a trauma kit unless the action constitutes
18 gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.

19 (Source: P.A. 100-903, eff. 1-1-19; 101-350, eff. 1-1-20.)

20 (105 ILCS 5/34-18.66 new)

21 Sec. 34-18.66. Trauma kit; trauma response training.

22 (a) In this Section, "trauma kit" means a first aid
23 response kit that contains, at a minimum, all of the following:

24 (1) One tourniquet endorsed by the Committee on
25 Tactical Combat Casualty Care.

- 1 (2) One compression bandage.
- 2 (3) One hemostatic bleeding control dressing endorsed
3 by the Committee on Tactical Combat Casualty Care.
- 4 (4) Protective gloves and a marker.
- 5 (5) Scissors.
- 6 (6) Instructional documents developed by the Stop the
7 Bleed national awareness campaign of the United States
8 Department of Homeland Security or the American College of
9 Surgeons' Committee on Trauma, or both.
- 10 (7) Any other medical materials or equipment similar to
11 those described in paragraphs (1) through (3) or any other
12 items that (i) are approved by a local law enforcement
13 agency or first responders, (ii) can adequately treat a
14 traumatic injury, and (iii) can be stored in a readily
15 available kit.
- 16 (b) The school district may maintain an on-site trauma kit
17 at each school for bleeding emergencies.
- 18 (c) Products purchased for the trauma kit, including those
19 products endorsed by the Committee on Tactical Combat Casualty
20 Care, shall, whenever possible, be manufactured in the United
21 States.
- 22 (d) At least once every 2 years, the board shall conduct
23 in-service training for all school district employees on the
24 methods to respond to trauma. The training must include
25 instruction on how to respond to an incident involving
26 life-threatening bleeding and, if applicable, how to use a

1 school's trauma kit. The board may satisfy the training
2 requirements under this subsection by using the training,
3 including online training, available from the American College
4 of Surgeons or any other similar organization. In all matters
5 relating to trauma response training, school district
6 employees are immune from civil liability in the use of or
7 failure to use a trauma kit unless the action constitutes gross
8 negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.

9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
10 becoming law.