

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2019 and 2020 HB5267

by Rep. Jaime M. Andrade, Jr.

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

5 ILCS 140/7 775 ILCS 55/40 new from Ch. 116, par. 207

Amends the Reproductive Health Act. Provides that a health care professional who provides abortion-related care may submit, to any government agency, person, business, or association, a written request that the government agency, person, business, or association refrain from disclosing any personal information about the health care professional. Provides that if a government agency receives a written request from a health care professional, the government agency shall not publicly post or display publicly available content that includes any personal information of the health care professional. Exempts the personal information of the health care professional from the Freedom of Information Act. Provides that if a person, business, or association receives a written request from a health care professional, the person, business, or association shall refrain from publicly posting or displaying on the Internet publicly available content that includes the personal information of a health care professional. Provides that no person, business, or association shall solicit, sell, or trade any personal information of the health care professional with the intent to post an imminent or serious threat to the health and safety of the health care professional or his or her immediate family. Allows a health care professional to bring an action against a government agency, person, business, or association, seeking injunctive or declaratory relief if a written request is violated. Provides that it a Class 3 felony for any person to knowingly publicly post on the Internet the personal information of a health care professional or his or her immediate family if the person knows or reasonably should know that publicly posting the personal information poses an imminent and serious threat to the health and safety of the health care professional or his or her immediate family, and the violation is a proximate cause of bodily injury or death of the health care professional or his or her immediate family member. Makes a conforming change in the Freedom of Information Act.

LRB101 18481 LNS 67931 b

1 AN ACT concerning human rights.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by changing Section 7 as follows:
- 6 (5 ILCS 140/7) (from Ch. 116, par. 207)
- 7 Sec. 7. Exemptions.

inspection and copying:

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- 8 (1) When a request is made to inspect or copy a public 9 record that contains information that is exempt from disclosure 10 under this Section, but also contains information that is not 11 exempt from disclosure, the public body may elect to redact the 12 information that is exempt. The public body shall make the 13 remaining information available for inspection and copying. 14 Subject to this requirement, the following shall be exempt from
 - (a) Information specifically prohibited from disclosure by federal or State law or rules and regulations implementing federal or State law.
 - (b) Private information, unless disclosure is required by another provision of this Act, a State or federal law or a court order.
- 22 (b-5) Files, documents, and other data or databases 23 maintained by one or more law enforcement agencies and

specifically designed to provide information to one or more law enforcement agencies regarding the physical or mental status of one or more individual subjects.

- (c) Personal information contained within public records, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, unless the disclosure is consented to in writing by the individual subjects of the information. "Unwarranted invasion of personal privacy" means the disclosure of information that is highly personal or objectionable to a reasonable person and in which the subject's right to privacy outweighs any legitimate public interest in obtaining the information. The disclosure of information that bears on the public duties of public employees and officials shall not be considered an invasion of personal privacy.
- (d) Records in the possession of any public body created in the course of administrative enforcement proceedings, and any law enforcement or correctional agency for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that disclosure would:
 - (i) interfere with pending or actually and reasonably contemplated law enforcement proceedings conducted by any law enforcement or correctional agency that is the recipient of the request;
 - (ii) interfere with active administrative enforcement proceedings conducted by the public body

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that is the recipient of the request;

- (iii) create a substantial likelihood that a
 person will be deprived of a fair trial or an impartial
 hearing;
- (iv) unavoidably disclose the identity of a confidential confidential source, information furnished only by the confidential source, or persons who file complaints with or provide information to administrative, investigative, law enforcement, or penal agencies; except that the identities witnesses to traffic accidents, traffic accident reports, and rescue reports shall be provided by agencies of local government, except when disclosure would interfere with an active criminal investigation conducted by the agency that is the recipient of the request;
- (v) disclose unique or specialized investigative techniques other than those generally used and known or disclose internal documents of correctional agencies related to detection, observation or investigation of incidents of crime or misconduct, and disclosure would result in demonstrable harm to the agency or public body that is the recipient of the request;
- (vi) endanger the life or physical safety of law enforcement personnel or any other person; or
 - (vii) obstruct an ongoing criminal investigation

by the agency that is the recipient of the request.

- (d-5) A law enforcement record created for law enforcement purposes and contained in a shared electronic record management system if the law enforcement agency that is the recipient of the request did not create the record, did not participate in or have a role in any of the events which are the subject of the record, and only has access to the record through the shared electronic record management system.
- (e) Records that relate to or affect the security of correctional institutions and detention facilities.
- (e-5) Records requested by persons committed to the Department of Corrections, Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health, or a county jail if those materials are available in the library of the correctional institution or facility or jail where the inmate is confined.
- (e-6) Records requested by persons committed to the Department of Corrections, Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health, or a county jail if those materials include records from staff members' personnel files, staff rosters, or other staffing assignment information.
- (e-7) Records requested by persons committed to the Department of Corrections or Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health if those materials are available

through an administrative request to the Department of Corrections or Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health.

- (e-8) Records requested by a person committed to the Department of Corrections, Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health, or a county jail, the disclosure of which would result in the risk of harm to any person or the risk of an escape from a jail or correctional institution or facility.
- (e-9) Records requested by a person in a county jail or committed to the Department of Corrections or Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health, containing personal information pertaining to the person's victim or the victim's family, including, but not limited to, a victim's home address, home telephone number, work or school address, work telephone number, social security number, or any other identifying information, except as may be relevant to a requester's current or potential case or claim.
- (e-10) Law enforcement records of other persons requested by a person committed to the Department of Corrections, Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health, or a county jail, including, but not limited to, arrest and booking records, mug shots, and crime scene photographs, except as these records may be relevant to the requester's current or potential case or claim.

- (f) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, memoranda and other records in which opinions are expressed, or policies or actions are formulated, except that a specific record or relevant portion of a record shall not be exempt when the record is publicly cited and identified by the head of the public body. The exemption provided in this paragraph (f) extends to all those records of officers and agencies of the General Assembly that pertain to the preparation of legislative documents.
- information obtained from a person or business where the trade secrets or commercial or financial information are furnished under a claim that they are proprietary, privileged, or confidential, and that disclosure of the trade secrets or commercial or financial information would cause competitive harm to the person or business, and only insofar as the claim directly applies to the records requested.

The information included under this exemption includes all trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained by a public body, including a public pension fund, from a private equity fund or a privately held company within the investment portfolio of a private equity fund as a result of either investing or evaluating a potential investment of public funds in a private equity fund. The exemption contained in this item does not apply to the

aggregate financial performance information of a private equity fund, nor to the identity of the fund's managers or general partners. The exemption contained in this item does not apply to the identity of a privately held company within the investment portfolio of a private equity fund, unless the disclosure of the identity of a privately held company may cause competitive harm.

Nothing contained in this paragraph (g) shall be construed to prevent a person or business from consenting to disclosure.

- (h) Proposals and bids for any contract, grant, or agreement, including information which if it were disclosed would frustrate procurement or give an advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contractor agreement with the body, until an award or final selection is made. Information prepared by or for the body in preparation of a bid solicitation shall be exempt until an award or final selection is made.
- (i) Valuable formulae, computer geographic systems, designs, drawings and research data obtained or produced by any public body when disclosure could reasonably be expected to produce private gain or public loss. The exemption for "computer geographic systems" provided in this paragraph (i) does not extend to requests made by news media as defined in Section 2 of this Act when the requested information is not otherwise exempt and the only

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- (j) The following information pertaining to educational matters:
 - (i) test questions, scoring keys and other examination data used to administer an academic examination;
 - (ii) information received by a primary or secondary school, college, or university under its procedures for the evaluation of faculty members by their academic peers;
 - (iii) information concerning a school or university's adjudication of student disciplinary cases, but only to the extent that disclosure would unavoidably reveal the identity of the student; and
 - (iv) course materials or research materials used by faculty members.
- (k) Architects' plans, engineers' technical submissions, and other construction related technical documents for projects not constructed or developed in whole or in part with public funds and the same for projects constructed or developed with public funds, including, but not limited to, power generating and distribution stations and other transmission and distribution facilities, water treatment facilities,

airport facilities, sport stadiums, convention centers, and all government owned, operated, or occupied buildings, but only to the extent that disclosure would compromise security.

- (1) Minutes of meetings of public bodies closed to the public as provided in the Open Meetings Act until the public body makes the minutes available to the public under Section 2.06 of the Open Meetings Act.
- (m) Communications between a public body and an attorney or auditor representing the public body that would not be subject to discovery in litigation, and materials prepared or compiled by or for a public body in anticipation of a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding upon the request of an attorney advising the public body, and materials prepared or compiled with respect to internal audits of public bodies.
- (n) Records relating to a public body's adjudication of employee grievances or disciplinary cases; however, this exemption shall not extend to the final outcome of cases in which discipline is imposed.
- (o) Administrative or technical information associated with automated data processing operations, including, but not limited to, software, operating protocols, computer program abstracts, file layouts, source listings, object modules, load modules, user guides, documentation pertaining to all logical and physical design of

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- computerized systems, employee manuals, and any other information that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security of the system or its data or the security of materials exempt under this Section.
- (p) Records relating to collective negotiating matters between public bodies and their employees or representatives, except that any final contract or agreement shall be subject to inspection and copying.
- (q) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to determine the qualifications of an applicant for a license or employment.
- (r) The records, documents, and information relating purchase to real estate negotiations until negotiations have been completed or otherwise terminated. With regard to a parcel involved in a pending or actually and reasonably contemplated eminent domain proceeding under the Eminent Domain Act, records, documents, and information relating to that parcel shall be exempt except as may be allowed under discovery rules adopted by the Illinois Supreme Court. The records, documents, information relating to a real estate sale shall be exempt until a sale is consummated.
- (s) Any and all proprietary information and records related to the operation of an intergovernmental risk management association or self-insurance pool or jointly self-administered health and accident cooperative or pool.

- Insurance or self insurance (including any intergovernmental risk management association or self insurance pool) claims, loss or risk management information, records, data, advice or communications.
- (t) Information contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of a public body responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions, insurance companies, or pharmacy benefit managers, unless disclosure is otherwise required by State law.
- (u) Information that would disclose or might lead to the disclosure of secret or confidential information, codes, algorithms, programs, or private keys intended to be used to create electronic or digital signatures under the Electronic Commerce Security Act.
- (v) Vulnerability assessments, security measures, and response policies or plans that are designed to identify, prevent, or respond to potential attacks upon a community's population or systems, facilities, or installations, the destruction or contamination of which would constitute a clear and present danger to the health or safety of the community, but only to the extent that disclosure could reasonably be expected to jeopardize the effectiveness of the measures or the safety of the personnel who implement them or the public. Information exempt under this item may

include such things as details pertaining to the mobilization or deployment of personnel or equipment, to the operation of communication systems or protocols, or to tactical operations.

- (w) (Blank).
- (x) Maps and other records regarding the location or security of generation, transmission, distribution, storage, gathering, treatment, or switching facilities owned by a utility, by a power generator, or by the Illinois Power Agency.
- (y) Information contained in or related to proposals, bids, or negotiations related to electric power procurement under Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act and Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act that is determined to be confidential and proprietary by the Illinois Power Agency or by the Illinois Commerce Commission.
- (z) Information about students exempted from disclosure under Sections 10-20.38 or 34-18.29 of the School Code, and information about undergraduate students enrolled at an institution of higher education exempted from disclosure under Section 25 of the Illinois Credit Card Marketing Act of 2009.
- (aa) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the Viatical Settlements Act of 2009.
 - (bb) Records and information provided to a mortality

- review team and records maintained by a mortality review
 team appointed under the Department of Juvenile Justice
 Mortality Review Team Act.
 - (cc) Information regarding interments, entombments, or inurnments of human remains that are submitted to the Cemetery Oversight Database under the Cemetery Care Act or the Cemetery Oversight Act, whichever is applicable.
 - (dd) Correspondence and records (i) that may not be disclosed under Section 11-9 of the Illinois Public Aid Code or (ii) that pertain to appeals under Section 11-8 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
 - (ee) The names, addresses, or other personal information of persons who are minors and are also participants and registrants in programs of park districts, forest preserve districts, conservation districts, recreation agencies, and special recreation associations.
 - (ff) The names, addresses, or other personal information of participants and registrants in programs of park districts, forest preserve districts, conservation districts, recreation agencies, and special recreation associations where such programs are targeted primarily to minors.
 - (gg) Confidential information described in Section 1-100 of the Illinois Independent Tax Tribunal Act of 2012.
 - (hh) The report submitted to the State Board of

Education by the School Security and Standards Task Force under item (8) of subsection (d) of Section 2-3.160 of the School Code and any information contained in that report.

- (ii) Records requested by persons committed to or detained by the Department of Human Services under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or committed to the Department of Corrections under the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act if those materials: (i) are available in the library of the facility where the individual is confined; (ii) include records from staff members' personnel files, staff rosters, or other staffing assignment information; or (iii) are available through an administrative request to the Department of Human Services or the Department of Corrections.
- (jj) Confidential information described in Section 5-535 of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- (kk) The public body's credit card numbers, debit card numbers, bank account numbers, Federal Employer Identification Number, security code numbers, passwords, and similar account information, the disclosure of which could result in identity theft or impression or defrauding of a governmental entity or a person.
- (11) (kk) Records concerning the work of the threat assessment team of a school district.
- (1.5) Any information exempt from disclosure under the Judicial Privacy Act shall be redacted from public records

- 1 prior to disclosure under this Act.
- 2 (1.7) Any information exempt from disclosure under Section
- 3 40 of the Reproductive Health Act shall be redacted from public
- 4 records prior to disclosure under this Act.
- 5 (2) A public record that is not in the possession of a
- 6 public body but is in the possession of a party with whom the
- 7 agency has contracted to perform a governmental function on
- 8 behalf of the public body, and that directly relates to the
- 9 governmental function and is not otherwise exempt under this
- 10 Act, shall be considered a public record of the public body,
- 11 for purposes of this Act.
- 12 (3) This Section does not authorize withholding of
- information or limit the availability of records to the public,
- 14 except as stated in this Section or otherwise provided in this
- 15 Act.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 100-26, eff. 8-4-17; 100-201, eff. 8-18-17;
- 17 100-732, eff. 8-3-18; 101-434, eff. 1-1-20; 101-452, eff.
- 18 1-1-20; 101-455, eff. 8-23-19; revised 9-27-19.)
- 19 Section 10. The Reproductive Health Act is amended by
- 20 adding Section 40 as follows:
- 21 (775 ILCS 55/40 new)
- Sec. 40. Health care professional privacy.
- 23 (a) A health care professional who provides
- abortion-related care may submit, to any government agency,

1	person, business, or association, a written request that the
2	government agency, person, business, or association refrain
3	from disclosing any personal information about the health care
4	professional.

A representative from the health care professional's employer may submit a written request on behalf of the health care professional, if: (i) the health care professional gives written consent to the representative; and (ii) the representative agrees to furnish a copy of that consent when a written request is made. The representative shall submit the written request directly to a government agency, person, business or association.

A written request is valid if the health care professional, or representative of the health care professional's employer, sends a written request directly to a government agency, person, business, or association.

- (b) The written request shall specify:
- (1) what personal information of the health care professional shall be maintained private;
 - (2) if a health care professional wishes to identify a secondary residence as a home address, the designation of such; and
 - (3) the identity of any immediate family, and any personal information of those persons that shall be excluded to the extent that it could reasonably be expected to reveal the personal information of the health care

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1 professional.

(c) A written request is valid until the health care professional provides the government agency, person, business, or association with written permission to release the personal information. Otherwise, a written request from a health care professional expires on death.

- (d) If a government agency receives a written request from a health care professional in accordance with subsections (a) and (b), the government agency shall not publicly post or display publicly available content that includes any personal information of the health care professional. After receipt of the request, the government agency shall remove any personal information of the health care professional from the publicly available content within 5 business days, and shall not publicly post or display the personal information unless the health care professional has given the government agency written permission to release the personal information as required under subsection (c). The personal information of the health care professional is exempt from the Freedom of Information Act unless the government agency receives consent from the health care professional to make the personal information available to the public.
- (e) If a government agency fails to comply with a written request under subsection (d), the health care professional may bring an action seeking injunctive or declaratory relief in any court of competent jurisdiction.

- written request from a health care professional in accordance with subsections (a) and (b), the person, business, or association shall refrain from publicly posting or displaying on the Internet publicly available content that includes the personal information of a health care professional. After receipt of a written request, the person, business, or association: (i) has 72 hours to remove the personal information from the Internet; (ii) shall ensure that the personal information of the health care professional is not made available on any website or subsidiary website controlled by that person, business, or association; and (iii) shall not transfer the personal information of the health care professional to any other person, business, or association through any medium.
- (q) No person, business, or association shall solicit, sell, or trade on the Internet any personal information of the health care professional with the intent to post an imminent or serious threat to the health and safety of the health care professional or his or her immediate family.
- (h) A health care professional whose personal information is made public as a result of a violation of subsection (f) or (g) may bring an action seeking injunctive or declaratory relief in any court of competent jurisdiction. A court shall award a prevailing health care professional costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

1	(i) No government agency, person, business, or association
2	shall be found to have violated any provision of this Section
3	if the health care professional fails to submit a written
4	request calling for the protection of the personal information
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5 of the health care professional.

- (j) It is unlawful for any person to knowingly publicly post on the Internet the personal information of a health care professional or his or her immediate family if the person knows or reasonably should know that publicly posting the personal information poses an imminent and serious threat to the health and safety of the health care professional or his or her immediate family, and the violation is a proximate cause of bodily injury or death of the health care professional or his or her immediate family member. A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a Class 3 felony.
- (k) It is not a violation of subsection (j) if an employee of a government agency publishes personal information, in good faith, on the website of the government agency in the ordinary course of carrying out public functions if the employee complied with the conditions of this Section.
- (1) This Section and any rules adopted to implement this Section shall be construed broadly to favor the protection of the personal information of a health care professional.

(m) As used in this Section:

"Government agency" means all agencies, authorities, boards, commissions, departments, institutions, offices, and

any other bodies politic and corporate of this State created by the constitution or statute, whether in the executive, judicial, or legislative branch; all units and corporate outgrowths created by executive order of the Governor or any constitutional officer, by the Supreme Court, or by resolution of the General Assembly; or agencies, authorities, boards, commissions, departments, institutions, offices, and any other bodies politic and corporate of a unit of local government, or school district.

"Home address" means a permanent residence of the health care professional and any secondary residences affirmatively identified by the health care professional.

"Immediate family" means a spouse, child, parent, or any blood relative of the health care professional or the spouse of the health care representative who lives in the same residence.

"Personal information" means a home address, home telephone number, mobile telephone number, pager number, personal email address, social security number, federal tax identification number, checking and savings account numbers, credit card numbers, marital status, and identity of children under the age of 18.

"Publicly available content" means any written, printed, or electronic document or record that provides information or that serves as a document or record maintained, controlled, or in the possession of a government agency that may be obtained by any person or entity, from the Internet, from a government

1	agency upon request free of charge or for a fee, or in response
2	to a request under the Freedom of Information Act.
3	"Publicly post" or "publicly display" means to communicate
4	to another or otherwise make available to the general public.
5	"Written request" means written notice signed by a health
6	care professional requesting a government agency, person,
7	business, or association to refrain from posting or displaying
8	publicly available content that includes the personal

information of the health care professional.